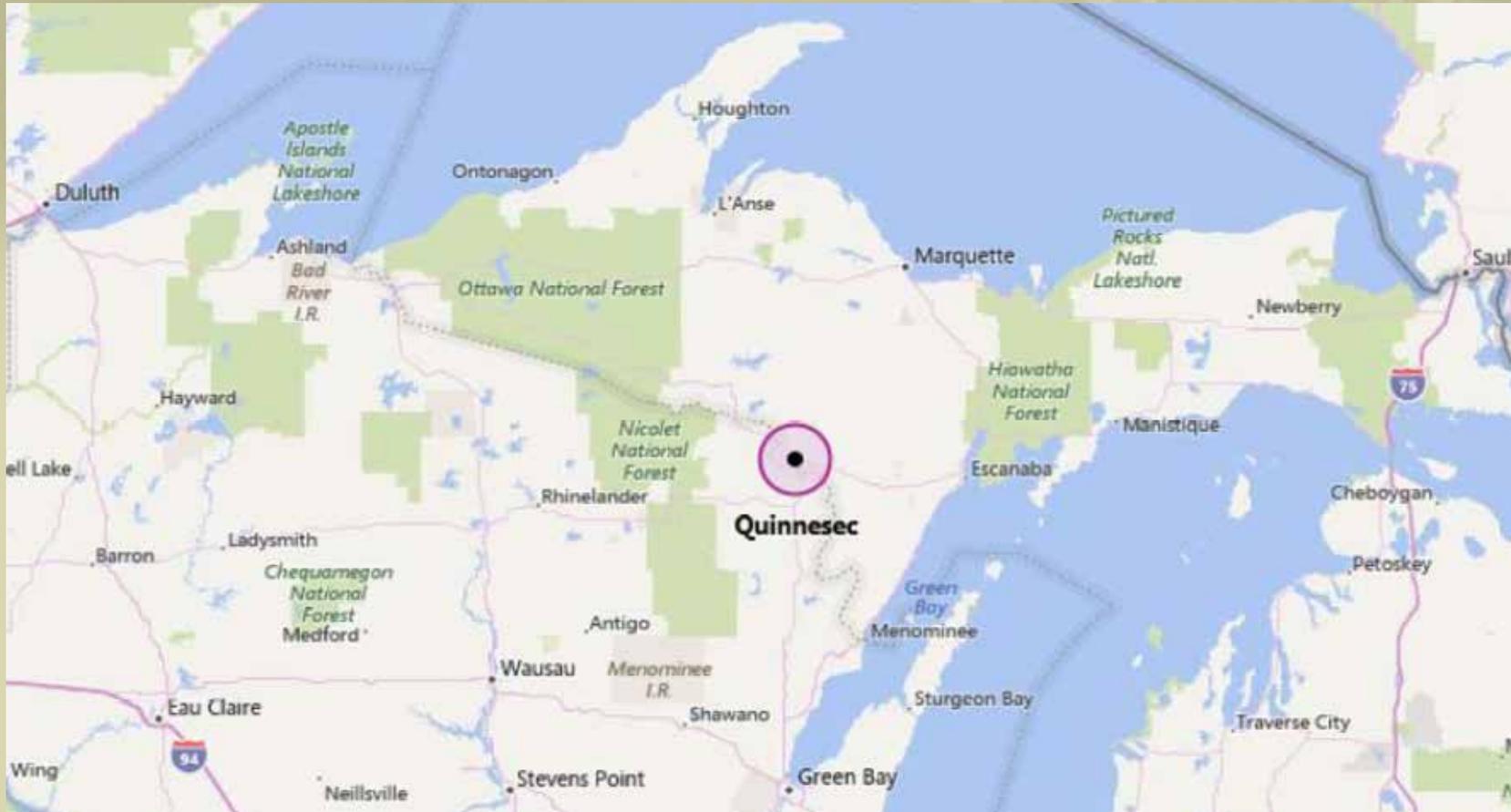




Drainage Improvement Case Study

Niagara
Development
Landfill

Niagara Development Landfill



Niagara Development Landfill

- Type III Low Hazard Industrial Waste
- Construction and Demolition Debris



Niagara Development Landfill

- Initially developed to service the former NewPage Mill.
- NewPage closed in 2008, subsequently capped Cell 1.
- Niagara Development assumed operation of the landfill in 2011.



Niagara Development Landfill

- Total Permitted Landfill Area of 29 acres.
- Permitted Capacity of 2.2 million cubic yards.



Niagara Development Landfill

- Initial source of waste largely consisted of foundry sand.



Cause – Foundry Sand Binder

Bentonite / Kaolinite



Effect – Sealing the surface of the drainage layer



Challenges:

1. Restore conditions of the drainage layer.
2. Limit potential for future occurrences.



Restoration

1. Carefully remove accumulated waste from ponded area.
2. Clear sediment from the surface of the drainage blanket.
3. Verify conditions of the drainage blanket – thickness and grain size.



Modify Operations

- Install silt fence and straw bales.
- Create drainage berms to control sheet flow.



Modify Operations

- Slope waste surface to perimeter.
- Routinely remove sediment.
- Maintain thickness of drainage blanket.



Modify Operations

- Use of tire shreds in base and along perimeter to improve drainage.



Lessons Learned

- Interior stormwater management important factor in site operations.
- Diligent and conscientious operators are critical to landfill success.
- Respond to conditions and characteristics of waste .

