



GEOLOGICAL MAP OF MICHIGAN

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MINING COMPANIES, GIVING LOCATION OF THEIR WORKINGS.

Copper Mining Companies.				Copper Mining Companies.			
Name.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	Name.	Sec.	Town.	Range.
Adventure	36	51	78	Carp Lake	14	51	45
Agate Harbor	1	58	30	Cassad	9	49	31
Albany and Boston	8	55	53	Central	23	56	31
Algonah	30	51	37	Clarke	4	58	28
Alton	31	57	32	Copper Falls	14	58	31
Amygdaloid	16	58	30	Copper Harbor	4	58	28
Zina	7	58	28	Conley	11	51	37
				Columbian	36	55	34
Bay State	32	53	31	Delaware	15	58	30
Black River	32	49	46	Dacotah	35	55	34
Bluff	10	58	26	Dana	24	58	31
Bohemian	33	51	27	Dorchester	18	55	33
British American	2	58	30	Dover	3	55	33
Buffalo	10	51	37	Douglas Houghton	15	51	37
				Dorchester	18	55	33
				Empire	11	58	28
				Eagle Harbor	6	58	30
				Eagle River	29	58	31
				Eureka	31	58	31
				Ever Green Bluff	7	50	38
				Everett	10	52	38
				Empire	11	58	28
				Hamilton	1	49	41
				Hammond	20	55	35
				Hartford	18	55	39
				Hazard	33	51	35
				Howard	1	54	34
				Humboldt	21	56	31
				Huron	2	54	34
				Hudson	22	57	32
				Indiana	21	51	37
				Iowa City	11	58	29
				Iso Royale	1	54	34
				Knowlton	1	50	39
				Lake Superior	14	50	39
				Livingston	10	57	32
				Mass	6	50	38
				Mandan	17	58	29
				Meadow	20	58	31
				Medora	17	58	29
				Menard	24	55	35
				Metropolitan	25	49	42
				Minnesota	15	50	39
				Minnesota (West)	19	50	39
				Montezuma	31	55	34
				Madison	31	55	34
				Manhattan	11	57	32
				Merrimac	34	51	39
				National	16	50	39
				Native Copper	3	30	30
				Nauvoo	3	54	34
				Nebraska	19	50	39
				New England	23	58	27
				New York & Michigan	12	58	28
				North Star	19	55	33
				North Western	24	58	31
				North York	12	49	41

Ohio	22	51	47	Ogma	6	50	38
Ohio Steel	12	50	38	Ohio	36	51	33
Franklin	24	55	34	Ohio Trap Rock	1	49	41
Ontario	32	53	35	Ontario	32	53	35
Ontagon	22	50	39	Ontagon	22	50	39
Grand City	20	58	31	Penninsular	16	50	39
Grand Western	29	51	37	Pennsylvania	10	58	30
Grand Portage	16	58	28	Petherick	10	58	31
	36	55	34	Phoenix	30	58	31
				Pittsburg & Boston	32	58	32
				Pontiac	13	55	33
				Providence	10	58	32
				Phila. and Boston	14	58	28
				Quincy	26	45	34
				Ridge	35	51	38
				Ripley	30	45	33
				Rockland	16	50	39
				Reliance	22	58	28
				Solutie	18	58	29
				Sharon	9	49	41
				Shirley	36	50	40
				South East Cliff	9	57	31
				South Side	34	55	34
				Star	10	58	30
				Superior	11	59	39
				St. Mary's	13	55	33
				Silver Creek	3	58	38
				Toltec	26	51	38
				Tramont	35	50	40
				Union	22	51	42
				Valley	14	57	32
				Victoria	30	50	39
				Vanderbildt	16	47	37
				Vulcan	18	58	27
				Washington	4	58	29
				Waterbury	17	58	30
				Windward	12	49	41
				Winthrop	23	58	31
				Winona	21	50	36

SALT WELLS.	
Name of Company or Owner.	Depth in Feet.
Kawawlin.	
A. Ballou & Co.	1400
Sinclair & Kaiser.	790
Bangor.	
Bangor Salt Mfg Co.	779
Leug, Bradford & Co.	800
Taylor & Moulthrop.	486
Salzburg.	
D. H. Fitzhugh.	1038
W. S. Tallman.	1000
Flak, Bros. & Co.	1000
Chicago & Milwaukee.	1003
H. B. Parmelee.	1000
N. Woodside.	
Cupola Works.	650
Atlantic Works.	587
Saginaw Bay Salt Co.	600

EPITOME OF THE GEOLOGY OF MICHIGAN.

I. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.—The surface of the upper peninsula of Michigan is considerably broken by rocky elevations and intervening valleys, and some portions present a configuration of striking picturesque and even sublimity. The Porcupine Mountains, an altitude of 1,380 feet above Lake Superior, or 1,950 feet above the sea, being the highest summit in the State. Mount Houghton, near the head of Keweenaw Point, is 854 feet above the lake; and the Huron Mountains, in the granitic region, reach an elevation of about 1,200 feet.

In the lower peninsula the rocky strata are mostly concealed by beds of gravel, sand, and clay, which have been worn by the elements into a surface of undulations, knolls, ravines, and open valleys, which communicate a pleasing variety to the landscape. Many of the depressions between the hills are occupied, in all parts of the State, by little lakes of pure water, or by the meadow-lands or marshes which mark the site of former lakelets. The highest level attained by the Michigan Central Railroad is 440 feet above Lake Huron, at Francisco station, in Jackson County; while Wayne is only 80 feet above the lake. Along the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway the highest elevation is "Clarkson cut," in Oakland County, 119 feet above the lake; while from Ionia to Grand Haven the grade is from 50 to 60 feet above the lake. The mean height of the lower peninsula above the sea is, according to Knefer, 609 feet. The descent to Lakes Huron and Michigan is 22 feet, and from Lake Huron to Lake Erie 13 feet; Lake Ontario being still 333 feet lower.

The height of Lake Superior above the sea is, according to Knefer, 609 feet. The descent to Lakes Huron and Michigan is 22 feet, and from Lake Huron to Lake Erie 13 feet; Lake Ontario being still 333 feet lower. The Lake Superior occupies a valley formed by the tilting of the Lake Superior sandstone at the time of the upheaval on the north and south shores, and is probably as ancient as the rocks that hem it in. Lake upheavals on the north and south shores, and is probably as ancient as the rocks that hem it in. Lake upheavals on the north and south shores, and is probably as ancient as the rocks that hem it in.

II. GENERAL STRUCTURE.—The rocks of the upper peninsula are older than those of the lower peninsula; they are more crystalline, and those of the "mineral region" have been more disturbed by volcanic action. This disturbance has been caused by the upheaval of (1) an immense mass of molten rock, called "trap," through a broad fissure extending from Keweenaw Point to Montreal Bay, and (2) an immense mass of granite, the principal of which, in Michigan, is the northern one, and extends into Wisconsin. This granite dome rises in the southwestern part of the peninsula, and extends into Wisconsin. These upheavals form the highest land in the State. A belt of azoic strata, about 12 miles wide, separates the two granite bosses just named, stretching westward from Chocolate River and the lake, and expanding into a vast area between Lakes Michigan and Huron, containing these into Wisconsin. They are made up of beds of gneiss, hornblende, chlorite, argillaceous, silicious, and talcose slates, quartzites, and saccaupoidal and crystalline limestone.

The rocks of the lower peninsula consist of a series of broad dish-like strata, one above another, their outcropping edges forming concentric belts surrounding the central basin of varying distances. The general dip is towards the centre of the peninsula from all sides. The rocks in the central basin are consequently the highest, and the most recent. This basin structure may be regarded as extending beyond the limits of the peninsula, to the west shore of Lake Michigan, and Michigan, and embracing that part of the upper peninsula lying east of the Menomonee and Chocolate Rivers; also as far east as Gali, in Canada West.

III. GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION.—The Lake Superior sandstone is the lowest of this pile of geological basins. Its outcropping rim enters the State along the Grand Rapids of the Lake Superior river, and striking across to the mouth of the Chocomaque River, occupies the shore of Lake Superior from the Sault, and thence passes into Canada. Its outcropping rim enters the State along the Grand Rapids of the Lake Superior river, and striking across to the mouth of the Chocomaque River, occupies the shore of Lake Superior from the Sault, and thence passes into Canada.

Coal Measures	Parma Sandstone	Michigan Salt Group	Napoleon and Marshall Groups	Huron Group	Hamilton Group	Coralliferous Limestone
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

IV. ECONOMICAL GEOLOGY.—The mineral products of economical value are chiefly as follows:—
1. METALS AND THEIR ORES.—1. Iron: (a) Specular and magnetic oxides, in mountain masses, unsurpassed purity and excellence, in the iron rocks; (b) Kidney ore, in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 2. Lead: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 3. Zinc: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 4. Copper: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 5. Silver: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 6. Gold: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 7. Platinum: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 8. Nickel: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 9. Cobalt: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 10. Arsenic: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 11. Antimony: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 12. Bismuth: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 13. Manganese: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 14. Magnesium: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 15. Potash: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 16. Soda: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 17. Lime: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 18. Gypsum: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 19. Sulphur: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River. 20. Salt: in the Huron group, and cost measures, at Black River.

POPULATION OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN, Compiled from the Census of 1861.

Allegan	18,819
Alpena	674
Antrim	382
Berry	14,483
Bay	5,307
Berrien	25,720
Branch	22,458
Calhoun	30,488
Cass	17,776
Charlevoix	483
Chippewa	1,156
Clinton	14,730
Delta	561
Eaton	16,497
Emmet	325
Genesee	25,423
Grand Travers	2,017
Gratiot	8,831
Hillsdale	27,394
Houghton	8,225
Huron	3,861
Ingham	17,123
Ionia	17,984
Iosco	395
Isabella	1,114
Jackson	25,905
Kalamazoo	25,842
Kent	33,458
Keweenaw	5,180
Lapeer	15,247
Leelanau	2,359
Lenawee	40,202
Livingston	16,186
Mackinaw	1,335
Macomb	22,044
Manistowic	1,973
Manitou	3,760
Marquette	3,760

