

BULLETIN

FALL 2006

WWW.MICHIGAN.GOV/BCC



RULES PUBLIC HEARING & FORUM

The bureau anticipates conducting a public hearing shortly into the new year to seek input on updates to the Michigan Electrical, Mechanical, and Plumbing Code Rules. Please watch the bureau's website at www.michigan.gov/bcc for the public hearing notice.

It is also anticipated a public forum will be scheduled to review the Michigan Building, Residential, and Rehabilitation Rules in early 2007. Again, please watch the bureau's website for the public forum notice.

STATE HOLIDAYS OFFICES CLOSED:

December 25 and 26
January 1 and 2
January 15
February 19

DIRECTOR'S COLUMN - HENRY L. GREEN

CODE DEVELOPMENT - AN OPPORTUNITY FOR EDUCATION

On September 20, 2006, the International Code Council opened the 2006/2007 Code Development Hearings in Orlando, Florida. During these hearings, over 2600 proposals were heard. The hearings offer an excellent opportunity for code officials, industry representatives and political leaders to understand what makes a good code.

It also offers the ability for those involved in public safety to understand the process as well as what goes in the code to make the provisions necessary and appropriate for public safety in the built environment.

The understanding of the proposals and how the various committees assess the proposals provide an excellent education on how to apply the codes, where the requirements are derived, and how they interact with other provisions of the code. The committees hear from members and others in attendance in an open public process that allows everyone an opportunity to shape the requirements. Testimony is heard supporting and opposing a proposed change before a consensus committee representing the various elements impacted by the code provisions. No committee is dominated by any one sector and all members work to understand the proposal and gain the insight necessary to make a competent decision on the matters before the committee.

It is equally intriguing to see the various interactions between the proponents and opponents of a particular change, each sharing their experience and expertise in a manner that allows each side a fair and impartial venue to be heard and understood.

Code officials have a unique opportunity to gain specific insight into changes and how they will shape public safety. No matter how the code proposal comes out, you can be assured the participants are all there for one reason – to develop the most comprehensive set of standards to protect the public in the built environment. This alone is a true experience in the education of codes.

BOILER DIVISION

BACKFLOW PREVENTERS, CHECK VALVES AND YOUR SAFETY

**By Michael Bates, Senior Boiler Inspector
Boiler Division**

The Michigan Boiler Law and Rules adopt the ASME Code for installation of boilers. Section I and IV of ASME, paragraph PG-58.3.3 for Power Boilers, and paragraph HG-705 for Low Pressure Boilers, have requirements for check valves to be installed in the main feed system to the boiler. This check valve can be a number of different styles depending on the pressure and temperatures of a boiler and system. These include, but are not limited to, a swing check with a single or double disk, silent (center guided) check, angle seating check and many more. These devices are automatic type valves designed to allow flow of a liquid or a vapor in one direction only by opening and closing automatically according to the pressure acting upon it. When a feed pump is energized and water pressure exceeds boiler pressure, the valve opens and water is fed to the boiler. When the boiler pressure exceeds feed water pressure, the valve closes. The discussion in the above paragraph is based on requirements of ASME codes adopted by the boiler law. In Michigan, the State Plumbing Code must also be considered with regard to protection of potable water supply systems. Boiler Rule R 408.4187 states in part, "The boiler owner shall ensure that a boiler has proper

connection to the potable water supply systems to prevent contamination. The connections are specified in the Michigan Plumbing Code, Section 608.16.2 CONNECTIONS TO BOILERS. "The potable supply to the boiler shall be equipped with a backflow preventer with an intermediate atmospheric vent complying with ASSE 1012 or CSA CAN/CSA B64.3. Where conditioning chemicals are introduced into the system, the potable water connection shall be protected by an air gap or a reduced pressure principle backflow preventer, complying with ASSE 1013, CSA CAN/CSA B64.4 or AWWA C511." Use of backflow prevention devices in compliance with the State Plumbing Code satisfies the ASME requirements for check valves. There is no need to install both. Potable water systems are under the jurisdiction of the State Plumbing Code up to and including the backflow prevention device and must be installed by the appropriate licensee under that code.

In conclusion, an installing contractor must ensure the proper type of backflow device is installed in a system based on boiler feed water treatment and code requirements. In addition, some devices have maximum pressure and temperature ratings established by the manufacturer which must not be exceeded.

If you have questions, please contact the Boiler Division at (517) 241-9334, before you install.

BUILDING DIVISION

HIRING A BUILDING CONTRACTOR

**By Larry Lehman, Chief
Building Division**

If you are planning a residential building project, you should be aware that all contractors offering to do work which totals \$600 or more in labor and materials must be licensed by the Department of Labor and Economic Growth, Bureau of Commercial Services (BCS). A Residential Builders license allows a contractor to build a complete residential structure and to do maintenance and alteration (remodeling) work on a residential structure. A Maintenance & Alteration license indicates that the holder has met requirements for one or more of the individual building trades licensed by BCS.

When choosing a builder you should get the names of contractors from:

- Friends or neighbors who have had satisfactory work performed.
- People at local home improvement centers, builder shows or open houses.

- Local Yellow Pages list licensed builders who do business in your community.
- Local homebuilders association. If the association is affiliated with the National Association of Home Builders, all members should be licensed by the state in order to be included on their roster.

When choosing a builder you should get estimates:

- Get estimates from different contractors to compare prices. Remember the cost of materials and quality of materials will affect the bid. A low bid based on inferior materials may not be a bargain, so consider more than the price alone.
- Be sure the estimate specifies the total price, the terms of payment, the kind of materials to be used and the expected time it will take to complete the job.
- Be wary of special prices because of left over materials, other jobs in the neighborhood, or discounts if you

BUILDING DIVISION

HIRING A BUILDING CONTRACTOR, CONT.

agree to get other customers. They are often gimmicks used to get you to buy.

A Residential Builder should provide a written contract:

- When you have selected a contractor, get all agreements in writing. A written agreement will make sure there are no misunderstandings about the work, or the terms of the contract.
- Make sure that you read all documents carefully. While it is not required, it is often a good idea to have an attorney review the contract and any other forms before you sign them, especially if a large sum of money is involved.
- Don't be afraid to ask questions about anything you do not understand. Ask for any changes or modifications before you sign the contract.

A Residential Builder should provide a contract that includes the following:

- The company name, address, telephone number and the full name and license number of the builder/contractor and/or the salesperson.
- Detailed job specifications, which include a description of materials (brand names, colors, grades, styles and model numbers), a list of all costs spelled out clearly, and any architects or engineers drawings, which are required.
- Start and completion dates. These should allow for any reasonable delays but should include a clause allowing you to withhold payment if work slows down for no apparent reason.
- A statement that all required building permits and variances will be obtained by the contractor before work is begun. The building permit is for your protection. An inspector will make sure the finished job meets all codes and safety standards, and makes the contractor responsible for corrections.
- A guarantee that the contractor carries liability insurance and has Workers Compensation coverage, in case of accidents on the job.

- A statement of warranty on the work. Be sure it tells if labor and materials are guaranteed, and for how long. A statement that clean-up will be done by the contractor should be allowed.
- A provision for credits if there are large amounts of materials left over. You should also be prepared to pay for extra materials if the project takes more than anticipated. Your builder should provide you with a description of these extra costs in writing, so there are no surprises on your final bill.
- The terms of payment should be clearly stated in the contract.
- A right to cancel clause. If you are solicited and have signed the contract in your home, you have three days to cancel the contract if you change your mind. You must send the contractor a registered letter stating you wish to cancel.
- If everything in the agreement is satisfactory, both the contractor and the homeowner must sign and date the contract. Any changes or revisions must be dated and initialed by both parties.

When making payments to the builder:

- Never pay for the entire job in advance.
- Make a deposit when work begins to cover materials and start-up costs. Pay by check to the company name and ALWAYS get a receipt.
- Make scheduled payments as work progresses. Refer to the Construction Lien Recovery Fund for more information.

It should be noted that contractors performing general building construction on commercial projects are not required to be licensed. Also, 1972, PA 230 allows the owner or the owner's agent to apply for the building permit if the owner authorizes them. The permit holder is ultimately responsible to ensure all code violations are corrected upon receipt of a written notice from the code official.

Questions regarding this article may be directed to the Building Division at 517-241-9317.

ELECTRICAL DIVISION

OPTIONAL STANDBY SYSTEMS

By **Virgil Monroe, Chief**
Electrical Division

The Electrical Division has received numerous questions regarding the installation requirements for generators as back-up power systems installed in dwelling units. Article 702 of the 2002 Michigan Electrical Code (MEC) covers the electrical requirements for the installation of optional standby systems. This article covers the installation of both permanently installed and portable systems.

The MEC defines an optional standby system as, **“Those systems intended to protect public or private facilities or property where life safety does not depend on the performance of the system. Optional standby systems are intended to supply on-site generated power to selected loads either automatically or manually.”** This article applies to single-family dwellings.

Some of the most frequently asked questions are:

- Must transfer equipment be installed on a single family dwelling if a portable generator is installed?

Yes, Section 702.6 requires the installation of transfer equipment for all optional standby systems subject to the provisions of Article 702.

- Must a portable generator be connected to a grounding electrode?

Section 702.10(A) requires a portable generator

to be grounded to a grounding electrode only if it is a **separately derived system**.

A separately derived system is defined in Article 100 as, **“A premises wiring system whose power is derived from a battery, from a solar photovoltaic system, or from a generator, transformer, or converter windings, and that has no direct electrical connection, including a solidly connected grounded circuit conductor, to supply conductors originating in another system.”**

- Can a transfer switch be used as a service disconnect?

A transfer switch may be used as a service disconnect if it is marked as **“Suitable for Use as Service Equipment”** and has integral overcurrent protection. If integral overcurrent protection is not provided, the transfer switch shall be marked to **indicate the maximum rating of overcurrent protection to be provided ahead of the transfer switch**. See the Underwriters Laboratories Inc., General Information for Electrical Equipment, Transfer Switches (WPTZ).

Questions should be directed to the Electrical Division at (517) 241-9320.

BCC CONTACT INFORMATION

Telephone Numbers:

Administration (517) 241-9302
Office of Administrative Services (517) 335-2972
Office of Management Services (517) 241-9313
Boiler Division (517) 241-9334
Building Division (517) 241-9317
Electrical Division (517) 241-9320
Elevator Safety Division (517) 241-9337
Mechanical Division (517) 241-9325
Office of Local Government & Consumer Services (517) 241-9347
Office of Land Survey & Remonumentation (517) 241-6321
Plan Review Division (517) 241-9328
Plumbing Division (517) 241-9330

Facsimile Numbers:

Administration & Office of Administrative Services (517) 241-9570
Office of Management Services & Plumbing Div. (517) 373-8547
Building, Electrical, Mechanical & Plan Review Div. (517) 241-9308
Office of Land Survey & Remonumentation, Boiler & Elevator Safety Divisions (517) 241-6301

Mailing Addresses:

P.O. Box 30254 (Codes: general correspondence)
P.O. Box 30255 (Codes: permits, licenses, and other documents containing payment)
P.O. Box 30704 (Office of Land Survey & Remonumentation)
Lansing, Michigan 48909

ELEVATOR SAFETY DIVISION

ELEVATOR SAFETY TESTS AND TEST FORMS

By Calvin W. Rogler, Chief
Elevator Safety Division

Most, if not all elevators, are required to have **safety tests** performed within specific timeframes.

Category 1 safety tests are required every 12 months which include: “Operation Under Fire and Other Emergency Conditions” and “No Load Test for Governors, Safeties and Oil Buffers”.

A “Hydraulic Rated Load Relief Valve test” is a Category 3 test and is required every 36 months (3 years) for hydraulic elevators. A “Rated Load Safety Test for Governors, Safeties and Oil Buffers” is a Category 5 test and is required every 60 months (5 years) for electric powered elevators. When doing a full load test, please check if the Firefighters’ Service or Standby Power (Category 1) tests are also due and can be completed at that time. Also, keep in mind that testing the smoke sensor(s) is an important part of the test; as such, properly complete the appropriate sections of the test reports.

For a test form to be accepted by the Elevator Safety

Division, it must be filled-out completely and correctly, then returned to this office within 10 days of the test, as stated at the top of the test report form. This includes the signature and license number of the licensed elevator journeyman performing the test. Test forms submitted, which are not completed properly, will be returned for correction and re-submittal.

Safety tests are intended to help ensure that elevators are maintained in proper operating order. To that end, if an elevator fails to pass any portion of a test, the problem should be repaired and the elevator retested. Then, the test report should be submitted to the Elevator Safety Division.

The Test Report of Governors, Safety Devices, Oil Buffers, Relief Valves and Firefighter’s Emergency Operation form can be obtained from the Bureau’s website at www.michigan.gov/bcc. If you have any questions or need assistance accessing our website or forms, please contact the Elevator Safety Division at (517) 241-9337.

MECHANICAL DIVISION

SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS

By David Adams, Assistant Chief
Mechanical Division

We are just going through another year of school inspections and it appears that there are still a number of contractors that don’t realize that plan review and permits are required for installations of mechanical equipment at schools.

In January of 2003, contractors and construction companies received the following notice.

On December 23, 2002, PA 628 of 2002 was signed into law. This law amends the School Building Act, 1937 PA 306 by requiring the inspection of all school building construction, as well as the review of any required construction documents under 1972 PA 230, the Stille-DeRossett-Hale Single State Construction Code Act and the Fire Prevention Code, 1941 PA 207.

With the enactment of this revision, school construction projects which involve the construction, addition, alteration or repair of any school building must be submitted to the Department of Labor & Economic Growth for required plan reviews, permits, and onsite inspections.

Ultimately, all school construction projects must meet the construction standards under the Stille-DeRossett-Hale Single State Construction Code Act, which includes securing permits, inspections, and final approvals.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact David Adams, Assistant Chief of the Mechanical Division at (517) 241-9325.

OFFICE OF LAND SURVEY AND REMONUMENTATION

LAND DIVISION ACT -RE-DIVISION OF PARCELS CREATED BY "DIVISION" OR "EXEMPT SPLIT"

By **Maynard Dyer, Director**

Office of Land Survey & Remonumentation (OLS&R)

On March 31, 1997, 1996 PA 591 amended and renamed the "Subdivision Control Act" to "Land Division Act" [MCL560.101 et seq]. The Land Division Act provided division rights to a parent parcel or parent tract that existed and defined by continuous ownership on the effective day of the amendment, March 31, 1997, based on its total acreage. The amendment also provided for future re-division rights of the smaller parcels created by division and exempt split of the larger parent 10 years after it is created separate from its parent and its legal description is recorded at the county register of deeds. Re-division rights will accrue to some "child parcels" as soon as April 1, 2007.

The Land Division Act provides in section 108(5) [MCL560.108(5)]:

A parcel or tract created by an exempt split or a division is not a new parent parcel or parent tract and may be further partitioned or split without being subject to the platting requirements of this act if all of the following requirements are met:

- (a) Not less than 10 years have elapsed since the parcel or tract was recorded.
- (b) The partitioning or splitting results in not more than the following number of parcels, which ever is less:
 - (i) Two parcels for the first 10 acres or fraction thereof in the parcel or tract plus 1 additional parcel for each whole 10 acres in excess of the first 10 acres in the parcel or tract.

- (ii) Seven parcels or 10 parcels if one of the resulting parcels under this subsection comprises not less than 60% of the area of the parcel or tract being partitioned or split.
- (iii) The partitioning or splitting satisfies the requirements of section 109.

"Division" is defined as partitioning or splitting of a parcel or tract of land ... for purposes of sale, lease of more than one year or of building development..... Section 102(d) [MCL560.102(d)].

"Exempt Split" is defined as partitioning or splitting of a parcel or tract of land ... that does not result in 1 or more parcels of less than 40 acres or the equivalent Section 102(e) [MCL560.102(e)].

An adjacent parcel transfer was determined not to be either a division or an exempt split. *Sotelo vs. Township of Grant*, 470 Mich. 95. Since re-division rights accrue specifically to parcels created by an exempt split or a division, adjacent parcel transfers would not accrue re-division rights.

Thus, a parcel split from a larger parent may be further divided but only after 10 years have lapsed from the time of recording a document such as a deed, land contract, memorandum of land contract that describes the smaller parcel. The number of resulting parcels that may be created from a "child parcel" is significantly fewer than the parent parcel without being subject to the platting requirements of the act.

Please direct questions to the OLS&R at (517) 241-6321.

BOARD AND COMMISSION MEETINGS

<u>Meeting</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Location</u>
Barrier Free Design Board	Jan 19, Mar 16	9:30 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
Board of Boiler Rules	Dec 12, Mar 19	9:30 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
Construction Code Commission	Jan 10, Mar 14	9:30 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
Electrical Administrative Board	Dec 1, Feb 2	9:30 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
Elevator Safety Board	Jan 26	9:30 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
Manufactured Housing Commission	Dec 13, Feb 2	10:00 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
Board of Mechanical Rules	Jan 24, Mar 21	9:00 am	Okemos – Conf Room 3
State Plumbing Board	Dec 12, Jan 17, Feb 27	10:00 am	Okemos – Conf Room 1

OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND CONSUMER SERVICES

P.A. 54 EDUCATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM EVALUATIONS

By Scott D. Fisher, Director
Office of Local Government & Consumer Services

The Construction Code Commission is required to review and approve educational and training programs offered to building officials, inspectors, and plan reviewers to meet the continuing education and training requirements as defined in Act 54 of 1986, and the Registration Rules.

Assuring that quality education and training programs are being provided is an important aspect of this process. While Bureau staff review and approve thousands of courses each registration cycle, we need your assistance to evaluate how well these courses are meeting your needs as a registered building official, inspector, or plan reviewer.

In an effort to provide more variety in course offerings and improve service to our customers, the Bureau is currently in the process of evaluating and, where necessary, revising our training programs. If you have recently attended an Act

54 Training Program that was sponsored by the Bureau or conducted by one of our staff, please take a minute to complete the online evaluation form that has been created for your use at http://www.dleg.state.mi.us/email_parser/bccfs_training_eval.htm.

Your input will be used to evaluate the effectiveness of current programs, as well as to develop future program offerings.

You are also encouraged to use the evaluation form to let us know how you feel about programs sponsored or conducted by other program providers that have been approved by our Bureau. The information will assist us in evaluating our program and instructor approval criteria.

Thank you for assisting us in our effort to provide improved service to you. Questions may be directed to OLGCS at (517) 241-9347.

MANUFACTURED HOUSING COMMISSION

By Kevin DeGroat, Regulation Specialist
Office of Local Government & Consumer Services

The Manufactured Housing Commission approved the model manufactured housing ordinance at its August 16, 2006, meeting. The model offers local governments an approvable manufactured housing ordinance for regulating manufactured housing communities. Municipalities submitting this model no longer have to propose manufactured housing community ordinances through Office of Local Government & Consumer Services' (OLGCS) staff, Ordinance Review Committee, or the Commission process previously required to review ordinances containing higher standards than the Mobile Home Commission Act and related codes. Upon receiving

an ordinance patterning the model, OLGCS's staff will docket it with an approval recommendation on the next available Commission agenda.

The model ordinance alternative could benefit municipalities which may not have the staff, time, or resources to pursue the formal ordinance review process. However, as in the past, localities could continue to submit their own proposed higher ordinance standards and required written justification to the Commission for approval under Section 7(1) of the Act.

The Bureau will post the model ordinance on the website at www.michigan.gov/bcc.

Questions may be directed to OLGCS at (517) 241-9347.

PROVIDING FOR MICHIGAN'S SAFETY IN THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

PLAN REVIEW DIVISION

PRODUCT APPROVALS

By Irvin J. Poke, Chief

Plan Review Division

Section 21 of 1972 PA 230 provides the Construction Code Commission the authority to approve new products that may not be reflected in the Michigan Construction Code. This approval process does not preclude the local enforcing agency from approving products in accordance with section 104.9 of the Michigan Building Code. One of the tools available to code officials are reports from independent evaluation services, e.g. ICC Evaluation Services Inc. These reports describe the product in detail; identify its characteristics, the applicable code requirements and any condition and limitation of their use.

There are a number of code officials that refuse to accept these reports thinking that unfamiliar products must go

through the Michigan approval process. This is not true. If the permit applicant can show that the product meets the code requirements for its intended use it should be accepted. Even if there is not an evaluation report, the code official can review the testing data and determine compliance with the code.

The key to approving a product is to identify the code provision based on how it is going to be used and review the technical data for compliance with the requirements. Remember, technical data is more than a manufacturers' advertisement. The data and research reports should be from credible and approved sources.

Please direct questions to the Plan Review Division at (517) 241-9328.

PLUMBING DIVISION

PLUMBING LICENSE RENEWALS

By Robert Konyndyk, Chief

Plumbing Division

The purpose of this article is to remind registered apprentices, affidavit holders represented by a master plumber and journey plumbers to verify that they have renewed their registration and licenses. The registration and licenses expired April 30, 2006.

The most frequent reason for individuals failing to renew is due to a change of address resulting in a failure to receive their renewal notice. When this occurs, individuals must fill-out a request for address change form, write on the form they are requesting a duplicate renewal, and provide the information to the Plumbing Division by mail. The form is located on the Bureau's website at www.michigan.gov/bcc or may be obtained

by telephone request. This office will process the address change and mail a duplicate renewal to the new address.

When individuals have not moved and have not received a renewal to complete, they should contact the Plumbing Division in writing requesting one. The correspondence shall include the license number, current address, legal signature, and a brief note requesting a renewal form.

In summary, individuals not renewing their registration or license place themselves in jeopardy of delays in journey examinations, failure to conduct business as an affidavit holder, or requiring reexamination when past the three-year limitation for journey licensing.

Questions may be directed to Robert Konyndyk, Chief of the Plumbing Division at (517) 241-9330.

BCC WEBSITE

BCC ONLINE SERVICES

[Easy Access to Permit & License Verification](#)
[Statewide Search for Subdivision Plats](#)
[Statewide Search for Remonumentation Data](#)
[County Remonumentation Data Entry](#)
[Building System Approval Reports](#)
[Online Code Training Series](#)

BCC QUICK LINKS

[Online Permitting](#)
[Codes & Standards Order Form](#)
[Statewide Jurisdiction List](#)
[Local School Construction Enforcement List](#)
[Product Approvals](#)

LICENSE EXAMINATION DATES

<u>Examination</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Deadline</u>
Boiler Installer and Repairer	Dec 6, 7	Okemos	Nov 3
	Mar 14, 15	Okemos	Feb 9
Boiler National Board	Dec 6 & 7	Okemos	Nov 3
	Mar 14 & 15	Okemos	Feb 9
Electrical/Fire Alarm/Sign Contractor	Nov 20	Okemos	Oct 20
	Jan 23	Okemos	Dec 22
Fire Alarm Spec. Tech./Sign Spec.	Feb 20	Okemos	Jan 23
	Mar 30	Okemos	Mar 3
	Nov 8	Okemos	Oct 1
	Apr 11	Okemos	Mar 14
Electrician - Journey person	Dec 11, 12, 13	Okemos	Nov 8
	Mar 19, 20, 21	Okemos	Feb 19
Electrician - Master	Dec 14	Okemos	Nov 14
	Mar 23	Okemos	Feb 23
Elevator - Contractor/Cert. of Comp.	Nov 2	Okemos	Oct 12
	Jan 26	Okemos	Jan 5
	Apr 6	Okemos	Mar 16
Elevator Journey person	Nov 21	Okemos	Oct 31
	Jan 16	Okemos	Dec 22
Mechanical Contractor	Mar 20	Okemos	Feb 27
	Dec 12	Lansing	Nov 9
Plumbing - Contractor	Mar 27	Lansing	Feb 27
	Dec 6	East Lansing	
Plumbing - Master and Journey	Mar 20	East Lansing	
	Dec 13	East Lansing	
	Feb 28	East Lansing	

Dates and times are subject to change. Visit the BCC website for updates.

The Bulletin is a quarterly publication of the Bureau of Construction Codes within the Department of Labor & Economic Growth.

Editor in Chief

Henry L. Green

Editor:

Beth Hunter Aben

THE BUREAU'S ANNUAL TRAINING

MARCH 6-8, 2007

The bureau will be conducting its annual training for management and inspection staff from March 6-8, 2007. Administrative support staff will be in the office and available to answer questions and take messages. Management staff will be in contact with the office on a daily basis. Any call which warrants immediate attention will be returned. Please work with inspection staff to schedule inspections before or after the training dates.

Created under the authority of
1972 PA 230.