

Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA)

Housing Initiatives Division (HID)

RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY

REHABILITATION STANDARDS

The MSHDA-HID Single-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standard is a template for creating a minimum performance standard for a rehab program. The (standard) is a guide for decision-making—about what specifications should be applied in what situations to produce uniformly safe, decent, durable and high-performing homes. NOTE: MSHDA-HID Single Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards do not replace any MSHDA-HID Policies but shall be considered inclusive of the Policies.

MSHDA-HID Single-Family Housing Rehabilitation Specifications are designed to give clear directions to contractors in work write-ups that are incorporated in rehabilitation contracts. The standard is a tool designed to accurately identify items to include in the more detailed work write-up that becomes part of the contract documents.

The standards with the suffix **[GREEN STANDARD]** were added and intended to be used for including “green-build” improvements that follow national green building standards such as LEED and the Enterprise Green Communities Criteria. All repairs and replacements must be comply with 2015 Michigan Residential Code,

This document is a template and, as such, customization is required regionally throughout Michigan. In the process of customization, you should adapt these documents to your local climate, housing stock and program goals. Users should consider the following factors in their customization:

Building types that may differ

- Costs and budget considerations
- Zoning codes
- Housing codes
- Regulatory requirements
- Climate
- Marketability
- Local product availability

This Standard is designed to be used with one- to four-unit dwellings of three stories or less. Some of the standards might apply to multifamily properties, but in most locations, multifamily

properties are generally subject to more stringent life-safety code and other code requirements, and often have more complex requirements for egress, common areas, parking and mechanical systems.

These standards often describe the minimum requirements in a variety of ways including:

- Remaining useful life of a component such as a roof
- The referencing of other standards such as the ASHRAE 62.2 standard for ventilation
- Minimum requirements for the materials used such as insulation or plumbing fixtures
- The minimum quantity of a component that is acceptable such as lineal feet of countertop in a kitchen
- The requirements of regulatory agencies such as the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); Housing or Zoning Codes; federal, State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and local Historic Preservation requirements, Occupational Safety and Health Act. (OSHA) and Lead Paint & Healthy Homes Section of Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH)
- The requirements of funders such as HUD (HOME, NSP) or local governments, including the Environmental Review process.

This template provides an example of a standard but does not capture the specific requirements of your locale or housing program. The successful implementation of the Single-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standard requires research into the various regulatory requirements of your program, an analysis of your local market to determine standard treatments, and a clear vision of your project budgets. Careful review is required for every section of the document to ensure it reflects the requirements of your organization's programs, clients, housing stock and climate.

In the MSHDA-HID Single-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standard, you will typically find both a Repair Standard and a Replacement Standard for each category of component listed. The Repair Standard defines how to meet the standard by repairing the respective component. The Replacement Standard defines how to meet the standard when replacing or installing the respective new component. There are limited instances where only one standard applies.

Throughout the document you will see a symbol - **[GREEN STANDARD]**. This symbol represents a standard that accomplishes one or more of the following:

- Conserve water
- Conserve energy
- Provide the resident with a healthier living environment
- Reduce impact on the natural environment
- Create a more sustainable product lifetime

In order to access further and more detailed information, hyperlinks to useful web sites are

included in this document. They can serve as a valuable resource.

Format of the MSHDA-HID Single-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standard

- Mission and Housing Values
- Applicable Laws and Regulations
- Categories of Standards:
 - Health & Safety
 - Site
 - Exterior Building Surfaces
 - Foundations & Structure
 - Windows & Doors
 - Roofing
 - Insulation & Ventilation
 - Interior Standards
 - Electric
 - Plumbing System
 - HVAC
 - Appliances

Mission and Housing Values

MSHDA-HID provides financial and technical assistance through public and private partnerships to create and preserve decent, affordable housing for low-and moderate-income residents and to engage in activities to revitalize urban and rural communities.

The ranking of primary considerations from the program's mission is as follows:

1. Health and Safety
2. Performance and durability
3. Neighborhood Housing Type and Form Planning Development
4. Historically Sensitive Exteriors
5. Affordable Operating Cost & Energy Efficiency
6. Downtown Core Community Housing and Mix-Use Development
7. Environmental Impact
8. Neighborhood Site Conditions
9. Neighborhood Pride and Image Building
10. Life cycle cost
11. Balanced initial cost

Applicable Laws and Regulations

MSHDA-HID intends to construct and maintain homes in full compliance with the following

statutory and regulatory requirements:

- HUD Environmental Review: Site Specific
- Building Code: 2015 Michigan Residential Code and/or 2012 Michigan Building Code (1 to 4 Unit Dwellings)
- Rehabilitation Code: 2012 Michigan Rehabilitation Code For Existing Buildings
- Energy: 2009 Michigan Uniform Energy Code
- Housing Ordinance: The local housing ordinances
- Lead Paint: Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing
- HAZMAT: HUD requirements for specific programs such as, asbestos, lead, and confined entry when applicable
- Accessibility: ANSI 117.1 standards for accessibility by MSHDA-HID Policies and Guidance
- Exceptions: On a case-by-case basis, deviations from the minimum requirements of this standard will be permitted with written and dated approval of the appropriate division or agency

Health & Safety

Contaminants [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs.
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 20 years
<p>All materials installed will meet the following standards to minimize the presence of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and Formaldehyde:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All paints and primers must meet the most recent South Coast Air Quality Management District. Rule 1113 all adhesives and sealants (including caulks) must comply with Rule 1168 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District. http://www.aqmd.gov/rules/reg/reg11/r1168.pdf • All composite wood products (plywood, PSC, MDF, cabinetry, etc.) particleboard components will meet ANSI A208.1 for formaldehyde emission limits, or all exposed edges and sides will be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a factory-applied, low-VOC sealant prior to installation. 	

Lead Based Paint (LBP) [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs.
<p>For all houses constructed prior to 1978 and federal fund Investment of \$5,000 or more, grantees must perform a Combination Inspection/Risk Assessment. Post Rehabilitation Clearance Testing Protocol and associated sampling must be submitted to an EPA-accredited lead analytical laboratory and the dust samples must pass a dust wipe test for lead content as per the protocol in the HUD Guidelines. <u>All lead based paint or hazard reduction activities must be conducted by appropriate certified firm for the work being conducted (lead abatement, interim controls, and EPA lead safe renovations. See:</u></p>	

<http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/>

Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 20 yrs.
When stabilization of surfaces containing LBP is impractical, the most affordable solution for abatement of the component will be chosen. Walls containing LBP may be covered with drywall or gutted and replaced with drywall. Trim and other wood or metal components containing LBP may be removed and replaced with similar materials. Lead-safe work practices must be followed, and only <u>Certified Lead Abatement Contractors</u> used to perform the work.	

Asbestos [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
Non-friable intact Asbestos materials that are not creating a hazard and will not be disturbed such as cementitious exterior wall shingles may be left intact and painted if appropriate. Asbestos-resilient floor tiles may be labeled as such and covered with underlayment and new resilient flooring.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life NA
Friable asbestos components such as boiler or pipe insulation, badly deteriorated cementitious shingles or deteriorated flooring will be removed and, if necessary, replaced with non-hazardous materials. Asbestos work practices must be followed, and only <u>Certified Asbestos Abatement Contractors</u> used to perform the work.	

Radon [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs.
All housing in this program will be subject to a "Short Term" Radon Test, and if the result is a reading of 4 pCi/L or higher, a follow-up "Short Term" test will be performed. When a second test is required, average the results. If the average is above 4 pCi/L, remediation will be required. Refer to 2015 Michigan Residential Code – Appendix F for EPA map of Radon zones.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 20 yrs.
If, as a result of the testing above, there is a presence of Radon at or above the 4 pCi/L level, remediation will be undertaken per the EPA guidance in their Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction. Http://www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/consguid.html	

Mold [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
Any presence of mold is unacceptable and must be addressed per the National Center for Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy Home."	

http://www.nchh.org/Portals/0/Contents/FloodCleanupGuide_screen_.pdf

Replacement Standard	Minimum Life NA
All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall coverings or any other non-structural components with mold present will be removed and replaced. The National Center for Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy Home" will be followed for remediation of structural components.	

Fire Safety - Egress	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
NA	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life NA
Egress windows are required in all new sleeping and living areas unless other secondary means of escape requirements are met. The egress windows shall have a net clear opening of not less than 5.7 square feet. The net clear height opening shall be not less than 24 inches and the new clear width shall be not less than 20 inches. The minimum dimensions for egress window clear openings are 20" wide by 24" tall, with a clear opening of 5.7 square feet. No bedrooms should be created in attics or basements unless they meet 2015 Michigan Residential Code egress requirements	

Fire and CO Alarms [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 10 years
Existing fire and smoke, carbon monoxide and security systems that meet code will be repaired to operating condition.	
Replacement Standard	
Directly wired smoke detectors are required on each floor level and in all bedrooms. Wireless smoke detectors may be used on Rehabilitation Projects only if approved by the Local Building Inspector and/or Fire Chief. CO detectors are required with all fuel-burning furnaces and water heaters in sleep areas and on each floor level.	

Site

Grading [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs.

All grading adjacent to the building and for a distance of at least 10 feet away from the building will slope away from the structure at a pitch of at least 1 inch per foot. All bare earth will be reseeded or sod will be installed to cover. Finish grade should be a minimum of 8" below any wood structure and/or finishes.	
Replacement Standard	
NA	

Outbuildings	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs.
Unsafe and blighted structures, including outbuildings, will be removed if it is not financially feasible to complete the repairs required to make them structurally sound, leak-free, with lead hazards stabilized. Detached garages should have operable and lockable doors and windows.	
Replacement Standard	
Outbuilding replacement is permitted in this program on a case by case basis.	

Fencing	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 yrs.
Fencing on property lines is preferred. If repairs are needed, replacing sections in kind is permissible if the budget permits.	
Replacement Standard	
Replacement of deteriorated fencing is encouraged but only should be undertaken if the budget permits. The style of fencing should be similar with neighborhood area.	

Paving And Walks [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs.
Essential paving, such as front sidewalks and driveways with minor defects, will be repaired to match. Tripping hazards greater than ¼" must be addressed. Non-essential unusable, paving, such as sidewalks, will be removed and appropriately landscaped.	
Replacement Standard	
Un-repairable essential walks and driveways will be replaced with permeable paving when financially feasible or concrete per City Ordinance. Handicapped-accessible ramps are an eligible expense however the design/style of such ramps must be MSHDA-HID approved.	

Trees and Shrubbery [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 yrs
Trees that are dead, dying, or hazardous will be removed. Removal will include cutting close to the ground, grinding of the stump to 12 inches below the finished grade, installation of topsoil and re-seeding.	
Replacement Standard	
Replacement trees and shrubs are permitted if economically feasible and must be selected from the Michigan State Extension Service list of local, drought-resistant and non-invasive plant materials. In placement of trees, attention should be paid to shading the house to reduce air conditioning costs. Also, trees should be located a sufficient distance from foundations, sidewalls, walkways, driveways, patios and sidewalks in order to avoid future damage from root growth and branches brushing against the structure. Setbacks from structures should typically exceed half of the canopy diameter of a full-grown example of the species.	

Lawn [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 1 yrs.
Bare section of lawn will be reseeded with Michigan State Extension Service-recommended, drought-resistant varieties	
Replacement Standard	
Wholesale replacement of lawn grasses is allowed on a case by case basis. Over-seeding is permitted with Michigan State Extension Service-recommended, drought-resistant varieties	

Exterior Building Surfaces

Exterior Cladding [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 10 years
Siding and trim will be intact and weatherproof. All exterior wood components will have a minimum of one continuous coat of paint or stain, and no exterior painted or color stained surface will have deterioration. Buildings designated as Historic, will have existing Exterior Cladding repaired in kind. New exterior materials will blend with existing.	
Replacement Standard	
Buildings not designated as Historic may have siding replaced with vinyl siding to match the existing configuration. If replaced, soffit material will be vented/perforated vinyl or aluminum. New wood components will be FSC certified. http://www.fsc.org/	

Exterior Porches	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years

Deteriorated concrete porches will be repaired when possible. Unsafe wood porch components will be repaired with readily available materials to conform closely to historically accurate porches in the neighborhood. Porch repairs will be structurally sound, with smooth and even decking surfaces. Deteriorated structural components will be replaced with non-decay type material, size and material profile will be replicated.

Replacement Standard

Porches on building designated as historic will be rebuilt to conform closely to historically accurate porches in the neighborhood. Decks on non-historic porches will be replaced with non-decay material, size and material profile will be replicated. Replaced railings will meet code and appropriate porch type/style. Replaced structural components will be non-decay type material.

Exterior Railings

Repair Standard

Minimum Life 5 years

Existing handrails will be structurally sound. Guard rails are required on any accessible area with a walking surface over 30" above the adjacent ground level. Sound railings may be repaired if it is possible to maintain the existing style. On historic structures railing repairs will be historically sensitive.

Replacement Standard

Handrails will be present on one side of all interior and exterior steps or stairways with more than two risers and around porches or platforms over 30" above the adjacent ground level, and will meet local codes. Handrails and guard rails will conform to the style of similar components in the neighborhood. On historic structures new railings will be historically sensitive.

Exterior Steps and Decks

Repair Standard

Minimum Life 5 years

Steps, stairways, and porch decks will be structurally sound, reasonably level, with smooth and even surfaces. Repairs will match existing materials and/or SHPO approved material.

Replacement Standard

In non-historic structures, wood decking and steps may be replaced with non-decay type material. New steps will be constructed from pressure treated wood, concrete or other environmentally friendly non-decay type material. On historic structures, new wood decking will be ¾" clear T & G fir, primed on all 6 sides before installation. Other material types may be used with SHPO approval.

Exterior House Numbers and Mailboxes

Repair & Replacement Standard

Minimum Life 5 years

All houses will have 4" house numbers clearly displayed near the front door, and a standard size mailbox, preferably wall-hung at the entrance.

Foundations & Structure

Firewalls	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Party walls will be maintained without cracks and plaster deterioration and covered with 5/8" type X gypsum, glued and screwed to structure.	
Replacement Standard	
When frame walls and floors adjoining other dwellings are gutted, new wall finish installations will conform to code requirements for fire ratings.	

Foundations	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 15 years
Foundations will be repaired to be sound, reasonably level, and free from movement.	
Replacement Standard	
Foundation replacements are beyond the scope of the program.	

Structural Walls	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 15 years
Structural framing and masonry will be free from visible deterioration, rot, or serious termite damage, and be adequately sized for current loads. Prior to rehab, all sagging floor joists or rafters will be visually inspected, and significant structural damage and its cause will be corrected.	
Replacement Standard	
New structural walls will be minimum 2" x 4", 16" OC. All exterior walls that are part of the building envelope (the air barrier and thermal barrier separating the conditioned space from the non-conditioned space) will be insulated and sheathed to meet code requirements.	

Additions	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
NA	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 60 years
New additions are acceptable only when – for marketing and livability reasons – it is necessary to add additional bedroom space. Drawings must be submitted to the Local Building Official for review and approval prior to construction.	

Windows and Doors

Interior Doors	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Baths and occupied bedrooms will have operating doors, lock sets with lever type handles.	
Replacement Standard	
Hollow-core, pressed-wood product or other door types consistent with the style of existing doors including a bedroom lock set with lever type handles.	

Exterior Doors	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Exterior doors will be solid, weather-stripped and will operate smoothly. They will include a peep site or light panel, a dead bolt, and an entrance lock set.	
Replacement Standard	
Replacement doors at the front of the property for historically significant buildings will be historically sensitive with SHPO approval. Steel, six-panel doors with lite panels may be installed at entrances not visible from the front street and on the front of the property for buildings that are not historically significant. Dead bolt locks will be installed on all exterior doors keyed to match. All new doors will be weather-stripped to be air tight.	

Windows [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
All windows will operate, remain in an open position when placed there, lock when closed and the open section will be covered with a screen.	
Replacement Standard	
Windows that are not repairable may be replaced and will meet the ENERGY STAR standard for this geographic region http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=windows doors.prnatwindow Windows on key façades of historically sensitive properties will be of the style, size and profile of the existing windows and building type and must be SHPO approved. New windows on other properties may be vinyl and double-glazed.	

Basement Windows	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
A minimum of 2 basement windows on opposite sides of the building must be operable for ventilation, in good working order, and lockable.	
Replacement Standard	
Basement windows may be replaced with glass block. If so, a minimum of 2 glass block windows on opposite sides of the building must have operable and lockable center vents. Hopper type windows may be replaced by like windows.	

Roofing

Flat and Low-Slope Roofing

Repair Standard	Minimum Life 2 years
Built-up roofing that is leak-free will be re-coated and flashing and accessories repaired if their minimum life is questionable.	
Replacement Standard	
The most cost-effective roof – either asphalt composition, built-up, or single play member (EPDM or TPO) EPDM – will be installed.	

Pitched Roofs	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Missing and leaking shingles and flashing will be repaired on otherwise functional roofs. Slate, metal and tile roofs will be repaired when possible. Antennae will be removed.	
Replacement Standard	Insulation [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 20 years
Two layers of roofing are permitted. Fiberglass, asphalt, or glass, asphalt, or architectural, class A shingles with a prorated 25/30-year warranty. When possible, a continuous ridge vent will be installed with new drip edge on all edges. Ice and water shield will be installed per local/state codes and manufacturers specifications.	

Gutters and Downspouts [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Gutters and downspouts must be in good repair, leak free and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks will be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system must move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets will be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation whenever there is a history of water problems.	
Replacement Standard	
Gutters and downspouts will be installed and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks will be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system must move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets will be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation whenever there is a history of water problems.	

Insulation

The envelopes of all homes of units will have a continuous air barrier and a continuous thermal barrier that is in contact with the air barrier. Attic insulation shall be a minimum of R38 with soffit baffles installed when there are soffit vents to maintain ventilation at the eaves. All exterior walls opened in the course of renovations shall be insulated with un-faced fiberglass batts or damp spray cellulose to R13 for 2x4 framing and R19 for 2x6 framing. Whenever financially feasible, 1-inch, polyisocyanurate type foam board will be added under new siding. Rim joists will be insulated to R19 with either foil-faced foam board or Class 1-rated spray foam. NOTE: On Historically Sensitive buildings spray foams cannot be used without prior approval from SHPO. Crawl space walls shall be insulated with minimum R-13 rigid type insulation board and a 6-mil plastic vapor barrier will be installed continuously over the ground to the sill plate with all seams sealed. The ENERGY STAR Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist shall be completed for each home. http://www.energystar.gov/ia/partners/bldrs_lenders_raters/downloads/Thermal_Bypass_Inspection_Checklist.pdf

Ventilation

Infiltration [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life
All homes or units will be tested with a Blower Door and any existing air sealing will be repaired to attain a maximum 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50 Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).	
Replacement Standard	
All homes or units will be air sealed to meet the minimum Blower Door test requirements of 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50 Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).	

Whole House Ventilation [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
All homes shall meet the 2015 Michigan Residential Code by using one bathroom fan continuously operating at a verified CFM rate sufficient to meet the ASHRAE standard and creating ≤ 0.3 Sones of fan noise. The fan will also have a ≥ 80 CFM boost function switched one of three ways: by a switch at the entrance, with an adjustable time-delay function that runs the fan for an additional period after the switch is turned off; or a motion detector with an adjustable time-delay function that runs the fan for an additional period after the motion detector ceases to see motion; or by a humidistat.	
Replacement Standard	
As stated in the Repair Standard	

Bath Ventilation [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
NA	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 10 years
One bathroom must have a bath fan that meets the Whole House Ventilation requirement and	

also have a ≥ 80 CFM boost function switched one of three ways: by a switch at the entrance, with an adjustable time-delay function that runs the fan for an additional period after the switch is turned off; or a motion detector with an adjustable time-delay function that runs the fan for an additional period after the motion detector ceases to see motion; or by a humidistat. Any additional bathrooms must be mechanically vented to the ≥ 80 CFM standard with the time-delay switching described above.

Kitchen Ventilation [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 2 years
All kitchens must have functional mechanical ventilation operating at a minimum 120 CFM.	
Replacement Standard	
All kitchens must have mechanical ventilation operating at a maximum of 20 Sones and producing a minimum of 150 CFM after accounting for ducting losses. All ductwork will be heavy gauge galvanized metal, air tight with mastic-sealed seams (no duct tape). It is preferred that mechanical ventilation exit at side walls and not at the soffit to minimize the potential for ice damming.	

Roof Ventilation [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
1 square foot of free venting must be supplied for every SF of area directly under the roof if there is no soffit venting. 1 square foot of free venting must be supplied for every 300 SF of area directly under the roof if 20% of the venting is soffit vent and if the living space ceiling directly below the roof has a rating of one perm or less. (1 perm is achievable with a coating of ICI Dulux Ultra Hide Vapor Barrier paint 1060-1200 per manufacturer's instructions)	
Replacement Standard	
The venting requirement is the same as with the Repair Standard above with a strong preference for a combination of ridge vents, soffit vents and the one perm-rated ceiling required for the 1 to 300 ratio.	

Interior Standards

Interior Walls and Ceilings	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 years
Holes, cracks and deteriorated and un-keyed plaster will be repaired to match the surrounding surfaces. All visual surfaces will be stabilized to minimize lead paint hazards using premium vinyl acrylic paint.	
Replacement Standard	
When necessary plaster will be replaced by ½" gypsum board. Fire-rated assemblies will be	

specified on a project-by-project basis as required by local codes.

Flooring [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 years
Bathroom, kitchen and other water-susceptible floor areas will be covered with water-resistant flooring that is free from tears or tripping hazards. Damaged wood floor will be replaced. When existing deteriorated carpet is installed over hardwood floors, the hardwood will be refinished whenever possible. Basement floors will be continuous concrete at least 4" thick.	
Replacement Standard	
Baths will receive resilient sheet goods over suitable underlayment products, and kitchens will receive medium grade resilient sheet goods or tile. Whenever possible, rooms other than kitchens and baths with existing wood flooring will be maintained as wood floors and refinished when appropriate. Rooms other than kitchens or baths without usable wood floors may be finished with carpet and associated products that are Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label certified. New basement slabs will be at least 4" thick over a 6-mil vapor barrier.	

Closets	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Existing closets with a minimum depth of 2 feet will be maintained in good repair and have a shelf and clothes rod.	
Replacement Standard	
New closets may be created if there is a significant lack of storage space and the budget permits. New closets will have a depth of 2 feet and include a shelf and clothes rod. All new closets shall have one working light fixture with switch.	

Kitchen Cabinets and Countertop [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 years
Kitchens will have a minimum of 10 feet of countertop with base and wall cabinets (or dishwasher) to match. Existing cabinets with hardwood doors and face frames may be repaired if in good condition. All cabinets will be sound and cleanable.	
Replacement Standard	
New kitchen cabinets will meet the ANSI A208.1 and A208.2 standard for formaldehyde content of particleboard and MDF, or have exposed edges of particleboard and MDF sealed to prevent the out-gassing of formaldehyde. Cabinets will have hardwood doors and face frames. There will be a minimum of 10 lineal feet of post-formed countertop with corresponding base cabinets and wall cabinets, and a dishwasher. Corners in countertop designs are permitted if factory assembled. A drawer base (12" or 15") will be included in new cabinetry. A plastic laminate panel will be installed as a base cabinet to wall cabinet backsplash behind the range and extending 6 inches past the range on both sides, or if the range is in a corner along the side wall and trimmed with chrome metal edging.	

Electric

Ground Fault Interrupter Circuits	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Non-functioning GFCIs will be replaced. Kitchen counter, bath and laundry receptacles within 6' of a sink will be replaced with a GFCI-protected receptacle or protected by a GFCI device.	
Replacement Standard	
Kitchen counter, bath and laundry receptacles within 6' of a sink will be replaced with a GFCI-protected receptacle or protected by a GFCI device.	

Passage Lighting [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 7 years
All lights and switches in hallways, stairs and other passages will be operable and safe. Existing fixtures with incandescent lamp fittings will have minimum 7W replacement lamps installed.	
Replacement Standard	
All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways must be well lit and controlled by a 3-way switch using concealed wiring. Attics, basements and crawl spaces must have utility fixtures. All new light fixtures will be ENERGY STAR labeled.	

Kitchen Electric Distribution	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Existing receptacles, fixtures and switches will be safe and grounded.	

Replacement Standard	
Permanently installed or proposed stoves, refrigerators, freezers, dishwashers and disposals, washers and dryers will have separate circuits sized to N.E.C.	

Interior Electric Distribution	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 7 years
Exposed knob and tube will be replaced. Every room will have a minimum of two duplex receptacles, placed on separate walls and one light fixture or receptacle switched at each room entrance. Where the source wiring circuit is accessible (e.g. first floor above basements, in gutted rooms, etc.), receptacles will be grounded. All switch, receptacle, and junction boxes will have appropriate cover plates. Wiring will be free from hazard, and all circuits will be properly protected at the panel. Floor receptacles will be removed and a cover plate installed. Exposed conduit is allowed. Bedrooms receptacles will be protected by an Arc Fault breaker. There must be one electrical receptacle at the service panel. Basements will have a minimum of 3 fixtures switched at the top of the stairs.	
Replacement Standard	
When a room's wall finishes are removed, it will be rewired to the latest version of the National Electric Code (NEC).	

Service and Panel	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 10 years
Distribution panels will have a main disconnect, at least 10 circuit-breaker-protected circuits, a 100-amp minimum capacity and be adequate to safely supply existing and proposed devices. If a working central air conditioning system is present, the minimum service will be 150 amp.	
Replacement Standard	
200-amp service with a main disconnect panel containing at least 30 circuit breaker positions.	

Plumbing System

Drain, Waste, Vent Lines	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 1 year
Waste and vent lines must function without losing the trap seal.	
Replacement Standard	
When walls are removed exposing vent and waste lines those lines will be reworked to the current mechanical code.	

Plumbing Fixtures [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 years
All fixtures and faucets will have working, drip-free components. Toilets with greater than a 1.6 GPF rating will be replaced with a maximum 1.3 GPF model.	
Replacement Standard	

All fixtures shall have a Single lever, metal faucets and shower diverters with 15-year, drip-free warranty and maximum 2.0 GPM flow, ceramic low-flow toilets (1.3 Gal), sinks, and fiberglass tubs with surrounds.

Plumbing Minimum Equipment [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 years
Existing equipment will be repaired to conform to 2015 Michigan Residential Code	
Replacement Standard	
Every dwelling unit will have a minimum of one single bowl sink with hot and cold running water in the kitchen and at least one bathroom containing a vanity with a sink, and a shower/tub unit, both with hot and cold running water, and a water closet/toilet. Redesigned kitchens will include an ENERGY STAR-labeled dishwasher. http://www.hudnsphelp.info/media/resources/GuidanceonNSPEligibleAppliancePurchases.pdf	

Water Heaters	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 10 years
Each housing unit will have a working water heater less than 3 years old with a minimum capacity of 40 gallons if it is gas-fired. Gas water heaters more than 3 years old may be repaired if it is clear that a repair will make it operable. All electric water heaters will be replaced with a gas-fired model or an electric hot water on demand model.	
Replacement Standard	
All units will have a minimum 40-gallon, gas-fired water heater with a 10-year warranty installed to the mechanical code. High efficiency power-vented or sealed combustion tank less models are required. Existing systems when feasible may be replace with hot water on demand electric systems.	

Water Supply	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 10 years
The main shut off valve must be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house. All fixtures must be leak-free and deliver sufficient cold water and, where applicable, hot water.	
Replacement Standard	
The main shut off valve must be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house, and should be replaced if it does not. Lead and galvanized pipe that is part of the water service or the distribution system will be replaced with copper, plex or equivalent. All fixtures will have brass shut off valves. One freeze-protected exterior hose bib is required.	

HVAC

Air Conditioning [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life - NA
Non-functioning, non-repairable air conditioners will be removed and drained of all CFCs. Existing central air conditioning will be inspected, serviced and refurbished to operate safely.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 20 years

New HVAC systems will have a rough-in installed for air conditioning (≥ 13 SEER)
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Chimney Repair	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life NA
Unused chimneys will be removed to below the roof line wherever roofing is replaced. Unsound chimneys will be repaired or removed. When chimneys must be used for combustion ventilation, they will be relined.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life NA
The creation of new flues is not recommended in this program. The use of high efficiency closed combustion appliances is recommended to avoid the need for new flues. Replacement furnace flues, when required, will be metal double- or triple-walled as recommended by the furnace manufacturer.	

Distribution System	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Duct work and radiator piping will be well supported, insulated in unconditioned space and adequate to maintain 68°F measured 36" off the floor when the outside temperature is the average yearly minimum, in all habitable and essential rooms. All duct work will be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape) and pressure tested to eliminate leakage.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 25 years
All duct work will be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with approved material, pressure tested to eliminate leakage and run in concealed space.	

Heating System [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 5 years
Workable existing heating systems will be inspected and serviced to operate in a safe manner. Regardless of condition, resistance electric heating systems will be removed and replaced with systems as described below, unless the home has either a very low heating load to super-insulation, solar gain or a mild climate.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 25 years

Gas-fired heating plants will be rated at $\geq 95\%$ AFUE or better. Oil-fired furnaces will be rated at $> 83\%$ AFUE or better. Oil-fired boilers will be rated at $> 85\%$ AFUE or better. Heat pumps will be rated at ≥ 15 SEER. Setback thermostats are required. When electric resistance heating systems are replaced, soffits for ductwork and/or new distribution pipes for hot water heating systems will be provided. Up to 4 lineal feet of resistance electric heating strips per 1000 square feet of floor area may be retained or installed in areas that are not cost effective to heat via ductwork or hot water distribution systems. Wood burning units cannot be installed as the main heating furnace without prior CDD approval.

Appliances

Kitchen Appliances [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	Minimum Life 3 years
All units will have a working range. If there is an existing dishwasher in working condition, it may be retained with minor repairs.	
Replacement Standard	Minimum Life 15 years
All redesigned kitchens will have ENERGY STAR-labeled appliances where applicable. All new cooking ranges will be electric or natural gas.	