### Michigan Dam Safety Program





### Who Are We?

### Dam Safety Program Staff

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#### Dam Safety Staff





ENVIRONMENT, GREAT LAKES, AND ENERGY

### Dam Safety Program Budget

#### **Funding Sources:**

- MOU with DNR for inspection of DNR Dams \$112,300
- FEMA National Dam Safety Program Grant \$87,000
- State of Michigan General Fund -\$74,200
- EGLE-WRD Permit Fees \$74,200
- Total \$348,100

#### **Expenditures:**

- Staffing (2 FTEs) \$300,000
- Travel \$4,000
- Supplies \$300
- DNR Inspections \$37,500
- Contracts \$2,500
- Other \$3,800
- Total \$348,100

### What do we do?

### Statutes Administered by Dam Safety Program

Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (NREPA)

■ Part 307, Inland Lake Levels

Part 315, Dam Safety

### Overall Goal: Reduce/Prevent Dam Failures



### Part 307, Inland Lake Levels

- Process to establish and maintain legal lake levels
- Set up special assessment districts to fund construction, inspection, maintenance, and repair of dams
- Requires dam inspection every three years
- We review inspection reports and provide comments
- Do NOT issue Part 307
  permits review plans and
  issue approval letters

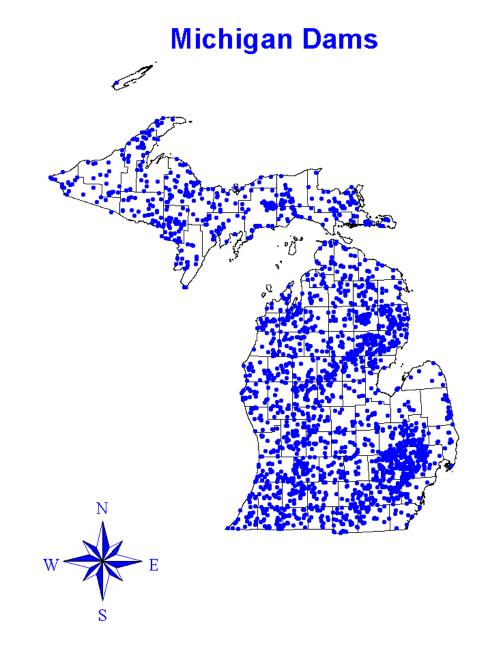
### Part 315, Dam Safety

- Formerly known as "Dam Safety Act, 1989 PA 300, as amended"
- Mandates inspection of regulated dams
- Grants the department the authority to enforce statute and issue permits for dam related activities
- Inspect state and municipally owned dams
- Review and provide comments on consultants' inspection reports for privately owned dams
- Review Emergency Action Plans (EAPs)
- Take enforcement action when dams are out of compliance with Part 315 regulations
- Issue permits for construction of new dams and alterations, enlargement, or removal of existing dams



# Inventory of Michigan Dams

- In every county
- Over 2600 structures
  - ~825 Part 315 dams
  - ~235 Part 307 dams
- Continuously updated
- Currently updating to a webbased platform
- Interactive Map:
  - https://mdeq.maps.arcgis.co m/apps/webappviewer/inde x.html?id=f8c0637f34864bc babb9c794fd8e452b



### What is a dam?

### Part 315 Regulated Dam – Definition

An artificial barrier, including dikes, embankments, and appurtenant works, that impounds, diverts, or is designed to impound or divert water or a combination of water and any other liquid or material in the water; that is or will be when complete 6 feet or more in height; and that has or will have an impounding capacity at design flood elevation of 5 surface acres or more.

#### Hazard Potential Classification

- Determined by the Dam Safety Program
- Based upon potential downstream impacts caused by failure of the dam
- NOT based upon the structural condition of the dam

#### Hazard Potential

- Three hazard potential categories:
  - High expected loss of life, severe impacts
  - Significant possible loss of life, significant impacts
  - Low no loss of life, minor impacts
- Inspection Frequency:
  - High once every 3 years
  - Significant once every 4 years
  - Low once every 5 years
- Only High and Significant hazard potential dams require EAPs

### Emergency Action Plans

- Specifies who to notify in the event of an impending or actual dam failure
  - Emergency management and responders
  - Downstream residents
  - National Weather Service
  - Downstream dam owners
  - Technical consultants
  - Contractors
  - Dam Safety Program
- Identify downstream impacts
  - Inundation maps or list of affected areas
  - Downstream infrastructure
- Specifies Actions to be taken
  - Dam repairs (if possible and safe)
  - Evacuations
  - Road closings
- The Dam Safety Program reviews EAPs to make sure they contain the required elements, and provides suggestions to improve the effectiveness of the plans

### Inspection Report Requirements

- Must Be Conducted by a Licensed Professional Engineer
- Evaluation of Dam's Structural Condition
- Evaluation of Dam's Spillway Capacity
- Make Recommendations as Necessary to Meet Safety Standards
- Assigned an overall condition assessment

#### **Condition Assessments**

#### Satisfactory

■ No existing or potential dam safety deficiencies are recognized. Acceptable performance is expected under all loading conditions.

#### Fair

■ No existing dam safety deficiencies are recognized for normal loading conditions. Rare or extreme hydrologic and/or seismic events may result in a dam safety deficiency.

#### Poor

■ A dam safety deficiency is recognized for loading conditions that may realistically occur. Remedial action or further investigations and studies are necessary to determine risk.

#### Unsatisfactory

■ A dam safety deficiency is recognized that requires immediate or emergency remedial action for problem resolution.

#### Not rated

■ The dam has not been inspected, is not under State jurisdiction, or has been inspected but, for whatever reason, has not been rated.

### High Hazard Potential Dams

- There are 85 state regulated High Hazard Potential Dams in Michigan.
  - Of those 85 High Hazard Potential Dams:
    - Zero (0) are in unsatisfactory condition -0%
    - Six (6) are in poor condition -7.1%
    - Nineteen (19) are in fair condition 22.4%
    - Fifty-nine (59) are in satisfactory condition 69.4%
    - One (1) is unrated -1.1%

#### High Hazard Potential Dams in Poor Condition

- Buttermilk Creek Detention Dam
  - More analysis needed working with the owner to resolve unauthorized modifications to the dam's auxiliary spillway
  - Does not impact dam's ability to pass the regulatory design flood (200-year)
  - May impact ability to pass larger floods
- Cornwall Creek Dam, Cheboygan County
  - Spillway has deteriorated with age, warranting a poor condition assessment
  - State-owned (DNR) currently working on design, permitting, and funding of full spillway replacement project.
- Edenville Dam
  - Failed 5/19/2020

#### High Hazard Potential Dams in Poor Condition

- Manistique Papers Dam, Schoolcraft County
  - Dam has deteriorated with age, warranting a poor condition assessment
  - Owner in bankruptcy proceedings, working with state and federal agencies to remove the dam in the next 3 to 5 years
- Little Black River Structure B, Cheboygan County
  - Sinkhole has formed that is being monitored, warranting a poor condition assessment
  - Working with owner to pursue grant funding to repair the dam
- Portage Plant Dam, St. Joseph County
  - Owner delinquent/non-responsive
  - EGLE staff inspected in 2013
  - Dam has deteriorated with age, warranting a poor condition assessment
  - Planning enforcement action

#### When Deficiencies are Identified

- Deficiencies are typically identified in inspection reports, along with recommended actions, and timeframe for implementation of a remedy.
  - Can also be reported by the owner or observed by Dam Safety Program staff during review of inspection reports or site visits.
  - Dam Safety Program then work with the dam owner to amicably resolve any issues identified.
  - If a dam owner fails to resolve any issues within the timeline provided by their consultant and/or EGLE, then EGLE will consider escalated enforcement action.

#### **Escalated Enforcement Action**

- Typically starts with a letter to the owner directing them to submit an acceptable plan and schedule for addressing the identified deficiency.
- When there is no action by the owner, EGLE may take the following actions:
  - Issue a Notice of Violation and impose civil fines.
    - Up to \$10,000 per day of violation
  - Issue an order under Section 31518 of Part 315
    - When a condition exists that endangers the dam
    - Order the owner to take actions to alleviate the danger

#### Escalated Enforcement Action (cont'd)

- Issue an order under Section 31519 of Part 315
  - When significant damage to public health, safety, welfare, or natural resources is resulting from the operation, condition, or existence of a dam.
  - Order the owner to limit operations of the dam or remove the dam.
- Issue an emergency order under Section 31521 of Part 315
  - When a dam in in imminent danger of failure or threatening to cause harm to public health, safety, welfare, property, or natural resources
  - Order the owner to immediately repair, draw down, breach, or cease operation of a dam
  - If the owner will not/cannot comply with the order, then EGLE may step in and take necessary actions to alleviate the danger
  - EGLE can then sue the owner to recoup costs

#### Available Resources

- National Inventory of Dams
  - <a href="https://nid.sec.usace.army.mil/#/">https://nid.sec.usace.army.mil/#/</a>
- FEMA National Dam Safety Program:
  - <a href="https://www.fema.gov/national-dam-safety-program">https://www.fema.gov/national-dam-safety-program</a>
- EGLE Dam Safety Program:
  - Website: <a href="https://www.michigan.gov/egle/about/organization/Water-Resources/dam-safety">https://www.michigan.gov/egle/about/organization/Water-Resources/dam-safety</a>
  - Existing Inspection Reports and EAPs on file
    - Obtained through FOIA request
- Association of State Dam Safety Officials (ASDSO)
  - https://www.damsafety.org/

## Any Questions?