## SURVIVING THE CHANGE TO THE 2012 LIFE SAFETY CODE

MiSHE Annual Conference

September 26, 2014





#### **2013 Rules Directives**

Based upon the 2012 edition of NFPA 101, Life Safety Code

Keep amendments at a minimum
 Retain consistency with CMS
 Administrative directives





#### **Proposed Rules**

Part I - General Change names Update code references and costs Part II - FSOF Correct previous error in chapter assignments Part III - Hospitals No changes Part IV – Nursing Homes No changes







#### **Proposed Rules**

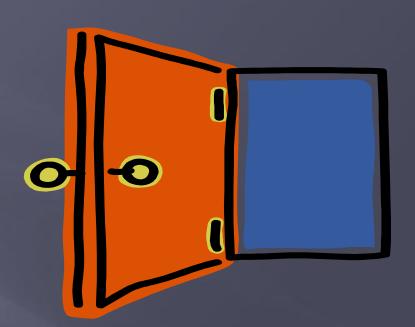
Part V – Home for the Aged No changes from current Part VI – Mobile & Transportable Facilities Update code reference Part VII – Hospice Facilities No changes





- Door Inspections (7.2.1.15)
  - Annually
    - Panic/Fire exit hardware equipped doors
    - Exit enclosures
    - Electronically controlled egress
    - Special locking
    - Fire-rated and smoke-rated door assemblies
  - Documentation Required







- Normally Unoccupied Building Service Equipment Support Areas (7.13)
  - Primarily maintenance access spaces
  - No fuel-fired equipment or storage
  - Significant modifications to egress requirements





Protection of Fire Alarm System (9.6.1.8.1)
 Smoke detection required at unoccupied locations of
 Fire alarm control unit
 NAC power extenders
 Supervising station transmitting equipment





Corridor Projections (18/19.2.3.4)

- Non-continuous <6 inches that are above handrail height</p>
- Wheeled equipment
  - Maintains 60 inches clear
  - Fire safety plan addresses relocation in an emergency
  - Equipment limited to carts, emergency medical equipment and lift/transport equipment
- Same for HFA







- Corridor Projections (18/19.2.3.4) cont.
  - Seating
    - Corridor 8 foot minimum width
    - Fixed in place
    - Maintain 6 foot clear width
    - One side of corridor only
    - 50 sq. ft. area maximums separated by 10 foot minimum
    - Smoke detection or direct visual supervision
  - HFA amendment is maintained in proposed rules





#### Suites (18/19.2.5.7)

- Clearly defines sleeping & non-sleeping suite requirements
- Changes relax some requirements for new construction
- No impact for existing compliant





Hazardous Areas (19.3.2.1.5)

- Soiled Linen with less than 64 gal. exempt
- "Rooms with collected trash" with less than 64 gal. exempt
- Converted Hazardous Areas (43.7.1.2)
  - Meet existing requirements
     Under 250 sq. ft.
     Fully sprinklered building







Cooking Facilities (18/19.3.2.5)

- Serve maximum of 30 beds, single smoke compartment
- Hood over cooking surfaces
- Suppression system and fire extinguisher
- No deep-fat frying
- Disconnecting switch
- Suppressed smoke compartment

Not required if separated from corridor

Photoelectric smoke detectors (2) at 20 feet from hood



- ABHR (18/19.3.2.6)
  - Aerosol limited to 18 oz.
  - One dispenser per room doesn't count toward total
  - Ignition source
    - Not above
    - Not within 1 inch horizontally
    - At least 1 inch below







Sprinkler Protection (18/19.3.5)

- High-Rise Buildings (19.3.5.2/19.4.2)
  - Sprinkler protection within 12 years of adoption
    - High-Rise is occupiable floor >75' from lowest level of fire department access

# Hospital Closets (18/19.3.5.10) No heads required if less than 6 sq. ft. Room heads must be able to cover the entire space







Fireplaces (18/19.5.2.3) Direct-Vent Gas Fireplaces Not in a patient sleeping room Smoke compartment fully sprinklered with quick response or residential sprinklers Sealed glass front Locked controls Electrically supervised carbon monoxide detector in the room







Fireplaces (18/19.5.2.3)
 Direct-Vent Gas Fireplaces
 Solid-Fuel Fireplaces

 1 hour separation from patient sleeping areas

- Enclosure "guaranteed" not to break up to 650F
- Electrically supervised carbon monoxide detector in the room







Decorations (18/19.7.5.6)
 Flame-Retardant or Treated
 Meet NFPA 701 for textiles and Films
 Documented heat release to NFPA 289





#### Decorations (18/19.7.5.6)

- Now permitted to have "photographs, paintings, and other art" attached to walls, ceilings, or non-rated doors
  - No interference with door operation
  - Not exceeding 20% of wall area for non-sprinklered
  - Not exceeding 30% for space with sprinklered smoke compartment
  - Not exceeding 50% for resident rooms (less than 4) with sprinklered smoke compartment





Recycling Bins (18/19.7.5.7.2)

- Recycling clean waste or documents awaiting destruction
- Max 96 gallon capacity (each)
- Must meet FM Standard 6921 or equivalent
- No limits in hazardous areas



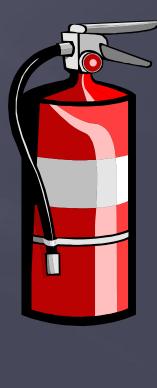




#### NFPA 10 (2010)

Now permits electronic monitoring of fire extinguishers

Takes the place of monthly inspections







#### NFPA 13 (2010)

#### Specific gravity testing for new antifreeze system installations (8.15.7)

Also required for existing antifreeze systems under NFPA 25 (8.3.4)







#### NFPA 13 (2010, 8.15.7)

- Canopies do not require sprinklers based on the following:
  - Non-combustible construction materials with no storage
    - 2 feet width if combustibles are stored below
  - Non-combustible finishes with the concealed combustible space protected by sprinklers or:
    - Concealed space filled with non-combustible insulation
    - Concealed space is <160 cu. ft. and remaining attic is sprinklered</li>
    - Canopies under 55 sq. ft.





#### NFPA 25 (2011)

Sprinkler Impairments (15.5.2)
 Limits changed to 10 hours within a 24-hour period







#### NFPA 80 (2010)

- Fire Damper Inspection (19.4)
  - I year after installation
  - Every 4 years
    - Hospitals every 6 years



Combination smoke/fire dampers with fusible links
 NFPA 105 has same requirements





#### NFPA 110 (2010)

Specific gravity tested monthly (8.3.7.1)
Option to use conductance testing of battery
Spark-ignited generator sets (8.4.2.4)
30 minute run time or
Water and oil temp stabilize
3 year load test (8.4.9)







## Questions





