INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX FOR RETIREMENT BENEFITS - EFFECTIVE TAX YEAR 2013

For joint returns, the age of the oldest spouse determines the age category that will apply to the pension and retirement benefit of both spouses, regardless of the age of the younger spouse.

Taxpayers born	Taxpayers born	Taxpayers born
before 1946	1946 through 1952	after 1952
(Tier 1)	(Tier 2)	(Tier 3)
	Before the taxpayer reaches age 67	Before the taxpayer reaches age 67
Social Security is exempt.	Social Security is exempt.	Social Security is exempt.
Senior citizen subtraction for interest, dividends, and	Railroad pension is exempt.	Railroad pension is exempt.
capital gains up to \$10,767 for single filers and \$21,534	Military/Michigan National Guard pension is exempt.	Military/Michigan National Guard pension is exempt.
for joint filers.	 Not eligible for the senior citizen subtraction for interest, dividends, and capital gains. 	Not eligible for the senior citizen subtraction for interest, dividends, and capital gains.
Public pensions exempt. F. 2012.	Public and private pension limited subtraction of \$20,000 for single filers or \$40,000	Not eligible for public or private pension subtraction.
• For 2013 private pensions, subtract up to \$48,302 for single filers and \$96,605 for joint filers.	 Pensions from governmental agencies not covered by the Social Security Act. \$35,000 for single filer, \$55,000 for joint filers, or \$70,000 for joint filers if both spouses worked for an "uncovered" agency. 	At age 62, pensions from governmental agencies not covered by the Social Security Act \$15,000 for single or joint filer or \$30,000 for joint filers if both spouses worked for an "uncovered" agency.
	After the taxpayer reaches Age 67	After the taxpayer reaches Age 67
	(will first occur in 2013)	(will first occur in 2020)
	 Social Security is exempt. Railroad pension is exempt (see below). 	Not eligible for the senior citizen subtraction for interest, dividends, and capital gains.
	Military/Michigan National Guard pension is exempt (see below).	Not eligible for public or private pension subtraction.
	Not eligible for the senior citizen subtraction for interest, dividends, and capital	Income exemption election: Compare
	gains. • Standard deduction:	 Elect exemption against all income of \$20,000 for single filers or \$40,000 for joint filer, Note: No exemption for Social Security,
	 Subtraction against all income of \$20,000 for single filers and \$40,000 for joint filers. 	Military, or Michigan National Guard or railroad retirement. No personal exemptions
	 Subtraction increased to \$35,000 for single filers and \$55,000 for joint filers with pensions from governmental agencies not covered by the Social Security Act, or to \$70,000 for joint filers if both spouses worked for an "uncovered" agency. 	OR Float to avanuat Social Security Military and
	Not eligible for the standard deduction if a Military subtraction or Michigan National Guard or railroad pension subtraction is claimed.	 Elect to exempt Social Security, Military, and Michigan National Guard and railroad retirement. May claim personal exemptions.