

RESOURCES AND REFERRALS

FOR CLINICIANS ONLY

AIDS Education and Training Center Clinicians' Consultation Service
313-962-4040

Perinatal Hotline — 1-888-448-8765

National Perinatal HIV Consultation and Referral Service
24 hours a day/7 days a week

Warmline — 1-800-933-3413

National HIV Telephone Consultation Service
Monday - Friday 8 am - 8 pm EST
Voicemail 24 hours a day/7 days a week

PEPLine — 1-888-HIV-4911 (448-4911)

National Clinicians' Post-Exposure Prophylaxis Hotline
24 hours a day/7 days a week

FOR ALL OTHER INQUIRIES

STD/HIV Hotlines

1-800-872-AIDS (872-2437) — English (Michigan)

1-800-872-AIDS (872-2437) — Spanish (Michigan)

1-800-649-3777 — TTY/TDD (Michigan)

1-800-227-8922 — CDC National STD/AIDS Hotline

HIV Reporting

Michigan Department of Community Health

HIV/STD and Bloodborne Infection Surveillance Section

313-876-0353 — Detroit Office

517-335-8165 — Lansing Office

Michigan Department of Community Health
Division of HIV/AIDS-STD
HIV/AIDS Prevention and Intervention Section
517-241-5900

<http://www.michigan.gov/mdch>
<http://www.mihivnews.com>

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University of South Florida — www.USFCenter.org*

IT'S THE LAW!



In 1988, Michigan state legislation mandated that health care providers perform HIV testing to all expectant mothers because

**In most cases
perinatal transmission of HIV
can be prevented!**

LEGISLATION

- ◆ Since 1988, Michigan law has required health care workers who attend pregnant women to perform HIV testing, unless the woman does not consent to testing, or if the test is deemed medically inadvisable.*
- ◆ HIV testing is required at the initial prenatal care visit and is strongly recommended to be performed again in the third trimester, preferably before 36 weeks gestation.**
- ◆ An HIV test must be performed on:
 - 1) Women who present at delivery with no record of an HIV test during pregnancy;
 - 2) Women who present for care in the immediate postpartum period (24 hours), having recently delivered outside a health care facility and there is no documentation of HIV test results.*
- ◆ Documentation of acceptance of HIV testing and test results or refusal of HIV testing is required to be in the woman's medical record.

* MCL 333.5123 Public Act of 1998, as amended by Act 200 of 1994

** State of Michigan Guidelines to Reduce the Transmission of Perinatal HIV, Hepatitis B and Syphilis, 2003

FACTS

- ◆ As of October 1, 2004, there were 11,932 people living with HIV/AIDS in Michigan, including 2,690 females over the age of 12 years*** and 162 children (age 12 years and younger***).
- ◆ While there are 2,690 females over the age of 12 years*** reported to be living with HIV/AIDS in Michigan, MDCH estimates that there are approximately 3,650 females currently infected. This estimate accounts those who are infected but have not been tested and those who have been tested but not reported.
- ◆ As of October 1, 2005, there has been a total of 261 children ages 12 years and younger*** diagnosed with HIV/AIDS in Michigan.
- ◆ Of the living pediatric cases, 86% were infected by perinatal transmission.

*** Age is age at HIV diagnosis.

The statistics presented above were provided by the Michigan Department of Community Health, HIV/STD and Bloodborne Infections Surveillance Section.

HIV Testing: It can save a baby's life.

Treating women protects infants.
With appropriate treatment and intervention,
perinatal transmission rates can be reduced to
less than 2%.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends routine rapid HIV testing for women who appear at delivery with unknown HIV status. Rapid testing in labor and delivery will allow women with undocumented HIV status to learn their status quickly, receive antiretroviral therapy to reduce the risk of HIV transmission to their newborns, and be referred for medical treatment and follow-up.

Do your part in reducing the incidence of HIV infection in babies — provide HIV testing to all pregnant women.

Call **313-962-4040** today for information or free training in YOUR area.

Continuing Education Credits may be available.

Reminder

Michigan law requires HIV positive test results be reported to MDCH or a local health department within seven days of obtaining a confirmatory positive test result.

This also includes the reporting of children perinatally exposed to HIV regardless of their confirmed infection status.