## Asset Management (Keep the following for MUNICIPAL-EPA MAJOR facilities ONLY)

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities (i.e., the sewer system and treatment works as defined in Part 41 of the NREPA), and control systems installed or used by the permittee to operate the sewer system and treatment works and achieve and maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit (also see Part II.D.3 of this permit). The requirements of an Asset Management Program function to achieve the goals of effective performance, adequate funding, and adequate operator staffing and training. Asset management is a planning process for ensuring that optimum value is gained for each asset and that financial resources are available to rehabilitate and replace those assets when necessary. Asset management is centered on a framework of five (5) core elements: the current state of the assets; the required sustainable level of service; the assets critical to sustained performance; the minimum life-cycle costs; and the best long-term funding strategy.

- a. Asset Management Program Requirements
  On or before INSERT DATE SIX MONTHS FROM EFFECTIVE DATE OF PERMIT, the permittee shall submit to the Department an Asset Management Plan for review and approval. An approvable Asset Management Plan shall contain a schedule for the development and implementation of an Asset Management Program that meets the requirements outlined below in 1) 4). A copy of any Asset Management Program requirements already completed by the permittee should be submitted as part of the Asset Management Plan. Upon approval by the Department the permittee shall implement the Asset Management Plan. (The permittee may choose to include the Operation and Maintenance Manual required under Part II.C.14. of this permit as part of their Asset Management Program).
  - 1) Maintenance Staff. The permittee shall provide an adequate staff to carry out the operation, maintenance, repair, and testing functions required to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. The level of staffing needed shall be determined by taking into account the work involved in operating the sewer system and treatment works, planning for and conducting maintenance, and complying with this permit.
  - 2) Collection System Map. The permittee shall complete a map of the sewer collection system it owns and operates. The map shall be of sufficient detail and at a scale to allow easy interpretation. The collection system information shown on the map shall be based on current conditions and shall be kept up-to-date and available for review by the Department. Note: Items below referencing combined sewer systems are not applicable to separate sewer systems. Such map(s) shall include but not be limited to the following:
  - a) all sanitary sewer lines and related manholes;
  - b) all combined sewer lines, related manholes, catch basins and CSO regulators;
  - c) all known or suspected connections between the sanitary sewer or combined sewer and storm drain systems;
  - d) all outfalls, including the treatment plant outfall(s), combined sewer treatment facility outfalls, untreated CSOs, and any known SSOs;
  - e) all pump stations and force mains;
  - f) the wastewater treatment facility(ies), including all treatment processes;
  - g) all surface waters (labeled);
  - h) other major appurtenances such as inverted siphons and air release valves;

- a numbering system which uniquely identifies manholes, catch basins, overflow points, regulators and outfalls;
- j) the scale and a north arrow;
- k) the pipe diameter, date of installation, type of material, distance between manholes, and the direction of flow; and
- I) the manhole interior material, rim elevation (optional), and invert elevations.
- 3) Inventory and assessment of fixed assets. The permittee shall complete an inventory and assessment of operations-related fixed assets. Fixed assets are assets that are normally stationary (e.g., pumps, blowers, and buildings). The inventory and assessment shall be based on current conditions and shall be kept up-to-date and available for review by the Department.
- a) The fixed asset inventory shall include the following:
  - (1) a brief description of the fixed asset, its design capacity (e.g., pump: 120 gallons per minute), its level of redundancy, and its tag number if applicable;
  - (2) the location of the fixed asset;
  - (3) the year the fixed asset was installed;
  - (4) the present condition of the fixed asset (e.g., excellent, good, fair, poor);
  - (5) the depreciated value of the fixed asset in dollars for year specified in accordance with approved schedules; and
  - (6) the current fixed asset (replacement) cost in dollars for year specified in accordance with approved schedules;
- b) The fixed asset assessment shall include a "Business Risk Evaluation" that combines the probability of failure of the fixed asset and the criticality of the fixed asset, as follows:
  - (1) Rate the probability of failure of the fixed asset on a scale of 1-5 (low to high) using criteria such as maintenance history, failure history, and remaining percentage of useful life (or years remaining);
  - (2) Rate the criticality of the fixed asset on a scale of 1-5 (low to high) based on the consequence of failure versus the desired level of service for the facility; and
  - (3) Compute the Business Risk Factor of the fixed asset by multiplying the failure rating from (1) by the criticality rating from (2).
- 4) Operation, Maintenance & Replacement (OM&R) Budget and Rate Sufficiency for the Sewer System and Treatment Works. The permittee shall complete an assessment of its user rates and replacement fund, including the following:
- a) beginning and end dates of fiscal year;
- b) name of the department, committee, board, or other organization that sets rates for the operation of the sewer system and treatment works;

- amount in the permittee's replacement fund in dollars for year specified in accordance with approved schedules;
- d) replacement fund of all assets with a useful life of 20 years or less;
- e) expenditures for maintenance, corrective action and capital improvement taken during the fiscal year;
- f) OM&R budget for the fiscal year; and
- g) rate calculation demonstrating sufficient revenues to cover OM&R expenses. If the rate calculation shows there are insufficient revenues to cover OM&R expenses, the permittee shall document, within three (3) fiscal years after submittal of the Asset Management Plan, that there is at least one rate adjustment that reduces the revenue gap by at least 10 percent. The ultimate goal of the Asset Management Program is to ensure sufficient revenues to cover OM&R expenses.

## b. Reporting

The permittee shall develop a written report that summarizes asset management activities completed during the previous year and planned for the upcoming year. The written report shall be submitted to the Department on or before <a href="INSERT DATE">INSERT DATE</a> - 30 DAYS AFTER THE END OF THE PERMITTEE'S FISCAL YEAR (WHICH MAY DIFFER FROM THE DEPARTMENT'S FISCAL YEAR) of each year. The written report shall include:

- 1) a description of the staffing levels maintained during the year;
- 2) a description of inspections and maintenance activities conducted and corrective actions taken during the previous year;
- 3) expenditures for collection system maintenance activities, treatment works maintenance activities, corrective actions, and capital improvement during the previous year;
- 4) a summary of assets/areas identified for inspection/action (including capital improvement) in the upcoming year based on the five (5) core elements and the Business Risk Factors;
- 5) a maintenance budget and capital improvement budget for the upcoming year that take into account implementation of an effective Asset Management Program that meets the five (5) core elements:
- 6) an updated asset inventory based on the original submission; and
- 7) an updated OM&R budget with an updated rate schedule that includes the amount of insufficient revenues, if any.