

HUMAN TRAFFICKING RED FLAGS

FOR HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS

Human trafficking victims often exhibit one or more of the following:

- Victims may work and live at the same place.
- A victim often lacks the freedom to leave their working or living conditions; they are often escorted when they travel.
- Victims are often kept under surveillance when they are taken somewhere.
- Victims may not even know their address.
- Victims may exhibit signs of abuse, such as bruises, cuts, burns, scars, prolonged lack of healthcare, or malnourishment.
- Victims may exhibit fear, anxiety, depression, nervousness, hostility, flashbacks, or drug /alcohol addiction, and commonly avoid eye contact.
- Victims may not admit that they are victims, and may not ask for help.
- Victims often have no, or few, personal possessions.
- They frequently have no identifying documents, such as a driver's license or passport.
- Victims may have their communication restricted or controlled, or have a third party translate for them.
- Victims may have inconsistencies in their story.
- Victims may have brands, scars, clothing, jewelry, or tattoos indicating someone else's ownership.
- Victims may not be in control of their own money.



Human trafficking situations can be dangerous to you if you attempt to intervene. If you suspect human trafficking, call the **National Human Trafficking Hotline at 888-373-7888, or call 911.**