Q & A - (2nd ROUND)

Medium Class of Non-lift and Lift Transit Buses

QUESTION REFERENCE	QUESTION	STATE RESPONSE TO QUESTION/REQUESTS
Question #1 - Schedule A - Statement of Work, section 4.1 Price Term A., page 4	from the OEM chassis builder. What we believe is reasonable, as we do see in many multi year term contracts, is for clauses to allow for documented changes in the OEM chassis pricing that the contractor may experience over the term of the contract. When a change would occur, contractor would supply support documentation to the State showing the current chassis pricing along with information showing the actual changes in the pricing as newly published by the OEM chassis manufacturer. And, considering the significant design changes to the Ford F-550 detailed above, we have no idea how much of an impact this will have on MY20 pricing. We request	A. Pricing is firm for a 385-day period ("Pricing Period"). The first pricing period begins on the Effective Date. Adjustments for changes in the chassis manufacturers OEM standard equipment may be requested, in writing, by either party and will take effect no earlier than the next Pricing Period subject to D., and E. of this section. Therefore, if chassis manufacturer prices increase in the first year, you can submit a chassis price increase request after the first year of the contract. No changes to this section. Denied.
Question #2 - Standard Contract Terms, section 18. Risk of Loss and Title, page 5	Per this section, it states that title and risk of loss or damage will remain with contractor until final acceptance of activities. According to #16 on page 4, acceptance shall occur within 30 of receipt of activities. Since the activities, or in this case vehicles, are no longer under the care, control or custody of the contractor once they are delivered, risk of loss or damage is conveyed to the entity that has the vehicles as they are responsible for the care, control and custody of the vehicles and insuring them. We ask that this section be amended to show risk of loss or damage are those of the receiving agency at time of delivery and not acceptance.	Denied
Question #3 - Standard Contract Terms, section 22. Stop Work Order, page 5	We have issues with the Stop Work Order section of this contract. In this case the contractor is supplying specifically ordered equipment for the State or it's entities or recognized agencies. Orders are generated via receipt of purchase orders issued by the State, it's entities or recognized agencies. Once the order process for the equipment is started by contractor, it is unreasonable to accept that the order could simple be cancelled or stopped for any reason. We ask that this section be amended to included verbiage such as "This does not apply to any orders previously placed with and accepted by the contractor." The concern is that an order for bus(es) could be placed with contractor and production started and then simply cancelled. This would bear an unreasonable hardship on the contractor.	Denied
Question #4 - General Proposal Instructions Confidential Treatment Vendor Questions Worksheet, RFP Timeline, page 1	responses require follow up and additional clarification, and we feel this would be reasonable and fair to all bidders, as well as the state. We also believe this will foster the heart expendition in the local transfer and the state of the	5/1/2019 by 5:00 pm EST. Send all questions to
2nd Round Question - General		The addendum issued will provide the State response to Questions for 1st and 2nd round Q & A.

				Questions for 1st and 2nd found Q & A.
Schedule B State of Michigan Specifications for Medium Class, 7-Years/200,000 Miles (minimum) of Non-lift and Lift Transit Buses with Alternate Seating				
II. BODY SPECIFICATIONS				
A. GENERAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION				
INTRUCTIONS: Where applicable, Bidder should specify either suggested source or pre-app	proved alternate and/or provide detail for all items.			
Specification Requirement	Suggested Source or Pre-Approved Alternate	Suggested Source or Pre-Approved Alternate	Suggested Source or Pre-Approved Alternate	MDOT RESPONSE TO QUESTION/REQUESTS
 SAFETY: The chassis and body shall be designed using only prudent, proven engineering principles with all work performed only by professional established firms. The bus purchased shall comply with all State regulations and requirements applicable to the design and manufacture of motor buses for the State of Michigan. 				
2) DRIVER SIZE and COMFORT: Design criteria of bus purchased shall be for all females from the 5th percentile, to males of the 95th percentile, to be equally as comfortable in using all controls required to safely drive and maneuver the bus. All driver controls shall comply with FNVSS 101, with hand and foot controls required to operate the bus safely, including the placement of exterior adjustable mirrors, positioned to meet this safety requirement.				
3) QUALITY of WORKMANSHIP: All labor employed in both the manufacturing and assembly processes of the bus purchased shall be to the highest industry standards. The entire bus shall be within all established engineering tolerances set by all parties involved in the design and production of the bus. All added components shall be installed and positioned according to the component manufacturer's installation procedures which shall be available upon request. Any fuel or brake line extensions shall use proper flare connections.				
4) WELDING: All welding procedures used throughout the construction of the bus, including materials, qualifications and training of personnel, shall be in accordance with the standards of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) and the American Welding Society (AWS). Contact surfaces of all material to be welded shall be clean, and free of grease, paint, rust and scale. After welding, all rough edges and surfaces on parts shall be ground smooth and coated with a corrosion inhibiting primer and paint.				
5) ATTACHMENT HARDWARE: All rivets, screws, bolts, nuts, washers and other types of fasteners used in the construction process, including those that would be exposed to the elements, shall be of appropriate size and strength rating for the application. They shall be sprayed with or dipped in a rust-resistant coating material, be plated, be stainless steel, or otherwise be made of rust-resistant type material, all of which will pass the 480-hour ASTM B117 Salt Spray test and the 480-hour ASTM D2247 Humidity Resistance test (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items v. & x.). Fasteners used by the respective component manufacturers in their assemblies are acceptable as part of the assembly.				
B. BODY STRUCTURE AND EXTERIOR PANELS			•	
Metal Rollover Frame, Cage-type Construction		I	1	
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a. The bus shall have a heavy-duty, unit-body structure type. The body structure (rollover frame, cage type of gauge #16 steel, 0.060° or equal, minimum) shall be of durable steel or aluminum construction, and adequately reinforced at all joints and points of stress, with sufficient strength to comply with the FMVSS 220 rollover protection test for the ALTOONA Useful Life of the bus. All body and floor structural members (tubes, channels, etc.) shall be Gas Metal Arc Welded (GMAC) or equal at each joint. A MIG welding system is acceptable provided it meets the requirements of this specification. Each bidder shall provide certification with the bid, that the bus meets the FMVSS 220 rollover protection test as bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item k.).			
b. The bus shall be designed to withstand road shocks, stop, and start operations, seasonal weather and road extremes, and other conditions found in Michigan transit bus service. The body shall be securely fastened to the chassis frame structure using a method of uniform attachment consisting of strategically placed rubber isolators/cushions consistent with cab/chassis isolators/cushions with connector bolts that permit body flexing independent of chassis flexing. Roof, side, front, and back panels shall be secured to the body vertical and horizontal frame members, and these, when fastened to the floor structural members, result in a permanent, fully-integrated structural unit adequately reinforced at all points where stress concentration may occur. The wall structure shall be welded or bolted to the floor with grade 8 bolts to provide adequate stability in the event of a non-static rollover event. The body floor sub-frame assembly, including lower skirt reinforcements, shall be, at a minimum, gauge number 14 (.075° thickness) galvanized steel (mill applied), or gauge number 16 stainless steel, or gauge number 14 steel treated a with corrosion resistant coating. All body floor sub-frame assembly shall meet the 480-hour salt spray test per ASTM procedure B-117, with no structural detrimental effects to normally visible surfaces. Certification of compliance with this requirement shall be published by an independent company and be submitted with the bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item v.). Wheelwells shall have minimum yield strength of gauge number 14 (.075° thickness) galvanized steel, gauge number 16 (.060° thickness) stainless steel, or gauge number 12 (.10° thickness) aluminum properly welded or secured with approved corrosion resistant fasteners to the floor structure. The entire body cage and frame including floor structure shall be properly coated with a corrosion resistant treatinal. Passage holes provided for wiring and hoses shall be thoroughly sealed		Please accept ASTM B-117 testing performed by the coating material manufacturer in compliance with test standards in lieu of 3rd party test. Self certification by coating manufacturers is a normal and standard practice in the industry using spray booths. In lieu of galvanized steel, please accept "aluminized steel", which is steel that has been hot-dip coated on all sides with an aluminum-silicon alloy, similar to how zinc is applied to make galvanized steel. Aluminized steel is highly resistant to corrosion because the layer of aluminum and silicon keeps the underlying steel from oxidizing. This layer also keeps pit corrosion from occurring, especially during exposure to salts that affect most other metals. Aluminized steel is commonly used in exhaust components by several OEM's, including Ford, because of its resistance to heat and corrosion. Our aluminized steel structure is backed by a 5 year / 100,000 mile warranty against structural failure. See Exhibit C. & A 2nd ROUND - Quality Designation is Commercial Steel (CS Type B). Please see Exhibit C REVISED 05-01-19 page 1 for Product Description & page 3 Table 2 for Quality Designation Typical Mechanical Properties.	What coating designation is proposed? Please provide in 2nd round questions. Q & A 2nd ROUND RESPONSE: Clarification - the State will ONLY accept Aluminized steel with a coating designation of T1-40, T1-50 or T1-60. T1 designations less than T1-40 shall NOT be acceptable.
c. All exterior side and roof panel material shall be fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP), it shall have as a minimum, of 2.16 mm (0.080") thick material (comprised of various layers of gel-coat, reinforcement and resins). It shall be designed to resist impact caused by flying road debris. The material must resist rot, corrosion, and mildew and cannot be affected by cleaning related chemicals, road residue, or environmental exposure. Reinforcements shall be installed around all window openings in order to transfer stress around the opening. All door openings shall have full structural metal framing (tube) or imbedded reinforcements, equal to the structural members of the body that will adequately support concentrations of stress around openings. All exposed doorframe structure shall be made of 400 series stainless steel (including the fasteners), which does not discolor with age. Where a stiffener or a backer material (substrate) is used for the exterior panels, it shall be bonded with waterproof adhesive to the exterior panel; it shall be a water resistant material that will not wick water, and it must be thoroughly sealed from the elements when installed so that the substrate will not be exposed to or absorb moisture and cause corrosion to the interior of the panel or any body structure. Exterior panel substrate shall not be of wood composition, plywood or a pressed wood product. Where body segments are joined, they shall be properly sealed to prevent intrusion of drafts, fumes, dust, and water to the interior of the bus body.	Please accept .040° FRP with an Azdel substrate for the roof panel material. A data sheet on Azdel is attached.	In lieu of the 2.16mm (.080") FRP on the roof only, please accept. 040" FRP with a 2.7mm (.106") Azdel backer to allow proper bend radii over the full length of the roof. Total thickness of .040" FRP and .106" Azdel = .146" roof lamination. This creates a nearly seamless exterior except at roof hatch and front and rear trim lines and very smooth appearance. See Exhibit D for Azdel. In lieu of the 400 series stainless steel, please accept powder coated aluminum extrusion for the wheelchair and rear door frames.	Approved, the State will accept a one piece seamless roof of Azdel composite material as long as it meets or exceeds specifications.
d. All interior panels and trim may be made of scuff-resistant laminate/FRP or molded ABS finished material. Interior panels shall have as a minimum the physical properties of gauge number 24 (.024* thickness). Interior panel substrate shall not be of wood composition, plywood or a pressed wood product. Interior panel threaded fasteners or rivets shall secure panels to body framing structure. Where fasteners are in the panels only, a reinforcing nut or reinforcing panel shall be installed for added strength and fastener retention. All overhead compartment and fuse panel covers/doors shall be made of the same material as interior panels.		Please accept a padded vinyl cab area in lieu or FRP or ABS. The passenger area interior panels will be FRP. Please accept a padded vinyl cab area (compartment and fuse panel covers/doors) in lieu of FRP or ABS. The passenger area interior panels will be FRP. Q & A 2nd ROUND - Please accept padded vinyl covered plywood compartment and fuse panel covers/doors. FRP backer is not rigid enough for covers & doors.	Approved, the State will accept padded FRP pannels in the cab area to include the fuse panel covers/doors as long as it meets or exceeds specifications. Q & A 2nd ROUND RESPONSE: Approved, the State will accept plywood backers for fuse and compartment panel doors ONLY.

e. Exterior lower skirt panels shall be fiberglass or composite material and shall be sufficiently stiff to prevent vibration, drumming, or flexing while the bus is in service. Lower edge of skirt panels shall be re-enforced to prevent cracking/breaking due to excessive flexing. Body front and/or rear endcaps may be molded fiberglass panels installed with required structural framing or a FRP composite structure. Lower skirt panels may be one piece in length at manufacture but shall be repairable in sections. Lower skirt panels shall not use a wood substrate material for a panel stiffener. Where exterior panels are lapped, the upper or forward panels shall act as a watershed. Exterior panels that are cut shall have the cut edge sealed (paint or special sealing compound). Sealing and fastening of panel joints, including front and rear cap-to-body joints, shall prevent entrance of moisture and dirt. Joint sealing shall be made through use of a non-shrinking bonding sealant, and joint sealing shall not be solely dependent on an exterior trim strip or a trim cap nor shall the sealing of the panels be dependent on caulking alone. Any visible caulk shall be painted after water testing is complete. All exterior panels shall be buck riveted and/or bonded to the body frame structure.	Please remove the requirement for caulk to be painted on the base white bus if Soudal caulk is used. This caulk does not yellow with exposure to UV rays.	Please remove the requirement for caulk to be painted on the base white bus if Soudal caulk is used. This caulk does not yellow with exposure to UV rays. See Exhibit E.	Denied, Specification shall remain as written.
f. The exterior body panels shall have on each side one heavy-duty rubrail. Rubrails (1½" x ½" minimum) shall be extruded solid aluminum or extruded UV resistant plastic with a flexible, rubber-type resilient material insert or a solid rubber-type of flexible, resilient material. Rubrails shall be located no less than 25" nor more than 43" above the ground on each side. Where the rubrails and fender opening guards are not an integral part of the body, installation of rubrails shall be made after the finish coat of paint is applied to the bus.			
g. Gun installed huckbolt fastenings, buck rivets, bonding adhesives, or approved equivalent shall be utilized on all exterior body panels, rubrails, and all other locations where stress is concentrated. All rivets, screws, bolts, nuts, washers, clamps, and other types of fasteners used in the construction process, including those that would be exposed to the elements, on the exterior and interior of the unit shall be properly plated to resist corrosion. No sheet metal screws shall be permitted, except for rubrails and rubber fender splash guards (see mudflaps/splash guards) which can be secured with stainless steel or equivalent plated locking-type, self-tapping fasteners. Fastener materials shall be compatible with materials being fasteners. Where self-tapping fasteners are used, body panels shall be reinforced with steel backing, aluminum backing, or stainless steel backing.			
h. Window openings cut into body panels shall have a maximum frame clearance of \$^1/6\$" on each side to minimize the need for caulking (see section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 2., item h.). All openings cut into metal body exterior panels must have the exposed cut edges primed or properly coated to inhibit water intrusion and corrosion before further assembly or painting occurs. Window frames installed in the body openings shall be properly caulked/sealed to prevent intrusion of moisture and dust. Drip rails shall be installed the entire length of the bus body above windows and doors.	Due to window variation, window openings require an additi for all bus window manufacturers and they have the same t clearance In lieu of 1/8". The 3/16" is our standard manufa deviate, so denial would disqualify us to participate in the b Please clarify, is a drip rail required above the drivers cab of the drivers cab of the dri	tolerances. Please accept 3/16" per side window acturing process from which we cannot feasibly id.	Approved, the State will accept 3/16 inch maximum clearance on each side of windows as long as proper seal can be achieved. <u>Clarification</u> - Drip edge is required above all bus body windows. Driver and passenger doors on chassis will be acceptable as produced by OEM.
 The Contractor shall submit roof, sidewall, and flooring drawings showing structure and structural specifications indicating metal size and type used. Include side sheathing and inside panels (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items e.). 			
2) Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Composite Unitized-type Body			
a. The bus body shall have a heavy-duty unitized structure and shall be of durable fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) composite construction. The body panels shall consist of an exterior high gloss gelcoat (.020' thickness, minimum) on a resin-hardened FRP (3/16'thickness, minimum) attached to a center layer of resin hardened Nida-Core® or equal honeycomb (¾" thickness, minimum) with an inner FRP panel (3/16'thickness, minimum); or may be ¾"polyurethane foam insulation gelcoated to ¼" FRP exterior with ¼" FRP interior, reinforced with steel perimeter and transverse supports, completely liberglassed to adjoining body parts. It shall use proper adhesive materials to adequately bond and mechanically fasten all joints and points of stress with sufficient strength to comply with the FMVSS 220 rollover protection test. Each bidder shall provide certification with the bid, that the bus meets the FMVSS 220 rollover protection test as bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item k.).			
b. The bus shall be designed to withstand road shocks, stop and start operations, seasonal weather and road extremes, and other conditions found in Michigan transit bus service. The body shall be securely fastened to the chassis frame structure using a method of uniform attachment consisting of strategically placed rubber isolators/cushions consistent with cab/chassis flexing. Roof, side, front, and back panels shall be secured to the floor and lower body frame members; all of which shall result in a permanent, fully-integrated structural unit adequately reinforced at all points where stress concentration may occur. The body floor sub-frame assembly, including lower skirl reinforcements, shall be, at a minimum, gauge number 14 (.075° thickness) galvanized steel (mill applied), or gauge number 16 stainless steel, or gauge number 12 aluminum, or gauge number 14 steel treated a with corrosion resistant coating. All body floor sub-frame assembly shall meet 1,000-hour salt spray test per ASTM procedure B-117, with no structural detrimental effects to normally visible (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item w.). Certification of compliance with this requirement shall be published by an independent company and be submitted with the bid. Wheelwells shall have minimum yield strength of gauge number 12 (.10° thickness) aluminum properly welded or secured with approved corrosion resistant fasteners to the floor structure. Passage holes provided for wiring and hoses shall be thoroughly sealed to prevent dust and moisture intrusion. The entire lower body frame shall be coated with corrosion resistant primer/paint (steel) or properly teated to resist corrosion (other materials). All treated components shall be properly cleaned to remove greases, oils, and residues before application of the corrosion resistant material.			

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c. All exterior side and roof panels when completed shall be at a minimum 1 ⁻¹ / ₈ " thick. Bond lines at the sidewalls, rear endcap, roof, and front cap shall be interlocked by adhesives, resin saturated fiberglass matting, and mechanical fasteners, forming a unibody design without exposed fasteners or protruding moldings. Imbedded reinforcements shall be installed at all door openings in order to support door mounting hardware and door operating mechanisms. All door openings shall have full structural metal framing to maintain integrity of the body structure. All exposed doorframe structure shall be made of 400 series stainless steel (including the fasteners), which does not discolor with age. Where a stiffener or a backer material (substrate) is used for the exterior panels, it shall be bonded with waterproof adhesive to the exterior panel; it shall be a water resistant material that will not wick water; and it must be thoroughly sealed from the elements when installed so that the substrate will not be exposed to or absorb moisture and cause corrosion to the interior of the panel or any body structure.			
d. Interior panels may be an integral part of the FRP composite panel or may be made of scuff- resistant laminate/FRP finished material. Where threaded fasteners are in the interior panel only, an imbedded reinforcing nut or a reinforcing panel shall be integrated into the FRP composite for added strength and fastener retention.			
e. Exterior panels may be an integral part of the FRP composite panel. Exterior panels shall be sufficiently stiff to prevent vibration, drumming, or flexing while the bus is in service. Lower skirt panels shall be sufficiently fastened and braced to prevent damage from ice and snow build-up. Lower skirt panels may be one piece in length at manufacture but shall be repairable in sections. Where panels are lapped, the upper and/or forward panels shall overlap the lower and/or rearward panels to prevent intrusion of water under the panels. Sealing and fastening of joints, including front and rear cap-to-body joints, shall prevent entrance of moisture and dirt. All exterior panels shall be bonded to the lower body frame. In no case shall the sealing of the panels be dependent on caulking alone.			
f. The exterior body panels shall have on each side one heavy-duty rubrail. Rubrails (1½" x ½" minimum) shall be extruded solid aluminum or extruded UV resistant plastic with a flexible, rubber-type resilient material inserts or a solid rubber-type of flexible, resilient material. Rubrails shall be located no less than 25" nor more than 43" above the ground on each side. Where the rubrails are not an integral part of the body, installation of rubrails shall be made after the finish coat of paint is applied to the bus.			
g. No sheet metal screws shall be permitted, except for rubrails and rubber fender splash guards which can be secured with stainless steel or equivalent plated locking-type, self-tapping fasteners. Fastener materials shall be compatible with materials being fastened and meet the 480-hour ASTM D1234T Martidly Resistance test (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items v. & x.). Where self-tapping fasteners are used in body panels, the body panels shall have an imbedded reinforcing nut, or a reinforcing panel shall be integrated into the FRP composite for added strength and fastener retention.			
h. Window openings cut into body panels shall have a maximum frame clearance of \$^1/6\$ on each side, to minimize the need for caulking (see section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 24. Windows). All openings cut into body exterior panels must have the exposed edges of the cutout properly coated to prevent moisture intrusion before further assembly or painting occurs. Window frames installed in the body openings shall be properly caulked/sealed to prevent intrusion of moisture and dust. Drip rails shall be installed the entire length of the bus body above windows and doors.	Due to window variation, window openings require an additi for all bus window manufacturers and they have the same t clearance in lieu of 1/8". The 3/16" is our standard manufa deviate, so denial would disqualify us to participate in the b	olerances. Please accept 3/16" per side window cturing process from which we cannot feasibly	Approved, the State will accept 3/16 inch maximum clearance on each side of windows as long as proper seal can be achieved. Clarification - Drip edge is required above all bus body windows. Driver and passenger doors on chassis will be acceptable as produced by OEM.
 The Contractor shall submit roof, sidewall, and flooring drawings showing structure and structural specifications indicating metal size and type used. Include side sheathing and inside panels (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items e.). 			
a. The manufacturer shall provide a heavy duty electrically operated passenger entrance door. The passenger entrance door shall be an anodized aluminum frame, split-type double leaf swing door. This door shall have a flexible soft rubber cushion on the meeting edge 11½" in width, minimum. The door glass shall be see-through, AS-2 thirt (70% luminous transmittance) safety glass. Under all operating conditions and bus speeds, an airtight, watertight, and dust-proof seal shall be formed between the door and the stepwell, between the door and body opening, and between the door leading edge opening speed shall not exceed 18 inches per second and the closing speed shall not exceed 18 inches per second and the closing speed shall not exceed 12 inches per second to provide a total door closing or opening in 2 to 4 seconds. The front passenger entrance door shall not extend below the step frame. The door shall be located on the right side of the bus near the front wheel. Any door with an exposed (metal showing) outer frame shall be made of 400 series stainless steel (including the fasteners), which does not discolor with age. The entrance door shall provide a 30° clear width opening, minimum. Door opening height from the top of the first step to the door header shall be a minimum of 76°. Where interior height is low at the entrance header, the header shall be padded to prevent injury to those exiting the bus. Suggest Source: A&M Systems Inc.		In lieu of the 400 series stainless steel, please accept powder coated aluminum extrusion for the wheelchair and rear door frames.	Denied - Specification shall remain as written.

b. The doorframe strength and electric door operator strength shall be designed to match the entrance door size. Door fasteners shall be anchored through a metal frame, NOT through a wood frame. The operator for the entrance door shall be located in an overhead compartment above the passenger entrance doorway; it shall be concealed from passengers and shall be easily accessible for servicing through a hinged access door. The electronic control module shall be located in a weatherproof enclosure to prevent water damage. The access door shall be hinged to open up with a holding device or shall be a complete access cover that is secured with ¼" threaded knobs (knobs shall match access cover) with stainless steel nut certs. The access door or cover shall be as large as will fit in the overhead compartment space. Door motor operation shall be limited electrically to control door travel at full open and full closed positions and shall be adjustable to keep the door closed during bus operation. Physical doorstops shall be used to prevent marring or damage to doors and/or surrounding parts. An entrance door manual release that allows disconnection and simple re-engagement of the door operator shall be provided so that the entrance doors can be manually opened in the event of loss of electrical power or other emergency. The door operator motor shall not run continuously when the manual release is operated. Electric door operator, door linkage, and baseplate components shall be of a single manufacturer. Suggested source: A&M Systems Inc., Excell.			
c. The passenger door control switch shall be located in the driver's compartment within easy reach of the driver and be clearly marked for "open" and "close" icons (switch shall operate the same on all buses). The control switch shall be powered by a constant battery feed circuit with circuit breaker protection. The control switch shall be "hold on" for operation and of a different color than the standard switch.			
d. A method shall be provided to lock all entrances to the bus when it is not in use. Except for the OEM driver's door and ignition, all secondary door locks shall be keyed the same.			
 The Contractor shall submit detailed engineering drawing(s) for the design of the entrance door and door-opening device (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items c.). 			
a. All entrance steps and stepwells shall be gauge number 14 (.075" thickness) stainless steel, minimum. Steps and stepwells shall have adequate structural bracing. All metal trim hardware in the stepwell area shall be stainless steel. All fasteners in the stepwell area shall be stainless steel that will pass the 480-hour ASTM B117 Salt Spray test and the 480-hour ASTM D2247 Humidity Resistance test. Ground to first step shall not exceed 12-1/2" in height, each additional vertical step shall not exceed 9.88" and all tread depths shall be 9" minimum. All steps in the entrance stepwell shall be of the same width. A suspension kneeling feature may be used to achieve the required 12" step height. Stepwells shall be covered with flooring material as described in Flooring, Section B, subsection 6. Step shall not retain water. Any interior stainless steel except for exposed door frames shall be brushed, not painted.		Request the use of 11 gauge aluminized steel in stepwell as an approved equal in lieu of 14 gauge stainless steel. See Exhibit C.	Denied, Specification shall remain as written.
b. The Contractor shall submit detailed engineering drawing(s) for the design of the entrance step configuration (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items d.).			
a. The interior of the bus shall provide a pleasant, aesthetically pleasing atmosphere. The door and driver instrument panel are to be painted or otherwise finished with a non-reflective, antiglare finish that matches the overall interior tones of interior panels. All interior hinged access doors shall use quarter-tum, non-corrosive metal, thumb latches with positive stop mechanism (except the storage area in this section, item f., shall have one lockable latch) to hold the door positively closed. All interior markings shall be durable materials affixed to the interior panels smooth surfaces or markings shall be durable materials affixed to metal plates fastened to the interior panels of the bus. The interior design and colors shall be approved by the State.			
b. All interior panels shall be made of laminate/FRP finished material scuff-resistant materials.		Please accept a padded vinyl cab area in lieu of FRP or ABS. The passenger area interior panels will be FRP. Q & A 2nd ROUND - Please accept padded vinyl covered plywood compartment and fuse panel covers/doors. FRP backer is not rigid enough for covers & doors.	Approved, the State will accept padded FRP pannels in the cab area to include the fuse panel covers/doors as long as it meets or exceeds specifications. Q & A 2nd ROUND RESPONSE: Approved, the State will accept plywood backers for fuse and compartment panel doors ONLY.
c. A white or light gray color shall be installed in the interior area above the seat rail lines, in the ceiling area, and on the rear endwall. All materials and treatments shall be easily cleaned. Panel fastening devices shall match color of panels. All interior finished surfaces shall be impervious to diesel fuel, gasoline, and commercial cleaning agents. Finished surfaces shall not be damaged by controlled applications of graffiti-removing chemicals.			

d. The interior height of the passenger compartment at center aisle shall be 76° minimum. At 6° from the sidewall there shall be 67° of interior height, minimum, with a gradual contour to the center aisle (no bulkheads). Interior headroom at the back of bus (frear air conditioning evaporator area) may be reduced to a minimum of 60°, but it shall increase to the normal ceiling height at the front of the rear seat cushion. The interior width at seat line shall be 90°, minimum.			
e. All surfaces, items, or hardware in the passenger compartment having sharp edges, corners, or angles that could cause injury, shall be padded with a heavy-duty, vinyl-covered, energy absorbing material to match interior colors. Areas inside the passenger compartment of low headroom where a person is prone to strike his head shall be marked and padded. All handrails shall have rounded edges where exposed.			
f. A storage area with a hinged, lockable, access door shall be provided in the interior area either above the windshield (without destination sign) or on the side above the driver as space permits. This area above the windshield shall also be constructed to adequately support 60 pounds of two way radio communication equipment. Storage area door shall open upward, be hinged at the top and have a clip/spring to retain the door in the open position.			
6) Flooring			
a. The floor deck may be integral with the basic structure or mounted on the structure securely to prevent chafing or horizontal movement. All floor fasteners shall be corrosion resistant steel and shall remain secured and corrosion resistant for the service life of the bus. The floor deck shall be ½" C/D plywood of marine grade material or ½" fiberglass encased composite material, minimum, with sealed edges to prevent moisture intrusion. The floor deck upper surface shall have all cracks and voids filled and the whole surface rough sanded before installing the flooring material. A layer of sealer shall be installed between floor deck edges that butt against structural members and other deck sections to prevent dust and moisture intrusion. Passage holes provided for wiring and hoses in the floor deck shall be thoroughly sealed to prevent dust and moisture intrusion. Passenger seating floor rail/track shall not be installed in the wheelchair lift or wheelchair securement areas. The floor deck, including the sealer, attachments, and coverings, shall be waterproof, non-hygroscopic, resistant to wet and dry rot, and resistant to mold growth. The floor deck shall not be sandwiched between the wall structural members and the floor structural members and have a gap at wall edges no larger 3/8 of an inch.		Please accept a 1/4" Marine Tech plywood floor in lieu of C/D plywood of marine grade. See Exhibit F.	Approved, the State will accept Marine Tech plywood as long as it meets or exceeds the specification.
b. The entire passenger area including the wheelchair securement area, entrance steps and stepwell area, shall be overlaid with smooth, slip resistant flooring material. The resilient sheet flooring system (2.2 mm thickness minimum) shall be a high quality vinyl with aluminum oxide and color quartz grains throughout the thickness, silicon carbide grains in the surface layer and a non-woven polyester/cellulose backing with glass fiber reinforcement. The flooring shall extend up the sidewall and rearwall to the seat rail line and shall be coved at the floor/wall joint to form a smooth water tight transition. A cove molding radius backing block, approved by the flooring manufacturer, shall be installed behind all floor coving and shall be 1.5" radius (minimum). Installation of flooring must be done strictly according to the flooring manufacturer's directions using the proper accessories, tools, and adhesives. Suggested Sources: Altro Transflor™ Meta, Altro Transflor™ Chroma; Gerflor Tarabus; Profusion		Please note that Gerflor Tarabus is listed as an approved flooring but it does not use aluminum oxide or color quartz in their flooring. Tarabus is a homogenous floor and has a pure 100% compact PVC wear layer. Gerflor uses no fillers such as chalk or quartz that can weaken the floor to eliminate the chance for cracking. Tarabus has silicon carbide and emboss that makes the floor highly slip resistant and ADA compliant. The silicon carbide chips are stronger and won't discolor in the sunlight. Gerflor Tarabus meets all of the other requirements. Color quartz is not typically used in transport flooring so we respectfully request that this part of the aforementioned section "with aluminum oxide and color quartz grains throughout the thickness" be removed from the specification.	Denied, Specification will remain as written, but Gerflor Tarabus remains a suggested source as produced.
c. Step treads shall be one-piece resilient sheet flooring system matching the passenger compartment flooring. All step edges (nosings of step tread material) shall have a band of bright yellow contrasting color running full width of the step. Step tread to stepwell joints shall be sealed to prevent intrusion of moisture and debris. Aluminum nosing is not acceptable.			
d. An aisle width standee line of bright yellow contrasting color shall be in the aisle just behind stepwell (must meet ADA contrast requirement). Suggested Sources: Altro Safety Step System; Gerflor: Profusion			
 Color of all flooring and step tread shall be equal to Altro Transflor genome (grey) or bison (tan) as requested by the agencies. 			
f. To provide easy access for service, the floor shall have a vapor and fumeproof bright aluminum diamond plate access panel to reservoir fill/check areas and fuel tank sending unit large enough to remove the sending unit and thick enough to prevent it from flexing under normal use.			
g. Standee decals shall be furnished and mounted at the center of the bus above the windshield.			
M. Wheelwells, when required, shall be thoroughly sealed to prevent intrusion of moisture and dirt. Metal wheelwells inside the passenger compartment shall be covered with flooring material or moided fiberglass (FRP or ABS). 7) Emergency Exits			
a. Each bus shall be equipped with a rear exit door with a minimum opening of 1296 square inches with a minimum size of 24* by 54* (a rear exit window in place of the door is optional) with no trip hazards. Door threshold and flor shall be flush. All exposed exit door frame/jamb structure shall be made of 400 series stainless steel, a grade which does not discolor with aging. The rear door exit and side window exits shall meet federal requirements of FMVSS 217. The manufacturer shall provide a method to lock the rear exit door. The rear exit door shall have an audible alarm at the driver's area activated when the exit door latch handle starts to open and when the exit door is locked with the ignition on. A bus with a rear exit door shall have one small window on each side of the exit door in the rear endcap.		In lieu of the 400 series stainless steel, please accept powder coated aluminum extrusion for the wheelchair and rear door frames.	Denied., Specification shall remain as written.

The depote of the first control of the product of the control of t	. The rear exit door shall have two windows, an upper window and a lower window, as a part of lee door. The door glass shall be see-through, AS-2 tint (70% luminous transmittance) safety lass. The upper door window height shall match top of rear bus windows, one on each side of lear door. Door windows shall match design of bus rear windows. Heavy-duty door latch techanism with handle guard shall provide a quick release for opening from inside and outside he bus but be designed to offer protection against accidental release. The door latch shall ause the door to compress the perimeter door seal to provide an airtight, dustproof and atertight seal around the door under all operating conditions and speeds. Door panels shall natch exterior and interior body panels (see section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, ubsection 2. items a., b., and c.). All doors shall be fitted with screwed or bolted-on heavy-uty stainless-steel piano hinges or heavy-duty hinges of a noncorrosive material. A restraint hall be installed to prevent the door from opening beyond 105° or striking the rear panel of the us when the door is opened.			
primate, faith systems of the next general read with the last value of the next general read with the last value and a situation of the last value of the next general read with the last value and the last value of the last value	. A passage way of 16" minimum width shall be provided to the rear exit door. No seats or ther objects shall be placed in bus, which restricts passageway to rear exit door.			
lease memorations. All interest making daily be devided making and an experiment of the control	. One-closing static exhaust vent, a combination roof vent-emergency exit (23" by 23" inimum), shall be installed at the mid-point on the longitudinal center line of the roof of the assenger section of the bus. The roof vent-escape hatch shall provide fresh air flow inside the us when opened and when the bus is in a forward motion. The escape hatch shall have an side and an outside release handle. There is no warning buzzer requirement for the escape atch. Suggested source: DMA 1122, Specialty Manufacturing Co., Transpec Inc.			
receitly operated, and final not unified, that is visitant during the presentation and to design of investment and an extraction and the second of the property of the final that the prop	Instructions for proper use of all emergency exits shall be marked in close proximity to the elease mechanisms. All interior markings shall be durable materials affixed to the interior anels's smooth surfaces or markings shall be durable materials affixed to metal plates fastened to the interior panels of the bus. Instructions may be UV resistant labels, of contrasting color, ffixed to a location that shall be approved by the state. All emergency exits shall be marked on the exterior of the bus.			
unimated with the vehicle marker lighting, above each eath is so that in may be sent by a sent sentence clause sensinger in an allogene set. Suggested Source. Selved S, Source Unimary Bayes and Selven S, Source Unimary Bayes S, Source Unimary B, Source C, Source S, Source Unimary B, Source C, Source B, Source Unimary B, Source B, Source Unimary B, Source B,	Lever-type latches used for emergency windows shall secure the windows tightly shut, shall e easily operated, and shall not unlatch due to vibration during bus operation. The latches shall e made of non-corrosive materials and be designed for minimal maintenance needs. Side mergency window latches shall be located on the sides, <u>NOT</u> the bottom. Rear emergency indow latches shall be in the bottom.			
Chaste Original Equipment Manufacturer (CEM) gauges shall be used in the device structured Luster, but if they are not available. VOO barried gauges consistent with the following not-glass needless and the state of the state o	. Each exit used for passenger egress shall be identified with a red ½" LED indicator lamp, urminated with the vehicle marker lighting, above each exit, so that it may be seen by a assenger in an adjacent seat. Suggested Source: Series 29, Sorenson Lighting Company			
inturent culsar. Nut if they are not available. VDO brand gauges or Sevent Warrer gauges all be used. Each but shall have an instrument culser with the following non-glare needs- go gauge with an executy monitore by sight from the offere's position (light in file of go gauge with a sex easily monitore by sight from the offere's position (light in file of go gauge with a sex easily monitore by sight from the offere's position (light in file of go gauge with a sex easily monitore by sight from the offere's position (light in file of go gauge with a sex easily monitore by sight from the offere's position (light in file go gauge All grades passage All grades pressure gauge All grades pressure gauge with low air varing aliem and light for buses with an air system. The farefock I do donation box is optionall yeal be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is do farefock in the farefock is done grades of the farefock is donation box is optionally shall be mourted with the trip handle sowed the grades of the farefock is done of the farefock is done grades of the farefock is done of the farefock is done grades of the farefock is done of the farefock is done grades of the farefock is done of the farefock is done grades of the farefock is done of the farefock is done grades of the farefock is done of the f) Gauges			
Engine codoint temperature gauge. Full gau	. Chassis Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) gauges shall be used in the driver's strument cluster, but if they are not available, VDO brand gauges or Stewart Warner gauges hall be used. Each bus shall have an instrument cluster with the following non-glare needle-pe gauges which are easily monitored by sight from the driver's position (lights in lieu of auges are not acceptable).			
Engine coolant temperature gauge. Fuel gauge. An system pressure gauge with low air warning alarm and light for buses with an air system. Farebox The farebox (a donation box is optional) shall be mounted with the trip handle towerd the verse and within easy reach of the driver. The farebox shall be be mounted on an adequately acad stanction, shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be proceeded through an entrance door jamb switch to the running light circuit. The farebox shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be proceeded through an entrance door jamb switch to the running light circuit. The farebox shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be growed the state are interchangeable and cable (2 keys for each lock). The vaults shall be keyed alike. The vault and farebox exteriors all be marked with key reference. (Location shall be approved by the State at plict model specietor). Suggested source: Damont Model NV 1) Burngers The fort bumper shall be an OEM bumper. The rear bumper shall be a high energy absorbing mayer. The rear bumper shall be mistaled per bumper insuffacturer's specifications. Bumper and the front bumper shall be an end be sides of the bus. Without removing the end caps there is no way to not extend beyond the sides of the bus. Without removing the end caps there is no way to not extend beyond the sides. Also, these are designed to protect the rear corners of the bus. Please approve installation based on the photo below. Denied, specification shall remain as written, SMI and Romeo both come in different lengths.	Voltmeter and its wiring shall be compatible with generating capacities.			
Fuel gauge. Air system pressure gauge with low air warning alarm and light for buses with an air system. Ferabox The farebox (a donation box is optional) shall be mounted with the trip handle toward the view and within easy reach of the driver. The farebox shall be mounted on an adequately accessful to passengers entiring the bus (meek AAA) requirements. Air indirect farebox sight all be contended the mount of paths which in the numbring light in cribit. The farebox shall be lockable and supplied with two vaults that are interchangeable and casable (2 keys for each lock). The values shall be keys death of the numbring light in cribit. The farebox shall be lockable and supplied with two vaults that are interchangeable and casable (2 keys for each lock). The values shall be keys delike. The value farebox extentions shall be marked with key reference. (Location shall be approved by the State at pilot model specied). Suggested source: Bamont Model NV Bumpers The reposition Suggested source: Samont Model NV The specified tumper has end caps that extend beyond the sides of the bus. Without removing the end caps there is no way to not extend beyond the sides of the bus. Without removing the end caps there is no way to not extend beyond the sides of the bus. Without removing the end caps there is no way to not extend beyond the sides of the bus. Please approve installation based on the photo below. Denied, specification shall remain as written, SMI and Romeo both come in different lengths.	. Engine oil pressure gauge.			
Air system pressure gauge with low air warning alarm and light for buses with an air system. Farebox The farebox (a donation box is optional) shall be mounted with the trip handle toward the liver and within easy reach of the driver. The farebox shall be mounted on an adequately acced stancthorin, shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be conscisted over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be conscisted over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be conscisted over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be conscisted over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be conscisted over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be located and supplied with two vaults that are interchangeable and closable (2 keys for each lock). The values shall be keysed alike. The vault and farebox exteriors specificin.) Suggested source: Diamond Model NV 1) Bumpers The farebox shall be an OEM humper. The rear humper shall be a high energy absorbing the proper shall be an OEM humper. The rear humper shall be a high energy absorbing the proper shall be an OEM humper. The rear humper shall be a high energy absorbing the standard of the standard proper manufacturers specifications. Support the standard proper manufacturers specifications and the control of the standard proper manufacturers specifications. Support the standard proper manufacturers specifications are supported to the rear comes of the subserption (Nord-Lock) mounting in all attachment processes. Rear anti-ride humper installation specification shall remain as written, SMI and Romeo both come in different lengths. Denied, specification shall remain as written, SMI and Romeo both come in different lengths.	Engine coolant temperature gauge.			
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I) Mud Flaps and Splash Guards	he front bumper shall be an OEM bumper. The rear bumper shall be a high energy absorbing umper. The rear bumper shall be installed per bumper manufacturer's specifications. Bumper ttachment shall use a minimum of SAE grade 8 fasteners with thread locking feature or other hake-proof (Nord-Lock) mounting in all attachment brackets. Rear anti-ride bumper installation hall allow space between the bumper and the body for energy absorption movement without ody damage. Bumpers shall not extend beyond the sides of the bus and be reinforced to liminate excessive movement. Rear bumper Suggested source: Romeo R.I.M. Inc. H.E.L.P. umper, SMI.	there is no way to not extend beyond the sides. Also, these are designed to protect the rear corners of the		
I) Mud Flaps and Splash Guards				
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. The bus shall have commercial grade anti-sail mud flaps/splash aprons behind front and rear heels which contain no visible imprinted logo or advertising. Front mud flaps shall be rubber nd rear shall be rigid type mud flaps. The flaps/aprons shall be securely fastened with full width tetal strips and appropriate fasteners. The rear flaps/aprons shall be compressed between a auge number 11 (.125" thickness, minimum) support bracket and a gauge number 14 (.075" iickness, minimum) metal strip. The OEM front flaps shall be fastened securely to the body bustructure or chassis frame. The flaps shall extend to no closer than 6" and no farther than 8" if the road surface at curb weight. The mud flaps/aprons shall be at least 1" wider than the tire idths (single front, dual rear) to control splash at the rear of wheel openings.			
. Other mud flaps/splash aprons/shields shall be installed to protect bus equipment (AC omponents, batteries, front wheel inner shield, auxiliary heater box, and the like) from road plash.			
Rubber fender splash guards secured with stainless fasteners shall be installed on the rear heel well opening.			
Where the mud flaps and splash guards are not an integral part of the body, installation shall e made after the finish coat of paint is applied to the bus using appropriate fasteners and dhesive.			
2) Towing			
ow hooks shall be provided with two in the rear and two in the front of the bus, which shall be of ufficient strength to tow 1½ times the GVWR of the bus. Tow hooks shall be easily accessed, nd free of interference with the bumper system when in use. Access to tow hooks may be tade through holes in the bumper assembly. The intended use for tow hooks is only to safely tower the bus to a point of tow truck hook-up. Tow hooks shall be installed to prevent them from ragging when the bus is driven over an incline. The tow hooks, equal to Original Equipment lanufacturer (DEM) units, shall be mounted and adequately secured to the chassis frame as ecommended by the tow hook manufacturer or may be supplied by the OEM as standard quipment on the chassis. The bus shall be designed to be towed from the front or from the rear ith either a frame contact or a wheel lift. A fuel tank protection frame shall not interfere with a ame contact lift. The bidder shall provide the towing and lifting procedure at delivery.			
3) Undercoating/Rustproofing			
. When the unit is completed, the sections of the underside of the bus exposed to the lements shall be treated with an undercoating material except those areas of the OEM chassis here undercoating is not recommended. Undercoating shall be warranted for the same period overed by the body/structure warranty. Suggested source: Pure Asphalt 76M or 770; Tectyl 517 r 121-B.		Please approve Z Technologies Z Guard 9902 STAR wax based undercoating that provides superior corrosion protection and stone impingement. See Exhibit G	Approved, the State shall accept Z Technologies Z Guard as long as it meets or exceeds specifications.
Rustproofing - All box type steel tubing (except stainless steel) used in the floor structure and dewall structure from the top of the window down, shall have the interior of the tube coated with orrosion resistant material conforming to MIL-C-62218 as outlined in Federal Standard 297E. ections that are treated shall be properly cleaned to remove greases, oils, and residues before pplication of the corrosion-proofing material. All mechanisms (moving or stationary parts) that re affected by or rendered useless by an application of sealant or insulation shall be cleaned ee of sealant or insulation including vent canisters and drain pipes. Rustproofing shall be arranted for the same period covered by the body/structure warranty. Suggested source: Pure sphalt 825 or 372; Waxoyl, Ziebart Type-A.	Please delete this specification to "rustproof" the inside of tube from the top of the window down on sidewalls. It is not required to protect against internal corrosion, especially if galvanized or aluminized tubing is used and is a messy, time consuming operation. The manufacturer warrants construction of the body against corrosion caused failures. As we requested in B.1) b, on page 3, we are requesting approval for aluminized steel In lieu of galvanized steel. See Exhibit C.		Denied, Specification shall remain as written.
4) Interior Mirrors/Sun Visors			
. Interior mirror (with adjustable mounting bracket) shall be a 6" by 8" convex mirror glass with bunded corners, minimum. The driver shall be able to adjust the mirror so that the complete assenger compartment can be viewed through interior mirror. Mirror mounting points shall be pinforced when not in a structural frame member, with location approval by the State at the time f pilot model inspection. Suggested source: B&R Manufacturing, ROSCO (with bracket).			
. Windshield sun visor system shall be standard Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) hassis visor(s). If the OEM chassis is not equipped with a windshield sun visor, two large transiting, fully adjustable, double-knuckle, arm-type Plexiglas sun visors shall be provided for the river at the windshield, and at the side window. Location shall be determined at pilot model spection. Suggested source: OEM or Manufacturer's standard.			
5) Exterior Mirrors	 		
Each bus shall be equipped with exterior, powered-remote, heated, left-hand and right-hand are view mirrors of flat glass with convex mirrors (3" in diameter, minimum) attached or a ombination flat/convex glass in a single mirror head. Both flat and convex glass shall be power mote adjustable. The mirror brackets shall be brushed stainless steel. The mirror shall contain t least 70 square inches of flat glass viewing area. Suggested source: B&R Manufacturing, EM, Mirror Lite Co, Inc., ROSCO, Velvac.			
. To prevent obstructed front and right-hand view, a convex, asymmetric, exterior cross view nirror (8" minimum diameter) shall be provided on the left front corner of the Class II bus. Cross iew mirrors shall be installed on Class I buses when made they become available. Suggested purces: Mirror Lite Co Inc. HD, Rosco Eye-Max LP.			
All exterior mirrors shall be constructed with high impact plastic or stainless steel housings. firrors shall be remote adjusting and shall move independently of the mirror housing. The irrors shall be modular in design so that the glass can be replaced using the "twist lock" techanism for service without removing the entire mirror assembly from the bus.		Please confirm this applies only to exterior rearview mirror and not crossover mirror. We are not aware of a source for remote cross over mirrors.	Clarification, remote controlled mirrors is in reference to exterior rear view mirrors only, not cross view mirrors.
6) Driver's Seats			

a. Medium Class One: The driver's seat shall comfortably hold and support the human body in the ergonomically correct position for driving and meet the flammability requirements of FVMSS 302. The driver's seat with arm rests (right side seat arm rest if available from OEM), left side door arm rest) shall have adjustments for fore and aft slide, 4" minimum travel, back recline, 20 degrees minimum, and weight range capacity up to 300 pounds. While seated, the driver shall be able to make all of these adjustments by hand without complexity, excessive effort, or being pinched. Manual operated adjustment mechanisms shall hold the adjustments and shall not be subject to inadvertent changes. The seat shall be high-backed and shall be properly aligned behind steering wheel to allow for maximum seat adjustments and operator comfort. The seat belt with shoulder harness, automatic retractor and supplemental restraint (SRS) system shall be chassis Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) equipment. All seats and seat mountings shall meet applicable federal standards. Suggested sources: OEM, USSC GZE		Please accept the Freightliner OEM seat.	Please accept the OEM seat offered by	
b. Medium Class Two: The driver's seat shall be an air suspension seat with mounting base (riser), headrest, and armrests and meet the flammability requirements of FVMSS 302. The seat shall comfortably hold and support the human body in the orthopedically correct position for driving. It shall be adjustable so that occupants ranging in size from the 5th percentile female to the 95th percentile male may be accommodated to operate the bus. The solid bar stock scissors style 12" minimum exterior width suspension system shall have two dampeners that resist force in both directions, be rubber bumper cushioned at the bottoming out point, and be mounted above the fore and aff slide. The driver's seat with arm rests shall have adjustments for: 1) vertical height, 4" minimum travel; 2) fore and aff slide, 8" minimum travel; 3) back recline, from 60E to 110E minimum: seat till. 8 degrees minimum at any seat height; and 4) weight range capacity up to 300 pounds. While seated, the driver shall be able to make all seat adjustments by hand without complexity, excessive effort, or being pinched. Manually operated adjustments mechanisms shall hold the adjustments and shall not be subject to inadvertent changes and have latches and operating controls on both sides of the seat. The seat shall be high-backed with headrest and shall have 3 air adjustable lumbar supports and adjustables de bolsters in the region of the back frame. Individual switches shall control the air supply for the lumbar adjustments and the air supply shall be from the bus's engine air compressor or from the seat's own external electric air compressor system. A check valve shall be installed to prevent loss of air from the weight control bladder when there is a loss of air supply to the seat. The seat shall have a dust seal (bellows) to enclose the mechanism and seat mounting base. The seat and the seat mounting base shall be properly aligned behind the steering wheel to allow for maximum seat adjustments and driver comfort. No part of the bus directly beh			Freightliner on their S2C chassis: National 2000 SRS Easy-Aire HB Air Suspension Driver Seat. This is a proprietary seat for Freightliner and there is no brochure currently available.	Clarification - OEM is a suggested source, so the Freightliner OEM seat shall be accepted by the State.
c. The driver's seat cushion shall be molded high resilient (HR) polyurethane foam padding with indentation load deflection (ILD) 35 pounds minimum, and the back cushion shall be molded or fabricated high resilient (HR) polyurethane foam padding (ILD) 25 pounds minimum. There shall be no well or bead across the front of the seat cushion under the driver's legs. Compressions to 10 percent maximum and tensile strength, 15 lbs. per square inch minimum. Seat and back cushion foam shall meet the typical physical properties of ASTM D-3574 and the flammability requirements of FVMSS 302.				
d. The driver's seat covering shall be gray Cloth-type Woven Fabric (with flame retardant qualities) meeting the requirements listed below in All Seats (see section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 19. Seat Material, item b. Cloth-type Woven Fabric Requirements(with flame resistance).				
17) Passenger Seats				
a. All passenger seats shall be mid-back and are required to meet all applicable FMVSS testing including FMVSS 210 (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item p.).	flip seat. The seating descriptions do not match the floor pl	a. Note: It appears MDOT would prefer the foldaway seat a lans as shown. (Example, the K-14+4 shows a foldaway beh not called out in the seating description but is in the general:	ind the lift but the description calls for both a flip	Clarification - Seating descriptions shall be amended to remove iii. 1 double forward facing flip seat on arrangements; 26 foot C - 10+3, 29 foot F - 14+3, G - 10+4, 32 foot J - 18+3, K 14+4 Drawings F and J shall reflect the change from flip seats to fold-up. ALL other drawings are correct.
b. Two passenger, forward facing seats shall be 35" minimum width with a non-foam, black energy-absorbent, vandal-proof grab handle mounted to the top of each seat back (two per double seat). Grab handles are not required on seats that have a back against a wall.				
c. Single passenger seats shall be 17-½" minimum width with a black, energy-absorbent, vandal-proof grab handle mounted to the top of the seat back.				
d. Forward facing seats shall have 27" minimum knee to hip room.				
Aisle facing seats shall have arm rests on both ends if the seat is not against a modesty panel.				
f. Aisles shall not be less than 16" wide except as noted in Part 3 of this section.				
g. The first double seat, aisle side, on the passenger side of the bus shall have an integrated child restraint seat capable of safely carrying children of 20 to 50 pounds.	Some floor plans show foldaway or flip seats as the first par Also, per Exhibit H , weight is 22-51 pounds.	ssenger side double which are not available with an ICS. Ple	pase clarify ICS is to be the 1st fixed ambulatory.	Clarification - ICS shall be located aisle side in the first fixed ambulatory seat on the curb side of bus.
h. All seats shall be supported on the floor with high carbon steel support brackets. Seat frame shall be cold-roll steel tubing. Floor anchorage shall be neat and not interfere with entering and exiting the seat. All seat mounting bolts shall be corrosion resistant coated/plated fasteners. Passenger seating floor rail/track shall not be installed in the wheelchair lift or wheelchair securement areas. The bidders shall provide certification test data that the installation of the seats, seat mountings including floor anchorage and floor fasteners shall meet all applicable FMVSS including FMVSS 207, 208, 209, and 210 for the bus model being offered in this bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item p).				

i. All metal components of the seat assembly shall be coated with a powder coat epoxy paint	T	T	I	
finish that shall meet the following tests:				
Salt Spray	480 hours	ASTM B117		
Humidity Resistance	480 hours	ASTM D2247		
Impact Resistance	To 80 inch-pounds	ASTM D2794		
All testing is to be performed on standard metal seating materials that have coating thickness of 1.3 to 1.8 mils. Certified test documents are required with bid proposal (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items o.).				
 The seating arrangements and configuration shall be furnished by the Program Manager or Designee and/or Ordering Entity. 				
k. Suggested sources: American Seating Horizon [™] 8535 Mid-Back Series; C.E. White LE Series; Freedman Feather Weight.				
18) Wheelchair Lift-Equipped Buses Folding Seats				
Forward facing (double) fold-away or flip (double) seats with seat belts shall be provided in the wheelchair securement area per seating arrangements (see Section B.				
b. 28, Wheelchair Securement Area). All side facing seats provided shall be flip seats. Foldaway or flip seats shall include all dimensional, structural and testing requirements of the standard seat specification. Seat locking/latching devices shall be of high quality and be easy to latch and unlatch. Seats must positively latch in the seated and folded position to prevent inadvertent folding or unfolding of the seat. Any support legs resting on flooring shall be non-marring or rest on metal plates flush mounted with flooring. All fold-away seats shall be able to pass FMVSS 210 without having to fasten additional latches or cables. All fold-away seats thall fold against the wall when wheelchair space is required (no further than 12" from wall in the vertical folded position). Seat may not extend into bus more than 37 ¼" (two passenger) and 18 ¼" (1 passenger) when folded down for passenger seating. Aisle space may be reduced to 14 inches where fold-up seating is placed on each side of the aisle or 15 ½" where placed opposite a stationary seat. The seat bottom cushion shall be a 5 degree tilt up from level, minimum, and back cushion shall be at 95 degrees, minimum. The seats shall be of the same design as the other passenger seats. All seat backs of the fold-away/fold-up seats shall be covered with material matching seat cushion color and fabric. Suggested source: American Seating Horizon 8800 Cantilevered Folding Seat or 8700 Flip-up; C.E. White LE Series; Freedman Feather Weight Foldaway or Mid-Hi Flip; Braun #125.			Please clarify definition of same "design" as other passenger seats. If you want the same style or look, this would be the Notch Back, and not the Solid Back. The Notch Back costs more. See Exhibit I. 2nd ROUND - To clarify our original 4/10 request, the Notchback and Solid back are both Freedman Mid-Back Featherweight Foldaway seats. The Notchback costs more than the Solid Back. See Exhibit I. Which one is required?	Clarification - Freedman Mid-back Feather Weight fold-a- way seat is what has been used on past contracts. Q & A 2nd ROUND RESPONSE: Clarification - fold a way seats shall be solid back, bench style.
19) Seat Material				
Seats shall be individually contoured to each passenger for occupant comfort and retention. Seats shall be covered with cloth-type woven fabric or vinyl fabric at the transit agency's option. Cloth-type fabric or vinyl shall completely enclose the seat cushion and the seat back. Seat background colors shall be gray, red, blue, and other in-stock colors (bidder to provide available choices at time of bid). All background colors shall be approved by the Program Manager or Designee.	On Page 19 under d. Cushions i states: "Seat and back cushion shall meet the physical properties of ASTM D-3574 and the flammability requirements of FMVSS 302, minimum." FMVSS 302 is also referenced as the sole flammability requirement of FMVSS 302, minimum." FMVSS 302 is also referenced as the sole flammability requirement within the Driver's Seating detail on pages 15 and 16. A. Our suggestion is that in addition to FMVSS 302, the seating be compliant with Docket 90-A, which is the Federal Transit Administration suggested fire safety criteria, for the following reasons: The foam cushioning will not comply with FTA Docket 90-A. The fire safety hazards of FMVSS 302 are well known (see attached articles), Numerous similar articles are available, should the state wish to review them. The shortcomings and hazards of FMVSS 302 date back to the late 1970's. (See article 2.) When exposed to minor ignition sources, FMVSS 302 polyurethane burns profusely, melts and drips igniting surrounding interior components, and emits huge volumes of toxic black smoke. The seat covering materials on page 18 requires fabric to be flame resistant (inferring Docket 90-A). To specify a higher level of fire safety for one seat component, without all seat components, would pose liability should an accidental or intentional fire incident result in seat exposure to open flame ignition and a passenger be injured or worse. These buses are often used to transport passengers having less mobility such as the elderty, or other physical challenges. For this reason alone, the fire safety of the interior should minimally be the FTA Docket 90-A. We would also suggest posification Requirement 19) Seat Material / A Cushions to read "Seat cushion and back cushion shall be shall be contoured, transit grade CR Safguard XL Compliance	Please accept the Freedman Featherweight standard black fireblock material for the bottom of the seat base.	Camira Fabrics based in Grand Rapids, MI. 1. We are writing to you regarding the flammability of the RFP mentioned above. The specification has a copy of Docket 90 A found on pages 53 and 54. Docket 90 is not clearly mentioned in the specification as a requirement, only FMVSS 302 is required. Please include Docket 90 as a requirement for this RFP for upholstery of the driver and passenger seating. 2. Camira is listed as a supplier for fabric under 19.b. vii. We are the exclusive distributor for OMNOVA as listed in 19 c.ii, Please add Camira as a source for vinyl compliant under this section. Our vinyl carries a 5 year warranty and is known as Rhino Vinyl. We hope this clarification will help MDOT moving forward.	Approved, the State will include Docket 90-A compliance as an additional requirement for all vinyl and fabric seating material. The State shall accept the use of black fireblock material on the bottom of seating only. Backs shall remain as written. The State shall add Camira as a suggested source for vinyl seating material.
b. Cloth-type Woven Fabric Requirements (with flame resistance)	with the fire test criteria specification in FTA Docket 90-A. The CR Safguard XL cushioning is available to all seating			
i Minimum weight 23 ounces per linear yard.	manufacturers and vehicle manufactures. In closing, to achieve the proper level of safety and avoid the risks associated with sole compliance to FMVSS 302, may these suggested modifications be added to the specification.			
ii 50,000 minimum double rubs (ASTM - 3597-77 Wyzewbeek Method).	opcontouton.			
iii Color fastness to light 300 hours minimum (AATCC-16-1977 Carbon Arc.)				
iv Comply with California BLT-117.				
V All cloth-type woven fabrics except Holdsworth Wool shall be treated with a flame proofing solution following the manufacturer's specifications, No-Flame by Amalgamated Chemical Inc., or equal.				
vi The fabric shall be a plush material.				

vii Suggested source: Flame Resistant Fabrics by, CMI, Camira and D-90 vinyls. Contractor shall provide technical data sheet including flammability and smoke emissions for the seat covering material supplied (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item n.).	Per Freedman, Michigan selected Camira Track in 2018. It is priced at LAW, 1 level above L6. CMI D-90 vinyl is 35 oz. priced at L4. Camira Rhino D-90 vinyl is 33 oz. priced at L4. Pricing levels conflict. Please clarify which material and price level you require.			Clarification, all seating materials shall be Docket 90-A compliant. Fabric material shall be Camira Track or equal, all vinyls shall meet or exceed specifications.
c. Vinyl Fabric				
i Shall be transportation grade expanded vinyl, 35 ounces per linear yard minimum.				
ii Suggested source: Flame Resistant vinyl by CMI or Omnova. Contractor shall provide technical data sheet including flammability and smoke emissions for the seat covering material supplied (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item n.).				
d. Cushions				
i Seat cushion and back cushion shall be molded high resilient (HR) polyurethane foam padding. Seat cushion indentation load deflection (ILD) shall be 35 pounds minimum, with compression to 15 percent maximum, and tensile-strength of 15 minimum. Seat and back cushion shall meet the physical properties of ASTM D-3574 and the flammability requirements of FMVSS 302, minimum. The technical data sheet for the foam supplied shall be included in the bid proposal with the seat information (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item q.). Suggested source: Manufacturer's standard.				
ii Seat and back cushions shall be supported with a spring-type support system. Seat and back cushions shall be completely covered with seat cushion covering material. Seat back depth shall not exceed 3% overall.	1			
e. Passenger Seat Belts				
i The bidders shall provide certification test data that the seat belts, and the installation are in compliance with FMVSS-207, 208, 209, and 210 where applicable for the bus model being offered in this bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item p.).				
ii Two universal "Buckle Up" decals approximately 6" by 6" shall be furnished loose with each bus. Decals shall indicate that seat belt use is recommended.				
iii All seats shall be equipped with seat belts for each designated seating position, except center seat on rear five passenger bench, which shall be non-retracting type.				
iv The latch end of the belt will have a locking retractor. The retractor will be mounted underneath the seat to the seat frame and there shall be no lap retractors except on the rear center bench seats (if equipped).			Please accept that the male end of the belt will have a locking retractor in lieu of the latch end.	Approved, the State will accept that the male end of the seat belt that will have the locking retractor. All other specifications will remain as specified.
v Belts shall have a push button latch release mechanism.				
20) Handrails, Stanchions (Shall meet ADA regulations)				
a. The handrails and stanchions shall be a minimum of 1½" outside diameter. All handrails and stanchions shall be positioned so as not to interfere with wheelchair movement and shall meet ADA requirements for position and size. All handrails and stanchions in the passenger entrance area shall be highly visible yellow in color. All other handrails and stanchions shall be brushed stainless steel. Mounting brackets and fittings shall be composed of the same kind of material used for the stanchion or handrail. Stanchion mounting rubber grommets shall be able to handle roof to floor flex without excessive damage or ejection.				
b. All handrail and stanchion mountings shall have reinforcement plates welded to or imbedded in the structure behind surface panels of sufficient size and strength. Final locations shall be determined at pilot model inspection.	1			
c. A floor-to-ceiling vertical stanchion shall be provided in close proximity to the rear of the driver's area. A guardrail shall be provided in back of the driver's area extending from the vertical stanchion to the left side of the bus 30° plus or minus 2° above the floor. A padded modesty panel shall be provided from the guardrail to within 8° of the floor. Stanchion and guardrail shall not restrict any driver's seat adjustments.				
d. A smoked Plexiglas panel, 3/8" thick, shall be provided behind driver from top of the driver's seat to within 12" of bus ceiling. The panel shall not impair driver's seat adjustments. The panel shall be fastened with bolt and nuts or double screw heads. The panel shall be located to allow the driver's seat back to recline to ½ its maximum reclined adjustment with the driver's seat in the position furthest from the steering wheel. Panel may be incorporated into the stanchion and guardrail behind the driver and shall have cutouts to give hand access to the vertical stanchion.				
Floor-to-ceiling stanchions (yellow) shall be provided near aisle on each side of front entrance.				
f. Left and right side entrance handrails (yellow) shall be installed from low stepwell to floor-to-ceiling stanchions near aisle. Entrance handrails shall be positioned so passengers entering or exiting the bus will have handrail support throughout the entering/exiting process and so that articles of clothing may not become entangled in the handrail-stanchion-guardrail assemblies.				
g. A guardrail (yellow) shall be provided in front of and at the rear of the front entrance steps, extending from the vertical stanchions to the right side of the bus 30" plus or minus 2" above the floor. A modesty panel (padded both sides, vinyl clad) shall be provided to the left (rear side) of the entrance from guardrail to floor (in case of lift bus, provide floor-to-ceiling stanchion with guardrail and modesty panel to rear of platform lift).				
h. Ceiling Handrails				

Two full length transit-type ceiling handrails shall be provided and securely attached to roof tructure. The handrails shall be a minimum of 1 1/4" outside diameter, brushed finish, stainless teel including mounting brackets and fittings. The handrail ends shall curve toward and serminate at the ceiling. All handrails shall meet ADA regulation in 49 CFR Part 38, Subpart Buses, Vans and Systems, §38.29 requirements for position and size.			
All handrail mountings shall have reinforcement plates welded to or imbedded in structure ehind surface panels of sufficient strength to withstand passenger force. Final locations shall e determined at pilot model production.			
1) Interior Lighting			
Overhead entrance and stepwell lights shall be LED and provide no less than two foot- andles of illumination on the entrance step tread, or lift or ramp with the door open. Outside ght(s) shall provide at least 1 foot-candle of illumination on the street surface within 3 feet of tep tread outer edge. This system shall provide illumination automatically when the door is pen and meet ADA requirements.			
. All lights shall have access holes large enough to easily remove electrical connector.			
. Overhead entrance and stepwell lights shall be wired to and be automatically activated by a oor controlled switch. Lights shall operate any time the ignition key is on and the door is pened.			
. Stepwell light shall be on the side away from wheel splash.			
Interior lighting shall be LED and provide a minimum of two foot-candles of illumination at a eading level. Interior lighting fixtures shall be reasonably flush with the interior walls and ceiling o no hazard exists for the passengers. All lights shall have lead wire long enough to remove plrt at least 6' from bus and easy access to the connectors for service. All interior lights shall be rounded by an in-harness ground attached in the fuse panel to a common grounding point.			
Light installation shall be designed to illuminate the lift platform when deployed at floor level t no less than two foot-candles of illumination. Outside light(s) shall provide at least 1 foot- andle of illumination on the street surface within 3 feet of step tread outer edge. This system hall provide illumination automatically when the lift door is open and meet ADA requirements. in-off light switch shall be lift door-actuated.			
2) Exterior Lighting			
Exterior lighting shall be in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations 193.11) and ADA regulations. All lights shall have the lead wires long enough to remove the ght at least 6' from bus for service. All exterior lights shall be grounded by an in-harness round attached in the fuse panel to a common grounding point. Unless specified, all exterior ghts of the bus shall be light emitting diodes (LED) sealed lamps retained in a rubber grommet nounting except for front headlamp/turn signal assemblies. All lights shall have the mounting to ody sealed to prevent moisture intrusion and grounded to the frame.		Typically, the rear center brake lights are steady burning and a <u>strobing light</u> in this function is not specifically permitted under the <u>Michigan Vehicle Code</u> . Strobing lights are used customarily used on emergency response vehicles only. Therefore, we are asking for an approved equal to install a steady burning rear center brake light in lieu of strobing.	Denied, Specification shall remain as written.
All lights shall have access holes large enough to easily remove electrical connector			
Exterior marker lights shall be light emitting diodes (LED) (2" in diameter sealed lamp) stained in a rubber grommet mounting and conform to Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations art 393.	In lieu of 2" round, please accept our standard led marker fiberglass cap. It meets FMVSS108 and FMCSR that apply and do not affect function. We are not able to redesign ou to participate in the bid.	r, so light dimensions and shape are only aesthetic r cap to fit a 2" round so denial would disqualify us	Approved, the State will accept the use of 4" x 7/8" marker lights.
 All marker lights shall have a weather proof two prong (one positive and one ground) plug- tyle connector with the ground wire connected to an in-harness ground attached to a common rounding point. 			
Marker and tail lights shall be operated through a relay controlled by the headlight switch. uggested Sources: Dialight,Grote, Optronics, Peterson, SoundOff Signal, Trucklite.Headlights hall be Halogen lamps and the standard front park/turn lights may be a part of the OEM eadlight assembly.			
An amber, LED, mid-ship light (sealed) shall be installed on both sides of the bus and shall perate with the hazard flashers and turn signals, license plate LED shall be Peterson Model 1153C-MV with Peterson Model 150-40 bracket or Optronics LPL-55 series for those not lounted in the preformed recess in the rear panel.			
. A red, 4"round or oval, voltage regulated LED high mount stop lamp shall be mounted entrally in the rear panel of the bus and work in conjunction with the brake lights. The high nount stop lamp shall have a strobing action and be mounted either above the rear emergency xit door or above the rear emergency exit window. Final location of high mount stop lamps shall e determined at pilot model production. Suggested Sources: Command Electronics model 003-2, Dialight, Grote, Optronics, Peterson, SoundOff Signal, Truck-Lite.		Please accept our rear lighting layout, we use a fiberglass rear cap that locks in most of our light locations. See Exhibit K .	Exhibit K does not show the high mount stop lamp assembly. Specification shall remain as written for the location of said stop lamp assembly.
Brake/tail lights shall be red 4" round sealed voltage regulated LED lamps and shall not verride hazard flashers or turn signals.			
Directional rear turn signal lamps shall be amber 4" round sealed voltage regulated LED			
Back-up lamps shall be clear, 4*, round, sealed, voltage regulated LED lamps. Back-up			

23) Heating/Ventilating/Air Conditioning (HVAC)

a. During normal passenger service, front and rear heavy-duty heating system shall be capable of raising the interior temperature of a bus from 0°F to 60°F at knee level (22" above the floor) throughout the interior of bus within 30 minutes from engine startup. After initial warm-up, while the bus is in passenger service, the front and rear heavy-duty heating system shall be sufficient to maintain a minimum of 64°F at knee level throughout interior of bus and at the driver's foot space when the outside temperature is 0°F. Heating system operation will be verified by the required system testing as defined in Section C.4. Heating/Ventilating (HV) Certification. In addition to the front heater and windshield defrosters, for increased air circulation, one 6" two speed fan with non-glare blades and body shall be mounted away from passenger and driver traffic in the driver's area near the windshield. The fan shall be mounted securely with nuts, bolts, and washers. Grounding for all heater fan motors shall be supplied by an in harness ground wire attached in the fuse panel to a common grounding point. All HVAC fan motors shall be supplied with proper radio frequency (RF) suppression equipment to remove two-way radio interference.			
b. Front heating unit shall be automotive in-dash type, chassis Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM), and shall be capable of delivering heat, fresh air ventilation, and air conditioning (optional) to the driver's area. The front heater shall have a temperature control valve which can be regulated from the driver's area. The driver's area shall have air circulation in each mode of defrost, heat, fresh air ventilation, and air conditioning (optional) of 125 cfm at the foot area, with a total driver's area circulation of 400 cfm minimum.			
c. Rear heating unit(s) shall distribute heat in at least a 180° direction and ensure air distribution to all passenger areas of the bus interior. Heating unit(s) shall have a minimum ½" I.D. heater inlet and outlet ports with a BTU/hr output rating to match the specified HVAC performance requirements. Coolant flow through the heating units shall not be restricted by excessive bends or kinks in hoses or excessive lengths of hoses. Heating units shall have rubber or nylon insulator(s) between their mounting base and floor of the bus. Suggested sources: ACC Climate Control, American Cooling Technology (ACT), A. R. Lintern, Bergstrom, Pro-Air, MCC Mobile Climate Control	Request approval of industry standard 5/8" O.D. heater tube inlet and outlet ports. The 3/4" I.D. as specified is an unusual and non-standard size and does not mate with the 5/8" ID in the next item D. below. See Exhibit L.	The ¾" ID heater inlet should read 5/8" ID to match the rest of the hoses and specification. Heater manufacturer does not offer ¾" ID.	Approved, the State will accept 5/8" hose in lieu of 3/4" as the industry standard.
d. The premium heater hose (5/8* ID minimum) shall be high temperature resistant Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer (EPDM) material. Hose shall be a reinforced type with Aramid knitted fiber reinforcement between the EPDM tube and EPDM cover. Heater hose material shall be compatible with all types of coolant including long life coolant. Rated temperature limits of the hose shall be -40°F to +300°F minimum, with a burst pressure of 130 PSI minimum.			
e. Manual shut off valves for the rear heater shall be placed as close to the engine as is practical. The 5/8" ID heavy-duty brass 1/4 turn ball shut off valves shall be located in the heater outlet line (from engine to heater) and in the heater inlet line (to engine from heater) on curbside in the engine compartment. Shut off valves shall be accessible by personnel without going under the bus. Location to be determined at pilot model inspection.			
Front heater shall have coolant temperature control valve or other controls which can regulate heater temperature from the driver's area. G. All heat lines and hoses shall: have exterior routing along the bus frame rail where possible; be sufficiently protected to ensure against wear from friction and the elements; be insulated to reduce heat loss; use routing that eliminates excessive bends and hose lengths; and have heater hose passage holes through engine cowl and floor area thoroughly sealed to prevent air, dust, and moisture intrusion. N. Air Conditioning (see section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 57.			
Options, item a. Air Conditioning – Split System, and item b. Air Conditioning/Heat – Rooftop System).			
a. Passenger compartment windows shall be T-type slider at top, full slider, or top tip-in type for window ventilation. Windows shall have tempered safety glass and heavy-duty locking features which shall meet FMVSS 217 for emergency exits, if applicable. Window glazing material shall be able to maintain its seal and glass retention for the life of the unit. Caulking around windows shall be used only as a seal, not to make up for body defects or out of tolerance window openings (maximum clearance of % around the frame, ¹/s on each side). All window glass shall be tinted – passenger windows AS-3 tint 31% luminous transmittance, right and left driver's side windows AS-2 tint 70% luminous transmittance, and windshield shaded-tinted AS-1 tint – and meet applicable federal standards.		As with section B, 1-h above, due to window variation, window openings require an additional 1/16° per side. We understand this to be true for all bus window manufacturers and they have the same tolerances. Please accept 3/16° per side window clearance In lieu of 1/8°. The 3/16° is our standard manufacturing process from which we cannot feasibly deviate, so denial would disqualify us to participate in the bid.	Approved, the State will accept 3/16 inch maximum clearance on each side of windows as long as proper seal can be achieved. Clarification - Drip edge is required above all bus body windows. Driver and passenger doors on chassis will be acceptable as produced by OEM.
b. Driver's compartment right and left side windows shall be designed for maximum window area to provide unobstructed vision. Driver's compartment left side window shall be adjustable vent type (moveable front section of lower portion for ventilation) or chassis Original Equipment Manufacturer (DEM) door window. Driver's right side window shall be one piece. Suggested sources: Clear-Vision, Hehr, Kinro, Sampers.			
c. Black trim shall be installed or painted to completely cover the space between all side passenger windows. The trim line shall match the bottom edge of the windows. If equipped with a side lift door, a black trim stripe shall be painted from and around the lift door windows to match the trim of the side windows. The window trim shall give the illusion of one solid window.			
d. Windshield shall be OEM. 25) Paint			
a. All exterior surfaces shall be smooth and free of visible fasteners (excluding round head structural rivets), dents, and wrinkles. As appropriate for the paint used and prior to application of paint, the exterior surfaces to be painted shall be properly cleaned and primed to assure a proper bond between the substrate and successive coats of original paint. All FRP body paint must match OEM chassis paint codes. Paint shall be applied smoothly and evenly, with the finished surface free of dirt, runs, orange peel, and other imperfections. All exterior finished surfaces shall be impervious to diesel fuel, gasoline, and commercial cleaning agents. Finished surfaces shall not be damaged by controlled applications of commonly used graffiti-removing chemicals.			

b. All exterior paint shall be a two part acrylic-urethane-type or polyurethane-type with low volatile organic compound (VOC) emission. The finish coat of paint shall be applied before rubrail covers or inserts, fender flares, exterior lights, and other body mounted accessories are installed. Paint shall be applied in the following method:		Request acceptance of Cromax Chromapremier (used to be DuPont) base coat/clear coat paint as equal to suggested source. This is high quality finish. See Exhibit M.	
i If on bare aluminum, use proper cleaner. Suggested sources: DuPont 2253, PPG followed			
by aluminum conversion. Suggested sources: DuPont 2265, PPG.		-	
ii If on bare steel, use proper cleaner. Suggested sources: DuPont 5717S, PPG followed with steel conversion.			Approved, the State accepts the use of Cromax as long as it
iii For all bare metal, use primer. Suggested sources: DuPont Prime 615/616 (two coats), PPG.			meets or exceeds specifications.
iv Appropriate prep to stainless steel surfaces shall be used to ensure proper paint adhesion.			
v Appropriate primer as required shall be used on fiberglass surfaces.			
vi Coat entire prepared surface to be painted with minimum of two coats of paint properly activated and reduced and have a minimum thickness of three millimeters. Suggested sources: DuPont, PPG Concept System, Sikkens Corporation U-Tech brand.			
c. Standard paint color for all buses shall be the manufacturer's pre-finished white exterior panels (to match OEM chassis white). Color scheme on all buses shall be provided at the time of ordering. Additional paint schemes will be quoted in section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 57. Options, item I. Paint – Optional Designs. Special design paint application pricing will be negotiated at the time of ordering by the transit agency.			
26) Insulation			
a. Inside walls, ceiling, passenger floor area, driver floor area, and fire wall area shall be adequately insulated for sub-zero winters with spray-type foam insulation with a minimum R factor of 5. The nose-cone shall be adequately insulated for sub-zero winters with Mylar insulation with a minimum R factor of 5. The insulation shall be non-formaldehyde, fire-resistant (FMVSS 302 minimum), non-hygroscopic, and resistant to fungus. Insulation shall prevent condensation and thoroughly seal bus so that drafts cannot be felt by the driver or passengers during operations with the passenger door closed. Insulation shall not cover up electrical wiring hamesses, electrical switches, or other devices and shall not be sprayed in wheelwells. All mechanisms (moving or stationary parts) that are affected, create a fire hazard, or are rendered useless by an application of sealant or insulation shall be cleaned free of sealant or insulation, including vent canisters and drain pipes.			
b. Engine hood cover and driver's area shall have adequate insulation to keep driver's foot area cool during summer months, warm during winter months, and reduce engine noise to an acceptable level.			
27) Type I Lift, (Platform Type) (Shall Meet ADA Requirements)			
a. The Type I platform lift (passive lift) shall be installed in a separate door opening for use by persons with disabilities. The lift assembly shall be mounted within the bus body on the right (curb) side. The bus manufacturer must provide documentation (reviewed by the State at pilot model production) that the lift installation complies with the lift manufacturer's lift installation requirements. The overhead clearance between the top of the door opening and the raised lift platform, or highest point of a ramp shall be a minimum of 68" for a bus over 22 feet in length to meet ADA requirements.			
b. The lift doors shall be manually operated, insulated double-door with an outside key locking handle. Spring loaded struts, gas struts or manual latches shall be provided on the lift doors to positively hold the doors in the open position. All door openings shall have full structural framing around the opening equal to the structural members of the body. The lift door(s) shall have an upper window similar to the side windows of the bus. Any exposed lift door frame structure shall be constructed of 400 series stainless steel, a grade which does not discolor with aging. The door latch hardware shall have guides at the top, bottom and mid-point for proper anti-rattle support.		In lieu of the 400 series stainless steel, please accept powder coated aluminum extrusion for the wheelchair door frames.	Denied - Specification shall remain as written.
c. The lift shall be an electro-hydraulic type. If the lift has a crossbar, it shall be above the door opening and well padded. The platform lift equipment shall be a double "C" channel parallel arm construction, hydraulically operated by two single-acting cylinders with gravity unfold, gravity down, power up, and power fold (stow) operation. No part of the lift platform shall exceed 6 inches/second during the lowering and lifting of an occupant, and shall not exceed 12 inches/second during deploying or stowing. The lift shall have a mechanical outboard safety wheel stop to prevent wheclethair from rolling off the platform during the lifting cycle. Successful bidder shall deliver the lift equipped bus with the type of lift equipment requested by the State. Suggested sources: Braun, Ricon.			
d. A manual safety override shall be provided that will remain operable. Lift shall have manual override instructions visible from inside and outside the bus with door open.			
e. The entire lift assembly shall be installed inside the bus body and shall have adequate protection installed on all sharp corners or items that protrude into the passenger area to prevent accidental injury to passengers. Wall and floor mounting points shall be reinforced and shall be attached with fasteners having a thread locking feature. Lift installation shall insure that no lift rattling exists when the bus is operated while the lift is stowed.			

f. A lift control interlock system shall be installed that shall ensure that the bus cannot be moved when the lift is not stowed and that the lift cannot be deployed unless the interlock is engaged [to meet ADA regulation in 49 CFR Part 38, Subpart B-Busse, Vans and Systems, §38.23, (b)(2)(l)]. The interlock system shall engage when the lift operation sequence is followed. Interlock operating instructions shall be included with the bus at delivery. An indicator light (red, labeled) shall be provided at the driver's station that is activated when the lift door is open and when the lift is in operation. An interlock override system shall be installed that allows service personnel to move the bus to a safe area for repairs. Suggested Source: Intelligent Lift Interlock System (ILIS) by Intermotive Products		
g. All lift equipped buses shall display the international symbol of accessibility, one each on left and right side of the bus. Location shall be determined at pilot model inspection.		
h. The lift shall meet ADA requirements as well as these minimum requirements.		
i Capacity 1,000 pounds minimum.		
ii Usable platform width 34" minimum. iii Usable platform length 54" minimum.		
iv Platform shall include automatic locking inboard safety wheel stop (minimum 6" height) and		
outboard safety wheel stops to prevent wheelchair from rolling off.		
Platform shall automatically stop at floor level.		
Platform shall automatically stop when lowered to ground level. Vii Hand held controls shall be conveniently located on a flexible or coiled, cut- resistant cable		
val — hand relia controls shall be conveniently located on a nextible of colled, cut-resistant cable and shall be mounted with access from inside or outside the bus. The cable shall be routed to eliminate being pinched in any moving parts and be wrapped with a flexible exterior protective conduit.		
viii Platform, bridge plate, and area between bridge plate and aisle shall be skid resistant.		
ix Bridge plate and platform shall be coated to resist rust.		
X Platform shall have horizontal handrails (one each side) on platform to assist passenger during lift operations. Handrails (yellow) shall fold automatically to prevent any obstructions into the bus passenger area.		
xi Lift door operated interrupt switch shall prevent use of lift with lift door(s) closed. Heavy duty long life switches shall be used in this application.		
xii The color of the lift shall coordinate with bus interior colors and be approved by the Program		
xiii Sharp corners of lift platform shall be padded (remove for lift use) when in the stored position.		
xiv The wheelchair lift shall comply with all federal, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and Veterans' Administration regulations.		
XV Lift platform shall be fitted with device to prevent the platform from touching or leaning against door after being returned to stored position when the lift assembly is not in use.		
28) Wheel Chair Securement Area		
a. The wheelchair securement system shall be installed according to ADA requirements. Securement location shall be installed as shown by the seating plan option and approved at pilot model production. Fold-away seating shall be provided for use when wheelchairs are not being carried as shown in floor plans. The integrated securement system shall restrain the occupant and the wheelchair separately and securely.		
b. Wheelchair securement shall meet these minimum requirements:		
 Forward facing wheelchair tie down and occupant restraint shall consist of floor anchorages as to attach four securement retractors with securement points for the chair and a retractable combination, lap belt/shoulder restraint with manual height adjuster for the occupant per location. 		
ii. Securement floor anchorage points shall be anodized aluminum, stainless steel or other noncorrosive metal construction and consist of aircraft type insert pockets that can be flush mounted with the flooring (Flanged "L" style track, Q-Straint, Sure-Lok — Omni aluminum 6061-T6 or equivalent with matching end caps, part #2C06058). Anchorages and securements must be tested together and compatible. Floor anchorage points for the first securement space shall be spaced at a minimum of 54" from center of front track to center of rear track. Floor anchorage points shall be located no closer than 8" from a stationary wall or obstruction (forward or rearward) that would hinder an operator from attaching the securement system. The center run of anchorage track between two securement locations can be shared with the rear anchorage of the front securement system and the front anchorage of the rear securement system. Width of anchorage track shall be no less than 30" wide allowing for the widest of mobility devices.		
iii. Shoulder belt wall anchorage shall be permanently fastened to the body structure in the wall according to the securement manufacturer's installation instructions. Shoulder belts manual height adjustment shall allow approximately 12" of vertical height adjustment allowing for differences in height of the secured mobility aid passenger.		
iv. The four belts that attach to the wheelchair from the floor anchorage points shall use a simple speed hook end ("J" or "S" style) for chair attachment and have automatic self-tensioning heavy duty retractors with a hard metal cover and have available tightening knob. Knob is diding in additional securement control. All floor attachment belts shall be the same and work in any of the four floor attachment points and be equipped with pin connector brackets for the lap belt assembly. Automatic self-tensioning and self-locking retractors with metal covers shall be part of the four floor belt assemblies for automatic belt tensioning. Retractor anchorage fittings shall be easily identified for placement in the floor track.		

v. All belt components and there attachments to such vehicles shall meet ADA design load requirements of 2,500 lbs. per securement leg and a minimum of 5000 lbs. for each mobility device.				
vi. All components shall meet SAE J2249 requirements and be 30 MPH/20G impact tested.				
vii. All components shall be installed to the securement manufacturer's recommended specifications.				
viii. Suggested sources: Q'Straint Model Q-8100-A1L; Sure-Lok's Retraktor™ Systems for L	Q-8100-A1L is an old SAE J2249 standard that was withdra WC18 QRT 360 as your standard spec since these are the For detailed information, visit http://www.umtri.umich.edu/		ts are to be priced as an option, we suggest making	Clarification, ALL wheelchair securment retractors shall be WC18 compliant
c. Restraint Storage System				
i A wheelchair restraint storage system shall be positioned under the foldaway seats at each wheelchair space. Storage system shall:				
Keep restraints clean.				
2. Be free of any sharp edges.				
Provide easy accessibility to restraints.				
Restraints shall be stored securely to prevent noise while the vehicle is in motion.				
5. Restraint storage system shall be compatible with the installed securement system (L-Track or 360 degree single point securement system). Suggested Source: Freedman Tie-Down				
Storage System.				
ii A storage pouch, from the securement manufacturer, shall be provided for the lap belt restraints so that the occupant restraints can be stored off the floor in the bus when not in use. Location of storage pouch shall be determined by ordering agency.				
29) Chassis				
a. The chassis shall have a pre-delivery inspection performed by a representative of the chassis manufacturer before the bus manufacturing process begins. A copy of the completed pre-delivery inspection form shall accompany the bare chassis and accompany the bus during manufacturing as part of the build order. All standard or optional chassis equipment to be included shall be as advertised by the manufacturer and factory installed and shall not consist of substitute or aftermarket equipment. Optional chassis equipment not available from the factory may be dealer installed. The chassis shall meet the following minimum requirements.				
b. Chassis shall be designed for transit use with straight channel side rails of 36,000 pounds per square inch (PSI) minimum (medium class one) and 50,000 PSI minimum (medium class two) yield strength steel. Chassis shall have one front axle (I-beam) with single wheels and one rear axle (full floating) with dual wheels. If available from the chassis OEM, front axle shall have kingpins and front axle shall be mounted for sharp steering angle (minimum lock angle of 48°). Note: If available from the chassis OEM, Axles (front and rear) shall be equipped with axle oil seals (Stemco, Chicago Rawhide, or equal), shall be filled with proper lubricating oil, and front hubs shall include fill plugs and fluid level windows.				
30) Tilt Wheel/Power Steering				
Chassis shall be equipped with power steering and a tilt wheel steering column. The steering column shall be adjustable for various up and down positions of the steering wheel. The steering gear shall be a full hydraulic power assist type.				
31) Wheel Base				
The minimum wheelbase shall be 193" (medium class one and two) using the wheelbase for each of the specified bus lengths which will provide proper approach and departure angles, proper handling, and proper ride characteristics. Maximum rear overhang shall not exceed 1/3 bus overall length.				
32) Diesel Engine				
a. All diesel engines shall be electronically controlled, be equipped with a fuel/water separator unit with a dash indicator light, an automatic engine shutdown system (see section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 55. Safety Items, item h.). and a water jacket block heater that is a 1000 watt 110- volt model. The electronic diesel engine shall meet current EPA low Sulphur fuel and emissions standards for buses and operate on B-20 biodiesel as a minimum. Driver's area noise level (at driver ear level) shall not exceed 82 DBA at a constant speed of 55 mph on a level roadway and shall be verified at pilot model production.	The impact to the chassis, bus manufacturer upfitting and affect the secondary AC Compressor bracket, requiring re will take an unknown amount of time. The MY20 F-550 will speed. While Ford is calling the third generation engin possible this could require partial Altoona testing. The ne F-550 MY19 order bank closed 4/5/19 so MY19 availability	hird Generation 6.7L Power Stroke V8 Turbo Diesel engine. I Altona is not yet known. The engine changes could also idesign, re-tooling and manufacturing changes, all of which II also change from a 6 speed transmission to an all-new 10 e "updated", no details have been provided yet and it is but transmission itself could require partial Altoona testing. for Michigan orders will be short lived. F-550 MY20 start of	Request approval of OEM block heater rated at 750 watt. This applies to both the Class 1 Ford F-550 and Class 2 Freightliner S2C chassis / engines	Approved, the State will accept the largest watt block heater available from chassis OEM
b. Medium class one shall be an in-line 6 cylinder turbocharged diesel engine 6.0 □litre minimum, 195 gross horse power at 2,600 revolutions per minute (RPM) with air-to-air after cooling or an 8 cylinder (V-8 OHV) turbocharged diesel engine 6.0 □litre minimum, 195 gross horse power at 2300/2600 RPM with air-to-air intercooling. Acceptable engines include: Cummings 6.7 ISB, Ford Powerstroke 6.7.	18 weeks ARO), bus manufacturer redesign time, test v testing, wait time depending on spot in Altoona test que	2019. Considering MY20 chassis availability (typically 16- rehicle build time, scheduling of potential partial Altoona , actual Altoona testing / reporting, and time for new AC sustomers might not occur until late 2020 or even into 2021.	MY20 Ford F-550 will include a third generation diesel engine and all new 10 speed transmission. Please see Excel file titled "Questions RFI 190000001579 Midwest Transit" Q#1 for details and issues.	Approved, the State will accept the OEM 7.3L V8 gasoline engine. Acknowledged, There may delays in delivery of Ford F550 chassis due to manfacturer engine and transmission changes
c. Medium class two shall be an in-line 6 cylinder turbocharged diesel engine 6.0 litre minimum, 195 minimum gross horse power at 2,600 revolutions per minute (RPM) with air-to-air after cooling. Acceptable engines include: Cummings 6.7 ISB, Navistar International Transportation Corp. MaxxForce DT	See Exhibit A for current	Ford publication on MY20.		
33) Auxiliary Coolant Heater				

a. All buses with diesel engines shall be equipped with an auxiliary heater system that shall be able to preheat, provide supplemental heat, and maintain heat for the engine and the interior of the bus. The auxiliary heater system shall be supplied in heated coolant model for diesel engines. The heater system shall be complete with all fuel and electrical controls, exhaust system, and standard warranty. All auxiliary heaters shall be 12-volt units with a fused power supply and with protection for high and low voltage conditions. The auxiliary heater system shall meet FMVSS 301 fuel system integrity requirements. The heating units shall be fueled from the bus's primary fuel supply. The auxiliary heating units shall be conceted electrically to run whenever the bus's rear heat exchanger fan is turned on. The on/off seven day programmable modular electronic timer controls for the heating units shall be located in the driver's area of each bus. The seven-day timer control shall be capable of a two hour preheat control, minimum, and be capable of continuous run control when the key is on with the engine running. The electrical connection shall be a one piece harness from the control switch to the heating unit with all exterior connections Weather-Pak. Electrical harness, fuel lines and heater hoses shall be 24 inches excess length to facilitate service and testing. Location shall be determined at the Pre-Pilot Model Review Meeting.			
b. The heated coolant model shall be a self-contained unit mounted under the bus near the rear heating unit, and connected to the heater hoses leading to the rear heating unit. The auxiliary heating unit inlet and outlet hoses shall have ¾" ID heavy-duty brass ¼ turn ball valves for shut off when the heater needs to be removed for servicing. It shall be in an enclosure supplied by the auxiliary heater manufacturer, be installed so that adequate ground clearance exists below the heater enclosure box, be easily accessible for servicing, be weather resistant, and be complete with mounting brackets/hardware and coolant circulator pump. The coolant circulator pump shall provide a minimum flow of 3.5 gallons per minute. The heated coolant system units shall have safety features for temperature regulating and overheat shut down switches. A seven day digital timer shall be used to control operation. The auxiliary heater exhaust shall exit just below the heater enclosure toward the rear of the bus or at the side of the bus with no discharge obstructions. The coolant heater shall control coolant temperature between a low of 154P and a high of 185P. Coolant heater output shall operate automatically at different levels with a high heat output of 25,500 BTU/hr minimum (boost setting may be higher). Suggested sources: Espar Inc., Hydronic 10 (diesel, heated coolant), OEM, Webasto Thermo 90S (diesel, heated coolant).		The ¾" ID heater inlet should read 5/8" ID to match the rest of the hoses and specification. Heater manufacturer does not offer ¾" ID.	Approved, the State will accept 5/8" hose in lieu of 3/4" as the industry standard.
34) Transmission			
The electronically controlled transmission shall be a minimum, heavy-duty, five-speed automatic cooled by an "H.D. transmission oil cooler in series with radiator cooler or equal (cooler capacity to match GVWR of bus). The transmission shall have an external spin-on type filter, if available from OEM. Suggested source: Allison Transmission 1000 or 2000 series or Ford Torqshift matched to the electronic engine and chassis.			
35) Alignment			
The bus shall have a four-wheel alignment, set to OEM factory specifications, at final point of inspection, just prior to delivery to the transit agency. A copy of the work order indicating the camber, caster and toe-in settings at time of final inspection shall be provided with the bus at delivery.	available on the Ford F550, IC or Freightliner chassis that co ire a front end alignment just prior to delivery to transit agen		Denied, Specification shall remain as written
36) Gross Bus Weight Rating			
a. Medium Class One			
i I-Beam Front Axle Rating – 6,500-lb. minimum. Bus axle weight shall not exceed chassis manufacturer's front axle weight rating or spring and tire capacity.			
 Rear Axle Rating, -13,000-lb. minimum. Bus axle weight shall not exceed chassis manufacturer's rear axle weight rating or spring and tire capacity. 			
iii Chassis GVWR - 19,500-lb. minimum. (see Purpose of Specifications Section I.) Engineering calculated loaded bus axle weight charts are required with the bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item b.).			
b. Medium Class Two			
i I-Beam Front Axle Rating - 8,000-lb. minimum. Bus axle weight shall not exceed chassis manufacturer's front axle weight rating or spring and tire capacity			
ii Rear Axle Rating, - 15,000-lb. minimum. Bus axle weight shall not exceed chassis manufacturer's rear axle weight rating or spring and tire capacity.			
iii Chassis GVWR - 22,000-lb. minimum. (see Purpose of Specifications Section I.) Engineering calculated loaded bus axle weight charts are required with the bid (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, item b.).			
37) Differential			
Heavy-duty rear axle with full floating axles. Gear ratio shall allow buses to travel approximately 65 miles M.P.H. loaded, maximize fuel economy, and not exceed manufacturer's recommended engine operating R.P.M. Axles shall be marked if synthetic oil is used.			
38) Battery, Cables, and Grounds			

a. The battery equipment shall be furnished by the chassis manufacturer where available. The dual batteries shall be maintenance free with reserve capacity of 400 minutes @ 80°F, CCA-900 each, 12-volt minimum. The batteries installed in the bus must be a pair of matching units mounted in the same location. The batteries must be fresh, fully charged units when the finished bus leaves the manufacturing plant. Batteries that have been in the bus during the manufacturing process which were allowed to become fully discharged for a period of time shall be replaced with fresh new batteries. Where there is no permanent OEM mounting enclosure and securement, the batteries shall be mounted on a slide-out stainless steel tray with battery hold down secured with bolts. The slide-out ray shall be mounted on properly supported mechanism with grease fittings, all of which shall have adequate capacity to support the battery equipment. The battery slide-out tray shall allow movement to permit full service of batteries outside of the bus body. The inside of the battery compartment shall be covered with a durable insulating material to prevent electrical shorts. The totally enclosed battery compartment shall be. The battery compartment must be located below the floor line with adequate reinforcement brackets mounted to floor supports. The battery compartment shall be fitted with an insulated standard exterior access door with hinge and flush pull-style latch(es) (SouthCo Model #M1-61-1) or %" turn stainless steel thumb latches, which match latches on other compartment access doors. The battery box compartment must be marked to say "battery inside".		The Class 1 Ford F-550 chassis is only available with two 750 CCA 78 amp hour batteries. There is not a factory upgrade option. We request that dual 750 CCA amp batteries be approved. In addition we recommend that the CEM supplied under hood battery be retained in its original location to preserve the OEM wining and protection. The auxiliary battery would be located in the slide out battery tray. The Class 2 Freightliner S2C comes with three 925 CCA batteries and an OEM slide out frame mounted battery tray all as standard. We request approval to use the S2C OEM battery tray and battery locations. Neither the Class 1 nor Class 2 offers a slide battery box with grease fittings. Slides can have grease applied, just not through fittings. We request that the requirement for fittings be removed. Q & A 2nd ROUND - Please note that while the state has approved OEM Battery locations for Class 1, the Class 1 locations for gas are different than diesel. They are: 1. Diesel: both batteries are under the hood 2. Gas: can only get with one OEM battery, under the hood. The second is installed by the body Mfg. So one is under hood and one in slide out battery box. Please approve both batteries under the hood for diesel.	Approved, the State will accept OEM offered battery sizes and locations. Class I shall have one battery in the slide-out tray and one under the hood. The State will also accept the deletion of the grease fittings. Q & A 2nd ROUND RESPONSE: Approved, the State will accept both batteries located in the OEM location under the hood.
b. Battery positive and ground cables shall be AWG size 2/0 minimum, fine stranded, flexible copper wire with permanently affixed cable connector ends with heat shrink tubing applied. All cable ends shall be fastened in a manner equal to the method used by the chassis Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM). Positive cable ends at the battery shall use a protective cover or cap as an added insulator. Cable assemblies installed in place of chassis manufacturer's battery cables shall be sized to match the electrical system's maximum current draw to provide proper engine starting and operation of all systems.			
c. Engine, body, and equipment grounds (properly sized) shall be installed to handle subsystem electrical capacity. For all ground wire connections; 1) paint shall be removed at the grounding point to provide a cleaned surface; 2) grounding wires and cables fastened to the frame or body structure shall use a bolt with nut installed in a proper sized hole; and 3) a coating of dielectric material shall be applied to the cleaned surfaces, cable ends, bolts, and nuts where each positive or grounding cable or wire is attached. The following is a list of grounding locations:			
${f i}$ A ground of the battery cable size shall be installed between the engine and chassis frame.			
ii Between the transmission case and the chassis frame.			
iii The bus body shall be properly grounded with cables to the chassis frame in at least two places.			
iv Lift pump motor shall be grounded directly to chassis frame using a cable of the same size as the pump motor feed wire.			
v All exterior lights and accessories, added by the body manufacturer, shall be grounded by an in-harness ground attached at a common grounding point. There may be a common grounding point in the rear of the bus along with a required grounding point at the fuse panel.			
d. All buses shall be supplied with proper radio frequency (RF) suppression equipment to reduce radio interference and improve radio transmission and reception performance. High corrosion resistance and high conductivity braided ground straps shall be added: between the engine and the chassis frame of 1" width, minimum; between the engine and the firewall of ½" width, minimum; two between the frame and the body sections of ½" width, minimum. For all braided ground wire connections, paint shall be removed and a coating of dielectric material applied to the cleaned surfaces where each braided cable attaches as is required in other ground wire applications. All removable covers in the engine area including fiberglass hoods need to be shielded and RF grounded. All braided high corrosion resistance and high conductivity ground straps shall be as short as possible and shall use the negative battery cable attachment point (except those between separate body sections) as the termination point of the RF grounding.			
39) Alternator			

•		The addition of the ground strap may void OEM warranty.	Specifications call for 1/2" wide braided ground	
a. The alternator equipment shall be furnished by the chassis manufacturer where high output will match system needs. This system shall be a 12-volt serpentine belt drive with internal or external voltage regulator. It shall be capable of maintaining the battery at a state of full charge under all operating conditions and equipment loads, 200 amp minimum. The alternator(s) shall be supplied with proper radio frequency (RF) suppression equipment and have a ½" wide braided ground strap connected between the alternator frame and the engine block to reduce two-way radio interference. Any bracket modifications shall not reduce the strength of the mounting bracket. Chassis alternator equipment available that is unable to meet electrical needs may be replaced by Delco/Remy, Mitsubishi, Leece-Neville, or PennTex that will meet system needs. Any non-Original Equipment Manufacturer (DEM) alternator equipment installed on a bus by the body manufacturer shall be covered by a minimum warranty period equal to the chassis OEM alternator warranty. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer (bus supplier) to match the alternator performance to the bus's electrical system needs.		The audition of the global strap may volu OEM watranty.	specifications can for 1/2 wine and the engine block. We request that OEM chassis grounding and suppression system be accepted and delete any required additional grounding of alternator. Altering OEM items may void warranty offered in the event of failures or other issues. By adding grounding there is also a risk of fire by doing so.	Approved, the State will accept the deletion of the additional ground strap at the alternator only as long as there is no radio frequency interference develops from the lack of ground strap.
40) Engine Fast Idle				
The engine shall be equipped with fast idle control which includes manual and automatic control features. Fast idle shall not activate unless the transmission control is in park (P). The control system shall have a manual switch, volt sensor, an indicator light, and activate automatically from voltage sensors. The system shall automatically deactivate when bus is shifted into and when the bus foundation brakes are applied. Suggested source: Chassis manufacturer's equipment, Gateway by Intermotive Products, Penntex Model PX-HI-(mod no) with time out module, Vortec MD30-2500.			For the Class 2 Freightliner S2C, please accept chassis OEM fast idle control. (Class 1 F-550 Intermotive Gateway is OK).	Approved, the State will accept the use of the Freightliner fast idle control as long as it performs as required.
41) Brakes				
a. The medium class one bus foundation brakes shall be a power-actuated hydraulic split system of a four wheel disc type with a three channel anti-lock braking system. The system shall be the heaviest-duty available for stop and go operation. The brake system shall include a red brake warning lamp (RBWL) in the instrument cluster that lights when the parking brake is on, when a front or rear hydraulic failure occurs, or when brake fluid is low in the reservoir and act as a low brake warning system. The parking brake shall be re-buildable and the heaviest-duty available from the chassis manufacturer.				
b. The medium class two bus foundation brakes shall be equipped with self-adjusting air brakes with a four channel anti-lock brake system. The Parking brake shall be activated by a push-pull knob located on the dash or a foot operated hand release. The air compressor shall be engine driven with a minimum capacity of 13CFM at 1250 RPM. The air brake system shall have an air dryer and air tanks that can be manually drained by standing outside the bus from one position.			Since the GVWR is below 26,000 lbs are hydraulic brakes acceptable?	Denied, Specification shall remain as written.
42) Fuel Tank				
42) Fuel Tank a. Fuel tank capacity shall be the largest size available for each chassis. Fuel fill shall not extend beyond the exterior surface of the bus and may have the fuel cap set in a recess similar to a Ford OEM unit. Fuel fill shall be on the street (left) side of the bus. Fuel tank capacity shall be minimum for the following chassis/buses:	16 wks chassis delivery (30-34 wks total). MY19 order bank	allon tank for MY2020. And as of 4/10/19, it is on back order c closed 4/5/19, so this could impose great delays in delivery early December. Actual impact specific to Michigan orders is	for Michigan orders placed with the intent to use	Acknowledged, Vendor to furnish largest capacity fuel tank up to 40 gallons available from the OEM.
a. Fuel tank capacity shall be the largest size available for each chassis. Fuel fill shall not extend beyond the exterior surface of the bus and may have the fuel cap set in a recess similar to a Ford OEM unit. Fuel fill shall be on the street (left) side of the bus. Fuel tank capacity shall	16 wks chassis delivery (30-34 wks total). MY19 order bank	closed 4/5/19, so this could impose great delays in delivery	for Michigan orders placed with the intent to use	
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a. Fuel tank capacity shall be the largest size available for each chassis. Fuel fill shall not extend beyond the exterior surface of the bus and may have the fuel cap set in a recess similar to a Ford OEM unit. Fuel fill shall be on the street (left) side of the bus. Fuel tank capacity shall be minimum for the following chassis/buses:	16 wks chassis delivery (30-34 wks total). MY19 order bank	closed 4/5/19, so this could impose great delays in delivery	for Michigan orders placed with the intent to use	
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a. Fuel tank capacity shall be the largest size available for each chassis. Fuel fill shall not extend beyond the exterior surface of the bus and may have the fuel cap set in a recess similar to a Ford OEM unit. Fuel fill shall be on the street (left) side of the bus. Fuel tank capacity shall be minimum for the following chassis/buses: i Medium class one: 40 gallons ii Medium class two: 60 gallons 43) Hazard Flashers	16 wks chassis delivery (30-34 wks total). MY19 order bank	closed 4/5/19, so this could impose great delays in delivery	for Michigan orders placed with the intent to use	
a. Fuel tank capacity shall be the largest size available for each chassis. Fuel fill shall not extend beyond the exterior surface of the bus and may have the fuel cap set in a recess similar to a Ford OEM unit. Fuel fill shall be on the street (left) side of the bus. Fuel tank capacity shall be minimum for the following chassis/buses: i Medium class one: 40 gallons ii Medium class two: 60 gallons 43) Hazard Flashers Hazard flashers shall use the OEM switch and control system with an electronic flasher.	16 wks chassis delivery (30-34 wks total). MY19 order bank	closed 4/5/19, so this could impose great delays in delivery	for Michigan orders placed with the intent to use	
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Bus wheels (6) shall be 19.5" x 6.75" minimum, steel disc, hub piloted type, 8-hole flange nut style. Wheels shall have all stainless steel or all brass valve stems a minimum of 11½" in length retained by threaded nuts fitted with stainless steel, steel or brass valve caps with an inner air seal. Wheels shall be OEM gray or white.				
48) Tires				
A. All tires (6) shall be tubeless, steel radial blackwall, single front, and dual rear. All tires shall be high miler or all season tubeless. Suggested sources: Goodyear, Michelin XZA, Unisteel. The ratings (below) shall be the minimum to meet GVWR:	Due to the OEM chassis manufacturers occasional changir sources.	g of the brand of tires they are suppling/offering on their cha	ssis, please add <u>"OEM Supplied"</u> to the suggested	Approved, the State will accept OEM supplied tires meeting specifications.
i Medium Class 1: 225/70R19.5 G/14	The chassis OEM will always have an appropriately rated to	Approved, the State will accept OEM supplied tires meeting specifications.		
ii Medium Class 2: 245/70R19.5 F/12				
49) Driveshaft				
The multi-piece drive shaft shall be OEM and have guards of sufficient strength to prevent any drive shaft section from striking the floor of the bus or the ground in the event of a tube or universal joint failure. Drive shaft guards, (OEM chassis equipment preferred, or may installed by the chassis manufacturer) shall be secured properly and be equal in materials and design to drive shaft guarding installed on a school bus chassis. If driveshaft requires extension, it shall be balanced.				
50) Wipers and Horn				
Electric wipers shall be two speed, delay style, dual jet washers (electric), with manufacturer's standard arms and blades (OEM equipment preferred). Wiper motors shall be mounted for easy access and not interfere with other equipment mounted in the front bulkhead/cowl of the bus. Where individual wiper motors are used (one for each side), each shall be supplied by its own fused feed wire. The bus shall have two electric horns.				
51) Radiator and Cooling System				
The cooling system shall have an extra cooling capacity radiator (aluminum or copper core), water pump, pulley, and clutch-type fan with coolant recovery system with a factory installed coolant filter (heavy duty system installed by chassis manufacturer). Cooling system shall be winterized with 50/50 mixture (minimum) of permanent antifreeze and distilled water or a factory premix (minimum -35°F freezing point). Radiator removal instructions and estimated removal time shall be furnished with first bus to each agency. Coolant integrity shall be maintained throughout the manufacturing process to insure that the coolant, including additives, in the delivered bus is equal to the coolant installed at the chassis OEM factory. All cooling system hose connections in the engine compartment shall use constant tension spring loaded band clamps (Breeze Constant-Torque®, Clampco Products Inc., Oetiker that automatically adjust for thermal expansion and contraction to control leakage.		Coolant filter is not available for either Class 1 Ford F-550 or Class 2 Freightliner S2C. Please remove this requirement as a factory installed coolant filter is not possible. Body manufacturer cannot alter or change any OEM chassis supplied coolant clamps in the engine compartment. For warranty concerns they must be left as supplied with chassis. We request that the OEM factory installed coolant clamps in the engine compartment be accepted and any reference to other types of clamps as noted in this section be removed and not required where OEM clamps are installed. Q & A 2nd ROUND - Coolant filter is not available for either Class 1 Ford F-550 or Class 2 Freightliner S2C. Please remove this requirement as a factory installed coolant filter is not possible. Please respond.		Approved, the State will accept OEM supplied coolant clamps. Q & A 2nd ROUND RESPONSE: Approved, the State will accept no coolant filters are available from OEM. Coolant filters shall be provided if available from OEM.
52) Fluids				
Fluids shall be checked and filled from inside front hood where application allows. Engine oil fill/check, transmission oil fill/check, and coolant fill/check shall be located for easy access per approval at pilot model inspection.				
53) Engine Cover and Trim				
a. The engine cover shall be insulated from engine heat, engine noise, and road noise. Additional equipment added to the engine cover area shall not interfere with removal/installation of the engine cover.				
 The buses shall be equipped with an OEM chrome trim package for the grill and front trim (if available). Exhaust System 				
The exhaust shall exit the rear of the bus and be flush with the rear bumper. If bus is equipped with a rear lift door, the exhaust shall exit the rear of the bus on the street (left) side flush with left end of the rear bumper. The exhaust system shall meet FMVSS §393.83 and current Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements. The exhaust system must be installed to provide maximum ground clearance and departure angle at the rear of the bus. Any exhaust system extensions shall be of the same material as OEM exhaust system, i.e. – stainless steel. All exhaust system extension hangers shall be OEM type.				
55) Safety Items				
a. The following safety items shall be provided on each bus and items noted with an asterisk (*) shall be in a location approved by the state at pilot model inspection: b. *One UL listed 5 pound, 2A-10BC dry chemical fire extinguisher. Fire extinguisher shall have a metal head, a gauge to indicate state of charge, and a bracket with strap for securement. Fire extinguisher shall be serviceable and rechargeable for the life of the bus with metal mounting brackets. Fire extinguisher shall be shipped loose. Source: Manufacturer's Standard. C. *One container of bi-directional emergency reflective triangles that meets FMVSS 125 and shall be in a location easily accessible to the driver.				
d. *A 12-volt 97-db sealed solid state electronic warning alarm that is readily audible from outside the bus when transmission is in reverse. The alarm shall: be steam cleanable; have passed a 1 million cycle test; and meet SAE J994, OSHA, Bureau of Mines and all State Regulations. The alarm shall be mounted with bolts and properly grounded and mounted on the rear of the bus. Suggested source: OEM standard.				

e. *An exterior height (clearance) decal shall be mounted in the driver's dash area.				
f. The rear door shall have an audible alarm at driver area that is energized when the rear door				
latch handle starts to open and when the rear door is locked with the ignition in the on or accessory position.				
, i				
g. An interlock system shall be provided to ensure that the bus cannot be moved when the lift is not stowed and that the lift cannot be deployed unless the interlock is engaged (to meet ADA				
regulation). The interlock system shall engage when the lift operation sequence is followed.				
Interlock operating instructions shall be included with each bus at delivery.				
h. A warning/engine shutdown system which shall be capable of monitoring oil pressure, engine	OEM system is not a "shutdown" system. It is a de-rated or	limp mode system in the event computers detect low oil pre	essure, high tem or low coolant level. Lights and	
temperature, and engine coolant level and which shall sound an alarm and shut down the engine		ve an a upgraded third generation diesel engine and also an		
when:	RFI 19000001579 Midwest Transit" Q#2 for details and iss	not yet know what will be available for warning/engine shutd sues.	own. Please see Excel file titled "Questions	Approved, the State will accept the OEM supplied
i Low oil pressure occurs.				warning/shutdown system to include a de-rate.
ii High coolant temperature occurs.				
iii Low coolant level occurs.				
The warning/engine shutdown system shall include an audible alarm (with warning light) and				
visual indicator lights (oil pressure, temperature, and the like) in the driver's area. The visual indicator lights shall be labeled to define the source of engine shutdown as a system diagnostic				
aid. The low coolant probe may be installed in the coolant surge tank but not in the coolant				
overflow/recovery container. Suggested sources: Chassis OEM, Murphy System.				
An automatic daytime headlight control system shall be provided. The system shall				
illuminate the headlights when the ignition switch is on and the headlight switch is off. The				
system shall activate automatically after engine start up with the headlamp switch off and shall				
deactivate automatically when the headlamp switch is on or the ignition switch is turned off. Suggested source: Chassis OEM ONLY.				
j. A low profile electronic strobe light (white) with a clear lens and branch guard shall be provided. The light shall meet SAE J1318 requirements and be mounted centrally on the roof of				
the bus approximately 6 feet forward of the rear of the bus. Strobe light mounting shall have				
free access to connector with enough room to remove connector without removing any panels.				
The 12 volt light shall have a control switch in the driver's area. The light shall be approximately 4* in height, produce 80 (±10) double flashes per minute, and have a light intensity of 1 million				
candlepower with a current draw of approximately 1 ampere. Suggested Sources: Meteorlite,				
Peterson, Target Tech Pulsator® 451, Truck-Lite				
56) Electrical				
All exterior non-OEM connections shall be WeatherPack. All interior connections shall be				
weather-proof to include heat shrink where applicable.				
b. Lift equipped buses shall have a circuit breaker with a manual reset in the lift feed circuit.				
The circuit breaker shall be installed vertically (on the side wall) in the battery box, in the positive power cable leading to the lift power pack.				
c. Install a 12 volt power point for hand held equipment in the driver's area.				
All all and a second all all all all all all all all all al				
d. All cable and wires added by the body manufacturer shall be continuous color coded and numbered or function coded. The manufacturer shall furnish complete as built wiring diagrams				
with integrated body and chassis wiring marked to show the codes used. Mating harnesses and				
harness connectors shall use matching wiring and coding unless chassis OEM wiring and coding				
is different from body manufacturer's. The wiring shall be designed to be a "plug and play" system where the harnesses and components are fastened through common standard terminal				
ends and connectors.				
e. Electrical panels installed by the body builders shall be located for easy access. Circuit				
breaker circuit protection shall be standard but blade type fuses may be used when expressly required by the component manufacturer. The master electrical panel shall use a separate "plug				
and play" connector and terminal system. Highest quality components available shall be used.				
Two spare electrical fuses that match fuses used on the bus body and chassis shall be supplied				
with the bus and stored in a box or spare circuit area at fuse box. All components shall be placed on the front of the electrical panel for ease of service.				
P. 2.2. 2. 3. 3. 3. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.				
f. All wiring added to chassis fuse block shall be securely fastened to prevent wires from being				
knocked loose or loosening from vibration. The manufacturer shall use wire raceways where				
needed. Wiring, harnesses, and raceways shall be supported at regular intervals by "P" clamps, or by other supporting hangers where necessary, and routed in separate hangers from heater				
hoses or air conditioning hoses. Body fuse/electrical panel shall be sufficiently sealed to prevent				
intrusion of dirt and moisture.				
g. All wiring shall be heavy-duty; be properly grounded to body frame structure and the chassis;				
use a common grounding point; and be adequate for electrical system capacity. All wiring				
passage holes through engine cowl, floor area, and other partitions shall be thoroughly sealed to prevent dust and moisture intrusion.				
		Please require the solenoid only if the Intermotive	Please accept Intermotive Flex Tech system	
h. All accessories and accessory electrical equipment shall be wired through a constant solenoid energized when the bus's ignition switch is in "ignition on" or "run" mode. A master		FlexTech programmable electronic circuit panel is not	which utilizes relay controls for accessory	
switch with light in the driver's control panel shall control this constant solenoid and act as a quiet		used. The FlexTech system uses relay controls in lieu of a solenoid. Solenoids are prone to failure and not needed	electrical loads in lieu of constant solenoid energized. The relay type of controls will be used	Approved, the State will accept the use of relays if the
switch overriding individual switches for accessories. This master switch is wired in series with		when with electronic circuit panels. Please see attached	for air conditioning and all ancillary vehicle loads.	Intermotive FlexTech system is used provided it meets or
the ignition switch to control the constant solenoid. The constant solenoid shall not control headlights, taillights, emergency lights, charging system voltage regulator energizer lead, a fused		information on the FlexTech system. A body disconnect	See Exhibit N.	exceeds specifications.
power lead for the passenger door, and a fused constant power lead for all electronic control		switch can be added to disconnect body circuits if desired.		
units' long term memory.				
: All and all and the sales and the state of				
 All control switches, relays, and circuit breakers used for the various electrical circuits shall have a current carrying capacity adequate for the circuit that they control and shall be properly 				
marked for their function. The illuminated switch markings shall be permanent and not wear off				
with switch use. Control switches shall be positioned for easy access from driver's seat.				

j. All added wiring shall be installed in a properly sized and supported split open-type loom or a properly supported raceway for protection. All wiring harnesses shall have adequate length to allow for harness flexing from supporting brackets and where harnesses connect to electrical equipment. Any wiring added by splicing into an existing chassis Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) harness or wire shall match modification standards set forth by the chassis manufacturer, such as Ford's QVM. Any added accessories or electrical circuits shall not interfere with nor back-feed into other electrical circuits.		
k. Wiring added from OEM chassis wiring to rear lights, fuel tank, and/or other accessories shall be supported and protected from the ice and snow build-up. Wiring shall be inside bus where possible. Wiring to taillights and other exterior lights shall be long enough to remove assembly by 6" for service. Exterior connections shall be weatherproof positive lock connectors coated with dielectric grease. Suggested sources: Metri-pak, Weather-Pak.		
 Scotch lock wire connectors are not acceptable and shall not be used for wiring installation. Terminals shall be as follows: 		
i Machine crimped on wire ends shall be used on all harnesses and cable assemblies used in the production of buses. Harness assemblies shall have connectors matching a mating connector where harnesses attach to other harnesses, switches, or other electrical units. Connections made in any harness assembly shall use Sta-Kon® disconnects and splice connectors where machine applied connectors cannot be used. Connectors shall be properly crimped with Sta-Kon® tools and covered with heat shrink tubing. In-line fuse assemblies shall use spade type fuses in a Weather-Pak holder and shall be located for ease of service.		
ii All exterior wiring connectors (plug-ins) including harnesses shall be weatherproof positive lock with the connector pins applied with the proper crimping tool (Weather-Pak, Metri-Pak). All exterior ground connections, except factory supplied braided ground straps, shall have properly applied terminal ends with heat shrink insulation applied.		
57) Equipment Options		
a. Air Conditioning – Split System		
i The air conditioning system (AC) shall have a separate compressor, condenser, and evaporator for the front system and for the rear system (two separate systems). The systems shall be 12-volt and use refrigerant type R-134A. The systems shall be of sufficient capacity to maintain interior temperature requirements stated in the test procedure for air conditioning systems during summer operation (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 3. Air Conditioning Certification).		
ii The front AC system shall be integrated as part of the front heating/ventilating unit including the driver's area evaporator unit (complete front system may be Chassis OEM with OEM controls and sensors). The front system shall provide temperature control with sufficient cooling ventilators for driver comfort with no reliance on the rear system for front temperature control. Front and rear air flow and temperature shall be controlled by separate switches on the driver's control panel or dash panel. Front and rear systems shall have separate fan, evaporator, and compressor controls.		
iii The rear system shall have an electronic control system capable of providing automatic temperature control, freeze protection, compressor protection, and diagnostic functions. The driver's automatic temperature and system control panel shall be mounted in the driver's station. The control system shall be an integral part of the system temperature controls. The system shall be able to monitor system voltage, high refrigerant pressure, low refrigerant charge, and clutch cycling intervals and shall protect the system by controlling compressor clutch engagement. The system shall be able to interpret associated problems and provide codes for technician diagnosis. Suggested sources: ACC Climate Control Model MDS, MCC ECO Temp Lite, Thermo King Clima Aire.		
iv Compressors: There shall be two engine mounted, serpentine belt driven air conditioning compressors of nominal 13cu. in. displacement each, minimum, one for the front system (may be chassis OEM) and one for the rear system. Hose end metal fittings connecting hoses to the compressor shall be electro-coated steel that pass the ASTM B117 480 hour Salt Spray test (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items v.). The compressor clutch circuit shall be interrupted when abnormal pressures are detected by the pressure monitoring switches. Low pressure switch shall be located between the expansion valve and the compressor in the low pressure side of the system. The high-pressure switch shall be properly located in the high side of the system to protect the compressor. Suggested sources: ACC Climate Control, American Cooling Technology, Inc., Thermo King, Trans/Air; MCC Mobile		
Climate Control	 	

v Condensers: The rear system's condenser shall be roof mounted (10" or less in height) and the front system may use the Chassis OEM radiator mounted condenser. The protective external grille work for the roof mounted condenser coil fine shall not be mounted directly against the condenser fins. The condenser fans and motors shall be enclosed within the condenser housing. The housing shall be galvannealed or aluminum with heat-fused powdered epoxy coating. The condenser coil shall be copper or aluminum tube expanded into aluminum fins or MCHX condenser. Hose end metal fittings connecting hoses to the condenser shall be electrocated steel that pass the ASTM B117 480 hour Salt Spray test (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items v.). High pressure cut out switches shall be wired into the clutch circuit. The condensers shall be requipped with axial fans dynamically balanced with permanent magnet totally enclosed motors. The condensers shall blow air upward and toward the rear of the bus assisted by the forward motion of the bus. A filter dryer with a moisture indicating sight glass shall be included and located in the liquid line where easily accessible. A branch guard the same height as the condenser shall be mounted just forward of the condenser assembly on the roof of the bus which shall not restrict air flow into the condenser assembly. Suggested sources for roof mounted condenser: ACC Climate Control, American Cooling Technology, Inc., Thermo King, Trans/Air.; MCC Mobile Climate Control				
vi The front evaporator (may be chassis OEM equipment) and rear evaporator(s) shall have three-speed continuous duty permanently lubricated blower motors with sufficient CFM capacity to maintain interior temperature requirements stated in test procedure. The rear evaporator cores shall be a copper coil with aluminum fins (three rows deep, minimum), galvanized heavy-duty frame and coil end sheets with a galvanized or plastic drain pan. The rear evaporator expansion valve or orifice tube shall have "O" ring refrigerant connections. Suggested sources: ACC climate Control, American Cooling Technology, Inc., Thermo King, Trans/Air; MCC Mobile Climate Control				
vii The driver's evaporator (may be chassis OEM equipment) shall be controlled separately from the rear passenger area evaporator. The controls shall include an on/off switch and a three-speed blower switch. The in-dash unit shall not interfere with removal or replacement of the engine cover or be blocked by the entrance door control mechanism.				
viii The passenger area evaporator system shall be separately controlled from a control station at the driver's position. The controls shall include an on/off switch and a three-speed blower switch. The evaporator shall be ceiling or rear wall mounted at the rear of the passenger compartment.				
ix The components of the air conditioning system shall be readily accessible for maintenance. Service/charging ports shall be located under hood and accessible without removing any other component or item. The refrigerant hose construction shall comply/exceed SAE specification J2064 Type D or E. Refrigerant fitting construction shall comply/exceed SAE specification J2064 Type D or E. All refrigerant hose end fittings shall be electro-coated steel that will pass the ASTM B117 480 hour Salt Spray test (see section C. Vendor/Manufacturer Requirements, subsection 8. Bid Documents, items v.). The hose coupling end of all fittings shall include two hose barbs and two areas of elastomeric or HNBR seals. Refrigerant hose clamp construction shall: comply/exceed SAE specification J2064 Type D or E; be made of stainless steel to ensure coupling integrity; properly align hose end fitting; and clamp the hose directly over the elastomeric or HNBR seals. Refrigerant hose fittings shall be Aeroquip E-Z Clip system, ATCO Air-O-Crimp, MCC FlexCLIK.				
X The wiring shall meet all applicable specifications (see Section B.56.). The evaporator and condenser wiring (power and ground circuits) shall be properly sized to provide maximum voltage drop of 1.5v to farthest system component.				
xi Air conditioning electrical circuits shall be protected with manual resettable circuit breakers or fuses.				
xii The rear air conditioning system shall be supplied from the equipment manufacturer as a complete unit including controls, wiring and hoses. The whole system shall be warranted from in- service date, by the manufacturer, for a period of two years with unlimited mileage.				
b. Air Conditioning/Heat – Rooftop System				
The rooftop AC system shall meet all of the requirements of the AC split system except that the rear evaporator and heating unit shall be an integral part of the rooftop AC unit so that the condenser unit, evaporator unit, and heating unit are part of a single roof mounted unit. A coolant circulating pump shall be installed in the coolant lines for the rooftop heating unit. The auxiliary coolant heating unit and coolant pump for the rooftop heating unit shall be connected electrically to run whenever the bus's rooftop unit calls for heat. The rooftop unit shall be a free blow system installed in the central roof area of the passenger compartment of the bus. The air conditioning/heating system shall be supplied from the equipment manufacturer as a complete unit including controls, wiring and hoses. Cover mount brackets and cover retaining bolds shall be stainless steel, not ½ turn type. A branch guard shall be installed to protect the roof-mounted air conditioner. The whole system shall be warranted from in-service date, by the manufacturer, for a period of two years with unlimited mileage. Suggested Sources: ACC Climate Control, American Cooling Technology, Inc., Thermo King, Trans/Air.; MCC Mobile Climate Control				
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i The auxiliary air heater systems provided shall be able to preheat, provide supplemental heat, and maintain heat for the interior of the bus for all engines. The auxiliary heater systems shall be supplied as a heated air model with an on/off, variable digital temperature display, and with a seven-day electronic timer control. The seven-day timer control shall be capable of a two hour preheat, minimum and be capable of continuous run control when the key is on with the engine running. The auxiliary direct heated air heater unit(s) shall be connected electrically to automatically run whenever the bus's rear heat exchanger fan is turned on. The system control units shall be located in the driver's area of the bus and shall indicate to the operator that the heater is operating normally or that the heater is not operating normally and needs technical service. The direct heated air heater control shall indicate heater diagnostic codes and descriptions directly from the heaters electronic control module. Heater control shall require no driver input. Heater control Suggested Source: ESPAR F1000 or F2000.			
ii The heater system shall be complete with all fuel and electrical controls, exhaust system, and standard warranty. All heaters shall be 12 volt units with a fused power supply and with protection for high and low voltage conditions. The auxiliary heater system shall meet FMVSS 301 fuel system integrity requirements. The heating units shall be fueled by the bus's primary fuel supply—either gasoline or diesel. The electrical connection shall be a noe piece harness from the control switch to the heating unit with weather-pak or equal exterior connections. Heater system shall be installed per manufacturer's instructions.			
iii The heated air model (with mounting brackets) shall be a self-contained unit placed in the passenger area either between the bus seat and bus floor or in a clear free space in the interior of the bus (placement shall be decided at the time of installation). The heated air system shall be a variable output, multi-stage heater for all engines. The heating unit shall have, 17 (6,000 BTU heat output, minimum (high heat setting), 2) 100 CFM of air delivery, minimum, and 3) automatic cycling between heat output stages. The unit shall have automatic overheat protection. All heater systems' fuel and exhaust connections shall be made outside the passenger compartment of the bus. The auxiliary heater exhaust shall be connected to a section of rigid exhaust pipe with a down sweep that exits just beyond the body side. The heating unit shall be fueled from the bus's primary fuel supply—either gasoline or diesel. Suggested sources: Espar Inc., Webasto.			
iv Option 1: Provide an auxiliary air heater for a gas powered bus as specified above.			
Option 2: Provide an auxiliary air heater for a diesel powered bus in lieu of the auxiliary coolant heater included with the diesel option. When an auxiliary air heater is installed on diesel powered buses, the engine shall be equipped with a 1000-watt 110-120 volt-A.C. OEM installed engine block heater with cord and covered receptacle. Engine block heater electrical cord receptacle shall be mounted for convenient access and protected from the weather (location to be determined at pilot model production).			
d. Destination Signs			
Destination Signs Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36" wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC.		In order to price out roller/curtain destination signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if someone else installs the lettering.	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, TwinVision MobiLite.		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator,		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, Twin'ision MobiLite. e. Donation Box A donation box (in lieu of the farebox) shall be mounted on an adequately braced stanction; shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be accessible to passengers entering the bus (meet ADA requirements). The lockable donation box shall be supplied with two keys (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). Suggested source:		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, TwinVision MobiLite. e. Donation Box A donation box (in lieu of the farebox) shall be mounted on an adequately braced stanchion; shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be accessible to passengers entering the bus (meet ADA requirements). The lockable donation box shall be supplied with two keys (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). Suggested source: Diamond.		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, TwinVision MobiLite. e. Donation Box A donation box (in lieu of the farebox) shall be mounted on an adequately braced stanchion; shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be accessible to passengers entering the bus (meet ADA requirements). The lockable donation box shall be supplied with two keys (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). Suggested source: Diamond. f. Farebox Electrical Prep Electrical connections and wiring only (no farebox) along with support stanchion shall be supplied to the area where the standard farebox would be mounted (location shall be approved by the		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, TwinVision MobiLite. e. Donation Box A donation box (in lieu of the farebox) shall be mounted on an adequately braced stanchion; shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be accessible to passengers entering the bus (meet ADA requirements). The lockable donation box shall be supplied with two keys (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). Suggested source: Diamond. f. Farebox Electrical Prep Electrical connections and wiring only (no farebox) along with support stanchion shall be supplied to the area where the standard farebox would be mounted (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). The location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection. g. Limited Slip Differential The limited Slip differential powers both wheels yet freely permits wheel speed differentiation		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows* based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, TwinVision MobiLite. e. Donation Box A donation box (in lieu of the farebox) shall be mounted on an adequately braced stanchion; shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver; and shall be accessible to passengers entering the bus (meet ADA requirements). The lockable donation box shall be supplied with two keys (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). Suggested source: Diamond. f. Farebox Electrical Prep Electrical connections and wiring only (no farebox) along with support stanchion shall be supplied to the area where the standard farebox would be mounted (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection) g. Limited Slip Differential		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less
i Option 1 – Roller/Curtain: A 12-volt destination sign with a motor driven movable sign curtain mechanism shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front sign and one side sign). The sign curtain shall be approximately 36' wide and illuminated. The sign box shall have a door to open for the operator to view the sign curtain position. The door shall be positioned for ease of driver operation. A restraint shall be installed to prevent the storage door from opening beyond 105' when the installation allows the door to swing open. Suggest source: Transign LLC. ii Option 2 – LED: A solid state, LED destination sign shall be provided which meets ADA requirements (one front and one side sign). Signs shall be programmable using latest version of Microsoft Windows® based software. All hardware and/or software shall be provided with the first bus purchased by each transit agency. Suggested sources: Transign LLC Destinator, TwinVision MobiLite. Donation Box A donation box (in lieu of the farebox) shall be mounted on an adequately braced stanchion; shall be located over a flat floor surface near the driver, and shall be accessible to passengers entering the bus (meet ADA requirements). The lockable donation box shall be supplied with two keys (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection). Suggested source: Diamond. f. Farebox Electrical Prep Electrical connections and wiring only (no farebox) along with support stanchion shall be supplied to the area where the standard farebox would be mounted (location shall be approved by the State at pilot model inspection) g. Limited Slip Differential The limited slip differential powers both wheels yet freely permits wheel speed differentiation when required during turning using standard OEM equipment.		signs, we need to know how many destinations will be printed on the roller. Sign manufacturer now requires us to provide them with this information so that they can print the rollers. Otherwise they will not warranty the signs if	15 or less

ii The bus rear exit window shall have a glue-on wide angle view Fresnel lens to improve vision directly in back of bus. Minimum size shall be 80 square inches. Suggested source: Vangard made by 3M.			Note that Fresnal Lens is static cling adhesion, not glue on.	Acknowledged
i. Paint – Optional Designs				
i The bus shall have an 11" belt painted stripe (no decals). An example would be: an OEM white bus with a 11" belt stripe.				
ii The bus shall have the roof painted a different color. An example would be: an OEM white bus with the roof painted red.				
iii The bus shall be painted a full body color, including the roof, other than OEM white. An example would be: a bus painted all red.				
iv The bus shall have a 6", 10-year, reflective, vinyl belt stripe. An example would be: an OEM white bus with a 6" vinyl belt stripe.				
j. Lifts (Platform) (Meet ADA Requirements)				
i All lifts listed below shall meet all of the lift requirements stated in section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 27. Type I Lift, except lifts that have an 800 lb capacity (in lieu of the standard Type I lift)				
ii Type I: A type I platform lift shall be offered in lieu of the standard 1,000 lb lift. Suggested sources: Braun, Ricon				
iii Type II; The Type II platform lift shall have a power operated outer barrier on the lift platform. Suggested sources: Braun, Ricon				
iv Folding Platform: The folding platform lift shall have a platform that folds in the center during stowage and the lift platform is 34" usable width. The folding platform lift provides an unobstructed view from inside the bus through the lift opening. Suggested Sources: Ricon KlearVue model K-5005 ADA	BA). Ricon has also had severe	orm lift not folding. The Ricon KlearVue View does not mee e delivery, reliability and field service issues the last several	years. See Exhibit O.	Approved, the State will accept the Braun Vista 2
v An alternate lift manufacturer shall be offered as an option for agencies.		ift only (section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subs does apply to those options, the price page should have add		Confirmed.
k. Wheelchair Securement Optional Systems				
i The restraint system shall be a retractor style system and comply with ADA, SAE J-2249, and additionally the new 2016 WC 18 standard for WC-19 wheelchairs. This system shall be a single point securement system and meet the same requirements as listed in section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 28. Wheel Chair Securement Area. Single Point Securement System (in lieu of "t" track anchorage system) shall offer 360 degree directional usage "pucks" and shall be cast stainless steel with a 2 ½" both to be secured to the floor positions. Measurement of the securement locations shall be 54" from center to center within the securement locations. The single point securement system shall meet the same requirements as listed in section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 28. Wheel Chair Securement Area. Center pucks between securement locations can share the same center of plane but the pucks shall not be shared from each securement locations. (i.e. separate single point securement systems for each wheelchair securement locations. (i.e. separate single point securement systems for each wheelchair securement pucks shall be no less than 30". Spacing of rear securement pucks shall be centered in the rear plane of securement area 13" to 15" apart. Each securement space shall have an additional anchorage puck as to aid in the securement of scooters or difficult mobility devices. This additional anchorage puck shall be centered between the rear anchorages. Suggested Sources: QRT 360 Q'Straint Slide N' Click, Sure-Lok, Titan 800 Slide N' Click, OMNI Slide N' Click Systems or equivalent.				
ii Additional Wheelchair Securement Positions: Ordering agencies shall have the ability to add additional wheelchair securement positions to the provided floor plans. The position shall match the same system as installed on the bus (L-track or 360 degree single point securement) and shall meet requirements as stated in section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 28. Wheel Chair Securement Area and section B. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 57. Wheel Chair Securement Area, Item k. i Wheelchair Securement Optional Systems. Seating shall be added or deducted to accommodate the additional wheelchair systems and shall meet vehicle weight requirements				
I. Two Way Radio Antenna/Power				-
i All material and labor required for a pre-installation package for two-way radio equipment shall be furnished by the manufacturer. All equipment and accessories installed as part of the buses shall have no measurable radio frequency (RF) interference. All equipment installed on the bus must operate in its normal mode while radio transmissions are being made from an on board transmitter producing 100 watts or more of transmit power while operating in the range of 43 Megahertz (Mhz) to 900 Mhz. Proper RF suppression shall be provided by the manufacturer in any equipment and accessories that can produce interference to eliminate such interference. The bus frame and body shall be designed to provide no measurable radio interference (shielding) for improved radio emissions and reception performance.				

ii Option 2: A public address (PA) system shall be installed in the dashboard area within reach of the driver and utilize a hand held microphone. At a minimum, the PA system shall be		Please accept a remote mounted P/A system in the Class 1 F-550. The OEM stereo radio module includes other electronics and controls	This is for a stand alone PA system and as such is not
in the front (audible to the driver and front passengers) and two (2) speakers mounted in the top rear wall of the bus. Suggested sources: OEM		Please accept a remote mounted P/A system in	
i Option 1: An AM/FM stereo radio system shall be installed in the dashboard area within reach of the driver. At a minimum, the stereo system shall have an illuminated or LCD display along with controls for power, tuning, volume, and the ability to turn off sound to the rear speakers. A total of four (4) speakers shall be installed in the bus with two (2) speakers mounted		Please accept the OEM am/fm stereo in the Class 1 F-550. The OEM stereo radio module includes other electronics and controls other non-radio functions so it cannot be removed.	Suggested source is the OEM radio.
m. Stereo/Radio and Public Address System		Diagram and the OFM of the state of the City	
ix The modesty panel behind the driver shall be used for radio mounting and shall be constructed to support 60 pounds of weight. To provide for radio mounting, a 5" minimum distance shall be provided between the driver's seat and the modesty panel when the driver's seat is in its most rearward travel position.			
viii A split loom or other flexible wire race-way (1" minimum) shall be installed from the radio location to the dash mounted microphone control location.			harvage.
vii Two (2) 12 volt ignition feeds shall be provided.		Please provide additional detail for what you require.	Two ignition feeds shall be provided at the same location as the 12v battery feed wire for the two-way radio prep package.
vi 12-Volt Power for the Two-Way Radio - The positive lead (red 8 ga wire fused at 40 amperes) for the radio connection shall be provided directly from the battery positive post. The ground lead (black, 8 ga) shall be connected directly to the chassis frame with a bolt, external tooth lock washers, and nut for fastening. Proper suppression equipment shall be incorporated in the bus's electrical system to eliminate interference with radio and television transmission and reception shall not cause interference with any electronic system on the bus. The radio power and ground leads shall terminate directly behind the driver's seat with 12 feet of extra length extending into the bus interior.			
V A concealed thin wall plastic conduit, 5/8* I.D. minimum, (with antenna cable pull wire) shall extend from the antenna mounting plate locations (roof and above side window or in front cap) to the mounting location for the radio. When installed, the conduit shall have no sharp or right angle bends or be distorted to prevent insertion of the antenna lead. For both antenna mounting plate locations, sufficient space shall be left at each end of the conduit to allow easy removal and replacement of the devices attached to the cable. The antenna pull wire shall terminate behind the driver's seat with 2 feet of extra length extending into the bus interior.			
For buses with FRP composite bodies the screw-type access holes may be installed in the front cap of the bus, one centered in the roof section of the cap and one centered in the left side section of the cap. Adequate space shall be provided between the installed access cover and the inner body to allow for routing of the antenna lead and its connections without interference.			
The interior ceiling forward of the roof escape hatch. For buses with metal exterior skin directly to the left (driver's) side above the side window line of the bus.			
at the following antenna mounting plate locations:			
iv Two threaded type access holes with covers approximately 6* in diameter shall be installed			
iii Two (2) antenna ground planes, which are required for proper antenna operation, shall be mounted in each bus. All ground planes shall be radio frequency (RF) grounded to the chassis structure using high corrosion resistance and high conductivity braided ground straps of the proper size (3/8" minimum width). Ground planes shall provide a comparable area of radio transmission coverage whether buses have a metal exterior body covering or have a FRP composite exterior. At each antenna access opening and mounting plate area, the ground planes shall be of proper size and shape for proper communication operations. The ground planes shall be a solid piece and operate over the range of frequencies from 43 Mhz to 900 Mhz. The ground plane material used by the manufacturer must be a durable material that can be connected to the antenna mounting plate and grounded to the chassis frame. The ground plane shall be of the proper size to protect passengers in the bus from unnecessary radiation from the transmitting antenna at the bus's antenna access openings.			
ii Two (2) antenna mounting plates (.060° steel minimum) shall be mounted in the roof of the bus for the purpose of providing a connection to the ground plane and providing a secure mount for the antenna. On buses with a metal exterior skin, one plate shall be mounted forward of the roof escape hatch on the roof center line and the second plate shall be mounted to the left (driver's side) of the first plate just above the bus side window. For buses with FRP composite bodies, the mounting plates may be installed in the front cap of the bus-one centered in the roof section of the cap and one centered in the left (driver's) side section of the cap. Each mounting plate must be properly positioned in relation to its ground plane to ensure proper operation of an antenna installed at that mounting point. The total thickness of the exterior shell of the bus in the mounting plate area including the mounting plate shall be no more than ½°.			

iv Option 4: Additional speakers shall be offered at locations requested by the ordering agency.				
n. Entrance Stepwell Heater				
The entrance stepwell shall include a 12-volt electric heating element/unit for the lower step to prevent icing of entrance steps. The low voltage step heater shall consist of one or more wire elements laminated and vulcanized between two plies of .026° silicone rubber impregnated fiberglass cloth to maintain an approximate temperature of 160° F with a low temperature (30°F) sensing switch (Warm Welcome® by Lighthouse International, Ltd.). The entire lower step heating unit with power wires shall be enclosed between the stepwell and the step tread (beneath the step tread) of the lower step. Lead wires shall be loomed, supported by brackets, and protected by grommets where they pass through structure. The heaters shall be thermostatically controlled.			Request approval of Ultra Heat electric stepwell heater as approved equal. It also includes thermostatic controls. See Exhibit P.	Approved, The State will accept Ultra Heat as an approved alternate provided it meets all required salient characteristics.
Electric Driveline Brake (Retarder)				
The bus shall be equipped with a self-air-cooled eddy current electric driveline brake (retarder). Main components of the brake shall be electromagnets (brake coils) fixed to the bus frame, two vented rotors, and a controller. The brake shall be mounted between the transmission and the rear axle. The brake shall be of sufficient capacity to match the bus GVWR. The brake control that energizes the brake coils shall be either electronic or mechanical and be compatible with ABS brakes (retarder deactivates when ABS controls wheel rotation). The controller shall be activated by stage switches engaged by brake pedal movement. Suggested sources: Telma				
p. Seating (Additions and Deductions)				
i On buses with a rear exit window, forward facing seating for five passengers shall replace two double place forward facing seats at the rear wall of the passenger compartment increasing the passenger capacity by one. The five passenger seating shall be available for buses without a lift or with the lift forward of the rear axle (no wheelchair lift and/or securement location at the rear of the bus). The five passenger seat shall be 88" minimum width and shall not be equipped with grab handles. ii The Ordering entity shall have the ability to add or deduct seats from the provided floor plans. iii All additional transit style seats shall be of the same design and color as the other passenger seats, shall be equipped with passenger seat belts, and shall meet requirements stated in section 8. Body Structure and Exterior Panels, subsection 16. Driver's Seats, and subsection 19. Seat material.			The Class 1 Ford F-550 MY2020 will have an all	
Gasoline: In lieu of a diesel engine on the medium class one chassis, the engine shall be a gasoline V10, fuel injected, (6.8 litre) minimum	will be required and will also impact bus manufacturer in Compressor bracket, requiring redesign, re-tooling and manuant of time. The MY20 F-550 will also change for F-550 MY19 order bank closed 4/5/19 so MY19 availability production is targeted for late November / early December 18 weeks ARO), bus manufacturer redesign time, test ve testing, wait time depending on spot in Altoona test que,	upfitting. We also expect it to affect the secondary AC nanufacturing changes, all of which will take an unknown from a 6 speed transmission to an all-new 10 speed. for Michigan orders will be short lived. F-550 MY20 start of 2019. Considering MY20 chassis availability (typically 16-ehicle build time, scheduling of expected partial Altoona, actual Altoona testing / reporting, and time for new AC ustomers might not occur until late 2020 or even into 2021. Ind could significantly impact bid / contract pricing.	new 7.3L V8 gas engine and all new 10 speed transmission. Please see Excel file titled "Questions RF1 19000001579 Midwest Transit" Q#2 for details and issues.	Approved, the State will accept the OEM 7.3L V8 gasoline engine. Acknowledged, There may delays in delivery of Ford F550 chassis due to manfacturer engine and transmission changes
ii Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG) or Compressed Natural Gas (CNG): In lieu of a diesel engine on the medium class one chassis. The bus shall accept liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) or compressed natural gas (CNG) application if required for fleet compliance by federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) alternate fuel application guidelines. The engine/chassis shall include a gaseous fuel preparation package and the cylinder heads shall have hardened valve seats. LPG systems shall be either bi-fuel or dedicated LPG per ordering entity choice. All LPG and CNG conversions shall maintain OEM powertrain warranties.	3		Please provide tank capacity in (GGE Gasoline gallon Equivalent). This will impact system cost which can vary significantly. Capacity requirements will dictate number of tanks and sizes. This will also have a significant impact on weight calculations and floor plan limitations.	Minimum of 67 GGE
iii On buses ordered with alternate fuels options (LPG, CNG, etc.) auxiliary heater systems installed shall meet the same specifications for the systems operating on diesel fuel.	The option for alternative fuel CNG or LPG does require a system. The issue we have is that we cannot find a source	gasoline engine. We understand the additional diesel fuel ta that is willing to design, and test an auxiliary fuel tank on th	e bus for this purpose. To meet Federal standards	
Additionally, a diesel fuel tank shall be added with a minimum working capacity of 8 gallons with a 1 gallon reserve. All heated air models shall have a 12-volt heater booster pump installed in the coolant line forward of the first rear heater. Additional equipment needed for auxiliary heater shall be included in the option. Suggested sources: Bergstrom 863040	the bus would need to at a minimum go through FMVSS302 to go through all of this engineering and testing. Typically I all been tested in the bus. Since these would be either a C	2 and FMVSS303 testing to certify the tank system. However, the OEM fuel tank that comes on the chassis is used to supplied or LPG conversion, the OEM tanks whether they be gat section be removed or modified to state that no auxiliary fur source option (CNG/LPG) is selected.	ply fuel to the heater system and these tanks have s or diesel are removed. So they are not available	
Additionally, a diesel fuel tank shall be added with a minimum working capacity of 8 gallons with a 1 gallon reserve. All heated air models shall have a 12-volt heater booster pump installed in the coolant line forward of the first rear heater. Additional equipment needed for auxiliary heater	the bus would need to at a minimum go through FMVSS302 to go through all of this engineering and testing. Typically I all been tested in the bus. Since these would be either a C	the OEM fuel tank that comes on the chassis is used to supp CNG or LPG conversion, the OEM tanks whether they be gas a section be removed or modified to state that no auxiliary fu	ply fuel to the heater system and these tanks have s or diesel are removed. So they are not available	Clarification, if a CNG/LPG powered auxiliary heater is

I An interior "Stop Requested" sign, chime, and driver signal activation system shall be installed, and activated by 1/8" diameter yellow cord mounted on the side wall even with the bottom of the tip-in-transom portion of the windows. Signal touch buttons mounted in an ADA mandated wheelchair accessible area shall be no higher than 4' above the floor, with no exposed wiring. A single "stop request" chime shall sound when the system is first activated and a tell-tale light indicator on the driver console will stay light continuously until the passenger door is opened. A double chime shall sound when the system is first activated from wheelchair passenger areas.			
ii A "Stop Requested" message in Helvetica medium red letters on a clear plexiglass background shall be illuminated when the passenger "Stop Requested" system is activated. The "Stop Requested" message shall remain visible until doors are opened. The sign unit shall be flush mounted on the front destination compartment door and the message shall be visible to the seated operator and all seated passengers. The operator shall be able to deactivate the signal system from the operator's area as well as automatic deactivation each time the passenger door is opened.			
u. Back-up Sensor System			
A rear back-up sensor system shall be installed with a minimum of four water-resistant and corrosion resistant sensors flush-mounted to the rear bumper (painted to match the bumper). The system shall automatically engage when the vehicle is in reverse and warm of objects and/or people up to a distance of seven feet (minimum). The system shall utilize an LED monitor, mounted within view of the driver, which displays the distance (in feet) from the object(s). The system shall also emit a pulsating alarm or beep that is audible to the driver as the vehicle approaches the object(s) and then the system shall emit a steady alarm within at a minimum of 1.5 feet from the object(s). Suggested Sources: Ackton Transportation Technologies, American Road Products, Intermotive Hawkeye	Please approve the Rosco BSSK1001 back up sensor system. A brochure detailing the system is attached.	In lieu of suggested sources, please accept a Rosco BSSK1001. See Exhibit Q.	Approved, The State will accept the Rosco BSSK1001 as an approved alternate.
v. Video Surveillance System			
i The onboard digital video surveillance system shall include a six channel (minimum) mobile rated digital video recorder (DVR) that can be configured for a one to six camera system. The onboard DVR System shall include a lockable/removable one (1) terabyte (minimum) hard disk drive caddy. USB data ports, a 10/100base-T Ethernet port, eight vehicle sensor inputs, a GPS input and one accelerometer input. The DVR shall begin recording at the start of the "engine run" switch of the vehicle or be programmable to begin recording at a specified time prior to "engine run" switch being activated. The DVR can remain functional up to 99 minutes after the ignition has been turned off, and shall record continuously without operator assistance. The DVR shall be able to retrieve video by alarm, calendar based date, time and camera search functions. The DVR shall be capable of a display resolution configurable up to 1080p The DVR shall be constructed with a rugged outer housing that protects against shock, moisture and dust.			
ii An accelerometer shall document hard breaking and other erratic driving events. A panic button or event marker shall also be installed within reach and view of the driver.			
iii Sensors shall record bus signals including turn, hazards lights, and lift operations at a minimum.			
iv A GPS receiver shall continuously monitor bus location, heading, and speed, as well as configurable and automatic time and date synchronization.			
v Microsoft [®] Windows compliant viewing software shall be included with the first bus delivered to the agency. Software shall be able to view and search video from the hard drive, display a GPS map, graph speed, and save the videos.			
vi Interior and exterior cameras shall be full color, high definition, wide angle (minimum 120°) infrared and shall supply an image that is clear and stable, free from vibration. Images shall be able to be used to positively identify a passenger riding in a vehicle. The interior cameras shall also have a high sensitivity microphone. Ordering agencies shall have the flexibility to position cameras. Below is a list of interior locations and optional cameras:			
 Two Camera System: A two camera system shall be provided capturing the driver, passengers, stepwell, and farebox/donation box at a minimum. 			
Four Camera System: The four camera system shall include the camera locations listed in option one and include a cameras capturing wheelchair lift and a rear passengers at a minimum.			
3. Six Camera System: A six camera system shall include an eight channel (minimum) DVR and a one (1) terabyte minimum hard drive. Camera locations shall be the same as the two and four camera systems with the addition of another interior camera (located at the request of the ordering agency) and an exterior camera facing forward capturing the passenger door.			
 Additional Interior Cameras: Ordering agencies shall have the ability to order additional cameras and select a location at time of order. Additional cameras shall include all additional wiring and mounting hardware. 			
Exterior Cameras: Ordering agencies shall have the ability to order exterior cameras and select a location at time of order. Additional cameras shall include all additional wiring and mounting hardware. De life 5			
Suggested sources: Radio Engineering Incorporated (REI) Bus Watch, SEON, Safety Vision, AngelTrax			
w. Video Surveillance Preparation Package			
i A video surveillance preparation package shall be offered (less cameras and digital video recorder system) allowing for one to four camera locations. The preparation package shall include the installation of camera wiring or conduit, DVR electrical connections, location for the DVR, and access covers for camera mounting/locations. Ordering agency shall specify the camera system to use and have the flexibility to position cameras.			

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c. The contractor shall ensure that all basic production operations, as well as other processing and fabricating, are performed under controlled conditions. Establishment of these controlled conditions shall be based on the documented work instructions, adequate production equipment, and special work environments if necessary. A system for final inspection and test of completed ransit buses shall be provided by the quality assurance organization. It shall measure the overall quality of each completed bus. A system shall be maintained by the quality assurance organization for identifying the inspection status of components and completed transit buses. Inspection for identifying the inspection status of components and completed transit buses dentification may include cards, tags, or other quality control devices. Inspection stations shall be at the best locations to provide for the work content and characteristics to be inspected. Stations shall provide the facilities and equipment to inspect structural, electrical, hydraulic, and other components and assemblies for compliance with the design requirements. Stations shall also be at the best locations to inspect or test characteristics before they are concealed by subsequent fabrication or assembly operations. These locations shall minimally include, as oractical, under-body structure completion, body framing completion, body prior to paint preparation, water test before interior trim and insulation installation, engine installation completion, under-body dress-up and completion, bus prior to final paint touch-up, bus prior to coad test, bus final road completion and presentation to resident inspectors. Tests shall be performed by the bus manufacturer to ensure that the unit is dustproof, water-tight, fumeproof, and that all bus fluids are per specifications. The quality assurance organization shall be responsible for presenting the completed bus to the resident inspectors. Sufficiently trained or conformance with the qualified bus design.		
d. The State and/or the Ordering Entity may be represented at the contractor's plant by resident inspectors. They shall monitor, in the contractor's plant, the manufacture of transit buses built under this procurement. The contractor shall provide office space for the resident inspectors in close proximity to the final assembly area. This office space shall be equipped with desks, hairs, outside and interplant telephones, and other items sufficient to accommodate the resident inspector staff. Inspectors shall have lifting equipment available for raising vehicles for under vehicle inspections.		
3) Air Conditioning Certification		
a. The bus manufacturer shall provide air conditioning system performance certification at Jelivery (conducted by an independent laboratory, or testing agency, or the air conditioner manufacturer and supported by documentation of the actual test on the pilot model bus) that the air conditioning system installed in the bus meets or exceeds performance levels required by hese specifications. Tests shall be performed on all classes of buses.		
b. The air conditioning system performance testing shall be conducted using a heating chamber of sufficient size to contain the basic bus, to heat soak the bus at 100°F for 4 hours minimum, to simulate sun load entering windshield, and to maintain 100°F exterior temperature continuously after heat soak during testing. Four hour soak will commence once bus internal temperature reaches 100°F. An interior temperature of 72°F (±3°F) must be reached within 30 minutes from the beginning of the test. Engine speed shall be maintained at 1300 RPM (± 200 RPM) during the test.		
c. Instrumentation for temperature monitoring of the bus interior shall be a minimum of 3 points in the passenger area 30° above the floor - one in driver's area, and one at the mid-point of the bus, and one at the rear seat area. Evaporators' air inlet and air outlet temperatures shall be recorded. Instrumentation and recording equipment shall be able to monitor all points, record data at one minute intervals, and print a data report.		
4) Heating/Ventilating Certification		
a. The bus manufacturer shall provide test results at delivery, that certify the performance of he heating/ventilating system as installed in the bus meets or exceeds performance levels required by these specifications. Tests shall be performed on all classes of buses. The test should be conducted by an independent laboratory or testing agency and supported by documentation of the actual tests on the pilot model bus. Testing may be performed in natural cold climate conditions. Testing of the diesel engine equipped bus shall be deemed sufficient. Tests shall be performed on all classes of buses.		
b. The bus will be cold soaked at $0^{\circ}F$ (+/- $3^{\circ}F$) for 4 hours minimum. An exterior temperature of $0^{\circ}F$ (+/- $3^{\circ}F$) shall be maintained during the test. An interior temperature of $64^{\circ}F$ (+/- $3^{\circ}F$) must be reached within 30 minutes from the beginning of the test. Engine speed shall be maintained at 1300 RPM (+/- 200 RPM) during the test. No dynamometer will be used.		
c. Instrumented monitoring for the bus interior temperature to determine pass/fail, shall be a minimum of three points located front, center, and rear in the passenger area 30" above the loor. Additional monitoring points shall be; one in driver's area at knee level 22" above the floor, at front heater's air inlets and air outlets, and at rear heater's air inlets and air outlets. Other emperature monitoring points shall be: engine operating (coolant) at radiator; engine outlet to ear heater; rear heater return to engine; and exterior ambient.		
d. Coolant flow shall be monitored from the engine outlet to the heaters only. Supplemental neat shall be supplied to raise engine to normal operating temperature. Supplemental heat shall be engaged 60 minutes prior to the start of the test. Instrumentation and recording equipment shall be able to monitor all points, record data at one minute intervals, and print a data report.		
5) Purchaser Inspection		

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The State and/or the Ordering Entity reserves the right and shall be at liberty to inspect all material and workmanship at all times during the progress of the work, and shall have the right to reject all material and workmanship which do not conform to the specifications or accepted practice. Where a resident inspector is used, upon the request to the quality assurance supervisor, the resident inspectors shall have access to the Contractor's quality assurance files related to this procurement. These files shall include drawings, material standards, parts lists, inspection processing and records, and record of defects.				
6) Warranty				
a. Warranty shall become effective on the date the bus is placed into service by the purchaser. Warranty service performed at the manufacturer's facilities at the manufacturer's request shall have all costs covered by the manufacturer. Warranty for the bus shall be the following as a minimum:				
b. Two (2) years unlimited mileage on chassis.	years/36,000 miles bumper to bumper, Powertrain is 5 ye and for chassis with diesel engine, warranty on engine is 5 'warranty' available. We ask that this section be amende manufacturer. Freightliner warranty is much more complic units under this procurement will be demand response use different types of u See Exhibit S for more details. Due to the complexity of	Ford for class 1 and Freightliner for class 2) do not offer this arar/s60,000 miles, safety restraint system (driver) is 5 years/ years/100,000 miles. See Exhibit R from Fords warranty gued to reflect the actual warranty offered by Ford, or simply at ated. Warranty coverage offered by the chassis manufactue and others will be fixed route (destination signs, PA/Stop r is se and as such some parts of their OEM chassis warranty of various manufacturers' warranties, we request and suggest the OEM's (regardless of make) published warranty terms.	60,000 miles, corrosion is 5 years unlimited miles dide that verifies this information. There is no other coept the OEM warranty as offered by the chassis er is first based on type of use. For example some equest etc.) use. Freightliner views these as totally the different.	Approved, The State will accept the respective chassis manufacturer's warranty.
c. OEM warranty on transmission.				
C. OEM warranty on transmission. d. OEM warranty on engine.				
	 			
e. Three (3) years on body structure, exterior and paint.	There are two suggested sources identified. We are are	posing the Braun (recommended source) lifts for this procure	amont. While it is possible to most the 19 months	
f. Eighteen (18) months on lift.	time frame, the lift manufacturer also has a limitation or section for the Braun lifts be amended to read 3 years or 1 spelled out in Exhibit T . For Ricon lifts, their warranty	posing the brain (vectorinnerhoed source) links proceed in number of cycles as part of the warranty. See Exhibit T fo 0,000 cycles. This will require vendor to submit warranty ca is 1 year on certain parts/labor and 5 years on power train p of to accept the warranties as issued by the lift manufacturers	or Braun's written warranty. We suggest that this rds in a timely manner to get the extra coverage as arts. See Exhibit U. We ask that this section be	Approved, The State will accept the manufacturer's warranty or the 18 month, whichever is greater.
g. All wiring shall be warranted for one 1 year from date of delivery.				
h. Manufacturer's standard warranty of one (1) year, minimum, on other add-on components and items.				
i. The chassis, body, and all add-on components shall be warranted by the successful				
contractor. 7) Miscellaneous				
1) miscellatieous				
a. The Contractor shall furnish the State with the delivery schedule of chassis to the Contractor and a delivery date of completed buses within 30 calendar days from date of order.				
b. Any in-line equipment changes shall have prior written approval of the State.				
c. The Contractor shall supply the bus turning radius: wheel-to-wheel and wall-to-wall.				
d. The Contractor shall furnish warranty procedure instructions and necessary forms used by customers to obtain necessary warranty repairs.				
e. The manufacturer(s) shall produce as the pilot model the first bus ordered by the State for its transit agencies. The bus shall be: 1) lift equipped, 2) air conditioned, and 3) the largest size on request by the transit agencies. All necessary testing and equipment placement shall be performed on the pilot models before final inspection/acceptance by the State (see Schedule A Statement of Work, section 7.4 Final Acceptance). The pilot model shall serve as a standard for the following units as ordered but shall not relieve the contractor from an obligation to manufacture all units in compliance with all specifications.				
Bid Documents The bidder shall supply the following with the bid quotation and class of bus (if				
applicable). Failure to submit could result in a bid disqualification: a. The Michigan request for proposal (RFP) and bus specification forms completed in detail.				
b. Bus floor plans indicating dimensions and showing the interior layout of the bus. The plan shall include wheelchair placement, stanchion locations, engineering calculated loaded bus axle weights, and be drawn to scale for all configurations.				
Detailed engineering drawing for the design of the entrance door and door-opening device.				
d. Detailed engineering drawing for the design of the entrance step configuration.				
Roof, sidewall, and flooring drawings showing structure and structural specifications indicating metal size and type used. Include side sheathing and inside panels.				
f. Manufacturer's chassis description (specifications).				
Detailed engineering drawings of the body to chassis frame mounting. h. All bidders must supply manufacturer's technical specifications for wheelchair lifts and				
 All bidders must supply manufacturer's technical specifications for wheelchair lifts and wheelchair restraints. Manufacturer's sales literature is acceptable if it contains the technical specifications. 				
The warranties for body, chassis, and drive train.				
j. If applicable, as required by Title 49 of the CFR, Part 663 – Subpart D, a copy of the manufacturer's self-certification information concerning the bus's compliance with relevant Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (pre-award)				

k. A copy of the Bus Rollover Protection Test (FMVSS 220) results of the bus offered as specified in the bid.			
Completed Schedule C - Federal Transit Administration (FTA) contract clauses shall be attached to bid quotation.			
m. Buy America analysis of manufacturer's list of component and subcomponent parts (pre-award).			
n. The technical data sheet including flammability and smoke emissions for the seat covering material supplied.			
Seat frame Salt Spray, humidity and impact resistance tests' results			
p. Certification test data showing that the seats, the seat belts, and the installation are in compliance with FMVSS-207, 208, 209, and 210 where applicable for the bus model being offered in this bid.			
q. Technical data sheet for the seat cushion foam supplied.			
r. Certification that the wiring and the switches for air conditioning and all add-on components are adequate to withstand transient loads expected.			
s. Proof of valid motor vehicle dealer licensing from state, county, or municipality.			
t. A copy of the dealer agreement between the Bus Manufacturer and the designated bidder.			
u. Certification that the bus model offered is a 7 year or 200,000 mile (medium class one or two) or 10 years/350,000 mile (medium-heavy class) bus and will meet the requirements of Federal Register Rules and Regulations 49 CFR Part 665, Bus Testing Program. Stating from § 665.13 Test Report and Manufacturer Certification, Section (b)(1), "A manufacturer of a new bus model or a bus produced with a major change in component or configuration shall provide a copy of the test report to a recipient during the point in the procurement process specified by the recipient".		Suggest deleting 10 years/350,000 miles (medium-heavy duty class) bus since this does not apply.	Approved, 10 year/350,000 mile Medium Heavy bus does not apply to this RFP.
v. Certification for 480-hour salt spray test per ASTM procedure B-117.			
w. Certification for 1,000-hour salt spray test per ASTM procedure B-117.			
x. 480 hour ASTM D2247 Humidity Resistance test.			
y. FULL Altoona Test Report.			
z. Schedule D - Affidavit for Driver Delivery			