# State of Michigan

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 Governor Gretchen Whitmer Prepared by the State Budget Office



## State of Michigan

## Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

GRETCHEN WHITMER Governor

CHRISTOPHER M. HARKINS State Budget Director

HEATHER BOYD, CPA Director Office of Financial Management

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GRETCHEN WHITMER

STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE BUDGET OFFICE LANSING

CHRISTOPHER M. HARKINS DIRECTOR

March 29, 2023

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer, Governor Members of the Legislature People of the State of Michigan

As required by Article 9, Section 21, of the State Constitution and Section 494, Public Act 431 of 1984, as amended, we are pleased to submit the *State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (SOMACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE REPORT

<u>Responsibility</u>: The State Budget Office, Office of Financial Management, prepares the SOMACFR and is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information contained in the SOMACFR is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the State primary government and component units for which it is financially accountable. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the State's financial affairs have been included.

Adherence to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles: As required by State statute, we have prepared the financial statements contained in the SOMACFR in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The State also voluntarily follows the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the contents of government financial reports and participates in the GFOA's review program for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

<u>Report</u>: The SOMACFR is divided into four major sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and other information:

- The introductory section includes this letter, the State's organization chart, and the list of principal officials.
- The financial section includes: the independent auditor's report on the Basic Financial Statements; Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which provides an introduction, overview, and analysis to the Basic Financial Statements; the Basic Financial Statements, which present the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component units, together with footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements; Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A, which presents budgetary comparison schedules, pension and other postemployment benefits liability and contribution schedules and information about infrastructure assets; and the supplemental financial data, which includes the combining financial statements and schedules.
- The statistical section includes such items as trend information, information on debt levels, and other selected economic and statistical data.
- The other information section includes General Fund and Special Revenue Funds revenue and expenditure schedules and General Fund source and disposition of spending authorization schedules.

Internal Control Structure: The State Budget Office is responsible for the overall operation of the State's central accounting system and for establishing and maintaining the State's internal control structure. The system of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. All financial transactions of the State primary government are recorded in the central accounting system, except for the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, Attorney Discipline System, the State of Michigan 457 Plans, the State of Michigan 401K Plans, Michigan Education Savings Program, and the Michigan Achieving a Better Life Experience Program. Many of the essential control features are decentralized, such as the preparation and entry of expenditure transactions into the central accounting system. Consequently, the State Budget Office relies upon the controls in place at the various State departments and agencies.

Act 431 requires each principal department to maintain adequate internal control systems. Each department is also required to periodically report to the Governor on the adequacy of its internal accounting and administrative control systems and, if any material weaknesses exist, provide corrective action plans and time schedules for addressing such weaknesses. This reporting is required on or before May 1 of each odd numbered year, effective as of the preceding October 1.

The discretely presented component units generally operate outside the State's central accounting system and are responsible for establishing and maintaining their own separate internal control structures.

Internal Auditors: Pursuant to Executive Order 2007-31, the Office of Internal Audit Services (OIAS) provides internal audit services to executive branch departments and agencies. OIAS performs periodic financial, performance, and compliance audits of department and agency programs and organizational units. In addition to periodic audits, OIAS also reviews department and agency managements' processes for establishing, monitoring, and reporting on internal controls; advises department and agency management with investigations of alleged fraud or other irregularities.

Independent Auditors: The Office of the Auditor General (OAG) is the principal auditor of the SOMACFR. The OAG also relies on the opinions of outside public accounting firms, particularly for component unit financial statements (such as the Michigan State Housing Development Authority and ten of the State's universities) and the Unemployment Compensation Funds. The purpose of the OAG's audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatements. The OAG concluded that the Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented in accordance with GAAP and issued unmodified opinions.

In addition to the annual audit of the SOMACFR, the OAG also performs periodic financial statement and performance audits of the various State departments, agencies, and institutions of higher education. The Auditor General also has primary responsibility for conducting audits under the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. Pursuant to Michigan Public Act 233 of 2012, an annual statewide single audit will be conducted for applicable State departments, agencies, and component unit authorities, and will result in a separately issued audit report.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)</u>: GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Michigan was admitted to the Union as the 26th state in 1837. The State is governed under the Constitution of 1963, as amended.

<u>Executive Branch</u>: As of March 29, 2023, the Executive Branch consisted of 17 principal departments. Fourteen principal departments are headed by commissions and/or directors appointed by the elected governor. Elected officials head two principal departments, Attorney General and State, and one, Education, is headed by an elected board.

<u>Judicial Branch</u>: The Judicial Branch consists of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, Court of Claims, and the State's circuit, district, probate, and municipal courts. In addition to its judicial duties, the Supreme Court is responsible for the general administrative supervision of all courts in the State. The Supreme Court also establishes rules for practice and procedure in all courts.

<u>Legislative Branch</u>: The Legislative Branch consists of the Senate, House of Representatives, and Office of the Auditor General. The Senate, which consists of 38 elected members, and House of Representatives, which consists of 110 elected members, enact the laws of Michigan. The Office of the Auditor General conducts post financial and performance audits of State government operations.

<u>Reporting Entity</u>: The financial reporting entity of the State includes all of the funds of the primary government as well as component units for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable. The transmittal letter, MD&A, and the financial statements focus on the primary government and its activities. Although information pertaining to the component units is provided, their separately issued financial statements should be read to obtain a complete overview of their financial position.

<u>Budgetary Reporting and Control</u>: For the State primary government operating funds (i.e., the General Fund and annually appropriated special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds), the State projects revenues and expenditures and calculates fund balances for budgetary purposes in accordance with GAAP. Public Act 431 of 1984, as amended, prohibits the State from budgeting for an ending fund balance deficit in an operating fund. If an actual deficit is incurred, the Constitution and Act 431 requires that it be addressed in the subsequent year's budget. If accounting principles change, Act 431 requires the State to also implement such changes in its budgetary process.

Compliance with the final updated budget for the annually budgeted operating funds of the State primary government is demonstrated in the budget and actual comparative schedules and notes in the SOMACFR. In addition, subsequent to the publication of the SOMACFR, the State releases a Statewide Authorization Dispositions report that provides line-item appropriation details, the legal level of budgetary control for the General Fund and budgeted operating funds.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES AND FUTURE PROJECTS

Getting Kids Back on Track: The budget recommendation continues historic public education investments, including the highest per-student investment in Michigan history for the fifth year in a row without raising taxes, landmark funding to help students and adults build critical reading skills, and free breakfast and lunch to all Michigan public school students. The budget includes \$614 million to increase base per-pupil funding to \$9,608, a five percent increase that equates to an additional \$458 per student; \$79.9 million to continue expanded support for special education students - a 12.5% increase in the current allocation; and \$66.5 million to provide a 5% increase in funding to support academically at-risk students, English language learners, and students in rural school districts. A total of \$257.3 million is included toward the goal of offering universal pre-K to all of Michigan's 4-year-olds, putting all children on the path to a brighter future. The fiscal year 2024 executive recommendation and supplemental recommendations for fiscal year 2023 include a total of \$318 million for school safety programs and an additional \$300 million is recommended to continue historic investments for student mental health. The proposal includes \$442.4 million across fiscal years 2023 and 2024 to help students reach their full academic potential, including expansion of existing payments for literacy grants and literacy coaches and \$300 million for tutoring supports through the MI Kids Back on Track supplemental budget proposal recommended over two years. In addition, the budget includes \$160 million to help students thrive by providing free breakfast and lunch to all of Michigan's 1.4 million public school students.

Expanding Opportunity: The budget recommendation proposes funding centered on economic and workforce development, including annual \$500 million deposits into the Strategic Outreach and Attraction Reserve Fund to provide funding for economic development projects that invest in Michigan's future and attract transformational projects that keep Michigan at the forefront of manufacturing. Also included in the recommendation is an investment of \$200 million for the Michigan Regional Empowerment program to support the growth, development, diversification, and resiliency of regional economies through a competitive grant process. A total of \$135 million is included for the Michigan Main Street Initiative to provide supports to start, grow, and expand small and micro businesses. In addition, a \$200 million

investment over 10 years is also recommended for the Onshoring Clean Energy Supply Chain Tax Credit, designed to encourage businesses to invest in clean manufacturing and industrial decarbonization projects.

<u>Strengthening Families</u>: Funding centered on the health of Michigan families is proposed, including \$129.7 million for additional Medicaid health access and equity to improve enrollee access to services. An investment of \$62.1 million to fund Healthy Moms, Healthy Babies, a bipartisan program that supports pregnant women, new mothers, and young children. A total of \$58 million is included to implement recommendations from the Racial Disparities Task Force, including neighborhood health grants, mobile health units, sickle cell support and more. In addition, there is a \$30 million increase in support to local health departments to provide essential services. The budget recommendation also includes \$15 million to create a new foster care respite care program to provide temporary, occasional relief to foster parents. Funding of \$6.2 million is also included to fund the Medicaid Plan First! program – expanding access to family planning services and cancer screening.

<u>Rebuilding Our Infrastructure</u>: The budget proposal calls for investing \$350 million in a reserve designed to allow the State to leverage federal infrastructure dollars and \$200 million to support Michigan's Bridge Bundling program to replace or rehabilitate structurally deficient bridges across the state. To ensure the quality and safety of Michigan drinking water, the budget includes \$122.5 million to support drinking water quality improvements including faucet and plumbing replacement in communities with lead contamination in water. In addition, \$226 million is included to remove and replace 40,000 lead service lines across the state over 10 years. An investment of \$100 million is proposed to remediate and redevelop contaminated sites in historically disadvantaged and underrepresented communities. In addition, the proposal includes \$65 million to expand electric vehicle charging infrastructure networks and access; a \$45 million investment for the Michigan Clean Fleet Initiative to support local governments, airports, and regional transportation authorities transitioning their vehicle fleet to electric vehicles and clean fuels; and \$10 million to begin the transition the of State of Michigan's fleet to electric vehicles.

<u>Keeping Communities Safe</u>: Funding centered on safe communities is included in current budget recommendations, including \$50.4 million to leverage the State Police Training Academy to serve as a criminal justice training hub to support realistic, multi-disciplinary training opportunities for law enforcement agencies across the state. In addition to a recommended 10% increase (5% ongoing and 5% one-time) in statutory revenue sharing, the budget recommendation includes another \$36.6 million in new statutory revenue sharing (2% ongoing and 5% one-time) dedicated specifically for public safety, including employee recruitment, retention, training, and equipment for first responders. A \$9 million investment is proposed for a state police trooper recruit school to graduate 50 new troopers. And a total of \$5 million is recommended to enact various recommendations from the Task Force on Juvenile Justice Reform, including creating a Juvenile Justice Services Division within the State Court Administrative Office and expanding the scope of the Office of the Child Advocate.

A \$200 million deposit to the Budget Stabilization Fund is included in the budget recommendation, which would bring the rainy-day fund balance to nearly \$2 billion at the end of fiscal year 2024. In addition, the proposal features a \$900 million deposit into a newly recommended rainy day fund for schools – funds set aside for future budgetary needs – ensuring long-term financial stability of the state's public education system.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

<u>Certificate of Achievement</u>: The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Michigan for its SOMACFR for the year ended September 30, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose content satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The State has received a Certificate of Achievement for 35 consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the

Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>: The preparation of this report requires the collective efforts of the management and staff of the Accounting and Financial Reporting Divisions, Office of Financial Management; the Office of Internal Audit Services; SIGMA Operations and Support; the chief financial officers, chief accountants, and their staff from all State agencies; and the management and staff of the Office of the Auditor General. We sincerely appreciate the dedicated efforts of all of these individuals that have allowed Michigan to maintain its position as a leader in quality financial reporting.

Sincerely,

phen M Harking Christopher M. Harkins

State Budget Director

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Heather Boyd, CPA Director, Office of Financial Management

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## **State of Michigan**

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

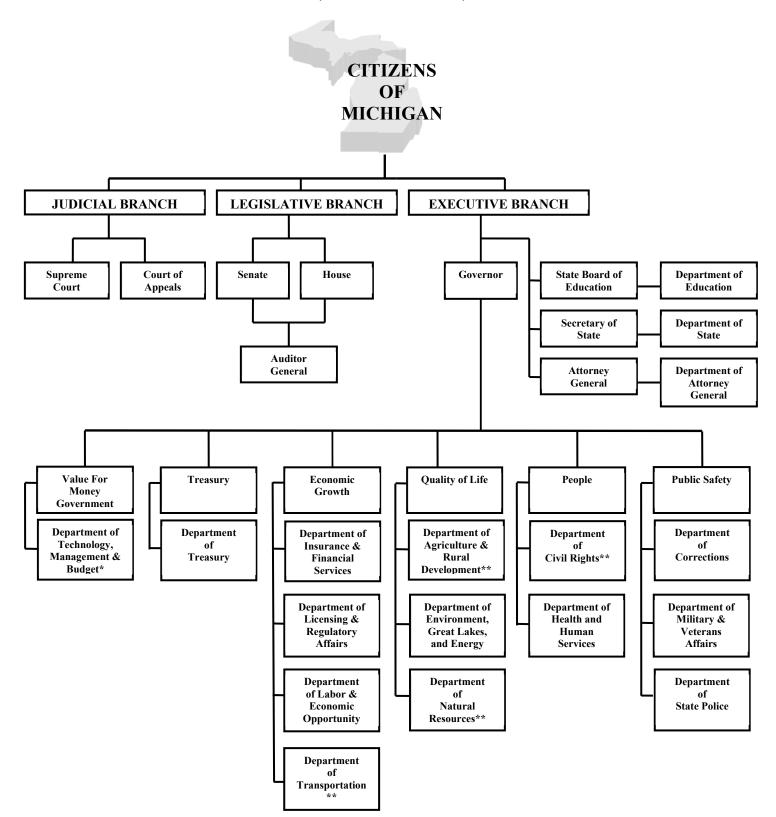
September 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### STATE OF MICHIGAN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

(As of March 29, 2023)



\* Includes Civil Service Commission appointed by Governor

\*\* Has Commission appointed by Governor, confirmed by Senate

#### **STATE OF MICHIGAN**

#### **PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICIALS**

(As of March 29, 2023)

JUDICIAL BRANCH

Supreme Court Justices Honorable Elizabeth T. Clement, Chief Justice Honorable Richard Bernstein, Justice Honorable Kyra H. Bolden, Justice Honorable Megan K. Cavanagh, Justice Honorable David F. Viviano, Justice Honorable Elizabeth M. Welch, Justice Honorable Brian K. Zahra, Justice

#### LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Honorable Winnie Brinks Majority Leader of the Senate

Honorable Joe Tate Speaker of the House of Representatives

Doug Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A. Legislative Auditor General

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

Honorable Gretchen Whitmer, Governor Honorable Garlin Gilchrist II, Lt. Governor Honorable Dana Nessel, Attorney General Honorable Jocelyn Benson, Secretary of State

State Board of Education Pamela Pugh, President Ellen Cogen Lipton, Co-Vice President Tiffany Tilley, Co-Vice President Judith Pritchett, Secretary Marshall Bullock II, Treasurer Tom McMillin Mitchell Robinson Nikki Snyder Liz Evans, State Board Executive Honorable Gretchen Whitmer (Ex Officio) Michael F. Rice, Superintendent of Public Instruction

Michigan Commission of Agriculture & Rural Development Andy Chae, Chair Monica Wyant, Vice Chair Juliette King-McAvoy, Secretary David Williams Felicia Wu Dr. Timothy Boring, Director Department of Agriculture & Rural Development

Civil Rights Commission Portia L. Roberson, Chair Zenna Faraj Elhasan, Vice Chair Gloria E. Lara, Secretary Richard Corriveau Luke R. Londo David Worthams Vacant Vacant John E. Johnson Jr., Director Department of Civil Rights

Civil Service Commission Jase Bolger, Acting Chair Nick Ciaramitaro Jeff Steffel Gail M. Wilson John Gnodtke, State Personnel Director

Heidi E. Washington, Director Department of Corrections

Daniel Eichinger, Acting Director Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy Elizabeth Hertel, Director Department of Health and Human Services

Anita G. Fox, Director Department of Insurance and Financial Services

Orlene Hawks, Director Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs

Major General Paul D. Rogers, Director Department of Military and Veterans Affairs

Natural Resources Commission Tom Baird, Chair Mark Anthony David Cozad Leslie Love David Nyberg Carol Rose John W. Walters Shannon Lott, Acting Director Department of Natural Resources

Colonel Joseph Gasper, Director Department of State Police

Susan Corbin, Director Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity

Michelle Lange, Director Department of Technology, Management and Budget

Christopher M. Harkins, State Budget Director

Transportation Commission Todd Wyett, Chair Michael Hayes, Vice Chair Stephen Adamini Gregory Johnson Heath Salisbury Richard Turner Brad Wieferich, Acting Director Department of Transportation

Rachael Eubanks, State Treasurer





### FINANCIAL SECTION

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor • Lansing, Michigan 48913 • Phone: (517) 334-8050 • audgen.michigan.gov

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer, Governor Members of the Legislature

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Michigan principally as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Michigan as of September 30, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the following funds and component units:

- State Lottery Fund (a major fund)
- Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds (a major fund)
- Michigan Employment Security Act Administration Fund
- Unemployment Obligation Trust Fund
- State Building Authority Debt Service Fund
- State Building Authority Capital Projects Fund
- Attorney Discipline System
- Michigan Education Savings Program
- Michigan Finance Authority
- Michigan State Housing Development Authority
- Farm Produce Insurance Authority
- Mackinac Bridge Authority
- Mackinac Island State Park Commission

- Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation
- Michigan Education Trust
- State Bar of Michigan
- Venture Michigan Fund
- Western Michigan University
- Central Michigan University
- Eastern Michigan University
- Ferris State University
- Grand Valley State University
- Lake Superior State University
- Michigan Technological University
- Northern Michigan University
- Oakland University
- Saginaw Valley State University

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those funds and component units, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.



The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer, Governor Members of the Legislature Page 2

Those statements represent total assets and total revenues or additions to the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as follows:

Opinion Unit	Percent of Total Assets	Percent of Total <u>Revenues/Additions</u>
Governmental activities	0.4%	0.3%
Business-type activities	97.5%	80.1%
Aggregate discretely presented component units	92.6%	74.6%
State Lottery Fund	100.0%	100.0%
Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds	100.0%	100.0%
Aggregate remaining fund information	6.3%	8.5%

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the State of Michigan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

As discussed in Note 24 to the financial statements, the State has not recognized a liability for some tax overpayments because the amounts are not measurable. Resources received from estimated payments and payments from filed returns were recognized as revenue upon receipt. These overpayments totaled approximately \$1.0 billion at September 30, 2022.

As discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements, the State of Michigan:

- Adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases.
- Restated beginning net position for governmental activities totaling \$18.9 million.
- Restated beginning fund balance for aggregate remaining funds totaling \$48.1 million.
- Restated beginning net position in business-type activities and the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds totaling (\$8.8) million.
- Restated beginning net position for aggregate discretely presented component units totaling \$0.9 million.
- Transferred the assets and liabilities comprising the Michigan Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) Program to the National ABLE Alliance.

Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for



The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer, Governor Members of the Legislature Page 3

the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the State's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the State's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information other than management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required



The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer, Governor Members of the Legislature Page 4

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules - non-major funds as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules - non-major funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory, statistical, and other information sections as listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards,* we will also issue a report dated March 29, 2023 on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Dove Kingler

Doug Ringler Auditor General March 29, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a discussion and analysis of the State of Michigan's (the State's) financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and with the State's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Government-wide

- At September 30, 2022, the State's net position was \$32.1 billion. This means that total State assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total State liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$32.1 billion.
- The State's unrestricted net position was negative \$2.5 billion as of the close of the fiscal year. A positive balance in
  unrestricted net position represents excess assets available to meet ongoing obligations. A negative balance means that it
  would be necessary to convert restricted assets (e.g., capital assets) to unrestricted assets if all ongoing obligations were
  immediately due and payable.
- Revenues of \$87.3 billion supported expenses of \$76.7 billion during fiscal year 2022. As a result, the State's total net position increased by \$10.6 billion (49.2 percent). The largest impact to the increase in net position relates to an increase in tax revenue of \$3.4 billion compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in revenues from sales tax; flow-through entity tax; single business, Michigan business, and corporate income tax; and education, property, and real estate transfer tax.

#### Fund Level

- As of the close of the fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24.0 billion. Governmental fund balances increased \$6.9 billion (40.6 percent) from the prior year.
- The State's two major governmental funds, the General Fund and the School Aid Fund, closed the fiscal year with a combined fund balance of \$18.7 billion, an increase of \$7.3 billion (63.3 percent) from the prior year. Of the total General Fund balance of \$13.1 billion, \$7.5 billion is unassigned and, therefore, available for appropriation in future years. The remaining \$5.6 billion is either non-spendable (e.g., consists of assets not easily converted to cash, such as inventories); restricted for specific purposes by enabling legislation; committed to specific programs or projects by legislative action; or assigned to fulfill contractual obligations. In the School Aid Fund, the entire fund balance of \$5.7 billion is restricted for education purposes.
- The State's proprietary funds reported net position at year-end of \$1.5 billion. This represents an increase of \$681.1 million (87.5 percent) compared to the prior year-end balance. In fiscal year 2021, there was a decrease in net position of \$247.3 million. The increase in the change in net position is almost entirely due to the decrease in unemployment benefits paid from the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds as the State recovers from the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Long-term Debt

The State's total long-term bonded debt as of September 30, 2022 was \$6.4 billion, a decrease of \$252.8 million (3.8 percent) from the prior year. The decrease represents the net difference between new issuances, payments, and refundings of debt.

More detailed information regarding the government-wide, fund level, and long-term debt activities can be found beginning on page 22.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the State's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-wide Statements (Reporting the State as a Whole)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are two financial statements that report information about the State, as a whole, and about its activities that should help answer this question: How has the State's financial position, as a whole, changed as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position (pages 32 and 33) presents all of the State's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the State's financial position is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities (pages 34 and 35) presents information showing how the State's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both statements report three activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the State's basic services are reported under this category. Taxes and intergovernmental
  revenues generally fund these services. The Legislature, the Judiciary, and the general operations of the Executive
  departments fall within governmental activities.
- Business-type Activities The State charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it
  provides. Lottery tickets, liquor purchases, and the State's unemployment compensation services are examples of businesstype activities.
- Discretely Presented Component Units Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials
  of the primary government are financially accountable. The State has 13 authorities and 10 universities that are reported
  as discretely presented component units of the State.

This report includes two schedules (pages 39 and 41) that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements, which are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the governmental activities in the government-wide statements, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The following table summarizes the differences between modified accrual and full accrual accounting:

Description	Reported in Governmental Fund Financial Statements (modified accrual basis)	Reported in Government- Wide Financial Statements (accrual basis)
Capital assets of the general government (e.g. land, buildings, and infrastructure)	No	Yes
Deferred inflows of unavailable resources	Yes	No
Assets and liabilities of internal service funds that primarily serve governmental funds	No	Yes
Assets for certain debt issuance costs (i.e., prepaid insurance costs)	No	Yes
Unmatured long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, vendor financing obligations) net of unamortized premiums, discounts, and similar items	No	Yes
Certain accrued obligations not normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources unless they are due for payment in the current period (i.e. claims and adjustments, compensated absences, and net pension liability)	No	Yes
Accrued interest on long-term debt	No	Yes
Liability for unearned revenue	Yes	Yes
Capital outlay spending	Yes	No
Debt service principal payments and refunding payments	Yes	No
Other financing sources, uses, and expenditures resulting from debt issuance	Yes	No

Description	Reported in Governmental Fund Financial Statements (modified accrual basis)	Reported in Government- Wide Financial Statements (accrual basis)
Sales of capital assets	Yes, in the amount of the proceeds of the sale	Yes, gain or loss on the sale
Revenues earned during the period but not yet available	No	Yes
Expenses incurred during the period, but not normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources unless they are due for payment in the current period	No	Yes
Depreciation	No	Yes
Revenues and expenditures related to prior periods	Yes	No
Amortization of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items	No	Yes
Activities of internal service funds properly included within governmental activities	No	Yes

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 63 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the State's Major Funds)

The fund financial statements begin on page 38 and provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the State uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. In addition to the major funds, page 204 begins the individual fund data for the non-major funds. The State's funds are divided into three categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – and use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the State's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the State's programs. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental funds include the General Fund, School Aid Fund, special revenue, capital project, debt service, and permanent funds.
- Proprietary funds When the State charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other agencies within the State, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary (enterprise and internal service) funds utilize accrual accounting, the same method used by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. An example is the State Lottery Fund. Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the State's other programs – such as risk management and State sponsored group insurance activities. Internal service funds are reported as governmental activities on the government-wide statements.
- Fiduciary funds The State controls resources that are for the benefit of parties outside of the State. The State's fiduciary activities (including the activities of fiduciary component units) are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position beginning on page 50. These funds, which include pension (and other employee benefit), private-purpose, and custodial funds, are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the State to finance its operations.

#### Additional Required Supplementary Information

Following the basic financial statements is additional Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules reconciling the statutory and generally accepted accounting principles fund balances at fiscal year-end, condition and maintenance data regarding certain portions of the State's infrastructure, and information regarding the State's pension plans, including contributions and changes in the net pension liability.

#### **Other Supplementary Information**

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, proprietary, fiduciary funds, and non-major discretely presented component units. These funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the governmental fund financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

The State's combined net position increased \$10.6 billion (49.2 percent) over the course of this fiscal year's operations. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$10.0 billion (48.7 percent), and business-type activities had an increase of \$638.2 million (58.3 percent).

#### Statement of Net Position For Fiscal Year Ending September 30 (In Millions)

		Goverr Activ			Busine Acti	ess-ty vities	•	Total Primary Government					
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Assets: Current and other													
non-current assets	\$	43,170.7	\$	32,963.4	\$	2,754.2	\$	2,323.7	\$	45,924.9	\$	35,287.1	
Capital assets		25,365.5		24,310.0		4.3		2.1		25,369.9		24,312.1	
Total assets		68,536.2		57,273.4		2,758.5		2,325.8		71,294.8		59,599.2	
Deferred outflows of resources		2,817.6		3,491.7		19.4		21.7		2,837.1		3,513.4	
onresources		2,017.0		0,40111		10.4		21.7		2,007.1		0,010.4	
Liabilities:													
Current liabilities		14,189.7		11,751.1		775.2		960.5		14,964.9		12,711.7	
Long-term liabilities		20.576.2		25,138.0		229.2		258.7		20.805.4		25,396.7	
Total liabilities		34,765.9		36,889.1		1.004.4		1,219.3		35,770.3		38,108.4	
				,		.,		1,210.0					
Deferred inflows													
of resources		6,183.9		3,525.1		40.6		25.0		6,224.6		3,550.1	
N / //													
Net position:													
Net investment		04 475 7		04 050 0		0.0				04 470 0		04 050 5	
in capital assets		21,175.7		21,253.2		0.3		0.3		21,176.0		21,253.5	
Restricted		11,667.8		8,099.7		1,821.3		1,173.2		13,489.1		9,272.9	
Unrestricted	-	(2,439.5)	-	(9,002.1)	-	(88.6)	-	(70.2)	-	(2,528.1)	-	(9,072.3)	
Total net position	\$	30,404.0	\$	20,350.9	\$	1,733.0	\$	1,103.2	\$	32,137.0	\$	21,454.1	

The largest component of the State's net position, at \$21.2 billion, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets. Restricted net position is the next largest component, comprising \$13.5 billion of the total. This represents resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation limiting how they can be used. The State's unrestricted net position was negative \$2.5 billion as of the close of the year. A positive balance in unrestricted net position represents excess assets available to meet ongoing obligations. A negative balance means that it would be necessary to convert restricted assets to unrestricted assets if all ongoing obligations were immediately due and payable.

The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the State's net position changed during the fiscal year:

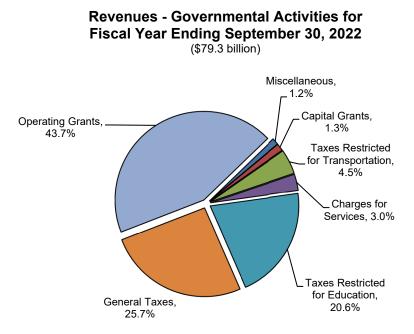
Change in Net Position

		Fo	0	ding Sontombo	vr 20			
		FUI	r Fiscal Year En (In Mi	illions)	1 30			
		nmental vities	Busine	ess-type vities		otal overnment		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 2,359.7	\$ 1,897.0	\$ 7,979.0	\$ 20,652.7	\$ 10,338.7	\$ 22,549.7		
Operating grants	34,644.4	29,864.9	0.8	14.2	34,645.1	29,879.0		
Capital grants	1,068.2	981.7	-	-	1,068.2	981.7		
General revenues								
General taxes	20,376.0	18,756.8	-	-	20,376.0	18,756.8		
Taxes restricted for	,	,			,	,		
educational purposes	16,356.3	14,748.7	-	-	16,356.3	14,748.7		
Taxes restricted for	,	,			,	,		
transportation purposes	3,588.9	3,464.8	-	-	3,588.9	3,464.8		
Unrestricted investment	0,000.0	0,101.0			0,000.0	0,101.0		
and interest earnings	95.4	13.5	1.4	0.2	96.8	13.6		
Miscellaneous	811.1	893.7	1.4	0.2	811.1	893.7		
Total Revenues	79,300.1							91,288.1
Total Revenues	79,300.1	70,021.1	7,901.1	20,007.0	07,201.2	91,200.1		
Expenses								
General government	2,859.2	3,200.3	-	-	2,859.2	3,200.3		
Education	22,137.4	18,754.3	-	-	22,137.4	18,754.3		
Health and human services	31,437.1	29,794.5	-	-	31,437.1	29,794.5		
Public safety and corrections	2,692.8	3,221.8	-	-	2,692.8	3,221.8		
Conservation, environment, etc.	927.3	937.1	-	-	927.3	937.1		
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	3,010.8	1,802.8	-	-	3,010.8	1,802.8		
Transportation	5,029.6	4,908.2	-	-	5,029.6	4,908.2		
Tax credits	908.8	884.6	-	-	908.8	884.6		
Intergovernmental revenue sharing		1,451.3	-	-	1,607.9	1,451.3		
Interest on long-term debt	265.8	255.2	-	_	265.8	255.2		
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	- 200.0	- 200.2	1,260.3	1,274.1	1,260.3	1,274.1		
State Lottery Fund	-	-	3,653.3	3,633.1	3,653.3	3,633.1		
Attorney Discipline System	-	-	4.9	5.5	4.9	5.5		
Michigan Unemployment			4.0	0.0	4.0	0.0		
Compensation Funds	-	-	908.1	14,440.5	908.1	14,440.5		
Total Expenses	70,876.6	65,210.1	5,826.6	19,353.3	76,703.2	84,563.4		
	10,010.0		0,020.0	10,000.0	10,100.2			
Excess (deficiency) Before								
Contributions and Transfers	8,423.4	5,410.9	2,154.5	1,313.8	10,577.9	6,724.7		
Contributions to permanent fund								
principal	18.9	11.3	-	_	18.9	11.3		
Special items	10.5	(11.7)	_		10.5	(11.7)		
Transfers	- 1,516.3	1,640.2	(1,516.3)	(1,640.2)	-	( 1 1 . 7 )		
Increase (decrease)	1,010.0	1,040.2	(1,010.3)	(1,0+0.2)				
In net position	9,958.6	7,050.8	638.2	(326.4)	10,596.8	6,724.4		
Net position - beginning - restated	9,956.6 20,445.4	,	1,094.7 *					
					<u>21,540.2</u> *			
Net position - ending	\$ 30,404.0	\$ 20,350.9	\$ 1,733.0	\$ 1,103.2	\$ 32,137.0	\$ 21,454.1		

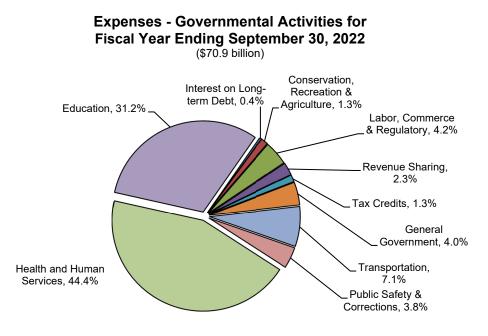
\*More information regarding the restatement of beginning net position can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues to fund governmental activities totaled \$79.3 billion for fiscal year 2022. As shown in the accompanying chart, 43.7 percent of the governmental activities' revenue came from operating grants, primarily from the federal government, and were earmarked for specific uses, such as highway construction and health and human services programs. In addition, the State Constitution and other statutory restrictions earmarked 25.2 percent for educational and transportation purposes. Only 25.7 percent of the revenues were available for general use.



Expenses related to governmental activities totaled \$70.9 billion during fiscal year 2022. The expenses include spending appropriated in prior years, such as capital outlay and work project authorization. As evidenced by the accompanying chart, education and health and human services represent the governmental activities' largest spending categories, accounting for 75.6 percent of the spending.



#### **Business-type Activities**

The business-type activities' net position increased \$638.2 million (58.3 percent) during the fiscal year. Factors contributing to these results included:

- The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds (MUCF) finished the fiscal year with an increase in net position of \$657.9 million (56.7 percent). In fiscal year 2021, there was a decrease in net position of \$319.5 million. The increase in the change in net position of these funds is primarily related to a reduction in operating loss due almost entirely to the decrease in unemployment benefits paid as the State recovers from the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The State Lottery Fund's net position decreased \$19.1 million (56.5 percent) from the fiscal year 2021 amount. The decrease in net position is primarily related to unrealized losses on investments that the Lottery holds to fund future payments due on annuitized Lottery prizes.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

As the State completed the year, its governmental funds reported fund balances of \$24.0 billion. Of this amount, \$7.5 billion constitutes unassigned fund balance in the General Fund, which is available to appropriate in future years. Of the total governmental fund balances, \$1.3 billion is in non-spendable form made up of amounts legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, including permanent fund endowments and assets that will not be converted to cash in the short-term, including consumable inventories. Another \$10.5 billion of the governmental fund balances are restricted for specific purposes by enabling legislation, the majority of which is legally restricted for capital projects. Committed governmental fund balances totaled \$4.6 billion as of the end of the fiscal year representing funding set aside for multi-year projects and earmarked revenue carried forward with legislative authority for specific ongoing programs. Another \$133.3 million of the governmental fund balances are assigned for encumbered services and goods to be received after the end of the fiscal year. Two capital projects funds reported a negative unassigned fund balance totaling \$52.7 million due to expenditures incurred in advance of bonding proceeds which will be received after the end of the fiscal year.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the General Fund total fund balance was \$13.1 billion, of which \$7.5 billion was unassigned and, therefore, available for appropriation. The General Fund total fund balance of \$13.1 billion represents an increase of \$4.6 billion (53.9 percent) from the fiscal year 2021 ending total fund balance. The following revenues and expenditures contributed to most of the change in fund balance:

- General Fund revenues received from taxes increased \$2.2 billion (12.6 percent) from fiscal year 2021. The increase in
  revenue is primarily related to increased business profits leading to increased corporate income tax revenues, increases in
  sales tax revenue due to increased consumer spending, and the addition of the flow-through entity tax in fiscal year 2022.
- General Fund revenues received from federal agencies increased \$3.6 billion (13.7 percent) from fiscal year 2021. The
  increase in revenue is primarily related to increases in American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act funding for various child care
  programs, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Medicaid, and funds received pursuant to the federal
  Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act.
- General Fund current expenditures for education increased \$1.0 billion (49.5 percent) from fiscal year 2021. The increase in expenditures is primarily related to ARP Act funding for various child care programs.
- General Fund current expenditures for labor, commerce, and regulatory increased \$1.5 billion (117.1 percent) from fiscal year 2021. The increase in expenditures is primarily related to Strategic Outreach and Attraction Reserve Fund spending as well as COVID-19 emergency rental assistance.

Included within the General Fund's committed fund balance is \$1.6 billion in the Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund. This fund, also referred to as the Rainy Day Fund, is used to stabilize government programs in times of economic downturn.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The original enacted fiscal year 2022 general fund budget was \$45.6 billion. During the year, various positive and negative supplemental appropriations and other adjustments resulted in a final enacted budget of \$48.5 billion. The difference between the final enacted budget of \$48.5 billion and actual spending and encumbrances of \$47.8 billion resulted from spending authority net lapses of \$614.4 million and restricted revenue authorized, but not spent, totaling \$103.6 million. At fiscal year-end, excess restricted revenue of \$3.0 billion was carried forward into fiscal year 2023 and is available for appropriation. There were no net overexpenditures or line-item overexpenditures by State departments during the year.

#### School Aid Fund

Fund balance at September 30, 2022, totaled \$5.7 billion, an increase of \$2.7 billion (90.3 percent) from the prior year. Revenues and transfers to the fund totaled \$21.8 billion, up \$3.4 billion (18.4 percent) from the prior year. In fiscal year 2022, tax revenues

deposited in the fund increased \$1.8 billion (12.5 percent). Federal funds collected by the School Aid Fund were up \$1.5 billion (66.5 percent) over the prior year. Expenditures and transfers to other funds totaled \$19.1 billion, an increase of \$2.5 billion (14.7 percent) over the previous year. The School Aid Stabilization Fund ended the year with \$4.6 billion in restricted fund balance. The following revenues and expenditures contributed to most of the change in fund balance:

- School Aid Fund revenues received from taxes increased \$1.8 billion (12.5 percent) from fiscal year 2021. The increase in
  revenue is primarily related to increases in sales tax due to increased consumer spending, the addition of the flow-through
  entity tax in fiscal year 2022, and property tax driven by growing property values.
- School Aid Fund revenues from federal agencies increased \$1.5 billion (66.5 percent) from fiscal year 2021. School Aid
  Fund expenditures for education increased \$2.5 billion (14.8 percent) from fiscal year 2021. The increase in revenue and
  expenditures is primarily related to Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) II funding for local school
  districts.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u>: At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the State had invested \$25.4 billion, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see the table below). Depreciation charges for this fiscal year totaled \$400.6 million.

	 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government				
	 2022		2021*		2022	2021*			2022		2021*
Land	\$ 3,681.3	\$	3,664.0	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,681.3	\$	3,664.0
Land improvements and other assets	158.2		156.0		-		-		158.2		156.0
Land rights	79.0		77.8		-		-		79.0		77.8
Buildings and improvements	1,451.8		1,270.3		0.1		0.1		1,451.9		1,270.4
Equipment	359.1		360.4		0.3		0.4		359.4		360.8
Computer software	368.7		439.9		-		-		368.7		439.9
Infrastructure	14,616.5		15,052.4		-		-		14,616.5		15,052.4
Right-to-use leased assets	662.1		733.2		4.0		4.3		666.1		737.5
Other	 19.8		19.8		-		-		19.8		19.8
Subtotal	21,396.4		21,773.7		4.3		4.8		21,400.7		21,778.5
Construction in progress	 3,969.1		3,076.0		-		-		3,969.1		3,076.0
Total	\$ 25,365.5	\$	24,849.7	\$	4.3	\$	4.8	\$	25,369.9	\$	24,854.6

#### Capital Assets as of September 30 (Net of Depreciation, In Millions)

\*Prior year columns have been restated. More detailed information regarding the restatement is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

The most significant impact on capital assets during the year resulted from partially completed road and bridge construction and repair projects which are reported within construction in progress as well as activity related to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include the State's network of public transportation roads and bridges, including ancillary assets, such as guard rails, signs, lighting, culverts, fencing, and the like. The State is responsible for maintaining approximately 27,147 lane miles of roads and 4,851 bridges (spans in excess of 20 feet).

The State has maintained the assessed condition of roads over the past five years. The State's goal is to have more than 70.0 percent of roads in fair to excellent condition. The most recent condition assessment, completed for calendar year 2021, indicated that 79.0 percent of roads were considered fair or better.

The State's bridges have assessed conditions that are better than the established benchmarks. The most recent assessment (2022) indicated that the condition of the bridges improved slightly from the prior year. For fiscal year 2022, 93.2 percent of the bridges were assessed as structurally fair or better.

The Legislature passed capital outlay appropriations of \$315.6 million for fiscal year 2022. Under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 18.1248, capital outlay appropriations do not lapse at the end of the fiscal year they are appropriated in. The appropriations typically continue until the purposes for which the sums were appropriated are completed. Planning authorization for projects that have not been authorized for final design and construction are terminated 24 months after the last day of the fiscal year in which the authorization was originally made unless the project is specifically reauthorized in a budget act. Appropriations made for final design and construction has not commenced are terminated 36 months after the last day of the fiscal year in which the authorization was originally made unless the project is specifically reauthorized in a budget act. A capital outlay of the fiscal year in which the authorization was originally made unless the project is specifically reauthorized in a budget act. A capital outlay of the fiscal year in which the authorization was originally made unless the project is specifically reauthorized in a budget act. A capital outlay project may be continued beyond these limitations if additional conditions are met.

Capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$2.3 billion in fiscal year 2022. Of the total \$2.3 billion expended, \$1.4 billion was spent by the State Trunkline Fund, a capital projects fund, for highway maintenance and construction.

More detailed information about the State's capital assets is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt: The State, along with the State Building Authority (SBA), a blended component unit of the State, are empowered by law to authorize, issue, and sell debt obligations. General obligation bonds, issued by the State, are backed by the full faith and credit of the State. The State also issues revenue dedicated bonded debt, whose payment for principal and interest comes solely out of funds that receive legally restricted revenues. The State is not legally obligated for the debt issued by SBA. SBA's bonds generate revenue to finance the construction of facilities used by the State and universities. Payments from the State fund the debt service requirements. More detailed information regarding the State's long-term obligations is presented in Notes 12, 13, and 15 to the financial statements.

	Outstanding Bonded Debt as of September 30 (In Millions)											
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total Primary Government			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
General obligation bonds (backed by the State)	\$	1,035.7	\$	1,196.6	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,035.7	\$	1,196.6
Revenue bonds and notes (backed by specific tax and fee revenue)		5,334.9		5.426.8		-		-		5.334.9		5,426.8
Total	\$	6,370.6	\$	6,623.4	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,370.6	\$	6,623.4

During the year, the State issued bonds and bond anticipation notes totaling \$146.5 million. The proceeds from the new bonds will provide funding for State and university-owned buildings.

#### BOND RATINGS

The State's general obligations are rated AA positive stable outlook by Fitch, AA stable outlook by Standard & Poor's, and Aa1 stable outlook by Moody's.

#### Limitations on Debt

The State Constitution authorizes general obligation long-term borrowing, with approval of the Legislature and a majority of the voters, and general obligation short-term notes, of which the principal may not exceed 15.0 percent of undedicated revenues received in the preceding year. In fiscal year 2022, the State did not issue any general obligation short-term notes.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

The State of Michigan's fiscal year 2022 spanned the months from October 2021 through September 2022 (the final quarter of calendar year 2021) and the first three quarters of calendar year 2022).

Price inflation accelerated to 40-year highs in fiscal year 2022. Between October 2021 and June 2022, year-over-year increases in the U.S. consumer price index (CPI) accelerated from 6.2 percent to 9.1 percent – a 40-year high. Year-over-year CPI increases slowed slightly over the balance of the fiscal year – slowing to 8.2 percent in September 2022. The less volatile core U.S. CPI, which excludes food and energy, rose at historically rapid rates throughout the fiscal year. Year-over-year core CPI increases accelerated from 4.6 percent in October 2021 to 6.5 percent in March 2022 before slowing to 5.9 percent in June and July and then accelerating in September to 6.6 percent – a 40-year high. The personal consumption expenditure (PCE) deflator (the Federal Reserve's preferred inflation measure) also rose substantially in fiscal year 2022. Year-over-year increases in the PCE deflator accelerated between October 2021 and June 2022 from 5.2 percent to 7.0 percent – a 40-year high, before slowing to a still historically high 6.2 percent in August and September 2022.

Inflation's reach broadened in fiscal year 2022 – impacting a wider range of goods and services in fiscal year 2022 compared with fiscal year 2021. In February 2022, Russia launched a full-scale invasion of Ukraine. The Russia-Ukraine war sharply raised food

and energy prices as did actions made by the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to constrain oil production in support of high oil prices. The COVID-19 pandemic continued to hinder many world economies and curtail supply chains.

The Federal Reserve shifted to a significantly more contractionary policy regime in fiscal year 2022 compared to the previous year. In fiscal year 2021, the Federal Reserve had engaged in highly stimulative programs – purchasing \$120.0 billion in bonds each month and maintaining the federal funds rate near 0.0 percent. Faced with historically high rates of price inflation during 2022, the Federal Reserve first slowed the rate of increase in its bond purchases and then began decreasing the level of its bond holdings. The Federal Reserve also increased the federal funds rate at an historically rapid pace beginning in the second half of fiscal year 2022. Between March 2022 and September 2022, the Federal Reserve raised the federal funds rate by 3.0 percentage points.

In the final quarter of calendar year 2021, the U.S. economy reported very strong growth in real (inflation adjusted) gross domestic product (GDP) at a 7.0 percent annualized rate – boosted in large part by a sharp increase in inventories. However, high inflation combined with rising interest rates served to slow the U.S. economy. Real GDP declined slightly in both the first and second quarters of 2022 – falling at an annualized rate of 1.6 percent and 0.6 percent in the first and second quarter, respectively. In the third quarter, real GDP grew at a 2.6 percent annual rate. In the third quarter of 2022, a substantial increase in exports paired with a significant decrease in imports and modest increases in consumption and government spending outweighed the second straight quarter of substantial declines in investment. Real final sales, a measure of current domestic demand, which excludes inventory changes and exports but includes imports, grew at a modest 2.0 percent rate in the fourth quarter of 2021 before slowing to a 1.3 percent rate in the first quarter of 2022 and a 0.2 percent rate in the second quarter of 2022. In the third quarter of 2022, real final sales rose at a 0.5 percent annual rate.

However, employment increased at a substantial pace between October 2021 and September 2022 – gaining a total of 5.7 million jobs over fiscal year 2022. Job gains trended slower across the fiscal year. Monthly gains averaged 588,000 jobs over the first half of the year before slowing to 365,000 jobs over the fiscal year's second half. As of September 2022, U.S. employment was 0.5 million jobs above its pre-pandemic peak level.

The unemployment rate trended downward over the course of fiscal year 2022. Between September 2021 and September 2022, the rate fell from 4.7 percent to 3.5 percent – returning to a pre-pandemic 50-year low. The unemployment rates throughout fiscal year 2022 were down substantially from their peak 14.7 percent rate in April 2020 at the outset of the pandemic. While labor force participation rates rose slightly over fiscal year 2022, national labor supply was still down significantly from pre-pandemic levels. Increased early retirements resulting from the pandemic accounted for a substantial share of the reduction in the U.S. labor force. Lack of available/affordable childcare, and health concerns from COVID-19 also contributed to the reduction in labor supply.

Light vehicles sold at historically low levels through most of fiscal year 2022, as production and available inventories were substantially constrained by global semiconductor shortages. Light vehicles sold at a 13.0 million unit rate in the fourth quarter of 2021, a 14.1 million unit rate in the first quarter of 2022, a 13.3 million unit rate in the second quarter of 2022 and a 13.4 million unit rate in the third quarter of 2022.

Over the course of fiscal year 2022, Michigan reported modest employment growth with most of the growth occurring over the first half of the fiscal year. Michigan gained 65,900 jobs in the fourth quarter of 2021 and then gained 38,200 jobs during the first quarter of 2022. Michigan reported a slight 3,400 net jobs loss over the second quarter of 2022 before gaining 36,700 jobs in the third quarter of 2022. As a result, in fiscal year 2022, the Michigan economy gained on net, 137,400 jobs. Since the record 1.0 million job loss in April 2020, the Michigan labor market had gained on net, 961,100 jobs by September and thus stood 92,200 jobs below its February 2020 pre-pandemic level.

The Michigan unemployment rate is down substantially compared to its April 2020 peak rate of 22.7 percent. The Michigan unemployment rate trended downward in fiscal year 2022 with the rate falling from 5.7 percent in September 2021 to 4.1 percent in September 2022. Michigan's labor force participation rate trended upward slightly over the fiscal year but remained significantly below its pre-pandemic level.

Michigan personal income was up 4.9 percent year-over-year in the fourth quarter of 2021. In the first quarter of 2022, Michigan personal income fell 6.7 percent from the first quarter of 2021, when enactment of the American Rescue Plan Act began. Michigan personal income then rose 0.8 percent year-over-year in the second quarter of 2022 compared with the second quarter of 2021 during which substantial transfer payments were made under the American Rescue Plan Act. However, excluding transfer payments, Michigan personal income was up 5.7 percent year-over-year in the second quarter of 2022. In comparison, U.S. personal income excluding transfer payments rose 7.3 percent year-over-year in the second quarter of 2022.

In the fourth quarter of 2021, Michigan real GDP rose 5.0 percent compared to a year earlier and was up 4.5 percent year-over-year in the first quarter of 2022. However, in the second quarter of 2022, Michigan real GDP rose just 0.7 percent compared to the prior year. In the second quarter of 2022, Michigan real GDP was up 4.3 percent from its pre-pandemic fourth quarter 2019 level.

#### **CONTACTING THE STATE'S OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Additional financial information can be obtained on the Office of Financial Management website. You can also contact the office by phone at (517) 241-4010.

The State's component units prepare their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the Office of Financial Management at (517) 241-4010.



### FINANCIAL SECTION

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
		RNMENTAL IVITIES		SINESS-TYPE		TOTALS	CC	OMPONENT UNITS
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$	213,915	\$	78,332	\$	292,247	\$	1,689,127
Cash on deposit with fiscal agent		77,510		1,765,511		1,843,021		-
Equity in common cash (Note 5)	25	5,727,885		236,024		25,963,909		2,570,870
Taxes, interest, and penalties								
receivable (Note 6)	8	3,296,889		-		8,296,889		-
Internal balances		32,220		(32,220)		-		-
Amounts due from component units		5,892		1,714		7,606		31,018
Amounts due from primary government		-		-		-		243,085
Amounts due from federal government	2	2,937,419		45,266		2,982,684		60,689
Amounts due from local units		213,397		8,532		221,929		660,858
Inventories		119,095		27,473		146,567		12,166
Investments (Note 8)		-		17,107		17,107		2,738,035
Other current assets		2,346,125		457,378		2,803,503		491,689
Total Current Assets	3	9,970,346		2,605,117		42,575,463		8,497,535
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		229,148
Investments		-		-		-		1,012,293
Mortgages and loans receivable		-		-		-		11,224
Taxes, interest, and penalties								
receivable (Note 6)		569,339		-		569,339		-
Advances to primary government		-		-		-		767,000
Amounts due from federal government		41,178		-		41,178		-
Amounts due from local units		847,039		-		847,039		5,264,168
Mortgages and loans receivable		-		-		-		4,028,527
Investments (Note 8)		1,359,243		124,823		1,484,066		4,101,625
Land and property held for resale		-		-		-		4,867
Capital Assets (Note 9):								
Land and other non-depreciable assets		3,854,313		-		3,854,313		250,278
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets		7,440,572		9,458		7,450,030		8,049,396
Less accumulated depreciation	•	1,254,700)		(5,147)		(4,259,847)		(3,680,543)
Infrastructure		4,356,230		-		14,356,230		102,967
Construction in progress		3,969,131		-		3,969,131		278,657
Total capital assets	25	5,365,547		4,311		25,369,858		5,000,755
Interest in joint ventures (Note 7)		34,196		-		34,196		-
Other noncurrent assets		349,350		24,273		373,623		1,024,104
Total Noncurrent Assets	28	3,565,892		153,407		28,719,299		21,443,712
Total Assets	68	3,536,238		2,758,524		71,294,762		29,941,248
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 28)	2	2,817,633		19,429		2,837,062		303,532

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
		IMENTAL /ITIES		INESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTALS	C	OMPONENT UNITS
LIABILITIES			·					
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 5,2	224,777	\$	752,294	\$	5,977,071	\$	682,473
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16)	2,	104,678		-		2,104,678		-
Amounts due to component units		25,856		19		25,875		30,085
Amounts due to primary government		-		-		-		9,919
Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14)	4	455,125		-		455,125		1,023,606
Interest payable		165,260		4		165,264		121,422
Unearned revenue	,	448,956		1,126		5,450,082		264,787
Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)		120,339		338		120,677		3,399
Current portion of other long-term				04 407		CCC 400		00 550
obligations (Note 15) Total Current Liabilities		644,702		21,407		666,109		99,556
Total Current Liabilities	14,	189,695		775,186		14,964,881		2,235,246
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Advances from component units		743,487		-		743,487		-
Prize awards payable (Note 15)		-		126,619		126,619		-
Interest payable		23,767		-		23,767		-
Unearned revenue		249,856		-		249,856		27,745
Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14)		333,550		-		6,833,550		12,236,157
Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)	1,:	352,038		3,733		1,355,771		15,846
Noncurrent portion of other long-term								
obligations (Note 15)		373,516		98,817		11,472,334		2,304,293
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	20,	576,214		229,169		20,805,383		14,584,040
Total Liabilities	34,	765,909		1,004,355		35,770,264		16,819,286
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 28)	6,	183,945		40,613		6,224,558		660,394
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	21,	175,740		282		21,176,021		2,893,431
Restricted For (Note 23):								
Education	6,4	454,336		-		6,454,336		219,485
Construction and debt service		47,870		-		47,870		5,219,859
Public safety and corrections		70,986		-		70,986		-
Conservation, environment,								
recreation, and agriculture	1,0	081,073		-		1,081,073		-
Health and human services	:	514,014		-		514,014		-
Transportation	1,8	321,421		-		1,821,421		-
Unemployment compensation		-		1,817,298		1,817,298		-
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	:	328,714		-		328,714		-
Other purposes		192,042		4,019		196,061		2,474,720
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:								
Expendable	:	267,375		-		267,375		365,470
Nonexpendable	1	389,966		-		889,966		725,593
Unrestricted		439,521)		(88,614)		(2,528,135)		866,541
Total Net Position	\$ 30,4	404,017	\$	1,732,985	\$	32,137,002	\$	12,765,099
			_					

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

			PROGRAM REVENUES						
	EXPENSES			HARGES FOR SERVICES	G	DPERATING RANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		
Functions/Programs									
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:	•	0.050.000	•	1 100 000	•	660.046	•	0.600	
General government	\$	2,859,202	\$	1,166,656 9.349	\$	663,316 5.384.213	\$	2,628	
Education		22,137,374		- )		-,, -		-	
Health and human services		31,437,130		162,627		24,762,799		47.005	
Public safety and corrections		2,692,790		159,327		1,545,925		17,995	
Conservation, environment,		007.000		207 424		450.000		6 4 6 4	
recreation, and agriculture		927,268		387,421		152,888		6,164	
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		3,010,768		364,925		1,454,358		-	
Transportation		5,029,633		109,432		680,881		1,041,442	
Tax credits (Note 16)		908,800		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing		1,607,907		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		265,752		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		70,876,624		2,359,737	_	34,644,381		1,068,229	
Business-type Activities:									
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund		1,260,303		1,586,516		-		-	
State Lottery Fund		3,653,269		4,911,450		(19,071)		-	
Attorney Discipline System		4,923		5,311		(1,105)		-	
Michigan Unemployment									
Compensation Funds		908,095		1,475,694		20,943		-	
Total business-type activities		5,826,589		7,978,971		768		-	
Total primary government	\$	76,703,213	\$	10,338,708	\$	34,645,149	\$	1,068,229	
Total component units	\$	6,159,838	\$	2,582,305	\$	2,176,776	\$	67,310	
·F - · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-,,00		eneral Revenues:	_	_,,	<u> </u>	,	

Taxes:

General:

Sales and use

Personal income

Flow-through entity

Single business, Michigan business, and corporate income

Tobacco products

Beer, wine, and liquor Insurance company

Quality assurance assessment

- Essential services assessment
- Penalties and interest

Marihuana excise

Insurance provider assessment

Other

Restricted For Educational Purposes:

Sales and use

Personal income

Flow-through entity

Education, property, and real estate transfers

Tobacco products

Casino gaming wagering

- Other
- Restricted For Transportation Purposes:
- Sales and use

Personal income

- Gasoline and diesel fuel Motor vehicle registration
- Other

Unrestricted investment and interest earnings

Miscellaneous

Payments from State of Michigan

Contributions to permanent fund principal

Transfers

Total general and other revenue, payments, and transfers Change in net position

Net position-beginning-restated

Net position-ending

	Р	RIMARY GOVERNME	ENT		
GO	VERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE			COMPONENT
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES		TOTALS	UNITS
\$	(1,026,602)	\$ -	\$	(1,026,602)	\$ -
	(16,743,812)	-		(16,743,812)	-
	(6,511,704)	-		(6,511,704)	-
	(969,543)	-		(969,543)	-
	(380,796)	-		(380,796)	-
	(1,191,484)	-		(1,191,484)	-
	(3,197,878)	-		(3,197,878)	-
	(908,800) (1,607,907)	-		(908,800) (1,607,907)	-
	(1,007,907) (265,752)	-		(1,007,507) (265,752)	
	(32,804,276)			(32,804,276)	
	(32,004,270)			(32,004,270)	
	-	326,213		326,213	-
	-	1,239,111		1,239,111	-
	-	(717)		(717)	-
		588,543 2,153,149		588,543 2,153,149	
	(32,804,276)	2,153,149		(30,651,127)	
	(32,004,270)	2,100,149		(30,031,127)	(1,333,448)
					(1,000,440)
	3,988,462	-		3,988,462	-
	8,919,862	-		8,919,862	-
	1,341,141	-		1,341,141	-
	2,094,169	-		2,094,169	-
	511,381	-		511,381	-
	206,563 419,876	-		206,563 419,876	-
	1,374,899	-		1,374,899	-
	135,379	-		135,379	-
	149,643	-		149,643	-
	186,643	-		186,643	-
	636,070	-		636,070	-
	411,867	-		411,867	-
	8,744,222	-		8,744,222	-
	3,627,961	-		3,627,961	-
	452,302	-		452,302	-
	3,001,216	-		3,001,216	-
	283,651 104,059	-		283,651 104,059	-
	142,874	-		142,874	-
	148,007	-		148,007	-
	600,000	-		600,000	-
	1,433,033	-		1,433,033	-
	1,402,986	-		1,402,986	-
	4,918	-		4,918	-
	95,407	1,351		96,758	40,054
	811,123	-		811,123	666,239
	-	-		-	1,909,422
	18,887 1,516,263	- (1,516,263)		18,887 _	-
	42,762,863	(1,514,911)		41,247,952	2,615,715
	9,958,587	638,238		10,596,825	1,282,267
	20,445,430	1,094,747		21,540,177	11,482,832
\$	30,404,017	\$ 1,732,985	\$	32,137,002	\$ 12,765,099
_		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	, , ,	,,

#### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION



## **GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## Major Funds

#### GENERAL FUND

This fund is the State's operating fund. It accounts for the financial resources and transactions not accounted for in other funds.

#### SCHOOL AID FUND

An amendment to the 1908 State Constitution created this fund in 1955. The 1963 State Constitution provided for the fund's continued existence. Its purpose is to aid in the support of the public schools, intermediate school districts, higher education, and school employees' retirement systems of the State. School aid payments to school districts are based on a statutory formula. Michigan Compiled Laws Section 388.1611a, effective October 1, 2003, created the School Aid Stabilization Fund as a separate account within the School Aid Fund.

The fund receives State revenues restricted to local school programs, including: the constitutionally dedicated 60 percent of the collections of sales tax imposed at a rate of 4 percent and all of the collections of sales tax imposed at the additional rate of 2 percent; State Lottery Fund earnings; a percentage of the adjusted gross receipts from casino gaming; the real estate transfer tax; and portions of the personal income, cigarette, liquor, marihuana excise, internet sports betting, internet gaming, internet fantasy contests, and industrial and commercial facilities taxes. A constitutional amendment approved by voters in 1994 made structural changes in the method of financing local school districts. The amendment authorized the levy of a statewide property tax, which is deposited in the School Aid Fund. General Fund allocations to the School Aid Fund that are not expended by the end of the State fiscal year are also transferred to the School Aid Stabilization Fund.

## Non-Major Funds

Non-major governmental funds are presented, by fund type, beginning on page 196.

#### **BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	GENERAL FUND	SCHOOL AID FUND	NON-MAJOR FUNDS	TOTALS
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash Equity in common cash (Note 5) Cash on deposit with fiscal agent	\$	\$ 417 3,584,751	\$ 206,453 4,211,389	\$ 213,913 25,246,763 77,540
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable (Note 6)	5,349,539	- 2,809,442	- 137,907	77,510 8,296,889
Amounts due from other funds (Note 19)	32,149	38,552	129,871	200,572
Amounts due from component units	4,091	-	1,600	5,692
Amounts due from federal agencies	2,521,054	100,115	316,249	2,937,418
Amounts due from local units	64,429	44,905	104,063	213,397
Inventories	87,733	-	14,221	101,955
Other current assets Total Current Assets	<u>2,012,705</u> 27,606,876	<u>14,342</u> 6,592,524	<u>231,144</u> 5,352,899	2,258,191
Total Current Assets	27,000,070	0,592,524	5,552,699	39,552,299
Noncurrent Assets:	(== 0=0			
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable (Note 6)	475,376	90,090	3,873	569,339
Amounts due from federal agencies Amounts due from local units	41,178 767,000	- 15,610	- 64,429	41,178 847,039
Investments (Note 8)	11,715	13,010	1,347,528	1,359,243
Other noncurrent assets	296,861	-	13,789	310,650
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,592,130	105,700	1,429,619	3,127,449
Total Assets	\$ 29,199,006	\$ 6,698,224	\$ 6,782,518	\$ 42,679,748
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)	\$ 3,759,715	\$ 261,147	\$ 1,031,528	\$ 5,052,390
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16)	2,104,678	-	-	2,104,678
Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)	43,262	1	168,319	211,582
Amounts due to component units	2,344	-	-	2,344
Bonds and notes payable	-	-	77,000	77,000
Interest payable Unearned revenue	- 5,355,266	- 31	156 15,299	156 5,370,596
Total Current Liabilities	11,265,265	261,179	1,292,302	12,818,746
	,200,200		.,,	,,.
Long-Term Liabilities: Advances from component units	743,487			743,487
Unearned revenue	4,953	-	- 12	4,965
Total Long-Term Liabilities	748,440	-	12	748,452
Total Liabilities	12,013,705	261,179	1,292,314	13,567,198
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 28)	4,130,006	783,300	194,143	5,107,448
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	134,321	-	1,193,670	1,327,991
Restricted	1,054,434	5,653,745	3,822,311	10,530,489
Committed	4,269,717	-	332,821	4,602,538
Assigned	133,339	-	-	133,339
Unassigned (Note 22)	7,463,485		(52,740)	7,410,744
Total Fund Balances (Note 23)	13,055,296	5,653,745	5,296,061	24,005,101
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 29,199,006	\$ 6,698,224	\$ 6,782,518	<u>\$ 42,679,748</u>

#### **RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 24,005,101
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Posit	ion	
are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource	<b>1</b>	
and therefore are not reported in the funds. (Note 9)		
Land and other non-depreciable assets	3,796,881	
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets Infrastructure	6,027,410	
Construction in progress	14,356,230 3,969,131	
Interest in joint ventures	34,196	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,227,453)	24,956,396
Certain tax revenues are earned but not available and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		4,493,954
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for		
current period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		F70 444
		576,414
Amounts due to component units for long-term loans.		(23,513)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to		
individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds		
are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position	۱.	(273,634)
Pension related assets are not available in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		3,926
Deferred outflows of resources not reported in the funds:		
Refunding of debt		35,358
Pension related OPEB related		832,346 1,825,974
		1,020,011
Debt issuance costs are reported as current expenditures in the funds. However, certain debt issuance costs are amortized over the life of		
the bonds and are included in the governmental activities in the		
Statement of Net Position.		5
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (Note 15)		
Vendor financing obligations	(1,435,066)	
Compensated absences	(415,486)	
Workers' compensation Net pension liability	(41,339) (4,460,126)	
Net OPEB liability	(5,257,913)	
Pollution remediation	(176,521)	
Other long-term liabilities	(1,076,674)	(12,863,126)
Long-term bonded debt is not due and payable in the current period and	I	
therefore is not reported in the funds. Unamortized premiums, unamor		
discounts, and accrued interest payable are not reported in the funds. these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Position. This is the		
effect of these balances on the statement. (Note 13)		
Bonds and notes payable	(6,370,572)	
Unamortized premiums	(843,908)	
Unamortized discounts	2,804	
Accrued interest payable	(103,186)	(7,314,861)
Deferred inflows of resources not reported in the funds: Refunding of debt		(7,620)
Pension related		(1,954,550)
OPEB related		 (3,888,155)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 30,404,017

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	GENERAL FUND	S	SCHOOL AID FUND	٢	ION-MAJOR FUNDS		TOTALS
REVENUES	 						
Taxes	\$ 20,040,354	\$	16,315,743	\$	3,744,858	\$	40,100,955
From federal agencies	29,807,924		3,818,926		1,891,980		35,518,830
From local agencies	111,141		-		21,731		132,871
From services	344,591		-		8,863		353,454
From licenses and permits	412,424		-		271,989		684,413
Special Medicaid reimbursements	172,203		-		-		172,203
Miscellaneous	 798,517		48,990		584,091		1,431,598
Total Revenues	 51,687,153		20,183,658		6,523,513		78,394,324
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	2,796,212		1,478		143,675		2,941,366
Education	3,044,032		18,986,355		135,916		22,166,303
Health and human services	31,797,847		-		65,134		31,862,980
Public safety and corrections	3,178,578		-		2,993		3,181,570
Conservation, environment,	0,110,010				2,000		0,101,010
recreation, and agriculture	709,954		_		334,141		1,044,094
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	2,767,244				294,039		3,061,283
Transportation	3,358		-		3,689,275		
			-		3,009,275		3,692,633
Tax credits (Note 16)	908,800		-		-		908,800
Capital outlay	90,464		-		2,182,865		2,273,329
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing Debt service:	1,607,907		-		-		1,607,907
Bond principal retirement	-		-		397,874		397,874
Bond interest and fiscal charges	-		-		265,772		265,772
Structured settlement payments	61,594		-		-		61,594
Vendor financing payments	 93,195		-		4,628		97,823
Total Expenditures	 47,059,185	_	18,987,833		7,516,311	_	73,563,328
Excess of Revenues over (under)							
Expenditures	 4,627,968	_	1,195,825		(992,798)	_	4,830,996
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bonds and bond anticipation notes issued	_		-		146,530		146,530
Premium on bond issuance	-		-		15,093		15,093
Vendor financing acquisitions	13,496		-		248,608		262,104
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,866		_		2,476		9,342
Transfers from other funds (Note 21)	540,979		1,596,812		2,597,342		4,735,132
Transfers to other funds (Note 21)			, ,				
	 (616,807)		(110,528)		(2,335,326)		(3,062,661
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (55,466)		1,486,284		674,722		2,105,540
Net changes in fund balances	4,572,502		2,682,109		(318,076)		6,936,536
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	8,482,793		2,971,636		5,614,137		17,068,566
-							
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 13,055,296	\$	5,653,745	\$	5,296,061	\$	24,005,101

### Michigan

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 6,936,53
evernmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated of estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amou which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period (Note 9)	over their Int by	
Capital outlay:		
Land and other non-depreciable assets Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets Infrastructure Construction in progress Disposal of capital assets	7,699 174,100 (679,201) 1,333,498 (13,211)	
Depreciation expense	(244,218)	578,66
Change in deferred inflows of resources from the prior year. Reverse recognized in the Statement of Activities are reported as deferr of resources in the funds when they are not yet available. Thes are related to:	red inflows	
Tax revenues Other revenues	220,229 366,921	587,15
Increase (decrease) in equity interest in joint ventures (Note 7).		95
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the co certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, t funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds reported with governmental activities.	to individual	42,83
by issuing debt which increases long-term bonded debt in the S of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term bon in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount that repay exceed proceeds. (Note 13)	in the ded debt	
Bond proceeds and premiums received	(161,623)	
Repayment of bond principal	397,874	
Accrued interest and amortization	54,306	290,55
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not red use of current financial resources and therefore are not reporte expenditures in the funds. Some expenditures reported in the fi increase or decrease long-term obligations reported in the Stat of Net Position.	ed as junds either	
In the current year, these amounts related to:		
Pension costs, net OPEB costs, net	924,877 909,266	
Advances from component units	9,816	
Vendor financing payments	(207,310)	
	14,643	
Compensated absences payments	(14/ X5h)	
Compensated absences payments Litigation recoveries, settlements and payments	(147,856) 16,278	
Compensated absences payments Litigation recoveries, settlements and payments Pollution remediation obligations Workers' compensation	16,278 1,388	
Compensated absences payments Litigation recoveries, settlements and payments Pollution remediation obligations	16,278	 1,521,88



## PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## Major Funds

#### STATE LOTTERY FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 432.41 established the State Lottery Fund and MCL Section 432.5 created a Bureau of State Lottery under authority of Article 5, Section 4, of the State Constitution. This authority expired on August 1, 1974, at which time the Bureau became an organizational entity in the Department of Technology, Management and Budget. The Bureau was transferred to the Department of Treasury during fiscal year 1991. Net income of the fund related to lottery operations is transferred to the School Aid Fund and the fund's net income related to bingo and charity games regulation is transferred to the General Fund. The remaining net position balance represents the unrealized cumulative gain or loss on investments held to fund annuitized prize payments, the change in net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability, capital assets (leasehold improvements and equipment less lease obligations), and the change in net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions and OPEB. These are required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.

In general, revenues and related expenses are recognized in the period during which the related drawings are held. Because draw games may be played on an advance wager basis, an associated liability is recognized for all wagers received for drawings to be conducted after the end of the reporting period. Deferred prize awards are recorded as expenses and liabilities at their discounted present value. The State Treasurer invests funds equivalent to the discounted with the interest earnings.

#### MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUNDS

The columns for the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds reflect the activity of two funds administered by the Unemployment Insurance Agency: the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund and the Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund. The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund receives contributions from employers and provides for the payment of benefits to eligible unemployed workers. The fund also makes payments under certain federally funded programs. Administrative costs of the fund are Michigan Employment in the accounted for Security Act - Administration Fund, a special revenue fund. Executive Order 2019-13 renamed the Department of Talent and Economic Development as the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity (LEO). The funds are administered under LEO.

The Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 421.10 to receive a special temporary unemployment tax surcharge, known as the solvency tax. The fund also receives interest and penalty charges on unemployment insurance benefit overpayments and late contributions. MCL Section 421.10 restricts use of solvency taxes for payment of interest on the Michigan Unemployment Compensation borrowings from the federal government.

## Non-Major Funds

Individual fund statements for the Enterprise Funds, whose combined totals are presented on this statement, begin on page 258.

Individual fund statements for the Internal Service Funds, whose combined totals are presented on this statement, begin on page 262.

**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -- ENTERPRISE FUNDS** 

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

MAJOR         GOVERNMENTAL MICHIGAN         GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE           ASSETS         FUNDS         FUNDS         TOTALS         FUNDS           Carent Assets:         FUNDS         NON-MAJOR         TOTALS         FUNDS           Cash on deposit with fiscal agent         5         2         \$ 77,794         \$ 536         \$ 78,332         \$ 2           Cash on deposit with fiscal agent         -         1,765,511         -         4,529         -         4,529         3           Amounts due from other funds (Note 19)         -         4,529         -         4,529         3           Amounts due from other funds (Note 19)         -         4,526         -         45,266         1           Amounts due from local units         -         7,774         5         -         3,322         17,107           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,188           Total Current Assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         57,432           Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets         1,703         -         2,609         (
MCHIGAN         ACTIVITES INTERNAL           ASSETS         INTERNAL         SERVICE           Cash         \$ 2 \$ 77,794         \$ 536         \$ 78,332         \$ 2           Cash on deposit with fiscal agent         - 1,765,511         - 1,765,511         - 1,765,511         -           Equity in common cash (Note 5)         10,853         144,506         80,665         236,024         481,122           Amounts due from ocher (Indus (Note 19)         - 4,529         - 4,529         - 3         3           Amounts due from component units         - 1,714         - 1,714         - 1,714         201           Amounts due from congonent units         - 4,529         - 3,198         27,473         17,140           Investments (Note 8)         13,775         - 3,332         17,107         -           Total Current Assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,188           Noncurrent Assets         19,980         - 4,843         124,823         -         -         57,432           Investments (Note 8)         119,980         - 4,843         124,823         -         -           Capital Assets         1,703         - 2,606         4,311         443,347         - <tr< th=""></tr<>
ASSETS         Current Assets:           Cash         \$         2         \$         77.794         \$         536         \$         78,332         \$         2           Cash on deposit with fiscal agent         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         -         236,024         481,122           Amounts due from chunds (Note 19)         -         4,529         -         4,529         3           Amounts due from cheral agencies         -         1,714         -         1,714         201           Amounts due from local units         -         1,714         -         1,714         201           Amounts due from local units         -         8,532         -         8,532         -           Investments (Note 8)         13,775         -         3,332         17,107         -           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         9,648         1,162           Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Land and other non-depreciable a
Current Assets:         \$         \$         77,794         \$         536         \$         78,332         \$         2           Cash on deposit with fiscal agent         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         1,714         -         1,714         236,024         481,122           Amounts due from component units         -         1,714         -         1,714         -         1,714         201           Amounts due from federal agencies         -         45,266         -         45,266         1           Amounts due from federal agencies         -         4,575         -         3,332         17,140           Investments (Note 8)         13,775         -         3,332         17,107         -           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets         252,764         2,279,282         109,819         2,641,865         585,636           Noncurrent Assets         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -         -           Capital Assets (Note 9)         119,9980         -<
Cash         \$         2         \$         77.794         \$         536         \$         78.332         \$         2           Cash on deposit with fiscal agent         -         1,765,511         -         1,765,511         -         -           Equity in common cash (Note 5)         10,853         144,506         80,665         236,024         481,122           Amounts due from component units         -         1,714         -         1,714         201           Amounts due from local units         -         8,532         -         8,532         -           Inventories         24,275         -         3,198         27,473         17,140           Investments (Note 8)         13,775         -         3,332         17,107         -           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Noncurrent Assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Noncurrent Assets         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 8)         119,980         -         -         -         57,432           Buidings, equipment, and
Equity in common cash (Note 5)         10.853         144.506         80.665         236,024         481,122           Amounts due from component units         -         4,529         -         4,529         3           Amounts due from component units         -         1,714         -         1,714         201           Amounts due from local units         -         8,532         -         8,532         -           Inventories         24,275         -         3,198         27,473         17,107         -           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets         202,860         24,275         -         3,332         17,107         -           Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         -         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and         -         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and         -         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and         -         -         -         -
Amounts due from other funds (Note 19)       -       4,529       -       4,529       3         Amounts due from component units       -       1,714       -       1,714       201         Amounts due from local units       -       45,266       -       45,266       1         Amounts due from local units       -       8,532       -       8,532       -         Investments (Note 8)       13,775       -       3,332       17,107       -         Other current assets       203,860       231,431       22,087       457,378       87,168         Noncurrent Assets:       -       -       -       57,432       -       -         Investments (Note 8)       119,980       -       4,843       124,823       -       -         Capital Assets (Note 9):       -       -       -       -       57,432       -       -       57,432         Buildings, equipment, and       -       -       -       -       57,432       -       -       -       57,432         Buildings, equipment, and       -       -       -       -       57,432       -       -       -       57,432         Allowance for depreciation       (4,778)       -<
Amounts due from component units       -       1,714       -       1,714       201         Amounts due from federal agencies       -       45,266       -       45,266       1         Amounts due from local units       -       8,532       -       8,532       -       8,532       -       1,714       1       1         Inventories       24,275       -       3,198       27,473       17,107       -       -       -       -       -       3,332       17,107       -       -       -       -       3,332       17,107       -       -       -       -       3,332       17,107       -       -       -       -       -       -       7,433       17,140       - <td< td=""></td<>
Amounts due from federal agencies       -       45,266       -       45,266       1         Amounts due from local units       -       8,532       -       8,532       -       1         Inventories       24,275       -       3,332       17,107       -       -       0       1
Amounts due from local units         -         8,532         -         8,532         -           Investories         24,275         -         3,198         27,473         17,140           Investories         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets         252,764         2,279,282         109,819         2,641,865         585,636           Noncurrent Assets:         Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         Land and other non-depreciable assets         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and         -         -         -         57,432           Allowance for depreciation         (4,778)         -         (369)         (5,147)         (1,027,247)           Total capital assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total Assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -
Inventories         24,275         -         3,198         27,473         17,140           Investments (Note 8)         13,775         -         3,332         17,107         -           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets:         252,764         2,279,282         109,819         2,641,865         585,636           Noncurrent Assets:         1nvestments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         Land and other non-depreciable assets         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and         0         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciation         (4,778)         -         (389)         (5,147)         (1,027,247)           Total capital assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total capital assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Investments (Note 8)         13,775         -         3,332         17,107         -           Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets         252,764         2,279,282         109,819         2,641,865         585,636           Noncurrent Assets:         Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         Land and other non-depreciable assets         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and other non-depreciable assets         6,481         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciation         (4,778)         -         (369)         (5,147)         (1,027,247)           Total capital assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total Noncurrent Assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         126,309      <
Other current assets         203,860         231,431         22,087         457,378         87,168           Total Current Assets         252,764         2,279,282         109,819         2,641,865         585,636           Noncurrent Assets:         Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         Land and other non-depreciable assets         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets         6,481         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciable assets         6,481         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciable assets         1,703         -         2,608         4,311         443,347           Other noncurrent assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           LIABILITIES         20,913         407,093         114,974         751,981         126,309
Total Current Assets         252,764         2,279,282         109,819         2,641,865         585,636           Noncurrent Assets:         Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         Land and other non-depreciable assets         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets         6,481         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciation         (4,778)         -         (369)         (5,147)         (1,027,247)           Total capital assets         1,703         -         2,608         4,311         443,347           Other noncurrent assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total Assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         -         19         -         19         -
Investments (Note 8)         119,980         -         4,843         124,823         -           Capital Assets (Note 9):         Land and other non-depreciable assets         -         -         -         57,432           Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets         6,481         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciation         (4,778)         -         (369)         (5,147)         (1,027,247)           Total capital assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total Noncurrent assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         -         19         -         19         -           Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)         229,913         407,093         114,974         751,981         126,309           Armounts due to other funds (Note 19)         14,551         2,398         113         37,062         2,085     <
Capital Assets (Note 9):       Land and other non-depreciable assets       -       -       57,432         Buildings, equipment, and       other depreciable assets       6,481       -       2,977       9,458       1,413,162         Allowance for depreciation       (4,778)       -       (369)       (5,147)       (1,027,247)         Total capital assets       1,703       -       2,608       4,311       443,347         Other noncurrent assets       1,457       22,800       16       24,273       34,769         Total Noncurrent Assets       123,140       22,800       7,467       153,407       478,116         Total Assets       375,904       2,302,082       117,286       2,795,272       1,063,752         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,393       -       8,036       19,429       123,956         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities:       Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)       229,913       407,093       114,974       751,981       126,309         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113       37,062       2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -       19       -       19       -
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets         6,481         -         2,977         9,458         1,413,162           Allowance for depreciation         (4,778)         -         (369)         (5,147)         (1,027,247)           Total capital assets         1,703         -         2,608         4,311         443,347           Other noncurrent assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total Noncurrent Assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           LIABILITIES         2         2         9,14,974         751,981         126,309           Amounts due to component units         -         19         -         19         -           Interest payable         2         -         2         4         2,328           Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         7,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204
Allowance for depreciation       (4,778)       -       (369)       (5,147)       (1,027,247)         Total capital assets       1,703       -       2,608       4,311       443,347         Other noncurrent assets       1,457       22,800       16       24,273       34,769         Total Noncurrent Assets       123,140       22,800       7,467       153,407       478,116         Total Assets       375,904       2,302,082       117,286       2,795,272       1,063,752         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,393       -       8,036       19,429       123,956         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities:       Accounts payable and       -       14,551       22,398       113       37,062       2,085         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113       37,062       2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126       78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204       338       34,434         Current
Total capital assets       1,703       -       2,608       4,311       443,347         Other noncurrent assets       1,457       22,800       16       24,273       34,769         Total Noncurrent Assets       123,140       22,800       7,467       153,407       478,116         Total Assets       375,904       2,302,082       117,286       2,795,272       1,063,752         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,393       -       8,036       19,429       123,956         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities:       Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)       229,913       407,093       114,974       751,981       126,309         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113       37,062       2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126       78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204       338       34,434         Current portion of other       -       20,000       500       21,407       59,201
Other noncurrent assets         1,457         22,800         16         24,273         34,769           Total Noncurrent Assets         123,140         22,800         7,467         153,407         478,116           Total Assets         375,904         2,302,082         117,286         2,795,272         1,063,752           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)         229,913         407,093         114,974         751,981         126,309           Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)         14,551         22,398         113         37,062         2,085           Amounts due to component units         -         19         -         19         -           Interest payable         2         -         2         4         2,328           Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204         338         34,434           Current portion of other         -         -         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note
Total Noncurrent Assets       123,140       22,800       7,467       153,407       478,116         Total Assets       375,904       2,302,082       117,286       2,795,272       1,063,752         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,393       -       8,036       19,429       123,956         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities:       Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)       229,913       407,093       114,974       751,981       126,309         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113       37,062       2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126       78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204       338       34,434         Current portion of other       -       -       20,400       500       21,407       59,201
Total Assets       375,904       2,302,082       117,286       2,795,272       1,063,752         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,393       -       8,036       19,429       123,956         LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:       -       -       8,036       19,429       123,956         Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)       229,913       407,093       114,974       751,981       126,309         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113       37,062       2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126       1,126       78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204       338       34,434         Current portion of other       -       907       20,000       500       21,407       59,201
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,393         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         -         -         8,036         19,429         123,956           Accounts payable and other liabilities (Note 24)         229,913         407,093         114,974         751,981         126,309           Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)         14,551         22,398         113         37,062         2,085           Amounts due to component units         -         19         -         19         -           Interest payable         2         -         2         4         2,328           Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204         338         34,434           Current portion of other         -         -         1,407         59,201
LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts payable and           other liabilities (Note 24)         229,913         407,093         114,974         751,981         126,309           Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)         14,551         22,398         113         37,062         2,085           Amounts due to component units         -         19         -         19         -           Interest payable         2         -         2         4         2,328           Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204         338         34,434           Current portion of other         -         -         20,000         500         21,407         59,201
Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable and         other liabilities (Note 24)       229,913       407,093       114,974 <b>751,981</b> 126,309         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113 <b>37,062</b> 2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126 <b>78,361</b> Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204 <b>338</b> 34,434         Current portion of other       -       20,000       500 <b>21,407</b> 59,201
Accounts payable and       229,913       407,093       114,974 <b>751,981</b> 126,309         Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113 <b>37,062</b> 2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126 <b>1,126</b> 78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204 <b>338</b> 34,434         Current portion of other       -       20,000       500 <b>21,407</b> 59,201
other liabilities (Note 24)         229,913         407,093         114,974 <b>751,981</b> 126,309           Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)         14,551         22,398         113 <b>37,062</b> 2,085           Amounts due to component units         -         19         -         19         -           Interest payable         2         -         2         4         2,328           Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204 <b>338</b> 34,434           Current portion of other         -         20,000         500 <b>21,407</b> 59,201
Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)       14,551       22,398       113 <b>37,062</b> 2,085         Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126       1,126       78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204       338       34,434         Current portion of other       -       -       20,000       500       21,407       59,201
Amounts due to component units       -       19       -       19       -         Interest payable       2       -       2       4       2,328         Unearned revenue       -       -       1,126       1,126       78,361         Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)       134       -       204       338       34,434         Current portion of other       -       -       500       21,407       59,201
Interest payable         2         -         2         4         2,328           Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204         338         34,434           Current portion of other         -         20,000         500         21,407         59,201
Unearned revenue         -         -         1,126         1,126         78,361           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         134         -         204         338         34,434           Current portion of other         -         -         20,000         500         21,407         59,201
Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)134-20433834,434Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15)90720,00050021,40759,201
Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15) 907 20,000 500 <b>21,407</b> 59,201
long-term obligations (Note 15) 907 20,000 500 <b>21,407</b> 59,201
Total Current Liabilities 245.507 449.510 116.918 811.935 302.717
Long-Term Liabilities:
Prize awards payable 126,619 <b>126,619</b> -
Unearned revenue         -         -         -         244,891           Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)         1,303         -         2,430         3,733         67,566
Noncurrent portion of other
long-term obligations (Note 15)         41,036         35,274         22,507         98,817         549,627           Total Long-Term Liabilities         168,957         35,274         24,937         229,169         862,084
Total Long-Term Liabilities         168,957         35,274         24,937         229,169         862,084
Total Liabilities         414,464         484,784         141,856         1,041,104         1,164,801
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         25,661         -         14,952         40,613         296,541
NET POSITION
Net investment in capital assets292-(11)282341,345Restricted For:
Unemployment compensation - 1,817,298 - <b>1,817,298</b> -
Other purposes 4,019 4,019 8,589
Unrestricted (53,120) - (35,494) (88,614) (623,569)
Total Net Position <u>\$ (52,827)</u> <u>\$ 1,817,298</u> <u>\$ (31,485)</u> <u>\$ 1,732,985</u> <u>\$ (273,634)</u>

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	BUSIN	IESS-TYPE ACTIVIT	IES ENTERPRIS	E FUNDS	
	N	IAJOR			GOVERNMENTAL
	STATE LOTTERY FUND	MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUNDS	NON-MAJOR	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES Operating revenues	\$ 4,911,450	\$ 1,475,694	\$ 1,591,827	\$ 7,978,970	\$ 2,017,764
Total Operating Revenues	4,911,450	1,475,694	1,591,827	7,978,970	2,017,764
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries, wages, and					
other administrative	550,560	24,635	108,265	683,460	888,107
Interest expense Depreciation	2 402	-	- 257	2 659	- 155,754
Purchases for resale	+02	-	1,155,155	1,155,155	76,931
Purchases for prison industries	-	-	-	-	9,292
Lottery prize awards	3,097,042	-	-	3,097,042	-
Premiums and claims Unemployment benefits	-	- 629,744	-	۔ 629,744	804,924
Federal program claimants	-	253,716	-	253,716	-
Other operating expenses	7		1,416	1,423	36,767
Total Operating Expenses	3,648,014	908,095	1,265,093	5,821,202	1,971,775
Operating Income (Loss)	1,263,436	567,599	326,733	2,157,769	45,989
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest revenue	1,471	20,943	1,351	23,766	2,114
Investment revenue (expense) - net	(20,542)	-	(1,105)	(21,647)	-
Other nonoperating revenues	-	-	1	1	6,273
Amortization of prize award obligation discount	(5,232)	_	-	(5,232)	-
Interest expense	(23)	-	(24)	(47)	(2,830)
Other nonoperating expense			(109)	(109)	(4,544)
Total Nonoperating					
Revenues (Expenses)	(24,326)	20,943	114	(3,268)	1,013
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	1,239,111	588,543	326,847	2,154,501	47,002
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFER	RS				
Transfers from other funds	-	104,279	-	104,279	-
Transfers To:	(4.040.505)			(4 0 40 505)	
School Aid Fund Other funds	(1,248,595) (9,591)	- (34,925)	- (327,431)	(1,248,595) (371,946)	- (4,169)
Total Capital Contributions	(9,091)	(54,925)	(327,431)	(371,940)	(4,109)
and Transfers In (Out)	(1,258,186)	69,354	(327,431)	(1,516,263)	(4,169)
Change in net position	(19,075)	657,897	(584)	638,238	42,833
Total net position - Beginning of					
fiscal year - restated	(33,753)	1,159,401	(30,902)	1,094,747	(316,467)
Total net position - End of fiscal year	\$ (52,827)	\$ 1,817,298	\$ (31,485)	\$ 1,732,985	\$ (273,634)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	MAJOR					
	STATE LOTTERY FUND		MICHIGAN IEMPLOYMENT OMPENSATION FUNDS	NON-MAJOR	TOTALS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from federal and local agencies	\$	- \$	543,869	\$-	\$ 543,869	\$-
Receipts from customers	4,899,9	34	1,297,157	1,580,488	7,777,580	1,992,803
Membership dues	(04.7	-	-	5,294	5,294	-
Payments to employees	(24,7-		-	(17,131)	(41,874)	(279,406)
Payments to suppliers Payments to prize winners	(81,1) (3,094,9)		-	(1,280,206)	(1,361,334)	(902,156)
Payments for commissions to retailers	• • •	,	-	-	(3,094,958)	-
Claims paid	(450,1	07)	- (1,082,191)	-	(450,167) (1,082,192)	- (803,659)
Other receipts		-	(1,002,191)	- 75	(1,002,192)	(803,039) 6,380
Other payments		-	- (4,635)	(921)	(5,555)	(492)
Net cash provided (used)		<u> </u>	(4,033)	(921)	(5,555)	(492)
by operating activities	1,248,9	39	754,200	287,598	2,290,737	13,469
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from other funds		-	104,279	-	104,279	-
Transfers to other funds	(1,272,1	43)	(23,067)	(328,520)	(1,623,730)	(4,169)
Net cash provided (used)						
by noncapital financing activities	(1,272,1	43)	81,212	(328,520)	(1,519,451)	(4,169)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(	14)	-	(55)	(69)	(7,398)
Vendor financing payments						
(including imputed interest expense)	(1)	25)	-	(183)	(308)	(41,441)
Net cash provided (used) by capital						
and related financing activities	(14	40)	-	(237)	(377)	(48,840)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sales and maturities of						
investment securities	15,2		-	-	15,256	-
Purchase of investment securities	(5,6	35)	-	(3,320)	(8,955)	-
Sale of investment securities		-	-	223	223	-
Interest and dividends on investments	1,4		20,943	1,225	23,639	2,114
Expenses from securities lending activities Net cash provided (used)		(2)	-		(2)	
by investing activities	11,0	91	20,943	(1,873)	30,162	2,114
Net cash provided (used) - all activities Cash and cash equivalents	(12,2	53)	856,355	(43,032)	801,070	(37,425)
at beginning of year	23,1	07	1,131,456	124,234	1,278,797	518,549
Cash and cash equivalents						
at end of year	\$ 10,8	54 \$	1,987,811	\$ 81,202	\$ 2,079,867	\$ 481,124

#### BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -- ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	MAJOR									
		STATE LOTTERY FUND	UNE	AICHIGAN MPLOYMENT APENSATION FUNDS	NC	DN-MAJOR		TOTALS	AC II	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
RECONCILIATION OF CASH										
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS										
Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:										
Cash	\$	2	\$	77,794	\$	536	\$	78,332	\$	2
Cash on deposit with fiscal agent		-		1,765,511		-		1,765,511		-
Equity in common cash	•	10,853	<b>*</b>	144,506	<b>•</b>	80,665	_	236,024	•	481,122
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	10,854	\$	1,987,811	\$	81,202	\$	2,079,867	\$	481,124
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$	1,263,436	\$	567,599	\$	326,733	\$	2,157,769	\$	45,989
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	·				·	·				·
Depreciation expense		402		-		257		659		155,754
Pension expense		(639)		-		602		(37)		(8,505)
OPEB expense		(1,098)		-		(981)		(2,080)		(17,226)
Deferred outflows - contributions						(2,400)		(0.005)		(04 747)
subsequent to measurement date Amortization of prize award		(5,545)		-		(3,120)		(8,665)		(61,747)
obligation discount		(5,232)						(5,232)		
Other nonoperating revenues		(3,232)		-		- 1		(5,252)		- 6,273
Other nonoperating expenses		(21)				(109)		(130)		(59)
Other reconciling items		120		_		(219)		(99)		34
Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		120				(210)		(00)		01
Inventories		(861)		-		1,433		572		(3,946)
Other assets (net)		(11,124)		358,029		(8,522)		338,383		(175,877)
Accounts payable and other liabilities		2,185		(171,428)		(28,538)		(197,781)		120,801
Prize awards payable		7,316		-		-		7,316		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		61		61		(48,023)
Net cash provided (used)										
by operating activities	\$	1,248,939	\$	754,200	\$	287,598	\$	2,290,737	\$	13,469
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87	\$	87	\$	10,662
during the year		(1,099)		-		(87)		(1,186)		(10,662)
Increase (decrease) in fair value										
of investments		(26,356)		-		-		(26,356)		-
Transfers to other funds (accrual)		(14,351)		(21,627)		-		(35,978)		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		-		(698)
Total noncash investing, capital,	¢	(4.1.000)	•	(0.1.007)	•		<u>,</u>		¢	(222)
and financing activities	\$	(41,806)	\$	(21,627)	\$	-	\$	(63,433)	\$	(698)



## FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Individual fund financial statements begin on the following pages: Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds, page 270. Private-Purpose Trust Funds, page 278. Custodial Funds, page 282.

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

ASSETS	PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS	PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
Cash Equity in common cash (Note 5) Receivables:	\$- 590,458	\$ 3,742 631	\$
From participants	180,435	-	-
From employers	534,829	-	-
Taxes, interest, and penalties	-	-	113,615
Other	362,336	670	153
Interest and dividends	1,162	-	-
Due from other funds (Note 19)	80	-	-
Due from component unit	748	-	-
Due from other governmental	25,582	-	-
Investments at Fair Value (Note 8):			
Short-term investments	743,264	-	-
Fixed income	8,399,088	-	-
Domestic equities	16,291,543	-	-
Real estate	9,852,546	-	-
Alternative investments	13,686	-	-
Private equity pools	22,960,780	-	-
International equities	11,105,011	-	-
Absolute return	9,204,626	-	-
Mutual funds	584,317	5,669,943	-
Pooled investment funds	7,372,217	-	-
Separate accounts	2,664,030	-	-
Real return	10,751,809	-	-
Guaranteed funding agreements	-	1,646,544	-
Securities lending collateral (Note 8)	3,233,363	-	-
Other assets		-	247,933
Total Assets	104,871,908	7,321,529	627,900
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	348,391	5,346	184,585
Amounts due to other funds (Note 19)	80	-	766
Obligations under security lending	3,233,363	-	-
Unearned revenue	21,069	-	3
Total Liabilities	3,602,902	5,346	185,354
NET POSITION			
Restricted For:			
Pension benefits	80,407,522	-	-
Postemployment health-care benefits	16,119,543	-	-
Deferred compensation participants	4,741,940	-	-
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	-	7,316,183	442,546
Total Net Position	\$ 101,269,006	\$ 7,316,183	\$ 442,546
	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. ,

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS	PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
From participants	\$ 1,320,377	\$ 812,685	\$-
From employers	6,449,067	-	-
From other governmental	379,527	-	-
From other systems Total Contributions	22,880 8,171,851	812,685	-
	0,171,001	012,000	-
Investment Income:			
Net increase (decrease) in the			
fair value of investments	(8,262,683)	(1,389,130)	-
Interest, dividends, and other	1,919,575	229,005	5,922
Securities lending income	39,417	-	-
Less Investment Expense:	250 405		
Investment activity expense Securities lending expense	359,405	-	-
Net investment income (loss)	25,616 (6,688,711)	(1,160,125)	5,922
Net investment income (1033)	(0,000,711)	(1,100,123)	5,922
Other Additions:			
Child support receipts	-	-	1,330,087
City income tax collections	-	-	470,375
Collateral deposits and related additions	-	-	68,160
Escheated property	-	-	295,429
Prisoner deposits Other additions and miscellaneous income	-	-	59,408
Total Other Additions	<u> </u>	-	<u>9,190</u> 2,232,648
	10,910	-	2,232,040
Total Additions	1,494,049	(347,439)	2,238,569
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries	7,405,189	700,180	_
Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants	1,114,991	- 100,100	
Refunds and transfers to other systems	441,614	-	-
Child support distributions	-	-	1,330,087
City income tax distributions	-	-	470,515
Collateral disbursements and related deductions	; -	-	78,215
Escheated property distributions	-	-	131,156
Prisoner disbursements	-	-	59,555
Miscellaneous deductions	-	-	6,631
Administrative and other expenses	257,606	11,214	-
Transfers to other funds		-	151,768
Total Deductions	9,219,400	711,394	2,227,927
Special Items		(32,746)	
Change in net position	(7,725,351)	(1,091,579)	10,643
Net position - Beginning of fiscal year	108,994,357	8,407,762	431,904
Net position - End of fiscal year	\$ 101,269,006	\$ 7,316,183	\$ 442,546



## COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## **Major Component Units**

#### MICHIGAN FINANCE AUTHORITY

Executive Order 2010-2 created the Michigan Finance Authority (MFA) to consolidate 10 different public finance authorities. In addition, the authorization to finance the facilities of public and private schools, formerly under the Michigan Strategic Fund, and to issue bonds and notes on behalf of the State Land Bank Authority was transferred to MFA. A seven-member Board of Directors, consisting of the State Treasurer and six appointees of the Governor with advice and consent of the State Senate, governs MFA.

MFA provides sources of funding for loans to governmental units, school districts, nonpublic nonprofit institutions of higher education, and healthcare corporations and facilities. MFA assists governmental units in financing and marketing municipal debt and tax-exempt bonds. MFA also enhances Michigan's student loan efforts by overseeing the collection of federal and state issued loans as well as through the administration of the Michigan Guaranty Agency. MFA may not create debt or liabilities on behalf of the State or pledge the full faith and credit of the State.

#### MICHIGAN STATE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 125.1421 created the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) to issue notes and bonds to finance housing for sale or rental to families with low or moderate incomes and to finance home improvements. MSHDA is also the administrator of various "Section 8" housing programs in Michigan for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, as well as the Emergency Rental Assistance Program through the U.S. Department of Treasury. The Governor appoints MSHDA's board members.

#### MICHIGAN STRATEGIC FUND

The Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF) is a public body corporate and politic created by Section 5 of the Michigan Strategic Fund Act, Michigan Compiled Laws Section 125.2005 to help diversify the economy of the State and to provide for economic development, through the administration of financial support for business development, community development, and state marketing activities, including the promotion of tourism and arts and cultural affairs.

MSF is governed by a board of 11 members, including the director of the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity (LEO) or their designee from within LEO, the State Treasurer or their designee from within the Department of Treasury, the director of the Department of Transportation (MDOT) or their designee from within MDOT, the Chief Executive Officer of the Michigan Economic Development Corporation or their designee, and seven residents of the State appointed by the Governor.

#### WESTERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY

Of the 10 universities included in this report, Western Michigan University is reported as a major component unit. The universities are legally separate entities whose governing boards are appointed by the Governor and for which the State is therefore defined as legally accountable. Excluded from this report are three other universities (University of Michigan, Michigan State University, and Wayne State University) whose board members are elected by the voters and, therefore, considered separate special purpose governments.

## Non-Major Component Units

The non-major component unit - authorities are presented beginning on page 288.

The non-major component unit - State universities are presented beginning on page 294.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

MICHIGAN STATEMICHIGAN STATEMICHIGAN FINANCEAUTHORITYANDITSAmounts due from component units	205,194 172,686 30,517
Current Assets:       \$ 187,702 \$ 508,056 \$ 161,159 \$         Cash       \$ 187,702 \$ 508,056 \$ 161,159 \$         Equity in common cash (Note 5)       1,385,941 - 1,012,243         Amounts due from component units       -       -         Amounts due from primary government       540 -       -	172,686 30,517
Cash       \$ 187,702       \$ 508,056       \$ 161,159       \$         Equity in common cash (Note 5)       1,385,941       -       1,012,243         Amounts due from component units       -       -       386         Amounts due from primary government       540       -       -	172,686 30,517
Equity in common cash (Note 5)1,385,941-1,012,243Amounts due from component units386Amounts due from primary government540	172,686 30,517
Amounts due from component units386Amounts due from primary government540	30,517
Amounts due from primary government 540	,
Amounts due from federal government 592 - 13.457	2,115
	9,482
Amounts due from local units 653,107	-
Inventories	684
Investments (Note 8) 2,286,973 263,466 -	31,250
Other current assets 171,901 64,765 75,619	11,403
Total Current Assets         4,686,754         836,287         1,262,863	463,330
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents 55,253	720
Investments	5,925
Mortgages and loans receivable	-
Advances to primary government 767,000	-
Amounts due from local units 5.264.168	-
Mortgages and loans receivable 179,858 3,682,500 152,502	-
Investments (Note 8) 119,102 644,968 63,522	1,505,489
Land and property held for resale	4,867
Capital Assets (Note 9):	,
Land and other non-depreciable assets - 5,599	1,076
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets - 21,000 619	60,611
Less accumulated depreciation - (2,144) -	(42,556)
Infrastructure	102,967
Construction in progress 5,566	129
Total capital assets - 18,856 11,783	122,228
Other noncurrent assets - 143,976 322,977	26,491
Total Noncurrent Assets         6,330,127         4,490,300         606,038	1,665,720
Total Assets 11,016,881 5,326,587 1,868,900	2,129,050
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 28)         33,318         36,867         5,784	81,734

This statement continues on next page.

#### STATE UNIVERSITIES

WESTERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY	NON-MAJOR	TOTALS
\$ 206,790	\$ 420,225	\$ 1,689,127
-	-	2,570,870
-	115	31,018
21,329	219,101	243,085
8,717	28,441	60,689
-	7,751	660,858
1,797	9,684	12,166
17,895	138,452	2,738,035
<u>38,478</u>	<u>129,524</u>	<u>491,689</u>
295,006	953,295	8,497,535
-	173,175	229,148
568,031	438,337	1,012,293
-	11,224	11,224
- 2,251	- - 11,416	767,000 5,264,168 4,028,527
211,399	1,557,145	4,101,625
-	-	4,867
16,638	226,966	250,278
1,588,213	6,378,953	8,049,396
(720,375)	(2,915,469)	(3,680,543)
-	-	102,967
122,813	150,149	278,657
1,007,289	3,840,598	5,000,755
427,443	103,218	1,024,104
2,216,413	6,135,113	21,443,712
2,511,420 49,475	7,088,408	29,941,248 303,532

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### **COMPONENT UNITS (Continued)**

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	AUTHORITIES							
	F	MICHIGAN FINANCE AUTHORITY		MICHIGAN STATE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY		MICHIGAN STRATEGIC FUND		on-major
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	86,245	\$	50,835	\$	56,384	\$	37,544
Amounts due to component units		-		-		30,052		34
Amounts due to primary government Bonds and notes payable (Note 14)		- 785,325		- 120,997		39 28,055		2,417 75
Interest payable		85.048		16,331		28,033		15
Unearned revenue		5,000		145,881		2,525		6,470
Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)		5,000		-		2,720		140
Current portion of other long-term obligations		-		-		871		68,501
Total Current Liabilities		961,618		334,044		121,057		115,196
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		42
Bonds and notes payable (Note 14)		6,395,645		3,633,345		229,224		1.180
Vendor financing obligations (Note 12)		-		-				159
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations		11,977		529,811		16,408		785,613
Total Long-Term Liabilities		6,407,622		4,163,156	_	245,632		786,994
Total Liabilities		7,369,241		4,497,200		366,688		902,190
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 28)		12,820		61,382		138,956		72,628
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		-		18,856		11,783		120,790
Restricted For:								
Education		-		-		-		-
Construction and debt service		4,630,779		543,237		-		4,217
Other purposes		-		-		1,601,219		335,174
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:								
Expendable		-		-		-		-
Nonexpendable		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted	¢	(962,640)	¢	242,779	¢	(243,963)	¢	775,785
Total Net Position	\$	3,668,139	ð	804,872	\$	1,369,040	ð	1,235,966

#### STATE UNIVERSITIES

N	VESTERN 1ICHIGAN NIVERSITY	NON-MAJOR			TOTALS
\$	83,534	\$	367,931	\$	682,473
	-		-		30,085
	-		7,462		9,919
	23,084		66,070		1,023,606
	2,399		14,699		121,422
	6,302		98,408		264,787
	1,132		2,127		3,399
	11,444		18,740		99,556
	127,894		575,437		2,235,246
	-		27,703		27,745
	450,118		1,526,645		12,236,157
	9,356		6,330		15,846
	331,636		628,848		2,304,293
	791,110		2,189,527		14,584,040
	919,005		2,764,963		16,819,286
	104,795		269,813		660,394
	500,302		2,241,700		2,893,431
	6,434		213,051		219,485
	-		41,626		5,219,859
	475,620		62,706		2,474,720
	61,029		304,441		365,470
	206,569		519,024		725,593
	200,309 287,141		767,439		866,541
\$	1,537,094	\$	4,149,987	¢	12,765,099
<del>و</del>	1,337,094	φ	4,149,907	<u>\$</u>	12,705,099

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	E	XPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	
Authorities:										
Michigan Finance Authority Michigan State Housing	\$	333,299	\$	316,359	\$	162,875	\$	-	\$	145,934
Development Authority		1,548,296		245,023		1,346,736		-		43,463
Michigan Strategic Fund		573,786		1,361		127,385		2,020		(443,021)
Non-Major		496,762		51,982		339,295		48,201		(57,284)
State Universities:										
Western Michigan University		584,195		390,223		19,903		1,785		(172,284)
Non-Major		2,623,500		1,577,358		180,583		15,303		(850,256)
Total	\$	6,159,838	\$	2,582,305	\$	2,176,776	\$	67,310	\$	(1,333,448)

PROGRAM REVENUES

NET POSITION INTEREST AND INVESTMENT PAYMENTS CHANGE IN BEGINNING NET POSITION EARNINGS FROM STATE OF NET OF YEAR END (LOSS) MICHIGAN OTHER POSITION RESTATED OF YEAR \$ \$ \$ \$ 145,934 \$ 3,522,205 \$ 3,668,139 ---(22,147) 21,316 804,872 . 783,556 85,876 865,485 1,369,040 19,377 1,203,253 503,555 179,396 40,252 5,405 167,769 1,068,197 1,235,966 (29,559) 122,518 98,715 19,390 1,517,705 1,537,094 (107,013) 543,399 476,243 62,373 4,087,614 4,149,987 \$ 40,054 \$ 1,909,422 \$ 666,239 1,282,267 \$ 11,482,832 \$ 12,765,099

GENERAL REVENUES





## FINANCIAL SECTION

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Michigan Notes to the Financial Statements

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### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting and reporting policies of the State conform in all material respects to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>. Following is a summary of the significant policies:

#### **Reporting Entity**

Michigan was admitted to the Union as the twenty-sixth state in 1837. The State of Michigan is governed under the Constitution of 1963, as amended. The legislative power is vested in a 38-member senate and a 110-member house of representatives; executive power is vested in a governor; and the judicial power is vested exclusively in one court of justice.

For financial reporting purposes, the State of Michigan's reporting entity includes the "primary government" and its "component units." The primary government includes all funds, departments and agencies, bureaus, boards, commissions, and those authorities that are considered an integral part of the primary government. Component units are legally separate governmental organizations for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial accountability is defined in GASB Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended. The State is financially accountable for those entities in which the State appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing authority, and either is able to impose its will upon the entity or there exists a financial benefit or burden relationship with the State. For those entities in which the State does not appoint a voting majority of the governing authority, GASB standards require inclusion in the reporting entity if they are fiscally dependent on the State and there exists a financial benefit or burden relationship with the State.

GASB Statement No. 39, <u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>, an amendment of GASB Statement <u>No. 14</u>, establishes criteria for legally separate, tax-exempt entities that should be reported as component units if all of the criteria are met. Although the State has not identified any organizations that would qualify as direct component units of the State by meeting all of the criteria of GASB Statement No. 39, most of the university component units described later in this note have significant foundations that meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 39.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The State Building Authority (SBA) is a legally separate organization that has a board appointed by the primary government and provides services primarily to benefit the State. Therefore, SBA is reported as though it was part of the primary government, using the blending method.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

These types of component units are reported in separate columns or rows in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The State has the ability to appoint a voting majority of each governing board and is able to impose its will upon these discretely presented component units:

The Michigan Finance Authority provides sources of funding for loans to governmental units; school districts; private or nonpublic, nonprofit institutions of higher education; and eligible healthcare providers and facilities.

The Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) finances loans for the construction of single and multi-family housing and home improvement projects.

The Farm Produce Insurance Authority provides reimbursements to participating producers for losses suffered in the event of a grain dealer's financial failure.

The State Land Bank Authority receives tax reverted properties, undertakes expedited action to clear their titles, and then ensures the properties' redevelopment.

The Mackinac Bridge Authority accounts for the operation of the Mackinac Bridge.

The Mackinac Island State Park Commission operates the Mackinac Island and Michilimackinac State Parks.

The Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation participates with intermediate school districts to establish standards and guidelines for early childhood development activities.

The Michigan Education Trust offers contracts, which, for actuarially determined amounts, provide plan participants with future tuition at institutions of higher education.

The State has the ability to appoint a voting majority of each governing board and there is a financial burden/benefit relationship between these entities and the State:

The Michigan Strategic Fund provides business enterprises with additional sources of financing.

The Michigan Economic Development Corporation manages programs to stimulate, coordinate, and advance economic development in the State.

The Venture Michigan Fund is a nonprofit corporation that raises capital and invests that capital in venture capital firms with the intent of benefiting Michigan's seed or early-stage businesses in order to promote the economic health of the State of Michigan.

The Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority is a ten-member board that governs Michigan Veteran Homes.

The following entity's relationship with the State would be misleading if it were omitted from the State's reporting entity:

The State Bar of Michigan is a public body corporation whose membership consists of persons licensed to practice law.

Ten of the State's public universities are considered component units because they have boards appointed by the primary government and there is a financial burden/benefit relationship with the State. Their balances and operating results are included with the other discretely presented component units on the government-wide financial statements. The 10 universities included in these statements are: Central Michigan University, Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan Technological University, Northern Michigan University, Oakland University, Saginaw Valley State University, and Western Michigan University. Michigan State University, the University of Michigan, and Wayne State University are not included in the State's reporting entity because they have separately elected governing boards and are legally separate. The State provides significant funding to support these institutions; however, under GASB criteria, they are considered fiscally independent, special-purpose governments.

Included in the balances and operating results for most of the university component units is financial activity for fund-raising foundations that contribute to these universities. Although the universities do not control the timing or amount of receipts from their foundations, the majority of resources or income thereon that the foundations hold and invest are restricted to the activities of the respective universities by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the specific universities, the foundations are considered component units of the universities and are included in the universities' financial statements.

#### Fiduciary Component Units

The State has the following fiduciary component units, presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements:

The Michigan Legislative Retirement System provides pension and other postemployment benefits to members of the Legislature, the presiding officers, and their surviving spouses and children.

The Michigan State Police Retirement System provides pension and other postemployment benefits to Michigan State Police officers.

The Michigan State Employees' Retirement System provides pension and other postemployment benefits to State employees.

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System provides pension and other postemployment benefits to public school employees.

The Michigan Judges' Retirement System provides pension and other postemployment benefits to judges in the judicial branch of State government.

The Military Retirement Provisions provides pension benefits to State of Michigan military officers and former members of the Michigan National Guard.

#### **Significant Transactions**

The State had significant transactions with its major discretely presented component units, which included appropriations to fund the operations of the Michigan Strategic Fund and Western Michigan University. The financial statements also reflect a \$767.0 million liability related to loans to school districts that have been assigned to Michigan Finance Authority.

#### **Availability of Financial Statements**

The State's component units prepare their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the various component units. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the State Budget Office, Office of Financial Management at (517) 241-4010.

#### **Related Organizations**

The State's Insurance Commissioner is responsible for appointing the members of the boards of the Michigan Catastrophic Claims Association and the Michigan Property and Casualty Guaranty Association, but the State's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

The State's Governor is responsible for appointing the members of the board of the Michigan Health Endowment Fund, but the State's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments.

The State's Governor is responsible for appointing members of the council of the Local Community Stabilization Authority, but the State's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments.

The State's Governor is responsible for appointing the members of the Propane Commission, but the State's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments.

#### Joint Ventures

As discussed in more detail in Note 7, the State participates in two joint ventures. Their financial activities are not included in the State's fund financial statements, but the State's equity interest is recorded as an asset in the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Jointly Governed Organizations**

The State, the University of Michigan, Michigan State University, and Wayne State University appoint members of the board of the Michigan Public Health Institute (MPHI), a nonprofit corporation. MPHI was established to plan, promote, and coordinate health services research with a public university or a consortium of public universities in the State. The State does not appoint a majority of the board, has no rights to the assets, and is not responsible for debts of MPHI. Therefore, the State's accountability for MPHI does not extend beyond making the appointments. During fiscal year 2022, the State awarded contracts totaling \$140.5 million to MPHI.

The City of Detroit, Charter County of Wayne, and the Department of Health and Human Services of the State of Michigan appoint members of the board of Authority Health, a public agency. Authority Health was established to plan, promote, and coordinate health services for at-risk population in the City of Detroit and Wayne County. The State does not appoint a majority of the board, has no right to the assets, and is not responsible for debts of Authority Health. Therefore, the State's accountability for Authority Health does not extend beyond making the appointments. During fiscal year 2022, the State awarded contracts totaling \$0.9 million to Authority Health.

Canada, the Windsor Detroit Bridge Authority (WDBA), and the State appoint members of the board of the International Authority (IA), a public body corporate. IA was jointly established by Canada and the State to have oversight responsibility of WDBA's design, construction, financing, operation, and maintenance of the Gordie Howe International Bridge (GHIB) between Canada and Michigan. IA is empowered to approve land acquisitions in the State of Michigan, leases of land in Michigan, public-private partnership agreements, related requests for qualifications, and requests for proposal. IA is also responsible for monitoring the compliance of WDBA with the Crossing Agreement, signed by Canada and the State, which requires WDBA to fully reimburse the State for GHIB related expenditures. The State does not appoint the majority of the IA board, has no rights to the assets, and is not responsible for debts of IA. Therefore, the State's accountability for IA does not extend beyond making appointments.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted net position** results when constraints placed on the use of net position are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources that are imposed by management but can be removed or modified.

The **Statement of Activities** demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given

function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenue.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with non-major funds being combined into a single column.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they become *susceptible to accrual*, generally when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, generally within 60 days. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include tax revenues and federal grants. Revenues that the State earns by incurring obligations are recognized in the period when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due and payable.

#### **Financial Statement Presentation**

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The School Aid Fund's purpose is to aid in the support of the public schools, intermediate school districts, higher education, and school employees' retirement systems of the State. The fund receives State revenues restricted to local school programs, including the State Education (property) Tax, portions of the sales and personal income taxes, State Lottery Fund earnings, and a percentage of the adjusted gross receipts from casino gaming. General Fund allocations made under appropriations in the amended State School Aid Act of 1979 that are not expended by the end of the State fiscal year are transferred to the School Aid Stabilization Fund, a separate account within the School Aid Fund.

The State reports the following major enterprise funds:

The State Lottery Fund accounts for the operations of the State's lottery, bingo, and charitable game operations.

The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds receive contributions from employers and provide benefits to eligible unemployed workers.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

#### **Governmental Fund Types:**

**Special Revenue Funds** – account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Debt Service Funds** – account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

**Capital Projects Funds** – account for resources used for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude capital-related outflows financed by proprietary or trust funds.

**Permanent Funds** – report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government or its citizenry.

#### Proprietary Fund Types:

**Enterprise Funds** – report the activities for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services, such as the State's liquor sales. This fund type is also used when the activity is financed with debt that is secured by a pledge of the net revenues from the fees.

**Internal Service Funds** – provide goods or services primarily to other agencies or funds of the State, rather than to the general public. These goods and services include prisoner-built office furnishings; motor pool services; printing, reproduction, and mailing services; information technology; risk management; and health-related fringe benefits. In the government-wide financial statements, internal service funds are included with governmental activities.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types:

**Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds** – report fiduciary activities (including the activities of fiduciary component units) for pension plans and other postemployment benefit plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of GASB Statement No. 67, <u>Financial Reporting for Pension Plans</u>, or paragraph 3 of GASB Statement No. 74, <u>Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans</u>, respectively.

**Private-Purpose Trust Funds** – report all fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in other fiduciary fund types and for which the assets are 1) administered through a trust in which the State is not a beneficiary, 2) dedicated to providing benefits to recipients in accordance with benefit terms, and 3) are legally protected from the creditors of the government.

**Custodial Funds** – report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in other fiduciary fund types and for which the assets are controlled by the State for the benefit of parties outside the State.

#### Fiscal Year-Ends

All funds and discretely presented component units are reported using fiscal years which end on September 30, except for MSHDA and the 10 State universities, which utilize June 30 year-ends, and the Farm Produce Insurance Authority and the Venture Michigan Fund, which have December 31 year-ends.

#### Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

On the Statement of Cash Flows, the amount reported as "Cash and cash equivalents" is equal to the total of the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position as "Cash," "Cash on deposit with fiscal agent," and "Equity in common cash."

#### Cash

Cash reported on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet consists of petty cash, undeposited receipts, deposits in transit to the Common Cash pool, and cash equivalents such as short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months that are used for cash management, rather than investing activities.

#### Equity in Common Cash

The State Treasurer maintains centralized management of most State cash resources (not including component units). From the perspective of the various State funds, the pool functions as both a cash management pool and a demand deposit account. The operations and investments of the Common Cash pool are described in Note 5.

#### **Taxes Receivable**

Taxes receivable represent amounts due to the State at September 30, which will be collected sometime in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, the portion considered "available" (i.e., received by the State within approximately 60 days after year-end) is recorded as revenue; the remainder is recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Application of the measurability and availability criteria regarding taxes is described in Note 6.

#### Amounts Due From Federal Agencies

For most federally funded programs, revenue is accrued in the same period as related obligations are recorded. In certain programs financed entirely by the federal government, expenditures and related revenues are recognized only to the extent of billings received by fiscal year-end. This treatment, which is generally limited to certain programs within the Department of Education, understates both assets and liabilities, and expenditures and revenues; however, there is no impact on net position or fund balance.

#### Inventories

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 30.407b requires the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services, subject to annual appropriation, to stockpile medical supplies that are necessary to respond to a state of disaster or a state of emergency. This inventory, which accounts for \$74.3 million of the State's inventories, is valued using the average cost method. Remaining inventories are generally valued at cost, primarily using the first-in, first-out flow method. Expenditures (governmental funds) and expenses (proprietary funds) are recognized using the consumption method (i.e., when used or sold).

#### Investments

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools</u> and GASB Statement No. 72, <u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and U.S. Treasury obligations are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 8.

#### **Securities Lending Collateral**

Securities on loan for cash collateral are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Liabilities resulting from the securities lending transactions are also reported. Additional disclosures describing securities lending transactions are provided in Note 8.

#### **Other Assets**

Other assets include receivables, prepaid expenditures, advances, and other types of assets not reported on other lines. Receivables are recorded net of an allowance for accounts estimated to be uncollectible.

The receivable for child support in arrears that is due to the Child Support Collection Fund, a custodial fiduciary fund, has not been recorded in the fund. All child support payments are processed by the Michigan State Disbursement Unit (MiSDU), a division of the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services, using the Michigan Child Support Enforcement System (MiCSES). The child support in arrears due to the fund was \$4.1 billion as of September 30, 2022. However, industry experience and studies indicate that most child support in arrears is not collectible and that income of the noncustodial parent and age of the arrears are key, among other factors, to determining the amounts that are collectible. MiCSES was designed as a case management system and, as a result, financial information to estimate the collectible portion of the child support in arrears balances that exist in the aggregate and does not have income data for the debtor. As a result, the collectible amount of child support in arrears due to the Child Support Collection Fund cannot be estimated and has not been recorded.

#### Mortgages and Loans Receivable

Mortgages and loans receivable are reported net of unamortized premiums, discounts, and allowances for possible losses.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, ramps, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements and applicable fund financial statements. Capital assets that are used for governmental activities are only reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or, if donated, at acquisition value. In some instances, capital asset historical costs were not available; therefore, the costs of these assets at the dates of acquisitions have been estimated.

Most capital assets are depreciated over their useful lives, using the straight-line depreciation method. However, the State's significant infrastructure assets utilize an alternative accounting treatment in which costs to maintain and preserve these assets are expensed and no depreciation expense is recorded. This approach is discussed further in the Required Supplementary Information portion of this report.

Additional disclosures related to capital assets and assets acquired through leases are provided in Notes 9 and 12, respectively.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period; they increase net position, similar to assets. Note 28 provides further detail on the components of deferred outflows of resources.

#### **Income Tax Refunds Payable**

The amount of collected or accrued personal income tax revenues that will be refunded is estimated and accrued as a General Fund liability. Note 16 more fully describes this liability.

#### **Prize Awards Payable**

The State Lottery Fund makes long-term prize awards for certain games, most notable the lotto games. At September 30, 2022, long-term prize awards of \$173.1 million were reported at a present value of \$126.6 million, using discount rates ranging from 1.7 to 6.5 percent.

Non-installment prize awards and the portion of long-term awards payable during the next fiscal year, totaling \$199.9 million, are included with "Accounts payable and other liabilities" on the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue is recognized when cash, receivables, or other assets are received prior to their being earned.

#### Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Long-term liabilities are more fully described in Notes 12, 13, 14, and 15.

#### **Compensated Absences**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities as required by GASB.

Employees accumulate annual leave (vacation) balances to maximum amounts ranging from 296 to 356 hours. The maximum accumulation that may be paid off is 40 hours less than the total hours that may be accumulated. Employees receive a 100 percent termination payment upon separation based upon their final rate of pay. The liability for annual leave is recorded at the maximum accumulation amounts in accordance with GAAP, as it is probable that the State will compensate employees through paid time off, for the hours earned in excess of the total that may be paid off. The liability for annual leave is valued at 100 percent of the balance plus the State's share of social security and retirement contributions.

Employee sick leave balances accumulate without limit. Termination payments are made only upon separation from State service and only to employees hired prior to October 1, 1980. Payments at retirement or death are based on 50.0 percent of the employee's sick leave accumulation, times their last rate of pay. When separating for any other reason, employees are paid a percentage of their unused sick leave that increases from 0.0 to 50.0 percent, depending upon the balance of their sick leave hours. Sick leave is valued at 0.0 to 50.0 percent plus the State's share of social security contributions, based on the pay rates in effect as of September 30, 2022.

The State instituted a banked leave time program in fiscal year 2004 whereby eligible employees work a regular schedule but receive pay for a reduced number of hours. The banked leave time program was utilized in fiscal years 2005, 2006, and 2010.

The unpaid hours worked accrue to a banked leave time account. Upon an employee's separation, death, or retirement from State service, unused banked leave time hours shall be contributed by the State to the employee's account within the State of Michigan 401K Plans and, if applicable, to the State of Michigan 457 Plans. The banked leave liability is valued at the pay rates in effect as of September 30, 2022.

In the governmental fund financial statements, liabilities for compensated absences are accrued when they are considered "due and payable" and recorded in the fund only for separations or transfers that occur before year-end.

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period; they decrease net position, similar to liabilities. Note 28 provides further detail on the components of deferred inflows of resources.

#### **Net Position/Fund Balance**

The net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is "Net Position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements, and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund financial statements.

#### **Fund Balance Classifications**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the State is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, prepaids, and long-term receivables, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are restricted when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the State Legislature through legislation passed into law.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the State's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the executive branch when criteria established by

the State Budget Office are met. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance also represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative residual balances in other funds.

The State's policy is that restricted amounts are spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available. When expenditures are incurred for which only unrestricted resources are available, the intent is to use committed resources first, then assigned. Unassigned amounts are generally used only after the other resources have been used.

#### **Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are segregated by activity (governmental or businesstype), then further by function (e.g., general government, education, transportation, etc.). Additionally, revenues are classified between program and general revenues. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, rather than as program revenue. General revenues include all taxes. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses reported for individual functions.

#### Interest on Long-Term Debt

Interest charges on the State's general long-term liabilities do not qualify as a direct expense of a function and are reported on this line unless the borrowing is essential to the creation or continuing existence of a program. During fiscal year 2022, interest charges on general long-term liabilities totaling \$13.8 million were reported as functional expenses.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the governmental fund financial statements, revenues are reported by sources. For budgetary control purposes, revenues are further classified as either "general purpose" or "restricted." General purpose revenues are available to fund any activity accounted for in the fund. Restricted revenues are, either by State law or by outside restriction (e.g., federal grants), available only for specified purposes. When both general purpose and restricted funds are available for use, the State is required to use restricted resources first.

In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by character: "Current," "Capital outlay," "Intergovernmental-revenue sharing," or "Debt service." Current expenditures are subclassified by function and are for items such as salaries, grants, supplies, and services. Tax expenditures, which represent income tax credit programs that are in substance grants, are also reported as current expenditures. These are described in more detail in Note 16.

Capital outlay includes expenditures for capital assets. Intergovernmental-revenue sharing accounts for the distribution of certain tax revenues that are shared with local units based upon constitutional and statutory requirements. Debt service includes both interest and principal outlays related to bonds, vendor financing, and structured settlements.

Revenues and expenses of proprietary funds are classified as operating or nonoperating and are subclassified by object (e.g., salaries, depreciation, and purchases for resale). Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

#### **Other Financing Sources**

These additions to governmental fund balances in the fund financial statements include resources and financing provided by bond proceeds, vendors, and transfers.

#### Reimbursements

Reimbursements result when a fund originally making a disbursement receives resources from another fund to which the expenditure/expense is more properly attributable. For example, the State uses this method when the administrative costs of proprietary funds, discretely presented component units, or pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds are appropriated in the General Fund.

#### Interfund Services Provided and Used

When a sale or purchase of program-related goods and/or services between funds occurs for a price approximating their external exchange value, the seller reports revenue and the purchaser expenditure or expense, depending upon the fund type.

Transactions between the primary government and a discretely presented component unit are generally classified as revenues and expenses unless they represent repayments of loans or similar activities.

#### **Other Financing Uses**

These reductions of governmental fund resources in fund financial statements normally result from transfers to other funds.

#### Interfund Activity and Balances

#### **Interfund Activity**

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are 1) activities between funds reported as governmental activities and funds reported as business-type activities (examples include the transfers of profits from the Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund to the General Fund and the State Lottery Fund to the School Aid Fund) and 2) activities between funds that are reported in different functional categories in either the governmental or business-type activities column (examples include activities between the Department of Treasury [general government line] and the Department of Education [education line]). Elimination of these activities would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the functions concerned.

In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets (such as goods or cash) without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment. In addition, transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund which expends the resources. An example is gas taxes received by the Department of Transportation but expended by the Department of Natural Resources.

#### **Interfund Balances**

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Position, except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

# NOTE 2 – FUNDS AND COMPONENT UNITS BY CLASSIFICATION

The following table lists all funds and component units whose balances are reflected in this financial report.

Operating funds which are subject to annual appropriation and for which budget and actual schedules are included in this report are identified by an "\*". For each fund or component unit listed, the page number of the first financial statement for that fund or component unit is shown in parenthesis.

#### Major Funds:

Governmental: General Fund\* (p. 38) School Aid Fund\* (p. 38)

# Non-Major Funds:

Governmental: Special Revenue Funds: Transportation Related: Michigan Transportation Fund\* (p. 204)

Comprehensive Transportation Fund\* (p. 204)

Regulatory and Administrative Related: Homeowner Construction Lien Recovery Fund\* (p. 220)
Michigan Employment Security Act – Administration Fund\* (p. 220)
Safety Education and Training Fund\* (p. 220)
Second Injury Fund (p. 220)
Self-Insurers' Security Fund (p. 220)
Silicosis, Dust Disease, and Logging Industry Compensation Fund (p. 221)
State Construction Code Fund\* (p. 221)
Utility Consumer Representation Fund (p. 221)
Unemployment Obligation Trust Fund (p. 221)
State Casino Gaming Fund\* (p. 221)

#### Debt Service Funds:

Combined State Trunkline Bond and Interest Redemption Fund (p. 238) Combined Comprehensive Transportation Bond and Interest Redemption Fund (p. 238) Recreation and Environmental Protection Bond Redemption Fund (p. 238) School Loan Bond Redemption Fund (p. 239) State Building Authority (p. 239)

Proprietary: Enterprise Funds: Attorney Discipline System (p. 258) Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund (p. 258) Proprietary: State Lottery Fund (p. 44) Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds (p. 44)

#### Conservation, Environment, and Recreation Related:

Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund\* (p. 212) Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund (p. 212) Michigan Nongame Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund\* (p. 213) Forest Development Fund\* (p. 213) Bottle Deposits Fund\* (p. 213)

#### Other State Funds:

21<sup>st</sup> Century Jobs Trust Fund\* (p. 230) Michigan Merit Award Trust Fund\* (p. 230) Children's Trust Fund\* (p. 230) Military Family Relief Fund\* (p. 231) Community District Education Trust Fund\* (p. 231) Miscellaneous Special Revenue Funds (p. 231)

Capital Projects Funds: State Trunkline Fund\* (p. 244) State Aeronautics Fund\* (p. 244) Combined State Trunkline Bond Proceeds Fund (p. 244) Combined Comprehensive Transportation Bond Proceeds Fund (p. 244) Transportation Related Trust Funds (p. 245) State Building Authority (p. 245) Advance Financing Funds (p. 245)

#### Permanent Funds:

Children with Special Needs Fund\* (p. 252) Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund\* (p. 252) Michigan State Parks Endowment Fund\* (p. 252) Michigan Veterans' Trust Fund\* (p. 252)

Internal Service Funds:

Correctional Industries Revolving Fund (p. 262) State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund (p. 262) Information Technology Fund (p. 262) Office Services Revolving Fund (p. 263) Motor Transport Fund (p. 263) Risk Management Fund (p. 263)

#### Fiduciary:

#### Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds: Private-Purpose Trust Funds: State of Michigan 457 Plans (p. 270) Michigan Education Savings Program (p. 278) Legislative Pension Benefits Fund (p. 270) Michigan Achieving a Better Life Experience Program (p. 278) Legislative Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 270) Other Private-Purpose Trust Funds (p. 278) State Police Pension Benefits Fund (p. 270) State Police Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 271) Custodial Funds: State Employees' Pension Benefits Fund (p. 271) Insurance Carrier Deposits Fund (p. 282) State Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits City Income Tax – Trust Fund (p. 282) Child Support Collection Fund (p. 282) Fund (p. 271) Public School Employees' Pension Benefits Fund (p. 271) Escheats Fund (p. 283) Public School Employees' Other Postemployment Prisoner Accounts Fund (p. 283) Benefits Fund (p. 271) Other Custodial Funds (p. 283) Judges' Pension Benefits Fund (p. 271) Judges' Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 272) Military Pension Benefits Fund (p. 272) State of Michigan 401K Plans (p. 272) **Discretely Presented Component Units:** Authorities: State Universities (1): Major Component Units: **Major Component Units:** Michigan Finance Authority (p. 54) Western Michigan University (p. 55) Michigan State Housing Development Authority (p. 54) Michigan Strategic Fund (p. 54) Non-Major Component Units: **Non-Major Component Units:**

Farm Produce Insurance Authority (p. 288) Mackinac Bridge Authority (p. 288) Mackinac Island State Park Commission (p. 288) Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation (p. 288) Michigan Economic Development Corporation (p. 289) Michigan Education Trust (p. 289) Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority (p. 289) State Bar of Michigan (p. 289) State Land Bank Authority (p. 289) Venture Michigan Fund (p. 289)

#### Central Michigan University (p. 294) Eastern Michigan University (p. 294) Ferris State University (p. 294) Grand Valley State University (p. 294) Lake Superior State University (p. 295) Michigan Technological University (p. 295) Northern Michigan University (p. 295) Oakland University (p. 295) Saginaw Valley State University (p. 295)

(1) Michigan State University, the University of Michigan, and Wayne State University are not included in the State's reporting entity because they have separately elected governing boards and are legally separate from the State. The State provides significant funding to support these institutions; however, under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended, they are considered fiscally independent special-purpose governments.

### NOTE 3 - BUDGETING, BUDGETARY CONTROL, AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

### Major Constitutional and Statutory Provisions

#### **Balanced Budget Requirements**

Article 5 of the State Constitution mandates that the executive budget recommend spending limits for operating funds to the Legislature that are within available resources. Compliance with this is demonstrated in the executive budget and budget bills for each fiscal year.

Article 4 of the State Constitution mandates the Legislature to enact appropriations for each operating fund that do not exceed that fund's revenue estimates, including beginning fund balance.

Compliance with this requirement is demonstrated in schedules included in the annual appropriation acts, usually the "General Government" appropriation act. When it appears that revenue will fall below the estimates on which the appropriations are based, the Governor is required to recommend spending reductions as necessary to avoid a year-end deficit.

#### Local Spending Requirements

Article 9, Section 30, of the State Constitution requires that State spending to, or on behalf of, local units of government shall not fall below a specified percentage of total State spending. The percentage, recalculated effective with fiscal year 1993, is 48.97 percent.

Final calculations establishing the State's compliance with this constitutional provision for fiscal year 2022 are not yet complete. For fiscal year 2021, the most recent year for which final calculations are available, the proportion of total State spending paid to local units of government was determined to be 54.9 percent, reflecting payments that exceeded the minimum required by \$2.1 billion. The State expects that payments to local units of government will exceed the minimum requirement for fiscal year 2022.

#### **Revenue Limits**

Article 9, Section 26, of the State Constitution restricts State revenues to a ceiling that is based upon revenues as a proportion of total personal income for the State. The base year ratio, determined in fiscal year 1979, in relation to calendar year 1977 personal income, is 9.49 percent. Both the constitutional language and implementing statutes provide for other adjustments to the revenue and personal income calculations. If revenues exceed the limit by 1.0 percent or more, the amount in excess must be refunded to personal income tax payers and payers of the State's Corporate Income Tax. If the limit is exceeded by an amount less than 1.0 percent, the excess may be deposited into the State's Budget Stabilization Fund. The calculations determining the State's compliance with this constitutional provision for fiscal year 2022 are not final. For fiscal year 2021, the most recent year for which final calculations are available, total State revenues subject to this limitation were beneath the constitutional limit by \$7.8 billion. The State expects that total State revenues subject to the limitation will not exceed the limit for fiscal year 2022.

#### **Budget Stabilization Fund**

The Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund ("Budget Stabilization Fund" or "Rainy Day Fund") was created in 1977 to assist in stabilizing revenue during periods of economic recession. This fund currently operates under Sections 18.1351 - 18.1359 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, as amended. In general, the law requires payments into the fund when real economic growth exceeds 2.0 percent and allows withdrawals from the fund when real economic growth is less than 0.0 percent. Funds can also be withdrawn when the State's unemployment rate exceeds 8.0 percent or upon appropriation to finance capital outlay or other projects, or for other purposes designated by the Legislature. The Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund is accounted for as a subfund of the General Fund where its fund balance is committed.

The following table summarizes the transactions for the fund at September 30 (in millions):

Beginning committed fund balance	\$ 1,382.3
Interest income	9.1
Tobacco settlement proceeds	17.5
Deposits	180.0
Withdrawals	 -
Ending committed fund balance	\$ 1,588.9

During fiscal year 2014, \$194.8 million was transferred to the Michigan Settlement Administration Authority to support the Detroit bankruptcy settlement. That withdrawal is being repaid to the fund in the amount of \$17.5 million annually from tobacco settlement funds, beginning in fiscal year 2015. The remaining balance due from the tobacco settlement funds as of September 30, 2022, is \$54.8 million.

### School Aid Fund Budgetary Provisions

The School Aid Stabilization Fund is a separate account within the School Aid Fund created under Section 388.1611a of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Any unexpended or unencumbered State school aid fund revenue is deposited into this fund at the end of each fiscal year. The amounts accumulated in this fund are carried forward and shall be expended only for purposes for which State school aid money may be expended. The School Aid Stabilization Fund ending restricted fund balance is \$4.6 billion for fiscal year 2022.

#### **Budgetary Overexpenditures**

In the event that expenditures exceed authorization during a year, the State department must request a supplemental appropriation for the amount overspent, if that amount exceeds their lapses or if they expect to make payments from prior year authorization in the next fiscal year. There were no net overexpenditures or line-item overexpenditures, by State departments, during the year.

# NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTING CHANGES, RESTATEMENTS, AND SPECIAL ITEMS

#### Restatement of Fund Balance, Fund Net Position, and Government-wide Net Position

During fiscal year 2022, changes in accounting principles and error corrections resulted in restatements to beginning fund balance and fund net position as follows (in millions):

	(	Governmental Funds	·······							
		Non-Major Funds		Michigan State Unemployment Lottery Compensation Fund Funds				on-Major nterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
September 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$	5,565.9	\$	(33.8)	\$	1,168.2	\$	(31.1)	\$	(317.6)
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87		-		0.1		-		0.2		1.1
Correction of Prior Year Errors: Accounts payable Deferred inflows of resources Expenditures Transfers to other funds		20.4 29.2 (1.5)		- - -		- - - (8.8)		- - -		- - -
September 30, 2021, as restated	\$	5,614.1	\$	(33.8)	\$	1,159.4	\$	(30.9)	\$	(316.5)

During fiscal year 2022, changes in accounting principles and error corrections resulted in restatements to beginning government-wide net position as follows (in millions):

September 30, 2021, as previously reported	 vernmental Activities 20.350.9	\$ Business- Type Activities 1,103.2	<u> </u>	Total Primary overnment 21,454.1	F	Discretely Presented omponent Units 11.641.8
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87	75.6	0.3		75.9		(159.8)
Correction of Prior Year Errors: Accounts payable Expenditures	20.4 (1.5)	-		20.4 (1.5)		-
Transfers to other funds Mackinac Island State Park Commission	-	(8.8)		(8.8)		- 0.1
Michigan Strategic Fund Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority State Land Bark Authority	-	-		-		5.2 1.5
State Land Bank Authority September 30, 2021, as restated	\$ 20,445.4	\$ 1,094.7	\$	21,540.2	\$	(5.9) 11,482.8

#### **Changes in Accounting Principles**

#### Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, <u>Leases</u>, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The Statement requires a lesse to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset and requires a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, lease assets and liabilities were remeasured for contracts previously classified as capital leases, and additional lease assets and liabilities were recognized for other contracts, including those previously classified as operating leases, that had been recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources were also recognized for contracts where the State is the lessor. The remeasurement of lease assets and liabilities for contracts where the State is the lesser end to the restatement of the State's financial statements.

#### **Correction of Prior Year Errors**

#### **Accounts Payable**

The Comprehensive Transportation Fund, a special revenue fund, increased its beginning fund balance by \$20.4 million to correct accounts payable balances that were overstated in a prior fiscal year.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

The Bottle Deposits Fund, a special revenue fund, increased its beginning fund balance by \$29.2 million to correct an error related to deferred inflows of resources balances that were overstated in a prior fiscal year.

#### Expenditures

The Advance Financing Funds, a capital projects fund, decreased its beginning fund balance by \$1.5 million to correct an error related to expenditures that were understated in a prior fiscal year.

#### **Transfers to Other Funds**

The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, a proprietary fund, decreased its beginning net position by \$8.8 million to recognize the effect of an allocation error associated with a Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act administrative grant in the prior fiscal year. The error resulted in the understatement of transfers to the Michigan Employment Security Act – Administration Fund, a special revenue fund. Also, in the prior fiscal year, the Michigan Employment Security Act – Administration Fund recognized a receivable and revenue for the \$8.8 million related to the grant allocation. Instead of revenue, a transfer from the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds should have been recorded. This misclassification did not impact fund balance in the prior fiscal year and, therefore, did not require the restatement of beginning fund balance in the Michigan Employment Security Act – Administration Fund.

#### Mackinac Island State Park Commission

The Mackinac Island State Park Commission, a discretely presented component unit, increased its beginning net position by \$0.1 million to correct a prior fiscal year error related to capital assets.

#### Michigan Strategic Fund

The Michigan Strategic Fund, a discretely presented component unit, increased its beginning net position by \$5.2 million to correct errors related to various prior period adjustments.

#### Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority

The Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority, a discretely presented component unit, increased its beginning net position by \$1.5 million to correct an error related to expenses that were overstated in a prior fiscal year.

#### State Land Bank Authority

The State Land Bank Authority, a discretely presented component unit, decreased its beginning net position by \$5.9 million to reflect the reassignment of loans receivable that occurred in a prior fiscal year. The reassignment was to the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA), a discretely presented component unit. The restatement of MSHDA's beginning net position was not necessary.

#### Special Item

On December 13, 2021, the State of Michigan transferred the assets and liabilities comprising its Michigan Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) Program to the National ABLE Alliance, a partnership of states dedicated to providing those living with disabilities with an ABLE investment product. As a result of the transfer, the State recognized a special item of \$32.7 million in the Michigan Achieving a Better Life Experience Program private-purpose trust fund.

# NOTE 5 – TREASURER'S COMMON CASH

#### **General Accounting Policies**

The State Treasurer (Treasurer) manages the State's Common Cash pool, which is used by most State funds. The pooling of cash allows the Treasurer to invest monies not needed to pay immediate obligations so that investment earnings on available cash are maximized. Investments of the pool are not segregated by fund; rather, each contributing fund's balance is treated as equity in the pool and presented in this report as "Equity in common cash." Many funds, including pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, use their equity in the pool as a short-term investment vehicle.

All negative balances in the pool are reclassified at year-end as interfund liabilities. If the negative balance is considered long-term, the reclassification is recorded as an advance.

Statute or administrative policy determines whether a fund receives or pays interest on its balances in the pool. If a fund does not receive or pay interest, the General Fund receives or absorbs such amounts. The Treasurer has placed a "cap," or limit, on the amount of interest that can be earned by some State funds. These "capped" funds are limited to a maximum rate determined by

the Treasurer. For the remaining "uncapped" funds, earnings on positive balances and charges on negative balances are allocated quarterly based upon the average daily balances of the various funds and the average investment earnings rate for the quarter. Accrued earnings of the pool are recorded as assets, with the accrual allocated to the various funds' equity in the pool.

Interest revenues on positive balances and interest charges on negative balances are reflected as revenues or expenditures/ expenses of each of the participating funds.

#### Investments and Deposits

The investment authority for the Common Cash pool is found in Sections 21.141 - 21.147 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL). The Treasurer may invest surplus funds belonging to the State in bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of the United States Government and its agencies and in prime commercial paper. Certificates of deposit are permitted in financial institutions whose principal office is located in the State.

The Treasurer invests excess cash in short-term investments or cash equivalents. The law does not prohibit the Treasurer from entering into repurchase agreements; however, the Treasurer did not use these agreements in managing the pool in fiscal year 2022.

Statutes provide for certain special State investment programs for which the General Fund is credited (charged) for earnings in excess of (under) those achieved by regular pool investments. To date, these programs have not resulted in any principal losses.

<u>Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Program</u>: This program provides for emergency loans to local units of government and is the most significant of the special investment programs. The Local Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board, established by MCL Section 141.932, administers the program.

Loan authorization limits are established in MCL Section 141.933. For fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2018, the board may authorize loans to municipalities that total up to \$10.0 million in a fiscal year, but a loan to a single municipality shall not exceed \$4.0 million in that fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2000, the Local Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board was authorized to approve the lending of up to \$159.9 million to Wayne County (County) to finance the payment of certain obligations to the State. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$53.1 million. The interest rate is reset July 1 of each year in accordance with the loan agreement. Effective November 1, 2009, the Wayne County emergency loan was reclassified from an interest-bearing loan to a zero percent loan.

The change in interest terms for the loan will be in effect until the debt obligations for the Detroit Regional Convention Facility Authority are retired, or 2039, whichever comes first. Loan repayments by the County are supported by provisions of the loan agreement and legislation that pledge the County's share of a portion of the State taxes collected on cigarette sales. No principal repayments were made on the loan in fiscal year 2022.

In fiscal year 2016 the Local Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board authorized the lending of \$150.0 million to the School District of the City of Detroit to finance the transitional operating cost of the School District of the City of Detroit to the new district, the Detroit Public Schools Community District, in accordance with MCL Section 380.12b. The note bears a 1.3 percent per annum interest rate that may be adjusted by the Local Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board. Interest payments are due every six months starting in September 2016 with principal payments starting September 2022. The note will be paid off by 2026.

Assets and equities of the Common Cash pool as of September 30 were as follows (in millions):

Assets	
Demand deposits	\$ 854.3
Time deposits - regular	-
Prime commercial paper - at cost	28,160.9
Interest receivable	72.6
Emergency loans to local units - at cost	 257.6
Total Assets	\$ 29,345.4
Equities Fund equities (net) in common cash:	
Governmental activities	\$ 25,727.9
Business-type activities	236.0
Fiduciary funds	810.6
Discretely presented component units	 2,570.9
Net Fund Equities	\$ 29,345.4

Negative equity balances in the pool are reclassified at year-end as interfund receivables and liabilities. Current balances are included with "Amounts due from other funds" and "Amounts due to other funds" and long-term amounts are classified as interfund advances. Note 19 summarizes interfund receivables and liabilities.

The following paragraphs provide disclosures about deposits and investments of the Common Cash pool, as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 3, <u>Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments</u> (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements as amended by GASB Statement No. 40, <u>Deposit</u> and <u>Investment Risk Disclosures</u>. Please see Note 8 for information about deposits and investments that are not part of the Common Cash pool.

#### Common Cash Deposits

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the State's deposits may not be recovered.

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are:

#### Uncollateralized

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositorgovernment's name.

The Treasurer's policy requires the following criteria to lessen custodial credit risk: all financial institutions holding the State's money must pledge collateral equal to the amount of the account balance for all demand and time deposits to secure the State's funds; a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union holding State funds must be organized under the laws of Michigan or federal law and maintain a principal office or branch office in the State of Michigan; and no deposit in any financial organization may be in excess of 50.0 percent of the net worth of the organization.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of deposits, including time and demand deposits, was \$854.3 million. The demand deposit carrying amount includes checks outstanding of \$152.9 million. The deposits were reflected in the accounts of the banks at \$1.0 billion. Of the bank balance, \$4.0 million was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1.0 billion was collateralized with securities held by the State's agent in the State's name. Compensating balances kept in demand deposit accounts to avoid service charges totaled \$1.7 billion at September 30, 2022.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of deposits.

MCL Section 487.714 requires State deposits be held in a financial institution which maintains a principal office or branch office located in the State. The State had no Common Cash deposits subject to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2022.

#### Common Cash Investments

#### **Types of Investments**

Common Cash investments include prime commercial paper, certificates of deposit, and emergency municipal loans.

#### Risk

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments also require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices with respect to the risks associated with them. Custodial credit risk, credit risk, and interest rate risk are discussed in the following paragraphs.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either:

The counterparty, or

The counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

The Treasurer does not have an investment policy for managing custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2022, Common Cash investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or another counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Prime commercial paper investments must be rated within one of the two highest ratings classifications ("1" or "2") at the time of purchase from not less than two of the nationally recognized ratings organizations specified in MCL 38.1132d. Borrowers must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the Treasurer may not invest in more than 10.0 percent of the borrower's outstanding debt.

Emergency municipal loans are evidenced by unrated notes held by the State in the State's name. At September 30, 2022, prime commercial paper investments were rated at A-1, P-1, A-2, or P-2.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Treasurer's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2022, the fair value of cash equivalents was \$28.2 billion; the weighted average maturity was 71 days.

The Treasurer does not have a policy for controlling interest rate risk regarding the Common Cash special loan programs described earlier. These loan programs are investments created through legislation. Although some interest rate risk exposure exists, this risk is not a consideration when entering into these loan programs.

# NOTE 6 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represent amounts due to the State at September 30, 2022, for revenues earned during the fiscal year that will be collected sometime in the future. Amounts expected to be collected in the next fiscal year are classified as "current" and amounts expected to be collected beyond the next fiscal year are classified as "noncurrent." The receivables have been recorded net of allowances for uncollectibles.

Sales, use, Michigan business, and income taxes are accrued to the extent that the related sales, wage, or activity being taxed occurred prior to October 1. Property taxes are accrued if the levy date occurred prior to October 1.

Local units of government, as agents for the State, assess the State Education Tax (SET), which is a statewide property tax. The SET is levied on July 1 and is due and payable at the same time as local unit taxes levied on July 1. The State accrues SET revenue received by the State or the local units, on its behalf, during October and November. Insurance provider assessment (IPA) taxes are assessed in June annually. Four equal quarterly payment amounts are due July 30, October 30, January 30, and April 30 for each assessment. The State accrues IPA revenue received during October and November. The accrued telephone and telegraph taxes are due December 1 and were received at approximately that time.

In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue using the accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements, revenue is recorded using the modified accrual basis of accounting for amounts due to the State at September 30 (as stated above), that are considered "available" (i.e. received by the State within approximately 60 days after that date). Delinquent taxes are recognized to the extent that they are collected within 12 months. The remainder is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Effective January 1, 2008, the State replaced the Single Business Tax (SBT) with the Michigan Business Tax (MBT). Effective January 1, 2012, MBT was replaced by the Corporate Income Tax (CIT). A small number of taxpayers with certificated credits may continue to file under the MBT provisions until their credits expire.

Effective December 6, 2018, the State legalized the cultivation and sale of marihuana and industrial hemp for personal possession and use of marihuana by persons 21 years of age or older. An excise tax is imposed on each marihuana retailer and on each marihuana microbusiness at the rate of 10.0 percent of the sales price for marihuana sold or otherwise transferred to anyone other than a marihuana establishment. Effective January 1, 2021, the Michigan flow-through entity (FTE) tax is levied on certain electing entities with business activity in Michigan. FTE tax is elected and levied on the Michigan portion of the positive business income tax base of an FTE and allows that entity to pay tax on certain income at the individual income tax rate. If this election is made and the tax is paid by the entity, members of the entity are eligible to receive a refundable income tax credit. Because these are new taxes, historical data is not available to accurately estimate a potential tax receivable beyond the 60-day period. Therefore, the accrual and related revenue expected to be collected beyond the 60-day period is not measurable and has not been recorded in this fiscal year.

Taxes receivable as of September 30 consisted of the following (in millions):

				Other	
		General	Go	overnmental	
Tax		Fund		Funds	Total
Sales and use	\$	537.3	\$	968.5	\$ 1,505.8
Individual income		4,119.7		726.5	4,846.2
Flow-through entity		16.3		-	16.3
SBT/MBT/CIT		1,182.7		-	1,182.7
State education (property)		-		1,644.5	1,644.5
Telephone & telegraph		8.6		-	8.6
Motor fuel		-		163.6	163.6
Insurance - retaliatory		442.4		-	442.4
Tobacco products		50.2		25.5	75.7
Quality assurance assessment		338.4		-	338.4
Insurance provider assessment		160.5		-	160.5
Marihuana excise		49.2		-	49.2
Other		48.4		13.3	61.7
Penalties and interest		711.0		-	 711.0
Gross taxes receivable		7,664.7		3,541.9	11,206.6
Less allowances for uncollectibles		(1,839.8 <u>)</u>		(500.6)	 (2,340.3)
Total taxes receivable (net)	\$	5,824.9	\$	3,041.3	\$ 8,866.2
As reported on the Statement of Net Position					
Current taxes, interest, and penalties receivable	\$	5,349.5	\$	2,947.3	\$ 8,296.9
Noncurrent taxes, interest, and penalties receivable	_	475.4		94.0	 569.3
Total taxes, interest, and penalties receivable	\$	5,824.9	\$	3,041.3	\$ 8,866.2

# NOTE 7 – JOINT VENTURES

The State participates in two joint ventures as described below. Joint ventures are not reflected as component units within this report because they do not meet the generally accepted accounting principles criteria for inclusion. Their separately issued financial statements may be obtained by directly contacting the applicable organizations. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the State Budget Office, Office of Financial Management, at (517) 241-4010.

### Great Lakes Protection Fund

The Great Lakes Protection Fund (GLPF) is a not-for-profit corporation located in Evanston, Illinois. Its mission is to identify, demonstrate, and promote regional action to enhance the health of the Great Lakes basin ecosystem. Seven of the states bordering the Great Lakes became members by making a required contribution to the GLPF endowment.

Contribution requirements were established in 1989 based upon water consumption and usage. State contributions to the endowment are permanently restricted and cannot be disbursed. Of the seven states, Michigan is the largest contributor at \$25.0 million, or 30.9 percent, of the total \$81.0 million endowment. Michigan made its required contribution by issuing GLPF a general obligation bond authorized as part of the State's environmental protection bond program. No additional contributions from Michigan will be required.

The governor of each of the seven member states appoints two representatives to GLPF's board of directors. Directors control the investment of the endowment, finance and budgeting operations (within the requirements of the Articles of Incorporation), and they determine how to use net earnings to support GLPF's mission. Two-thirds of the net earnings of the endowment (after operating expenses) are available for grants. One-third of the net earnings is returned to the seven member states, proportional to their original contributions, to support local projects. The State's equity interest in GLPF of \$25.0 million is reflected as an asset in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Authority

The International Bridge in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan is a joint venture of the State and Canadian governments. Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Authority (SSMBA) consists of eight people, four appointed by each government. SSMBA oversees the operations and maintenance of the Bridge. The International Bridge Administration, an administrative entity within the Michigan Department of Transportation, is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Bridge. SSMBA reimburses the State for costs incurred to provide these services.

For the period ending December 31, 2021 (SSMBA's most recently audited financial statements), its net position increased by approximately \$1.5 million. The Bridge and one-half of the ancillary assets on Michigan's side of the Bridge, one-half of the joint

funds not required to pay liabilities, and all funds reserved for capital projects on the Michigan half of the Bridge represent the State's equity interest. The State is obligated to pay one-half of any claims incurred by SSMBA that are not covered by insurance or existing resources. The State's equity interest of \$9.2 million is reflected as an asset in the government-wide financial statements.

# **NOTE 8 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

This note provides information for all deposits and investments except those of the Common Cash pool, which are described in Note 5.

### Deposits – Primary Government

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

In addition to equity in the Common Cash pool, some State funds maintain deposits with financial institutions. At present, only the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds (MUCF), the Attorney Discipline System (ADS), and the Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) maintain these deposits and are potentially exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Unemployment Insurance Agency administers, under the auspices of the federal government, the deposits of the MUCF. Tax collections are deposited in a clearing account as required by the Michigan Employment Security Act. Refunds are paid from that account; after the clearance of vouchers for refunds, all other money remaining in the fund, less amounts needed for refunds and judgments, must be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America to the credit of the State in the Unemployment Trust Fund, established and maintained pursuant to Section 904 of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1104. These deposits are maintained in the Federal Reserve Bank. At year-end, the carrying amount of these deposits, reported as cash in the Statement of Net Position, was \$77.8 million. The bank balance of the deposits was \$84.3 million. Of the bank balance, \$0.8 million was covered by depository insurance and \$83.5 million was collateralized. Amounts reported as Cash on Deposit with Fiscal Agent, totaling \$1.8 billion, represent MUCF's interest in a U.S. Treasury trust fund managed by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Title IX of the Social Security Act, which includes deposits from the unemployment compensation funds of various states. MUCF is credited quarterly with trust fund investment earnings, as computed on a daily basis.

The bank deposits of the ADS were \$343.3 thousand; these deposits were covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance or were collateralized. ADS has no policy to address custodial credit risk. It assesses financial institutions' risk levels; only those with acceptable levels of risk are used as depositories.

The deposits of the MESP were reflected in bank accounts at \$474.6 thousand. These deposits were covered up to applicable limits of depository insurance. Deposits in excess of depository insurance limits are not collateralized or subject to supplemental insurance. The level of risk for each financial institution is evaluated and assessed; only those with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. MESP has no other policy for controlling this risk.

#### Investments – Primary Government

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of investments of the primary government by investment type and in total at September 30:

P	rima	ry Government T	otal I	nvestments (In	mill	ions)		
				Deferred ompensation/ Defined				
Investment Types		Retirement Systems	C	Contribution Funds		Other Funds		Total
Commercial paper	\$	1,443.8	\$	Fullus	\$		\$	1,443.8
Other short-term	Ψ	755.4	Ψ	_	Ψ	3.3	Ψ	758.7
Separate accounts		00		2,664.0		- 0.0		2,664.0
Absolute return		9,104.6				-		9,104.6
Fixed income		8,354.2		-		612.5		8,966.7
Mutual funds		51.4		500.9		5,942.3		6,494.6
Pooled investment funds		-		7,372.2		-		7,372.2
Equities		15,949.4		-		0.7		15,950.2
Funding agreements		-		-		1,651.4		1,651.4
International		10,560.6		-		128.6		10,689.2
Real estate		9,634.0		-		87.3		9,721.3
Private equity		22,820.8		-		391.6		23,212.4
Real return and opportunistic		10,704.6		-		-		10,704.6
Accrued income		47.1		-		-		47.1
Unsettled investments		(20.3)		-		-		(20.3)
Total	\$	89,405.8	<u>\$</u>	10,537.2	\$	8,817.7	\$	108,760.6

#### As reported on the Statement of Net Position

Current investments	\$ 17.1
Noncurrent investments	1,484.1
Total investments	\$ 1,501.2

#### As reported on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	-	Current estments	-	loncurrent vestments	Total
Governmental activities	\$	-	\$	1,359.2	\$ 1,359.2
Business-type activities		17.1		124.8	141.9
Fiduciary funds		743.3		106,516.1	107,259.4
Total investments	\$	760.4	\$	108,000.2	\$ 108,760.6

#### Authority

Investment authority for the State's pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds is found in Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1133. This law allows the State of Michigan Investment Board, as investment fiduciary, to make diverse investments in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, venture capital, and other investments. The law has prudence standards and requires that the assets of a retirement system shall: be invested solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries; be made for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to the participants and the participants' beneficiaries; and defray reasonable expenses of investing the assets of the State system.

The investment authority for other State funds is found in their enabling statutes and/or their bond resolutions where applicable. Except as noted below, the investments of the non-pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds are comprised mostly of United States government securities.

The State Building Authority makes diverse investments as allowed by State statute and/or bond resolutions.

The deferred compensation plans are invested in mutual funds, U.S. Treasury strips, money market funds, and pooled investment funds. During fiscal year 2022, the deferred compensation plans' investment activities were managed by a private investment firm, which invests as directed by members of the plan.

#### **Derivative Instruments**

The State of Michigan Investment Board is also authorized to invest a limited amount of pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds in derivative instruments to provide additional diversification. Derivative instruments are used in managing the trust fund portfolios but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. State investment statutes limit total derivative

instrument exposure to 15.0 percent of a fund's total asset value and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Option and future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified fixed cost are not subject to the derivative instrument exposure limitation. Less than 15.0 percent of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, and option contracts.

The State of Michigan Investment Board entered into swap agreements with investment grade counterparties with maturity dates ranging from October 2022 to June 2023. Generally, the notional amount of equity swaps tied to foreign stock market indices is executed via a net total return U.S. Dollar (USD) index. The swap agreements provide that the System will pay quarterly or at maturity over the term of the agreements, interest indexed to the three-month London Inter Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR) or the U.S. Federal Funds rate, adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. At maturity the trust funds will receive either the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. U.S. Domestic LIBOR based floating rate notes and other income earning investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the swap agreements. The State of Michigan Investment Board maintains custody and control of these dedicated notes and other investments.

The value of these synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments in the collateral portfolio. The book value represents the cost of the notes and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the notes and other investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. Current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. U.S. Treasuries, cash, publicly traded fixed income investments and private market investments are held in the collateral portfolio to correspond with the notional amount of the swap agreements.

To reduce the risk in the fixed income and international equity portfolios, the State of Michigan Investment Board has entered into foreign exchange (FX) swap agreements, interest rate swap agreements and credit default swap agreements with investment grade counterparties. The FX swap agreements are tied to foreign currency forward exchange rates and are used to reduce the currency risk with the fixed income portfolio. The swap agreements are entered into on an as-needed basis and are generally tied to the maturity of a foreign government bond indenture denominated in a foreign currency. The purpose of the FX swap agreement that has a final maturity date of less than three months is to reduce or eliminate the currency risk on foreign bond transactions. U.S. Domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes, U.S. Treasury securities, and portfolio cash are held to correspond with the notional amount of FX swap agreements within the fixed income portfolio. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposures and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions that receive fixed rate, increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short swap positions that pay fixed rate, decrease exposure. Credit default swaps (CDS) are used to manage credit exposure without buying or selling securities outright. Written CDS increase credit exposure (selling protection) obligating the portfolio to buy bonds from counterparties in the event of a default. Purchased CDS decrease exposure (buying protection) providing the right to "Put" bonds to the counterparty in the event of a default.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. Collateral securities in the amount of \$786.7 million were held on behalf of the system of counterparties.

Traded bond future contracts are used to manage duration, yield curve exposure, adjust interest rate exposures and replicate bond positions.

In the equity portfolio, traded equity options on single securities and on indices are used by the State of Michigan Investment Board to enhance returns while limiting downside risk. Attractively priced equity options were used for the purpose of stock replacement in order to drive excess returns over the S&P 500, as well as to provide added exposure to strong equity markets while limiting principal at risk. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in the market indices. The Fixed Income portfolio and the International Equity portfolio Options are used to manage interest rate and volatility exposures. Written options generate income in expected interest rate scenarios and may generate capital losses, if unexpected interest rate environments are realized. Both written and purchased options will become worthless at expiration if the underlying instrument does not reach the strike price of the option. However, purchased options are often sold well before expiration in order to lock in profits at prices well below listed strike prices, and thereby generate consistent returns. Additional details about derivative instrument investments are included in the following table:

Pensi	on (and Other Employee Be	nefit) I ru	st Funds De	eriva	ative Instrum	ent Ir	nvestments	(In millions)	
Investment & Investment Type	Objective	% of Fair Value	Notional Value		nvestments At Fair Value*	(De	t Increase ecrease) In ir Value**	Investment Income <u>Gain (Loss)</u>	Fair Value Subject to <u>Credit Risk</u>
Future contracts - fixed income and international	Enhance management flexibility, manage duration, yield curve and credit exposure.	0.0%	\$ 71.	0 \$	\$-	\$	(202.0)	\$-	\$-
Options - equity, international and fixed income	Use on single securities to provide downside protection, enhance current income, and to manage interest rate and volatility exposures.	0.3	76,612.9	9	248.6		(420.7)	-	-
Swap agreements - international equity investments and fixed income	Diversify the trust funds' portfolio by entering into swap agreements that are tied to stock market indices.	1.3	2,726.4	1	1,191.0		(1,140.7)	(34.1)	24.2
Totals			\$ 79,410.3	3 5	\$ 1,439.6	\$	(1,763.5)	\$ (34.1)	\$ 24.2

Pension (and Other Employee Renefit) Trust Funds Derivative Instrument Investments (In millions)

\* Located in Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Investments at Fair Value

\*\* Located in Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

#### Investment Pools

In July 2004, five State retirement systems' (i.e., State Employees', State Police, Public School Employees', Judges' and Military) investments were contributed to an investment pool structure. A pro rata share of the entire pool represents each system's ownership of a portion of the investments in the State's pool.

#### **Repurchase Agreements**

As a matter of administrative policy, the State Treasurer makes only limited use of investments in repurchase agreements. No such investments were outstanding at year-end.

#### Risk

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, <u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>, requires certain disclosures regarding policies and practices with respect to the risks associated with investments. The custodial credit risk, credit risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and concentration of credit risk are discussed in the following paragraphs.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty, or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name. The State Treasurer does not have a policy for limiting custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2022, there were no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Short-term investments for the pension funds are in prime commercial paper and follow the same policy described in Note 5 for this type of investment. The ratings at September 30, 2022, are included in the debt investments table.

Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be acquired in compliance with parameters set forth in MCL Sections 38.1132 – 38.1141, and the State Treasurer's investment policy. Law defines investment grade as investments in the top four major grades, rated by two national rating services, S&P (AAA, AA, A, BBB) and Moody's (Aaa, Aa, A, Baa). At September 30, 2022, the system was in compliance with the policy in all material aspects. The primary government's debt investments as of September 30, 2022, are presented in the following table. Note that securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government are excluded.

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds: Retirement Systems: Commercial paper         \$ 1,325.0         A-1         \$ 1,310.0         P-1           Money Market         253.5         AAA         253.5         AAA         253.5         Aaa           Government securities U.S. agencies - sponsored         1.0         AAA         657.8         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         1.0         AAA         201.3         Aa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         241.1         Aa           308.9         BB         228.8         Ba         283.8         Ba           128.7         B         187.3         B         56.9         CCC         70.3         Ca           Mutual Funds*         84.6         BBB         95.8         Baa         105.7         BB         105.7         Ba           Total         6.962.7         6.962.7         6.962.7         6.962.7         6.962.7         0           Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:         983.3         AA- to AA         983.3         Unavailabi           Yunated         1.269.8         A to AAA         1.269.8         Ato AAA         1.269.8         Unavailabi	De	ebt Invest (In millio				
Retirement Systems:         \$ 1,325.0         A-1         \$ 1,310.0         P-1           Money Market         2         118.9         A-2         118.9         P-2           Money Market         253.5         AAA         253.5         Aaa           Government securities         1.0         AAA         657.8         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         1.0         AAA         657.8         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa           1000         BBB         233.3         AA         201.3         Aa           223.3         AA         201.3         Aa         1.0         AAA         656.7         Aaa         -         Aa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa         393.1         Aa         409.2         A         1,100.1         BBB         938.8         Ba         Ba         16.0         AA         -         C         12.1         C         14.3         D         -         D         D         D         D         AB         16.0         Ba         16.0         Ba         16.0         AB         16.0         AB	Investment Type			Rating S & P		Rating Moody's
Commercial paper         \$ 1,325.0         A-1         \$ 1,310.0         P-1           Money Market         253.5         AAA         253.5         AaA           Government securities         1.0         AAA         667.8         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         1.0         AAA         263.5         AaA           Corporate Bonds and Notes         1.0         AAA         263.3         AA         201.3         Aa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         1.0         AAA         201.3         Aa         201.3         Aa           2023.7         A         202.3         AA         201.3         Aa         201.3         Aa           203.7         A         469.2         A         31.00.7         Ba         187.3         B           202.7         B         187.3         B         187.3         B         187.3         B           302.9         BB         105.7         BB         105.7         Ba         113.3         Unrated           11.3         Unrated         1.13         Unrated         6.982.7         D         Aa         40.4         Unavailabi           Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:         20692.7	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds:					
118.9         A.2         118.9         P.2           Money Market         253.5         AAA         253.5         Aaa           Government securities         1.0         AAA         657.8         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         1.0         AAA         341.7         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa           223.3         AA         201.3         Aa         482.2         A           10.0         BB         283.3         AA         201.3         Aa           3097.1         A         469.2         A         1.100.1         BBB         983.8         Ba           308.9         BB         283.8         Ba         128.7         B         187.3         B           128.7         B         187.3         B         26.7         C         121.1         C         1.100.1         1.796.8         Unrated           Mutual Funds*         84.6         BBB         95.8         Ba         105.7         Ba         113.3         Unrated         1.13.3         Unrated         1.13.3         Unrated         113.3         Unrated         1.14.4         A-10.4 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>1 325 0</td><td>A-1</td><td>\$ 1,310.0</td><td>P-1</td></td<>		\$	1 325 0	A-1	\$ 1,310.0	P-1
Money Market         253.5         AAA         253.5         Aaa           Government securities U.S. agencies - sponsored         1.0         AAA         657.8         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa           100 1         BBB         393.7         A         409.2         A           1,100.1         BBB         936.1         Baa         Baa         Baa           300-9         BB         283.8         Ba         128.7         B         187.3         B           128.7         B         105.7         B         105.7         B         Ba         105.7         B           Mutual Funds*         84.6         BBB         05.7         Ba         11.3         Unrated           105.7         BB         105.7         BB         105.7         Ba         Ba         13.6         B           Total         6.962.7         -         6.962.7         -         0.993.3         AA- to AAA         40.4         Unavailabi           Stable Value funds         1.269.8         A to AAA         1.269.8 <td></td> <td>Ŷ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Ŷ				
Government securities U.S. agencies - sponsored         1.0 6567         AAA 657.8         Aaa 657.8         Aaa Aaa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa 397.1         A         499.2         A 307.1         A         499.2         A         A 307.1         A         499.2         A         A         105.7         B         107.3         B         107.3 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>Unrated</td><td>14.9</td><td>Unrated</td></t<>			-	Unrated	14.9	Unrated
U.S. agencies - sponsored         1.0         AAA         657.8         Aa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aa           223.3         AA         201.3         Aa           397.1         A         469.2         A           1,100.1         BBB         936.1         Baa           308.9         BB         283.8         Ba           128.7         B         187.3         B           14.3         D         -         -           1.43.3         D         -         -           1.43.9         Unrated         1.1.3         Unrated           1.13         Unrated         6.962.7         -           Defered Compensation/Defined Contribution:         -         -         -           Common trust funds         1,269.8         Ato AA         1,06.8         B           104         2,632.0         2,632.0         2,632.0 <td< td=""><td>Money Market</td><td></td><td>253.5</td><td>AAA</td><td>253.5</td><td>Aaa</td></td<>	Money Market		253.5	AAA	253.5	Aaa
656.7         AA         -         Aa           Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa           223.3         AA         201.3         Aa           309.71         A         469.2         A           1,100.11         BBB         283.8         Ba           308.9         BB         283.8         Ba           128.7         B         187.3         B           58.9         CCC         82.5         Caa           54.7         CC         70.3         Ca           -         C         12.1         C           14.3         D         -         D           1949.0         Umrated         1,796.8         Umrated           105.7         BB         105.7         Ba         Ba           11.3         Unrated         6,962.7         6,962.7         6,962.7           Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:         283.3         AA- to AA         1,04.3         Unavailabi           Common trust funds         1,269.8         A to AAA         1,269.8         Unavailabi           Mutual funds         97.4         D to AAA         1,263.20         2,632.0	-					
Corporate Bonds and Notes         146.2         AAA         341.7         Aaa           223.3         AA         201.3         Aa           397.1         A         469.2         A           1,100.1         BBB         936.1         Baa           308.9         BB         283.8         Ba           128.7         B         187.3         B           58.9         CCC         70.3         Ca           -         C         121.7         C           148.3         D         -         D           1,949.0         Unrated         1,796.8         Unrated           1,13         Unrated         1,696.2.7         B         136.8           24.9         B         13.6         B         13.6           20         Common trust funds         983.3         AA- to AA         983.3         Unavailabi           241.1         A- to AA         98.3         Au- to AA         40.4         Unavailabi           20         B         13.6         B         1269.8         A to AAA         40.4         Unavailabi           20         Common trust funds         1269.8         A to AAA         1,269.8	U.S. agencies - sponsored				657.8	
223.3       AA       201.3       Aa         397.1       A       469.2       A         308.9       BB       283.8       Ba         308.9       BB       283.8       Ba         128.7       B       187.3       B         58.9       CCC       82.5       Caa         54.7       C       12.1       C         14.3       D       -       D         1949.0       Unrated       1.796.8       Unrated         11.3       Unrated       1.796.8       Unrated         11.3       Unrated       13.6       B         24.9       B       13.6       B         24.9       B       13.6       B         24.1       A-t to A-1       24.1       Unavailabi         Stable Value funds       1,269.8       A to AA       1,269.8       Unavailabi         Mutual funds       97.4       D to AAA       2,632.0       2,632.0       2,632.0         Other Primary Government Funds:       2,632.0       2,632.0       2,632.0       2,632.0       2,632.0         Other Primary Government Funds:       60       BB       98.1       Ba       2,632.0       2,632.0			656.7	AA	-	Aa
397.1       A       469.2       A         1,100.1       BBB       936.1       Baa         308.9       BB       283.8       Ba         128.7       B       187.3       B         128.7       B       187.3       B         128.7       CC       282.5       Caa         54.7       CC       12.1       C         1.3       D       -       D       D         1.949.0       Unrated       1.796.8       Unrated         1.949.0       Unrated       1.796.8       Unrated         1.949.0       Unrated       1.13       Unrated         1.949.0       Unrated       1.13       Unrated         6.962.7       B       16.5       B         Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:       283.3       AA- to AA       983.3       Unavailabi         Common trust funds       1,269.8       A to AAA       1.09.8       Unavailabi         Mutual funds       97.4       D to AAA       97.4       Unavailabi         Total       2,632.0       2       2       2         Other Primary Government Funds:       1.269.8       A to AAA       1.269.8       A to AAA	Corporate Bonds and Notes					
1,100.1       BB       938.1       Ba         308.9       BB       283.8       Ba         128.7       B       187.3       B         58.9       CCC       82.5       Caa         -       C       12.1       C         14.3       D       -       D         1,949.0       Unrated       1,796.8       Unrated         Mutual Funds*       84.6       BBB       95.8       Baa         105.7       B       105.7       Ba       105.7       Ba         104       6,962.7       -       -       -       D         Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:       983.3       AA- to AA       983.3       Unavailabi         Common trust funds       1,269.8       A to AAA       1,269.8       Unavailabi         Stable Value funds       1,269.8       A to AAA       1,269.8       Unavailabi         Mutual funds       97.4       D to AAA       97.4       Unavailabi         Corporate bonds & notes       1.1       AAA       44.4       Aaa         1.1       AA       44.5       Aa         Corporate bonds & notes       1.1       AAA       45.       Aa <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
308.9         BB         283.8         Ba           128.7         B         187.3         B           128.7         CC         82.5         Caa           54.7         CC         70.3         Ca           -         C         12.1         C           14.3         D         -         D           1,949.0         Unrated         1,796.8         Unrated           Mutual Funds*         84.6         BB         95.8         Baa           105.7         BB         105.7         B         11.3         Unrated           Total						
128.7         B         187.3         B           54.7         CCC         82.5         Caa           -         C         12.1         C           14.3         D         -         D           1949.0         Unrated         1.796.8         Unrated           Mutual Funds*         84.6         BB8         95.8         Baa           105.7         BB         105.7         Ba         13.6         B           Total         6.962.7         -         6.962.7         -         6.962.7           Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:         24.9         B         10.3         Unavailabi           Common trust funds         983.3         AA- to AA         983.3         Unavailabi           Stable Value funds         1,269.8         A to AAA         1,269.8         Unavailabi           Mutual funds         97.4         D to AAA         97.4         Unavailabi           Corporate bonds & notes         11.1         AAA         48.7         Aa           11         AAA         48.6         A         46.1         A         68.6         A           11.1         AAA         45.5         Aa         46.1						
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14.3 1,949.0D UnratedD 1,796.8D UnratedMutual Funds*84.6BBB 105.795.8Baa 105.7Ba 105.7Ba 105.7Ba 105.710.7Total6,962.76,962.76,962.7000Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution: Common trust funds983.3 241.1AA- to AA 40.4983.3 983.3Unavailabi 241.10Stable Value funds1,269.8A to AAA1,269.8Unavailabi 2.632.00Mutual funds Total97.4 2.632.0D to AAA97.4 2.632.0Unavailabi 2.632.0Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds1.1 AAAAA44.4 4.5 AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1 14.8AAA48.6 48.2A 11.8Fixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4 $\frac{317.2}{70118}$ Unrated1.4 $\frac{43.3}{11.2}$ UnratedMutual Funds* Total $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ Unrated $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ UnratedMutual Funds* Total $\frac{317.2}{59.911.8}$ $\frac{9.911.8}{59.911.8}$ Unrated			54.7			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-		12.1	
Mutual Funds* $84.6$ $105.7$ $24.9$ $B$ $95.8$ $105.7$ $Ba$ $11.3$ $11.$					-	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1,949.0	Unrated	1,796.8	Unrated
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Mutual Funds*		84.6	BBB	95.8	Baa
Total11.3 6.962.7Unrated11.3 6.962.7UnratedDeferred Compensation/Defined Contribution: Common trust funds983.3 241.1AA- to AA A- to AA1+983.3 241.1Unavailabi A-1 to A-1+Stable Value funds1,269.8A to AAA1,269.8Unavailabi UnavailabiMutual funds Total97.4 2.632.0D to AAA97.4 2.632.0Unavailabi 2.632.0Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7Aa 4.6.1 AA 4.6.5Aa Aa 4.6.1A A68.6 ACorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA 4.6.144.2 AUnratedHaa 4.6.2Aa AFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated43.3 3.0Unrated43.3 3.0UnratedMutual Funds* Total $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ Unrated $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ \$Unrated43.3 3.0Unrated			105.7	BB	105.7	Ba
Total $6,962.7$ $6,962.7$ Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution: Common trust funds $983.3$ $241.1$ AA- to AA A- to AA $983.3$ $241.1$ Unavailable AA- to AAStable Value funds $1,269.8$ A to AAAA to AAA $1,269.8$ $2,632.0$ Unavailable UnavailableMutual funds Total $97.4$ $2,632.0$ D to AAA $97.4$ $2,632.0$ Unavailable UnavailableOther Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds $18.7$ AAAA $18.7$ AaAaCorporate bonds & notes $1.1$ $1.1$ AA $AA + 5$ $Aa$ Aa $Aa = 68.6$ AA A $1.4$ Unavailable $Aa = 68.6$ A $Aa = 68.6$ A $Aa = 68.6$ AFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds $1.4$ Unrated $48.2$ UnratedMutual Funds* Total $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ \$ $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ \$ $\frac{39,911.8}{3}$ Unrated				В		В
Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution: Common trust funds983.3 241.1 40.4AA- to AA B- to AAA983.3 40.4Unavailabil UnavailabilStable Value funds1,269.8A to AAA1,269.8Unavailabil UnavailabilMutual funds Total97.4 2,632.0D to AAA97.4 2,632.0Unavailabil 2,632.0Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7 40.4AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1 40.4AAA44.4Aaa1.1 40.4AAA44.5 40.4Aa1.1 40.4AAA44.5 40.4Aa1.1 40.4AAA44.2 40.4Aaa1.1 40.4AAA44.2 40.41.1 40.4AAA44.2 40.4Corporate bonds & notes1.1 40.4AAA1.1 40.1AAA44.2 40.41.1 40.1AAA44.2 40.41.2 40.1A 40.4Aaa1.3 40.1AAA44.2 40.41.4 40.1Aaa44.2 48.21.5 40.1Aaa43.3 40.11.4 40.11.4 40.11.4 40.11.4 40.21.4 43.3 310.1 43.3 31.5 40.11.4 317.2 \$ \$ 9.911.81.4 9.911.81.5 40.11.4 317.2 \$ \$ 9.911.81.4 9.911.8	<b>T</b> _4_1			Unrated		Unrated
Common trust funds $983.3$ AA- to AA $983.3$ Unavailable241.1A-1 to A-1+241.1Unavailable40.4B- to AAA40.4UnavailableStable Value funds1,269.8A to AAA1,269.8UnavailableMutual funds $97.4$ D to AAA $97.4$ UnavailableTotal $2,632.0$ $2,632.0$ $2,632.0$ $2,632.0$ Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba38.6Unrated48.2UnratedFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated1.4Mutual Funds* $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ Total Primary Government $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ $\frac{39,911.8}{317.2}$ $\frac{39,911.8}{317.2}$	lotal		6,962.7		6,962.7	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:					
40.4B- to AAA40.4UnavailabilStable Value funds1,269.8A to AAA1,269.8UnavailabilMutual funds97.4D to AAA97.4UnavailabilTotal2,632.02,632.02,632.00Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba38.6Unrated48.2UnratedMutual Funds*1.4Unrated1.4Total317.2317.2317.23.03.911.83.911.83.911.8	Common trust funds					
Stable Value funds1,269.8A to AAA1,269.8UnavailableMutual funds97.4D to AAA97.4UnavailableTotal2,632.02,632.02,632.00Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AAA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba88.6Unrated48.2UnratedFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds*317.2317.2317.2317.2Total317.2\$ 9.911.8\$ 9.911.8\$ 9.911.8						-
Mutual funds97.4 2,632.0D to AAA97.4 2,632.0Unavailable 2,632.0Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AAA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba38.6Unrated48.2Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds*TotalTotalTotal Primary Government-\$9,911.8-\$9,911.8-			40.4	B- to AAA	40.4	Unavailable
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Other Primary Government Funds: Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AA4.5Aa1.1AA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba88.6Unrated48.2UnratedFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds*1.4Unrated43.3UnratedTotal317.2317.2317.2317.2Total Primary Government\$ 9,911.8\$ 9,911.8\$ 9,911.8	Mutual funds		97.4	D to AAA	97.4	Unavailable
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Government securities Municipal Bonds18.7AA18.7AaCorporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AA4.5Aa1.1AA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba38.6Unrated48.2Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds*43.3UnratedTotal317.2317.2\$ 9,911.89,911.8	Other Primary Government Funds:					
Corporate bonds & notes1.1AAA34.4Aaa1.1AA4.5Aa1.1AA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba88.6Unrated48.2UnratedMutual Funds*1.4UnratedTotal $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ $\frac{317.2}{$ 9,911.8}$ Unrated43.3 $\frac{317.2}{$ 9,911.8}$ $\frac{317.2}{$ 9,911.8}$ $\frac{317.2}{$ 9,911.8}$	-					
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1.1AA4.5Aa46.1A68.6A114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba88.6Unrated48.2UnratedMutual Funds*1.4UnratedTotal $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ $\frac{317.2}{$$9,911.8}$ Unrated	Corporate bonds & notes		1.1	AAA	34.4	Aaa
114.8BBB98.1Baa2.0BB-Ba2.0BB-Ba88.6Unrated48.2UnratedMutual Funds*1.4Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds* $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ Unrated $\frac{43.3}{317.2}$ UnratedTotal $\frac{317.2}{317.2}$ $\frac{317.2}{$9,911.8}$ Unrated			1.1	AA	4.5	Aa
2.0BB-Ba88.6Unrated48.2UnratedFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated1.4Mutual Funds*43.3Unrated43.3Total317.2317.2317.2Total Primary Government\$ 9,911.8\$ 9,911.8			46.1	А	68.6	А
88.6Unrated48.2UnratedFixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds* Total Total Primary Government43.3 \$ 9,911.8Unrated43.3 \$ 9,911.8Unrated			114.8	BBB	98.1	Baa
Fixed Income Exchange Traded Funds1.4Unrated1.4UnratedMutual Funds* Total Total Primary Government43.3 \$ 9,911.8Unrated43.3 \$ 17.2 \$ 9,911.8Unrated43.3 \$ 17.2 \$ 9,911.8Unrated			2.0	BB	-	Ba
Mutual Funds*43.3Unrated43.3UnratedTotal317.2317.2317.2Total Primary Government\$ 9,911.8\$ 9,911.8			88.6	Unrated	48.2	Unrated
Total         317.2         317.2           Total Primary Government         \$ 9,911.8         \$ 9,911.8	Fixed Income Exchange Traded Funds		1.4	Unrated	1.4	Unrated
Total Primary Government\$ 9,911.8\$ 9,911.8	Mutual Funds*	_	43.3	Unrated	43.3	Unrated
Total Primary Government\$ 9,911.8\$ 9,911.8	Total					
*Average rating	Total Primary Government	\$				
	*Average rating					

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of those investments.

The State Treasurer's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2022, the fair value of short term investments was \$2.1 billion; the weighted average maturity was 48 days.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the pension trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy with no investments with a maturity of less than one year at the time of purchase. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to those of the U.S. Treasury determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration; higher interest rates result in longer duration.

As of September 30, the pension trust funds had the following long-term debt securities:

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit)		Funds	
Debt Securities (In millions)		ir Value	Duration In Years
Retirement Systems:			
Government securities			
U.S. Treasury bonds	\$	2,205.4	10.7
U.S. agencies - backed		242.5	4.8
U.S. agencies - sponsored		657.8	5.2
Total Governmental		3,105.7	
Corporate bonds & notes		4,585.1	3.0
International - corporate bonds & notes *			
U.S. Treasury		1,521.1	1.4
Total International		1,521.1	
Mutual funds - fixed income		22.5	5.4
Total		9,234.4	0.1
Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution: Common trust funds			
SSgA U.S. Aggregate Bond Index Strategy Fund		983.3	8.7
BlackRock Government Short-Term Investment Fund		241.1	0.1
Prudential High Yield Fund		40.4	5.8
Total Common Trust Funds		1,264.8	
Stable value funds			
Synthetic guaranteed investment contracts		1,269.8	3.7
Total Stable Value Funds		1,269.8	
Mutual funds			
PIMCO Total Return Fund		97.4	7.9
Total Mutual Funds		97.4	
Total		2,632.0	
Total Pension (and Other Employee Benefit)			
Trust Funds	<u>\$</u>	11,866.4	

\* International debt securities contain domestic government and corporate securities as a part of their derivative instrument strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

#### Fair Value of Investments

The State of Michigan (SOM) categorizes their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Not all investments held by SOM are recorded at fair value. GASB Statement No. 72, <u>Fair Value of Measurement and Application</u>, allows for certain investments to be recorded at cost (or amortized cost or any other valuation method), and therefore, they are not presented in the fair value hierarchy table. Equity and fixed income securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity swaps and fixed income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique and other significant

observable inputs. Equity and fixed income securities classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using third party data and reports that are unobservable. Securities reported at Net Asset Value (NAV) are valued using the most recent third party statements adjusted for cash flows as of September 30, 2022. Investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

The Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30 (in millions):

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8.3	\$ 8.3	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -
Equity				
Depository Receipts	111.2	111.2	-	-
Common Stocks	14,769.6	14,769.4	-	0.2
Options on Equity	248.6	248.6	-	-
Swaps	(749.6)	771.1	(1,520.7)	-
Commingled Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, and				
Publicly Traded Partnerships	6,938.9	6,938.5	0.4	-
Real Estate Investment Trusts	668.5	668.5		
Equity Total	21,987.2	23,507.3	(1,520.3)	0.2
Fixed Income				
Asset Backed	1,334.8	-	1,325.7	9.1
Corporate Bonds	1,619.4	-	1,598.6	20.8
Commercial Mortgage-backed	1,487.9	-	1,487.5	0.3
Government Issues	3,898.5	1,233.5	2,665.0	-
Swaps	10.1	-	10.1	-
U.S. Agency Issues	667.4	-	667.4	-
Commingled Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, and				
Publicly Traded Partnerships	621.0	621.0		
Fixed Income Total	9,639.0	1,854.5	7,754.2	30.3
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	31,634.4	\$ 25,370.0	\$ 6,233.9	\$ 30.5
Investments Measured at NAV:				
Absolute Return Total	9,104.6			
Real Return Total	10,704.6			
Private Equity Total	22,818.8			
Real Estate and Infrastructure Total	9,309.2			
Other Limited Partnerships Total	3,957.1			
Total Investments Measured at NAV	55,894.4			
Total Pension (and Other Employee				
Benefit) Trust Funds	<u>\$ 87,528.8</u>			

The Other Primary Government Funds have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30 (in millions):

	Total	Level 1	Level 2		
Equity					
Commingled Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, and					
Publicly Traded Partnerships	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>			
Equity Total	5,990.9	5,990.9			
Fixed Income					
Asset Backed	17.5	-	17.5		
Corporate Bonds	162.5	-	162.5		
Commercial Mortgage-backed	81.4	-	81.4		
Government Issues	306.3	172.7	133.6		
U.S. Agency Issues	0.1	-	0.1		
Commingled Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, and					
Publicly Traded Partnerships	44.7	44.7			
Fixed Income Total	612.5	217.4	395.1		
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	6,603.3	\$ 6,208.3	\$ 395.1		
Investments Measured at NAV:					
Private Equity Total	223.4				
Real Estate Total	80.0				
Event Driven Hedge Funds	87.3				
Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds	88.2				
Defensive Equity Funds	69.0				
Total Investments Measured at NAV	547.9				
Total Other Primary Government Funds	<u>\$ 7,151.2</u>				

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. SOM's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Additional disclosures for fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate the NAV per share (or its equivalent):

#### Pension (and Other Postemployment Benefit) Trust Funds:

**Absolute Return Portfolio**: This type includes approximately 5 investments that invest in hedge funds and approximately 73 investments in private credit strategies. These investments seek to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. Most of the investments are redeemable or have a final fund term that is 10 years or less.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$9.1 billion and \$3.4 billion, respectively.

**Real Return and Opportunistic Portfolio**: This type includes 35 funds that invest in private credit, tangible and intangible real assets, or other real return and opportunistic strategies. The fair values of the investments in this portfolio have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next 5 to 10 years.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$10.7 billion and \$2.3 billion, respectively.

**Private Equity Portfolio**: This type of investment includes investments in approximately 276 partnerships that invest in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary funds and other investments. These types of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It is expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$22.8 billion and \$7.9 billion, respectively. However, it is probable that all of the investments in this group will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent). Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent

observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments. As of September 30, 2022, a buyer for these investments has not been identified.

**Real Estate and Infrastructure Portfolio**: These funds include approximately 115 accounts (limited partnerships, limited liability companies, etc.) that invest in real estate or infrastructure related assets. The fair value has been determined in accordance with GAAP using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These types of investments cannot be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from these funds will be received as the underlying investments are sold and liquidated over time. It is expected that the underlying assets will be sold over the next five to 15 years. However, buyers have not been determined so the fair value has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$9.3 billion and \$3.4 billion, respectively.

#### Other Limited Partnerships:

The balance of plan assets reported at fair value includes 16 investments:

- Limited partnerships that invest in fixed income investments such as residential rehabilitation, middle market business loans
  and senior secured debt financing. These investments cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions are received
  through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.
- Limited partnerships that invest in fixed income type investments permitting partners to request redemption monthly or quarterly, after initial lock up period of one year or less, requiring 45 to 65 days' advance notice.
- Global investments permitting partners to request partial redemptions quarterly or monthly, with advanced notice, subject to the sole discretion of the general partner.
- Limited partnerships that invest in private equity, private credit/loans, and tangible real assets that cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$4.0 billion and \$368.7 million, respectively.

#### Other Primary Government Funds:

**Private Equity Portfolio**: This type of investment includes investments in 97 partnerships that invest in various credit strategies, real assets, and other investments. These types of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It is expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$223.4 million and \$189.5 million, respectively. However, it is probable that all of the investments in this type will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments.

**Real Estate and Infrastructure Portfolio**: This type of investment includes investment in 34 partnerships that invest primarily in multi-family preferred equity structure in the U.S. This type of investment can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It is expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of 10 to 12 years.

The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$80.0 million and \$44.3 million, respectively. However, it is probable that all of the investments in this type will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments.

**Event-Driven Hedge Funds**: This type includes nine investments specializing in event-driven investing. It typically applies a fundamental value discipline to identify undervalued companies that have one or more specific catalysts to unlock the value. It focuses on "active shareholder engagement" and invests both long and short and across the capital structure including equity and debt.

These types of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. Distribution proceeds from the sale of partnership investments, dividends, or interest must be returned to the limited partners within 90 days following receipt by the partnership. Such distributable amounts shall increase the unfunded portion of the limited partnership commitment and may be called again for contribution to the partnership by the general partner.

It is expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of three to six years. The total fair value and unfunded commitments of these investments as of September 30, 2022, are \$87.3 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. Market price observability is impacted by a number of factors, including the type of investment and characteristics specific to the investment.

**Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds:** This type includes investments in six funds that pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. It is organized for the primary purpose of developing and actively managing an investment portfolio of non-traditional portfolio managers. This is an open-ended fund that invests in equities, credit-driven, global macro, relative value, interest rate-driven, commodities, managed-futures and event-driven, with redemption restriction terms ranging from zero to 96 months.

These types of investments offer limited partnership "Class A" interests. Generally, the limited partner may withdraw all or any portion of its Class A interests capital account at any time upon not less than 95 days' prior written notice to the fund. The general partner will submit withdrawal requests with respect to the fund's investments. Payment of the withdrawal proceeds will be made promptly after the fund receives withdrawal proceeds from such investments.

The fair value of investments in limited partnerships and investment funds and affiliated limited partnerships and investment funds ("investee funds") is generally determined using the reported net asset value per share of the investee fund, or its equivalent, as a practical expedient for fair value. The total fair value of these investments as of September 30, 2022 is \$88.2 million.

**Defensive Equity Funds:** This type includes four investments in a private defensive equity fund that invests in collateralized put and call options comprised of 50 percent U.S. equities and 50 percent U.S. Treasury bills that is expected to produce the strongest relative performance when the S&P 500 index is experiencing modest or negative returns. Withdrawals in whole or in part of the investee funds are allowed on the last day of the month and require five business days prior notice to the managing member. Payment of the withdrawal proceeds will be made promptly after the managing member receives withdrawal proceeds from such investments.

The fair value of this investment has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investee funds. The total fair value of this investment as of September 30, 2022 is \$69.0 million.

#### State of Michigan 457 Plans and State of Michigan 401K Plans:

The plans have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30 (in millions):

State of	Michigan	457	Plans:
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5	Total			Level 1	Level 2
Investments by fair value level:					
Mutual Funds	\$	101.8	\$	101.8	\$ -
Common Trust Funds		1,789.8		1,399.6	390.2
Tier III Investments*		45.3		-	45.3
Stable Value Fund		511.3		-	511.3
Voya Small Cap Growth Strategy Fund		21.6		-	21.6
Jennison Large Cap Growth Equity Fund		78.2		-	78.2
Artisan Mid Cap Fund		23.1		-	23.1
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund		120.2		-	120.2
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	2,691.3	\$	1,501.4	\$ 1,189.9

\* Tier III investments exclude cash held in participant accounts totaling approximately \$8.8 million.

State of Michigan 401K Plans:

	Total		L	_evel 1	Level 2		
Investments by fair value level:							
Mutual Funds	\$	399.1	\$	399.1	\$	-	
Common Trust Funds		5,582.4		3,800.9		1,781.6	
Tier III Investments*		154.3		-		154.3	
Stable Value Fund		758.5		-		758.5	
Voya Small Cap Growth Strategy Fund		91.1		-		91.1	
Jennison Large Cap Growth Equity Fund		291.6		-		291.6	
Artisan Mid Cap Fund		89.2		-		89.2	
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund		447.6		-		447.6	
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	7,813.8	\$	4,200.0	\$	3,613.7	

\* Tier III investments exclude cash held in participant accounts totaling approximately \$23.2 million.

# Synthetic Guaranteed Investment Contract (SGIC)

SGIC investment derivative instruments within the Stable Value Fund contain a portfolio of underlying securities and a benefit responsive wrap contract. The wrap contract produces a floating rate of return that is adjusted periodically, but not below zero, to reflect the underlying investment portfolio and generally provide for participant withdrawals at contract value (principal plus accrued interest). As of September 30, 2022, the fair value of SGIC's underlying investments was \$1.3 billion. The wrap contract did not have a value because the fair value of SGIC's underlying investments was higher than SGIC's contract value; therefore, the wrap contract does not have a value.

As of September 30, the primary government, excluding pension trust funds, had the following debt securities:

Other Funds												
Debt Securities (In millions)												
	Investment Maturities (In years)											
				Less								
	Than or Greater					ater Than	Gr	eater Than		More		
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Eq	ual To 1		1 To 5	5 To 10		Than 10			
U.S. Treasury bonds	\$	287.6	\$	10.9	\$	127.8	\$	83.0	\$	65.9		
Municipal bonds		18.7		2.9		6.4		9.5		-		
U.S. bonds - backed		7.7		-		-		-		7.7		
Corporate bonds		253.8		-		97.6		62.9		93.3		
Mutual funds		2,169.4		7.9		224.7		1,881.8		54.9		
Total	\$	2,737.1	\$	21.7	\$	456.5	\$	2,037.1	\$	221.8		

#### **Foreign Currency Risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments or deposits. The State invests in various global foreign securities. These investments are limited to 30.0 percent of the total assets of the system and are additionally limited to 5.0 percent of the outstanding foreign securities of any single issuer. No investment is allowed in a country that has been identified by the United States State Department as engaging in or sponsoring terrorism.

These limits are set forth in MCL Sections 38.1133 and 38.1140. The types of foreign securities include fixed income, equities, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. At September 30, 2022, total foreign investments were \$8.2 billion. As of September 30, 2022, the State held the following investments subject to foreign currency risk:

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds Foreign Currency Risk (In millions)

		Fair Value (In U.S. Dollars)										
Currency	Country	Privat Equity, F Estate, Infrastru	Real and	Fixed In	come	E	Equity	and F	rnational Absolute Return struments			
Retirement Systems:												
Americas												
Dollar	Canada	\$	0.4	\$	45.4	\$	10.8	\$	117.6			
Peso	Mexico		0.8		5.2	·	0.8	•	26.8			
Real	Brazil		-		1.4		-		16.8			
Sol	Peru		-		0.8		-		-			
Peso	Chile		-		1.7		-		-			
Europe	0											
Euro	European Union		504.2		52.3		157.4		366.8			
Franc	Switzerland		-		- 02.0		18.6		33.4			
Krona	Sweden		-		3.6		11.1		108.0			
Krone	Denmark		_		0.0		-		51.2			
Sterling	United Kingdom		53.5		11.0		43.2		127.6			
Forint	Hungary		55.5		2.5		43.2		127.0			
Zloty	Poland		-		2.5 4.0		-		-			
Koruna	Czech Republic		-		4.0 1.9		-		-			
Asia/Pacific	Czech Republic		-		1.9		-		-			
	Australia				0.0		2.4		04 5			
Dollar Dominishi	Australia		-		9.0		2.4		94.5			
Renminbi	China		-		-		4.8		15.1			
Dollar	Hong Kong		-		-		9.3		109.7			
Rupee	India		-		0.1		-		-			
Yen	Japan		-		13.3		2.2		99.0			
Dollar	New Zealand		-		-		-		10.7			
Dollar	Singapore		-		10.3		1.8		-			
Won	South Korea		-		25.8		-		17.7			
Rupiah	Indonesia		-		-		2.6		-			
Ringgit	Malaysia		-		4.8		-		-			
New Dollar	Taiwan		-		-		-		30.4			
Baht	Thailand		-		4.6		-		-			
Yuan	China		-		(6.2)		-		1.3			
Yuan Offshore	China		-		6.3		-		-			
Middle East												
Shekel	Israel		-		3.2		5.6		-			
Africa												
Rand	South Africa		-		1.4		1.7		-			
Dollar	Liberia		-		-		2.7		-			
Kwacha	Zambia		-		0.4		-		-			
World-Wide												
Various	Various		13.7		-		32.0		5,935.9			
Total			572.5		202.7		307.0		7,162.4			
Deferred Compensation	/Defined Contribution:								,			
Euro	European Union		-		-		5.1		-			
Total		\$	572.5	\$	202.7	\$	312.1	\$	7,162.4			

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of a government's investments with a single issuer. Other than obligations issued that are assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies, or United States governmentsponsored enterprises, the pension systems are prohibited by MCL Section 38.1137 from investing in more than 5.0 percent of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5.0 percent of a system's assets in the obligations of any one issuer.

At September 30, 2022, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5.0 percent of the system's assets.

Pension trust fund investments represent 91.9 percent of the total investments of the primary government. Other large holders of investments were the State Lottery Fund (SLF), MESP, and the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund.

SLF investments, \$133.8 million, are all in the form of zero coupon U.S. Treasury bonds and State of Michigan Municipal bonds. These investments are held to provide funding for deferred prize awards.

#### **Securities Lending Transactions**

The State of Michigan, pursuant to a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, has authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street") to act as agent in lending the State's securities to approved borrowers. State Street, as agent, enters into Securities Loan Agreements with borrowers.

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, on behalf of the State, certain securities of the State held by State Street as custodian and received cash or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100 percent of the fair value of the loaned securities.

Pursuant to the Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, State Street had an obligation to indemnify the State in the event of default by a borrower. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year that resulted in a declaration or notice of default of the borrower.

During the fiscal year, the State and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate securities lending transactions upon notice. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. As of September 30, 2022, the investment pool had an average duration of 3 days and an average weighted final maturity of 91 days for USD. Because the loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2022, the State had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value (USD) of securities on loan for the State as of September 30, 2022, was \$3.2 billion and \$3.1 billion, respectively.

At September 30, the pension trust funds had the following debt investments made from cash received as collateral for securities lent:

Debt Investments (In millions)									
Rating Rating									
Investment Type	F	air Value	S&P	Fa	air Value	Moody's			
Securities Lending Collateral									
Short-term	\$	297.0	A-1	\$	367.0	P-1			
Corporate		105.0	AA		724.3	Aa			
		2,746.0	А		1,136.7	А			
		90.0	Unrated		1,010.0	Unrated			
Total	\$	3,238.0		\$	3,238.0				

#### Deposits and Investments – Discretely Presented Component Units

#### Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of discretely presented component unit deposits, excluding those classified as investments, was \$1.2 billion. The deposits were reflected in the accounts of the banks at \$1.1 billion. Of the bank balance, \$760.6 million was uninsured and uncollateralized and therefore exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The investment authority for most discretely presented component units is typically found in their enabling statutes and/or their bond resolutions where applicable. Those component units that are financing authorities generally may invest in government or government-backed securities and deposits. Investment policies for the State universities are typically set forth by their governing boards and include a broad range of investment types. The Michigan Education Trust's (MET) investments are subject to an

investment agreement with the State of Michigan Investment Board that allows the Treasurer, acting as agent, to make diverse investments including stocks, bonds, notes, and other investments.

Each discretely presented component unit separately issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and notes to financial statements. GASB Statement No. 72 related disclosures for the investments of discretely presented component units are available within those reports and may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the Office of Financial Management at (517) 241-4010.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted investments on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, totaling \$1.0 billion, represent amounts that are pledged toward the payment of outstanding bonds and notes.

The following table summarizes the investment maturities reported by the discretely presented component units (in millions):

			Investment Maturities (In years)									
			Le	ess Than								
			_	or		Greater		Greater	_	More		
	Fai	r Value	E	qual to 1	Tha	an 1 To 5	Tha	n 5 To 10		han 10		N/A
Time deposits	\$	296.1	\$	293.2	\$	0.3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2.7
Money market accounts		2,680.1		2,679.4		-		-		-		0.7
Commercial paper		37.0		37.0		0.1		-		-		-
Repurchase agreements		88.7		-		-		88.7		-		-
Government securities		553.4		395.4		98.5		37.9		21.7		-
Insured mortgage backed securities		1,194.0		718.0		20.3		2.1		453.6		-
Government backed securities		614.8		68.9		315.2		24.3		206.4		-
Corporate bonds and notes		278.8		11.1		111.8		68.9		86.9		-
Equities		253.8		110.1		-		6.8		4.4		132.5
Real estate		23.0		0.1		1.9		11.4		9.1		0.6
Venture capital & leveraged buyouts		144.2		-		-		27.5		116.7		-
Mutual bond/equity funds		1,809.3		45.6		243.8		257.9		517.7		744.3
Pooled investment funds		62.8		1.5		61.3		-		-		-
Other Investments		1,174.4		12.3		116.0		27.6		214.0		804.6
Total Investments		9,210.5	\$	4,372.6	\$	969.1	\$	553.1	\$	1,630.4	\$	1,685.4
Less Investments Reported as												
"Cash" on Statement of Net Position		1,422.1										
Plus Noncurrent Investments -		,										
Michigan Strategic Fund*		63.5										
Total Investments	\$	7,852.0										
As reported on the Statement of Net F	Positic	<u>on</u>										
Current investments	\$	2,738.0										
Noncurrent restricted investments		1,012.3										
Noncurrent investments		4,101.6										

\*The investment maturities table does not include noncurrent investments of \$63.5 million reported by component units of the Michigan Strategic Fund.

7,852.0

\$

# **NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

**Total Investments** 

#### **Primary Government**

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### Methods used to value capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible items (e.g., mineral rights, land rights, and computer software) and infrastructure items (e.g., roads, bridges, ramps, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

#### **Capitalization policies**

All land and non-depreciable land improvements are capitalized, regardless of cost. Equipment is capitalized when the cost of individual items exceeds \$5.0 thousand, computer software is capitalized when the cost exceeds \$5.0 million, and all other capital assets are capitalized when the cost of individual items or projects exceed \$100.0 thousand.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

#### Items not capitalized and depreciated

The State possesses certain capital assets that have not been capitalized and depreciated because the assets are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain. These assets include works of art and historical treasures such as statues, monuments, historical documents, paintings, forts and lighthouses, rare library books, miscellaneous capitol-related artifacts and furnishings, and the like.

#### Depreciation and useful lives

Applicable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Capital assets that were put into service prior to October 1, 2017 had a half-year's depreciation charged in the year of acquisition. Depreciation expense for capital assets put into service after September 30, 2017 is calculated on a daily basis. Agencies assigned useful lives that were most suitable for the particular assets. Estimated useful lives generally were assigned as follows:

Asset	Years
Buildings	5-50
Equipment	2-25
Infrastructure	3-40
Intangibles	6-12
Land Improvements	5-40

#### Modified approach for infrastructure

The State has elected to use the "modified approach" to account for certain infrastructure assets, as provided in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments</u>. Under this process, the State does not record depreciation expense nor are amounts capitalized regarding improvements to these assets unless the improvements expand the capacity or efficiency of an asset. Utilization of this approach requires the State to: 1) commit to maintaining and preserving affected assets at or above a condition level established by the State, 2) maintain an inventory of the assets and perform periodic condition assessments to ensure that the condition level is being maintained, and 3) make annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to maintain and preserve assets at the predetermined condition levels.

Roads, bridges and ramps maintained by the Department of Transportation are accounted for using the modified approach.

#### Leases where the State is the lessor

The State is the lessor in various leasing arrangements where capital assets of the State, such as buildings and land, are leased. The State recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Inflows of resources related to leasing arrangements where the State is the lessor were \$10.9 million and \$0.4 million for lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, within the governmental activities during the fiscal year.

Capital asset activities for the fiscal year ended September 30 were as follows (in millions):

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance	Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	3,664.0	\$ 17.6	\$	(0.2)	\$	3,681.3
Land improvements and other assets	Ψ	16.8	φ ii.o	Ψ	(0.2)	Ψ	16.8
Computer software projects in progress		136.9	40.0		(119.5)		57.4
Land rights		77.8	1.2		-		79.0
Mineral rights		19.8	-		-		19.8
Construction in progress (buildings)		259.2	52.5		(233.1)		78.6
Construction in progress (infrastructure)		2,816.9	1,354.8		(281.2)		3,890.6
Infrastructure Total capital assets, not being depreciated		<u>14,786.3</u> 21,777.7	<u>264.0</u> 1,730.1	_	(694.1) (1,328.1)		14,356.2 22,179.7
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		21,777.7	1,730.1		(1,520.1)		22,179.7
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements and other assets		275.4	14.3		(2.5)		287.2
Equipment and vehicles		1,054.0	96.2		(57.4)		1,092.9
Computer software		1,131.8	119.9 267.7		- (1.2)		1,251.7
Buildings Infrastructure		3,371.3 418.6	6.1		(1.2) (0.3)		3,637.8 424.4
Right-to-use leased buildings		666.0	11.4		(0.3)		424.4 676.2
Right-to-use leased equipment		66.1	3.3		(1.2)		69.4
Right-to-use leased land		1.1			-		1.1
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,984.3	518.9		(62.6)		7,440.6
		·			× 7		· · ·
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(100.0)	(0.0	、			(445.0)
Land improvements and other assets Equipment and vehicles		(136.2) (693.6)	(9.6 (94.9		- 54.7		(145.8) (733.8)
Computer software		(828.8)	(111.7	<i>,</i>	- 54.7		(940.5)
Buildings		(2,101.0)	(87.7	,	2.7		(2,185.9)
Infrastructure		(152.6)	(11.6	,	-		(164.1)
Right-to-use leased buildings		-	(60.1		0.1		(60.1)
Right-to-use leased equipment		-	(24.4	·	-		(24.4)
Right-to-use leased land		-	(0.1	<i>,</i>	-		(0.1)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,912.2)	(400.0	)	57.5	_	(4,254.7)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,072.1	118.9		(5.1)		3,185.9
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	24,849.7	\$ 1,849.0	\$	(1,333.2)	\$	25,365.5
		Beginning					Ending
Dusiness tree Astivities		Balance	Additions		Deletions		Balance
Business-type Activities Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	2.3	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2.3
Computer software	Ŧ	0.1	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	0.1
Equipment and vehicles		2.7	0.1		-		2.8
Right-to-use leased buildings		4.1	-		-		4.1
Right-to-use leased equipment		0.1	0.1		-		0.2
Total capital assets, being depreciated		9.3	0.2		0.1		9.5
l							
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(2.1)	(0.1	`			(2.2)
Buildings Computer software		(2.1)	(0.1	)	-		(2.2) (0.1)
Equipment and vehicles		(2.3)	(0.2	)	-		(2.5)
Right-to-use leased buildings		()	(0.3		-		(0.3)
Right-to-use leased equipment		-	(0.1		-		
Total accumulated depreciation		(4.5)	(0.7		-	_	(5.1)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	4.8	(0.5		0.1	_	4.3
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	4.8	\$ (0.5	) \$	0.1	\$	4.3

The beginning balance was restated due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, <u>Leases</u>. See Note 4 for additional information on this restatement.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows (in millions):

	A	mount
Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	73.0
Education		1.4
Health and human services		49.0
Public safety and corrections		59.1
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		24.0
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		6.1
Transportation		31.7
Depreciation on capital assets held by the State's internal service funds		
charged to the various functions based on their use of the assets		155.8
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	400.0
Business-type Activities:		
Enterprise	\$	0.7
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$	0.7

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The following table summarizes net capital assets reported by the discretely presented component units (in millions):

	 Amount
State Universities and Authorities:	
Land and other non-depreciable assets	\$ 250.3
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets	8,049.4
Infrastructure	103.0
Construction in progress	 278.7
Total	8,681.3
Less accumulated depreciation	 (3,680.5)
Capital Assets, Net - Discretely Presented Component Units	\$ 5,000.8

#### Service Concession Agreements

Northern Michigan University entered an agreement on July 22, 2016 with a third party developer, Education Realty Trust (EdR), to construct and manage the premises of six resident living-learning community buildings with connectors, housing 1,229 beds, multipurpose meeting spaces, tutoring center, and classrooms. On September 20, 2018, EdR was acquired by Greystar. The project, known as the Woods, has a cost of \$79.6 million and is being built on land owned by the University and leased to Greystar for a 75-year term. Under the terms of the Lease Agreement and the Operating Agreement, Greystar will control, manage, maintain and operate the project and will receive the gross revenue of the project, which consists of substantially all of the revenue and other income received from the operation of the project. Greystar is currently making rental payments to the University for the duration of the lease term based on a percentage of the gross revenue of the project. The University will account for the Lease Agreement as a concession arrangement in accordance with GASB Statement No. 60, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements</u>.

Under the phase-in approach, Phase I consisted of two buildings that opened in August 2017 and two buildings that opened in January 2018. Phase II consisted of two buildings that opened in August 2018. The residence halls are reported as a capital asset with a carrying value of \$75.9 million as of June 30, 2022, and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$63.4 million as of June 30, 2022 pursuant to the service concession agreement. The University is responsible for the trash removal and insurance coverage for the term of the contract. As such, the University recorded a liability at June 30, 2022 at present value for trash removal and insurance in the amount of \$4.46 million. The 75-year term lease with Greystar includes maintenance standards for the facilities and parameters for the room rental rates for the contract duration. The University will receive a percentage of the total revenues and a share of the net income after Greystar achieves a minimum internal rate of return. The amount of deferred inflow of resources is included in Note 28.

On January 4, 2018, Eastern Michigan University entered into a 35-year lease and concession agreement with Provident Resources. Operations of the agreement began on April 23, 2018. ParkEMU operates the University's parking concession on the concessionaire's behalf. Under the agreement, ParkEMU operates, maintains and retains parking revenues from the University's parking lots and structures. This agreement also regulates the parking rates that may be charged and future increases in these rates. The University received a lump sum payment of \$55.0 million from this agreement and will use the proceeds for University reserves and operations, as necessary.

The lump-sum payment under this service concession agreement is reported as a deferred inflow of resources and is being amortized to operating revenue over the life of the agreement. Deferred inflows related to the parking agreement were \$48.4 million at June 30, 2022. The University reported the parking lots and structures as capital assets with a carrying value of \$11.8 million at June 30, 2022. The amount of deferred inflow of resources is included in Note 28.

# **NOTE 10 – PENSION BENEFITS**

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The component unit information required to be disclosed in this note is related to the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) only. All other component units of the State participate in pension plans where the State is not an employer.

The defined benefit pension plans are administered through a trust and follow the disclosure requirements set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions</u>.

#### **Plan Description**

The State of Michigan administers the following defined benefit pension plans:

Name	Type of Plan	Participating Employers
Legislative Retirement System (LRS)	Single employer	1
State Police Retirement System (SPRS)	Single employer	1
State Employees' Retirement System (SERS)	Single employer	1
Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) <sup>(1)</sup>	Cost sharing multiple employer	697
Judges' Retirement System (JRS)	Single employer	1
Military Retirement Provisions (MRP)	Single employer	1

(1) The State of Michigan is not an employer within PSERS; therefore, pension plan information is not disclosed in this note.

Each plan is accounted for in a separate pension trust fund and also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information for that plan. Those reports, except LRS, may be obtained by visiting <u>www.michigan.gov/ors</u> or by calling the Customer Contact Center at (517) 284-4400 or 1-800-381-5111. The LRS report may be obtained by visiting <u>https://audgen.michigan.gov/completed-projects/</u> or by calling (517) 373-0575.

As mandated by legislation, all new State of Michigan employees (except Michigan State Police officers) hired on or after March 31, 1997, are members of the State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (Plan) as opposed to the LRS, SERS, and JRS defined benefit plans. Employees hired before that date were given the option of remaining in the defined benefit plan or transferring to the defined contribution plan. The decision is irrevocable and transfers were completed by September 30, 1998. This was a one-time opportunity. With the passage of the legislation permitting the transfer, the LRS, SERS, and JRS defined benefit plans became closed systems. Michigan State Police troopers and sergeants who become a member of SPRS on or after June 10, 2012, are part of the hybrid defined benefit and defined contribution plan. MRP is open to new National Guard members.

At September 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms.

	SERS <sup>(2)</sup>	LRS	SPRS	JRS	MRP
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits <sup>(3)</sup>	60,500	243	3,324	525	4,604
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2,206	5	18	-	1,110
Active employees	5,714	-	1,756	53	11,102
DROP program participants <sup>(4)</sup>			257		
Total	68,420	248	5,355	578	16,816

(2) The component unit employee membership is included within the SERS pension plan. A breakout of the component unit employee membership is unavailable.

(3) LRS employee count includes 10 domestic relations orders (DRO) alternate payees for 2021. Sometimes a retiree must share their pension benefit when they retire because of a DRO or the DRO could still receive benefits after the retiree associated with the DRO dies, so the DRO is accounted for as a separate employee.

(4) SPRS employee count includes Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) employees. Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1624a amended the State Police Retirement Act to create a DROP for SPRS members with 25 years of service. This benefit program allows state police who are eligible to retire to defer their retirement and keep working for up to six years.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the State are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

#### **Benefit Payments**

State statutes require that the State plans provide certain retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members. The LRS life insurance benefits are provided through the defined benefit pension plan and are accounted for as pension benefits. The LRS life insurance benefits are paid on an advance-funded basis. The actuarial cost method and actuarial assumptions are the same as for the pension plan.

#### Valuation of Plan Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds not traded on a national or international exchange are based on equivalent values of comparable securities with similar yield and risk. The fair value of private investments is based on the net assets value reported in the financial statements of the respective investment entity. The net asset value is determined in accordance with governing documents of the investment entity and is subject to an independent annual audit. Securities purchased with cash collateral under securities lending activities are recorded at estimated fair value. Other investments not having an established market are recorded at estimated fair value.

#### Contributions

The statute requires the employer to contribute to finance the benefits of plan members. These employer contributions are determined annually by the System's actuary. For fiscal year 2022, the contribution rates for SERS were 24.0 to 27.9 percent of the defined benefit employee wages and 19.1 percent of the defined contribution employee wages. The contribution rates for SPRS were 66.4 percent and 68.0 percent of the defined benefit employee wages for non-command and command officers, respectively, and 54.1 percent of the hybrid defined benefit and defined contribution employee wages. The actuarially determined contribution was \$1.5 million for JRS, \$0.9 million for MRP, and \$9.4 million for LRS. The employer contribution to SERS, SPRS, JRS, MRP, and LRS for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, was \$766.8 million from the primary government and \$13.3 million from its component units (SERS only).

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability for SERS, SPRS, JRS, MRP, and LRS was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

#### **Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations for the pension plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets for the pension plans is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial methods and assumptions in the table below are used to calculate the total pension liability.

	LRS	SPRS	SERS	JRS	MRP
Latest actuarial valuation date	9/30/2020	9/30/2020	9/30/2020	9/30/2020	9/30/2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level dollar open	Level percent of payroll closed	Level dollar closed	Level dollar closed	Level dollar closed
Remaining amortization period as of October 1, 2020	10 years	18 years	16 years	16 years	18 years
Asset valuation method	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Actuarial assumption:					
Investment rate of return	3.1%	6.8% Non-hybrid 6.9% Hybrid	6.7%	6.3%	6.8%
Projected salary increases	4.0%	3.3 - 87.8%	2.8 - 11.8%	3.3%	2.8%
Includes wage inflation at	4.0%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%
Cost-of-living adjustments	4.0% annual compounded (non-compounded for legislators who first became members after 1/1/1995)	2.0% annual non-compounded max. annual increase \$500	3.0% annual non-compounded with max. annual increase \$300	Assumed 3.3% compounded for those eligible	Assumed 2.8% compounded for those eligible

#### **Actuarial Assumptions Changes**

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018, valuations for SERS, SPRS, and JRS. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2015 through 2017 have been adopted for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018, valuation for MRP.

The investment return assumption was lowered from 6.7 percent to 6.0 for SERS, 6.8 percent to 6.2 for SPRS Non-Hybrid plan, 6.9 percent to 6.2 for SPRS Hybrid plan, 6.8 percent to 6.0 for MRP, and 6.3 percent to 6.0 for JRS for use in the annual funding valuations from the September 30, 2020 valuation to the September 30, 2021 valuation; the investment return assumption remained at 7.0 percent for LRS. The September 30, 2021, funding valuation will establish the actuarially determined contribution amounts for fiscal year 2024 for SERS, SPRS, and MRP and fiscal year 2022 for JRS and LRS.

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
-		
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
Total	100.0 %	

#### Asset Allocation for SERS, SPRS, JRS and MRP

\*Long-term Rate of Returns are net of administrative expenses and 2.0 percent inflation.

#### Asset Allocation for LRS

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Large Cap Equity	26.0 %	3.0 %
Small Cap Equity	10.0	4.0
International Equity	20.0	4.0
Emerging Markets	9.0	6.5
Fixed Income	20.0	(0.8)
Hedge Fund	10.0	2.8
Real Assets	4.0	3.3
Cash	1.0	(1.7)
Total	100.0 %	

\*\*Real rate of return is based on investment manager inflation assumption of 2.0 percent.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 27.3 percent for SERS and SPRS, 26.6 percent for JRS, 23.6 percent for MRP, and 23.5 percent for LRS. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Discount Rate**

For SERS, a discount rate of 6.7 percent, for both the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.7 percent. For SPRS, a discount rate of 6.8 percent, for both the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability (6.9 percent for the Pension Plus Plan, for both the current and prior year). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8 percent (6.9 percent for the Pension Plus Plan). For MRP, a discount rate of 6.8 percent, for both current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of for the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of for the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.3 percent. For JRS, a discount rate of 6.3 percent, for both the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate of 6.3 percent, for both the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate of 6.3 percent, for both the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

For LRS, the single discount rate of 3.1 percent, for both the current and prior year, was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.2 percent (the municipal bond rate is based on an index of twenty-year general obligation bonds with average AA credit ratings, which is published by the Federal Reserve). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumes that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2032. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2032, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after 2032.

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents SERS's net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.7 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease			rrent Discount	1% Increase
		5.7%		6.7%	 7.7%
SERS Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	5,879,370.0	\$	4,065,182.9	\$ 2,519,892.8

The following presents SPRS's net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.8 percent (6.9 percent for Pension Plus Plan), as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease		Cur	rent Discount	1	1% Increase		
	į	5.8%/5.9%		5.8%/5.9%		6.8%/6.9%		7.8%/7.9%
SPRS Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	862,334.0	\$	584,785.3	\$	354,867.6		

The following presents MRP's net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.8 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1%	1% Decrease		rent Discount	1	% Increase
	5.8%			6.8%	7.8%	
MRP Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(959.7)	\$	(7,845.0)	\$	(13,525.6)

The following presents JRS's net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.3 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease		Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase
		5.3% 6.3%		 7.3%	
JRS Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(15,108.2)	\$	(35,852.3)	\$ (53,765.0)

The following presents LRS's net pension liability, calculated using a discount rate of 3.1 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease		Cu	rrent Discount	1% Increase
		2.1%	3.1%		 4.1%
LRS Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	188,232.4	\$	150,869.4	\$ 120,430.8

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/Asset The amounts included for the primary government and component units in the table below are related to SERS (in millions):

			y Governme se (Decrease		Primary Component Units Increase (Decrease)							
	Тс	tal Pension Liability (a)	Pla	n Fiduciary et Position (b)	Ne	et Pension Liability (Assets) (a) - (b)		al Pension ₋iability (a)	Pla	n Fiduciary et Position (b)		et Pension Liability (Assets) (a) - (b)
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$	18,542.2	\$	11,879.6	\$	6,662.6	\$	231.0	\$	148.0	\$	83.0
Changes for the year:												
Service cost		54.4		-		54.4		1.0		-		1.0
Interest		1,187.9		-		1,187.9		22.9		-		22.9
Differences between expected an	d											
actual experience		(31.8)		-		(31.8)		(0.6)		-		(0.6)
Contributions - employer		-		647.2		(647.2)		-		12.5		(12.5)
Contributions - member		-		23.4		(23.4)		-		0.5		(0.5)
Net investment income		-		3,131.5		(3,131.5)		-		60.3		(60.3)
Benefit payments, including refund	ds											
of member contributions		(1,432.6)		(1,432.6)		-		(27.6)		(27.6)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(5.8)		5.8		-		(0.1)		0.1
Other changes		(123.6)		(35.3)		(88.3)		123.6		80.1		43.5
Net changes		(345.7)		2,328.4		(2,674.1)		119.3		125.6		(6.3)
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$	18,196.5	\$	14,208.0	\$	3,988.5	\$	350.3	\$	273.6	\$	76.7

The amounts included in the table below are related to SPRS (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)								
			Net Pension						
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability						
	Liability	Net Position	(Assets)						
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)						
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 2,350.8	\$ 1,512.7	\$ 838.1						
Changes for the year:									
Service cost	24.7	-	24.7						
Interest	155.4	-	155.4						
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	25.2	-	25.2						
Changes of assumptions	26.6	-	26.6						
Contributions - employer	-	69.2	(69.2)						
Contributions - member	-	3.9	(3.9)						
Net investment income	-	401.7	(401.7)						
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions	(155.4)	(155.4)	-						
Administrative and other expenses	-	(0.7)	0.7						
Other Changes		11.2	(11.2)						
Net changes	76.5	329.8	(253.3)						
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 2,427.3	\$ 1,842.5	\$ 584.8						

The amounts included in the table below are related to MRP (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)							
			Net Pension					
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability					
	Liability	Net Position	(Assets)					
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)					
Balances at 9/30/2021	<u>\$</u> 59.4	\$ 56.2	\$ 3.2					
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	0.7	-	0.7					
Interest	3.9	-	3.9					
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	(0.2	) –	(0.2)					
Contributions - employer	-	0.7	(0.7)					
Net investment income	-	15.0	(15.0)					
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of member contributions	(4.0	) (4.0)	-					
Administrative and other expenses		(0.2)	0.2					
Net changes	0.4	11.4	(11.0)					
Balances at 9/30/2022	<u>\$59.8</u>	\$ 67.6	<u>\$ (7.8)</u>					

The amounts included in the table below are related to LRS (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Assets) (a) - (b)					
Balances at 9/30/2021	<u>\$ 284.1</u>	<u>\$ 113.9</u>	\$ 170.2					
Changes for the year:								
Interest	8.6	-	8.6					
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	(1.7)	-	(1.7)					
Changes of assumptions	(1.0)	-	(1.0)					
Net investment income	-	25.6	(25.6)					
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of member contributions	(14.6)	(14.6)	-					
Administrative and other expenses		(0.4)	0.4					
Net changes	(8.7)	10.6	(19.3)					
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 275.4	\$ 124.5	\$ 150.9					

The amounts included in the table below are related to JRS (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)							
			Net Pension					
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability					
	Liability	Net Position	(Assets)					
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)					
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 271.8	\$ 254.7	<u>\$ 17.1</u>					
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	1.7	-	1.7					
Interest	16.3	-	16.3					
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	(1.3)	-	(1.3)					
Contributions - employer	-	2.8	(2.8)					
Contributions - member	-	0.4	(0.4)					
Net investment income	-	66.6	(66.6)					
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of member contributions	(24.3)	(24.3)	-					
Administrative and other expenses		(0.4)	0.4					
Net changes	(7.7)	45.2	(52.9)					
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 264.1	\$ 299.9	\$ (35.9)					

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the State recognized pension expense related to the primary government and its component units of negative \$207.0 million and \$40.4 million, respectively. Pension expense by plan is listed in the table below (in millions):

Plan	Primary vernment	nponent Unit
SERS	\$ (247.0)	\$ 40.4
SPRS	56.1	-
MRP	0.4	-
LRS	(4.9)	-
JRS	(11.6)	-
Total	\$ (207.0)	\$ 40.4

The total reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, including component units, are identified in Note 28. For each plan, the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are in the table below (in millions):

	Primary Government							Component Unit						
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		SERS	SPRS		MRP		LRS		JRS		SERS Only			Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	39.9	\$	1.4	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41.3
Changes of assumptions		-		60.6		-		-		-		-		60.7
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		675.0		89.4		0.9		-		1.5		13.3		780.1
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources:	\$	675.0	\$	189.9	\$	2.3	\$		\$	1.5	\$	13.3	\$	882.1
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.3
actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,768.3		224.3		8.6	_	11.6		39.2		34.0	_2	2,085.9
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$	1,768.3	\$	224.3	\$	8.9	\$	11.6	\$	39.2	\$	34.0	\$2	2,086.2

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (amounts in millions):

			ry Govern Expense /			Uni E	omponent it Pension Expense Amount	
Year Ended September 30	 SERS	SPRS	 MRP	 LRS	 JRS	SE	ERS Only	 Total
2023	\$ (470.9)	\$ (14.1)	\$ (1.6)	\$ (2.3)	\$ (10.4)	\$	(9.1)	\$ (508.4)
2024	(389.8)	(21.4)	(1.7)	(2.3)	(8.8)		(7.5)	(431.5)
2025	(434.8)	(42.0)	(1.9)	(3.3)	(9.7)		(8.4)	(500.1)
2026	(472.7)	(49.3)	(2.3)	(3.6)	(10.3)		(9.1)	(547.3)
2027	N/A	3.2	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	3.2

Currently, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions that will be recognized in pension expense do not extend beyond the four years identified in the table above for SERS, MRP, LRS, and JRS and do not extend beyond the five years identified in the table above for SPRS.

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

#### State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The Plan, now within the State of Michigan 401K Plans Fund, was established to provide benefits at retirement to employees of the State who were hired after March 31, 1997, Michigan State Police officers hired on or after June 10, 2012, Public School Reporting Units members hired after July 1, 2010, and to those members of SERS (defined benefit) and eligible members of the Education Achievement Authority (EAA), LRS, and JRS who elected to transfer to this Plan. The Plan is administered by the Department of Technology, Management and Budget. MCL Section 38.686 created the State of Michigan Personal Healthcare Fund for State employees hired after January 1, 2012, and those who elected to transfer to this plan.

The State is required to contribute 4.0 percent of annual covered payroll. The State is also required to match employee contributions up to 3.0 percent of annual covered payroll. The Plan provides for eligible public school reporting units and the Michigan State Police to make a mandatory contribution of 50.0 percent of participants' voluntary contributions up to 1.0 percent of compensation. The Plan also provides for the EAA to make a mandatory contribution of 100 percent of participants' voluntary contributions up to 7.5 percent of compensation. The EAA was dissolved effective June 30, 2017 and the plan no longer receives new EAA contributions; however, the plan will remain open as long as former EAA employee balances remain in the plan. The plan also provides for the Public School Reporting Units to make a matching contribution of 100 percent of defined contribution participants' voluntary contributions up to 3.0 percent of compensation. In addition, the Plan provides a Personal Healthcare Fund for State of Michigan employees hired on or after January 1, 2012, Michigan State Police officers hired on or after June 10, 2012, and Public School employees hired on or after September 4, 2012, with an employer match of up to 2.0 percent of compensation plus a monetized amount for existing years of service distributed on termination. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Legislature. The reports may be obtained by visiting <u>www.michigan.gov/ors</u> or by calling (517) 284-4400.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions and become vested in the State contributions and earnings on State contributions after completion of 48 months of credited service with the State. Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Forfeitures are used to offset future State contributions and pay administrative expenses of the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the State recognized pension expense of \$247.3 million; forfeitures reduced the State's pension expense by \$10.0 million.

#### Component Units

In addition to the PSERS, the State university component units participate in a defined contribution multiple-employer pension plan primarily administered by the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association and College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF) and also, in some cases, Fidelity Investments. The State university component units are required to contribute between 4.0 percent and 15.0 percent of annual covered payroll, as determined by each institution's employment agreements. The total contribution to the TIAA-CREF and Fidelity Investments for all State university component units was \$120.3 million for the year ending June 30, 2022. Additional plan information may be found in the separately issued financial reports of the State university component units.

Effective January 1, 2004, the State Bar of Michigan assumed responsibility for the retirement plans of State Bar employees who participated in the Plan. All monies held in the Plan on behalf of participating State Bar employees were subsequently transferred to the newly established State Bar 401(a) retirement plan and the 457(b) retirement plan. The State Bar of Michigan is required to make minimum contributions and may establish other benefit provisions for their retirement plans. The State Bar of Michigan's contribution to the new plans was \$0.4 million for the year ending September 30, 2022.

Additional plan information for the retirement plan can be obtained by contacting the State Bar at (517) 346-6300.

# NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The component unit information required to be disclosed in this note is related to the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) and Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit (PELIB) plan. All other component units of the State participate in Other Postemployment Benefit plans (OPEB) where the State is not an employer.

The other postemployment benefit plans are administered through a trust and follow the disclosure requirements set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment</u> <u>Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>.

#### **Plan Description**

The State of Michigan administers the following OPEB plans:

Name	Type of Plan	Employers
Legislative Retirement System (LRS)	Single employer	1
State Police Retirement System (SPRS)	Single employer	1
State Employees' Retirement System	Single employer	1
Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) <sup>(1)</sup>	Cost sharing multiple employer	697
Judges' Retirement System (JRS)	Single employer	1
Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit <sup>(2)</sup>	Single employer	1

- (1) The State of Michigan is not an employer within PSERS; therefore, OPEB plan information is not disclosed in this note.
- (2) Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit plan is not administered through a trust but follows the disclosure requirements set forth in GASB Statement No. 75.

Each plan, except for PELIB, is accounted for in a separate OPEB trust fund and also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information for that plan. Those reports, except LRS, may be obtained by visiting <u>www.michigan.gov/ors</u> or by calling the Customer Contact Center at (517) 284-4400 or 1-800-381-5111. The LRS report may be obtained by visiting <u>https://audgen.michigan.gov/completed-projects/</u> or by calling (517) 373-0575. The PELIB information is included in a separate section at the end of this note.

Pursuant to Michigan Complied Laws (MCL) 38.1075 and 38.1079, the LRS OPEB plan became closed. All qualified participants must have completed six years of service before January 1, 2013, to qualify for health insurance in the plan.

At September 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	SERS <sup>(3)</sup>	LRS	SPRS	JRS
Eligible participants <sup>(4)</sup>	61,045	371	3,081	39
Participants receiving benefits:				
Health <sup>(4)</sup>	51,888	345	2,942	39
Dental	53,815	-	2,947	-
Vision	53,607	-	2,947	-
Active members	48,240	2	1,756	35
Inactive vested members <sup>(5)</sup>	6,570	-	275	24
Deferred participants	-	65	-	-

(3) The component unit employee membership is included within the SERS OPEB plan. A breakout of the component unit employee membership is unavailable.

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- (4) LRS employee count includes 114 defined contribution participants at September 30, 2021, who are receiving health care insurance through the System in accordance with State statute. At September 30, 2021, the number of defined contribution participants who were eligible for health care insurance but declined to receive the benefits was 25.
- (5) SPRS employee count includes Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) employees. MCL 38.1624a amended the State Police Retirement Act to create a DROP for SPRS members with 25 years of service. This benefit program allows State Police who are eligible to retire to defer their retirement and keep working for up to six years.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the State are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

#### **Benefit Payments**

State statutes require that the State provide certain OPEB benefits to many of its retired employees. Health, dental, and vision benefits as well as life insurance coverage are provided to retirees. SERS no longer gives health, medical, and dental benefits to employees hired on or after January 1, 2012, or to those employees that elected the Personal Healthcare Fund. SPRS no longer gives health, medical, and dental benefits to employees hired on or after June 10, 2012, or to those employees that elected the Personal Healthcare Fund. These employees receive contributions to the Personal Healthcare Fund (as described in Note 10).

#### Valuation of Plan Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds not traded on a national or international exchange are based on equivalent values of comparable securities with similar yield and risk. The fair value of private investments is based on the net assets value reported in the financial statements of the respective investment entity. The net asset value is determined in accordance with governing documents of the investment entity and is subject to an independent annual audit. Securities purchased with cash collateral under securities lending activities are recorded at estimated fair value. Other investments not having an established market are recorded at estimated fair value.

#### Contributions

The statute requires the employer to contribute to finance the benefits of plan members. These employer contributions are determined annually by the System's actuary. For fiscal year 2022, the contribution rate for SERS was 17.3 percent of the defined benefit employee wages and the defined contribution employee wages. The contribution rate for SPRS was 35.1 percent of wages for defined benefit non-command and command officers and hybrid defined benefit non-command and command officers. The actuarially determined contribution was \$0.2 million for JRS and \$6.1 million for LRS. The employer contribution to SERS, SPRS, JRS, and LRS for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, was \$623.5 million from the primary government and \$12.1 million from its component units (SERS only).

#### Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability for SERS, SPRS, JRS, and LRS was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

#### Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. The schedules of funding progress present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets for the OPEB plans is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial methods and assumptions in the table below are used to determine the net OPEB liability.

	LRS	SPRS	SERS	JRS
Latest actuarial valuation date	9/30/2020	9/30/2020	9/30/2020	9/30/2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level dollar closed	Level percent of payroll closed	Level percent of payroll closed	Level percent of payroll closed
Remaining amortization period as of October 1, 2020	20 years	18 years	16 years	16 years
Asset valuation method	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value
Actuarial assumption:				
Investment rate of return	7.0%	6.9%	6.9%	7.0%
Projected salary increases	4.0%	3.3 - 87.8%	2.8 - 11.8%	3.3%
Includes wage inflation at	4.0%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%
Healthcare cost trend rate	Pre-65: 7.5% & Post-65: 6.3% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12	7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15, and 3.0% Year 120	Pre-65: 7.5% & Post-65: 6.3% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15, and 3.0% Year 120	Pre-65: 7.5% & Post-65: 6.3% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15, and 3.0% Year 120

#### **Actuarial Assumptions Changes**

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted for use in the annual OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018, valuations for SERS, SPRS, and JRS.

The investment return assumption changed from 6.9 percent to 6.2 percent for SERS, from 6.9 percent to 6.3 percent for SPRS, from 7.0 percent to 6.0 percent for JRS, and remained 4.0 percent for LRS for use in the annual funding valuations from the September 30, 2020, valuation to the September 30, 2021, valuation. The September 30, 2021, funding valuation will establish the actuarially determined contribution amounts for fiscal year 2024 for SERS and SPRS and for the fiscal year 2022 for JRS and LRS.

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

#### Asset Allocation for SERS, SPRS, and JRS

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0%	5.4%
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
Total	100.0%	

\*Long-term Rate of Returns are net of administrative expenses and 2.0 percent inflation.

#### Asset Allocation for LRS

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Large Cap Equity	26.0%	3.0%
Small Cap Equity	10.0	4.0
International Equity	20.0	4.0
Emerging Markets	9.0	6.5
Fixed Income	20.0	(0.8)
Hedge Fund	10.0	2.8
Real Assets	4.0	3.3
Cash	1.0	(1.7)
Total	100.0%	

\*\*The arithmetic rates of return were provided by the System's investment consultant along with a 2.0 percent price inflation assumption.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 26.2 percent for SERS, 26.1 percent for SPRS, 16.9 percent for JRS, and 23.7 percent for LRS. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Discount Rate

For SERS and SPRS, a discount rate of 6.9 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability for both current and prior years. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.9 percent. For JRS, a discount rate of 7.0 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability for both current and prior years. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.0 percent. For LRS, the single discount rate of 7.0 percent, compared to a prior year rate of 3.9 percent, was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions would be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions would be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents SERS and SPRS's net OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	 1% Decrease 5.9%		rrent Discount 6.9%	 1% Increase 7.9%		
SERS Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,823,806.1	\$	3,815,371.4	\$ 2,965,363.5		
SPRS Net OPEB Liability	463,384.2		376,874.8	304,661.8		

The following presents JRS and LRS's net OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	1% Decrease 6.0%	Current Discount 7.0%			1% Increase 8.0%		
JRS Net OPEB Liability	\$ (1,339.2)	\$	(2,171.7)	\$	(2,880.2)		
LRS Net OPEB Liability	66,862.3		56,174.9		47,255.0		

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents SERS, SPRS, JRS, and LRS's net OPEB liability, calculated using a healthcare trend rate of 7.5 percent graded to 3.5 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rate (in thousands):

				rent Healthcare ost Trend Rate		
	1	% Decrease	Assumption			1% Increase
SERS Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,918,537.6	\$	3,815,371.4	\$	4,848,216.8
SPRS Net OPEB Liability		301,026.2		376,874.8		465,329.9
JRS Net OPEB Liability		(2,934.6)		(2,171.7)		(1,302.6)
LRS Net OPEB Liability		46,558.9		56,174.9		67,555.4

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability The amounts included for the primary government and component units in the table below are related to SERS (in millions):

				y Governme se (Decreas			Component Units Increase (Decrease)					
					١	Vet OPEB				Plan		Net OPEB
	Т	otal OPEB	Pla	n Fiduciary		Liability	Tot	al OPEB	Fic	duciary		Liability
		Liability	Ne	t Position		(Assets)	L	iability	Net Position		(Assets)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) – (b)		(a)	(b)		(a) – (b)	
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$	9,344.1	\$	3,577.6	\$	5,766.5	\$	116.6	\$	44.6	\$	72.0
Changes for the year:												
Service cost		94.5		-		94.5		1.8		-		1.8
Interest		633.2		-		633.2		12.3		-		12.3
Differences between expected an	d											
actual experience		(758.2)		-		(758.2)		(14.7)		-		(14.7)
Changes of assumptions		(219.6)		-		(219.6)		(4.3)		-		(4.3)
Contributions – employer		-		759.7		(759.7)		-		14.7		(14.7)
Net investment income		-		956.9		(956.9)		-		18.6		(18.6)
Benefit payments, including refun	ds											
of member contributions		(302.2)		(302.2)		-		(5.9)		(5.9)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(1.2)		1.2		-		-		-
Other changes		(63.6)		(5.3)		(58.3)		63.6		24.7		38.9
Net changes		(616.0)		1,407.9		(2,023.9)		52.9		52.2	_	0.8
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$	8,728.1	\$	4,985.5	\$	3,742.7	\$	169.5	\$	96.8	\$	72.7

The amounts included in the table below are related to SPRS (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)									
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (Assets) (a) – (b)							
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 784.3	\$ 275.1	\$ 509.2							
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	10.0	-	10.0							
Interest	53.3	-	53.3							
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	(59.4)	-	(59.4)							
Changes of assumptions	(5.8)	-	(5.8)							
Contributions – employer	-	48.8	(48.8)							
Net investment income	-	74.0	(74.0)							
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(32.7)	(32.7)	-							
Administrative and other expenses		7.7	(7.7)							
Net changes	(34.6)	97.8	(132.3)							
Balances at 9/30/2022	<u>\$ 749.8</u>	\$ 372.9	<u>\$ 376.9</u>							

The amounts included in the table below are related to LRS (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)									
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Net OPEB Liability (Assets) (a) – (b)								
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 143.8	\$ 31.4	\$ 112.4							
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	0.2	-	0.2							
Interest	5.5	-	5.5							
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	(7.4)	-	(7.4)							
Changes of assumptions	(41.7)	-	(41.7)							
Contributions – employer	-	4.6	(4.6)							
Net investment income	-	7.0	(7.0)							
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions	(5.8)	(5.8)	-							
Administrative and other expenses		1.1	(1.1)							
Net changes	(49.3)	6.9	(56.2)							
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 94.5	\$ 38.3	<u>\$ 56.2</u>							

The amounts included in the table below are related to JRS (in millions):

	Primary Government Increase (Decrease)								
	Total OF Liabili (a)	у	Net OPEB Liability (Assets) (a) – (b)						
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$	10.3	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>}</u>	1.0				
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		0.2		-	0.2				
Interest		0.7	-	-	0.7				
Differences between expected and									
actual experience		(1.3)	-	-	(1.3)				
Changes of assumptions		(0.3)	-	-	(0.3)				
Contributions – employer		-	0.2	2	(0.2)				
Contributions – member		-	0.1	1	(0.1)				
Net investment income		-	2.3	3	(2.3)				
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions		-		-	-				
Administrative and other expenses		-	(0.1	1)	0.1				
Net changes		(0.7)	2.5	5	(3.2)				
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$	9.6	<u>\$ 11.8</u>	3 \$	(2.2)				

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the State recognized OPEB expense related to the primary government and its component units of \$(308.9) million and \$4.1 million, respectively. The portion of OPEB expense for PELIB can be found in the Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit section of this note. The portion of OPEB expense for SERS, SPRS, LRS, and JRS is listed by plan in the table below (in millions):

Plan	Primary overnment	mponent Units
SERS	\$ (298.3)	\$ 1.9
SPRS	(6.1)	-
LRS	(47.6)	-
JRS	 (0.1)	 -
Total	\$ (352.1)	\$ 1.9

The total reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, including component units, are identified in Note 28. For each plan, the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for SERS, SPRS, LRS, and JRS are in the table below (in millions):

			Pri	mary Gov	vernr	nent				mponent Units	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	SERS		ERS SPRS		LRS		JRS		SERS Only		 Total
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 1,008.4	\$	- 67.5	\$	-	\$	- 0.3	\$	- 19.6	\$ - 1,095.8
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		32.6 567.8		- 50.7		- 4.7		- 0.2		48.8 12.1	 81.4 635.5
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources:	\$	1,608.8	\$	118.2	\$	4.7	\$	0.5	\$	80.5	\$ 1,812.7
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,950.8	\$	161.4	\$	-	\$	0.9	\$	57.3	\$ 3,170.4
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and		180.0		4.8		-		0.2		3.5	188.5
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer		513.2		40.0		3.0		1.3		10.0	567.5
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		86.0		-		-		-		12.4	 98.5
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$	3,730.0	\$	206.2	\$	3.0	\$	2.4	\$	83.2	\$ 4,024.9

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB for SERS, SPRS, LRS, and JRS will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (amounts in millions):

		rimary Go EB Expen	Units Exp	oonent OPEB ense ount			
Year Ended							
September 30	SERS	 SPRS	 LRS	 JRS	SER	S Only	 Total
2023	\$ (727.1)	\$ (39.7)	\$ (0.6)	\$ (0.6)	\$	(6.4)	\$ (774.3)
2024	(670.8)	(31.2)	(0.6)	(0.7)		(5.2)	(708.4)
2025	(661.6)	(30.8)	(0.9)	(0.4)		(4.7)	(698.5)
2026	(527.8)	(28.9)	(1.0)	(0.3)		(1.6)	(559.6)
2027	(101.8)	(8.1)	-	-		3.1	(106.7)

Currently, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB that will be recognized in OPEB expense do not extend beyond the five years identified in the table above.

#### Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit

#### **Plan Description**

The State of Michigan provides PELIB to eligible individuals upon retirement from State employment. Members of SERS, SPRS, JRS, and certain members of the Military Retirement Provisions (MRP) may receive a life insurance benefit if they meet the benefit eligibility requirements. PELIB is a single-employer, state-wide, defined benefit OPEB plan. The State contracts with Minnesota Life to administer the payout of life insurance benefits. PELIB is administered by the Michigan Civil Service Commission under Article XI, Section 5 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963 and Michigan Civil Service Commission Rule 5-11.

Activity of PELIB is accounted for in the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund (Fund), an internal service fund in the State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The Fund was administratively established to account for employee insurance benefit programs, which are largely self-funded. Five group insurance programs are offered to State employees: health, dental, vision, long-term disability, and life.

PELIB is not a trust and has no plan assets.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The State's group policy with Minnesota Life includes any active employee in the category of classified State service with an appointment of at least 720 hours duration, but excluding employees with non-career appointments and those working less than 40.0 percent of full time; any active official or active unclassified employee of the State who has been approved for coverage by the Civil Service Commission; any retired employee or official who was insured under this policy or the prior policies it replaced prior to entry into a State Retirement System; and Wayne County employees who a) were State Judicial Council employees on October 1, 1996, and whose employment was transferred to the Recorder's Court on October 1, 1996, and b) whose employer subsequently became the Wayne County Clerk's Office.

Eligible retirees are provided with life insurance coverage equal to 25.0 percent of the active life insurance coverage (which amount is rounded to the next higher \$100 provided the retiree retired after July 1, 1974), \$1,000 for spouse and \$1,000 for each dependent under age 23. The active life insurance amount is either a) two times the employee's basic annual salary, the result rounded to the next higher \$1,000 if not already a multiple thereof, with a minimum of \$10,000 and a maximum of \$200,000; or b) one times the employee's basic annual salary, the result rounded to the next higher \$1,000 and a maximum of \$50,000.

#### Contributions

The State contributes 100 percent of the premiums for employee and retiree life insurance coverage. The premium rates for fiscal year 2021 and fiscal year 2022 were 28.0 cents for each \$1,000 of coverage of active payroll. The employee contributes 100 percent of the premiums for dependent life coverage, and an employee must have been enrolled in dependent life insurance to maintain eligibility for dependent coverage as a retiree. The State is liable for benefit payments that exceed premiums paid. The Michigan Civil Service Commission is responsible for establishing and amending funding policies. The employer contribution to PELIB for retirees and their eligible dependents for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, was \$35.8 million from the primary government and \$0.7 million from its component units.

More specific information concerning eligibility requirements, benefit level, and funding policies is included in employee collective bargaining agreements, benefit plan booklets, and rules and regulations issued by the Michigan Civil Service Commission.

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The total OPEB liability for PELIB as of the September 30, 2021, measurement date is based on the result of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021.

#### **Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations for PELIB involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuation Date: Actuarial Cost Method: Wage Inflation Rate: Investment Rate of Return (discount rate): September 30, 2021 Individual Entry-Age 2.8% 2.2% per year Post-Retirement Mortality Tables: The post-retirement mortality tables used in this valuation were 110 percent of the Healthy Life and Disabled Life Mortality Tables.

Claims Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR): A liability equal to 25.0 percent of expected first year cash flow was held for postemployment life insurance benefits claims IBNR.

Spouse Benefits for Future Retirees: The following loads were applied to active member liabilities to account for potential postemployment life insurance benefits for the spouses of future retirees: JRS, 1.2%; MRP, 2.3%; SPRS, 2.8%; SERS, 1.8%.

Opt Out Factors: Postemployment life insurance benefit participation data was supplied for all current retirees and used without adjustment. Active members reported with life insurance benefits were assumed to have this benefit until separation from state employment.

Active Member Election: The active life insurance option each member elected was provided to the actuary. It was assumed active members would continue their current option up to and after retirement. In circumstances where it was unclear what option was currently being elected, it was assumed the active member elected the two times salary option.

Other: The face value of postemployment life insurance benefit policies currently in force were reported to the actuary beginning with the September 30, 2021, valuation of the plan.

#### **Discount Rate**

A discount rate of 2.2 percent was used to measure the ending total OPEB liability for PELIB as of September 30, 2021. This discount rate was based on the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date since PELIB has no assets. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020, was 2.4 percent. A decrease in the discount rate used affects the measurement of total OPEB liability for PELIB by increasing its total OPEB liability.

#### Total OPEB Liability for Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits

PELIB total liability is measured as the total liability, less the amount of the PELIB net position. In actuarial terms, this is the accrued liability less the market value of assets. PELIB has no assets (amounts below are in millions).

Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2020	\$ 1,406.0
Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2021	1,391.8
Total Covered Employee Payroll	3,227.1
Total Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	43.1%

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for Postemployment Life Insurance

The following table presents total OPEB liability for PELIB, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.2 percent, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher (in thousands):

	1% Decrease	Cu	Irrent Discount	1% Increase
	 1.2%		2.2%	 3.2%
PELIB Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,676,027.9	\$	1,391,808.6	\$ 1,172,942.3

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The amounts included in the table below are related to PELIB (in millions):

	Primary	
	Governmen	Component Units
	Increase	Increase
	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
	Total OPEB	Total OPEB
	Liability	Liability
	(a)	(a)
Balances at 9/30/2021	\$ 1,389	0.0 \$ 17.0
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	28	.8 0.5
Interest	33	0.2 0.6
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	(94	.9) (1.8)
Changes of assumptions	56	.4 1.1
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of member contributions	(37	(0.7)
Other changes	3)	8.8) 8.8
Net changes	(22	8.6
Balances at 9/30/2022	\$ 1,366	5.2 \$ 25.6

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Life Insurance OPEB** For the year ended September 30, 2022, the State recognized OPEB expense related to PELIB of \$43.2 million for the primary government and \$2.2 million for the component units. The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PELIB are included in Note 28 and in the table below (in millions):

Deferred Outflows of Resources:	Primary vernment	Component Units		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 0.2	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	161.4		3.0	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3.2		8.7	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 35.8		0.7	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources:	\$ 200.7	<u>\$</u>	12.4	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 143.6	\$	2.7	
Changes of assumptions	32.4		0.6	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 10.0		1.9	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$ 186.0	<u>\$</u>	5.2	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to PELIB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total PELIB liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to PELIB will be recognized in PELIB expense as follows (amounts in millions):

Year Ended	Primary vernment B Expense		nent Units Expense		
September 30	A	Amount	Amount		
2023	\$	(17.0)	\$	1.0	
2024		(3.5)		1.3	
2025		6.3		1.5	
2026		0.1		1.4	
2027		(7.2)		1.2	

Currently, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to PELIB that will be recognized in OPEB expense do not extend beyond the five years identified in the table above.

### NOTE 12 – VENDOR FINANCING

#### Accounting Policy

The State acquires various capital assets with long-term vendor financing. Contracts that transfer ownership of the underlying assets to the State by the end of the contract term and do not contain unconditional termination options (but may include fiscal funding clauses that are not reasonably certain of being exercised) are classified as financed purchases of the assets. Other contracts that convey control of the right to use other entities' nonfinancial assets to the State are classified as leases.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, assets and liabilities resulting from vendor financing arrangements are recorded when the State acquires the assets or is granted the right to use the assets. The principal portion of vendor financing payments reduces the liability; the interest portion is expensed.

For vendor financing arrangements in governmental funds, other financing sources and expenditures are recorded at the commencement of the contract term. Vendor financing payments are recorded as debt service expenditures. For budgetary purposes, vendor financing payments are only reported as expenditures when due.

Most vendor financing arrangements have cancellation clauses with one to six-month notice requirements in the event that funding is not available. For reporting purposes, such cancellation clauses are not considered in the determination of the contract term unless the State is reasonably certain that the clauses will be exercised.

Some lease agreements include renewal or purchase options. The effect of such options is included in the calculation of the lease term and the measurement of the lease liability only if the State is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised. The State reclassifies leases to financed purchases when purchase options are exercised. Additionally, some lease agreements include escalation clauses or other contingent rentals.

During fiscal years 2008, 2011, and 2015, the State entered into building lease agreements with the Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF), a discretely presented component unit. The leases are included in the disclosures below.

#### Primary Government – Changes in Vendor Financing Obligations

Changes in vendor financing obligations for the year ended September 30 are summarized as follows (in millions):

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Rec	ductions	Ending Balance	V	nounts Due Vithin le Year	 mounts Due ereafter
Governmental Activities:									
Leases	\$ 588.0	\$	14.7	\$	60.0	\$ 542.6	\$	58.4	\$ 484.2
Leases with component units	145.2		-		16.4	128.8		20.9	107.9
Financed purchases	567.9		280.4		47.3	800.9		41.0	759.9
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,301.1	\$	295.0	\$	123.8	\$ 1,472.4	\$	120.3	\$ 1,352.0
Business-type Activities:									
Leases	\$ 4.3	\$	0.1	\$	0.3	\$ 4.1	\$	0.3	\$ 3.7
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 4.3	\$	0.1	\$	0.3	\$ 4.1	\$	0.3	\$ 3.7

Included in the table above are vendor financing obligations of internal service funds, which reported beginning balances, additions, reductions, and ending balances of \$101.2 million, \$32.9 million, \$40.7 million, and \$93.6 million, respectively.

#### Primary Government – Governmental Activities

Payments for lease principal and interest totaled \$75.8 million and \$16.6 million, respectively, during the fiscal year. Included in these amounts were payments to MSF for principal and interest totaling \$16.4 million and \$6.2 million, respectively.

Year Ended September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 79.3	\$ 16.4	\$ 95.7
2024	63.4	14.5	78.0
2025	61.3	13.5	74.8
2026	48.4	12.4	60.8
2027	46.8	11.6	58.4
2028-2032	164.1	46.9	211.0
2033-2037	83.8	36.1	120.0
2038-2042	61.2	26.1	87.3
2043-2047	43.8	22.4	66.2
Thereafter	 19.2	 2.0	 21.2
Total	\$ 671.4	\$ 201.9	\$ 873.4

A summary of the lease commitments to maturity follows (in millions):

The above leases relate to governmental activities which include the General Fund, other governmental funds, and the internal service funds. A liability of \$671.4 million has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements for the lease principal. Included in this liability are the leases between the State and MSF totaling \$128.8 million. The historical cost and accumulated amortization of the assets leased from MSF totaled \$145.2 million and \$10.6 million, respectively, as of September 30.

A summary of the financed purchase commitments to maturity follows (in millions):

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	Year Ended						
_	September 30	 Principal		Interest	Total		
	2023	\$ 41.0	\$	23.8	\$	64.8	
	2024	34.2		25.0		59.2	
	2025	75.3		67.5		142.8	
	2026	72.2		61.5		133.7	
	2027	77.7		54.7		132.5	
	2028-2032	493.5		141.7		635.2	
	2033-2037	7.0		0.1		7.0	
	2038-2042	-		-		-	
	2043-2047	-		-		-	
	Thereafter	-		-		-	
	Total	\$ 800.9	\$	374.3	\$	1,175.2	
			_				

#### Primary Government – Business-Type Activities

A summary of the lease commitments to maturity follows (in millions):

Year Ended September 30	Pr	incipal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	0.3	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.4
2024		0.3	0.1	0.4
2025		0.3	0.1	0.4
2026		0.3	0.1	0.4
2027		0.3	-	0.4
2028-2032		1.3	0.2	1.4
2033-2037		0.5	0.1	0.6
2038-2042		0.2	0.1	0.2
2043-2047		0.2	-	0.2
Thereafter		0.3	 -	 0.3
Total	\$	4.1	\$ 0.7	\$ 4.7

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Total lease commitments to maturity were \$24.4 million and \$4.2 million for principal and interest, respectively, during the fiscal year.

### NOTE 13 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

#### **General Information**

#### **General Obligation Bonds and Notes**

Article 9, Section 15, of the State Constitution authorizes general obligation long-term borrowing, subject to approval by the Legislature and a majority of voters at a general election. In addition, debt may be incurred without voter approval for the purpose of providing loans to school districts. General obligation notes to provide temporary financing for such loans are recorded as liabilities in the School Bond Loan Fund, a subfund of the General Fund. General Fund appropriations are made to finance debt principal and interest requirements for all general obligation issues. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the State.

The State Constitution provides that the Legislature may also authorize the issuance of general obligation short-term notes, the principal amount of which may not exceed 15.0 percent of undedicated revenues received in the preceding year. The State Constitution also provides that such notes must be repaid within the fiscal year of the borrowing. In fiscal year 2022, the State did not issue any general obligation short-term notes.

#### **Revenue Dedicated Bonds and Notes**

Long-term bonds have been issued periodically for specific purposes, with the stipulation that financing of debt requirements is to come strictly from designated revenue sources. The transportation related debt is payable solely out of funds restricted for transportation purposes by Article 9, Section 9, of the State Constitution. The State's general credit does not support such issues.

Revenue bonds have been issued by the State Building Authority (SBA) to finance the acquisition and/or construction of various facilities for use by the State or institutions of higher education. Revenue bonds have also been issued to finance equipment acquisitions. In addition, SBA issues commercial paper notes to fund construction projects prior to bonding. Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30 follows (in millions):

	Be	ginning					E	Ending	
	Balance		Draws		Rep	ayments	Balance		
Commercial Paper Notes	\$	80.7	\$	130.1	\$	133.8	\$	77.0	

Note 14 provides disclosures regarding the bonds and notes payable of the discretely presented component units.

#### **Bonds Issued and Outstanding**

General obligation and revenue dedicated bonds issued and outstanding (excluding defeased bonds) at September 30 (in millions) are as follows:

						al Year turities	Average Interest
	Ar	nounts	Out	tstanding	First	Last	Rate
General Obligation Bonded Debt		ssued	September 30		Year	Year	Percentage
General Obligation Debt:							
Series 2011 A (Refunding) (2)(3)	\$	44.0	\$	35.1	2022	2026	3.8 %
Series 2014 A (3)		65.1		65.1	2024	2029	5.0
Series 2014 B (3)		20.2		20.2	2027	2027	3.6
Series 2015 A (Refunding)		129.1		62.0	2017	2029	4.8
Series 2016 A (3)		82.2		55.9	2022	2025	5.0
Series 2016 B (Refunding)		60.0		49.1	2022	2026	4.8
Series 2017 A (1)(2)(3)		79.0		70.8	2022	2027	5.0
Series 2017 B (1)(2)(3)		40.6		14.2	2020	2025	2.0
Series 2018 (2)(3)		149.2		149.2	2027	2033	3.5
Series 2020 A (2)(3)		114.9		114.9	2030	2040	4.3
Series 2020 B (2)(3)		38.0		38.0	2030	2040	2.2
School Loan Bonds:							
Series 2009 B (Refunding) (5)		193.7		16.1	2010	2030	5.6
Series 2011 A		150.0		12.7	2014	2023	3.7
Series 2011 B		30.1		30.1	2023	2023	3.7
Series 2012 A (Refunding)		225.0		78.1	2013	2026	2.3
Series 2013 A		200.0		200.0	2024	2033	3.3
Series 2016 A (Refunding)		129.1		24.1	2017	2023	1.7
Total General Obligation Bonded Debt		1,750.1		1,035.7			

				l Year ırities	Average Interest
	Amounts	Outstanding	First	Last	Rate
Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt	Issued	September 30	Year	Year	Percentage
State Park Related:					
2002 – Gross Revenue Bonds	\$ 15.5	\$ 1.2	2004	2023	3.8 %
Total Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt -	<u>+</u>	<u> </u>		_0_0	
State Park Related	15.5	1.2			
Transportation Related:					
Tax Dedicated Bonds:					
Comprehensive Transportation Fund Bonds:					
Series 2005 (Refunding)	62.2	1.0	2009	2023	5.3
Series 2013 (Refunding)	10.1	1.0	2014	2023	4.7
Series 2015 (Refunding)	29.4	22.5	2017	2020	4.9
Grant Anticipation Bonds:	20.1	22.0	2011	2001	1.0
Series 2016 (Refunding)	607.1	483.2	2018	2027	5.0
State Trunkline Fund Bonds:	00111	100.2	2010	2021	0.0
Series 2015 (Refunding)	54.1	54.1	2023	2023	4.8
Series 2020 A (Refunding)	103.5	36.4	2021	2027	5.0
Series 2020 B	800.0	790.0	2021	2046	4.6
Series 2021 A	800.0	800.0	2023	2047	4.4
Series 2021 B (Refunding)	54.2	54.2	2023	2037	4.9
Total Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt -					
Transportation Related	2,520.5	2,242.9			
·					
State Building Authority:					
Series 2013 I A (Revenue and Refunding)	531.3	366.0	2015	2048	4.8
Series 2015 I (Revenue and Refunding)	989.3	833.0	2016	2051	3.9
Series 2016 I (Revenue and Refunding)	665.2	559.7	2018	2052	3.1
Series 2019 I (Revenue and Refunding)	235.6	194.2	2020	2054	3.2
Series 2020 I (Revenue and Refunding)	212.2	205.2	2021	2046	2.3
Series 2020 II (Refunding)	556.9	552.7	2021	2056	2.6
Series 2020 III Multi-modal (Refunding) (4)	32.8	32.8	2022	2043	2.5
Series 2021 I	206.3	200.7	2022	2057	2.7
Series 2022 I	146.5	146.5	2023	2058	4.2
Total State Building Authority Bonded Debt	3,576.0	3,090.9			
Total Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt	6,112.0	5,334.9			
Total General Obligation and Revenue					
Dedicated Bonded Debt	\$ 7,862.1	\$ 6,370.6			

- (1) Sections 324.19301 and 324.71301 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) authorized the issuance of bonds totaling \$800.0 million. As of September 30, 2017, \$800.0 million of such bond proceeds had been received, leaving no remaining authorization. The sum of the amounts issued in the preceding table differs by the amount of bonds refunded or redeemed, premiums and discounts, and other issuance costs.
- (2) MCL Section 324.95102 authorized the issuance of bonds totaling \$675.0 million. As of September 30, 2020, \$675.0 million of such bond proceeds had been received, leaving no remaining authorization. The sum of amounts issued in the preceding table differs by the amount of bonds refunded or redeemed, premiums and discounts, and other issuance costs.
- (3) In November 2002, voters approved a ballot proposal in which the State would issue \$1.0 billion in general obligation bonds to provide capital, which is then loaned to local units of government for water quality improvement projects. As of September 30, 2022, \$800.0 million of such bond proceeds had been recognized as received, leaving remaining authorization of \$200.0 million. Included in the amount recognized as received is \$100.0 million in bonds issued on December 18, 2003, to a discretely presented component unit, Michigan Finance Authority (MFA) (\$10.0 million relating to Strategic Water Quality and \$90.0 million relating to the previously existing State Water Quality Revolving Fund). No cash traded hands in the issuance of the bonds to MFA, the registered owner of the bonds.

The \$10.0 million bond was being used as collateral for Strategic Water Quality revenue bonds issued by MFA. MFA funded the principal and interest costs of the issued revenue bonds until the State refunded the general obligation bond document. This transaction allowed the State's General Fund to defer principal and interest costs until future years when the bond was repurchased/redeemed. In addition, the \$10.0 million bond included a provision that required the State to repurchase all or

any portion of this bond upon 10-days written notice from the registered owner, MFA. For this reason, the State had recognized the bond related to Strategic Water Quality as a liability in the entity-wide statements. The \$10.0 million bond was reduced to a net obligation of \$6.0 million when \$4.0 million of the proceeds from the General Obligation Recreation and Environmental Protection Series 2006 B (which was fully refunded in fiscal year 2009) were used to refund a portion of the original obligation. The remaining \$6.0 million net obligation was fully refunded by General Obligation Environmental Program and Refunding Bonds Series 2017 A.

The \$90.0 million "bond" document issued for the State Water Quality Revolving Fund does not contain the 10-day repurchase provision that the \$10.0 million bond did, nor is the \$90.0 million "bond" document being used as collateral by MFA. For these reasons, the State has not recognized a liability for the \$90.0 million "bond" document related to the existing State Water Quality Revolving Fund.

- (4) SBA multi-modal and variable rate bonds bear interest at a remarketed weekly rate. Estimated interest was computed using the weekly rates as of September 30, 2022.
- (5) This issuance was acquired as an investment by the State Lottery Fund, an enterprise fund, through a public market offering and is reported as part of investments in the fund's statement of net position.

#### **Capital Appreciation Bonds**

Capital appreciation and convertible capital appreciation bonds are recorded in the Bonds Issued and Outstanding table and the Changes in Bonds and Notes Payable table at their accreted year-end book value. The following table summarizes capital appreciation bonds (in millions):

			_	Fiscal Yea	r Maturities
	E	creted 3ook ′alue	Ultimate Maturity Value	First Year	Last Year
General Obligation Bonded Debt School Loan Bonds:					
Series 2009 B (Refunding)	\$	16.1	\$ 23.9	2010	2030

#### **Refundings and Defeasances**

The State has defeased certain bonds through advance refundings by placing the proceeds of new bonds (i.e., the "refunding" bonds in the table of bonds issued and outstanding) in irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not recorded as assets or liabilities in these statements and are not included in the other debt tables in this note.

The following table summarizes the defeased bonds outstanding at September 30 (in millions):

	 nounts standing
State Building Authority: Series 2015 I (Revenue and Refunding)	\$ 20.0

#### **Debt Service Requirements**

The following table summarizes debt service requirements for outstanding bonds (in millions):

		General O	blia	ation	State Pa Transpo Rela	rta	tion		State E Auth	0		Total
Fiscal								-				Principal
Years				Fixed			Fixed					and
Ending	P	rincipal		nterest	 Principal		Interest	_	Principal	 Interest	_	Interest
2023	\$	155.5	\$	37.8	\$ 126.3	\$	100.2	9	96.3	\$ 125.1	\$	641.1
2024		108.4		32.5	126.3		93.9		91.3	123.6		575.8
2025		110.3		28.4	133.6		87.4		98.3	119.7		577.7
2026		107.3		24.1	141.4		80.5		98.6	115.7		567.6
2027		83.5		20.2	134.7		73.6		102.6	111.8		526.4
2028-2032		314.2		60.6	305.6		313.7		606.2	476.7		2,077.1
2033-2037		116.3		17.5	388.9		228.2		729.2	327.7		1,807.8
2038-2042		47.8		3.3	462.1		134.0		517.8	203.5		1,368.4
2043-2047		-		-	425.3		44.8		349.5	121.1		940.8
2048-2052		-		-	-		-		265.8	52.7		318.5
2053-2057		-		-	-		-		133.3	12.8		146.2
2058-2062		-		-	 -		-	_	2.1	 0.1		2.1
Total	\$	1,043.4	\$	224.4	\$ 2,244.0	\$	1,156.3		3,090.9	\$ 1,790.4	\$	9,549.5

Interest to maturity for SBA may be significantly smaller than the amount shown in the above table because many of the bonds will be called prior to the final scheduled maturity date. The retirement of these bonds varies from project to project, as each bond issue is related to specific projects and any excess borrowing and accrued investment earnings are restricted to projects and debt service on the related bonds.

#### Changes in Bonds and Notes Payable

Changes in bonds and notes payable for the year ended September 30 were as follows (in millions):

						Amounts	
	Beginning				Ending	Due Within	Due
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Accretion	Balance	One Year	Thereafter
Bonds Payable:							
General obligation debt	\$ 1,196.6	\$-	\$ (162.4)	\$ 1.5 \$	\$ 1,035.7	\$ 155.5	\$ 880.1
Revenue bonds	2,396.0	-	(152.0)	-	2,244.0	126.3	2,117.7
State Building Authority	3,030.8	146.5	(86.4)	-	3,090.9	96.3	2,994.6
Unamortized Discounts:							
General obligation debt	(0.4)	-	0.1	-	(0.3)	-	(0.3)
State Building Authority	(2.6)	-	0.1	-	(2.5)	-	(2.5)
Unamortized Premiums:							
General obligation debt	72.7	-	(9.8)	-	62.9	-	62.9
Revenue dedicated debt	518.3	-	(36.2)	-	482.1	-	482.1
State Building Authority	293.9	15.1	(10.1)	-	298.9	-	298.9
Total bonds and							
notes payable	\$ 7,505.3	\$ 161.6	\$ (456.7)	\$ 1.5	7,211.7	378.1	6,833.5
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		-

Plus State Building Authority commercial paper notes reported as

"Current Liabilities: Bonds and Notes Payable" on the Statement

of Net Position	77.0	77.0	-
As reported on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 7,288.7	\$ 455.1	\$ 6,833.5

### NOTE 14 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

#### Bonds and Notes Payable

The State universities and the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) utilize June 30 fiscal year-ends. The Farm Produce Insurance Authority and Venture Michigan Fund utilize a December 31 fiscal year-end, and the remaining discretely presented component units have September 30 fiscal year-ends.

#### **Bonds Payable**

Bonds payable of the discretely presented component units are legal obligations of the component units and are not general obligations of the State.

The following table summarizes debt service requirements of the discretely presented component units as reported in their separately issued financial statements, utilizing their respective fiscal year-end (in millions):

	Tota	l Debt	All Oth	ner Debt	Direct Placement Debt			
Fiscal Years Ending In	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 812.2	\$ 453.9	\$ 633.2	\$ 423.8	\$ 179.0	\$ 30.1		
2024	745.2	424.7	621.9	399.6	123.2	25.2		
2025	649.1	397.3	570.3	375.5	78.8	21.8		
2026	724.4	375.4	646.7	355.9	77.7	19.5		
2027	545.1	348.9	466.9	331.9	78.2	16.9		
Total five years	3,475.9	2,000.2	2,939.1	1,886.8	536.9	113.5		
2028-2032	2,372.5	1,427.7	2,086.9	1,382.2	285.6	45.5		
2033-2037	1,979.9	956.2	1,952.8	932.7	27.0	23.5		
2038-2042	1,298.0	630.6	1,245.2	612.5	52.8	18.1		
2043-2047	2,041.2	397.6	1,968.6	395.4	72.6	2.2		
2048-2052	1,307.1	186.2	1,307.1	186.2	-	-		
2053-2057	369.8	52.9	369.8	52.9	-	-		
Thereafter	5,800.2	9.6	5,800.2	9.6				
2028 - Thereafter	15,168.7	3,660.8	14,730.7	3,571.6	438.0	89.2		
Total	18,644.7	<u>\$ 5,661.1</u>	\$ 17,669.7	<u>\$ 5,458.4</u>	<u>\$ 974.9</u>	\$ 202.7		
Unamortized discount Unamortized premium	(1.5) 499.6							
Off market borrowings Unpaid accretion for capital	23.2							

Unpaid accretion for capital appreciation bonds	(6,241.7)
Total principal	\$ 12,924.2

Included in the table above is \$1.1 billion of demand bonds comprised of \$720.9 million issued by MSHDA, \$300.0 million issued by the Michigan Finance Authority (MFA), and \$107.7 million issued by the State universities. Of the total \$1.1 billion of demand bonds, \$720.9 million and \$35.1 million are direct placement debt issued by MSHDA and issued by the State universities, respectively.

#### Notes Payable

As of September 30, 2022, MFA has short-term notes outstanding of \$191.5 million and long-term notes outstanding of \$117.7 million. Of the total \$309.2 million notes outstanding, \$21.4 million are direct placement notes.

As of June 30, 2022, State universities have short-term notes outstanding of \$1.3 million and long-term notes outstanding of \$13.6 million. Of the total \$14.9 million notes outstanding, \$13.1 million are direct borrowing notes.

#### Conduit Debt

Certain State authorities have issued conduit debt obligations which are not recorded as liabilities in these statements because the borrowings are, in substance, debts of other entities. The State has no obligation for this debt.

MFA issues limited obligation bonds to provide capital financing for eligible borrowers that are not part of MFA's financial reporting entity. Typically, these borrowings are repayable only from the borrowers' repayment of loans, undisbursed proceeds, and related interest earnings and MFA has no obligation for this debt. Therefore, the conduit debt obligations are not recorded as liabilities of MFA. The bonds are to finance loans to private or nonpublic, nonprofit institutions of higher education, qualified public or private educational facilities, and healthcare providers for capital improvements. As of September 30, 2022, MFA had such bonds outstanding of \$10.8 billion. Of this amount, \$830.5 million have been defeased in substance, leaving a remaining undefeased balance of \$10.0 billion. Economic gains and accounting gains and losses, resulting from in-substance defeasance, inure to the benefit of the facility for which the bonds were issued, and accordingly are not reflected in the MFA financial statements.

The Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF) issues taxable and tax-exempt private activity bonds, formerly known as industrial development revenue bonds, which are not recorded as liabilities. The total amount of private activity bonds issued by MSF and its predecessor entity for the period January 1, 1979, through September 30, 2022, was \$12.4 billion. The amount of tax-exempt bonds issued during fiscal year 2022 was \$5.5 million. In fiscal year 2022, no taxable bonds were issued by MSF under the Taxable Bond Program. These borrowings are, in substance, debts of other entities and financial transactions are handled by outside trustees.

MSHDA issues limited obligation bonds to finance multi-family housing projects. Such bonds are not general obligations of MSHDA, and MSHDA has no liability for this debt. Such bonds are secured solely by revenue and property derived from or obtained in connection with the housing projects. Thus, with the exception of limited obligation financing fees, transactions related to these bonds are not reflected in MSHDA's financial statements. At June 30, 2022, limited obligation bonds had been issued totaling \$988.4 million, of which 89 issues totaling \$836.2 million had been retired. The aggregated principal of all MSHDA outstanding debt, including the limited obligation bonds, may not exceed \$5.0 billion.

#### Interest Rate Swap Agreements

MSHDA and some State universities entered into various interest rate swap agreements to reduce the cost of borrowing and exposure to variable interest rate risk for several bond series with a total notional amount of \$512.9 million and \$315.6 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2022.

### NOTE 15 – OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### **Primary Government**

#### **Other Long-Term Obligations**

In general, expenditures and fund liabilities are not recorded in governmental funds for long-term obligations until claims, judgments, or amounts owed are "due and payable" at September 30. Expenses and liabilities for material claims and judgment losses are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when the loss is considered probable.

#### **Compensated Absences**

This liability is described in more detail in Note 1.

#### Workers' Compensation

The gross amount of workers' compensation liability, \$61.5 million at September 30, 2022, has been recorded at its discounted present value of \$41.3 million, using a discount rate of approximately 8.0 percent. The present value of the current portion of this liability is \$9.2 million. In fiscal year 2022, State agencies paid reimbursement for actual workers' compensation claims and administrative fees totaling \$24.7 million.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

This liability is described in more detail in Note 10.

#### Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

This liability is described in more detail in Note 11.

#### **Pollution Remediation**

This liability is measured in accordance with the obligating event criteria defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 49, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations</u>. The State's pollution remediation obligation at September 30, 2022, is \$176.5 million (\$35.9 million of which is the current portion). This estimate is based on professional judgment, experience, and historical cost data. Recoveries from other responsible parties, which would reduce the State's remediation liability, are not anticipated. Remediation obligation estimates may change over time due to changes in technology, prices, and regulations.

Superfund sites account for approximately \$99.4 million of this total. The State has numerous instances of hazardous waste contamination that qualify as Superfund sites. Superfund is the federal government's program to clean up these hazardous waste sites. Under this program, the State is required to pay or ensure payment of 10.0 percent of the cost of remediation action and 100 percent of the cost of operations and maintenance.

Remediation obligations related to underground storage tanks account for \$25.2 million of this total. As of September 30, 2022, there were 521 open claims. The State reimburses eligible refined petroleum underground storage tank owners or operators for eligible cleanup costs for confirmed releases that were discovered and reported on or after December 30, 2014.

Other pollution obligations include funds committed for remediation activities for publicly-funded response activities and Stateliable sites. Not included in the liability is approximately \$15.9 million for State-owned sites where a legal obligation exists but the GASB Statement No. 49 criteria for accruing a liability has not been met.

#### **Other Claims and Judgments**

The governmental activities estimated liability for other claims and litigation losses, \$1.2 billion at September 30, 2022, includes amounts for litigation, such as damages in tort cases and refund claims in cases involving State taxes and other claims, in which it is considered probable that costs will be incurred. Where a range of potential loss exists, the amount recorded is based upon the expected minimum amount that will be lost if the State does, indeed, lose. The allowance also includes projections for highway related negligence cases based upon historical loss ratios. The State continues to vigorously contest all of these claims and the State may incur no liability in the individual cases involved. Therefore, the allowance for litigation losses may be overstated (to the extent that losses do not occur) or understated (if the State losses exceed the projected minimums which have been recorded). The maximum potential loss on the allowance for estimated litigation losses is not considered reasonably measurable.

The governmental activities liability for other claims and litigation losses also includes \$585.7 million for claims adjudicated against the State for which structured settlement amounts remained unpaid by the State as of the date of the financial statements because they are not yet due and payable. A summary of the structured settlement obligations and related interest follows (in millions):

Year Ended								
September 30		Principal	I	nterest	-	Total		
2023	\$	32.7	\$	18.7	\$	51.3		
2024		17.3		18.0		35.3		
2025		17.9		17.5		35.3		
2026		16.9		16.9		33.8		
2027		17.3		16.4		33.7		
2028-2032		95.3		73.0		168.3		
2033-2037		111.9		56.4		168.3		
2038-2042		131.4		36.8		168.3		
Thereafter		145.0		13.9		159.0		
Total	\$	585.7	\$	267.5	\$	853.2		

The liability recorded for other claims and judgments within business-type activities includes overpayments by employers to the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds totaling \$55.3 million.

#### **Changes in Other Long-Term Obligations**

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30 are summarized as follows (in millions):

Governmental Activities Other Long-term Obligations:	eginning Balance	Ac	ditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	Due	nounts e Within le Year	-	Amounts Due hereafter
Compensated absences	\$ 456.3	\$	375.5	\$	391.5	\$ 440.3	\$	209.0	\$	231.4
Workers' compensation	42.7		8.1		9.5	41.3		9.2		32.1
Net pension liability	7,647.1		-		2,994.0	4,653.1		-		4,653.1
Net OPEB liability	7,731.5		0.1		2,226.3	5,505.3		-		5,505.3
Pollution remediation	192.8		26.4		42.7	176.5		35.9		140.6
Other claims and judgments	 1,062.4		289.5		150.2	 1,201.7		390.7		811.0
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$ 17,132.8	\$	699.6	\$	5,814.2	\$ 12,018.2	\$	644.7	\$	11,373.5
Business-type Activities Other Long-term Obligations:										
Lottery prize awards*	\$ 149.4	\$	5.2	\$	14.4	\$ 140.2	\$	13.6	\$	126.6
Compensated absences	3.4		2.3		2.6	3.1		1.4		1.7
Net pension liability	44.0		-		16.7	27.3		-		27.3
Net OPEB liability	46.7		0.1		12.2	34.5		-		34.5
Other claims and judgments	 29.6		25.7		-	 55.3		20.0		35.3
Total Business-type										
Activities	\$ 273.1	\$	33.3	\$	46.0	\$ 260.5	\$	35.0	\$	225.4

\*The amounts due within one year are included with "Accounts payable and other liabilities" on the Statement of Net Position.

The compensated absence and workers' compensation liabilities will be liquidated by the applicable governmental and internal service funds that account for the salaries and wages of the related employees. The net pension liabilities and net OPEB liabilities will be liquidated by the State's governmental and proprietary funds that contribute toward the pension funds, based on the statutorily required contribution rates. The pollution remediation obligation will be liquidated by the General Fund. Other claims and judgments attributable to governmental activities will generally be liquidated by the General Fund and transportation related governmental funds.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The net pension liability totaled \$666.5 million for component units, which includes \$76.8 million related to authorities participating in the State Employees' Retirement System, \$561.9 million related to State universities participating in the Public Schools Employees' Retirement System, and the remaining amount in other non-State of Michigan related retirement systems.

The net OPEB liability totaled \$115.9 million for component units, which includes \$98.2 million related to authorities participating in the State Employees' Retirement System and Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit, and the remaining amount in other non-State of Michigan related retirement systems. State universities participating in the Public Schools Employees' Retirement System reported a net OPEB asset of \$42.9 million.

Component units reported unused lines of credit totaling \$21.5 million in their separately issued statements, utilizing their respective fiscal year ends.

#### Michigan Education Trust

Michigan Education Trust (MET) offers contracts, which for actuarially determined amounts, provide future tuition at State institutions of higher education. Contract provisions also allow the benefits to be used at private or out-of-state institutions, with the amount provided being based upon rates charged by the State's public institutions of higher education. The tuition payments are made by MET as a separate legal entity and these contracts are not considered obligations of the State. The Legislature is not obligated to provide appropriations should losses occur. The statutes and contracts provide for refunds to the participants if MET becomes actuarially unsound. Liabilities have been recorded on the Statement of Net Position for the actuarial present value of future tuition benefit obligations.

The 1988, 1989, and 1990 enrollments are known as Plans B and C. Enrollments after November 1995 are known as Plan D.

The actuarial report on the status of MET Plans B and C, as of September 30, 2022, shows the actuarial present value of future tuition obligations to be \$42.2 million, as compared to the actuarially determined market value of assets available of \$93.9 million. The actuarial assumptions used include: a projected tuition increase rate of 4.5 percent for all future years and a discount rate of 2.5 percent.

The actuarial report on the status of MET Plan D, as of September 30, 2022, shows the actuarial present value of future tuition obligations to be \$686.8 million, as compared to the actuarially determined market value of assets available of \$960.3 million. The actuarial assumptions used include: a projected tuition increase rate of 4.5 percent for all years and a discount rate of 5.5 percent.

On November 8, 1994, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit ruled that MET is an integral part of the State of Michigan and, thus, the investment income realized by MET is not currently subject to federal income tax. On August 20, 1996, the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 (the "1996 Tax Act") was signed into law which included a provision adding a new section to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 defining "qualified state tuition programs." A qualified state tuition program is generally exempt from income tax, but is subject to unrelated business income tax. MET has no unrelated business income. Distributions made in excess of qualified higher education expenses (whether to the refund designee, beneficiary, or to a college on behalf of the beneficiary) are taxable income to the beneficiary or the refund designee. In May 1997, MET submitted a request for ruling to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for verification that MET is in compliance with the 1996 Tax Act.

### NOTE 16 - INCOME TAX CREDITS AND REFUNDS

#### Income Tax Credits

The Michigan Income Tax Act provides for several types of tax credits. Some credits are accounted for as revenue reductions for financial reporting purposes while others are reported as expenditures. Revenue reductions are reported for those income tax credits that are limited by the amount of an individual's tax liability before considering such credits. To the extent these nonrefundable credits will generate future year payments, they are accrued as income tax refund liabilities together with estimated over withholdings.

Expenditures are reported for those credits which can be received even if they exceed the individual's tax liability. For these refundable credits, the substance of the transaction is that the State is making a grant payment using the income tax system as a filing and payment mechanism. The amount of credit received is not a part of the determination of tax liability. The State's property tax is the primary credit that falls into this category. Expenditures for this credit are recognized in the year the tax returns are filed and recipients claim the credit.

The following table summarizes the various credits, reported on the "Tax credits" line as an expense in the government-wide financial statements and as an expenditure in the fund financial statements at September 30 (in millions):

Property tax credits:	
General homestead	\$ 434.1
Senior citizens	267.9
Blind and disabled	52.6
Farmland preservation	44.4
Veterans	 0.3
Subtotal - property tax credits	799.3
Earned income tax credit	109.4
Home heating (excluding federal share)	 0.1
Total tax credits	\$ 908.8

#### Income Tax Refunds Payable

The \$2.1 billion reported as a liability on the "Income tax refunds payable" line in the government-wide and fund financial statements includes: projected refund estimates for over withholding and tax credits reported as revenue reductions, actual refunds made in October and November, and accruals for known income tax litigation losses.

### NOTE 17 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The State employs a variety of tax abatements that encourage economic development within the State, or otherwise benefits Michigan citizens. A tax abatement (for financial reporting purposes) is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the State or citizens of the State. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, <u>Tax Abatement Disclosures</u>, requires disclosure of certain information about tax abatement agreements. The State administers other programs and policies that reduce the taxes that an individual or entity would otherwise owe that do not meet the definition of a tax abatement as defined by GASB Statement No. 77 and are therefore not included in this disclosure.

As of September 30, the State provided tax abatements through the following programs:

Program Name	Brownfield Redevelopment Credit Program
Program purpose	The Brownfield Redevelopment Credit Program was established to encourage businesses to make an investment in eligible Michigan property that was used or is currently used for commercial, industrial, public, or residential purposes and is either a facility (environmentally contaminated property), functionally obsolete, or blighted.
Taxes being abated	Michigan Business Tax (MBT)
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	Public Acts 39 of 2011 Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Sections 125.2651 - 125.2670, 207.801 - 207.810, and 208.1437
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	Taxpayer enters into an agreement with the Michigan Economic Growth Authority (MEGA) and agrees to fulfill investment necessary for the demolition, construction, restoration, alteration, renovation, or improvement of buildings located in Brownfield development zones. Eligible property must be owned or leased by the taxpayer and designated in a locally approved Brownfield Plan created under the Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act. Credits are awarded to projects that best meet criteria for selection priorities.
How taxes are reduced	Taxpayer claims a credit when filing annual tax return. Taxpayer may also file a form separate from the annual tax return to claim an accelerated and reduced payment of the credit. Credit is computed and certified by the Michigan Economic Development Corporation (MEDC).
How amount of abatement is determined	Tax liability is reduced via credit based on a formula set by law that considers the amount of eligible investment.
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for recapture	The disposal or transfer to another location of personal property used to calculate this credit will result in an addition to the tax liability of the qualified taxpayer that was originally awarded the credit in the year in which the disposal or transfer occurs. This is true even if the credit was assigned to someone else. This additional liability will be calculated as of the date of the disposition or transfer by multiplying the same percentage used to calculate the credit times the federal basis of the property used to calculate gain or loss (as calculated for federal purposes). The amount otherwise added to the tax liability may also be used to reduce any carryforward of credits available to the taxpayer.
	For multiphase projects, if all components are not completed by ten years after the date on which the preapproval letter was issued, the qualified taxpayer shall pay to the state treasurer, as a penalty, an amount equal to the sum of all credits claimed and assigned for all components of the project. No credits based on that multiphase project shall be claimed after that date by the qualified taxpayer or any assignee.
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Perform eligible investment per MEGA agreement. Taxpayer will need to perform either demolition, construction, restoration, alteration, renovation, or improvement of buildings or site improvements on eligible property, the addition of machinery, equipment, and fixtures to eligible property, or various environmental clean-up activities on eligible property.
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	This information is legally prohibited from being disclosed under MCL Section 205.28(1)(f).

Program Name	Brownfield Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing Program
Program purpose	This Brownfield Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing Program was established to encourage businesses to revitalize and redevelop eligible Michigan property that was used or is currently used for commercial, industrial, public, or residential purposes and is either a facility (environmentally contaminated property), functionally obsolete, or blighted.
Taxes being abated	State Education Tax (SET)
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	MCL Sections 125.2651 - 125.2670

Program Name	Brownfield Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing Program						
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	A work plan in accordance with P.A. 381 of 1996 to remediate a Brownfield property must be approved by either the Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy for environmental eligible activities or the Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF) for nonenvironmental eligible activities. The size and the duration of tax incentives are highly discretionary, as each is determined on a case-by-case basis by the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority of the relevant locality.						
How taxes are reduced	Taxes are reduced using tax increment financing. The developer of the Brownfield property is repaid for its Brownfield related investment via capture of the increased taxable value.						
How amount of abatement is determined	The amount of abatement is based on the increase in taxable value caused by redevelopment of the Brownfield property.						
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for recapture	No provisions for recapturing abated taxes.						
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Adherence to Brownfield work plans for rehabilitation of Brownfield properties.						
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	\$13.2 million						

Program Name	Farmland Preservation Credit - Corporate and Non-Corporate Program
Program Purpose	The Farmland Preservation Credit Program was established to provide tax incentive for farmland owners, which include individuals and corporations, that enter into a Farmland Development Rights Agreement (FDRA) with the Michigan Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (MDARD) and agree to preserve the land as farmland and not develop for another use. The credit gives back to farmland owners a portion of the property taxes paid on farmland.
Taxes being abated	Individual Income Tax (IIT) MBT
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	Public Act 39 of 2011 MCL Section 324.36109
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	Taxpayer must own farmland and have entered into an FDRA agreement with MDARD.
How taxes are reduced	Taxpayer claims a credit when filing annual tax return.
How amount of abatement is determined	Tax liability is reduced via credit based on a formula set by law that considers the proportion of eligible and non-eligible property taxes paid on the farmland.
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for recapture	If a parcel is released from the program, the land owner is required to repay the tax credits taken during the last seven years under the agreement, plus six percent simple interest.
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Taxpayer agrees not to develop farmland for another purpose besides farming.
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	\$53.1 million (IIT) \$1.8 million (MBT)

Program Name	Historic Preservation Credit Program
Program purpose	The Historic Preservation Credit Program was established to provide tax incentives for homeowners, commercial property owners, and businesses to rehabilitate historic resources located in Michigan. Rehabilitation projects must be certified by the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO).
Taxes being abated	MBT IIT
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	Public Act 39 of 2011 MCL Sections 206.266 and 208.1435
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	Taxpayer has a rehabilitation plan certified for the rehabilitation of a historic resource, and/or the taxpayer applies and receives confirmation from the Michigan State Housing Development Authority that the historic significance, the rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation of the historic resource meet criteria determined by the law. This credit is no longer available to new property owners and no new applications are being accepted. However, there are existing projects actively using the credit.
How taxes are reduced	Taxpayer claims a credit when filing annual tax return. Credit is computed and certified by SHPO.
How amount of abatement is determined	Tax liability is reduced via credit based on a formula set by law that considers the amount of qualified eligible investment certified by SHPO, scale of project, and whether the taxpayer is eligible for the federal Rehabilitation Credit under Section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code.
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for recapture	If the historic resource is sold or disposed of less than five years after being placed in service, a percentage of the credit amount previously claimed shall be added back to the tax liability of the qualified taxpayer based on the number of years the resource had been in service.
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Recipient must make qualified expenditures to rehabilitate a historic resource.
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	This information is legally prohibited from being disclosed under MCL Section 205.28(1)(f).

Program Name	MEGA Employment Credit Program
Program purpose	The MEGA Tax Credit Program was established in 1995 to promote economic growth and job creation within the State. The MEGA tax credit is a refundable tax credit to a company's business tax liability to the State of Michigan. A MEGA tax credit certificate is granted to a Michigan business once it fulfills an agreed upon number of created and retained jobs and amount of capital investment in the State. As of December 2011, no new tax credit applications have been accepted or awarded.
Taxes being abated	MBT
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	Public Act 39 of 2011 MCL Sections 207.801 - 207.810 and 208.1431
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	Taxpayer agrees to retain or add qualified new jobs as defined in MCL Section 207.803.
How taxes are reduced	Taxpayer claims a credit when filing annual tax return. Credit is computed and certified by MEDC.
How amount of abatement is determined	Tax liability is reduced via credit based on the amount of payroll attributable to qualified new or retained jobs, health care costs, tax rate, and specific annual limits defined by law.

Program Name	MEGA Employment Credit Program					
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for	As determined by MEGA, the taxpayer may have its credit reduced or terminated, or have a percentage of the credit amount previously claimed added back to the tax liability of the taxpayer in the tax year that the taxpayer:					
recapture	<ul> <li>fails to meet the requirements for the credit</li> <li>violates any conditions included in the agreement entered with MEGA</li> <li>removes any of the qualified new jobs from Michigan during the term of the written agreement and for a period of years after the term of the written agreement</li> </ul>					
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Retain or add qualified new jobs as defined in MCL Section 207.803.					
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	\$509.8 million					

Program Name	Renaissance Zone Property Tax Exemption Program
Program purpose	The Renaissance Zone Property Tax Exemption Program provides incentive for businesses and individuals to help revitalize a designated Renaissance Zone. Originally, Michigan Renaissance Zones were geographic regions of the State designated as virtually tax free for any business or resident presently in or moving into a Renaissance Zone for a period of up to 15 years. Since then, the Renaissance Zone Act (P.A. 375 of 1996, as amended) has been expanded shifting away from larger geographic area designations and now focuses on project-specific and parcel-specific designations. All Renaissance Zone types receive the same benefit. As of December 31, 2011, the geographic region portion of the program is being phased out and time extensions and new geographic subzones are no longer available.
Taxes being abated	SET
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	MCL Sections 125.2681 - 125.2696 and 211.7ff
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	Renaissance Zone exemptions reported under GASB Statement No. 77 are limited to exemptions claimed by taxpayers with a development agreement executed between the taxpayer and MSF board or that are part of a qualified collaborative agreement. Taxpayers must be located and conducting business activity in a Renaissance Zone.
How taxes are reduced	For taxpayers with an executed development agreement, real and personal property in a Renaissance Zone is exempt from taxation under the General Property Tax Act with certain exceptions as specified in MCL 211.7ff.
How amount of abatement is determined	Property tax exemption applies to all taxes levied except for debt millage, school district sinking fund millage, independent school district enhancement millage, and special assessments.
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for recapture	Recapture conditions vary and only occur when expressly provided in the agreement signed by the taxpayer and MSF board.
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Locate and conduct business in the Renaissance Zone and create jobs or make capital investment.
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	\$3.7 million

Program Name	State Essential Services Assessment Exemption
Program purpose	The State Essential Services Assessment Exemption was established to encourage large-scale Michigan investments in eligible manufacturing personal property.
Taxes being abated	State Essential Services Assessment (ESA)
Authority under which abatement agreements are entered	MCL Section 211.1059
Criteria to be eligible to receive abatements	Taxpayer submits a business plan or demonstrates to MSF that a minimum of \$25 million will be invested in additional eligible personal property in this state during the duration of the written agreement. The fund board considers the following criteria when approving an exemption to the assessment: out-of-state competition; net-positive return to the State of Michigan; level of investment made by the eligible claimant; business diversification; reuse of existing facilities; near-term job creation or significant job retention as a result of the investment made in eligible personal property; strong links to Michigan suppliers; whether the project is in a local unit of government that contains an eligible distressed area as that term is defined in MCL Section 125.1411.
How taxes are reduced	If MSF grants an exemption from ESA, the taxpayer is subject to Alternative ESA under Public Act 93 of 2014. Alternative ESA is identical to ESA except that Alternative ESA tax rates are half the ESA rates. If MSF grants an exemption from both ESA and Alternative ESA, a 100% exemption is granted.
How amount of abatement is determined	Businesses receiving the abatement are required to report the acquisition cost of the exempted personal property. The acquisition cost is the tax base used to calculate ESA. The number of mills decreases based on the number of years the personal property is owned.
Provisions and conditions under which abated taxes become eligible for recapture	The written agreement shall provide for a repayment provision on the exemption to the assessment if the eligible claimant fails to comply with the provisions of the written agreement.
Types of commitments made by the recipients of the tax abatements	Taxpayer must make the required personal property investment.
Total revenue estimated to be reduced for fiscal year 2022	\$9.2 million

### **NOTE 18 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS**

The State participates in two deferred compensation plans that allow employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Executive Order 1999-7 transferred administrative oversight of the plans, labeled 457 and 401k after sections of the Internal Revenue Code, to the Department of Technology, Management and Budget. Day-to-day operations of the plans have been contracted to a third-party; however, the State Treasurer oversees investment options. Generally, the State makes no contribution to the 457 plan; however, the payments for other postemployment benefits related to employees hired prior to January 1, 2012, and who opted out of the graded premium may go to the 457 plan as employer contributions. Generally, the State does not make matching contributions to the 401k deferred compensation plan. To expand investment options, three investment tiers were developed and made available to participants on July 1, 1997. Participants invest their contributions and accumulated earnings by selecting investments in one or more of the investment tiers. Employees may, at any time, transfer accumulated balances and future contributions among the investment tiers. Investment earnings, net of investment management fees, are credited to the participants.

The 457 and 401k deferred compensation plans include loan provisions for State of Michigan employees. Loans to participants are recorded as assets.

### NOTE 19 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

#### Primary Government

The balances of current interfund receivables and payables as of September 30 were (in millions):

	Due To								
Due From	General Fund	School Aid Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Unemployment Compensation Funds	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds	Total			
General Fund	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 4.5	\$ 38.7	\$ 43.3			
Non-Major Governmental Funds	31.1	24.2	107.8	-	5.3	168.3			
State Lottery Fund	-	14.4	-	-	0.2	14.6			
Unemployment Compensation Funds	0.3	-	22.1	-	-	22.4			
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1			
Internal Service Funds	-	-	-	-	2.1	2.1			
Pension (and Other Employee Benefit)									
Trust Funds	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1			
Custodial Funds	0.8	-	-	-	-	0.8			
Total	\$ 32.1	\$ 38.6	\$ 129.9	\$ 4.5	\$ 46.5	\$ 251.6			

Interfund receivables and payables are recorded for borrowings to eliminate negative balances in the Common Cash pool, as described in Note 5, payroll liabilities for group insurance and retirement, and tax accrual distributions for taxes collected in the following fiscal year.

Included in the table above as Due to Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds, but not included as Due from other funds on the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds, are receivables from the State of Michigan's governmental funds to the State Police Retirement System (SPRS) and State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) for participant and employer contributions. Because the State of Michigan is the employer for SPRS and SERS, these receivables of \$46.4 million have been appropriately included as From participants and From employer on the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds.

Not included in the table above is the accrued interest of \$2.2 million related to an interfund advance due from the Correctional Industries Revolving Fund (an internal service fund) to the General Fund for amounts loaned for capital construction, which is not expected to be repaid within one year.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Receivables and related liabilities between the primary government and the discretely presented component units do not agree because the Michigan State Housing Development Authority and the 10 State universities have a June 30 fiscal year-end.

### **NOTE 20 – INTERFUND COMMITMENTS**

#### Mackinac Bridge Authority

Mackinac Bridge Authority (MBA), a discretely presented component unit, has over the years received \$75.3 million of subsidies, including \$12.3 million for operations and \$63.0 million for debt service. These subsidies were provided by the State Trunkline and Michigan Transportation funds, respectively.

State statutes require that MBA continue charging bridge tolls and begin repaying the State funds for the subsidies provided. These repayments are to continue until such time as the subsidies have been completely returned. MBA has not recorded a liability and the State funds have not recorded receivables for these subsidies because: the reimbursements are contingent upon future net revenues, there is no repayment schedule, and the repayment commitment is long-term and budgetary in nature. Repayments may be authorized by MBA, after consideration of MBA's annual needs for its operations and planned repairs and improvements.

As of September 30, 2022, MBA has repaid a total of \$17.6 million of the advance from the Michigan Transportation Fund, leaving a balance of \$45.4 million. No repayments have been made on the advance from the State Trunkline Fund.

### **NOTE 21 – TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers as of September 30 consisted of the following (in millions):

						Transferred To				
Transferred From		General S Fund		School Aid Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Unemployment Compensation Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	87.3	\$	425.3	\$	104.3	\$	616.8
School Aid Fund		-		-		110.5		-		110.5
Non-Major Governmental Funds		50.5		261.0		2,023.9		-		2,335.3
State Lottery Fund		6.8		1,248.6		2.8		-		1,258.2
Unemployment Compensation Funds		-		-		34.9		-		34.9
Non-Major Enterprise Funds		327.4		-		-		-		327.4
Internal Service Funds		4.2		-		-		-		4.2
Fiduciary Funds		152.0		-		-		-		152.0
Total	\$	541.0	\$	1,596.8	\$	2,597.3	\$	104.3	\$	4,839.4

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute requires to collect them to the fund that statute requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, 3) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, 4) move profits from the Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund and the State Lottery Fund as required by law, and 5) transfer accumulated surpluses from other funds to the General Fund when authorized by statute.

### NOTE 22 – FUND DEFICITS

#### **Primary Government**

#### Governmental Funds reporting a fund balance deficit:

The Advance Financing Funds, a capital projects fund, had a fund balance deficit of \$0.9 million. The fund deficit was caused by expenditures for projects for which reimbursements have not yet been received and for expenditures incurred to improve State-owned sites that have not been sold.

The State Building Authority, a capital projects fund, had a fund balance deficit of \$51.8 million. The fund deficit resulted because the fund incurred expenditures for construction projects before bond proceeds were deposited into the fund.

#### Proprietary Funds reporting a net position deficit (in millions):

Enterprise Funds:	
State Lottery Fund	\$ 52.8
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	37.2
Internal Service funds:	
Information Technology Fund	471.2
Motor Transport Fund	7.1

The fund deficits above are primarily attributable to the allocation of the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities related to the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) and total OPEB liability related to the Postemployment Life Insurance Benefit (PELIB) plan. Because these funds make contributions to SERS and the PELIB plan, a portion of the applicable liabilities must be allocated to the fund with the allocation being based on required contributions from each fund's payroll.

An additional cause of the fund deficit of the State Lottery Fund was unrealized losses due to a net decrease in the fair value of investments held by the Lottery.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

All discretely presented component units had positive net position balances as of September 30, 2022, with the exception of the Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority. The Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority's fund deficit of \$28.8 million was caused by the recognition of net pension and OPEB liabilities.

## NOTE 23 - FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

#### Fund Balance Classifications – Governmental Funds

The following table provides additional detail regarding the fund balances reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet at September 30 (in millions):

	General Fund	School Aid Fund	Other Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total
Non-Spendable	• • • • •	•	•	•	<b>•</b> •• -	•	<b>^</b>
Inventory and prepaids	\$ 92.6	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 13.7	\$-	\$ 106.4
Long term notes/receivables	41.2	-	-	-	-	-	41.2
Permanent principal	0.5	-	290.0	-	-	890.0	1,180.4
Restricted			10.0				
General government	164.9	-	13.8	-	-	-	178.6
Education	17.3	5,653.7	-	100.9	-	-	5,771.9
Public safety and corrections Conservation, environment,	68.3	-	2.7	-	-	14.2	85.2
recreation, and agriculture	447.9	-	463.7	1.7	-	249.2	1,162.6
Health and human services	113.6	-	2.8	-	-	3.9	120.3
Transportation	-	-	340.7	-	2,495.5	-	2,836.2
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	242.5	-	85.7	-	-	-	328.2
Other purposes	-	-	-	47.4	-	-	47.4
Committed							
General government	2,437.7 *	-	332.7	-	-	-	2,770.3
Education	65.4	-	0.2	-	-	-	65.6
Public safety and corrections	640.1	-	-	-	-	-	640.1
Conservation, environment,							
recreation, and agriculture	419.1	-	-	-	-	-	419.1
Health and human services	315.5	-	-	-	-	-	315.5
Transportation	117.7	-	-	-	-	-	117.7
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	274.3	-	-	-	-	-	274.3
Assigned							
General government	15.8	-	-	-	-	-	15.8
Education	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	2.4
Public safety and corrections	37.6	-	-	-	-	-	37.6
Conservation, environment,							
recreation, and agriculture	30.0	-	-	-	-	-	30.0
Health and human services	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	28.6
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	19.0	-	-	-	-	-	19.0
Unassigned	7,463.5				(52.7)		7,410.7
Total Fund Balances	\$13,055.3	<u>\$ 5,653.7</u>	\$ 1,532.2	<u>\$ 150.0</u>	\$ 2,456.5	<u>\$ 1,157.3</u>	\$ 24,005.1

\* \$1.6 billion of this balance relates to the Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund as referenced in Note 3.

#### **Restricted Net Position – Primary Government**

The following table provides additional detail regarding the restricted net position reported for the primary government on the government-wide Statement of Net Position at September 30 (in millions):

	E	stricted by nabling gislation	Co	xternal or Institutional estrictions		Total
Governmental Activities:						
Restricted For:	•		•		•	
Education	\$	5.0	\$	6,449.3	\$	6,454.3
Construction and debt service		46.2		1.7		47.9
Public safety and corrections		64.5		6.5		71.0
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		602.9		478.2		1,081.1
Health and human services		22.0		492.0		514.0
Transportation		-		1,821.4		1,821.4
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		328.4		0.3		328.7
Other purposes		175.4		16.6		192.0
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:				<i>(</i>		
Expendable		-		267.4		267.4
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	890.0	-	890.0
Total Restricted Net Position - Governmental	<u>\$</u>	1,244.4	\$	10,423.4	\$	11,667.8
Business-type Activities: Restricted For: Unemployment compensation Other purposes Total Restricted Net Position - Business-type	\$ \$	1,817.3  	\$ \$	<u>4.0</u> 4.0	\$	1,817.3 <u>4.0</u> 1,821.3
Total Primary Government:						
Restricted For:						
Education	\$	5.0	\$	6,449.3	\$	6,454.3
Construction and debt service	Ŧ	46.2	Ŧ	1.7	+	47.9
Public safety and corrections		64.5		6.5		71.0
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		602.9		478.2		1,081.1
Health and human services		22.0		492.0		514.0
Transportation		-		1,821.4		1,821.4
Unemployment compensation		1,817.3		-		1,817.3
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		328.4		0.3		328.7
Other purposes		175.4		20.6		196.1
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:						
Expendable		-		267.4		267.4
Nonexpendable		-		890.0		890.0
Total Restricted Net Position - Primary Government	\$	3,061.7	\$	10,427.4	\$	13,489.1

### **NOTE 24 – DISAGGREGATION OF PAYABLES**

The line "Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities," as presented on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as of September 30 consisted of the following (in millions):

												Michigan			
			S	School		Non-Major				State	U	Inemployment	Nor	n-Major	
	(	General		Aid	Governmental		Other		Lottery		Compensation		Enterprise		
		Fund		Fund	_	Funds	ŀ	Funds		Fund		Funds	Funds		 Total
Medicaid Programs	\$	1,843.2	\$	-	\$	· ·	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,843.2
Non-Medicaid Health and Human															
Services Programs		651.7		-		0.2		-		-		-		-	651.9
Transportation Programs		-		-		892.8		-		-		-		-	892.8
School Aid Programs		-		247.8		-		-		-		-		-	247.8
Other State Programs		751.2		-		56.0		-		-		-		-	807.2
Merit Award Scholarships		-		-		1.3		-		-		-		-	1.3
Payroll and Withholdings		202.7		-		18.2		-		0.7		-		0.4	222.0
Tax Refunds other than Income Tax		250.3		13.3		4.7		-		-		-		-	268.3
Unearned Receipts		40.2		-		8.7		-		-		-		-	48.9
Amounts Held for Others		20.4		-		38.2		-		4.8		-		-	63.3
Capital Projects - Non-Transportatio	n	-		-		11.3		-		-		-		-	11.3
Prize Awards		-		-		-		-		199.9		-		-	199.9
Liquor Purchase		-		-		-		-		-		-		114.0	114.0
Unemployment Payments		-		-		-		-		-		407.1		-	407.1
Internal Service Fund Liabilities		-		-		-		126.3		-		-		-	126.3
Due to Fiduciary Funds *		-		-		-		46.4		-		-		-	46.4
Miscellaneous					_	-				24.6		-		0.6	 25.2
Total	\$	3,759.7	\$	261.1	\$	5 1,031.5	\$	172.7	\$	229.9	\$	407.1	\$	115.0	\$ 5,977.1

\* This amount represents amounts due to fiduciary funds that are reclassified as external payables on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The State records a liability for refunds requested on tax returns processed within 60 days of fiscal year end and an estimated liability for individual income taxes. However, an estimated liability is not recognized for other tax overpayments as of fiscal year end because it is not measurable. Tax overpayments are the result of a taxpayer's estimated payments exceeding their tax liability. Estimated payments are recognized as revenue in the General Fund, School Aid Fund, Comprehensive Transportation Fund, and State Aeronautics Fund during the fiscal year in which the payment was received. Taxpayers who file a return with a tax overpayment may elect to receive the overpayment as a refund or apply it to the next tax year as a credit forward. Credit forwards are equivalent to estimated payments with respect to taxpayer contributions towards their liabilities. As of the most recently processed tax returns, credit forwards for CIT, MBT, Sales, Use, and Withholding taxes were approximately \$1.0 billion.

### **NOTE 25 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

#### Primary Government

#### Litigation

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the State accrues liabilities related to significant legal proceedings if a loss is probable and reasonably estimable. In the governmental fund financial statements, liabilities are accrued when cases are settled and the amount is due and payable.

The State is a party to various legal proceedings seeking damages, injunctive, or other relief. In addition to routine litigation, certain of these proceedings could, if unfavorably resolved from the point of view of the State, substantially affect State programs or finances. These lawsuits involve programs generally in the areas of corrections, tax collection, and unemployment insurance. Relief sought generally includes damages in tort cases, improvement of prison medical and mental health care, and refund claims for State taxes. The State is also a party to various legal proceedings that, if resolved in the State's favor, would result in contingency gains to the State, but without material effect upon fund balance/net position. The ultimate dispositions and consequences of all these proceedings are not presently determinable, but such ultimate dispositions and consequences of any single proceeding or all legal proceedings collectively should not themselves, except as listed below, in the opinion of the Attorney General of the State and the State Budget Office, have a material adverse effect on the State's financial position. Those lawsuits pending which may have a significant impact or substantial effect on State programs or finances, if resolved in a manner unfavorable to the State, include the following:

<u>Concerned Pastors for Social Action et al v Nick Khouri et al</u>: On January 27, 2016, plaintiffs filed suit against defendants in a lawsuit arising out of the Flint Water Crisis. A settlement agreement was reached on March 27, 2017. As a part of the settlement agreement, the State is required to allocate \$87.0 million from a combination of State and federal funding sources to reimburse the City of Flint through calendar year 2020 for costs related to identifying service line materials and replacing lead and galvanized steel service lines. Of the \$87.0 million, \$20.0 million will originate from federal funds under the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation Act (WIIN) and \$20.0 million will be from State matching funds related to the WIIN federal funds. The remaining \$47.0 million is required to be allocated by the State from sources other than WIIN. In addition, the State is required to reserve an additional \$10.0 million in federal WIIN funds in the event that the \$87.0 million in allocated funds do not cover all costs. As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the State has expended approximately \$91.4 million in funds for service line replacements. Other components of the settlement agreement require the State to conduct the following activities until all lead service lines are replaced: provide tap water monitoring; perform filter installation, maintenance, and education activities; and continue to operate and maintain funding at current levels for several existing programs. The amount expended includes additional funds the State allocated for service line replacement; however, it is undeterminable whether the full allocation will be used.

#### **Federal Grants**

The State receives significant financial assistance from the federal government in the form of grants and entitlements. The receipt of federal grants is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations. Substantially all federal grants are subject to either federal single audits or financial and compliance audits by grantor agencies. Questioned costs as a result of these audits may become disallowances after the appropriate review of federal agencies. Material disallowances are recognized as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when the loss becomes probable and reasonably estimable. Disallowances are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when the loss becomes due and payable. As of September 30, 2022, the State has recognized a liability of \$84.0 million in the government-wide statements. In addition, the State had been notified of disallowances and identified potential disallowances totaling approximately \$257.2 million for which the State believes the possibility of full repayment is reasonably possible. The State estimates that any additional disallowances of recognized revenue will not be material to the general purpose financial statements.

#### Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund

The Coronavirus pandemic has had an economic impact on the United States and the international community, significantly impacting unemployment across the country. In early March 2020, the Coronavirus pandemic had the Unemployment Insurance Agency (UIA) quickly moving to implement several new federal programs designed to assist workers impacted by the pandemic. These programs included Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA), Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (PUC), Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation, Extended Benefits, and then later the Lost Wage Assistance (LWA) program. The PUA program in particular covered workers who were not previously covered by unemployment insurance. These programs created a surge in claim volume that had never been experienced by UIA.

The LWA program requires states to reimburse the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for any overpayments that are not attributable to claimant error. Unlike other federal programs, this reimbursement must be made when the period of performance ends and the LWA program is closed. UIA estimates a potential liability of \$173.0 million that will need to be returned to FEMA during fiscal year 2023. The repayment of overpaid LWA claims is a national issue impacting states that administered the LWA program.

In the opinion of management, reimbursement requirements will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund (Compensation Fund). Reimbursement for these potential liabilities cannot be made from the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund (Trust Fund), thus other State funds must be appropriated. The State funding source utilized would then be reimbursed from subsequent collection activity on the associated overpayments.

Due to the speed of implementation of the previously mentioned programs, the limited requirements of the new PUA program, and the additional benefits provided by the PUC program, unemployment insurance programs throughout the country became a target for large-scale impostor fraud activity. These factors and others, including the addition of third-party contractors, numerous system changes, and program requirements that limited the verification of claimant information, contributed to a potentially significant increase in UIA's fraud exposure.

As of September 30, 2022, UIA had over 531,000 open potential fraud investigation cases. Almost 83.0 percent of these cases involve PUA claims. The total amount of fraudulent benefits issued by UIA will not be known until all the suspected cases have been thoroughly investigated. Losses attributable to federal funds appropriated by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act would have no impact on the health of the Compensation Fund. During the fiscal year, the State of Michigan made a voluntary \$100.0 million deposit into the Trust Fund to mitigate the impact of fraudulent cases on the solvency of the Compensation Fund.

UIA has not reclassified any amount of benefits expense for losses from fraudulent benefit payments. In response to the increased fraud activity and benefit recipients who typically do not qualify for regular unemployment benefits, UIA implemented additional staff reviews of claims prior to the release of payments. Payments authorized but pending staff review were recorded to an accrued payable account pending resolution. As of September 30, 2022, the gross accrued benefits payable to claimants

pending review was approximately \$130.0 million. Based on estimated rates of eventual approval for similar claims, UIA has adjusted this balance, the corresponding receivable from the federal government, and the associated revenues and expenses by approximately \$32.0 million for claims not expected to be paid. These amounts may need to be further adjusted as claims are adjudicated. As this adjustment relates only to federally funded benefits, this adjustment has had no impact on the Compensation Fund's net position.

Although the pandemic programs were discontinued at the end of fiscal year 2021, a significant amount of UIA's efforts during the current fiscal year have been spent addressing backlogs, adjudications, and protests associated with these programs. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, UIA paid approximately \$883.0 million in unemployment benefits to over 239,000 claimants. These benefits include approximately \$630.0 million in regular unemployment benefits and approximately \$253.0 million in federal program benefits.

In December 2022, UIA implemented a collection pause for claimant overpayments resulting from benefits paid during the pandemic. The pause will allow time for UIA to address protests and appeals of overpayment determinations before collection activity commences. The length of the pause is undetermined but will be ceased upon elimination of the backlog. In addition to the short-term reduction in overpayment collections, UIA intends to refund amounts previously collected on overpayments associated with the period beginning March 1, 2020. An estimated \$27.5 million is expected to be refunded back to claimants in 2023, which has been recorded as a liability in the fiscal year 2022 financial statements.

#### Gain Contingencies

Certain contingent receivables related to the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) are not recorded as assets in these statements. Amounts recoverable from DHHS grant recipients for grant overpayments or from responsible third parties are recorded as receivables only if the amount is reasonably measurable, expected to be received within 12 months, and not contingent upon future grants or the completion of major collection efforts by the State. If recoveries are accrued and the program involves federal participation, a liability for the federal share of the recovery is also accrued. The unrecorded amount of potential recoveries, which are ultimately collectible, cannot be reasonably determined.

<u>Master Settlement Annual Payment</u>: In 1998, the major United States tobacco product manufacturers entered into the Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) with the State of Michigan and 51 other jurisdictions (the Settling States) comprised of 46 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and four U.S. territories. The MSA is the product of extensive negotiations between the Settling States and Participating Manufacturers (PMs). The Ingham County Circuit Court approved the MSA by entry of a Consent Order on December 11, 1998. The MSA releases PMs from Michigan's claims that PMs had conspired to conceal from the public the health risks related to smoking and had specifically targeted minors in their marketing efforts. In return for the release, the MSA obligates PMs to make annual payments to the states and requires substantial changes in the companies' advertising and marketing practices, with the intention of reducing underage smoking. The MSA provides that an Independent Auditor calculates PMs' payments annually, using a specified formula. The payment is computed as an aggregate figure which is then divided among the states according to percentages specified in the MSA. The MSA requires PMs to make their payments by April 15 of each year, in perpetuity, with Michigan receiving an allocable share of 4.3519476 percent of the total.

In December 2012, the State of Michigan along with over 20 other states signed the term sheet settlement, an agreement in principle designed to settle litigation over the application and interpretation of the Nonparticipating Manufacturers (NPM) adjustment and diligent enforcement provisions of the MSA. As a result of the term sheet, the uncertainty regarding the State's disputed payment account and whether the State was diligently enforcing its collection obligations pursuant to the MSA during years 2003 through 2012 was substantially eliminated. The State of Michigan avoided any further reduction of its tobacco payments for those years, and the State's share of those funds was released.

In October 2017, the parties to the term sheet settlement formalized their 2012 understanding by signing the NPM Adjustment Settlement Agreement, which provided a more definitive framework for avoiding similar disputes in subsequent years, but retains the potential for additional diligent enforcement-based adjustments after 2017.

On various dates between June 14, 2018, and November 27, 2018, the initial 26 states (including Michigan) that had joined the NPM Adjustment Settlement Agreement executed the 2016 and 2017 NPM Adjustments Settlement Agreement, which extended the terms of the earlier NPM Adjustment Settlement Agreement to apply to tobacco sales years 2016 and 2017.

On various dates between August 1, 2020, and September 4, 2020, 36 states (including Michigan) that joined the NPM Adjustment Settlement Agreement and the 2016 and 2017 NPM Adjustments Settlement Agreement, executed the 2018 through 2022 NPM Adjustments Settlement Agreement, extending the terms of the two earlier agreements to apply to tobacco sales years 2018 through 2022.

In April 2022, the State of Michigan received an annual payment of \$320.1 million pursuant to the terms of the tobacco MSA. This figure represents a combined total of the amounts received by the Michigan Department of Treasury Receipts Processing Division and the Trustee for the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority, which receives 24.11 percent of Michigan's annual MSA payment pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.261, et seq.

It is impossible to calculate with precision the amount of the MSA's sales-based annual payment that Michigan will receive in April 2023, but it is expected to exceed \$250.0 million.

<u>Opioid Litigation</u>: The State of Michigan has gain contingencies through litigation against opioid manufacturers, marketers, wholesale distributors, and pharmacies. Wholesale drug distributors McKesson Corporation, AmerisourceBergen Corporation, and Cardinal Health, Inc. were sued by the State of Michigan in State court for their role in the ongoing opioid epidemic. Specifically, these companies were sued under negligence and public nuisance theories. Nationally, these companies were sued by many governments and those cases were combined into a federal multidistrict litigation (MDL). A national settlement is underway with these companies. Michigan is participating in that settlement and began receiving payments in fiscal year 2023. It is estimated the State will receive \$315.6 million over 18 years; the State has recognized a receivable in the General Fund for \$299.8 million as of September 30, 2022, and expects to meet the incentive criteria for the remaining \$15.8 million in fiscal year 2026.

Janssen, an opioid manufacturer and subsidiary of Johnson and Johnson, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. Subsequently, a national settlement was reached and is now underway. Michigan is participating in that settlement and began receiving payments in fiscal year 2023. It is estimated the State will receive \$75.4 million over the next nine years; the State has recognized a receivable in the General Fund for \$71.8 million as of September 30, 2022, and expects to meet the incentive criteria for the remaining \$3.6 million in fiscal year 2026.

Purdue Pharmaceutical, an opioid manufacturer, was sued by many governments for its role as the progenitor of the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. Subsequently, Purdue Pharmaceutical filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy. A restructuring plan was reached but was appealed. The appeal of this matter is still pending. Michigan is a creditor and stands to recover under this bankruptcy.

Mallinckrodt Pharmaceutical, an opioid manufacturer, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. Subsequently, Mallinckrodt Pharmaceutical filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy. A restructuring plan was reached and is now effective. Michigan is a creditor and stands to recover under the debtor's plan in 2023.

Endo Pharmaceutical, an opioid manufacturer, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. Subsequently, Endo Pharmaceutical filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy. A restructuring plan is not effective currently. Michigan is a creditor and stands to recover under the debtor's plan.

Teva Pharmaceutical, an opioid manufacturer, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. A national settlement has been reached but is still pending. Michigan is participating in that settlement.

Allergan Pharmaceutical, an opioid manufacturer, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. A national settlement has been reached but is still pending. Michigan is participating in that settlement.

Walgreens, Inc., a pharmacy, was sued by the State of Michigan in State court for their role in the ongoing opioid epidemic. Specifically, Walgreens was sued under negligence, public nuisance, and drug dealer liability theories. A national settlement has been reached but is still pending. Michigan's participation in that settlement is unknown currently.

CVS, a pharmacy, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. A national settlement has been reached but is still pending. Michigan is participating in that settlement.

Walmart, a pharmacy, was sued by many governments for its role in the opioid epidemic. These cases were combined into a federal MDL. A national settlement has been reached but is still pending. Michigan is participating in that settlement.

It is difficult to calculate with precision the total amount the State of Michigan will receive as a result of opioid litigation. Additional settlements that are not listed here may arise in the future as this litigation develops.

#### **Contingent Liability for Local School District Bonds**

Article 9, Section 16, of the Michigan Constitution resulted in a contingent liability for the bonds of any school district which are "qualified" by the State Treasurer. If, for any reason, a qualified school district will be, or is, unable to pay the principal and interest on its qualified bonds when due, the school district shall borrow, and the State shall lend to it, any amount necessary for the school district to avoid a default on its qualified bonds. In the event that adequate funds are not available in the School Loan Revolving Fund to make such a loan, the State is required to make loans from the General Fund. As of September 30, 2022, the principal amount of qualified bonds outstanding was \$14.2 billion. Total debt service requirements on these bonds including interest will be approximately \$1.6 billion in 2023. The amount of loans by the State (related to local school district bonds qualified under this program), outstanding to local school districts as of September 30, 2022, is \$743.5 million. Interest due on these loans as of September 30, 2022, is \$23.5 million.

# Michigan Economic Growth Authority (MEGA) Tax Credits, Poly-Silicon Energy Cost Credit, and Historic Preservation Credit Program

MEGA tax credits are awarded to businesses that commit to making capital investments that create and/or retain jobs in Michigan. During fiscal year 2015, a number of amendments were made to the MEGA Tax Credit Program that will cap and reduce the liability in future years.

The MEGA poly-silicon energy cost credit was established to stimulate the manufacturing of polycrystalline silicon to be used for solar cells and semiconductor microchips. The law allows a refundable credit awarded before 2009 to be claimed for a period of 12 years starting in 2012 (tax years 2012 – 2023).

The Historic Preservation Credit Program was established to provide tax incentives for homeowners, commercial property owners, and businesses to rehabilitate historic resources located in Michigan. The law allows the credit to be claimed as either a refundable accelerated credit or a non-refundable credit. Like other certificated credits, beginning January 1, 2012, the historic preservation credit is only available to taxpayers who had approved rehabilitation plans by December 31, 2011, but had not fully claimed the credit before January 1, 2012.

As of September 30, 2022, an estimated \$4.0 billion in MEGA tax credits, poly-silicon energy cost credits, and historic preservation credits remained outstanding. The amount of MEGA tax credits, poly-silicon credits, and historic preservation credits expected to be redeemed is estimated at \$524.1 million in fiscal year 2023; \$500.2 million in fiscal year 2024; \$506.0 million in fiscal year 2025; and the remainder in subsequent fiscal years. The State has recognized a liability of \$12.2 million in the government-wide statements. The liability represents certificated credits eligible to be claimed and not yet claimed as of December 1, 2022.

#### Michigan Brownfield Tax Credits

Michigan brownfield tax credits are awarded to businesses that commit to revitalize, redevelop, and reuse contaminated, blighted, functionally obsolete, tax reverted, or historic property. Although the State stopped awarding new brownfield tax credits in calendar year 2011, previously issued credits remain eligible for redemption. As of September 30, 2022, an estimated \$24.3 million in brownfield tax credits remained outstanding. The amount of brownfield tax credits expected to be redeemed is estimated at \$2.5 million in fiscal year 2023; \$9.0 million in fiscal year 2024; and the remainder in subsequent fiscal years. The State has recognized a liability of \$14.5 million in the government-wide statements. The liability represents certificated credits eligible to be claimed and not yet claimed as of December 1, 2022.

#### **Commitments and Encumbrances**

The Michigan Department of Transportation has construction and consultant commitments that will be paid with transportation related funds. As of September 30, 2022, these commitments equaled \$3.5 billion; a portion of this balance, \$244.0 million, has been encumbered.

Encumbrance balances are comprised of grant agreements and other contracts the State has entered into with vendors for services or goods not yet performed or received as of year-end. A portion of these commitments will be funded with current fund balances. These amounts are included on the face of the financial statements in the restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance classifications. Resources provided by future bond proceeds, taxes, federal grants, and local and private revenues will fund the remaining commitments. The following table shows total governmental fund encumbrances as of September 30 (in millions):

	General Fund	School Aid Fund	Other Funds	Total
Restricted				
Education	\$ 8.7	\$ 16.2	\$-	\$ 24.9
Public safety and corrections	17.9	-	-	17.9
Conservation, environment,				
recreation, and agriculture	167.3	-	100.8	268.1
Health and human services	71.3	-	-	71.3
Transportation	-	-	851.9	851.9
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	60.1	-	6.9	67.0
General government	27.9	-	0.2	28.2
Committed				
Education	0.4	-	0.3	0.7
Public safety and corrections	60.2	-	-	60.2
Conservation, environment,				
recreation, and agriculture	98.9	-	-	98.9
Health and human services	9.7	-	-	9.7
Transportation	11.5	-	-	11.5
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	12.8	-	-	12.8
General government	93.6	-	24.8	118.4
Assigned				
Education	2.4	-	-	2.4
Public safety and corrections	37.7	-	-	37.7
Conservation, environment,				
recreation, and agriculture	35.3	-	-	35.3
Health and human services	29.7	-	-	29.7
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	19.6	-	-	19.6
General government	17.0	-	-	17.0
Total Encumbrances	\$ 781.8	\$ 16.2	\$ 984.9	\$ 1,782.9

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

#### **Student Loan Guarantees**

The Michigan Guaranty Agency (MGA), a fiduciary fund of the Michigan Finance Authority, is contingently liable for student loans made by financial institutions that qualify for guaranty. The State, other than MGA, is not liable for these loans. The default ratio for loans guaranteed by MGA is below 5.0 percent for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. In the event of future adverse default experience, MGA could be liable for up to 25.0 percent of defaulted loans. While management believes the MGA expected maximum contingent liability is less than 25.0 percent of outstanding guaranteed loans, the maximum contingent liability at 25.0 percent is \$142.1 million as of September 30, 2022. Management does not expect that all guaranteed loans could default in one year.

MGA has entered into commitment agreements with all lenders that provide, among other things, that MGA will maintain cash and marketable securities at an amount sufficient to guarantee loans in accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. MGA management believes MGA was in compliance with this requirement as of September 30, 2022.

#### **Multi-Family Mortgage Loans**

As of June 30, 2022, the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) has commitments to issue multi-family mortgage loans in the amount of \$349.9 million and single-family mortgage loans in the amount of \$87.8 million.

MSHDA has committed up to approximately \$1.1 million per year for up to 30 years from the date of completion of the respective developments (subject to three years advance notice of termination) from its accumulated reserves and future

income to subsidize operations or rents for certain tenants occupying units in certain developments funded under MSHDA's multi-family program.

In addition, MSHDA makes available up to approximately \$1.0 million per year for up to 30 years to subsidize rents in a similar fashion for 20.0 percent of the units in certain other developments financed or to be financed under MSHDA's multi-family mortgage lending program.

## **NOTE 26 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Primary Government

#### General

The State has elected not to purchase commercial insurance for many of the risks of losses to which it is exposed. The State is self-insured for most general liability and property losses, portions of its employee insurance benefit and employee bonding programs, automobile liability, and workers' compensation and unemployment compensation claims. Areas of risk where some level of insurance coverage is purchased include: aircraft liability, property and loss rental insurance that may be required by bond or lease agreements, portions of the State employee insurance benefits program, certain State artifacts, boiler and machinery coverage, and employee bonding. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past ten fiscal years.

The State has established two internal service funds, which are described below, to account for certain aspects of the risk management program. Fund expenditures (expenses) are recognized in the paying funds in a manner similar to purchased commercial insurance. For other uninsured losses not covered by an internal service fund program, such as general liability and property losses, the State recognizes fund liabilities in the fund incurring the loss as follows: governmental funds record an expenditure when a loss is due and payable; proprietary funds record an expense when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount can be reasonably estimated. As explained more fully in Note 15, losses for workers' compensation and certain types of litigation losses have been recognized as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

For unemployment claims, the Unemployment Compensation Fund of the Unemployment Insurance Agency (UIA) bills the State for the actual amount of claims paid to former State employees. The State accrues liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements for unemployment compensation, only to the extent paid by UIA through September 30. During fiscal year 2022, expenditures for payments to former State employees (not including university employees) were \$3.4 million. The potential liability for future payments cannot be estimated.

The State's two internal service funds, which account for certain areas of risk management, such as portions of its employee insurance benefits, general liability, and automobile liability, follow accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This results in a reporting which is very similar to that used in the private insurance industry. The various component programs within the two funds may incur deficits during a given year, but each program's surplus and unrestricted net position balance is considered in calculating future charges or benefit levels.

#### **Risk Management Fund**

This fund was established during fiscal year 1990 to account for insurance management activities implemented within the Department of Technology, Management and Budget. The automobile liability and administrative functions are accounted for as operating activities of this fund. Expenses and liabilities for claims, including incurred but not reported or not processed claims, have been recorded in the amount of \$5.6 million. This includes a long-term portion, which is recorded at \$4.3 million.

Changes in the Risk Management Fund's claims for automobile liability for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	2022		 2021
Balance - beginning	\$	8.0	\$ 6.9
Current year claims and			
changes in estimates		(0.4)	1.9
Claim payments		(2.1)	 (0.8)
Balance - ending	\$	5.6	\$ 8.0

The Risk Management Fund also has general liability insurance with \$0.9 million recorded in long-term liabilities. General liability insurance amounts were previously reported as part of the Fund's automobile liability. The combined total for the automobile liability and general liability insurances is \$6.5 million in 2022 and \$9.0 million in 2021.

Workers' compensation payments for State agencies are processed centrally through the Risk Management Fund. Changes in workers' compensation claims for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	2022		2	2021
Balance - beginning	\$	42.7	\$	39.4
Current year claims and				
changes in estimates		8.1		12.1
Claim payments		(9.5)		(8.8)
Balance - ending	\$	41.3	\$	42.7

Workers' compensation is further described in Note 15.

#### State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund

The Department of Technology, Management and Budget and the Civil Service Commission use this fund to account for employee benefit programs, which are largely self-funded. Expenses and liabilities for claims, which include incurred but not reported or not processed benefit claims, based on preliminary estimates from the plan administrators, have been recorded as liabilities in the amount of \$137.2 million. This includes a long-term portion, which is recorded at a discounted present value of \$89.6 million. For all claims incurred prior to October 1, 2022, the discounted present value of the long-term disability liability was calculated over a 20-year period using a discount rate of approximately 0.8 percent.

Payments to the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund are based on estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. In addition, a portion of the fund's net position has been designated for catastrophic losses. The risk management designation represents the level of reserves that should be maintained to ease large fluctuations in premium levels in years of unexpected excessive claims. That designation was \$45.5 million at September 30, 2022. Unrestricted net position totaled \$184.4 million at September 30, 2022.

Changes in the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund's claims liability for employee benefit programs for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	2022		 2021
Balance - beginning	\$	125.2	\$ 127.3
Current year claims and			
changes in estimates		787.4	765.2
Claim payments		(775.4)	 (767.4)
Balance - ending	\$	137.2	\$ 125.2

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

#### **State Universities**

The State university component units participate with the other Michigan public universities in the Michigan Universities Self-Insurance Corporation (MUSIC), which provides indemnity to its members against comprehensive general liability, errors and omissions losses, and property losses commonly covered by insurance. Loss coverages are structured on a three-layer basis with each member retaining a portion of its losses, MUSIC covering the second layer, and commercial carriers covering the third layer.

## NOTE 27 – PLEDGED REVENUES

As authorized by legislation, certain revenues of the primary government are pledged to secure debt of the State's discretely presented component units, and to pay the debt service on those bond issuances. In 2006, the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (MTSFA) was created to issue tobacco settlement bonds, the proceeds of which were used to provide funding for the 21st Century Jobs Trust Fund, as well as the School Aid Fund, the General Fund, and a reserve fund. MTSFA was reported as a blended component unit of the State; MTSFA subsequently was transferred by Executive Order 2010-2 to the Michigan Finance Authority (MFA), a discretely presented component unit of the State. The bonds were securitized by a portion of the State's Tobacco Settlement Revenues (TSRs), which were payable to the State under the Master Settlement Agreement entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers in 1998. Beginning April 1, 2008, 13.3 percent of the State's share of the TSRs was pledged to pay tobacco settlement bonds issued in 2006; beginning April 1, 2010, 10.8 percent of TSRs was pledged to pay tobacco settlement bonds issued as part of the 2007 tobacco securitization. From 2018-2025, the State's share of the settlement is \$348.3 million per year. The actual amount received by the State is less, and is affected by market and other factors related to cigarette manufacturing.

For the period ended September 30, 2022, the State's pledged revenue to MFA was \$77.2 million. A total amount of \$76.9 million was received in MFA's tobacco settlement debt service fund to contribute to annual debt service requirements of \$77.7 million. Shortfalls in the receipt of pledged revenue are made up by investment income if available or other resources; debt service on these bonds is payable solely from pledged TSRs.

# NOTE 28 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The following table provides additional detail regarding deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (in millions):

	Pr			
		Business-		
	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Totals	Component Units
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging				
derivative instruments	\$-	- \$	\$-	\$ 16.9
Refunding of debt	35.4	· -	35.4	81.5
Pension Related:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	41.3		41.3	0.4
Changes of assumptions	60.7	-	60.7	5.7
Net difference between projected and				1.0
actual earnings on pension plan investments	700.0		-	4.9
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total Pension Related	762.3 864.3		<u>766.8</u> 868.8	<u>45.0</u> 56.0
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Related:	804.3	4.5	808.8	50.0
Differences between expected and actual experience	0.2		0.2	8.2
Changes of assumptions	1,229.7		1,237.6	54.3
Changes in proportion and differences between	1,223.7	0.0	1,207.0	04.0
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	33.0	2.8	35.8	57.5
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	655.1		659.3	29.1
Total OPEB Related	1,918.0		1,932.9	149.1
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,817.6		\$ 2,837.1	\$ 303.5
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivative	\$-	- \$	\$-	\$ 2.2
Loan origination fees		· -		23.4
Refunding of debt	7.6		7.6	9.7
Lease related	37.1	-	37.1	162.4
Irrevocable split-interest agreements	-	· -	-	32.2
Service concession arrangements	-		-	111.8
Pension Related:	0.3		0.3	0.6
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	0.3	-	0.5	1.5
Net difference between projected and	-	-	-	1.5
actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,039.8	12.1	2,051.9	109.7
Total Pension Related	2,040.1		2,052.2	111.7
OPEB Related:	2,0101		2,002.2	
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,235.4	21.2	3,256.7	80.4
Changes of assumptions	216.0		217.4	77.7
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	554.0	3.5	557.5	34.5
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	93.7		96.1	14.3
Total OPEB Related	4,099.1		4,127.7	207.0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 6,183.9	\$ 40.6	\$ 6,224.6	\$ 660.4

#### Michigan Notes to the Financial Statements

The following table provides additional detail regarding deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds (in millions):

	(	General Fund	S	chool Aid Fund	N	lon-Major Funds	Go	l otal overnmental Funds
Taxes considered unavailable	\$	3,689.8	\$	783.3	\$	20.9	\$	4,494.0
Tobacco settlement receivables		13.1		-		157.7		170.9
School loan revolving program		23.5		-		-		23.5
Opioid settlement receivables		374.2		-		-		374.2
Other		29.5		-		15.5		45.0
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	4,130.0	\$	783.3	\$	194.1	\$	5,107.4

#### Service Concession Arrangements

This deferred inflow of resources is described in more detail in Note 9. The Service Concession Arrangements are related to Eastern Michigan University and Northern Michigan University.

## NOTE 29 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### Short-Term Borrowing

On November 17, 2022, the State Building Authority (SBA) issued \$77.4 million of commercial paper notes bearing an interest rate of 2.6 percent. The notes matured on January 26, 2023.

On January 26, 2023, SBA issued \$106.8 million of commercial paper notes bearing an interest rate of 2.6 percent. The notes mature on March 16, 2023.

On March 16, 2023, SBA issued \$107.2 million of commercial paper notes bearing an interest rate of 3.4 percent. The notes mature on April 20, 2023.

#### Short-Term Borrowing – Discretely Presented Component Units

On February 22, 2023, the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) entered into a \$150.0 million short-term credit agreement, for the sole purpose of purchasing single-family mortgages and down payment assistance (DPAs) loans. This credit agreement will be repaid at the time of the issuance of the Single-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds expected in April 2023.

Subsequent to June 30, 2022, MSHDA drew \$100.0 million on its revolving line of credit. On March 13, 2023, MSHDA extended the \$100.0 million revolving line of credit for the purpose of purchasing single-family mortgages and DPAs loans until funding was available from additional bond issuances.

#### Long-Term Borrowing – Discretely Presented Component Units

Subsequent to their respective year-ends, the following discretely presented component units issued bonds, some of which are for purposes of refinancing (in millions):

	Bonds
	Issued
Michigan State Housing Development Authority	\$ 339.1
Michigan Technological University	28.2
Oakland University	 44.8
Total	\$ 412.1





# FINANCIAL SECTION

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	GENERAL FUND					
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH		
Beginning budgetary fund balance	\$ 8,178,297	\$ 8,178,297	\$ 8,178,297	\$-		
	φ 0,170,297	φ 0,170,297	φ 0,170,297	φ -		
Resources (inflows):						
General Purpose Revenues:						
Taxes	11,290,000	14,035,910	14,035,910	-		
Federal	10,000	9,227	9,227	-		
Local	100	24	24	-		
Licenses and permits	14,000	10,655	10,655	-		
Services	7,000	1,123	1,123	-		
Miscellaneous	94,500	179,890	179,890	-		
Transfers in	257,600	472,262	472,262	-		
Restricted Revenues:						
Taxes	4,282,476	6,004,445	6,004,445	-		
Federal	26,277,530	29,798,698	29,798,698	-		
Local	208,536	283,319	283,319	-		
Licenses and permits	489,992	401,769	401,769	-		
Services	361,594	343,468	343,468	-		
Miscellaneous	1,363,381	618,627	618,627			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	6,866	6,866	-		
Transfers in	37,850	68,716	68,716			
Total Revenue Inflows	44,694,558	52,234,998	52,234,998			
Amounts Available for Appropriation	52,872,855	60,413,295	60,413,295			
Charges to Appropriations (outflows);						
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):	200 111	200.014	206 204	3 500		
Legislative Branch Judicial Branch	280,111 321,014	209,914 276,700	206,394 276,527	3,520 174		
Executive Branch:	521,014	270,700	210,321	174		
Agriculture and Rural Development	162,482	112,709	111,647	1,062		
Attorney General	112,839	86,860	86,762	98		
Civil Rights	18,427	15,703	15,625	78		
Colleges and Universities Grants	1,446,619	1,421,479	1,415,185	6,294		
Corrections	2,301,215	2,039,663	1,982,524	57,140		
Education	2,221,240	1,706,566	1,697,831	8,735		
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy	704,720	554,429	551,244	3,185		
Executive Office	7,319	7,319	7,115	204		
Health and Human Services	31,659,883	32,299,812	32,053,621	246,190		
Insurance and Financial Services	72,988	64,752	64,752	240,190		
Labor and Economic Opportunity	1,200,529	3,570,197	3,329,403	240,794		
Licensing and Regulatory Affairs	520,005	367,652	362,746	4,906		
Military and Veterans Affairs	173,843	184,849	171,536	13,313		
Natural Resources	167,593	119,954	119,183	770		
State	257,418	242,061	237,956	4,105		
State Police	852,850	1,151,746	1,148,044	3,702		
Technology, Management and Budget	974,458	1,050,598	1,020,502	30,096		
Transportation	11,100	6,412	6,408	30,090		
Treasury						
Intrafund expenditure reimbursements	2,151,209	4,521,721	4,428,097	93,624		
Total Charges to Appropriations	45,617,861	(1,525,780) 48,485,318	(1,525,780) 47,767,323	717,994		
	-,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Reconciling Items:		(0 = 40)	(0 E 4 0)			
Change in noncurrent assets Net Reconciling Items		(9,540) (9,540)	(9,540) (9,540)			

			SCHOOL	AID	FUND	
	ORIGINAL		FINAL			VARIANCE WITH
	BUDGET		BUDGET		ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET
\$	2,949,478	\$	2,949,478	\$	2,949,478	\$-
	14,481,352		15,505,713		15,505,713	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		26,986		26,986	-
	1,093,900		-		-	-
	13,800		810,030		810,030	-
	1,806,979		3,818,926		3,818,926	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		22,004		22,004	-
	-		1 506 910		-	-
	17 206 021		1,596,812 21,780,470		1,596,812	
	17,396,031		21,700,470		21,780,470	
	20,345,509		24,729,948		24,729,948	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	792,820		1,092,820		1,091,858	962
	- 16,577,370		- 18,083,094		- 18,000,860	- 82,234
	-		- 10,003,094		-	- 02,234
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-			-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-
	-		1,478		1,478	-
_	-		-		-	-
	17,370,190		19,177,393		19,094,196	83,196
_	-	_	898	_	898	
	-		898		898	-
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þ	2,975,319	\$	5,553,453	\$	5,636,650	\$ 83,196

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

		GENERAL FUND		SCHOOL AID FUND
Sources/inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"				
from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	60,413,295	\$	24,729,948
Differences - Budget-to-GAAP:				
Budgetary fund balance at the beginning of the year is a				
budgetary resource but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes.		(8,178,297)		(2,949,478)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets are inflows of budgetary		(0,170,207)		(2,343,470)
resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(6,866)		-
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources				
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(540,979)		(1,596,812)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental				
Funds.	\$	51,687,153	\$	20,183,658
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Uses/outflows of resources				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to				
appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	47,767,323	\$	19,094,196
Differences - Budget-to-GAAP: Encumbrances for services and goods not yet performed or				
received are reported in the year the encumbrance is established				
for budgetary purposes, but in the year the services or goods				
are performed or received for financial reporting purposes.		(104,828)		4,164
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources				
but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.		(616,807)		(110,528)
Vendor financing acquisitions are not outflows of budgetary resources but are recorded as capital outlay expenditures				
and other financing sources under GAAP.		13,496		-
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,		10,400		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental				
Funds.	\$	47,059,185	\$	18,987,833

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING

#### Statutory/Budgetary Presentation

The various funds and programs within funds utilize a number of different budgetary control processes. Annual legislative appropriations and revenue estimates are provided for most "operating" funds. Note 2 of the basic financial statements identifies the annually budgeted operating funds.

The original executive budget and original legislative appropriations provide general purpose (unrestricted) revenue estimates in order to demonstrate compliance with constitutional provisions. Revenues restricted by law or outside grantors to a specific program are estimated at a level of detail consistent with controlling related expenditure accounts.

For programs financed from restricted revenues, spending authorization is generally contingent upon recognition of the related revenue. Reductions of spending authority occur if revenues fall short of estimates. If revenues exceed the estimate, supplemental appropriations are required before the additional resources can be spent.

The budgetary comparison schedule presented for the General Fund and the School Aid Fund presents both the original and final appropriated budgets for fiscal year 2022, as well as the actual resource inflows, outflows, and fund balance stated on the budgetary basis. The supplementary portion of this report includes a Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual, by fund type, for non-major special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds with annual budgets. Those schedules only include the final appropriated budget.

The original budget and related estimated revenues represent the spending authority enacted into law by the appropriation bills as of October 1, 2021, and include multi-year projects budgetary carry-forwards from the prior fiscal year.

The budgetary fund balance represents total fund balance, net of noncurrent assets and prior year encumbrances. Noncurrent assets do not represent current financial resources available for appropriation and are removed for budgetary purposes. Prior year encumbrances are considered uses of spending authority in the year the State incurs an obligation and are also removed.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the final legal budget be reflected in the "final budget" column; therefore, updated revenue estimates available for appropriations as of November 30, rather than the amounts shown in the original budget, are reported. The November 30 date is used because P.A. 431 of 1984, as amended, permits budget adjustments by the Legislature through 60 days after year-end.

The final appropriations budget represents original and supplemental appropriations, carry-forwards, carry-backs (i.e., current year appropriations for prior year overdrafts), approved transfers, executive order reductions, and timing differences. Expenditures, transfers out, other financing uses, and encumbrances are combined and classified by department rather than being reported by character and function as shown in the GAAP statements. This departmental classification is used to better reflect organizational responsibility and to be more consistent with the budget process. Appropriations include interagency expenditure reimbursement, in which one agency provides funding to another agency within the same fund. The final budget and actual amounts are adjusted to eliminate the duplication.

The timing differences result from unspent authorizations for multi-year projects, such as capital outlay and work projects, and from restricted revenues that had not been appropriated for expenditure in the current year. Such authorization balances remaining at year-end are removed from the final budget column to provide an "annualized" budget.

Positive "variances" reflect restricted revenues that were appropriated and available for expenditure in the current year and unused general purpose spending authority (lapses); negative "variances" reflect budgetary overdrafts. If both positive and negative variances exist for a line, the amount shown is the net variance.

#### Statutory/Budgetary Reconciliation

The statutory/budgetary basis presentation differs from GAAP in ways that do not affect ending fund balance.

For budgetary reporting purposes, expenditures and transfers out in the "Actual" column include recorded encumbrances because they are considered uses of spending authority in the year the State incurs an obligation. Therefore, the "Original" and "Final Budget" columns do not include encumbrance authorization balances carried over from the prior fiscal year. In the GAAP basis statements, expenditures do not include encumbrances. The effect of this difference is reflected as a reconciling item on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds and the Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the non-major special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds.

For budgetary purposes, vendor financing expenditures are recognized when payments are due, rather than upon inception of the contract term as required by GAAP. This difference does not affect fund balance because the "other financing sources" recorded under GAAP at inception of the contract term are not recorded on the statutory/budgetary basis.

#### **Statewide Authorization Dispositions**

Subsequent to the release of this report, the State publishes "Statewide Authorization Dispositions" to demonstrate its compliance with the legal level of budgetary control. The report includes line-item appropriation details for the General Fund and budgeted operating funds and is available by contacting the State Budget Office, Office of Financial Management at (517) 241-4010.

#### INFORMATION ABOUT INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTED USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH

As allowed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's</u> <u>Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments</u>, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include the State's network of public transportation roads and bridges, including ancillary assets, such as guard rails, signs, lighting, culverts, fencing, and the like. As of fiscal year 2021, the State is responsible for maintaining approximately 27,147 lane miles of roads and currently maintains 4,851 bridges (spans in excess of 20 feet).

In order to utilize the modified approach, the State is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets at least every three years and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the State.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

#### Roads

#### **Measurement Scale**

MDOT utilizes the Pavement Surface Evaluation and Rating (PASER) as the State's primary method to measure and monitor pavement conditions. The PASER Rating is a visual analysis conducted by trained road agency staff and includes a 10-point scale, as follows:

Rating	Asphalt	Concrete
10, 9, 8 = Good	New, like new construction, from no defects to occasional transverse crack, crack width tight (hairline) or sealed. Few if any longitudinal cracks on joints.	New, like new construction, from no defects to slight traffic wear, slight map cracking, minor surface defects, pop-outs, map cracking or slight scaling, isolated meander cracks, isolated cracks at manholes.
7, 6, 5 = Fair	Little or no crack erosion, little or no raveling, few if any patches in good condition or slight to moderate polishing or flushing, no patches or few, slight raveling or patching/wedging in good condition, moderate raveling, extensive to several flushing and polishing. Sound structural condition.	Minor surface scaling, some open joints, isolated settlement or heave areas or moderate surface scaling <25.0% of surface, several corner cracks tight or well-sealed or moderate to severe scaling or polishing between 25.0% to 50.0% of surface, spalling from shallow reinforcement, multiple corner cracks.
4, 3, 2, 1 = Poor	Severe surface raveling, multiple longitudinal and transverse cracks with slight crack erosion or longitudinal and transverse cracks showing extensive crack erosion, occasional potholes, patches in fair/poor condition or closely spaced cracks with erosion, frequent potholes, extensive patches in poor condition or loss of surface integrity, extensive surface distress.	Severe scaling, polishing, map cracking or spalling >50.0% of surface, corner cracks missing pieces or patches, pavement blowups or extensive patching in fair to poor condition or extensive and severely spalled slab cracks, extensive failed patches, joints failed, severe and extensive settlement and heaves or extensive potholes, total loss of pavement integrity.

#### **Established Condition Level**

No more than 30 percent of the pavements shall be rated as "Poor."

#### Assessed Conditions

Prior to fiscal year 2020 the State assessed the condition of the system of paved roads on a calendar year basis. The State now assesses the system of paved roads every two years. The following table reports the percentage of pavements meeting ratings of "Good" or "Poor," for the past three complete assessments. "Good" represents ratings of 10 through 5 above and "Poor" represents ratings of 4 through 1 on the PASER rating scale.

Rating	2021	2019	2018
Good	79.0%	74.0%	73.0%
Poor	21.0%	26.0%	27.0%

### Bridges

#### **Measurement Scale**

MDOT utilizes the National Bridge Inventory (NBI) rating scale to monitor the condition of all bridges under its jurisdiction. The inventory rates bridges, including the deck, superstructure and substructure, using a 10-point scale:

Rating	Description
9	Excellent (no specific definition).
8	Very good. No problems noted.
7	Good. Some minor problems.
6	Satisfactory. Structural elements show some minor deterioration.
5	Fair. All primary structural elements are sound but may have minor
	section loss, cracking, spalling, or scour.
4	Poor. Advanced section loss, deterioration, spalling, or scour.
3	Serious. Loss of section, deterioration, spalling, or scour have seriously
	affected primary structural components. Local failures are possible.
	Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present.
2	Critical. Advanced deterioration of primary structural elements. Fatigue
	cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present or scour may
	have removed substructure support. Unless closely monitored it may be
	necessary to close the bridge until corrective action is taken.
1	Imminent failure. Major deterioration or section loss present in critical
	structural components or obvious vertical or horizontal movement
	affecting structure stability. Bridge is closed to traffic, but corrective action
	may put it back into light service.
0	Failure. Out of service; beyond corrective action.

#### Established Condition Level

No more than 35 percent of the bridges shall be rated as "structurally deficient."

#### Assessed Conditions

A bridge is classified as structurally deficient if the deck, superstructure, substructure, or culvert is rated in "poor" condition (0 to 4 on the NBI rating scale). A bridge can also be classified as structurally deficient if its load carrying capacity is significantly below current design standards or if a waterway below frequently overtops the bridge during floods. The following table reports the percentage of bridges reported in the NBI (spans in excess of 20 feet) whose condition was assessed as "structurally deficient," in the stated year:

Fiscal	Structurally
Year	Deficient
2022	6.8%
2021	6.9%
2020	6.8%

Bridges that are not intended to carry highway traffic are not included in MDOT's condition assessment shown above. As a result, the number of bridges that were included in the structurally deficient calculation (4,516) in fiscal year 2022 is less than the total (4,851) maintained and assessed by the department.

#### **Estimated and Actual Costs to Maintain**

The following table presents the State's estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the roads and bridges at, or above, the "Established Condition Levels" cited above, and the actual amount spent during the past five fiscal years (in millions):

Fiscal	E	stimated	A	Actual
Year	S	pending	Sp	ending
2023	\$	1,564.8	\$	-
2022		1,509.2		1,261.2
2021		1,437.0		1,089.2
2020		1,073.1		1,193.9
2019		1,049.9		1,160.2
2018		919.4		1,071.9

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LEGISLATIVE RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39
Interest		8,580		9,614		11,051
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(1,677)		1,780		480
Changes of assumptions		(1,011)		19,452		30,744
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of member contributions		(14,595)		(14,655)		(14,130)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(8,703)		16,191		28,183
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		284,062		267,871		239,688
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	275,360	\$	284,062	\$	267,871
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,063
Contributions - member		1		1	•	2
Net investment income		25,588		6,636		3,320
Benefit payments, including refunds				·		-
of member contributions		(14,595)		(14,655)		(14,130)
Pension plan administrative expense		(384)		(407)		(405)
Other		-		7		-
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension		10,610		(8,418)		(3,150)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		113,880		122,299		125,448
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	124,491	\$	113,880	\$	122,299
Net Pension Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	150,869	\$	170,182	\$	145,572
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		45.2%		40.1%		45.7%
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N	//A	N	I/A		812300.1%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial</u> <u>Reporting for Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015
\$ 77 10,555	\$ 86 10,213	\$ 74 11,025	\$ 62 11,839	\$ 57 11,297
66 (3,055)	(1,617) (13,497)	1,899 18,937	406 20,080	- 24,547
(14,521) (6,878)	 (14,282) (19,097)	 (13,919) 18,016	 (14,495) 17,891	 (13,550) 22,351
\$ 246,565 239,688	\$ 265,662 246,565	\$ 247,646 265,662	\$ 229,755 247,646	\$ 207,404 229,755
\$ - 1 8,630	\$ - 4 15,841	\$ - 4 11,325	\$ - 3 (6,545)	\$ - 6 14,868
(14,521) (399) -	(14,282) (392) 7	(13,919) (405) -	(14,495) (362) -	(13,550) (430) -
 (6,289)	 1,177	 (2,996)	 (21,400)	 893
\$ 131,738 125,448	\$ 130,560 131,738	\$ 133,557 130,560	\$ 154,957 133,557	\$ 154,063 154,957
\$ 114,239	\$ 114,828	\$ 135,102	\$ 114,090	\$ 74,799
52.3%	53.4%	49.1%	53.9%	67.4%
\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72
159363.2%	160183.9%	188466.1%	159154.3%	104343.7%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LEGISLATIVE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

	2022		2021		2020		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		_		_				
Service cost	\$ 155	\$	155	\$	1,148	\$	1,482	\$ 797
Interest	5,468		6,447		7,518		7,077	8,464
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	(7,429)		(26,458)		(25,629)		3,292	18
Changes of assumptions	(41,686)		(393)		4,386		(9,407)	66,226
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of member contributions	(5,816)		(5,836)		(6,164)		(6,695)	 (6,343)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(49,308)		(26,087)		(18,742)		(4,252)	69,162
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 143,763		169,850		188,591		192,843	 123,681
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 94,455	\$	143,763	\$	169,850	\$	188,591	\$ 192,843
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,612	\$	4,638	\$	9,091	\$	4,657	\$ 4,572
Contributions - member	-		-		2		6	6
Net investment income	7,021		1,582		626		1,573	2,755
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of member contributions	(5,816)		(5,836)		(6,164)		(6,695)	(6,343)
OPEB plan administrative expense	(106)		(99)		(81)		(74)	(69)
Other	 1,200		1,302		1,379		954	 644
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	 6,911		1,586		4,854		421	 1,565
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 31,369		29,782		24,928	_	24,507	 22,942
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 38,280	\$	31,369	\$	29,782	\$	24,928	\$ 24,507
Net OPEB Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$ 56,175	\$	112,395	\$	140,067	\$	163,663	\$ 168,336
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	40.5%		21.8%		17.5%		13.2%	12.7%
Covered-employee payroll**	\$ 161	\$	215	\$	613	\$	1,662	\$ 1,662
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	34828.3%		52263.1%		22864.4%		9848.2%	10129.4%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment</u> <u>Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent fiscal years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

\*\* The Legislative Retirement System does not base contributions to the other postemployment benefits plan on a measure of pay. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, <u>Omnibus 2017</u>, covered-employee payroll is presented in this schedule instead of covered payroll.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	24,718	\$	25,867	\$	24,907
Interest		155,431		152,466		150,682
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		25,246		18,204		17,082
Changes of assumptions		26,560		-		58,026
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of member contributions		(155,429)		(149,418)		(144,193)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		76,527		47,119		106,504
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		2,350,775		2,303,656		2,197,152
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	2,427,301	\$	2,350,775	\$	2,303,656
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	69,152	\$	79,165	\$	78,510
Contributions - member		3,850		4,100		3,693
Net investment income		401,735		75,047		74,725
Benefit payments, including refunds		-,		- , -		, -
of member contributions		(155,429)		(149,418)		(144,193)
Pension plan administrative expense		(677)		(633)		(725)
Other		11,215		-		-
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension		329,846		8,262		12,010
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,512,670		1,504,408		1,492,399
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	1,842,516	\$	1,512,670	\$	1,504,408
			—			
Net Pension Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	584,785	\$	838,104	\$	799,248
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		75.9%		64.3%		65.3%
	\$	101 000	\$	140 100	\$	120 660
Covered payroll	φ	131,332	φ	142,102	φ	139,660
Net pension liability as a percentage						
of covered payroll		445.3%		589.8%		572.3%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial</u> <u>Reporting for Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 24,094 149,156	\$ 20,908 147,193	\$ 19,774 143,436	\$ 19,952 140,575	\$ 21,142 134,317
7,959 106,681	18,289 94,280	8,440 -	(6,998) -	- 36,683
 (137,367) 150,523	 (130,208) 150,462	 (119,094) 52,556	 (115,469) 38,060	 (110,551) 81,591
\$ 2,046,629 2,197,152	\$ 1,896,167 2,046,629	\$ 1,843,611 1,896,167	\$ 1,805,551 1,843,611	\$ 1,723,960 1,805,551
\$ 84,930 3,489 151,529	\$ 74,814 3,142 165,384	\$ 70,505 3,009 90,811	\$ 70,351 2,677 26,236	\$ 58,391 2,174 174,085
(137,367) (749) 4	(130,208) (666) 27	(119,094) (575) 10	(115,469) (561) 3	(110,551) (575) -
101,835	 112,492	44,666	(16,762)	123,524
\$ 1,390,564 1,492,399	\$ 1,278,071 1,390,564	\$ 1,233,405 1,278,071	\$ 1,250,168 1,233,405	\$ 1,126,643 1,250,168
\$ 704,753	\$ 656,066	\$ 618,096	\$ 610,206	\$ 555,384
67.9%	67.9%	67.4%	66.9%	69.2%
\$ 134,177	\$ 125,085	\$ 118,060	\$ 114,278	\$ 114,480
525.2%	524.5%	523.5%	534.0%	485.1%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

	 2022	2021	 2020	 2019	_	2018
Total OPEB Liability		 				
Service cost	\$ 10,031	\$ 10,064	\$ 8,706	\$ 9,173	\$	9,855
Interest	53,337	54,744	53,114	57,650		55,607
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	25		-
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	(59,439)	(103,332)	(67,257)	(71,325)		(4,142)
Changes of assumptions	(5,789)	48,652	68,549	26,627		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(00.000)	(00.000)	(00 - 00)		(00.004)
of member contributions	 (32,704)	 (28,308)	 (30,028)	 (33,583)		(33,904)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(34,564)	(18,180)	33,084	(11,432)		27,416
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	784,340	802,520	769,435	780,868		753,452
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 749,776	\$ 784,340	\$ 802,520	\$ 769,435	\$	780,868
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 48,792	\$ 58,303	\$ 60,395	\$ 56,779	\$	51,886
Net investment income	73,989	12,677	10,782	17,222		16,063
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of member contributions	(32,704)	(28,308)	(30,028)	(33,583)		(33,904)
OPEB plan administrative expense	(135)	(116)	(80)	(87)		(100)
Other	7,839	 445	39	 10		15
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	97,782	43,001	41,108	40,340		33,961
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	275,119	232,118	191,010	150,670		116,709
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 372,901	\$ 275,119	\$ 232,118	\$ 191,010	\$	150,670
Net OPEB Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$ 376,875	\$ 509,220	\$ 570,401	\$ 578,425	\$	630,197
Dise fiduciem, not position on a new set						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	49.7%	35.1%	28.9%	24.8%		19.3%
	49.7%	55.1%	20.9%	24.0%		19.3%
Covered payroll	\$ 131,332	\$ 142,102	\$ 139,660	\$ 134,177	\$	125,085
Net OPEB liability as a percentage	007.004	050.00/	400 401	404 401		F00.00/
of covered payroll	287.0%	358.3%	408.4%	431.1%		503.8%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits</u> <u>Other Than Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent fiscal years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).



## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	55,445	\$	62,891	\$	64,690
Interest		1,210,743		1,220,112		1,244,463
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(32,416)		27,308		25,071
Changes of assumptions		-		-		514,809
Benefit payments, including refunds		(4 400 407)		(4,400,740)		(4.000.004)
of member contributions		(1,460,137)		(1,432,712)		(1,398,381)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(226,366)		(122,402)		450,651
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		18,773,136		18,895,538		18,444,887
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	18,546,771	\$	18,773,136	\$	18,895,538
Dian Eiduciam, Nat Decition						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer	\$	659,639	\$	613,729	\$	600,083
Contributions - member	Ψ	23,881	Ψ	25,265	Ψ	28,442
Net investment income		3,191,784		599,246		611,140
Benefit payments, including refunds		0,101,101		000,2.0		01.1,1.10
of member contributions		(1,460,137)		(1,432,712)		(1,398,381)
Pension plan administrative expense		(5,925)		(5,956)		(6,988)
Other		44,809		73		(4,406)
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension		2,454,051		(200,356)		(170,109)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		12,027,536		12,227,892		12,398,002
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	14,481,588	\$	12,027,536	\$	12,227,892
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Net Pension Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	4,065,183	\$	6,745,600	\$	6,667,646
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		78.1%		64.1%		64.7%
Covered payroll**	\$	3,348,115	\$	3,380,365	\$	3,220,895
Net pension liability as a percentage						
of covered payroll		121.4%		199.6%		207.0%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial</u> <u>Reporting for Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

\*\* GASB Statement No. 82, <u>Pension Issues</u>, which is effective for fiscal year 2017, states that the measure of payroll that is presented in schedules of required supplementary information required by GASB Statement No. 68 is covered payroll. GASB Statement No. 82 defines covered payroll as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. To match this definition, the amount reported as covered payroll in this schedule (based on the fiscal year 2017 measurement period) for the State Employees' Retirement System increased significantly from fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2018. Prior to fiscal year 2018, these amounts are reported as covered-employee payroll.

 2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015
\$ 71,912 1,226,594	\$ 68,311 1,251,600	\$ 74,042 1,250,117	\$ 80,413 1,242,353	\$ 84,040 1,206,258
115,726 1,393,264	19,798 710,646	3,441 -	55,072 -	- 406,962
 (1,362,481) 1,445,015	 (1,322,657) 727,697	 (1,289,728) 37,872	 (1,265,480) 112,358	 (1,223,033) 474,227
\$ 16,999,872 18,444,887	\$ 16,272,175 16,999,872	\$ 16,234,303 16,272,175	\$ 16,121,945 16,234,303	\$ 15,647,718 16,121,945
\$ 650,740 35,598 1,273,509	\$ 703,131 40,839 1,411,395	\$ 716,465 46,666 781,528	\$ 749,332 46,688 232,588	\$ 705,100 47,527 1,529,626
(1,362,481) (6,488) 64	 (1,322,657) (6,285) 294	 (1,289,728) (6,629) 278	(1,265,480) (6,228) 55	 (1,223,033) (6,931) -
590,942 11,807,059	 826,716 10,980,343	248,580 10,731,762	(243,044) 10,974,806	1,052,290 9,922,516
\$ 12,398,002	\$ 11,807,059	\$ 10,980,343	\$ 10,731,762	\$ 10,974,806
\$ 6,046,886	\$ 5,192,813	\$ 5,291,832	\$ 5,502,541	\$ 5,147,139
67.2%	69.5%	67.5%	66.1%	68.1%
\$ 3,115,261	\$ 3,050,238	\$ 872,358	\$ 946,977	\$ 1,006,633
194.1%	170.2%	606.6%	581.1%	511.3%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	96,327	\$	93,810	\$	90,760	\$	93,346	\$	108,530
Interest		645,483		746,333		723,058		760,408		735,979
Differences between expected and		(770.040)		(0.570.005)		(0.4.4 50.0)		(4.055.007)		(74.040)
actual experience		(772,919)		(2,570,285)		(941,588)		(1,055,687)		(71,816)
Changes of assumptions		(223,893)		569,841		975,792		809,101		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(200.000)		(007.054)		(407.077)		(400 540)		(470.000)
of member contributions		(308,060)		(297,051)		(427,977)		(402,543)		(476,200)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(563,062)		(1,457,351)		420,045		204,625		296,493
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		9,460,695		10,918,046		10,498,001		10,293,376		9,996,883
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	8,897,633	\$	9,460,695	\$	10,918,046	\$	10,498,001	\$	10,293,376
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	774,406	\$	703,567	\$	765,235	\$	688,884	\$	703,330
Contributions - member		-	·	-		-		-		27
Net investment income		975,495		163,011		144,126		229,539		217,955
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions		(308,060)		(297,051)		(427,977)		(402,543)		(476,200)
OPEB plan administrative expense		(1,185)		(1,017)		(377)		(459)		(445)
Other		19,386		9,816		66		172		778
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,460,043		578,325		481,072		515,592		445,447
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		3,622,219		3,043,893		2,562,821		2,047,229		1,601,782
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	5,082,262	\$	3,622,219	\$	3,043,893	\$	2,562,821	\$	2,047,229
			_				_			
Net OPEB Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	3,815,371	\$	5,838,476	\$	7,874,153	\$	7,935,180	\$	8,246,147
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total OPEB liability		57.1%		38.3%		27.9%		24.4%		19.9%
Covered payroll	\$	3,348,115	\$	3,380,365	\$	3,220,895	\$	3,115,261	\$	3,050,238
	Ψ	0,040,110	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	5,220,035	Ψ	0,110,201	Ψ	0,000,200
Net OPEB liability as a percentage										
of covered payroll		114.0%		172.7%		244.5%		254.7%		270.3%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other</u> <u>Than Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent fiscal years. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\* (In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	1,664	\$	1,733	\$	1,966
Interest		16,278		16,631		17,601
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(1,331)		286		4
Changes of assumptions		-		-		10,077
Benefit payments, including refunds		(04.004)		(04.054)		(04.444)
of member contributions		(24,281)		(24,251)		(24,111)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(7,670)		(5,601)		5,536
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		271,759		277,360		271,824
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	264,089	\$	271,759	\$	277,360
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,850	\$	2,840	\$	2,828
Contributions - member	Ψ	415	Ψ	2,040	Ψ	566
Net investment income		66,635		12,933		13,036
Benefit payments, including refunds		00,000		,		,
of member contributions		(24,281)		(24,251)		(24,111)
Pension plan administrative expense		(376)		(387)		(376)
Other		-		1		2
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension		45,243		(8,364)		(8,055)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		254,697		263,061		271,116
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	299,941	\$	254,697	\$	263,061
Net Develop Lickility (Acceste) - Ending	¢		¢	17.004	¢	14.000
Net Pension Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	(35,852)	\$	17,061	\$	14,298
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		113.6%		93.7%		94.8%
Covered payroll	\$	7,868	\$	9,263	\$	10,206
Net pension liability as a percentage						
of covered payroll		(455.7%)		184.2%		140.1%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial</u> <u>Reporting for Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 1,587 19,100	\$ 1,862 19,688	\$ 2,036 19,743	\$ 2,439 19,771	\$ 2,747 19,569
(1,498) 26,653	(4,923) -	(1,290) 2,423	924 -	- 3,246
 (23,958) 21,884	 (23,724) (7,096)	 (23,302) (389)	 (23,241) (108)	 (22,536) 3,025
\$ 249,940 271,824	\$ 257,036 249,940	\$ 257,426 257,036	\$ 257,534 257,426	\$ 254,509 257,534
\$ 1,736 653 28,280	\$ 1,020 697 32,258	\$ 2,180 805 18,425	\$ 2,634 902 5,840	\$ 3,164 1,025 37,166
(23,958) (413) 1	(23,724) (354) 10	(23,302) (335) 15	(23,241) (312) 3	(22,536) (288)
 6,299	 9,907	 (2,211)	 (14,175)	 18,530
\$ 264,817 271,116	\$ 254,910 264,817	\$ 257,121 254,910	\$ 271,296 257,121	\$ 252,766 271,296
\$ 707	\$ (14,878)	\$ 2,126	\$ 304	\$ (13,762)
99.7%	106.0%	99.2%	99.9%	105.3%
\$ 12,047	\$ 12,685	\$ 14,757	\$ 17,518	\$ 18,803
5.9%	(117.3%)	14.4%	1.7%	(73.2%)

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

	2022		 2021	2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability									_
Service cost	\$	229	\$ 250	\$	218	\$	171	\$	177
Interest		726	622		584		542		527
Differences between expected and actual									
experience		(1,294)	60		(164)		399		(32)
Changes of assumptions		(306)	632		257		1,080		-
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions		(17)	 (99)		(651)		(638)		(334)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(661)	1,465		245		1,554		339
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		10,271	8,806		8,562		7,007		6,669
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	9,611	\$ 10,271	\$	8,806	\$	8,562	\$	7,007
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	\$	216	\$ 398	\$	7,557	\$	539	\$	189
Contributions - member		108	133		102		113		117
Net investment income		2,325	468		404		104		119
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions		(17)	(99)		(651)		(638)		(334)
OPEB plan administrative expense		(68)	(71)		(62)		(89)		(95)
Other		(33)	 18		-		-		-
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,531	847		7,350		29		(4)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		9,252	8,405		1,055		1,026		1,030
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	11,782	\$ 9,252	\$	8,405	\$	1,055	\$	1,026
Net OPEB Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	(2,172)	\$ 1,020	\$	401	\$	7,507	\$	5,982
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		122.6%	90.1%		95.4%		12.3%		14.6%
Covered-employee payroll**		5,981	5,914		5,967		6,143		5,918
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		(36.3%)	17.2%		6.7%		122.2%		101.1%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment</u> <u>Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent fiscal years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

\*\* The Judges' Retirement System does not base contributions to the other postemployment benefits plan on a measure of pay. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, <u>Omnibus 2017</u>, covered-employee payroll is presented in this schedule instead of covered payroll.



# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MILITARY RETIREMENT PROVISIONS

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

		2022		2021	2020		
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	719	\$	229	\$	206	
Interest		3,896		3,710		3,417	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		5,252	
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		(156)		2,573		(610)	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1.000)		(0,000)			
of member contributions		(4,029)		(3,989)		(3,895)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		429		2,523		4,370	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		59,367		56,844		52,474	
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	59,796	\$	59,367	\$	56,844	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$	657	\$	1,000	\$	41,045	
Net investment income	+	15,012	Ŧ	2,805	+	2,711	
Benefit payments, including refunds		,		,			
of member contributions		(4,029)		(3,989)		(3,895)	
Pension plan administrative expense		(200)		(203)		(223)	
Other		-		<b>1</b>		<u> </u>	
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension		11,440		(387)		39,638	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		56,201		56,588		16,950	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	67,641	\$	56,201	\$	56,588	
	<u>^</u>	(7.045)	<u>^</u>	0.400	<u>^</u>	050	
Net Pension Liability (Assets) - Ending	\$	(7,845)	\$	3,166	\$	256	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total pension liability		113.1%		94.7%		99.5%	
Covered payroll	\$	525	\$	510	\$	493	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		(1,494.4%)		621.3%		52.0%	

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> <u>for Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

	2019		2018		2017		2016
\$	140 3,555	\$	110 3,609	\$	403 2,829	\$	357 3,564
	-		-		-		-
	700		58				(17,548)
	2,719		2,505		- (30,216)		7,086
	_,		2,000		(00,2.0)		.,
	(3,939)		(4,090)		(3,950)		(3,923)
	3,175		2,192		(30,933)		(10,463)
	40.200		47,107		70 040		99 502
\$	49,299 52,474	\$	49,299	\$	78,040 47,107	\$	88,503 78,040
Ψ	02,474	Ψ	40,200	Ψ	47,107	Ψ	10,040
\$	16,245	\$	5,245	\$	7,780	\$	4,267
	569		78		12		-
	(3,939)		(4,090)		(3,950)		(3,923)
	(396)		(482)		(251)		(344)
	<u>123</u>		7		-		-
	12,601		758		3,591		-
	4.240		2 504				
\$	4,349 16,950	\$	3,591 4,349	\$	3,591	\$	
Ψ	10,950	Ψ	4,049	Ψ	5,531	ψ	_
\$	35,524	\$	44,950	\$	43,515	\$	78,040
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · ·
	32.3%		8.8%		7.6%		0.0%
\$	527	\$	466	\$	469	\$	484
Ψ	521	Ψ	+00	Ψ	+09	Ψ	+04
	6,739.5%		9,652.5%		9,269.3%		16,110.3%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POST EMPLOYMENT LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

(In Thousands)

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability				_					
Service cost	\$ 29,368	\$	25,672	\$	27,091	\$	28,832	\$	31,154
Interest	33,780		35,817		47,732		44,731		40,592
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-		-		11,048
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	(96,597)		(7,488)		(153,728)		(7,636)		1,294
Changes of assumptions	57,492		78,697		87,597		(64,531)		(83,587)
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions	(38,126)		(32,554)		(33,310)		(31,263)		(30,244)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 (14,083)		100,144		(24,619)		(29,867)		(29,744)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	1,406,019		1,305,875		1,249,370		1,279,237		1,308,980
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 1,391,936	\$	1,406,019	\$	1,224,751	\$	1,249,370	\$	1,279,237
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,227,125	\$	3,161,595	\$	3,151,523	\$	3,154,490	\$	2,949,242
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	43.1%		44.5%		38.9%		39.6%		43.4%

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other</u> <u>Than Pensions</u>, requires the presentation of supplementary information for each of the 10 most recent fiscal years. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the State will present information for the years which the information is available. Information presented in the schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (one year before the most recent fiscal year end).

The Post Employment Life Insurance Benefit plan is not a trust and has no assets.



## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS

LEGISLATIVE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	9,374	\$	9,556	\$	9,292	\$	9,348
Contributions in relation to the actuarial determined contribution	у	-		-		-		8,063
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	9,374	\$	9,556	\$	9,292	\$	1,285
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		44993.7%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2021.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	10 years, Open
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year smoothed fair value
Wage Inflation	4.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	4.0 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent
Retirement Age	Age-based tables of rates with a 100 percent probability of retirement
	once a member is subject to term limits.
Mortality	
Active	RP-2014 Employee Generational Mortality Tables, extended via cubic spline. This table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale MP-2017.
Retirees	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Generational Mortality Tables, extended via cubic spline. This table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale MP-2017.
Disability Retirement	RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table, extended via cubic spline. This table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale MP-2017.

## Michigan

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	
\$ 8,237	\$ 7,878	\$ 8,063	\$ 7,843	\$ 6,327	\$ 5,993	
\$ - 8,237	\$ - 7,878	\$ - 8,063	\$ - 7,843	\$ - 6,327	\$ - 5,993	
\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	

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# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

LEGISLATIVE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	2022		 2021	 2020	2019		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	6,066	\$ 7,532	\$ 7,907	\$	10,172	
Contributions in relation to the actuaria determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	lly \$	4,661 1,405	\$ 4,612 2,920	\$ 4,638 3,270	\$	9,091 1,081	
Covered-employee payroll*	\$	143	\$ 161	\$ 215	\$	613	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3,250.9%	2,859.2%	2,156.6%		1,484.1%	

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2021.

Methods and Assumptions Used to	Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022:
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	19 years, as of October 1, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	Fair value
Wage Inflation	4.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	4.0 percent
Investment Rate of Return	4.0 percent
Retirement Age	Age-based tables of rates with a 100 percent probability of retirement
	once a member is subject to term limits.
Mortality	
Active	RP-2014 Employee Generational Mortality Tables, extended via cubic spline. This
	table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base
	year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale
	MP-2017.
Retirees	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Generational Mortality Tables, extended via cubic
	spline. This table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting
	in a base year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year
	using scale MP-2017.
Disability Retirement	The RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table, extended via cubic spline. This table is
	adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base year of
	2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale MP-
	2017.
Healthcare Trend Rates	Pre-65: 7.5 percent trend, gradually decreasing to 3.5 percent in year 12.
	Post-65: 6.3 percent trend, gradually decreasing to 3.5 percent in year 12.
Excise Tax	No load was applied to the health care liabilities of current retirees or future
	retirees to approximate the cost for future excise tax.
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"

\* The Legislative Retirement System does not base contributions to the other postemployment benefits plan on a measure of pay. Therefore, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 85, <u>Omnibus 2017</u>, covered-employee payroll is presented in this schedule instead of covered payroll.

## Michigan

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 11,632	\$ 11,337	\$ 10,464	\$ 9,363	\$ 9,382	\$ 9,630
4,657	4,572	4,538	4,473	4,323	4,240
\$ 6,975	\$ 6,765	\$ 5,926	\$ 4,889	\$ 5,058	\$ 5,390
\$ 1,662	\$ 1,662	\$ 1,662	\$ 1,734	\$ 2,497	\$ 3,312
280.2%	275.1%	273.0%	258.0%	173.1%	128.0%

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS

STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		2022	2021		2020		2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	88,349	\$	81,078	\$	78,929	\$	77,400
Contributions in relation to the actuarial determined contribution	ly	89,386		69,152		79,165		78,510
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(1,037)	\$	11,926	\$	(235)	\$	(1,110)
Covered payroll	\$	146,298	\$	131,332	\$	142,102	\$	139,660
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		61.1%		52.7%		55.7%		56.2%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2019.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Price Inflation Projected Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age	<ul> <li>Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: Entry-Age Normal</li> <li>Level Percent of Payroll, Closed</li> <li>17 years, as of October 1, 2021</li> <li>Five-year smoothed fair value</li> <li>2.3 percent</li> <li>3.3 - 87.8 percent, including wage inflation at 2.8 percent</li> <li>6.8 percent (6.9 percent for Hybrid plan) net of investment expenses</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.</li> </ul>
Mortality Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 93.0
Active	percent for males and 99.0 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and 100 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and 100 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
\$	78,531	\$	72,632	\$	70,858	\$	63,271	\$	61,401	\$	57,668
\$	84,930 (6,399)	\$	74,814 (2,182)	\$	70,505 353	\$	70,351 (7,080)	\$	58,391 3,010	\$	49,004 8,663
\$	134,177	\$	125,085	\$	118,060	\$	114,278	\$	114,480	\$	110,244
	63.3%		59.8%		59.7%		61.6%		51.0%		44.5%

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(in mousailus)

		2022	2021		2020		2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	52,130	\$	54,198	\$	53,928	\$	59,785
Contributions* in relation to the actuaria determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	ally \$	50,743 1,387	\$	48,792 5,405	\$	58,303 (4,375)	\$	60,395 (610)
Covered payroll	\$	146,298	\$	131,332	\$	142,102	\$	139,660
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		34.7%		37.2%		41.0%		43.2%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2019.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Price Inflation Projected Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age	Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: Entry-Age Normal Level Percent of Payroll, Closed 17 years, as of October 1, 2021 5 year smoothed fair value 2.3 percent 3.3 - 87.8 percent, including wage inflation at 2.8 percent 6.9 percent net of investment expenses Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 93.0 percent for males and 99.0 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and 100 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and 100 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Healthcare Trend Rates	7.5 percent in year 1 gradually decreasing to 3.5 percent in year 15; 3.0 percent in year 120
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"

\* From fiscal year 2013 through fiscal year 2017, contributions included both employer contributions and other governmental contributions.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 58,368	\$ 52,301	\$ 50,857	\$ 47,674	\$ 43,383	\$ 46,803
\$ 56,779 1,589	\$ 51,886 415	\$ 47,348 3,509	\$ 47,722 (48)	\$ 48,373 (4,990)	\$ 45,659 1,144
\$ 134,177	\$ 125,085	\$ 118,060	\$ 114,278	\$ 114,480	\$ 110,244
42.3%	41.5%	40.1%	41.8%	42.3%	41.4%

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LAST TEN FISCAL T

(In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020	2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	688,684	\$	670,167	\$	601,956	\$	592,909
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)		688,301 382	\$	659,639 10,528	\$	613,729 (11,773)	\$	600,083 (7,175)
Covered payroll *	\$	3,464,750	\$	3,348,115	\$	3,380,365	\$	3,220,895
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.9%		19.7%		18.2%		18.6%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2019.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Price Inflation Projected Salary Increases	Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: Entry-Age Normal Level Dollar, Closed 15 years, as of October 1, 2021 Five-year smoothed fair value 2.3 percent 2.8 - 11.8 percent, including wage inflation at 2.8 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.7 percent net of investment expenses
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 93.0 percent for males and 98.0 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP- 2017 from 2006.

\* Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 82, <u>Pension Issues</u>, which became effective for fiscal year 2017, states that the measure of payroll that is presented in schedules of required supplementary information required by GASB Statement No. 68 is covered payroll. GASB Statement No. 82 defines covered payroll as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. To match this definition, the amount reported as covered payroll for the State Employees Retirement System increased significantly from fiscal year 2016 to fiscal year 2017. Prior to fiscal year 2017, these amounts are reported as covered-employee payroll.

 2018 2017		 2016		2015		2014		2013	
\$ 627,621	\$	709,651	\$ 752,161	\$	654,515	\$	624,467	\$	611,132
\$ 650,740 (23,118)	\$	703,131 6,520	\$ 716,465 35,697	\$	749,332 (94,817)	\$	705,100 (80,633)	\$	604,845 6,287
\$ 3,115,261	\$	3,050,238	\$ 872,358	\$	946,977	\$	1,006,633	\$	1,104,669
20.9%		23.1%	82.1%		79.1%		70.0%		54.8%

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE EMPLOTEES RETIREMENT STSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020	2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	602,466	\$	778,656	\$	681,397	\$	762,743
Contributions* in relation to the actuarial determined contribution	ly	579,955		774,406		703,567	_	765,235
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	22,511	\$	4,251	\$	(22,170)	\$	(2,492)
Covered payroll	\$	3,464,750	\$	3,348,115	\$	3,380,365	\$	3,220,895
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.7%		23.1%		20.8%		23.8%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2019.

•	Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022:
Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Entry-Age Normal Level Percent of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	15 years, as of October 1, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed fair value
Price Inflation	2.3 percent
Projected Salary Increases	2.8 - 11.8 percent, including wage inflation at 2.8 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.9 percent net of investment expenses
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	
,	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 93.0 percent for males
Retirees	and 98.0 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 100 percent for males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP- 2017 from 2006.
Healthcare Trend Rates	7.5 percent in year 1 gradually decreasing to 3.5 percent in year 15; 3.0 percent in year 120
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"

\* From fiscal year 2013 through fiscal year 2017, contributions included both employer contributions and other governmental contributions.

 2018 2017		 2016		2015		2014		2013	
\$ 744,210	\$	676,227	\$ 659,698	\$	645,412	\$	619,512	\$	678,650
\$ 688,884 55,326	\$	703,330 (27,103)	\$ 686,652 (26,954)	\$	713,661 (68,249)	\$	755,883 (136,371)	\$	729,863 (51,213)
\$ 3,115,261	\$	3,050,238	\$ 2,989,101	\$	3,029,113	\$	2,857,324	\$	2,881,140
22.1%		23.1%	23.0%		23.6%		26.5%		25.3%

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,517	\$	2,850	\$	2,840	\$	2,828
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,517 -	\$	2,850	\$	2,840	\$	2,828
Covered payroll	\$	6,432	\$	7,868	\$	9,263	\$	10,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.6%		36.2%		30.7%		27.7%

### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2021.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Actuarial Cost Method	Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: Entry-Age Normal (Term Cost for death and disability)
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	15 years, as of October 1, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year smoothed fair value
Price Inflation	2.3 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.3 percent, including wage inflation at 2.8 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.0 percent net of investment expenses.
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 100 percent for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 100 percent for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled by 100 percent for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 1,736	\$ 1,020	\$ 2,138	\$ 2,593	\$ 3,123	\$ 2,751
\$ 1,736 -	\$ 1,020 -	\$ 2,180 (41)	\$ 2,634 (41)	\$ 3,164 (41)	\$ 2,793 (42)
\$ 12,047	\$ 12,685	\$ 14,757	\$ 17,518	\$ 18,803	\$ 18,939
14.4%	8.0%	14.8%	15.0%	16.8%	14.7%

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

# JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

		2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	242	\$ 207	\$ 398	\$ 818
Contributions* in relation to the actuaria determined contribution	ally	242	 216	 398	 7,557
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ (9)	\$ -	\$ (6,739)
Covered-employee payroll**	\$	5,960	\$ 5,981	\$ 5,914	\$ 5,967
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.1%	3.6%	6.7%	126.7%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2021.

Methods and Assumptions Used to	Aethods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022:								
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal								
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll, Closed								
Remaining Amortization Period	15 years, as of October 1, 2021								
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year smoothed fair value								
Price Inflation	2.3 percent								
Projected Salary Increases	3.3 percent, including wage inflation at 2.8 percent								
Investment Rate of Return	6.0 percent net of investment expenses.								
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.								
Mortality									
Healthy Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 100								
	percent for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements								
	using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.								
Disabled Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 100								
	percent for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements								
	using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.								
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled by 100 percent for								
	both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection								
	scale MP-2017 from 2006.								
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Pre-65: 7.5 percent trend, gradually decreasing to 3.5 percent in year 15; 3.0								
	percent year 120								
	Post-65: 6.3 percent trend, gradually decreasing to 3.5 percent in year 15; 3.0								
	percent year 120								
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"								
	·								

\* From fiscal year 2013 through fiscal year 2017, contributions included both employer contributions and other governmental contributions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Judges' Retirement System does not base contributions to the other postemployment benefits plan on a measure of pay. Therefore, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 85, <u>Omnibus 2017</u>, covered-employee payroll is presented in this schedule instead of covered payroll.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 559	\$ 487	\$ 712	\$ 663	\$ 659	\$ 699
\$ 539 20	\$ 189 298	\$ 247 465	\$ 275 388	\$ 69 591	\$ 55 644
\$ 6,143	\$ 5,918	\$ 5,889	\$ 5,926	\$ 6,080	\$ 6,203
8.8%	3.2%	4.2%	4.6%	1.1%	0.9%

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS MILITARY RETIREMENT PROVISIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	874	\$	657	\$	3,542	\$	4,422
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	875 (1)	\$	657 -	\$	1,000 2,542	\$	41,045 (36,623)
Covered payroll *	\$	543	\$	525	\$	510	\$	493
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		161.1%		125.2%		196.3%		8325.4%

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of September 30, 2019.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Actuarial Cost Method	Determine Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	17 years, as of October 1, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed fair value
Price Inflation	2.3 percent
Projected Salary Increases	2.8 percent for Special Duty officers
Investment Rate of Return	6.8 percent net of investment expenses
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	
Retirees	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table scaled by 93.0 percent for males and 99.0 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Table scaled by 100 percent for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

\* Covered payroll relates to the three active Special Duty officers (Generals). Non-special duty members receive \$600 in annual pension benefits, which is not based on a percentage of payroll. Therefore, contributions expressed as percentages of active member payroll are not useful.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014	 2013
\$ 6,849	\$ 5,200	\$ 5,200	\$ 6,293	\$	6,293	\$ 5,359
\$ 16,245 (9,396)	\$ 5,245 (45)	\$ 7,780 (2,580)	\$ 4,267 2,026	\$	4,223 2,071	\$ 3,982 1,377
\$ 527	\$ 466	\$ 469	\$ 484	U	navailable	\$ 457
3081.9%	1126.3%	1657.3%	880.9%			871.2%





# FINANCIAL SECTION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES – NON-MAJOR FUNDS

### BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	PERMANENT FUNDS	TOTALS
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable Amounts due from other funds Amounts due from component units Amounts due from federal agencies Amounts due from local units Inventories Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$ 10,550 1,554,918 137,391 71,052 60,200 776 487 208,990 2,044,363	\$ 148,047 1,684 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 47,857 2,569,215 517 58,819 1,600 256,049 103,288 13,734 12,235 3,063,313	\$ - 85,573 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 206,453 4,211,389 137,907 129,871 1,600 316,249 104,063 14,221 231,144 5,352,899
Noncurrent Assets: Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable Amounts due from local units Investments Other noncurrent assets Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	3,873 15,430 268,358 3,062 290,723 \$ 2,335,086	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1 49,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,079,170 1,079,170 \$ 1,174,411	3,873 64,429 1,347,528 13,789 1,429,619 \$ 6,782,518
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Bonds and notes payable Interest payable Unearned revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$ 521,667 84,771 - - 13,535 619,974	\$ 18 - - - - 18	\$ 492,811 83,508 77,000 156 1,765 655,240	\$ 17,031 39 - - - - 17,070	\$ 1,031,528 168,319 77,000 156 15,299 1,292,302
Long-Term Liabilities: Unearned revenue Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	619,975	18	655,251	17,070	1,292,314
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	182,864		11,279		194,143
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	289,969 909,457 332,821 	- 149,963 - -	13,734 2,495,515 - (52,740)	889,966 267,375 - -	1,193,670 3,822,311 332,821 (52,740)
Total Fund Balances	1,532,248	149,963	2,456,509	1,157,341	5,296,061
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,335,086	\$ 149,982	\$ 3,123,039	\$ 1,174,411	<u> </u>

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	PERMANENT FUNDS	TOTALS
Taxes From federal agencies	\$ 3,731,166 317,086	\$	\$  13,692 1,574,893	\$	\$     3,744,858 1,891,980
From local agencies		-	21,731	-	21,731
From services	5,019	-	3,844	-	8,863
From licenses and permits Miscellaneous	254,151 551,858	- 693	17,839 97,305	- (65,765)	271,989 584,091
Total Revenues	4,859,281	693	1,729,304	(65,765)	6,523,513
EXPENDITURES					<u>.</u>
Current:					
General government	140,023	75	-	3,577	143,675
Education	72,003	706	63,207	-	135,916
Health and human services	64,409	-	-	725	65,134
Public safety and corrections	160	-	-	2,833	2,993
Conservation, environment,	204 054			20,400	224.444
recreation, and agriculture Labor, commerce, and regulatory	294,651 294,039	-	-	39,489	334,141 294,039
Transportation	2,254,624	- 3	- 1,434,647	-	3,689,275
Capital outlay	29,503	-	2,143,029	10,333	2,182,865
Debt service:	20,000		2,110,020	10,000	2,102,000
Bond principal retirement	-	397,874	-	-	397,874
Bond interest and fiscal charges	-	265,772	-	-	265,772
Vendor financing payments	1,917		2,706	5	4,628
Total Expenditures	3,151,328	664,431	3,643,589	56,962	7,516,311
Excess of Revenues over (under)					
Expenditures	1,707,952	(663,738)	(1,914,286)	(122,727)	(992,798)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bonds and bond anticipation notes issued	-	-	146,530	-	146,530
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	15,093	-	15,093
Vendor financing acquisitions	-	-	248,608	-	248,608
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	142	-	2,095	240	2,476
Transfers from other funds	447,039	668,579	1,481,724	-	2,597,342
Transfers to other funds	(2,010,444)		(324,630)	(252)	(2,335,326)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,563,263)	668,579	1,569,419	(13)	674,722
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	144,689	4,841	(344,867)	(122,740)	(318,076)
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	1,387,558	145,122	2,801,375	1,280,081	5,614,137
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 1,532,248	\$ 149,963	\$ 2,456,509	\$ 1,157,341	\$ 5,296,061
i una balances - Lina di liscal year	ψ 1,002,240	φ 149,903	φ 2,430,309	φ 1,137,341	<del>φ 0,290,001</del>

### BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - BY CLASSIFICATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	TRANSPORTATIO	CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED	REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED	OTHER STATE FUNDS	TOTALS
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable Amounts due from other funds Amounts due from federal agencies Amounts due from local units Inventories Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$ 3,817 618,186 137,071 48,942 39,936 49 - 7,836 855,838	\$ 6,727 487,981 319 - 3,934 76 487 12,463 511,988	\$ 6 104,851 - 22,110 16,191 650 - 30,714 174,522	\$ - 343,899 - 140 - 157,977 502,015	\$ 10,550 1,554,918 137,391 71,052 60,200 776 487 208,990 2,044,363
Noncurrent Assets: Taxes, interest,	<u> </u>	,	<u>,</u> _		
and penalties receivable Amounts due from local units Investments Other noncurrent assets Total Noncurrent Assets	3,873  	15,430 243,746 2,669 261,845	- - - 	- 24,612 	3,873 15,430 268,358 3,062 290,723
Total Assets	\$ 859,710	\$ 773,833	<u>\$ 174,522</u>	\$ 527,021	\$ 2,335,086
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$ 458,712 39,060 <u>1</u> 497,773	\$ 28,365 1,424 <u>11,088</u> 40,878	\$ 32,108 44,274 2,445 78,828	\$ 2,483 13 	\$
Long-Term Liabilities: Unearned revenue Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	497,774	40,878	78,828	2,495	619,975
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	21,208	3,166	499	157,991	182,864
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable Restricted Committed	- 340,728 -	265,055 464,734 	10 94,831 355	24,905 9,164 332,466	289,969 909,457 332,821
Total Fund Balances	340,728	729,789	95,196	366,535	1,532,248
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 859,710	\$ 773,833	\$ 174,522	\$ 527,021	\$ 2,335,086

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - BY CLASSIFICATION

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES	TRANSPORTATION	CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED	REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED	OTHER STATE FUNDS	TOTALS
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous	\$ 3,576,317 86,527 4,958 36,159 9,561	\$ 493 6,564 2 195,565 134,778	\$ 154,357 222,775 59 22,427 173,234	\$ - 1,221 - - 234,284	\$ 3,731,166 317,086 5,019 254,151 551,858
Total Revenues	3,713,522	337,403	572,852	235,505	4,859,281
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General government Education Health and human services Public safety and corrections	- - -	4,103 - - -	33,557 - - -	102,362 72,003 64,409 160	140,023 72,003 64,409 160
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture Labor, commerce, and regulatory Transportation Capital outlay	- - 2,254,624 25	294,651 - - 29,478	- 285,029 - -	- 9,010 - -	294,651 294,039 2,254,624 29,503
Debt service: Vendor financing payments	4	175	1,731	6	1,917
Total Expenditures	2,254,654	328,408	320,317	247,950	3,151,328
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1,458,868	8,994	252,535_	(12,445)	1,707,952
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	- 327,638 (1,708,058)	142 39,634 (20,489)	- 39,117 (281,867)	- 40,650 (31)	142 447,039 (2,010,444)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,380,419)	19,287	(242,750)	40,619	(1,563,263)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	78,449	28,281	9,785	28,174	144,689
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	262,279	701,508	85,410	338,361	1,387,558
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 340,728	\$ 729,789	\$ 95,196	\$ 366,535	\$ 1,532,248

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - BY CLASSIFICATION

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		TRANS	SPO	RTATION RE		CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED						
Statutory/Budgetary Basis		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE	В	UDGET		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES												
Taxes	\$	3,576,317	\$	3,576,317	\$	-	\$	493	\$	493	\$	-
From federal agencies		86,527		86,527		-		6,564		6,564		-
From services		4,958		4,958		-		2		2		-
From licenses and permits		36,159		36,159		-		195,565		195,565		-
Miscellaneous		9,561		9,561		-		146,539		146,539		-
Transfers in		327,638		327,638		-		39,634		39,634		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	-	_	-		-		142		142		-
Total Revenues and Other Sources		4,041,160	_	4,041,160		-		388,939		388,939		-
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY												
Attorney General		-		-		-		-		-		-
Education		-		-		-		-		-		-
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy		-		-		-		31,027		27,652		3,375
Health and Human Services		-		-		-		-		-		-
Labor and Economic Opportunity		-		-		-		-		-		-
Licensing and Regulatory Affairs		-		-		-		-		-		-
Military and Veterans Affairs Natural Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		343,183		335,105		8,078
State Police		-		-		-		-		-		-
Technology, Management and Budget Transportation		- 4,150,402		- 4,142,698		- 7,704		530		530		-
Treasury		4,130,402		4,142,090		- 1,704		- 3,922		- 3,601		- 321
								<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out and Encumbrances		4,150,402		4,142,698		7,704		378,663		366,888		11,774
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and												
Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	(109,242)		(101,538)	\$	7,704	\$	10,276		22,050	\$	11,774
Reconciling Items:												
Encumbrances at September 30				179,987						34,513		
Funds not annually budgeted			_	-						(28,282)		
Net Reconciling Items			_	179,987						6,231		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)			_	78,449						28,281		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)												
Beginning balances - restated				262,279						701,508		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	340,728					\$	729,789		

			ATORY AND ATIVE REL/			 OTH	HERS	STATE FUN	DS		_			TOTALS		
В	UDGET	A	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE	 BUDGET		ACTUAL	VA	ARIANCE	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
6	154,357 222,775 59 22,427 159,738 39,117	\$	154,357 222,775 59 22,427 159,738 39,117	\$		\$ 1,221 - 225,193 40,650	\$	1,221 - 225,193 40,650	\$	- - - - -	\$	3,731,166 317,086 5,019 254,151 541,030 447,039 142	\$	3,731,166 317,086 5,019 254,151 541,030 447,039 142	\$	- - - -
	598,472		598,472		-	267,064		267,064			_	5,295,634	_	5,295,634		
	- - -		- - -		- - -	524 72,003 - 65,472		361 72,003 - 64,440		163 - - 1,032		524 72,003 31,027 65,472		361 72,003 27,652 64,440		163 - 3,375 1,032
	269,287 11,315 - -		268,471 11,017 - -		816 298 - -	- - 150 -		- - 60 -		- - 90 -		269,287 11,315 150 343,183		268,471 11,017 60 335,105		816 298 90 8,078
	- - - 311,648		- - 311,648			 872 - - 387,686		102 - - 101,833		770 - - 285,853	_	872 530 4,150,402 703,256		102 530 4,142,698 417,082		770 - 7,704 286,174
	592,250		591,136		1,114	 526,707		238,799		287,908	_	5,648,023		5,339,522		308,501
	6,221		7,336	\$	1,114	\$ (259,644)		28,265	\$	287,908	\$	6 (352,389)		(43,888)	\$	308,501
			37 2,413					24 (114)						214,560 (25,983)		
			2,449					(90)						188,577		
			9,785					28,174						144,689		
			85,410					338,361						1,387,558		
		\$	95,196				\$	366,535					\$	1,532,248		



# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED

#### MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.660, this fund accounts for the receipt and distribution of several tax revenues dedicated for highway purposes. Transfers are made to the General Fund, State Trunkline Fund, and the Comprehensive Transportation Fund. Expenditures include grants to counties, cities, and villages for highway purposes.

#### COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.660b, this fund accounts for the planning and development of public transportation systems within the State. Federal revenues, vehicle-related sales tax, and transfers from the Michigan Transportation Fund provide financing for expenditures.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	IICHIGAN SPORTATION FUND	PREHENSIVE SPORTATION FUND	TOTALS
ASSETS	 		 
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable Amounts due from other funds Amounts due from federal agencies Amounts due from local units Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$ 3,817 285,720 135,835 - - - 6,426 431,797	\$ - 332,467 1,237 48,942 39,936 49 1,411 424,041	\$ 3,817 618,186 137,071 48,942 39,936 49 7,836 855,838
Noncurrent Assets: Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable Total Noncurrent Assets	 3,873 3,873	 <u> </u>	 3,873 3,873
Total Assets	\$ 435,670	\$ 424,041	\$ 859,710
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$ 375,781 38,994 - 414,775	\$ 82,930 66 <u>1</u> 82,998	\$ 458,712 39,060 <u>1</u> 497,773
Long-Term Liabilities: Unearned revenue Total Long-Term Liabilities	 -	 1	 1
Total Liabilities	 414,775	 82,999	 497,774
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 20,894	 314	 21,208
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted	 -	340,728	 340,728
Total Fund Balances	 -	 340,728	 340,728
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 435,670	\$ 424,041	\$ 859,710

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	/ICHIGAN ISPORTATION FUND	PREHENSIVE SPORTATION FUND	TOTALS
REVENUES	 		 
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous	\$ 3,437,084 - 4,958 35,935 1,772	\$ 139,233 86,527 - 224 7,789	\$ 3,576,317 86,527 4,958 36,159 9,561
Total Revenues	 3,479,750	 233,772	 3,713,522
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation Capital outlay Debt Service: Vendor financing payments	1,852,673 - -	401,952 25 4	2,254,624 25 4
Total Expenditures	 1,852,673	401,981	 2,254,654
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 1,627,077	 (168,209)	 1,458,868
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	 69,433 (1,696,510)	 258,206 (11,548)	 327,638 (1,708,058)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,627,077)	246,658	 (1,380,419)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	78,449	78,449
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	 -	 262,279	 262,279
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ -	\$ 340,728	\$ 340,728

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 MICHIG	SAN TR	ANSPORTATIC	ON FUND		
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	 BUDGET		ACTUAL		ARIANCE	
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES						
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$ 3,437,084 - 4,958 35,935 1,772 69,433	\$	3,437,084 - 4,958 35,935 1,772 69,433	\$	- - - - -	
Total Revenues and Other Sources EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY	 3,549,182		3,549,182			
Transportation	 3,551,868		3,549,182		2,685	
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	 3,551,868		3,549,182		2,685	
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ (2,685)			\$	2,685	
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30						
Net Reconciling Items			-			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)						
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)						
Beginning balances - restated			-			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$				

	COMPREHE	INSIVE	TRANSPORT	ATION FUN	ND		TOTALS		
E	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VAR	IANCE	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	VAF	
\$	139,233 86,527 - 224 7,789 258,206	\$	139,233 86,527 	\$	- - - - -	\$ 3,576,317 86,527 4,958 36,159 9,561 327,638	\$ 3,576,317 86,527 4,958 36,159 9,561 327,638	\$	- - - - -
	491,977		491,977			 4,041,160	 4,041,160		
	598,534		593,516		5,019	 4,150,402	 4,142,698		7,704
	598,534		593,516		5,019	 4,150,402	 4,142,698		7,704
\$	(106,557)		(101,538)	\$	5,019	\$ (109,242)	 (101,538)	\$	7,704
			179,987				 179,987		
			179,987				 179,987		
			78,449				 78,449		
			262,279				 262,279		
		\$	340,728				\$ 340,728		

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED

# MICHIGAN CONSERVATION AND RECREATION LEGACY FUND

This fund ("Legacy Fund") was created by Article 9, Section 40, of the State Constitution, an amendment approved by voters in November 2006. The purpose of the amendment was to constitutionally prevent the diversion of certain funds and revenues for purposes other than those for which they were created. Section 40 created the following accounts within the Legacy Fund: Forest Recreation, Game and Fish Protection, Off-Road Vehicle, Recreation Improvement, Snowmobile, State Park Improvement, and Waterways.

The implementing legislation related to this amendment, found in Sections 324.2002 – 324.2035 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, transferred a number of special revenue funds and certain restrictively financed activities within the General Fund to the Legacy Fund. The following special revenue funds were transferred into the fund: Game and Fish Protection Fund, Michigan State Waterways Fund, Marine Safety Fund, and State Park Improvement Fund. The restrictively financed activities transferred into the fund from the General Fund were related to various outdoor recreation activities including snowmobiles, off-road vehicles, recreation trails, and State forest recreation.

Financing consists primarily of hunting and fishing licenses; camping and park entrance fees; 2 percent of gasoline taxes dedicated for boating, snowmobiling, off-road vehicles and other trails; watercraft and snowmobile registration fees; and trail use permits. The fund also receives funding from the Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund. Expenditures are limited to those activities specified in Section 40 and include forest recreation activities, wildlife and fisheries programs, off-road vehicle and snowmobile trails and facilities, State parks and recreation areas, improvement of lake harbors and inland waterways, and water safety education programs.

#### MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND

The former Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund was established in 1986 to restrict certain assets for the purpose of generating interest and earnings for transfer to the former Game and Fish Protection Fund (now accounted for within the Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund). Article 9, Section 41, of the State Constitution, an amendment approved by voters in November 2006, further protected these assets by creating the Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund.

The fund operates under Sections 324.43702 – 324.43704 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The sources of revenue for this fund include rentals, bonuses, and royalties from the removal of minerals, oil, gas, timber, or other resources from state-owned land acquired with Game and Fish Protection Fund dollars. Revenue is also received from other sources such as grants, gifts, and bequests. The assets of the Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund are invested as provided by law, with interest and earnings from the earnings of the Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund and not more than \$6 million of the principal can be expended each year for the purposes of the Game and Fish Protection Account of the Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund.

#### MICHIGAN NONGAME FISH AND WILDLIFE TRUST FUND

The former Michigan Nongame Fish and Wildlife Fund was established in 1983 to finance research and management of nongame fish and wildlife, designated endangered species, and designated plant species of this State. Article 9, Section 42, of the State Constitution, an amendment approved by voters in November 2006, further protected these assets by creating the Michigan Nongame Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund.

The fund operates under Sections 324.43902 – 324.43907 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The fund may receive transfers from other funds and revenue from specialty license plate sales, investment income, donations, and other sources authorized by law.

#### FOREST DEVELOPMENT FUND

This fund was established in 1993, along with the Michigan Forest Finance Authority, and operates under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 324.50507. The primary revenue source of the fund is timber revenue from State forest lands. Expenditures from the fund are for forest management activities and forest fire protection. The Authority is authorized to, but thus far has not, issued bonds. The Michigan Forest Finance Authority was reorganized in 2010. Under Executive Order 2010-2, the bonding-related functions of the Michigan Forest Finance Authority were transferred to the Michigan Finance Authority, with the DNR assuming all other functions and responsibilities of the Michigan Forest Finance Authority.

#### BOTTLE DEPOSITS FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 445.573c created the Bottle Deposits Fund to provide for the disposition of unredeemed bottle deposits. The Department of Treasury and the Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) jointly administer the fund. The law mandates that an annual distribution of the funds be made as follows: the first \$1 million is disbursed to the Bottle Bill Enforcement Fund (BBEF); of the remaining revenues, 25 percent is returned to the dealers and 75 percent is disbursed to the Bottle Deposits Fund. If the BBEF balance at the end of the fiscal year is greater than \$3 million, deposits in the fund are suspended until the fund balance falls below \$2 million.

The 75 percent distribution to EGLE is initially deposited into the Cleanup and Redevelopment Trust Fund (CRTF), and if not further distributed, remains there until the principal amount reaches \$200 million. At that point, interest and earnings within the fund are used for environmental remediation purposes. Of funds received annually by the CRTF, 80 percent is allocated to the CRTF and 10 percent to the Community Pollution Prevention Fund.

MCL Section 324.20108 moved the former Environmental Response Fund (ERF) to a sub-fund of the CRTF. The law mandates that proceeds of all cost recovery actions taken and settlements entered into pursuant to the ERF (excluding natural resource damages) by EGLE or the Attorney General, or both, shall be credited to the ERF.

Several EGLE funds are administratively housed within the Bottle Deposits Fund, although they receive no bottle deposits revenue. Included is the State Sites Cleanup Fund, established in accordance with MCL Section 324.20108c to provide for response activities at facilities where the State is liable as an owner or operator. The following loan programs administered by EGLE are also included: the Brownfield Revolving Loan Fund created by MCL Section 324.19608a, the Revitalization Revolving Loan Fund created by MCL Section 324.20108a, and the Federal Brownfield Cleanup and Revolving Loan Fund.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	CON AND	MCHIGAN ISERVATION RECREATION LEGACY FUND	MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND			
Current Assets:						
Cash Equity in common cash	\$	216 191,783	\$	- 9,861		
Taxes, interest, and		101,700		5,001		
penalties receivable		319		-		
Amounts due from federal agencies		3,563		-		
Amounts due from local units		76		-		
Inventories Other current assets		487 7,124		- 2,097		
Total Current Assets		203,569		11,958		
		200,000		11,000		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Amounts due from local units		-		-		
Investments Other noncurrent assets		3,572 250		231,078		
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,822		231,078		
		·				
Total Assets	\$	207,392	\$	243,036		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	22.450	\$			
Amounts due to other funds	Φ	22,159 1,069	φ	-		
Unearned revenue		3,715		-		
Total Current Liabilities		26,944		-		
Total Liabilities		26,944		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		257		-		
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-		202,331		
Restricted		180,191		40,706		
Total Fund Balances		180,191		243,036		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	207,392	\$	243,036		

N( F W	ICHIGAN ONGAME ISH AND /ILDLIFE UST FUND	OREST ELOPMENT FUND	BOTTLE EPOSITS FUND		TOTALS
\$	- 1,196	\$ - 52,923	\$ 6,510 232,219	\$	6,727 487,981
	-	- 371	-		319 3,934
	-	- 371	-		3,934 76
	-	-	-		487
	51	 1,281	 1,910		12,463
	1,247	 54,574	 240,640		511,988
	-	-	15,430		15,430
	9,096	-	-		243,746
	-	 -	 2,419		2,669
	9,096	 -	 17,848		261,845
\$	10,343	\$ 54,574	\$ 258,488	<u>\$</u>	773,833
\$	326	\$ 4,331	\$ 1,550	\$	28,365
	1	204	150		1,424
	- 326	 7,373 11,908	 - 1,700		<u>11,088</u> 40,878
			 · · · · · ·		
	326	 11,908	 1,700		40,878
	-	 -	 2,910		3,166
	6,000	-	56,724		265,055
	4,016	 42,666	 197,155		464,734
	10,016	 42,666	 253,879		729,789
\$	10,343	\$ 54,574	\$ 258,488	\$	773,833

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

RevenuesTaxes\$ 493\$ -From federal agencies6.048From services2From licenses and permits195,565Miscellaneous8.051Miscellaneous210,159Total Revenues210,159Current:General governmentGeneral government,219,147recreation, and agriculture219,147Capital outlay25,766Debt service:-Vendor financing payments61Total Expenditures248,325Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)-Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers to other funds-Transfers from other funds39,634Transfers to other funds36,202Ital Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under)(19,65)Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156Fund Balances - End of fiscal year\$ 180,191\$ 180,191\$ 243,036	DEVENUES	MICHIGAN CONSERVATION AND RECREATION LEGACY FUND	MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND
From federal agencies6,048From services2From licenses and permits195,565Miscellaneous8,051Miscellaneous210,159Total Revenues210,159Current:General governmentGeneral government,219,147recreation, and agriculture219,147Capital outlay25,766Debt service:248,325Vendor financing payments61Total Expenditures248,325Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)Proceeds from sale of capital assets-Transfers from other funds39,634Transfers to other funds36,202Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures36,202Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156ZT1,318	REVENUES		
Miscellaneous8,051(11,761)Total Revenues210,159(11,761)EXPENDITURES210,159(11,761)Current: General government3,351222Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture219,147296Capital outlay25,766-Debt service:248,325518Vendor financing payments61-Total Expenditures248,325518Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)7Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers to other funds-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	From federal agencies From services	6,048 2	\$ - - -
EXPENDITURESCurrent: General government3,351222Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture219,147296Capital outlay25,766-Debt service: Vendor financing payments61-Total Expenditures248,325518Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other fundsTotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318		,	- (11,761)
Current: General government3,351222Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture219,147296Capital outlay25,766-Debt service:248,325518Vendor financing payments61-Total Expenditures248,325518Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Proceeds from sale of capital assets 	Total Revenues	210,159	(11,761)
General government3,351222Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture219,147296Capital outlay25,766-Debt service:00Vendor financing payments61-Total Expenditures248,325518Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)00Proceeds from sale of capital assetsTransfers from other funds(3,432)(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	EXPENDITURES		
Capital outlay25,766Debt service:61Vendor financing payments61Total Expenditures248,325Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(under) Expenditures(38,166)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Proceeds from sale of capital assets-Transfers from other funds39,634Transfers to other funds(3,432)(16,003)(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	General government	3,351	222
Debt service:61Vendor financing payments61Total Expenditures248,325Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Proceeds from sale of capital assetsTransfers from other funds(3,432)(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	recreation, and agriculture		296
Total Expenditures248,325518Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)7Proceeds from sale of capital assetsTransfers from other funds39,634-Transfers to other funds(3,432)(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	1 2	25,766	-
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other fundsTransfers from other funds39,634-Transfers to other funds(3,432)(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	Vendor financing payments	61	
(under) Expenditures(38,166)(12,279)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Proceeds from sale of capital assetsTransfers from other funds39,634Transfers to other funds(3,432)(16,003)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other UsesFund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	Total Expenditures	248,325	518
Proceeds from sale of capital assets-Transfers from other funds39,634Transfers to other funds(3,432)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318		(38,166)	(12,279)
Transfers from other funds39,634Transfers to other funds(3,432)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(16,003)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	•	- 39,634	-
Sources (Uses)36,202(16,003)Excess Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	Transfers to other funds	(3,432)	(16,003)
Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(1,965)(28,282)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year - restated182,156271,318	0	36,202	(16,003)
fiscal year - restated 182,156 271,318	Sources over (under)	(1,965)	(28,282)
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year         \$ 180,191         \$ 243,036		182,156	271,318
	Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 180,191	\$ 243,036

MICHIGAN NONGAME FISH AND WILDLIFE TRUST FUND	FOREST DEVELOPMENT FUND	BOTTLE DEPOSITS FUND	TOTALS
\$ - - - (703)	\$- 516 - - 51,918	\$- - - 87,273	\$ 493 6,564 2 195,565 134,778
(703)	52,434	87,273	337,403
-	-	530	4,103
434	47,552 3,712	27,223	294,651 29,478
-	12	- 102	2 <del>3</del> ,478 175
434	51,276	27,855	328,408
(1,137)	1,158	59,418	8,994
- - (3)	- - (473)	142 (578)_	142 39,634 (20,489)
(3)	(473)	(436)	19,287
(1,140)	685	58,982	28,281
11,156	41,981	194,897	701,508
\$ 10,016	\$ 42,666	\$ 253,879	\$ 729,789

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				ONSERVATI ON LEGACY		D	MICHIGAN NONGAME FISH AND WILDLIFE TRUST FUND					
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUD	DGET	A	ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE	E	BUDGET	A	CTUAL	VAR	ANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES												
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in		493 6,048 2 95,565 8,051 - 99,634	\$	493 6,048 2 195,565 8,051 - 39,634	\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - (703) - -	\$	- - (703) - -	\$	- - - -
Total Revenues and Other Sources	24	9,793		249,793		-		(703)		(703)		-
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY												
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy Natural Resources Technology, Management and Budget Treasury	27	- 79,831 - 3,672		- 273,110 - 3,351		- 6,721 - 321		- 586 -		- 488 - -		- 98 -
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	28	3,503		276,461		7,042		586		488		98
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ (3	3,710)		(26,668)	\$	7,042	\$	(1,289)		(1,190)	\$	98
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted				24,704						51		
Net Reconciling Items				24,704						51		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				(1,965)						(1,140)		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)				400 450						44.450		
Beginning balances - restated				182,156						11,156		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	180,191					\$	10,016		

FOREST DEVELOPMENT FUND				BOTTLE DEPOSITS FUND		
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
\$	516 - 51,918 - - 52,434	\$ - 516 - 51,918 - - 52,434	\$ - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - 87,273 142 - 87,415	\$ - - - 87,273 142 - - 87,415	\$ - - - - - - - -
	62,766 62,766	61,507 - 61,507	1,259  	31,027 530 250 31,808	27,652 530 250 28,433	3,375 - - 3,375
\$	(10,332)	(9,073) 9,758 - 9,758	\$ 1,259	<u>\$55,607</u>		<u>\$3,375</u>
		685			58,982	
		41,981			194,897	
		\$ 42,666			\$ 253,879	

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	ANN	D NOT UALLY GETED						
	GAME A	HIGAN AND FISH ECTION T FUND			Т	OTALS		
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	ACT	TUAL	E	BUDGET		CTUAL	v	ARIANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	\$	- - - - -	\$	493 6,564 2 195,565 146,539 142 39,634	\$	493 6,564 2 195,565 146,539 142 39,634	\$	-
Total Revenues and Other Sources EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY		-		388,939		388,939		-
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy Natural Resources Technology, Management and Budget Treasury		- - -		31,027 343,183 530 3,922		27,652 335,105 530 3,601		3,375 8,078 - 321
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances				378,663		366,888		11,774
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)			\$	10,276		22,050	\$	11,774
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted	(	- [28,282]				34,513 (28,282)		
Net Reconciling Items	(	28,282)				6,231		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)	(	28,282)				28,281		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)								
Beginning balances - restated	2	71,318				701,508		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)	\$2	43,036			\$	729,789		



# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED

## HOMEOWNER CONSTRUCTION LIEN RECOVERY FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 570.1201 created the Homeowner Construction Lien Recovery Fund to allow contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and laborers to collect payments for work done if they have not been paid, despite filing a residential lien. MCL Section 570.1201 was repealed effective August 23, 2010. The fund is still accruing monies received from licensees who had final orders issued by the Michigan Residential Builders' and Maintenance and Alteration Contractors' Board to reimburse the payouts from the fund and/or legal costs.

# MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT - ADMINISTRATION FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 421.10 created this fund to account for administrative costs of the Unemployment Insurance Agency, which is administered by the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity. The fund derives most of its revenue from federal grants. It also receives transfers from the Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund (reported as part of the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, an enterprise fund). Expenditures for administration are subject to legislative appropriation.

Unemployment benefit payments to individuals are made directly from funds accumulated from employer premiums. These activities are reported in the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds.

## SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 408.1055 imposes an annual levy on each insurance carrier licensed to write workers' disability compensation business in the State and on each self-insured employer. The Safety Education and Training Fund was established to receive these assessments for supporting the safety education and training activities of the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity's Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

## SECOND INJURY FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 418.501 created the Second Injury Fund to insure carriers and self-insured employers against certain workers' compensation losses. The administrator, appointed by the fund's Board of Trustees, supervises the fund. The fund's revenue consists of assessments, calculated under provisions of the act, which are assessed to insurance carriers and self-insured employers licensed or authorized in Michigan.

### SELF-INSURERS' SECURITY FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 418.501, the Self-Insurers' Security Fund (SISF) pays workers' compensation benefits to injured employees of insolvent, private self-insured employers. Revenues are generated through annual assessments of private self-insured employers.

The SISF also administers bankrupt self-insured employer trust funds that are created for the payment of employer obligations due under the Michigan Workers' Disability Compensation Act. Employer obligations are reported as liabilities of this fund.

## SILICOSIS, DUST DISEASE, AND LOGGING INDUSTRY COMPENSATION FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 418.501, the Silicosis, Dust Disease, and Logging Industry Compensation Fund reimburses insurance carriers and self-insured employers licensed or authorized in Michigan who pay benefits to employees injured from certain dust diseases, and employees who have sustained personal injury or death while being employed in the logging industry. Revenues are generated through annual assessments of insurance carriers and self-insured employers licensed or authorized in Michigan.

## STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 125.1522 created the State Construction Code Fund. Fees received for building permit applications and other funds collected under this legislation are appropriated by the Legislature for the operation of the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs' Bureau of Construction Codes and related indirect overhead expenditures.

## UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 460.6m, the Utility Consumer Representation Fund provides funding, on behalf of residential gas, fuel, and electric customers, for energy cost recovery hearings before the Michigan Public Service Commission. The costs of operation and expenses incurred by the Utility Consumer Participation board in performing its duties under this section and MCL Section 460.6l, shall also be paid from the fund. Revenues are generated through annual assessments of regulated utility companies.

## UNEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATION TRUST FUND

This fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 421.10a to facilitate the repayment of debt incurred through a bond issuance authorized under the Employment Security Financing Act (MCL Section 12.271 et seq.) and MCL Section 421.26a. This debt was issued in order to repay advances received from the Federal Government that were provided to temporarily assist Michigan with unemployment payments that exceeded current revenue collections. Revenues within the Obligation Trust Fund are generated from annual assessments on employers. Payments are made to the Michigan Finance Authority, a discretely presented component unit, which held the bonds and made regular payments to the bond holders until the bonds were redeemed during fiscal year 2020. Unless utilized to collect a future obligation assessment, the activity of the fund will be only the collection of past due assessment balances, interest related to prior rate years and the disbursement of any collected funds for purposes as defined by the Act.

## STATE CASINO GAMING FUND

Created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 432.212, this fund provides the licensing, regulation, and control of casino gaming activities in Michigan via the five-member gaming control board created under MCL Section 432.204. Additional responsibilities include the performance of authorized inspections of tribal Class III gaming facilities and records pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of the various tribal/state compacts as delegated by the Governor in November 2002, the licensing and regulation of live horse racing per Executive Order 2009-45, the licensing and regulation of Millionaire Party charitable gaming events per Executive Order 2012-4, the licensing and regulation of internet gaming per MCL 432.301-322, the licensing and regulation of internet sports betting per MCL 432.401-419, and the licensing and regulation of fantasy contests per MCL 432.501-516.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	CONS <sup>®</sup> LIEN R	EOWNER IRUCTION ECOVERY UND	EMF SEC	ICHIGAN PLOYMENT JRITY ACT - NISTRATION FUND	EDI AND	AFETY JCATION TRAINING FUND	I	ECOND NJURY FUND	-INSURERS' ECURITY FUND
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Amounts due from other funds Amounts due from	\$	- 338 -	\$	- 21,934	\$	- 5,833 -	\$	- 7,885 -	\$ - 32,183 -
federal agencies Amounts due from local units		-		16,191 650		-		-	-
Other current assets		-		3		- 3,736		- 346	- 1,006
Total Current Assets		338		38,779		9,569		8,231	 33,189
Total Assets	\$	338	\$	38,779	\$	9,569	\$	8,231	\$ 33,189
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$	18,991 19,787 - 38,779	\$	396 57 - 453	\$	845 8 1,803 2,657	\$ 10,744 5 <u>408</u> 11,156
Total Liabilities		-		38,779		453		2,657	 11,156
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable Restricted Committed		- 338 -		- - -		- 9,116 -		5 5,569 -	 4 22,028 -
Total Fund Balances		338		-		9,116		5,574	 22,032
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	338	\$	38,779	\$	9,569	\$	8,231	\$ 33,189

DISE LC INI COMF	ASE, AND OGGING DUSTRY PENSATION FUND	CON	STATE STRUCTION DE FUND	UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND				TE CASINO 1ING FUND		TOTALS
\$	- 1,505 -	\$	- 33,529 -	\$	- 3,161 -	\$	- 10,453 176	\$ 5 9,964 -	\$	6 104,851 22,110
\$	144 1,649 1,649	\$	- 11 33,541 33,541	\$	- - 3,161 3,161	\$	976 11,605 11,605	\$ 24,492 34,462 34,462	\$	16,191 650 30,714 174,522 174,522
\$	134 1 223 359 359	\$	282 61 <u>-</u> 343 343	\$	84 4 	\$	- - 	\$ 632 24,350 <u>11</u> 24,993 24,993	\$	32,108 44,274 2,445 78,828 78,828
						_	499	 -	_	499
	- 1,290 - 1,290		33,198 33,198		3,072 3,072		11,107 	 9,114 355 9,469		10 94,831 355 95,196
\$	1,649	\$	33,541	\$	3,161	\$	11,605	\$ 34,462	\$	174,522

SILICOSIS, DUST

## Michigan

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

REVENUES	HOMEOWNER CONSTRUCTION LIEN RECOVERY FUND		MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT - ADMINISTRATION FUND	SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND		SECOND INJURY FUND		SELF-INSURERS' SECURITY FUND	
Taxes	\$		\$-	\$		\$		¢	
From federal agencies	φ -		ə - 222,775	φ	-	Φ	-	\$	-
From services	-				47		-		-
From licenses and permits			-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	5	_	11		9,017		6,739		1,779
Total Revenues	5		222,786		9,064		6,739		1,779
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	-		-		-		-		-
Labor, commerce,			050.000		40 500		0 700		4 700
and regulatory Debt service:	-		253,682		10,583		6,723		1,728
Vendor financing payments			1,562		46		44		25
••••		_							
Total Expenditures		_	255,244		10,629		6,767		1,753
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	5		(32,457)		(1,565)		(28)		26
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)								
Transfers from other funds	-		34,925		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds	-		(2,467)		(131)		(22)		(12)
Total Other Financing		_							
Sources (Uses)	_		32,457		(131)		(22)		(12)
		_	02,401		(101)		(22)		(12)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditure and Other Uses	es 5		-		(1,696)		(50)		14
Fund Balances - Beginning of									
fiscal year	332	_			10,812		5,625		22,019
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 338	_	<u>\$</u>	\$	9,116	\$	5,574	\$	22,032

DISE LC INE COMP	ASE, AND OGGING DUSTRY PENSATION FUND	CONS	TATE TRUCTION DE FUND	CO REPRE	UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND		PLOYMENT IGATION ST FUND	STATE CASINO GAMING FUND		TOTALS
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	154,357	\$ 154,357 222,775
	-		- 11		-		-		-	59
	- 990		19,092 205		- 1,738		- 2,252		3,335 150,499	22,427 173,234
	990		19,309		1,738		2,252		308,191	 572,852
			19,309		1,730		2,232		500,191	 572,052
	-		-		1,023		-		32,534	33,557
	718		10,827		768		1		-	285,029
	11		7						36	 1,731
	729		10,834		1,791		1		32,570	 320,317
	261		8,475		(53)		2,251		275,621	 252,535
	-		-		-		-		4,192	39,117
	(5)		(147)		(5)		-		(279,078)	 (281,867)
	(5)		(147)		(5)				(274,886)	 (242,750)
	257		8,328		(58)		2,251		735	9,785
	1,034		24,869		3,131		8,856		8,733	 85,410
\$	1,290	\$	33,198	\$	3,072	\$	11,107	\$	9,469	\$ 95,196
			-						-	 

SILICOSIS, DUST

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	HOMEOWNER CONSTRUCTION LIEN RECOVERY FUND					JND	MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT - ADMINISTRATION FUND				UND	
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUD	GET	AC	TUAL	VARIA	ANCE	В	UDGET		ACTUAL	VARI	ANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES												
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$	- - - 5 -	\$	- - - 5 -	\$		\$	222,775 - - 11 34,925	\$	222,775 - - 11 34,925	\$	- - - - -
Total Revenues and Other Sources		5		5		-		257,711		257,711		
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY												
Labor and Economic Opportunity Licensing and Regulatory Affairs Treasury		- - -				- - -		257,711 - -		257,711 - -		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances								257,711		257,711		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	5		5	\$	_	\$				\$	_
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted				-						-		
Net Reconciling Items				-						-		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				5								
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)												
Beginning balances				332						-		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	338					\$	-		

SAFE	ETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND					STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE FUND					
BUD	GET	A	CTUAL	VAR	IANCE	Bl	JDGET	A	CTUAL	VAF	RIANCE
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Ŧ	- 47	Ŧ	- 47	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	- 11	Ŧ	- 11		-
	- 9,017 -		- 9,017 -		-		19,092 205 -		19,092 205 -		-
	9,064		9,064		-		19,309		19,309		-
1	1,576 -		10,760 -		816 -		- 11,315		- 11,017		- 298
	-		-		-		-		-		-
1	1,576		10,760		816		11,315		11,017		298
<u>\$ (</u>	2,513)		(1,696)	\$	816	\$	7,993		8,291	\$	298
			-						37		
			-						37		
			(1,696)						8,328		
			10,812						24,869		
		\$	9,116					\$	33,198		

This schedule continued on next page.

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		STATE	CAS	INO GAMIN	Gaming Fund		
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	E	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARI	ANCE	
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES							
Taxes From federal agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$	154,357 - 3,335 150,499 4,192	\$	154,357 	\$		
Total Revenues and Other Sources EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY		312,383		312,383			
Labor and Economic Opportunity Licensing and Regulatory Affairs Treasury		- - 311,648		- - 311,648		-	
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances		311,648		311,648		-	
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	735		735	\$		
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted				-			
Net Reconciling Items				-			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				735			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)							
Beginning balances				8,733			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	9,469			

## FUNDS NOT ANNUALLY BUDGETED

SECOND INJURY FUND ACTUAL	SELF-INSURERS' SECURITY FUND ACTUAL	SILICOSIS, DUST DISEASE, AND LOGGING INDUSTRY COMPENSATION FUND ACTUAL	UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND ACTUAL	UNEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATION TRUST FUND ACTUAL	BUDGET	TOTALS	VARIANCE
\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 154,357 222,775 59 22,427 159,738 39,117 598,472	\$ 154,357 222,775 59 22,427 159,738 39,117 598,472	\$
- 	- - 	: 	- - 		269,287 11,315 311,648 592,250	268,471 11,017 311,648 591,136	816 298 
		<u> </u>			\$ 6,221	7,336	<u>\$ 1,114</u>
(50)	14	257	(58)	2,251		2,413	
(50)	14	257	(58)	2,251		2,449	
(50)	14	257	(58)_	2,251		9,785	
5,625	22,019	1,034	3,131	8,856		85,410	
\$ 5,574	\$ 22,032	\$ 1,290	\$ 3,072	\$ 11,107		\$ 95,196	



## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – OTHER STATE FUNDS

## 21st CENTURY JOBS TRUST FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 12.257 created the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Jobs Trust Fund to account for the transfer of the net bond proceeds issued by the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority. Executive Order 2010-2 moved the Authority to the Michigan Finance Authority. The bonds were issued to provide sufficient funds to purchase all or a portion of the State's receipts from the master settlement agreement between tobacco manufacturers and the State. Fund expenditures are used to reimburse the Michigan Strategic Fund for expenses related to revitalizing Michigan's economy and for other programs as determined by the Legislature. The fund may accept donations of money from any source; all interest earned is deposited into the State's General Fund. Beginning in fiscal year 2008 through 2023, the fund will also receive a portion of the tobacco settlement revenue received by the State.

### MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND

This fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 12.259 to account for a portion of the revenue from the master settlement agreement between tobacco manufacturers and the State. The settlement reimburses the State for health care costs which result from the use of tobacco products. The fund also consists of interest and earnings from trust fund investments and donations. Fund expenditures are used for programs, as determined by the Legislature.

All assets and liabilities of the Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund, established by MCL Section 12.253 and repealed as part of tobacco securitization legislation passed in November 2005, were transferred to the Michigan Merit Award Trust Fund in fiscal year 2006.

## CHILDREN'S TRUST FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 21.171, established the Children's Trust Fund to support the State Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Board (MCL Section 722.603) to coordinate and fund activities for the prevention of child abuse and neglect in the State. All money contributed to the fund in a fiscal year, plus up to 5.0 percent of the rolling average of the fund for the previous twelve quarters shall be available for disbursement if the rolling average of the fund for the previous twelve quarters is less than \$23.5 million, then up to 4.25 percent of the twelve-quarter rolling average is available for disbursement. In addition, money granted or received as gifts or donations to the trust fund is available for disbursement are reported as nonspendable fund balance.

## MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 35.1213 created this fund to provide assistance to families of certain members of the reserve components of the United States armed forces on active duty. A qualified individual or the individual's family shall apply to the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs for a grant from the fund. Funds are received primarily from taxpayer contributions on his or her annual State tax return designating \$5 or more of his or her refund to be credited to this fund.

### COMMUNITY DISTRICT EDUCATION TRUST FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section (MCL) 12.262 created this fund to provide funding to community districts for the duration they are prohibited under MCL Section 380.386 from levying a school operating tax by offsetting the absence of local school operating revenue in the funding of the State portion of foundation allowances under MCL Section 388.1622b. Beginning in fiscal year 2017, \$72.0 million of tobacco settlement revenue shall be deposited into the fund each year until a total of \$617.0 million is deposited. If the earmarked tobacco settlement revenue is less than the amount necessary to offset the absence of local school operating revenue in a community district in the funding of the State portion of foundation allowances under MCL 388.1622b, then the General Fund will be required to reimburse the School Aid Fund for as long as that community district is prohibited from levying a school operating tax.

## MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Miscellaneous Special Revenue Funds are made up of smaller individual special revenue funds that are not large enough to warrant separate presentation.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		T CENTURY BS TRUST FUND	MEF	ICHIGAN RIT AWARD UST FUND	CHILDREN'S TRUST FUND	
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Equity in common cash	\$	285,638	\$	48,022	\$	2,663
Amounts due from federal agencies		-		-		140
Other current assets Total Current Assets		56,250		47,528		161
Total Current Assets		341,888		95,550		2,964
Noncurrent Assets:						
Investments		-		-		24,325
Other noncurrent assets Total Noncurrent Assets		-		<u>124</u> 124		- 24,325
				124		24,325
Total Assets	\$	341,888	\$	95,674	\$	27,289
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	_	\$	1,376	\$	1,106
Amounts due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,370	Ψ	3
Total Current Liabilities		-		1,386		1,109
Total Liabilities		-		1,386		1,109
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		56,250		47,612		-
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-		-		23,475
Restricted		-		-		2,705
Committed		285,638		46,676		-
Total Fund Balances		285,638		46,676		26,180
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	¢	0.44,000	٠	05.074	¢	07.000
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	341,888	\$	95,674	\$	27,289

MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND		COMMUNITY DISTRICT EDUCATION TRUST FUND		5	ELLANEOUS SPECIAL EVENUE FUNDS		TOTALS
\$	2,703	\$	152	\$	4,720	\$	343,899
	-		-		-		140
	2,703		54,000 54,152		38 4,758		157,977 502,015
	-		-		287		24,612
	-		-		270		394
			-		556		25,005
\$	2,703	\$	54,152	\$	5,315	<u>\$</u>	527,021
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	2,483
Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	÷	-	Ŧ	13
	-		-		1		2,495
	-		-		1		2,495
	-		54,000		128		157,991
	-		-		1,430		24,905
	2,703		-		3,755		9,164
	-		152		-		332,466
	2,703		152		5,186		366,535
\$	2,703	\$	54,152	\$	5,315	\$	527,021

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	21ST CENTURY JOBS TRUST FUND		MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND		CHILDREN'S RUST FUND	
REVENUES						
From federal agencies Miscellaneous	\$ - 75,000	\$	- 78,689	\$	1,221 (573)	
Total Revenues	75,000		78,689		648	
EXPENDITURES						
Current: General government Education Health and human services Public safety and corrections Labor, commerce, and regulatory Debt service: Vendor financing payments Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	 100,811 - - - - - 100,811 (25,811)		1,346 - 61,111 100 - 1 62,558 16,130		21 - 3,294 - - 5 3,320 (2,672)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 40,650 - 40,650		- (18) (18)		- (5) (5)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	14,839		16,112		(2,677)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	 270,799		30,563		28,857	
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 285,638	\$	46,676	\$	26,180	

MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND	DI EDI	MMUNITY STRICT JCATION IST FUND	S R	ELLANEOUS SPECIAL EVENUE FUNDS	TOTALS		
\$-	\$	- 71,970	\$	- 9,091	\$	1,221 234,284	
107		71,970		9,091		235,505	
-		-		185		102,362	
-		72,003		-		72,003	
- 60		-		3		64,409 160	
-		-		- 9,010		9,010	
				<u> </u>		6	
60		72,003		9,198		247,950	
47		(33)		(107)		(12,445)	
-		-		- (8)		40,650 (31)	
				(8)		40,619	
47		(22)		(114)		20 474	
		(33)		(114)		28,174	
2,656		185		5,300		338,361	
\$ 2,703	\$	152	\$	5,186	\$	366,535	

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	21ST CEI	NTURY JOBS TR	JST FUND	MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND				
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
From federal agencies Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$- 75,000 40,650	\$- 75,000 40,650	\$ - - -	\$ - 78,689 -	\$ - 78,689 -	\$ - - -		
Total Revenues and Other Sources	115,650	115,650		78,689	78,689			
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY								
Attorney General	-	-	-	524	361	163		
Education Health and Human Services	-	-	-	۔ 61,272	- 61,111	- 160		
Military and Veterans Affairs	-	-	-	-	-	-		
State Police	-	-	-	872	102	770		
Treasury	386,449	100,811	285,638	1,216	1,001	215		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	386,449	100,811	285,638	63,884	62,576	1,308		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	<b>\$</b> (270,799)	14,839	\$ 285,638	\$ 14,804	16,112	\$ 1,308		
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted		-			-			
Net Reconciling Items								
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		14,839			16,112			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)								
Beginning balances		270,799			30,563			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$ 285,638			\$ 46,676			

## Michigan

	CHIL	DREN	'S TRUST I	UND		MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND							NITY DISTR				
BL	JDGET	A	CTUAL	VAR	IANCE	BU	DGET	AC	CTUAL	VAR	IANCE	BUDGET		A	CTUAL	VAR	IANCE
\$	1,221 (573) -	\$	1,221 (573) -	\$	- - -	\$	- 107 -	\$	- 107 -	\$	- - -	\$	- 71,970 -	\$	- 71,970 -	\$	- - -
	648		648		-		107		107		-		71,970		71,970		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		- 72,003		- 72,003		-
	4,201		3,329		872		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		150		60		90		-		-		-
	- 21		- 21		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	4,221		3,349		872		150		60		90		72,003		72,003		-
\$	(3,573)		(2,701)	\$	872	\$	(43)		47	\$	90	\$	(33)		(33)	\$	-
			24						-						-		
									-								
			24						-						-		
			(2,677)						47						(33)		
			28,857						2,656						185		
		\$	26,180					\$	2,703					\$	152		

This schedule continued on next page.

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	ANNU	IS NOT JALLY GETED					
	SPE REV	LANEOUS CIAL ENUE NDS	S		TOTALS		
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	ACT	TUAL	В	JDGET	 ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES							
From federal agencies Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$	- - -	\$	1,221 225,193 40,650	\$ 1,221 225,193 40,650	\$	-
Total Revenues and Other Sources		-		267,064	 267,064		-
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY							
Attorney General Education		-		524	361		163
Health and Human Services		-		72,003 65,472	72,003 64,440		- 1,032
Military and Veterans Affairs		-		150	60		90
State Police		-		872	102		770
Treasury		-		387,686	 101,833		285,853
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances				526,707	238,799		287,908
and Encumbrances				520,707	 230,799		207,900
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)		-	\$ (	259,644)	28,265	\$	287,908
						_	
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30		_			24		
Funds not annually budgeted		(114)			 (114)		
Net Reconciling Items		(114)			 (90)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		(114)			 28,174		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)							
Beginning balances		5,300			 338,361		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)	\$	5,186			\$ 366,535		

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

## COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for the debt service on all State Trunkline Fund (STF) related bond issues allowed for under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.661. The bonds are not general obligations of the State. The bonds are payable solely out of funds restricted for transportation purposes by Article 9, Section 9, of the State Constitution and irrevocably pledged by law for deposit in STF. Debt service requirements are funded by annual appropriations in STF.

#### COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for the debt service on all Comprehensive Transportation Fund (CTF) related bond issues allowed for under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.660b. The bonds are not general obligations of the State. The bonds are payable solely out of funds restricted for comprehensive transportation purposes by Article 9, Section 9, of the State Constitution and irrevocably pledged by law for deposit in CTF. Debt service requirements are funded by annual appropriations in CTF.

## RECREATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND REDEMPTION FUND

This fund was established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Sections 324.19506, 324.71506, and 324.95102 to service recreation and environmental protection bond issues. This fund also reflects debt service transactions related to State Park Improvement Fund (SPIF) revenue bonds, issued pursuant to MCL Section 324.74106.

Financing of debt retirement, interest expense, and paying agent fees is provided by annual legislative appropriation from the General Fund, transfers from SPIF representing state park revenues pledged for the payment of State Park Gross Revenue Bonds, and transfers from other funds as required by legislative appropriation or executive order.

Included in the restricted fund balance on the balance sheet is a \$300 thousand reserve account required by the State Park Gross Revenue Bonds document for additional security to pay bond principal and interest.

#### SCHOOL LOAN BOND REDEMPTION FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 388.922 created this fund to account for debt service on general obligation bonds issued to finance loans to local school districts. Financing of debt retirement, interest expense, and paying agent fees is provided by annual legislative appropriation from the General Fund or School Aid Fund.

## STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY

The State Building Authority (SBA) was created pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 830.412 to issue bonds to finance the acquisition or renovation of buildings for use by the State or public institutions of higher education, as well as State furnishings and equipment.

SBA issues revenue bonds for construction, cost of borrowing and debt service on projects related to particular bond issues. The resources to fund bond interest and principal payments are provided by transfers from the General Fund and from investment earnings of this fund. When a project is completed, the remaining assets are transferred to this fund where they are invested and used for debt service.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	ST TRU BON INT REDE	IBINED FATE NKLINE ID AND EREST MPTION UND	COMBINE COMPREHEN TRANSPORT BOND AN INTERES REDEMPT FUND	NSIVE ATION ND ST ION	RECREAT AND ENVIRONM PROTECT BONE REDEMPT FUNE	ENTAL TION TION
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$	2	\$	- \$ - 		- 1,683 9 1,692
Total Assets	\$	2	\$	- \$		1,692
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Total Current Liabilities	\$	2	\$	<u>- \$</u>		-
Total Liabilities		2		<u> </u>		-
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		-		<u> </u>		1,692
Total Fund Balances		-				1,692
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2	\$	- \$		1,692

SCHO LOAN B REDEMP FUNI	ond Tion I	STATE BUILDING JTHORITY	TOTALS
\$	- \$	148,047 <b>\$</b>	148,047 1,684
	-	242	250
		148,288	149,982
\$	- \$	148,288 <b>\$</b>	149,982
\$	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		17	18
			10
	<u> </u>	148,272	149,963
	<u> </u>	148,272	149,963
\$	- \$	148,288 \$	149,982

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND		COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND		ENVIF PRC	CREATION AND RONMENTAL DTECTION BOND DEMPTION FUND
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous	\$	3	\$	-	\$	83
Total Revenues		3		-		83
EXPENDITURES						
Current: General government Education Transportation Debt service: Bond principal retirement Bond interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		- - 3 138,310 95,191 233,504 (233,501)		- - 12,555 1,783 14,339 (14,338)		75 - - 66,750 <u>30,196</u> 97,022 (96,938)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(		(11,000)		(,)
Transfers from other funds		233,471		14,338		96,972
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		233,471		14,338		96,972
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(30)		-		34
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year		30		-		1,658
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$	1,692

SCHOOL LOAN BOND REDEMPTION FUND	<u> </u>	STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY	 TOTALS
\$-	\$	607	\$ 693
		607	 693
		- 706 -	75 706 3
93,829 16,699	<u> </u>	86,430 121,902	 397,874 265,772
(110,528)		209,038 (208,432)	 <u>664,431</u> (663,738)
110,528		213,270	 668,579
110,528		213,270	 668,579
-		4,838	4,841
		143,434	 145,122
\$	\$	148,272	\$ 149,963



## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

### STATE TRUNKLINE FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.661, this fund accounts for highway construction and maintenance. Its annual budget is subject to legislative review and appropriation, but the Transportation Commission has significant discretion in determining the funding of individual projects. The majority of projects in this fund are owned by the State. Financing consists primarily of federal aid, local participation, and transfers from the Michigan Transportation Fund. Expenditures and transfers are for administration, highway maintenance and construction, debt service, and various contractual obligations.

This fund also is used to record loans made to local units of government for reconstructing and resurfacing roadways. Activities of the Blue Water Bridge program, segregated as a separate fund within the accounting system, are also reported within the State Trunkline Fund.

### STATE AERONAUTICS FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 259.34, this fund accounts for airport improvement projects, of which a majority are locally owned. Financing consists primarily of aviation fuel taxes and federal contributions.

### COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND PROCEEDS FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.668b, this fund accounts for the proceeds of State trunkline revenue dedicated bonds. These bonds are used in part to finance the costs of road and bridge construction. All projects accounted for by this fund are owned by the State.

#### COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 247.668b, this fund accounts for the proceeds of comprehensive transportation revenue dedicated bonds. These bonds are used in part to finance the costs of locally owned comprehensive transportation projects.

Pursuant to MCL 474.65a, this fund also is used for the Michigan Rail Loan Assistance Program that issues noninterest bearing loans to finance construction and improvements that are designed for improvements to freight railroad infrastructure for the purposes of preserving, rebuilding, rehabilitating, or constructing facilities or improvements on railroad operating property or property adjacent to railroad operating property in the State.

## TRANSPORTATION RELATED TRUST FUNDS

The Michigan Department of Transportation is recognized as the legal representative of the State, including all governmental subdivisions, in the administration of the Federal Highway Administration programs. The financing accounted for in this fund consists primarily of revenues from the federal Highway Trust Fund utilized to reimburse municipalities for road and bridge program activities with very little State funds. All projects accounted for in this fund are locally owned.

## STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY

The State Building Authority (SBA) was created pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 830.412, to issue bonds to finance the acquisition or renovation of buildings for use by the State or public institutions of higher education, as well as State furnishings and equipment. The SBA's five-member board is appointed by the Governor.

This capital projects fund accounts for the construction of State projects, certain equipment financing, and higher education related projects using short-term commercial paper notes. Transfers out reflect the transfer of assets remaining after the completion of a project to the debt service fund. In the State's government-wide financial statements, accumulated expenditures for incomplete State projects are reflected as "construction in progress" and completed State projects are recorded as "buildings."

## ADVANCE FINANCING FUNDS

The Advance Financing Funds reflects the activities of two subfunds: the State Building Authority (SBA) Advance Financing Fund and the Site Preparation Economic Development Fund.

The SBA Advance Financing Fund was administratively established to account for disbursements issued for equipment, higher education, and State projects prior to the issuance of SBA bonds. Appropriation acts and concurrent resolutions provide this temporary funding for legislatively authorized projects. Payments disbursed on behalf of the SBA capital projects fund are recognized as amounts due from other funds until reimbursed. At year-end, any deficit in the common cash pool is reclassified as an interfund liability. In addition, expenditures funded by the General Fund or other sources related to the SBA-financed projects are recorded in this fund.

The Site Preparation Economic Development Fund is created through the annual appropriations process to account for expenditures incurred to prepare and sell State owned sites declared as surplus that would provide economic benefit to the area or State. Expenditures are recorded when incurred. Sale proceeds of fund properties are deposited into the fund. The Site Preparation Economic Development Fund did not have any activity during the current fiscal year.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Current Assets:         S         55         \$          Current tasset\$ <th>ASSETS</th> <th>STATE TRUNKLINE FUND</th> <th>STATE AERONAUTICS FUND</th> <th>COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND PROCEEDS FUND</th> <th>COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND</th>	ASSETS	STATE TRUNKLINE FUND	STATE AERONAUTICS FUND	COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND PROCEEDS FUND	COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND
Cash       S       55       S       -       S       -       S       -         Equily in interest, and penalties receivable       -       517       -       -       -         Amounts due from other funds       36,373       -       -       -       -       -         Amounts due from other funds       111,705       84,666       -       -       -       -         Amounts due from federal agencies       111,705       84,666       -       -       -       -         Amounts due from local units       123,734       -	Current Assets:				
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable       -       517       -       -         Amounts due from component units       1,598       -       -       -         Amounts due from federal agencies       111,705       84,666       -       -         Amounts due from federal agencies       111,705       84,666       -       -         Amounts due from local units       23,178       183       -       -         Other current assets       12,069       86       -       -         Total Current Assets:       1,644,900       97,777       1,106,467       4,251         Noncurrent Assets:       10,726       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Assets       59,403       114       -       210         Other onneurrent Assets       59,403       114       -       210         Total Noncurrent Assets       59,403       114       -       210         Total Assets       2,511       40       -       -         Accounts payable and other liabilities       2,511       40       -       -         Amounts due to other funds       2,511       40       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -		\$ 55	\$-	\$-	\$-
Amounts due from other funds       36,373       -       -       -         Amounts due from component units       1,598       -       -       -         Amounts due from local units       23,178       183       -       30         Inventories       13,734       -       -       -         Other current assets       12,069       86       -       -         Total Current Assets:       1       -       -       -         Noncurrent Assets:       1       -       -       -         Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable       -       1       -       -         Amounts due from local units       48,676       113       -       210         Other noncurrent assets       10,726       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Assets       59,403       114       -       210         Total Assets       \$ 1,704,302       \$ 97,890       \$ 1,106,467       \$ 4,461         LABILITIES       Current Liabilities:       2,511       40       -       -         Accounts payable       -       -       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -       - </td <td></td> <td>1,446,188</td> <td>12,324</td> <td>1,106,467</td> <td>4,221</td>		1,446,188	12,324	1,106,467	4,221
Amounts due from component units       1,598       -       -       -         Amounts due from federal agencies       111,705       84,666       -       -         Amounts due from federal agencies       13,774       183       -       30         Inventories       13,774       183       -       -       30         Inventories       13,774       -       -       -       -         Other current assets       1644,900       97,777       1,106,467       4,251         Noncurrent Assets:       -       -       -       -       -         Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable       -       1       - <td< td=""><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>-</td><td>517</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	517	-	-
Amounts due from federal agencies       111,705       84,666       -       -         Amounts due from local units       23,778       183       -       30         Inventories       13,734       -       -       -         Total Current Assets       12,069       86       -       -         Total Current Assets       164,900       97,777       1,106,467       4,251         Noncurrent Assets       10,726       -       -       -         Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable       -       1       -       -         Amounts due from local units       48,676       113       -       210         Other noncurrent assets       10,726       -       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Assets       \$1,704,302       \$97,890       \$1,106,467       \$4,461         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities:       \$254,372       \$77,214       \$56,680       \$         Current Liabilities:       \$254,372       \$77,214       \$56,680       \$       -         Amounts due to other finds       \$254,372       \$77,253       \$66,680       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -       -       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-	-	-
Amounts due from local units       23,178       183       -       30         Inventories       13,734       -       -       -         Other current assets       12,069       86       -       -         Total Current Assets       1,644,900       97,777       1,106,467       4,251         Noncurrent Assets       1       -       -       -         Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable       -       1       -       -         Amounts due from local units       48,676       113       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Assets       10,726       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       210         Other noncurrent Assets       59,403       1114       -       2210       -       210         Total Noncurrent Assets       \$       1,704,302       \$       97,890       \$       1,106,467       \$       -         LIABILITIES       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 84.666</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			- 84.666	-	-
Other current assets         12,069         86         -         -           Total Current Assets:         1,644,900         97,777         1,106,467         4,251           Noncurrent Assets:         -         1         -         -           Amounts due from local units         48,676         113         -         -           Amounts due from local units         48,676         113         -         -           Total Noncurrent Assets         10,726         -         -         -         -           Total Noncurrent Assets         59,403         1114         -         210         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         210           Total Assets         \$ 1,704,302         \$ 97,890         \$ 1,106,467         \$ 4,461         -		,		-	30
Total Current Assets         1.644.900         97,777         1.106,467         4.251           Noncurrent Assets:         1         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         1         1         1 <td>Inventories</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Inventories		-	-	-
Noncurrent Assets:         1         -         1         -         -         -         1         -				-	-
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable       -       1       -       -         Amounts due from local units       48,676       113       -       210         Other noncurrent assets       10,726       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Assets       59,403       114       -       210         Total Assets       \$ 1,704,302       \$ 97,890       \$ 1,106,467       \$ 4,461         LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Accounts payable and other liabilities       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Bonds and notes payable       -       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       1,765       - <t< td=""><td>Total Current Assets</td><td>1,644,900</td><td>97,777</td><td>1,106,467</td><td>4,251</td></t<>	Total Current Assets	1,644,900	97,777	1,106,467	4,251
Amounts due from local units       48,676       113       -       210         Other noncurrent assets       10,726       -       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Assets       59,403       114       -       210         Total Assets       \$ 1,704,302       \$ 97,890       \$ 1,106,467       \$ 4,461         LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:       Accounts payable and other liabilities       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Amounts due to other funds       2,511       40       -       -       -         Bonds and notes payable       -       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       1,765       -					
Other noncurrent assets         10,726         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         210		-		-	-
Total Noncurrent Assets         59,403         114         -         210           Total Assets         \$ 1,704,302         \$ 97,890         \$ 1,106,467         \$ 4,461           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Bonds and notes payable         \$ 254,372         \$ 77,214         \$ 56,680         \$ -           Interest payable         - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>210</td>			-	-	210
LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable and other liabilities       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Amounts due to other funds       2,511       40       -       -         Bonds and notes payable       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       1,765       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities       258,648       77,253       56,680       -         Long-Term Liabilities:       11       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       11       -       -       -         Total Long-Term Liabilities       11       -       -       -         Total Long-Term Liabilities       11       -       -       -         Total Long-Term Liabilities       11,278       1       -       -         FUND BALANCES       11,278       1       -       -         FUND BALANCES       1,420,631       20,636       1,049,787       4,461         Unassigned       -       -       -       -       -         Total Fund Balances       1,434,365       20,636 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>114</td> <td>-</td> <td>210</td>			114	-	210
Current Liabilities:       Accounts payable and other liabilities       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Amounts due to other funds       2,511       40       -       -         Bonds and notes payable       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       1,765       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities:       258,648       77,253       56,680       -         Unearned revenue       11       -       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities:       11       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       11       -       -       -       -       -         Total Long-Term Liabilities       11       -       -       -       -       -         Total Liabilities       258,659       77,253       56,680       -       -       -       -         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,278       1       -       -       -       -       -         FUND BALANCES       1,420,631       20,636       1,049,787       4,461       -       -       -       - <td< td=""><td>Total Assets</td><td>\$ 1,704,302</td><td>\$ 97,890</td><td>\$ 1,106,467</td><td>\$ 4,461</td></td<>	Total Assets	\$ 1,704,302	\$ 97,890	\$ 1,106,467	\$ 4,461
Accounts payable and other liabilities       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Amounts due to other funds       2,511       40       -       -         Bonds and notes payable       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       1,765       -       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities:       258,648       77,253       56,680       -       -         Unearned revenue       11       -       <	LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other liabilities       \$ 254,372       \$ 77,214       \$ 56,680       \$ -         Amounts due to other funds       2,511       40       -       -         Bonds and notes payable       -       -       -       -         Interest payable       -       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       1,765       -       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities:       258,648       77,253       56,680       -       -         Unearned revenue       11       -       <	Current Liabilities:				
Bonds and notes payable       - <td></td> <td>\$ 254,372</td> <td>\$ 77,214</td> <td>\$ 56,680</td> <td>\$-</td>		\$ 254,372	\$ 77,214	\$ 56,680	\$-
Interest payable       -		2,511	40	-	-
Unearned revenue         1,765         -		-	-	-	-
Total Current Liabilities       258,648       77,253       56,680       -         Long-Term Liabilities:       11       -       -       -       -         Total Long-Term Liabilities       11       -       -       -       -         Total Liabilities       258,659       77,253       56,680       -       -         Total Liabilities       258,659       77,253       56,680       -       -         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,278       1       -       -       -         FUND BALANCES       11,278       1       -       -       -       -         Nonspendable       13,734       -       -       -       -       -       -         Restricted       1,420,631       20,636       1,049,787       4,461       -		- 1 765	-	-	-
Unearned revenue         11         -			77,253	56,680	
Unearned revenue         11         -	Long-Term Liabilities				
Total Liabilities       258,659       77,253       56,680       -         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       11,278       1       -       -         FUND BALANCES       13,734       -       -       -         Nonspendable       13,734       -       -       -         Restricted       1,420,631       20,636       1,049,787       4,461         Unassigned       -       -       -       -         Total Fund Balances       1,434,365       20,636       1,049,787       4,461         Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows       -       -       -       -	5	11	-	-	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         11,278         1         -         -           FUND BALANCES         13,734         -         -         -         -           Nonspendable         13,734         -         -         -         -         -           Restricted         1,420,631         20,636         1,049,787         4,461         - <td>Total Long-Term Liabilities</td> <td>11</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Total Long-Term Liabilities	11	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES         13,734         -          -         -	Total Liabilities	258,659	77,253	56,680	
Nonspendable         13,734         -         -         -           Restricted         1,420,631         20,636         1,049,787         4,461           Unassigned         -         -         -         -         -           Total Fund Balances         1,434,365         20,636         1,049,787         4,461           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows         -         -         -         -	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,278	1		
Restricted         1,420,631         20,636         1,049,787         4,461           Unassigned         - <td>FUND BALANCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	FUND BALANCES				
Unassigned         -	Nonspendable	13,734	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances1,434,36520,6361,049,7874,461Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		1,420,631	20,636	1,049,787	4,461
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Unassigned			-	-
	Total Fund Balances	1,434,365	20,636	1,049,787	4,461
of Resources, and Fund Balances \$1,704,302 \$97,890 \$1,106,467 \$4,461	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
	of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,704,302	\$ 97,890	\$ 1,106,467	\$ 4,461

F	SPORTATION RELATED JST FUNDS	В	STATE SUILDING ITHORITY	ADVANCE FINANCING FUNDS		 TOTALS
\$	- - 59,613 79,896 - - 139,509	\$	47,801 15 - 2 - - - 80 47,899	\$	- 22,446 - 64 - - 22,511	\$ 47,857 2,569,215 517 58,819 1,600 256,049 103,288 13,734 12,235 3,063,313
\$	- - - 139,509	\$	- - - - 47,899	\$	- - - 22,511	\$ 1 49,000 10,726 59,726 3,123,039
\$	93,189 46,320 - - - 139,509	\$	90 22,449 77,000 156 - 99,696	\$	11,266 12,188 - - - 23,454	\$ 492,811 83,508 77,000 156 1,765 655,240
	- - 139,509 -		- - 99,696 -		- - 23,454 -	 11 11 655,251 11,279
	- - -		- - (51,797) (51,797)		- (943) (943)	 13,734 2,495,515 (52,740) 2,456,509
\$	139,509	\$	47,899	\$	22,511	\$ 3,123,039

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

REVENUES	т	STATE RUNKLINE FUND	AE	STATE RONAUTICS FUND	STAT	COMBINED TE TRUNKLINE D PROCEEDS FUND	COMPF TRANSF BOND F	MBINED REHENSIVE PORTATION PROCEEDS FUND
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	13,692	\$	-	\$	-
From federal agencies From local agencies		1,056,415 21,725		178,511 6		-		-
From services		3,564		280		-		-
From licenses and permits		17,367		471		-		-
Miscellaneous		81,418		3,877		9,473		27
Total Revenues		1,180,489		196,837		9,473		27
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education		-		-		-		-
Transportation		898,569		196,009		1,022		300
Capital outlay Debt service:		1,425,721		161		653,022		-
Vendor financing payments		2,704		2		-		-
Total Expenditures		2,326,994		196,171		654,044		300
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(1,146,505)		666		(644,570)		(273)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bonds and bond anticipation notes issued		-		-		-		-
Premium on bond issuance		-		-		-		-
Vendor financing acquisitions Proceeds from sale of capital assets		248,608 2,095		-		-		-
Transfers from other funds		2,095 1,445,150		- 6,000		-		- 476
Transfers to other funds		(239,238)		(3,544)		(50,249)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,456,614		2,456		(50,249)		476
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses		310,109		3,121		(694,819)		203
Fund Balances - Beginning								
of fiscal year - restated		1,124,256		17,515		1,744,606		4,258
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$	1,434,365	\$	20,636	\$	1,049,787	\$	4,461

TRANSPORTATION RELATED TRUST FUNDS	STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY	ADVANCE FINANCING FUNDS	TOTALS
\$ - 337,770 - - 978 338,748	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	\$ 13,692 1,574,893 21,731 3,844 17,839 97,305 1,729,304
- 338,748 - -	62,699 - 63,188 	508 - 938 	63,207 1,434,647 2,143,029 2,706
338,748	125,886	1,446	<u>3,643,589</u> (1,914,286)
- - - -	146,530 15,093 - - -	- - - 30,097	146,530 15,093 248,608 2,095 1,481,724
	(31,598) 130,024	30,097	(324,630) 1,569,419
-	4,980	31,539	(344,867)
	(56,777)	(32,482)	2,801,375
\$	\$ (51,797)	\$ (943)	\$ 2,456,509

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	STATE TRUNKLINE FUND			STATE AERONAUTICS FUND				
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 13,692	\$ 13,692	\$-		
From federal agencies	1,056,415	1,056,415	-	178,511	178,511	-		
From local agencies	21,725	21,725	-	6	6	-		
From services	3,564	3,564	-	280	280	-		
From licenses and permits	17,367	17,367	-	471	471	-		
Miscellaneous	81,418	81,418	-	3,877	3,877	-		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,095	2,095	-	-	-	-		
Transfers in	1,445,150	1,445,150		6,000	6,000			
Total Revenues and Other Sources	2,627,734	2,627,734		202,837	202,837			
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY								
Transportation	2,634,988	2,566,103	68,885	201,501	200,314	1,186		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	2,634,988	2,566,103	68,885	201,501	200,314	1,186		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ (7,254)	61,631	\$ 68,885	<u>\$                                    </u>	2,522	<u>\$ 1,186</u>		
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted		248,478			599 			
Net Reconciling Items		248,478			599			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		310,109			3,121			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)								
Beginning balances - restated		1,124,256			17,515			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$ 1,434,365			\$ 20,636			

FUNDS NOT ANNUALLY BUDGETED
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COMBINED COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND PROCEEDS FUND ACTUAL COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND ACTUAL		TRANSPORTATION RELATED TRUST <u>FUNDS</u> ACTUAL	STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY ACTUAL	ADVANCE FINANCING FUNDS ACTUAL	
\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
(694,819)			4,980		
(694,819)	203		4,980	31,539	
1,744,606 \$ 1,049,787	4,258 \$ 4,461	<u> </u>	(56,777) \$ (51,797)	(32,482) \$ (943)	

This schedule continued on next page.

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	TOTALS						
Statutory/Budgetary Basis		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE	
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES							
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Total Revenues and Other Sources EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT,	\$	13,692 1,234,926 21,731 3,844 17,839 85,295 2,095 1,451,150 2,830,571	\$	13,692 1,234,926 21,731 3,844 17,839 85,295 2,095 1,451,150 2,830,571	\$	- - - - - - - - -	
AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY							
Transportation		2,836,488		2,766,417		70,071	
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances		2,836,488		2,766,417		70,071	
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	(5,918)		64,153	\$	70,071	
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted				249,077 (658,097)			
Net Reconciling Items				(409,020)			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				(344,867)			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)							
Beginning balances - restated				2,801,375			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	2,456,509			

## PERMANENT FUNDS

#### CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws 333.5861 established the Children with Special Needs Fund (CSNF) to operate as a privately funded trust for the purpose of providing for the special health care needs of children in Michigan when funding is not available through other sources. Since CSNF was created in 1944, it has been supported through donations from families, individuals, businesses, and organizations.

The CSNF is administered by the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services and may be used to purchase equipment and services that promote optimal health, mobility, and development to enhance the lives of children and their families. A minimum balance of \$18 million must be maintained in the CSNF. If the balance of the CSNF is less than \$18 million, there can be no expenditures from the fund until the balance of the fund once again exceeds \$18 million.

### MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND

Originally established in 1976 under the Kammer Recreation Land Trust Act, the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund (MNRTF) was incorporated in the State Constitution under Article 9, Section 35 through an amendment approved by voters in 1984. The fund operates under Sections 324.1901 – 324.1907a of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The State Treasurer directs fund investments, which include fixed income and equity investments.

In May of 2011, the MNRTF reached the constitutional limit of \$500 million on the investment corpus. As a result, the MNRTF no longer receives revenue generated from oil and gas bonuses, rentals, and royalties from State-owned land. Constitutionally, these revenue sources are now deposited into the Michigan State Parks Endowment Fund (MSPEF). After the MSPEF reaches an accumulated principal of \$800 million, the accumulated principal limit for the MNRTF no longer applies and the revenues shall be deposited into the MNRTF.

Until the MSPEF reaches an accumulated principal balance of \$800 million, constitutional provisions limit MNRTF appropriations to investment and other miscellaneous income of the fund. Appropriations are used to fund grants to local units of government as well as State agencies to acquire land or develop public recreation facilities and to fund payments in lieu of property taxes on State lands acquired by the fund.

## MICHIGAN STATE PARKS ENDOWMENT FUND

Established in 1994, the Michigan State Parks Endowment Fund (MSPEF) is governed by the provisions of Michigan Compiled Laws Section 324.74119 and Article IX, Section 35a of the State Constitution to finance operations, maintenance, and capital improvements at Michigan State parks. The voters approved a constitutional amendment in August 2002 that changed the distribution formula and allows the State Treasurer to invest in equity securities and other types of investments.

The fund was established with a \$40 million transfer from the sale of the Accident Fund of Michigan to provide funds for permanent investment. Currently all revenues previously attributable to the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund from oil and gas bonuses, rentals, and royalties from State-owned land are deposited in the MSPEF until its accumulated principal is capped at \$800 million.

Until the Park Endowment Fund reaches an accumulated principal balance of \$800 million, not more than 50 percent of the oil, gas, and mineral royalty revenue received can be appropriated by the Legislature. However, the Legislature can appropriate all interest and earnings and private contributions or other revenue to the fund. When the endowment fund's principal balance reaches \$800 million, only the interest and earnings in excess of the amount needed to maintain the \$800 million principal limit, annually adjusted for inflation, may be appropriated for expenditure.

## MICHIGAN VETERANS' TRUST FUND

Article 9, Section 37, of the State Constitution created this fund to finance programs to assist veterans and their beneficiaries. A sevenmember board of trustees governs the fund. Resources are provided by investment and common cash earnings. Expenditures and transfers out reflect grants to benefit veterans and their widows or dependents, program costs, and administrative costs at both the State and local level. The fund is administered within the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# PERMANENT FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS FUND		N RE	MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND		MICHIGAN STATE PARKS ENDOWMENT FUND		MICHIGAN VETERANS' TRUST FUND		TOTALS
Current Assets: Equity in common cash Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$	1,522 63 1,585	\$	50,274 1,282 51,556	\$	30,310 8,237 38,547	\$	3,467 86 3,553	\$	85,573 9,669 95,242
Noncurrent Assets: Investments Total Noncurrent Assets		20,497 20,497		665,525 665,525		331,440 331,440		61,709 61,709		1,079,170 1,079,170
Total Assets	\$	22,082	\$	717,081	\$	369,987	\$	65,262	\$	1,174,411
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Total Current Liabilities	\$	133 1 134	\$	14,010 7 14,016	\$	1,865 27 1,892	\$	1,023 6 1,028	\$	17,031 39 17,070
Total Liabilities		134		14,016		1,892		1,028		17,070
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable Restricted		18,000 3,948		500,000 203,064		321,966 46,129		50,000 14,233		889,966 267,375
Total Fund Balances		21,948		703,064		368,095		64,233		1,157,341
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	22,082	\$	717,081	\$	369,987	\$	65,262	\$	1,174,411

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PERMANENT FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS FUND	MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND	MICHIGAN STATE PARKS ENDOWMENT FUND	MICHIGAN VETERANS' TRUST FUND	TOTALS
REVENUES					
Miscellaneous	\$ (2,356)	\$ (64,173)	\$ 6,393	\$ (5,630)	\$ (65,765)
Total Revenues	(2,356)	(64,173)	6,393	(5,630)	(65,765)
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General government Health and human services Public safety and corrections Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture Capital outlay	20 725 -	3,145 - - 22,700 3,803	341 - - 16,790 6,530	71 _ 2,833 _	3,577 725 2,833 39,489 10,333
Debt service: Vendor financing payments			5		5_
Total Expenditures	745	29,648	23,665	2,904	56,962
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(3,101)	(93,821)	(17,272)	(8,533)	(122,727)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers to other funds	(2)	240 (24)	(214)	(12)	240 (252)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2)	216	(214)	(12)	(13)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(3,103)	(93,605)	(17,486)	(8,545)	(122,740)
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	25,051	796,670	385,582	72,779	1,280,081
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 21,948	\$ 703,064	\$ 368,095	\$ 64,233	<u>\$ 1,157,341</u>

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -PERMANENT FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	SP	CHILDREN WITH ECIAL NEEDS F		MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND				
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$ (2,356) -	\$ (2,356) -	\$ - -	\$ (64,173) 240	\$ (64,173) 240	\$		
Total Revenues and Other Sources	(2,356)	(2,356)		(63,933)	(63,933)			
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY								
Health and Human Services	727	727	-	-	-	-		
Military and Veterans Affairs Natural Resources Treasury	20	- 20	-	- 68,519 3,299	- 62,832 3,145	- 5,687 153		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	747	747	<u> </u>	71,818	65,978	5,840		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ (3,103)	(3,103)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (135,751)</u>	(129,911)	\$ 5,840		
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30					36,305			
Net Reconciling Items					36,305			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		(3,103)			(93,605)			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)								
Beginning balances		25,051			796,670			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$ 21,948			\$ 703,064			

# Michigan

MICHIGAN STATE PARKS ENDOWMENT FUND				MICHIGAN VETERANS' TRUST FUND				TOTALS								
 BUDGET	A	CTUAL	VAR	IANCE	E	BUDGET ACTUAL		VA	RIANCE		BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE		
\$ 6,393 -	\$	6,393 -	\$	-	\$	(5,630)	\$	(5,630)	\$	-	\$	(65,765) 240	\$	(65,765) 240	\$	-
 6,393		6,393		-		(5,630)		(5,630)		-		(65,525)		(65,525)		-
 - 29,253 341		- 28,592 341		- - 660 -		3,643 - 71		2,847 - 71		- 796 -		727 3,643 97,771 3,730		727 2,847 91,425 3,577		- 796 6,347 153
 29,593		28,933		660		3,714		2,918		796		105,871		98,575		7,296
\$ (23,200)		(22,540)	\$	660	\$	(9,343)		(8,547)	\$	796	\$	(171,397)		(164,101)	\$	7,296
		5,053					_	2						41,361		
		5,053						2						41,361		
		(17,486)					_	(8,545)						(122,740)		
		385,582					_	72,779						1,280,081		
	\$	368,095					\$	64,233					\$	1,157,341		



# ENTERPRISE FUNDS

## ATTORNEY DISCIPLINE SYSTEM

The Attorney Discipline System (ADS) consists of the Attorney Grievance Commission and the Attorney Discipline Board. This system provides the courts, legal profession, and the general public with a means to ensure that complaints against attorneys for potential violations of the Court Rules and the Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct are properly heard and investigated, and that sanctions are imposed where required. ADS is under the supervision of the Michigan Supreme Court which also approves the two agencies' budgets.

ADS receives revenue in the form of mandatory annual assessments on members of the State Bar of Michigan, provided for by Court Rules. This system also receives other revenue, primarily through the assessment of administrative fees and the recovery of costs, including subpoena fees and transcript costs.

## LIQUOR PURCHASE REVOLVING FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 436.1221 authorized the Liquor Control Commission, within the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, to maintain a revolving fund that is to be derived from the money deposited to the credit of the commission with the State Treasurer. Under State monopoly, liquor is sold at wholesale through a State controlled, privately operated distribution system. The fund accounts for the sales of and the replenishing and transporting of the liquor stock. Administrative, warehousing, and delivery costs are paid for through the fund. At the end of each fiscal year, the net income of the fund is transferred to the General Fund in accordance with MCL Section 18.1435.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	DIS	FORNEY CIPLINE YSTEM	PL	LIQUOR IRCHASE VOLVING FUND	TOTALS
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Inventories Investments	\$	536	\$	- 80,665 3,198	\$ 536 80,665 3,198
Other current assets Total Current Assets		3,332 206 4,074		- 21,881 105,745	 3,332 22,087 109,819
Noncurrent Assets: Investments Capital Assets: Buildings, equipment, and		4,843		-	4,843
other depreciable assets Allowance for depreciation Total capital assets Other noncurrent assets		2,056 (332) 1,725 16		921 (38) 883 -	 2,977 (369) 2,608 16
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,584		883	 7,467
Total Assets		10,658		106,628	 117,286
		414		7,622	 8,036
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Interest payable Unearned revenue Vendor financing obligations Current portion of other long-term obligations Total Current Liabilities		571 - 1,126 182 - 1,878		114,403 113 2 - 23 500 115,040	 114,974 113 2 1,126 204 500 116,918
Long-Term Liabilities: Vendor financing obligations Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,551 <u>1,099</u> 2,650		879 21,409 22,288	 2,430 22,507 24,937
Total Liabilities		4,528		137,327	 141,856
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		849		14,103	 14,952
NET POSITION		010		11,100	 
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for other purposes Unrestricted		7 4,019 1,668		(18) - (37,162)	 (11) 4,019 (35,494)
Total Net Position	\$	5,695	\$	(37,180)	\$ (31,485)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	ATTORNEY DISCIPLINE SYSTEM	LIQUOR PURCHASE REVOLVING FUND	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES Operating revenues	\$ 5,311	\$ 1,586,515	\$ 1,591,827
Total Operating Revenues	<u>φ 5,311</u> 5,311	<u>φ 1,586,515</u> 1,586,515	<u> </u>
	5,511	1,500,515	1,551,627
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries, wages, and other administrative Depreciation Purchases for resale Other operating expenses	4,101 219 - 602	104,164 38 1,155,155 814	108,265 257 1,155,155 <u>1,416</u>
Total Operating Expenses	4,923	1,260,171	1,265,093
Operating Income (Loss)	388	326,345	326,733
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue Investment revenue (expense) - net Other nonoperating revenues Interest expense Other nonoperating expenses	133 (1,105) - - -	1,218 - 1 (24) (109)	1,351 (1,105) 1 (24) (109)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(972)	1,086	114
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(584)	327,431	326,847
TRANSFERS Transfers to other funds		(327,431)	(327,431)
Total Transfers In (Out)		(327,431)	(327,431)
Change in net position	(584)	-	(584)
Total net position - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	6,279	(37,180)	(30,902)
Total net position - End of fiscal year	\$ 5,695	\$ (37,180)	<u>\$ (31,485)</u>

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

5)				
	ATTORNEY DISCIPLINE SYSTEM	LIQUOR PURCHASE REVOLVING FUND		TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	¢ 4 500 400	¢	4 500 400
Receipts from customers Membership dues	\$- 5,294	\$ 1,580,488	\$	1,580,488 5,294
Payments to employees	(4,613)	(12,518)		(17,131)
Payments to suppliers	(675)	(1,279,531)		(1,280,206)
Other receipts	75	-		75
Other payments	-	(921)		(921)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	80	287,518		287,598
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds	·	(328,520)		(328,520)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	-	(328,520)		(328,520)
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(55)	-		(55)
Vendor financing payments (including imputed interest expense)	(148)	(35)		(183)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and				
related financing activities	(203)	(35)		(237)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(0.000)			(0.000)
Purchase of investment securities Sale of investment securities	(3,320) 223	-		(3,320) 223
Interest and dividends on investments	6	1,218		1,225
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(3,091)	1,218		(1,873)
Net cash provided (used) - all activities Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(3,214) 3,750	(39,819) 120,485		(43,032) 124,234
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 536	\$ 80,666	\$	81,202
	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J			
	φ 330	φ 00,000	<u> </u>	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:	φ <u> </u>	\$ 00,000	<u> </u>	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash	\$ 536	\$ -	\$	536
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash	\$	\$ - 80,665	\$	80,665
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 536 - \$ 536	\$ -		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	\$ 536 - \$ 536	\$ - 80,665	\$	80,665
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 536 - \$ 536	\$ - 80,665 \$ 80,666	\$ \$	80,665 81,202
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	\$ 536 - \$ 536	\$ - 80,665	\$	80,665
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used)	\$ 536 - \$ 536	\$ - 80,665 \$ 80,666	\$ \$	80,665 81,202
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ 536 - \$ 536 - \$ 388	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense	\$ 536 <u>-</u> \$ 536 \$ 388 219	\$ <u>80,665</u> \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 38	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ 536 - \$ 536 - \$ 388	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense	\$ 536 - \$ 536 \$ 388 219 (283)	\$ - <u>80,665</u> \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 536 - \$ 536 \$ 388 219 (283)	\$ <u>80,665</u> \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 38 885 (941) (2,959)	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) -	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> <b>\$</b> 388 (219 (283) (40) (161) -	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) -	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses Other reconciling items Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) - (47) -	\$ - <u>80,665</u> \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 (941) (2,959) 1 (109) (172) 1,433	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses Other neconciling items Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories Other assets (net)	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> <u>\$ 388</u> (219 (283) (40) (161) - (47) - (27)	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating items Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories Other assets (net) Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> <u>\$ 388</u> (219 (283) (40) (161) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (27) (31)	\$ - <u>80,665</u> \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 (941) (2,959) 1 (109) (172) 1,433	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522) (28,538)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses Other reconciling items Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories Other assets (net) Accounts payable and other liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 536 - \$ 536 \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) - (47) - (47) - (27) (31) 61	\$ \$ 80,665 \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 (941) (2,959) 1 (109) (172) 1,433 (8,495) (28,507) 	\$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522) (28,538) 61
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating items Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories Other assets (net) Accounts payable and other liabilities Unearned revenue Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 536 <u>\$ 536</u> <u>\$ 388</u> (219 (283) (40) (161) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (27) (31)	\$	\$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522) (28,538)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses Other nonoperating expenses Other nonoperating expenses Other nonoperating expenses Other assets (net) Accounts payable and other liabilities: Inventories Unearned revenue Net cash provided (used) by operating activities SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING,	\$ 536 - \$ 536 \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) - (47) - (47) - (27) (31) 61	\$ \$ 80,665 \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 (941) (2,959) 1 (109) (172) 1,433 (8,495) (28,507) 	\$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522) (28,538) 61
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses Other reconciling items Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories Other assets (net) Accounts payable and other liabilities Unearned revenue Net cash provided (used) by operating activities SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing	\$ 536 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 536</u> \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (47) <u>-</u> (31) <u>61</u> <u>\$ 80</u> \$ 87	\$ \$ 80,665 \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 (941) (2,959) 1 (109) (172) 1,433 (8,495) (28,507) 	\$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522) (28,538) 61 287,598
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense Pension expense OPEB expense Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses Other nonoperating expenses Other nonoperating expenses Other assets (net) Accounts payable and other liabilities Unearned revenue Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 536 <u> </u> 536 \$ 388 219 (283) (40) (161) (47) (47) (47) (47) (31) 61 \$ 80	\$ <u>80,665</u> \$ 80,666 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 \$ 326,345 (941) (2,959) 1 (109) (172) 1,433 (8,495) (28,507) - \$ 287,518	\$ \$ \$	80,665 81,202 326,733 257 602 (981) (3,120) 1 (109) (219) 1,433 (8,522) (28,538) 61 287,598

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES REVOLVING FUND

Authorized by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 800.325, this fund accounts for the financial transactions of multiple manufacturing and service processing industries employing inmates incarcerated in Michigan's correctional institutions. In 1980, MCL Section 800.326 expanded the fund's sales market to include institutions of this or any other state or political subdivision thereof, the federal government or its agencies, a foreign government or agencies of a foreign government, a private vendor that operates the youth correctional facility, and certain tax-exempt organizations.

The amendment allowed for a five-year phase-in of price setting which would provide a margin in direct and indirect costs to reach self-sufficiency. Since self-sufficiency was reached in 1985, the fund has supported the cost of civilian wages, salaries and other costs which were paid by the Department in the past. A solvent fund allows Industries to expand its operations to service more inmates.

Executive Order 1992-13 stipulates that the fund repay the General Fund for the cost of building and equipping prison factories included as part of new prison construction. The costs of buildings and equipment are to be repaid over 30 years and 10 years, respectively. A portion of the final payment was written off to the General Fund in fiscal year 2021 due to the closure of the Detroit Reentry Center.

#### STATE SPONSORED GROUP INSURANCE FUND

This fund was administratively established to reflect the financial transactions of the State sponsored insurance plans that provide health, long-term disability, life, vision, and dental coverage for participating employees. The plans' funding methods range from those where the State is fully self-insured to those where an outside carrier assumes partial risk on a contracted basis. A note to the financial statements entitled "Risk Management" provides additional information about this fund.

#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND

This fund was created by administrative decision to provide telecommunication and information technology services for State agencies. During fiscal year 2002, the use of this fund was expanded to account for all information technology activities of the executive branch as prescribed in Executive Order 2001-03. User agencies are billed for equipment and services based on actual costs or rates established to cover actual costs.

#### OFFICE SERVICES REVOLVING FUND

Created in 1952, this fund operates under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 18.1269 to provide services in the following areas: printing, reproduction, microfilm and imaging, mailing, distribution of federal and state surplus property, delivery, and warehouse services. Other services may be added to this fund as determined to be advantageous to the State including but not limited to the purchase of bulk gas used by State agencies. The cost of the services or supplies is charged to user departments and agencies. Resultant revenue is credited to the revolving fund and is used for administration and operation of the program, including purchase of necessary equipment.

#### MOTOR TRANSPORT FUND

This fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 18.1213 to provide vehicle and travel services for State agencies. Activities include lease, purchase, replacement, and maintenance of automotive equipment. Vehicles are available to agencies on a permanently assigned basis or through the motor pool for short-term usage and are furnished to agencies at a rate sufficient to cover all costs of operation and maintenance. Agencies are billed on a monthly basis for services rendered.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

Administratively established, this fund accounts for certain centralized risk management functions performed by the Department of Technology, Management and Budget for other State agencies. Currently, the fund has assumed a degree of risk for the automotive liability. This activity and administrative functions are recorded as operating activity of the fund. An activity of the fund for which the fund assumes no risk is the centralized processing of workers' compensation payments for State agencies. Workers' compensation long-term claim liabilities are recorded in the Government-wide Financial Statements and the related current year workers' compensation expenditures are recorded in the applicable funds.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES REVOLVING FUND	STATE SPONSORED GROUP INSURANCE FUND	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND
Current Assets:			
Cash	\$-	\$-	\$-
Equity in common cash	3,851	334,078	100,730
Amounts due from other funds	-	3	-
Amounts due from component units	-	-	201
Amounts due from federal agencies Inventories	- 7,044	-	- 615
Other current assets	20	- 12,837	62,280
Total Current Assets	10,915	346,918	163,826
		0.0,0.0	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets	_	_	57,432
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets	- 24,455	-	1,066,690
Allowance for depreciation	(16,759)	-	(780,496)
Total capital assets	7,696	-	343,626
Other noncurrent assets	-	1,700	32,019
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,696	1,700	375,645
Total Assets	18,611	348,618	539,471
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,242		112,942
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	822	26,925	83,839
Amounts due to other funds	40		1,919
Interest payable	2,150	-	34
Unearned revenue	-	125	78,211
Vendor financing obligations	-	-	2,028
Current portion of other long-term obligations	289	47,531	9,430
Total Current Liabilities	3,302	74,580	175,462
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Unearned revenue	-	-	244,891
Vendor financing obligations	10	-	12,805
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations	8,252	89,638	418,495
Total Long-Term Liabilities	8,262	89,638	676,191
Total Liabilities	11,564	164,218	851,653
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,914		271,941
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,683	-	328,793
Restricted for other purposes Unrestricted	- (4,309)	- 184,399	- (799,973)
Total Net Position	\$ 3,375	\$ 184,399	\$ (471,181)
	φ 0,010	ф 10 <del>7</del> ,000	Ψ (171,101)

OFFICE SERVICES REVOLVIN FUND		Motor Ransport Fund	RISK MANAGEMENT FUND	TOTALS
\$	2 \$	-	\$-	\$2
29,3	258	1,827	11,377	481,122
	-	-	-	3 201
	-	-	- 1	201
9,3	219	261	-	17,140
	679	1,148	1,204	87,168
48,	158	3,236	12,583	585,636
3,;	- 470 082) 388 - 388	306,498 (218,769) 87,729 - 87,729	1,049 (140) 908 1,050 1,958	57,432 1,413,162 (1,027,247) 443,347 34,769 478,116
51,	547	90,965	14,541	1,063,752
5,	811	2,027	934	123,956
12, 20, 20, 32,	91 24 - 441 009 - 120 130	2,740 29 143 - 32,264 141 35,316 - 53,961 6,319 60,280 95,596 4 457	531 6 - 141 1,369 2,047 - 790 6,803 7,593 9,640 977	126,309 2,085 2,328 78,361 34,434 59,201 302,717 244,891 67,566 549,627 862,084 1,164,801 296 541
13,:	251	4,457	977	296,541
	388 589 <u>-</u> 977 <u>\$</u>	1,504 (8,566) (7,062)	(22) 	341,345 8,589 (623,569) \$ (273,634)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES REVOLVING FUND	STATE SPONSORED GROUP INSURANCE FUND	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND		
OPERATING REVENUES Operating revenues	\$ 18,210	\$ 756,485	\$ 1,042,699		
Total Operating Revenues	18,210	756,485	1,042,699		
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries, wages, and other administrative Depreciation Purchases for resale Purchases for prison industries Premiums and claims Other operating expenses: Leased vehicles expense Vehicle maintenance expense Total other operating expenses	5,730 491 - 9,292 - - - -	22,206 - - 802,963 - - -	819,989 117,330 - - - - - -		
Total Operating Expenses	15,512	825,169	937,319		
Operating Income (Loss)	2,698	(68,684)	105,380		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue Other nonoperating revenues Interest expense Other nonoperating expenses	- 9 - (54)	2,114 563 - -	1,488 (318) (4,264)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(46)	2,677	(3,093)		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	2,652	(66,008)	102,287		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS Transfers to other funds	(97)		(3,763)		
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers In (Out)	(97)		(3,763)		
Change in net position	2,555	(66,008)	98,524		
Total net position - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	820	250,407	(569,705)		
Total net position - End of fiscal year	\$ 3,375	\$ 184,399	\$ (471,181)		

	OFFICE SERVICES REVOLVING FUND	S MOTOR		MAN	RISK IAGEMENT FUND	TOTALS		
\$	112,712	\$	83,600	\$	4,057	\$	2,017,764	
	112,712		83,600		4,057		2,017,764	
	30,954 891		6,468 36,902		2,760 140		888,107 155,754	
	76,931		-		-		76,931	
	-		- 2,309		- (349)		9,292 804,924	
	338 		12 36,418 36,429		-		350 <u>36,418</u> 36,767	
_	109,115		82,108		2,551			
_							1,971,775	
	3,597		1,492		1,506		45,989	
	- 29 - (5)		3,958 (2,499) (221)		227 (14)		2,114 6,273 (2,830) (4,544)	
	24		1,238		213		1,013	
	3,621		2,730		1,719		47,002	
_	(220)		(77)		(12)		(4,169)	
	(220)		(77)	_	(12)		(4,169)	
	3,401		2,654		1,707		42,833	
	8,576		(9,716)		3,151		(316,467)	
\$	11,977	\$	(7,062)	\$	4,858	\$	(273,634)	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         \$ 18,244         \$ 754,653         \$ 094,915           Payments to employees         \$ (5,549)         - (778,852)         - (255,519)           Payments to suppliers         \$ (196)         (41,43)         (705,12)           Claims paid         - (778,852)         - (778,852)         - (778,852)           Other payments outpoint         (286)         - (81,735)         - (84,785)           Other payments outpoint         (297)         - (3,763)         - (3,763)           Transfers to other funds         (97)         - (3,763)         - (3,763)           Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities         (97)         - (3,763)           Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities         (97)         - (3,763)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related         (157)         - (4,818)           Vendor financing activities         - (2,303)         - (2,303)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related         (157)         - (2,114)           Interest and dividends on investments         - (2,114)         - (2,333)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related         - (2,333)         303,609         7,637           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         3,3851	·)	INDL REV	ECTIONAL JSTRIES OLVING UND	SPC C INS	STATE DNSORED SROUP SURANCE FUND		DRMATION HNOLOGY FUND
Payments to employees         (6.549)		¢	40.044	¢	754 050	۴	004.045
Payments to suppliers         (11,966)         (40,143)         (706,112)           Calims paid         -         (776,852)         -           Other receipts         9         606         1,488           Other payments         (2260)         -         -           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         472         (81,735)         34,776           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL         (877)         -         (3,763)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (97)         -         (3,763)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED         (97)         -         (4,818)           Vendor financing payments (including inputed interest expense)         -         -         (2,303)           Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities         (157)         -         (4,818)           Vendor financing payments (including inputed interest expense)         -         -         (2,303)           Net cash provided (used)         att and related         (157)         -         (7,121)           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         3,833         333,669         76,837           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         3,8351         \$ 334,078         \$ 100,730           Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:<	•	\$	,	Þ	754,653	\$	
Other receipts Other payments         9         606         1.488           Other payments         (266)         -         -           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         (277)         (61,735)         34,776           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (97)         -         (3,763)           CASH FLOWS FROM APITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (97)         -         (3,763)           CASH FLOWS FROM APITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (157)         -         (4,818)           Vendor financing payments (including imputed interest expense)         -         -         (2,303)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         -         2,114         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -           Net cash provided (used) - all activities         2,114         -         -           Recover that payware the explaining of year         3,3851         \$ 334.078         \$ 100,730           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         3,3851         \$ 334.078			,		(40,143)		
Other payments         (266)         -         -           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         472         (61,735)         34,776           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (61,735)         34,776           Transfers to other funds         (97)         -         (3,763)           Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities         (97)         -         (3,763)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         -         (4,816)         -         (2,303)           Vendor financing payments (including imputed interest expense)         -         -         (2,303)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         -         2,114         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	•		-				-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         472         (61,735)         34,776           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES         (97)         -         (3,763)           Transfers to other funds         (97)         -         (3,763)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (157)         -         (4,818)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (157)         -         (2,203)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         -         2,114         -           Interest and dividends on investments         -         2,114         -         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -         2,114         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -         2,114         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         2,114         -         -         2,114         -           Net cash provided (used)         -         3,633         39,669         7,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         2,38,937         3,34,078         \$ 100,730         2,38,937	•				606		1,488
CASH FLOWS FROM NORCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES       (97)       .       (3,763)         Transfers to other funds Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities       (97)       .       (3,763)         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES       .       .       (4,818)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (157)       .       (4,818)         Vendor financing agreents (includin ginuputed interest expense)       .       .       (2,303)         Net cash provided (used) by optial and related financing activities       .       .       (2,114)       .         Net cash provided (used) - all activities       .       .       .       .       .       .         Net cash provided (used) - all activities       . <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(61 735)</td> <td></td> <td>- 34 776</td>					(61 735)		- 34 776
FINANCING ACTIVITIES       (97)       -       (3,763)         Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities       (97)       -       (3,763)         CASH FLOWS FROM CAPTAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES       -       (4,816)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (157)       -       (4,816)         Vendor financing payments (including imputed interest expense)       -       -       (2,303)         Net cash provided (used) by capital and related       (157)       -       (7,121)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTIG ACTIVITES       -       -       (7,121)         Interest and dividends on investments       -       2,114       -         Net cash provided (used)       -       2,114       -         Net cash provided (used)       -       2,114       -         Net cash provided (used)       -       3,633       393,699       76,837         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       3,633       334,078       100,730         RecONCILLATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       -       -       -         Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:       S       -       \$       -         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,381       \$       100,730     <			772		(01,700)		04,110
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities         (97)         .         (3.763)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPTAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES         . </td <td>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</td> <td></td> <td>(07)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(3 763)</td>	FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(07)				(3 763)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Net cash provided (used) by honcapital infanoing activities		(37)				(0,700)
Vendor financing payments (including imputed interest expense)       -       -       (2.303)         Net cash provided (used) by capital and related       (157)       -       (7.121)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Interest and dividends on investments       -       2.114       -         Net cash provided (used)       -       2.114       -         by investing activities       218       (59,621)       23,803         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       3.633       393,669)       76,837         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3.851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:       Cash       \$       -       \$       -	FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities       (157)       .       (7,121)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES       .       <			(157)		-		
financing activities         (157)         .         (7,121)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Interest and dividends on investments         .         2,114         .           Net cash provided (used)         .         .         2,114         .           Net cash provided (used) - all activities         .         <			-		-		(2,303)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Interest and dividends on investments         Net cash provided (used)         by investing activities         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         Cash         Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:         Cash         Cash         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         Sabsti         Sabsti         Sabsti         Cash         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         Sabsti         Sabsti         Sabsti         Sabsti         Cash And cash equivalents at end of year         Sabsti         Cash And cash equivalents at end of year         Sabsti         Cash And cash equivalents at end of year         Cash And cash equivalents at end of year         Sabsti       Sabsti         Deprestation expone         (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED         (USED) By OPERATING ACTIVITIES         Operating income to Net         Cash Provided (U			(157)		-		(7,121)
Interest and dividends on investments			<u> </u>				
Net cash provided (used)					2 1 1 1		
by investing activities       -       2,114       -         Net cash provided (used) - all activities       218       (59,621)       23,893         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       3,633       393,699       76,837         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,633       393,699       76,837         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         RECONCLLATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:       \$       -       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         RECONCLLATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         VISED BY OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED       \$       2,698       \$       (68,684)       \$       105,380         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net       Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       0       117,330       \$       105,580         Depreciation expense       (500)       -       (15,679)       -       16,860         OPER TING INCOME					2,114		-
Net cash provided (used) - all activities       218       (59,621)       23,893         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       3,633       393,699       76,837         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,651       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -       \$       100,730         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$       3,851       \$       334,078       \$       100,730         RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES       \$       3,861       \$       105,380         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       \$       2,698       \$       (68,684)       \$       105,380         Other nonoperating expense	,		-		2,114		-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         3,633         393,699         76,837           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$         3,651         \$         334,078         \$         100,730           RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         100,730           Cash         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         100,730         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         100,730         \$         \$         100,730         \$         100,730         \$         100,730	, ,						
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$ 3,851       \$ 334,078       \$ 100,730         RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Position Classifications: Cash       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -							
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:       2         Cash       \$ - \$ 3 \$ 100,730         Equity in common cash       3,851         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$ 3,851         RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES       \$ 2,698         Operating income (loss)       \$ 2,698         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       491         Depreciation expense       (285)         Pension expense       (285)         Other nonoperating revenues       9         Other nonoperating expenses       (54)         Other assets and Liabilities:       -         Inventories       9         Other assets (net)       33         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5         Inventories       5         Other assets (net)       33         Net Cash provided (used) by operating activities       5         Other assets (net)       33         Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -         Inventories       5         Other assets (net)       33         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5<	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,033		393,699		76,837
Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:       Cash       \$ \$ \$	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,851	\$	334,078	\$	100,730
Equity in common cash Cash and cash equivalents at end of year3,851 \$334,078 \$100,730 \$RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)\$2,698 \$\$(68,684) \$\$105,380Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense491-117,330Pension expense(285)-(6,860)OPEB expense(285)-(6,860)OPEB expense(500)-(15,579)Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date(1,116)-(56,765)Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other sests (net)18Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories11Inventories(809)-255Other assets (net)33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearmed revenue-11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472\$(61,735)SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITES\$-\$-Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assetsCost of capital asse	Per Statement of Net Position Classifications:	¢		¢		¢	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year\$ 3,851\$ 334,078\$ 100,730RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)\$ 2,698\$ (68,684)\$ 105,380Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense491-117,330Pension expense(285)-(6,860)OPEB expense(500)-(15,579)Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date95631,488Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other nonoperating expenses(54)Inventories(809)-255Other nonoperating items18Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearmed revenue11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$-5SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$-\$Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing dollagations entered into during the year Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)		\$	- 3 851	Ф	- 334 078	\$	- 100 730
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES         Operating income (loss)       \$ 2,698       \$ (68,684)       \$ 105,380         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       -       117,330         Depreciation expense       491       -       117,330         Pension expense       (285)       -       (6,860)         OPEB expense       (500)       -       (15,579)         Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date       (1,116)       -       (56,765)         Other nonoperating expenses       (54)       -       -         Other nonoperating expenses       (54)       -       -         Other reconciling items       -       18       18         Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       11       (48,031)         Inventories       (809)       -       255         Other assets (net)       33       (4,079)       (78,712)         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5       10,455       16,254         Unearmed revenue       -       11       (48,031)         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       \$ 472       \$ (61,735)       \$ 34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING,		\$		\$		\$	,
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       117,330         Depreciation expense       491       117,330         Pension expense       (285)       6(860)         OPEB expense       (500)       - (15,579)         Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date       (1,116)       - (56,765)         Other nonoperating revenues       9       563       1,488         Other nonoperating expenses       (54)       -       -         Other reconciling items       -       18       -       18         Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories       (809)       -       255       -       18         Net Changes in Assets (net)       33       (4,079)       (78,712)       Accounts payable and other liabilities       5       10,455       16,254         Unearned revenue       -       11       (48,031)       \$       34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITES       \$       -       \$       -       -         Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year       -       -       -       -         Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets       -       -       -	(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED						
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:491-117,330Depreciation expense(285)-(6,860)OPEB expense(500)-(15,579)Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent(1,116)-(56,765)Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other nonoperating expenses(54)Other reconciling items18Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:10,45516,254Inventories(809)-255Other assets (net)33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearned revenue-11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472\$(61,735)SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assetsGain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		\$	2,698	\$	(68,684)	\$	105,380
Depreciation expense         491         -         117,330           Pension expense         (285)         -         (6,860)           OPEB expense         (500)         -         (15,579)           Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent         (1,116)         -         (56,765)           Other nonoperating revenues         9         563         1,488           Other nonoperating expenses         (54)         -         -           Other reconciling items         -         18         -         18           Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         -         18         -           Inventories         (809)         -         255         16,255         16,255         16,254           Accounts payable and other liabilities         5         10,455         14,254         -         11         (48,031)           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         \$         472         \$         (61,735)         \$         34,776 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
OPEB expense(500)-(15,579)Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent(1,116)-(56,765)Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other nonoperating expenses(54)Other reconciling items18Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:18Inventories(809)-255Other assets (net)33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearned revenue-11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472\$(61,735)\$SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year\$-Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)			491		-		117,330
Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date(1,116)-(56,765)Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other nonoperating expenses(54)Other reconciling items18Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:18Inventories(809)-255Other assets (net)33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearned revenue-11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472\$(61,735)\$SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year-\$Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)					-		
to measurement date(1,116)-(56,765)Other nonoperating revenues95631,488Other nonoperating expenses(54)Other reconciling items18Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Inventories18Other assets (net)33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearned revenue-11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472\$(61,735)SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$-\$-Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year-\$-\$Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)			(500)		-		(15,579)
Other nonoperating expenses(54)-Other reconciling itemsNet Changes in Assets and Liabilities:-Inventories(809)-Other assets (net)33(4,079)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,455Unearned revenue-11Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES\$-Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year-\$Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)			(1,116)		-		(56,765)
Other reconciling items       -       -       18         Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       (809)       -       255         Inventories       (809)       -       255         Other assets (net)       33       (4,079)       (78,712)         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5       10,455       16,254         Unearned revenue       -       11       (48,031)         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       \$       472       \$       (61,735)       \$       34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES       \$       472       \$       (61,735)       \$       34,776         Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year       -       \$       -       -         Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets       -       -       -       (4,264)	1 8				563		1,488
Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       (809)       -       255         Inventories       (809)       -       255         Other assets (net)       33       (4,079)       (78,712)         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5       10,455       16,254         Unearned revenue       -       11       (48,031)         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       \$       472       \$       (61,735)       \$       34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -<			(54)		-		- 18
Other assets (net)33(4,079)(78,712)Accounts payable and other liabilities510,45516,254Unearned revenue-11(48,031)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities\$472\$(61,735)\$SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIESCost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year-\$-\$-Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)							10
Accounts payable and other liabilities       5       10,455       16,254         Unearned revenue       -       11       (48,031)         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       \$       472       \$       (61,735)       \$       34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year       -       \$       -       \$       -         Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets       -       -       (4,264)       -       (4,264)			. ,		-		
Unearned revenue       -       11       (48,031)         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       \$       472       \$       (61,735)       \$       34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES       Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -         Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets       -       -       (4,264)       -       (4,264)					,		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       \$       472       \$       (61,735)       \$       34,776         SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES       Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -			-				,
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIESCost of capital assets acquired with vendor financing\$-\$-Vendor financing obligations entered into during the yearGain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)		\$	472	\$		\$	
Cost of capital assets acquired with vendor financingVendor financing obligations entered into during the yearGain (loss) on disposal of capital assets(4,264)							
Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year       -       -       -         Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets       -       -       (4,264)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Vendor financing obligations entered into during the year	Ψ	-	÷	-	¥	-
		¢	-	¢	-	¢	
	ו סנמי חסחסמסה ווועכסנוחץ, כמטונמו, מווע ווומווטווע מכנועונופצ	ψ	-	φ	-	φ	(4,204)

SE RE\	DFFICE RVICES /OLVING FUND	TRA	OTOR INSPORT FUND		RISK AGEMENT FUND	1	TOTALS
\$	111,600 (13,346) (98,252) - 29 (5)	\$	83,533 (3,795) (40,363) (2,309) 4,022 (221)	\$	29,859 (1,202) (5,321) (24,498) 226 -	\$	1,992,803 (279,406) (902,156) (803,659) 6,380 (492)
	26		40,867		(936)		13,469
	(220)		(77) (77)		(12)	_	(4,169) (4,169)
	(2,424) (1)		- (39,002)		- (136)		(7,398) (41,441)
	(2,425)		(39,002)		(136)		(48,840)
	_						2,114
	-		-				2,114
	(2,619) 31,879		1,788 39		(1,084) 12,461		(37,425) 518,549
\$	29,260	\$	1,827	\$	11,377	\$	481,124
\$	2 29,258	\$	- 1,827 1,827	\$	- 11,377 11,377	\$ \$	2 481,122 481,124
φ	29,260	φ	1,027	Φ	11,377	φ	401,124
\$	3,597	\$	1,492	\$	1,506	\$	45,989
	891 (412) (1,107)		36,902 (880) (146)		140 (68) 108		155,754 (8,505) (17,226)
	(2,808) 29 (5) 16		(834) 3,958 - -		(225) 227 - -		(61,747) 6,273 (59) 34
\$	(3,346) (794) 3,946 <u>18</u> 26	\$	(46) (91,155) 91,597 (21) 40,867	\$	(1,169) (1,455) - (936)	\$	(3,946) (175,877) 120,801 (48,023) 13,469
\$	- - - -	\$ \$	10,662 (10,662) 3,565 3,565	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	10,662 (10,662) (698) (698)

# PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

Notes to the financial statements, entitled "Deferred Compensation Plans," "Pension Benefits," and "Other Postemployment Benefits," include additional information regarding the following funds and plans.

# STATE OF MICHIGAN 457 PLANS

This fund was established in accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1151 to account for deferred compensation plans that permit State of Michigan, Michigan public school, and Education Achievement Authority employees to defer a portion of their income until future years.

This fund also includes the Personal Healthcare subfund for State of Michigan employees hired on or after January 1, 2012, Michigan State Police hired on or after June 10, 2012, Michigan public school employees hired on or after September 4, 2012, and State of Michigan and Michigan public school employees who opted out of the graded premium health subsidy.

## LEGISLATIVE PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1001. LRS's pension plan provides benefits for members of the Legislature, the presiding officers, and their surviving spouses or children. Participants in the system have a deduction from each salary payment to partially finance the fund. Legislative appropriations, interest on fund investments, and court fees complete the financing.

MCL Section 38.1018 amended LRS's enabling legislation to provide that individuals who first became a legislator or lieutenant governor on or after March 31, 1997, participate in the State's defined contribution plan.

# LEGISLATIVE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) of the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1001. LRS's OPEB plan provides its members with health, dental, vision, and hearing insurance coverage. This fund includes health coverage for participants of both the defined benefit pension plan and the defined contribution retirement plan.

Pursuant to MCL Section 38.1075, the LRS OPEB plan became closed to new participants. All qualified participants must have completed six years of service before January 1, 2013, to qualify for health insurance in the plan.

## STATE POLICE PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Michigan State Police Retirement System (MSPRS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1605, which is administered by a nine-member board under the direction of a chairperson elected from the membership. MSPRS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to Michigan State Police officers. Financing is provided by investment income and by an annual legislative appropriation.

As a result of contract negotiations, a "pension plus" plan was created which pairs a guaranteed retirement income (defined benefit pension) with a flexible and transferable retirement savings (defined contribution) account for employees first hired on or after June 10, 2012.

# STATE POLICE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) of the Michigan State Police Retirement System (MSPRS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1605. MSPRS's OPEB plan provides retirees hired before June 10, 2012, with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage. Employees hired on or after June 10, 2012, are accounted for within the State of Michigan 401k Plan's Personal Healthcare subfund.

## STATE EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.2, which is administered by a nine-member board under the direction of an Executive Secretary. SERS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to State employees.

Effective March 31, 1997, MCL Section 38.13 closed the plan to new applicants. All new employees become members of the State's defined contribution plan. The law also allows returning employees and members who left state employment on or before March 31, 1997, to elect the defined benefit plan instead of the defined contribution plan.

# STATE EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.2. SERS's OPEB plan provides retirees hired before January 1, 2012, with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2012, are accounted for within the State of Michigan 401k Plan's Personal Healthcare subfund.

# PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1321. An eight-member board governs administrative policy. MPSERS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to the public school employees.

Employer contributions and investment earnings provide financing for the fund. Under MCL Section 38.1343a, employees may contribute additional amounts into a "member investment plan."

MCLs Section 38.1304, et al. were amended to create a new "pension plus" plan which pairs a guaranteed retirement income (defined benefit) with a flexible and transferable retirement savings (defined contribution) account for employees first hired after June 30, 2010.

Effective July 13, 2017, MCL Section 38.1305 et al., were amended to close the pension plus plan to employees hired after January 31, 2018, and a new, optional pension plus 2 was created. The pension plus 2 plan is similar to the pension plus plan; however, it contains a 50% contribution share from the employee and employer, both of which include the cost of future unfunded liabilities.

#### PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1321. MPSERS's OPEB plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage.

Effective July 1, 2010, MCL Section 38.1343e requires employees to contribute a percentage of their compensation into a funding account established under the Public Employee Retirement Health Care Funding Act.

#### JUDGES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System (MJRS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.2201. MJRS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to judges in the judicial branch of State government. Financing comes from member contributions, court filing fees as provided under law, investment earnings, and legislative appropriations.

MCL Section 38.2401a, effective March 31, 1997, closed the plan to new entrants. Judges or state officials newly appointed or elected on or after March 31, 1997, become members of the State's defined contribution plan.

### JUDGES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System (MJRS), a fiduciary component unit, created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.2201. MJRS's OPEB plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage. This fund includes health coverage for participants of both the defined benefit pension plan and the defined contribution retirement plan.

#### MILITARY PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Military Retirement Provisions (MRP), a fiduciary component unit, created by Public Act 150 of 1967 being Michigan Compiled Laws Section 32.706 and 32.801. MRP's pension plan provides retirement and survivor benefits to State of Michigan military officers and former members of the Michigan National Guard. Financing comes from investment earnings and legislative appropriations.

### STATE OF MICHIGAN 401K PLANS

This fund was established in accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1151 as a deferred compensation plan. The plan was amended as of March 31, 1997, to incorporate a defined contribution retirement plan. As a result, this fund includes a deferred compensation subfund and a defined contribution retirement subfund.

Qualified participants within the deferred compensation subfund include State of Michigan employees hired before March 31, 1997, Judges and Legislators elected before March 31, 1997, and Michigan State Police hired prior to June 10, 2012.

Qualified participants within the defined contribution retirement subfund include State of Michigan employees hired on or after March 31, 1997; Judges elected on or after March 31, 1997; members of the State Employees' Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and Legislative Retirement System who elected to transfer to the fund; Public School Reporting Unit members hired on or after July 1, 2010; Public School Reporting Unit members hired prior to July 1, 2010, who elected to transfer to the fund; Education Achievement Authority employees hired after December 1, 2011; and Michigan State Police hired on or after June 10, 2012.

This fund also includes the Personal Healthcare subfund for State of Michigan employees hired on or after January 1, 2012; Michigan State Police hired after June 10, 2012; Michigan public school employees hired on or after September 4, 2012; and State of Michigan and Michigan public school employees who opted out of the graded premium health subsidy.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS		STATE MICHIGAN 57 PLANS	P BE	GISLATIVE ENSION ENEFITS FUND	LEGISLATIVE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND		I	ATE POLICE PENSION BENEFITS FUND
Receivables:         173           From participants         30,815         -         -         173           From employer         -         -         -         15,486           Other         350         -         -         -           Interest and dividends         80         -         -         -           Due from other funds         80         -         -         -         -           Due from other governmental         -         -         206         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         12,941           Fixed income         -         -         15,061         5,476         305,081         Real estate         -         -         184,887           Alternative investments         -         10,041         3,646         -         -         172,817           Alternative investments         -         10,782         61,191         22,217         -         172,617           Mutual funds         101,782         61,191         22,217         -         -         60,355           Total Assets         2,735,764	ASSETS							
From participants         30,815         -         -         173           From employer         -         -         -         15,486           Other         350         -         -         -           Interest and dividends         -         24         -         22           Due from other funds         80         -         -         -         -           Due from component unit         -         -         -         206         -           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         -         12,941           Fixed income         -         -         12,941         -         -         157,555           Domestic equities         -         15,081         5,476         30,372           Intermational equities         -         10,041         3,646         -         430,372           International equities         -         35         13         208,243         -         -         -         12,841           Mutual funds         101,782         61,191         22,217         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         201,572         Securities lending collateral		\$ 4,348	\$	1,446	\$	306	\$	8,219
From employer         -         -         15,486           Other         350         -         -         -         1           Interest and dividends         -         24         -         22           Due from other funds         80         -         -         -         -           Due from component unit         -         <								
Other         350         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         22         Due from other funds         80         -		30,815		-		-		
Interest and dividends         -         24         -         22           Due from other funds         80         -         -         -         -           Due from other funds         80         - </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>15,486</td>		-		-		-		15,486
Due from other funds         80         -         -         -           Due from other governmental         -         -         -         206         -           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         206         -         -           Short-term investments         -         -         206         -         -         -         12,941           Fixed income         -         -         -         157,555         -         -         184,687           Domestic equities         -         15,081         5,476         305,081         -         -         -         184,687           Atternative investments         -         10,041         3,646         -         -         -         430,372           International equities         -         -         -         430,372         -         -         -         -         172,617         -         -         -         172,617         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>350</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>		350				-		-
Due from component unit         -		-		24		-		22
Due from other governmental         -         -         206         -           Investments at Fair Value:         .         .         .         12,941           Short-term investments         .         .         .         157,555           Dornestic equilies         .         .         .         150,81         5,476         305,081           Real estate         .         .         .         .         .         184,887           Atternative investments         .         .         .         .         .         .           Private equity pools         .		80		-		-		-
Investments at Fair Value:       -       -       12,941         Short-term investments       -       -       12,941         Fixed income       -       -       157,555         Domestic equities       -       15,081       5,476       305,081         Real estate       -       -       -       184,687         Atternative investments       -       10,041       3,646       -         Private equity pools       -       -       430,372         International equities       -       35       13       208,243         Absolute return       -       -       172,617       -         Mutual funds       101,782       61,191       22,217       -         Pooled investment funds       1,789,778       -       -       -         Separate accounts       808,610       -       -       -       60,355         Total Assets       2,735,764       87,817       31,863       1,757,322         LIABILITIES       -       -       60,355       -       -       -         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79       -       -       -       -       -       -<	•	-		-		-		-
Short-term investments         -         -         -         12,941           Fixed income         -         -         -         157,555           Domestic equilities         -         15,081         5,476         305,081           Real estate         -         -         184,687           Alternative investments         -         10,041         3,646         -           Private equity pools         -         -         430,372           International equities         -         -         172,617           Mutual funds         101,782         61,191         22,217         -           Pooled investment funds         1,789,778         -         -         -           Separate accounts         808,610         -         -         -         -           Real return         -         -         -         60,355         -         -           Total Assets         2,735,764         87,817         31,863         1,757,322           LIABILITIES         -         -         -         -         60,355           Unearned revenue         2,221         -         26         -         -           Obligations under security lending	5	-		-		206		-
Fixed income       -       -       -       157,555         Domestic equities       -       15,081       5,476       305,081         Real estate       -       -       184,687         Atternative investments       -       10,041       3,646       -         Private equity pools       -       -       430,372         International equities       -       -       172,617         Mutual funds       101,782       61,191       22,217       -         Pooled investment funds       10,789,778       -       -       -         Separate accounts       808,610       -       -       -         Real return       -       -       -       201,572         Securities lending collateral       -       -       -       -         Total Assets       2,735,764       87,817       31,863       1,757,322         LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79         Amounts due to other funds       -       -       -       -       -         Obligations under security lending       -       -       -       -       -       - <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10.011</td></tr<>								10.011
Domestic equities         -         15,081         5,476         305,081           Real estate         -         -         -         184,687           Atternative investments         -         10,041         3,646         -           Private equity pools         -         -         430,372           International equities         -         35         13         208,243           Absolute return         -         -         -         172,617           Mutual funds         101,782         61,191         22,217         -           Pooled investment funds         1,789,778         -         -         -           Separate accounts         808,610         -         -         -         201,572           Securities lending collateral         -         -         -         60,355           Total Assets         2,735,764         87,817         31,863         1,757,322           LIABILITIES         -         -         -         -         -           Accounts payable and other liabilities         5,666         62         -         79           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>,</td></t<>		-		-		-		,
Real estate       -       -       -       184,687         Alternative investments       -       10,041       3,646       -         Private equity pools       -       -       430,372         International equities       -       35       13       208,243         Absolute return       -       -       -       172,617         Mutual funds       101,782       61,191       22,217       -         Pooled investment funds       1,789,778       -       -       -         Separate accounts       808,610       -       -       -       -         Real return       -       -       -       -       60,355         Total Assets       2,735,764       87,817       31,863       1,757,322         LIABILITIES       -       -       -       -       -         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79         Amounts due to other funds       -       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       2,221       -       26       -       -         Total Liabilities       7,887       62       26       60,434         NET POSITI		-		-		-		
Alternative investments       -       10,041       3,646       -         Private equity pools       -       -       430,372         International equities       -       35       13       208,243         Absolute return       -       -       172,617         Mutual funds       101,782       61,191       22,217       -         Pooled investment funds       1,789,778       -       -       -         Separate accounts       808,610       -       -       -         Real return       -       -       201,572       Securities lending collateral       -       -         Total Assets       2,735,764       87,817       31,863       1,757,322         LIABILITIES       -       -       -       -       -         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79         Amounts due to other funds       -       -       -       -       -         Obligations under security lending       -       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       2,221       -       26       -       -         Total Liabilities       7,887       62       26       60,43	•	-		15,081		5,476		
Private equity pools       -       -       -       430,372         International equities       -       35       13       208,243         Absolute return       -       -       -       172,617         Mutual funds       101,782       61,191       22,217       -         Pooled investment funds       1,789,778       -       -       -         Separate accounts       808,610       -       -       -       -         Real return       -       -       -       201,572       -       60,355         Total Assets       2,735,764       87,817       31,863       1,757,322         LIABILITIES       -       -       -       -       -       -         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79       -         Amounts due to other funds       -       -       -       60,355       -       -       60,355         Unearned revenue       2,221       -       26       -       -       -       -         Total Liabilities       7,887       62       26       60,434       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -		-		-		-		104,007
International equities         -         35         13         208,243           Absolute return         -         -         -         172,617           Mutual funds         101,782         61,191         22,217         -           Pooled investment funds         1,789,778         -         -         -           Separate accounts         808,610         -         -         -         -           Real return         -         -         -         201,572         -         60,355           Securities lending collateral         -         -         -         60,355         -         -         -         -         60,355           Total Assets         2,735,764         87,817         31,863         1,757,322         -         -         60,355           LIABILITIES         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>10,041</td><td></td><td>3,040</td><td></td><td>420 272</td></t<>		-		10,041		3,040		420 272
Absolute return       -       -       -       172,617         Mutual funds       101,782       61,191       22,217       -         Pooled investment funds       1,789,778       -       -       -         Separate accounts       808,610       -       -       -       -         Real return       -       -       -       201,572       -       60,355         Total Assets       2,735,764       87,817       31,863       1,757,322         LIABILITIES       -       -       -       -       -       -       60,355         LABILITIES       -		-		- 25		-		,
Mutual funds         101,782         61,191         22,217         -           Pooled investment funds         1,789,778         -	•	-				15		
Pooled investment funds         1,789,778         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>- 101 782</td><td></td><td>61 101</td><td></td><td>- 22 217</td><td></td><td>172,017</td></t<>		- 101 782		61 101		- 22 217		172,017
Separate accounts         808,610         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         201,572         Securities lending collateral         -         -         201,572         Securities lending collateral         -         -         -         201,572         Securities lending collateral         -         -         60,355           Total Assets         2,735,764         87,817         31,863         1,757,322         ILABILITIES           LLABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities         5,666         62         -         79           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         -         60,355         -         -         -         -         -         -         60,355         -		,		01,191		22,217		-
Real return201,572Securities lending collateral60,355Total Assets2,735,76487,81731,8631,757,322LIABILITIESAccounts payable and other liabilities5,66662-79Amounts due to other fundsObligations under security lending60,355Unearned revenue2,221-26-Total Liabilities7,887622660,434NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits31,837-Deferred compensation participants2,727,876				_				
Securities lending collateral60,355Total Assets2,735,76487,81731,8631,757,322LIABILITIESAccounts payable and other liabilities5,66662-79Amounts due to other fundsObligations under security lending60,355-Unearned revenue2,221-26-Total Liabilities7,887622660,434NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits31,837-2,727,876	•			_				201 572
LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79         Amounts due to other funds       -       -       -       -         Obligations under security lending       -       -       -       -         Unearned revenue       2,221       -       26       -         Total Liabilities       7,887       62       26       60,434         NET POSITION       Restricted for:       -       -       31,837       -         Postemployment health-care benefits       -       -       31,837       -         Deferred compensation participants       2,727,876       -       -       -		 -		-		-		
LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities       5,666       62       -       79         Amounts due to other funds       -       -       -       -       -         Obligations under security lending       -       -       -       60,355         Unearned revenue       2,221       -       26       -         Total Liabilities       7,887       62       26       60,434         NET POSITION       Restricted for:       -       87,755       -       1,696,887         Postemployment health-care benefits       -       -       31,837       -         Deferred compensation participants       2,727,876       -       -       -	Total Assets	2.735.764		87.817		31.863		1.757.322
Accounts payable and other liabilities5,66662-79Amounts due to other fundsObligations under security lending60,355Unearned revenue2,221-26-Total Liabilities7,887622660,434NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits31,837-Deferred compensation participants2,727,876		 , , -		- ,-		. ,		, - ,-
Amounts due to other fundsObligations under security lending60,355Unearned revenue2,221-26-Total Liabilities7,887622660,434NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits31,837-Deferred compensation participants2,727,876	LIABILITIES							
Obligations under security lending Unearned revenue60,3552,221-26-Total Liabilities7,8876226Restricted for: Pension benefitsPension benefits-87,755-Postemployment health-care benefits-31,837-Deferred compensation participants2,727,876		5,666		62		-		79
Unearned revenue2,221-26-Total Liabilities7,887622660,434NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits Deferred compensation participants-31,837		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities7,887622660,434NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits31,837-Deferred compensation participants2,727,876	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		-		-		60,355
NET POSITION         Restricted for:         Pension benefits       -       87,755       -       1,696,887         Postemployment health-care benefits       -       -       31,837       -         Deferred compensation participants       2,727,876       -       -       -	Unearned revenue	 2,221		-		26		-
Restricted for:87,7551,696,887Pension benefits-87,755-Postemployment health-care benefits31,837Deferred compensation participants2,727,876	Total Liabilities	 7,887		62		26		60,434
Pension benefits-87,755-1,696,887Postemployment health-care benefits31,837-Deferred compensation participants2,727,876	NET POSITION							
Postemployment health-care benefits       -       -       31,837       -         Deferred compensation participants       2,727,876       -       -       -	Restricted for:							
Postemployment health-care benefits       -       -       31,837       -         Deferred compensation participants       2,727,876       -       -       -	Pension benefits	-		87,755		-		1,696,887
	Postemployment health-care benefits	-		-		31,837		-
Total Net Position         \$ 2,727,876         \$ 87,755         \$ 31,837         \$ 1,696,887	Deferred compensation participants	 2,727,876		-	·	-		-
	Total Net Position	\$ 2,727,876	\$	87,755	\$	31,837	\$	1,696,887

# Michigan

STATE POLICE OTHER POSTEMPLOYME BENEFITS FUND		STATE EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND	POST	STATE MPLOYEES' OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND	E	BLIC SCHOOL MPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND	EN POST	BLIC SCHOOL MPLOYEES' OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND	F	JUDGES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND
\$ 14,427		\$ 46,964	\$	254,569	\$	206,201	\$	42,108	\$	2,407
- 8,869 1,767 5		750 78,719 - 165		- 66,245 35,507 61		532 229,966 - 749		- 75,212 324,172 132		2 22 - 3
- - 1,202		429		319 24,153		-		-		-
1,203 32,954 64,379 38,759		115,374 1,216,456 2,356,171 1,427,074		22,397 450,404 875,212 528,916		490,200 5,529,843 10,709,752 6,486,403		97,243 981,233 1,900,148 1,150,645		3,205 24,433 47,641 28,677
91,105 43,758 36,173		- 3,325,275 1,608,715 1,333,570		- 1,235,440 596,456 493,465 -		- 15,113,203 7,310,056 6,060,062		- 2,679,987 1,296,940 1,075,097		- 67,376 32,384 26,773
- - 42,291 12,011		- - 1,557,310 468,622		- 577,145 161,794		- - 7,078,411 2,136,790		- 1,255,655 381,664		- - 31,307 9,624
388,902		13,535,595		5,322,083		61,352,169		11,260,235		273,856
4,077		2,281		74,887		1,460		259,152		2
- 12,011 -		- 468,622 -		- 161,794 799		- 2,136,790 17,364		- 381,664 653		9,624 -
16,088		470,904		237,480		2,155,614		641,469		9,626
- 372,814 		13,064,691 - -		- 5,084,603 -		59,196,555 - -		- 10,618,766 -		264,229 - -
\$ 372,814	- :	\$ 13,064,691	\$	5,084,603	\$	59,196,555	\$	10,618,766	\$	264,229

This statement continued on next page.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS (Continued)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

Equity in common cash Receivables:         \$ 3,319         \$ 1,183         \$ 4,959         \$ 590,458           From participants         -         -         -         -         148,164         180,435           From employer         5         -         60,307         534,829           Other         31         -         509         362,336           Interest and dividends         -         -         -         80           Due from other funds         -         -         -         -         80           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,882           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         743,864           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         743,864           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         743,864           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         15,852,846           Domestic equities         1,618         10,085         -         16,271,843           Real estate         807         6,577         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,461         15,571         -         22,960,780 <th>ASSETS</th> <th>( POSTE BE</th> <th>JDGES' DTHER MPLOYMENT ENEFITS FUND</th> <th>Р</th> <th>ILITARY ENSION ENEFITS FUND</th> <th>OF N</th> <th>STATE MICHIGAN K PLANS</th> <th></th> <th>TOTALS</th>	ASSETS	( POSTE BE	JDGES' DTHER MPLOYMENT ENEFITS FUND	Р	ILITARY ENSION ENEFITS FUND	OF N	STATE MICHIGAN K PLANS		TOTALS
Receivables:         -         -         148,164         180,435           From employer         5         -         60,307         534,829           Other         31         -         509         362,336           Interest and dividends         -         1         -         1,62           Due from other funds         -         -         748           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088         Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         14,291,543         Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         766         6,									
From participants         -         -         148,164         180,435           From employer         5         -         60,307         534,829           Other         31         -         509         326,236           Interest and dividends         -         1         -         1,162           Due from other funds         -         -         60           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         743           Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Atternative investments         2,451         15,571         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         39,127         584,317           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626         44         658         346,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         10,751,809         3,2		\$	3,319	\$	1,183	\$	4,959	\$	590,458
From employer         5         -         60.307         534.829           Other         31         -         509         362,336           Interest and dividends         -         1         -         1,162           Due from other funds         -         -         -         80           Due from ocmponent unit         -         -         -         748           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088           Domestric equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         5,822,440         7,372,217           Pooled investiment funds         -<							140 164		100 425
Other         31         -         509         362,336           Interest and dividends         -         1         -         1,162           Due from other funds         -         -         -         80           Due from other funds         -         -         -         80           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         -         748           Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         839,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           International equities         71         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,	· ·				-				•
Interest and dividends         -         1         -         1,162           Due from other funds         -         -         -         80           Due from component unit         -         -         -         748           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         743,264         -           Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,085           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,643           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Atternative investments         2,451         15,571         -         22,060,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,05,011           Absolute return         73					-		,		,
Due from other funds         -         -         -         -         -         748           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         748,399,088         -         743,264           Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Atternative investments         -         -         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,730           Mutual funds         9,71         7,440         -         11,05,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,631           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925 <td></td> <td></td> <td>31</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>509</td> <td></td> <td></td>			31		-		509		
Due from component unit         -         -         -         748           Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         -         -         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         22,960,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         18,854,20         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6<			-		1		-		,
Due from other governmental         21         -         -         25,582           Investments at Fair Value:         -         -         25,582         -         743,264           Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,862,546           Atternative investments         -         -         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           Internative investments         -         -         -         33,217         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         39,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         10,751,809         Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908			-		-		-		
Investments at Fair Value:         84         615         -         743,264           Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         -         -         -         13,666           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,760           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         5,582,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         18,55,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		-		-		
Short-term investments         84         615         -         743,264           Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,39,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         -         -         -         13,666           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         5,582,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         -         -         80         80           Obligation			21		-		-		25,582
Fixed income         626         5,585         -         8,399,088           Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         -         -         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           Intermational equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         5,582,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         2,233,363					045				
Domestic equities         1,618         10,985         -         16,291,543           Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         -         -         -         13,666           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         18,55,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearmed revenue         -         -         21,069         -         21,069							-		,
Real estate         807         6,577         -         9,852,546           Alternative investments         -         -         -         13,686           Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         5,82,440         7,372,217           Pooled investment funds         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         -         -         21,069         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902					,		-		
Alternative investments       -       -       13,686         Private equity pools       2,451       15,571       -       22,960,780         International equities       971       7,440       -       11,105,011         Absolute return       736       6,133       -       9,204,626         Mutual funds       -       -       399,127       584,317         Pooled investment funds       -       -       5,582,440       7,372,217         Separate accounts       -       -       1,855,420       2,664,030         Real return       922       7,196       -       10,751,809         Securities lending collateral       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Total Assets       11,901       63,477       8,050,925       104,871,908         LLABILITIES       -       -       80       80         Obligations under security lending       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Unearned revenue       -       -       80       80         Obligations under security lending       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Unearned revenue       -       -       -       21,069       -	•		,				-		
Private equity pools         2,451         15,571         -         22,960,780           International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         5,582,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         -         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522<			807		6,577		-		
International equities         971         7,440         -         11,105,011           Absolute return         736         6,133         -         9,204,626           Mutual funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         5,852,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities         62         4         658         348,391           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195					-		-		•
Absolute return       736       6,133       -       9,204,626         Mutual funds       -       -       399,127       584,317         Pooled investment funds       -       -       5,582,440       7,372,217         Separate accounts       -       -       1,855,420       2,664,030         Real return       922       7,196       -       10,751,809         Securities lending collateral       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Total Assets       11,901       63,477       8,050,925       104,871,908         LIABILITIES       -       -       80       80         Cbligations under security lending       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Unearned revenue       -       -       80       80         Cbligations under security lending       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Unearned revenue       -       -       21,069       -       21,069         Total Liabilities       378       2,195       738       3,602,902         NET POSITION       -       -       -       16,119,543         Deferred compensation participants       -       -       -       16,119,543 <td>1 31</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td>	1 31		,		,		-		, ,
Mutual funds         -         -         399,127         584,317           Pooled investment funds         -         -         5,582,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         -         -         21,069         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         -         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         -         2,014,064         4,741,	•						-		
Pooled investment funds         -         -         5,582,440         7,372,217           Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities         62         4         658         348,391           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         Restricted for:         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         -         2,014,064         4,741,940			736		6,133		-		
Separate accounts         -         -         1,855,420         2,664,030           Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities         62         4         658         348,391           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         800         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         Restricted for:         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         -         2,014,064         4,741,940			-		-		,		•
Real return         922         7,196         -         10,751,809           Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities         62         4         658         348,391           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         Restricted for:         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         -         2,014,064         4,741,940			-		-				
Securities lending collateral         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES         Accounts payable and other liabilities         62         4         658         348,391           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         Restricted for:         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522         16,119,543           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         2,014,064         4,741,940	•		-		-		1,855,420		
Total Assets         11,901         63,477         8,050,925         104,871,908           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable and other liabilities         62         4         658         348,391           Amounts due to other funds         -         -         80         80           Obligations under security lending         310         2,191         -         3,233,363           Unearned revenue         6         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         Restricted for:         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         2,014,064         4,741,940					,		-		
LIABILITIESAccounts payable and other liabilities624658348,391Amounts due to other funds8080Obligations under security lending3102,191-3,233,363Unearned revenue621,069Total Liabilities3782,1957383,602,902NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-61,2826,036,12380,407,522Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants-2,014,0644,741,940	Securities lending collateral		310		2,191		-		3,233,363
Accounts payable and other liabilities624658348,391Amounts due to other funds8080Obligations under security lending3102,191-3,233,363Unearned revenue621,069Total Liabilities3782,1957383,602,902NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-61,2826,036,12380,407,522Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants2,014,0644,741,940	Total Assets		11,901		63,477		8,050,925	1	04,871,908
Amounts due to other funds8080Obligations under security lending3102,191-3,233,363Unearned revenue621,069Total Liabilities3782,1957383,602,902NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-61,2826,036,12380,407,522Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants2,014,0644,741,940	LIABILITIES								
Obligations under security lending       310       2,191       -       3,233,363         Unearned revenue       6       -       -       21,069         Total Liabilities       378       2,195       738       3,602,902         NET POSITION       Restricted for:       -       61,282       6,036,123       80,407,522         Postemeployment health-care benefits       11,523       -       -       16,119,543         Deferred compensation participants       -       -       2,014,064       4,741,940	Accounts payable and other liabilities		62		4		658		348,391
Unearned revenue         6         -         21,069           Total Liabilities         378         2,195         738         3,602,902           NET POSITION         Restricted for: Pension benefits         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         -         2,014,064         4,741,940	Amounts due to other funds		-		-		80		80
Total Liabilities3782,1957383,602,902NET POSITIONRestricted for: Pension benefits-61,2826,036,12380,407,522Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants-2,014,0644,741,940	Obligations under security lending		310		2,191		-		3,233,363
NET POSITION         Restricted for:         Pension benefits       -       61,282       6,036,123       80,407,522         Postemeployment health-care benefits       11,523       -       -       16,119,543         Deferred compensation participants       -       -       2,014,064       4,741,940	Unearned revenue		6		-		-		21,069
Restricted for:-61,2826,036,12380,407,522Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants2,014,0644,741,940	Total Liabilities		378		2,195		738		3,602,902
Pension benefits         -         61,282         6,036,123         80,407,522           Postemeployment health-care benefits         11,523         -         -         16,119,543           Deferred compensation participants         -         2,014,064         4,741,940	NET POSITION								
Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants-2,014,0644,741,940	Restricted for:								
Postemeployment health-care benefits11,52316,119,543Deferred compensation participants-2,014,0644,741,940	Pension benefits		-		61,282		6,036,123		80,407,522
Deferred compensation participants - 2,014,064 <b>4,741,940</b>	Postemeployment health-care benefits		11,523		-		-		
Total Net Position         \$ 11,523         \$ 61,282         \$ 8,050,187         \$ 101,269,006							2,014,064		
	Total Net Position	\$	11,523	\$	61,282	\$	8,050,187	\$ 1	01,269,006



# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	STATE OF MICHIGAN 457 PLANS		F	LEGISLATIVE PENSION BENEFITS FUND		LEGISLATIVE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND		ATE POLICE PENSION BENEFITS FUND
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
From participants	\$	310,537	\$	1	\$	-	\$	4,383
From employers		161		-		4,661		89,386
From other governmental		-		-		282		-
From other systems		2,363		-		-		-
Total Contributions		313,060		1		4,942		93,769
Investment Income:								
Net increase (decrease) in the								
fair value of investments		(533,270)		(25,547)		(7,896)		(111,647)
Interest, dividends, and other		13,776		3,950		1,215		35,331
Securities lending income		-		-		-		736
Less Investment Expense:				054		77		0.040
Investment activity expense		-		251		77		6,819
Securities lending expense		-		-		-		478
Net investment income (loss)		(519,494)		(21,848)		(6,759)		(82,877)
Miscellaneous income		2,171		278		900		-
Total Additions		(204,263)		(21,569)		(917)		10,892
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries		89,994		14,355		-		155,375
Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants		-		398		5,408		-
Refunds and transfers to other systems		91,737		102		-		419
Administrative and other expenses		7,619		384		118		726
Total Deductions	1	189,350		15,238		5,526		156,521
Change in net position		(393,613)		(36,807)		(6,443)		(145,629)
Net position - Beginning of fiscal year		3,121,489		124,562		38,280		1,842,516
Net position - End of fiscal year	\$	2,727,876	\$	87,755	\$	31,837	\$	1,696,887

# Michigan

STATE POLICE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND	STATE EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND	STATE EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND	PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND	PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND	JUDGES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND
\$ - 50,743 5,733	\$ 18,752 688,301 -	\$	\$ 434,411 3,843,216 -	\$ 205,596 771,571 251,589	\$ 359 1,517 - -
56,476	707,053	701,737	4,277,628	1,228,756	1,876
(24,026) 7,306 149	(859,443) 276,094 5,682	(328,040) 99,518 1,998	(3,932,652) 1,227,981 26,099	(709,698) 211,128 4,604	(17,465) 5,624 118
1,403	53,020	19,035	236,527	40,859	1,100
<u> </u>	3,711	(246 852)	16,921	3,021	(12,000)
(10,070)	(634,398)	(246,852)	(2,932,020)	(537,847)	(12,900)
178	4	3,481	89	79	38
38,584	72,658	458,366	1,345,697	690,988	(10,986)
	,		,,		( - ) /
_	1,483,368	_	5,424,331	_	24,392
37,603	-	428,309	-	643,218	-
-	185	2,786	33,182	148	-
1,068	6,003	24,929	23,784	171,053	333
38,671	1,489,555	456,024	5,481,298	814,420	24,725
(87)	(1,416,897)	2,341	(4,135,601)	(123,432)	(35,711)
372,901	14,481,588	5,082,262	63,332,155	10,742,198	299,940
\$ 372,814	\$ 13,064,691	\$ 5,084,603	\$ 59,196,555	\$ 10,618,766	\$ 264,229

This statement continued on next page.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Interest, dividends, and other         227         1,302         36,123         1,919,5           Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         Investment Expense:         39,4           Investment activity expense         45         268         -         39,4           Securities lending expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         -         3,954         209,420         7,405,1           Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants         56         -         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)		JUDGES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND		MILITARY PENSION BENEFITS FUND		STATE OF MICHIGAN 401K PLANS			TOTALS
From participants       \$       125       \$       -       \$       346,213       \$       1,320,3         From employers       242       875       418,440       6,449,0       -       -       -       -       -       -       379,5       -       5       346,213       \$       1,320,3       -       -       379,5       -       5       346,213       \$       1,320,3       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       379,5       -       5       346,213       \$       1,41       -       -       -       -       -       379,5       -       5       36,021       1       -       -       377,5       785,170       8,171,8       8       1,71,8       -       -       378,5       785,170       8,171,8       -       37,95       -       38,421,3       \$       1,91,5       5       -       -       1,91,5       5       -       -       31,91,5       5       -       -       31,91,5       5       -       -       39,4       -       -       39,4       -       -       39,4       -       -       359,4       -       -       31,61,41       -									
From employers         242         875         418,440         6,449,0           From other governmental         141         -         -         379,5           From other governmental         141         -         -         20,517         22,8           Total Contributions         508         875         785,170         8,171,8           Investment Income:         .         .         -         20,517         22,8           Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments         (798)         (4,080)         (1,708,120)         (8,262,6           Interest, dividends, and other         227         1,302         36,123         1919,5           Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         .         .         .         .         .           Investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7)           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,954         .         .         .           DEDUCTIONS         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .           Refunds and transfers to other systems		•	405	•		•	040.040	•	
From other governmental       141       -       -       379,5         From other systems       -       -       20,517       22,8         Total Contributions       508       875       785,170       8,171,8         Investment Income:       Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments       (798)       (4,080)       (1,708,120)       (8,262,6         Interest, dividends, and other       227       1,302       36,123       1,919,5         Securities lending income       4       27       -       39,4         Less Investment Expense:       1       -       -       26,6         Investment income (loss)       (614)       (3,036)       (1,671,997)       (6,688,7         Miscellaneous income       3       -       3,689       10,9         Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       8       -       3,954       209,420       7,405,1         Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253	· · ·	\$		\$	-	\$	,	\$	
From other systems         -         -         20,517         22,8           Total Contributions         508         875         785,170         8,171,8           Investment Income:         Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments         (798)         (4,080)         (1,708,120)         (8,262,6)           Interest, dividends, and other         227         1,302         36,123         1,919,5           Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         1nvestment activity expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7)           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         -         3,954         209,420         7,405,1           Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants         56         -         -         1,114,9           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0/5</td> <td></td> <td>410,440</td> <td></td> <td></td>					0/5		410,440		
Total Contributions         508         875         785,170         8,171,8           Investment Income:         Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments         (798)         (4,080)         (1,708,120)         (8,262,6)           Interest, dividends, and other         227         1,302         36,123         1,919,5           Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         Investment activity expense         45         268         -         359,4           Securities lending expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7)           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         -         -         11,14,9         -         11,14,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197			141		-		- 20 517		•
Investment Income:       Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments       (798)       (4,080)       (1,708,120)       (8,262,6)         Interest, dividends, and other       227       1,302       36,123       1,919,5         Securities lending income       4       27       -       39,4         Less Investment Expense:       1       1       -       25,6         Investment activity expense       45       268       -       359,4         Securities lending expense       2       17       -       25,6         Net investment income (loss)       (614)       (3,036)       (1,671,997)       (6,688,7         Miscellaneous income       3       -       3,689       10,9         Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       -       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)			-		- 075				
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments         (798)         (4,080)         (1,708,120)         (8,262,6)           Interest, dividends, and other         227         1,302         36,123         1,919,5           Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         Investment activity expense         45         268         -         359,4           Securities lending expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         -         -         1,114,9         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)	I otal Contributions		508		875		785,170		8,171,851
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments         (798)         (4,080)         (1,708,120)         (8,262,6)           Interest, dividends, and other         227         1,302         36,123         1,919,5           Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         Investment activity expense         45         268         -         359,4           Securities lending expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         -         -         1,114,9         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)	Investment Income:								
fair value of investments       (798)       (4,080)       (1,708,120)       (8,262,6         Interest, dividends, and other       227       1,302       36,123       1,919,5         Securities lending income       4       27       -       39,4         Less Investment Expense:       1       2       1,7       -       25,6         Investment activity expense       2       17       -       25,6         Net investment income (loss)       (614)       (3,036)       (1,671,997)       (6,688,7         Miscellaneous income       3       -       3,689       10,9         Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       -       3,954       209,420       7,405,1         Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change									
Interest, dividends, and other       227       1,302       36,123       1,919,5         Securities lending income       4       27       -       39,4         Less Investment Expense:       Investment activity expense       45       268       -       359,4         Investment activity expense       45       268       -       359,4         Securities lending expense       2       17       -       25,6         Net investment income (loss)       (614)       (3,036)       (1,671,997)       (6,688,7         Miscellaneous income       3       -       3,689       10,9         Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       -       3,954       209,420       7,405,1         Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3) <td></td> <td></td> <td>(798)</td> <td></td> <td>(4 080)</td> <td></td> <td>(1 708 120)</td> <td></td> <td>(8,262,683)</td>			(798)		(4 080)		(1 708 120)		(8,262,683)
Securities lending income         4         27         -         39,4           Less Investment Expense:         Investment activity expense         45         268         -         359,4           Investment activity expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants         56         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)         (7,725,3)           Net position - Beginning of fiscal year         11,782         67,641         9,477,044         108,994,3) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,919,575</td>									1,919,575
Less Investment Expense:       45       268       -       359,4         Securities lending expense       2       17       -       25,6         Net investment income (loss)       (614)       (3,036)       (1,671,997)       (6,688,7         Miscellaneous income       3       -       3,689       10,9         Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3									39,417
Investment activity expense         45         268         -         359,4           Securities lending expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants         56         -         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)         (7,725,3)           Net position - Beginning of fiscal year         11,782         67,641         9,477,044         108,994,3									,
Securities lending expense         2         17         -         25,6           Net investment income (loss)         (614)         (3,036)         (1,671,997)         (6,688,7           Miscellaneous income         3         -         3,689         10,9           Total Additions         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           DEDUCTIONS         (103)         (2,161)         (883,138)         1,494,0           Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants         56         -         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)         (7,725,3)           Net position - Beginning of fiscal year         11,782         67,641         9,477,044         108,994,3			45		268		-		359,405
Miscellaneous income       3       -       3,689       10,9         Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries       -       3,954       209,420       7,405,1         Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       2422       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3	Securities lending expense		2		17		-		25,616
Total Additions       (103)       (2,161)       (883,138)       1,494,0         DEDUCTIONS       Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries       -       3,954       209,420       7,405,1         Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3	Net investment income (loss)		(614)		(3,036)		(1,671,997)		(6,688,711)
DEDUCTIONSBenefits paid to participants or beneficiaries-3,954209,4207,405,1Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants561,114,9Refunds and transfers to other systems8-313,046441,6Administrative and other expenses9224221,253257,6Total Deductions1564,197543,7199,219,4Change in net position(259)(6,358)(1,426,857)(7,725,3)Net position - Beginning of fiscal year11,78267,6419,477,044108,994,3	Miscellaneous income		3		-		3,689		10,910
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries         -         3,954         209,420         7,405,1           Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants         56         -         -         1,114,9           Refunds and transfers to other systems         8         -         313,046         441,6           Administrative and other expenses         92         242         21,253         257,6           Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)         (7,725,3)           Net position - Beginning of fiscal year         11,782         67,641         9,477,044         108,994,3	Total Additions		(103)		(2,161)		(883,138)		1,494,049
Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3	DEDUCTIONS								
Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants       56       -       -       1,114,9         Refunds and transfers to other systems       8       -       313,046       441,6         Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3	Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries		-		3,954		209,420		7,405,189
Administrative and other expenses       92       242       21,253       257,6         Total Deductions       156       4,197       543,719       9,219,4         Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3			56		-		-		1,114,991
Total Deductions         156         4,197         543,719         9,219,4           Change in net position         (259)         (6,358)         (1,426,857)         (7,725,3)           Net position - Beginning of fiscal year         11,782         67,641         9,477,044         108,994,3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				-		,		441,614
Change in net position       (259)       (6,358)       (1,426,857)       (7,725,3)         Net position - Beginning of fiscal year       11,782       67,641       9,477,044       108,994,3	Administrative and other expenses		92		242		21,253		257,606
Net position - Beginning of fiscal year         11,782         67,641         9,477,044         108,994,3	Total Deductions		156		4,197		543,719		9,219,400
	Change in net position		(259)		(6,358)		(1,426,857)		(7,725,351)
Net position - End of fiscal year \$ 11 523 \$ 61 282 \$ 8 050 187 <b>\$ 101 269 0</b>	Net position - Beginning of fiscal year		11,782		67,641		9,477,044		108,994,357
	Net position - End of fiscal year	\$	11,523	\$	61,282	\$	8,050,187	\$	101,269,006

# PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

### MICHIGAN EDUCATION SAVINGS PROGRAM

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.1473 established the Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) as an entity within the Department of Treasury. MESP operates a college savings plan authorized by section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan is designed to collect and invest deposits made by contributors for purposes of financing tuition on behalf of future students. Investment earnings, held in trust by MESP, are Federal and State tax-deferred until the student is ready to attend college. The State offers a tax deduction for contributions made each year.

# MICHIGAN ACHIEVING A BETTER LIFE EXPERIENCE PROGRAM

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 206.983 established the Michigan Achieving a Better Life Experience (MiABLE) Program. On December 13, 2021, the State of Michigan transferred the assets and liabilities comprising the MiABLE program to the National ABLE Alliance, a partnership of states dedicated to providing those living with disabilities with an ABLE investment product.

### OTHER PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

The other private-purpose trust funds are made up of smaller individual private-purpose trust funds that are not large enough to warrant separate presentation.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	E	MICHIGAN DUCATION SAVINGS PROGRAM	ACHIE BETTI EXPE	HIGAN EVING A ER LIFE RIENCE GRAM	PI PU	DTHER RIVATE- JRPOSE IRUST FUNDS		TOTALS
Cash	\$	3,742	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,742
Equity in common cash	Ψ	- 0,742	Ψ	-	Ψ	631	Ψ	631
Receivables		295		-		375		670
Investments at Fair Value:								
Mutual funds		5,669,943		-		-		5,669,943
Guaranteed funding agreements		1,646,544		-		-		1,646,544
Total Assets		7,320,524		-		1,006		7,321,529
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other liabilities		5,346		-		-		5,346
Total Liabilities		5,346		-		-		5,346
NET POSITION								
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	7,315,177	\$	-	\$	1,006	\$	7,316,183

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	MICHIGAN EDUCATION SAVINGS PROGRAM	MICHIGAN ACHIEVING A BETTER LIFE EXPERIENCE PROGRAM	OTHER PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS	TOTALS
ADDITIONS Contributions:				
From participants	\$ 810,181	\$ 2,504	\$-	\$ 812,685
Total Contributions	810,181	2,504	-	812,685
Investment Income: Net increase (decrease) in the	(1.000.010)			<i>//</i>
fair value of investments Interest, dividends, and other	(1,389,219) 228,945	89 56	- 4	(1,389,130) 229,005
Net investment income (loss)	(1,160,274)	145	4	(1,160,125)
Total Additions	(350,093)	2,649	4	(347,439)
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Benefits paid to participants				
or beneficiaries	699,201	979	-	700,180
Administrative expense	11,111	103		11,214
Total Deductions	710,312	1,082		711,394
Special Items (Note 4)	-	(32,746)	-	(32,746)
Change in net position	(1,060,404)	(31,179)	4	(1,091,579)
Net position - Beginning of fiscal year	8,375,582	31,179	1,002	8,407,762
Net position - End of fiscal year	\$ 7,315,177	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,006	\$ 7,316,183



# CUSTODIAL FUNDS

### INSURANCE CARRIER DEPOSITS FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for deposits held by the State Treasurer on behalf of insurance carriers who are licensed or authorized to write insurance in the State and are required by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 500.411 to provide such deposits. All deposits are in the form of various securities and other acceptable assets.

## CITY INCOME TAX – TRUST FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Sections 141.501 – 141.787 created the City Income Tax – Trust Fund and allow a city that imposes a city income tax, pursuant to the City Income Tax Act as amended, to enter into an agreement with the Department of Treasury under which the Department of Treasury shall administer, enforce, and collect the city income tax on behalf of the city. City income taxes, interest, penalties, and collection fees collected under an agreement entered into pursuant to the above shall be kept in the City Income Tax – Trust Fund and shall be paid to the city, except that an amount of the taxes collected as determined in the agreement may be retained by the Department of Treasury to cover the cost of collection and administration and that the amount shall be deposited into the State general fund.

# CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTION FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for the activity of the Michigan State Disbursement Unit (MISDU). MISDU, administered by the Department of Health and Human Services, was created to provide a single location within the State for the receipt and disbursement of child support payments.

#### ESCHEATS FUND

The Escheats Fund operates under the authority of Sections 567.221 – 567.265 of the Michigan Compiled Laws and is used to account for unclaimed property held by the State until claimed by the rightful owners. All property, including any income or increment derived from the property, is subject to the custody of (escheated to) the State when certain criteria contained within the laws are met. Proceeds of the fund pay the administrative costs and prompt claims allowed under the laws.

## PRISONER ACCOUNTS FUND

The Prisoner Accounts Fund was administratively created to account for the personal funds of prisoners incarcerated and housed within Michigan Department of Corrections (MDOC) facilities. MDOC processes all financial transaction activity for this fund including deposits, disbursements, and collection of court ordered charges, fees, restitution, and child support.

## OTHER CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The Other Custodial Funds are made up of smaller individual custodial funds that are not large enough to warrant separate presentation.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	INSURANCE CARRIER DEPOSITS FUND	CITY INCOME TAX - TRUST FUND	CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTION FUND
Cash	\$-	\$-	\$ 46,670
Equity in common cash	2,574	9,555	-
Receivables: Taxes, interest, and penalties	-	113,615	-
Other	-	-	-
Other assets	246,367		
Total Assets	248,940	123,170	46,670
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Unearned revenue	2,574 - -	123,170 - -	45,904 766 
Total Liabilities	2,574	123,170	46,670
NET POSITION			
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$246,367</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

TOTALS	 OTHER CUSTODIAL FUNDS	-	PRISONER ACCOUNTS FUND	ESCHEATS FUND	
46,678	\$ \$ 8		\$-	-	\$
219,521	4,065		12,996	190,331	
113,615	-		-	-	
153	65		87	-	
247,933	 -	-		1,566	
627,900	 4,139	_	13,083	191,898	
184,585 766 3	 1,502 - -	_	2,361 - 3	9,073 - -	
185,354	1,502		2,364	9,073	
442,546	\$ \$ 2,636	-	\$ 10,719	182,824	\$

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		SURANCE ER DEPOSITS FUND	6	Y INCOME TAX - UST FUND		CHILD SUPPORT DLLECTION FUND
ADDITIONS Investment Income:						
Interest, dividends and other	\$	5,763	\$	140	\$	-
Net investment income (loss)	Ψ	5.763	<u> </u>	140	<u> </u>	-
( )		<u> </u>				
Other Additions:						
Child support receipts		-		-		1,330,087
City income tax collections		-		470,375		-
Collateral deposits		00.400				
and related additions		68,160		-		-
Escheated property Prisoner deposits		-		-		-
Other additions and		-		-		
miscellaneous income		-		-		-
Total Other Additions		68,160		470,375		1,330,087
Total Additions		73,923		470,515		1,330,087
DEDUCTIONS						
Child support distributions		_		_		1,330,087
City income tax distributions		-		470,515		-
Collateral disbursements				470,010		
and related deductions		78,215		-		-
Escheated property distributions		-		-		-
Prisoner disbursements		-		-		-
Miscellaneous deductions		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		-		-
Total Deductions		78,215		470,515		1,330,087
		10,210		470,010		1,000,001
Change in net position		(4,292)		-		-
Net position - Beginning						
of fiscal year		250,659		-		-
-		<u> </u>				
Net position - End of fiscal year	¢	246,367	\$		\$	
oi listai yeai	φ	240,307	<del>ф</del>	-	φ	-

ESCHEATS FUND	PRISONER ACCOUNTS FUND	OTHER CUSTODIAL FUNDS	TOTALS
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ 18</u> 18	<u>\$                                    </u>
-	-	-	1,330,087 470,375
- 295,429	-	-	68,160 295,429
-	59,408	-	59,408
<u>523</u> 295,952	59,408	<u>8,667</u> 8,667	<u>9,190</u> 2,232,648
295,952	59,408	8,685	2,238,569
-	-	-	1,330,087 470,515
-	-	-	470,515
- 131,156	-	-	78,215 131,156
-	59,555	-	59,555
- 148,642		6,631 3,126	6,631 151,768
279,798	59,555	9,757	2,227,927
16,154	(148)	(1,072)	10,643
166,670	10,867	3,708	431,904
\$ 182,824	\$ 10,719	\$ 2,636	<u>\$ 442,546</u>

# **COMPONENT UNITS – AUTHORITIES**

# FARM PRODUCE INSURANCE AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 285.315 created the Farm Produce Insurance Authority (FPIA) as a public body corporate. Operating under Sections 285.311 – 285.331 of the MCL, FPIA is governed and administered by a ten-member board of directors. FPIA administers a program in which producers of dry beans, grain, or corn may contribute to the Farm Produce Insurance Fund, a percentage of their net proceeds from all farm produce sold by the producer to a licensee in this State. Under this program the producer may recover from the fund for losses caused by the licensed grain dealer's financial failure.

# MACKINAC BRIDGE AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 254.302 created the Mackinac Bridge Authority (MBA). MCL Section 254.314 empowered MBA to construct and operate a bridge between the lower and upper peninsulas of Michigan. Fares and earnings on investments finance the operation and maintenance of the bridge. State statutes require that MBA continue charging bridge tolls and repay State funds for all the subsidies provided in prior years.

# MACKINAC ISLAND STATE PARK COMMISSION

Established in 1895 under Public Act 222 of 1895, the Mackinac Island State Park Commission currently operates under Sections 324.76701 – 324.76709 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the seven-member commission. The Commission is responsible for the management of the Mackinac Island, Michilimackinac, and Mill Creek State Parks and has the authority to issue revenue-dedicated bonds.

# MICHIGAN EARLY CHILDHOOD INVESTMENT CORPORATION

The Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation was created by an interlocal agreement between the Department of Health and Human Services and participating intermediate school districts. The interlocal agreement was entered into pursuant to Sections 124.501 – 124.512 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. In 2018, the interlocal agreement was first amended and restated between the Department of Education and participating intermediate school districts. The Corporation's primary objective is to administer activities related to early childhood development.

The governing body of each participant shall appoint one member of the Corporation Board to serve at the will of the participant. The Corporation Board will also include fifteen members appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent or his or her designee from within the Department. The Corporation will have an Executive Committee of 15 members of the Corporation Board. The members of the Executive Committee will include the State Superintendent, or his or her designated representative from within the Department serving as a member of the Corporation Board, and 14 members of the Corporation Board appointed by the Governor. The members of the Executive Committee appointed by the Governor must include at least one of the members of the Corporation Board appointed by a Participant. The Executive Committee shall exercise the powers of the Corporation.

# MICHIGAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Michigan Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) is a public body corporate created pursuant to an agreement authorized under the Urban Cooperation Act of 1967 and Sections 124.501 – 124.512 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL). MEDC was created by an interlocal agreement, as amended and restated, between participating local economic development organizations formed under the Economic Development Corporations Act, 125.1601 – 125.1636 of the MCL and the Michigan Strategic Fund. The MEDC is a separate legal entity whose purpose is to stimulate, coordinate and advance economic development in the State. Under the terms of the interlocal agreement, the governance of MEDC resides in an executive committee of 20 members appointed to eight-year, staggered terms before May 1, 2019, and for four-year terms after April 30, 2019.

# MICHIGAN EDUCATION TRUST

The Michigan Education Trust (MET) operates a prepaid tuition program authorized by section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. A purchaser enters into a contract with MET which provides that in return for a specified actuarially determined payment, MET will provide a Michigan child's undergraduate tuition at any Michigan public university or community college. The amount the purchaser is required to pay is based on several factors, among them are tuition costs, the child's age and grade in school, anticipated investment earnings, tuition rate increases, and the type of contract purchased.

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.1425, the Michigan Education Trust Act, created MET. MET is governed by a nine-member board that consists of the State Treasurer and eight other individuals appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Although MET is administratively located within the Michigan Department of Treasury, the law provides its assets are not to be considered assets of the State and are not to be loaned or otherwise transferred or used by the State for any purpose other than the purposes specified in the law. The law and contracts also specifically provide that the State is not liable if MET becomes actuarially unsound. In that event, the contracts provide for refunds to participants.

## MICHIGAN VETERANS' FACILITY AUTHORITY

Michigan Complied Laws (MCL) Section 36.103 created the Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority (MVFA) to provide general oversight and governance of Michigan veteran homes and veterans' facilities. MVFA is a public body corporate and politic administered under the supervision of the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs, but exercises its prescribed statutory powers, duties, and functions independently of the department as an autonomous entity governed by a ten-member board.

#### STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN

The State Bar of Michigan is an association of lawyers who are licensed to practice in Michigan. It is organized as a public body corporate. Its operations are financed solely from member dues and income from member services. The State Bar's budget is the responsibility of its Board of Commissioners, and it is not subject to State of Michigan appropriation procedures.

Pursuant to Supreme Court rule, its purpose is to aid in promoting improvements in the administration of justice and advancements in jurisprudence, in improving relations between the legal profession and the public, and in promoting the interests of the legal profession in this State.

#### STATE LAND BANK AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 124.765 and Executive Order 2019-3 established the State Land Bank Authority (SLBA) to assemble or dispose of public property, including tax reverted property, in a coordinated manner to foster the development of the property and to promote economic growth within the State. SLBA receives public properties, undertakes expedited action to clear their titles, and then ensures the properties' redevelopment.

#### VENTURE MICHIGAN FUND

The Venture Michigan Fund (VMF) was formed as a nonprofit corporation for the purpose of qualifying as a Michigan early-stage venture investment corporation as authorized by Sections 125.2231 – 125.2263 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. VMF was organized to raise capital and invest that capital in venture capital firms with the intent of benefiting Michigan's seed or early-stage businesses in order to promote the economic health of the State of Michigan. VMF is governed by a board of directors consisting of the State Treasurer, the Chief Executive Officer of the Michigan Economic Development Corporation, and five other directors appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and the House. The Michigan Venture Capital Association also has the option to appoint one member to the board.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

ASSETS	FARM PRODUCE INSURANCE AUTHORITY	MACKINAC BRIDGE AUTHORITY	MACKINAC ISLAND STATE PARK COMMISSION	MICHIGAN EARLY CHILDHOOD INVESTMENT CORPORATION
ASSETS				
Current Assets:	5 728	\$ 6,004	¢ = 400	¢ 2.004
Cash \$	o 728	\$ 6,004	\$ 5,426	\$ 3,294
Equity in common cash	-	-	-	-
Amounts due from component units	-	-	-	-
Amounts due from primary government	-	-	147	1,084
Amounts due from federal government	-	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	684	-
Investments	2,484	12,077	330	-
Other current assets	218	609	335	16
Total Current Assets	3,430	18,691	6,922	4,395
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted Assets:			700	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	720	-
Investments		-	2,383	-
Investments	7,633	115,760	-	-
Land and property held for resale	-	-	-	-
Capital Assets:				
Land and other non-depreciable assets	-	125	361	-
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable asset	- s	14,771	16,985	1,698
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(8,822)	(13,310)	(723)
Infrastructure	-	102,967	-	-
Construction in progress	-	-	129	-
Total capital assets	-	109,041	4,166	974
Other noncurrent assets	_	844	2,682	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,633	225,644	9,951	974
	7,033	223,044	9,901	
Total Assets	11,064	244,336	16,872	5,369
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	3,346	841	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	1,241	1,000	133	547
	1,241	1,000	100	547
Amounts due to component units	-	- 951	-	-
Amounts due to primary government	-	901	-	-
Bonds and notes payable	-	-	75	-
Interest payable	-	-	15	-
Unearned revenue	-	2,134	-	-
Vendor financing obligations	-	-	-	85
Current portion of other long-term obligations	-	99	-	34
Total Current Liabilities	1,241	4,183	223	665
Long Torm Lighilition				
Long-Term Liabilities:			40	
Unearned revenue	-	-	42	-
Bonds and notes payable	-	-	1,180	-
Vendor financing obligations	-	-	-	90
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations	-	12,068	3,082	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	12,068	4,304	90
Total Liabilities	1,241	16,251	4,527	755
- DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	9,794	5,196	-
-			-,	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted For:	-	109,041	2,911	800
Construction and debt service	-	-	4,217	-
	-	-		- 1,690
Other purposes Unrestricted	- 9,822	- 112,595	1,024 (160)	2,124
			· · · /	

MICHIG/ ECONOM DEVELOPM CORPORA	/IC /IENT	ED	CHIGAN UCATION TRUST	Ň	MICHIGAN VETERANS' FACILITY AUTHORITY		STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN		STATE AND BANK UTHORITY		/ENTURE /IICHIGAN FUND		TOTALS
\$ 38	8,488	\$	79,903	\$	871	\$	2,662	\$	-	\$	67,818	\$	205,194
	,431	Ŷ	-	Ψ	2,266	Ψ	- 2,002	Ψ	15,989	Ψ	-	Ŷ	172,686
	),517		-		_,		-		-		-		30,517
	8		876		-		-		-		-		2,115
	155		-		9,326		-		-		-		9,482
	-		-		-		-		-		-		684
6	6,323		-		-		10,035		-		-		31,250
	473		7,546		1,211		464		531		-		11,403
230	,394		88,325		13,674		13,160		16,521		67,818		463,330
	-		-		-		-		-		-		720
	-		-		-		3,541		-		-		5,925
59	9,698		953,855		-		-		-		368,543		1,505,489
	-		-		-		-		4,867		-		4,867
	100		_		_		490		_		_		1,076
13	3,971		_		1,576		11,600		10		_		60,611
	),745)		-		(1,057)		(8,897)		(1)		-		(42,556)
(3	-		-		-		-		-		-		102,967
	-		-		-		-		-		-		129
4	,326		-		519		3,193		9		-		122,228
	5,152		17,782		-		31		-		-		26,491
69	9,176		971,637		519		6,766		4,876		368,543		1,665,720
299	9,570		1,059,962		14,193		19,926		21,397		436,362		2,129,050
7	7,703		1,194		66,403		654		1,593		-		81,734
28	8,814		-		4,430		1,026		113		240		37,544
	34		-		-		-		-		-		34
	112		-		1,344		-		11		-		2,417
	-		-		-		-		-		-		75
	-		-		-		-		-		-		15
	-		-		431		2,383		1,523		-		6,470
	-		-		54		-		1		-		140
	,437		65,557		1,340		- 2 400		34		-		68,501
30	,396		65,557		7,600		3,409		1,682		240		115,196
	_		_		_		_		_		_		42
													1,180
	_		-		61		_		8		_		159
18	3,192		667,933		63,484		1,105		2,539		17,209		785,613
	3,192		667,933		63,545		1,105		2,548		17,209		786,994
	8,588		733,490		71,145		4,514		4,230		17,448		902,190
											,		
14	,032		2,476		38,207		1,055		1,867		<u> </u>		72,628
4	,326		-		519		3,193		-		-		120,790
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,217
	-		325,189		4,897		2,374		-		-		335,174
240	,326		-		(34,172)		9,444		16,894		418,913		775,785
\$ 244	,652	\$	325,189	\$	(28,756)	\$	15,011	\$	16,894	\$	418,913	\$	1,235,966

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

			PROGRAM REVENU	JES	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
Farm Produce Insurance Authority	\$ 1,729	\$ 400	\$-	\$-	\$ (1,329)
Mackinac Bridge Authority	10,756	23,638	-	-	12,881
Mackinac Island State Park Commission	3,987	5,626	42	200	1,880
Michigan Early Childhood					
Investment Corporation	7,290	399	8,523	-	1,632
Michigan Economic					
Development Corporation	262,389	-	375,936	-	113,547
Michigan Education Trust	34,373	4,265	(80,789)	-	(110,897)
Michigan Veterans' Facility Authority	129,029	6,068	35,584	21	(87,357)
State Bar of Michigan	12,024	11,586	-	-	(438)
State Land Bank Authority	2,815	-	-	-	(2,815)
Venture Michigan Fund	32,369	-		47,980	15,611
Total	\$ 496,762	\$ 51,982	\$ 339,295	\$ 48,201	\$ (57,284)

IN\	EREST AND /ESTMENT ARNINGS (LOSS)	FROM	YMENTS I STATE OF CHIGAN	 OTHER	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	В	T POSITION EGINNING OF YEAR RESTATED	NE	et position End Of year
\$	80 (14,582) (160)	\$	- (250) -	\$ - 1,900 90	\$ (1,249) (51) 1,811	\$	11,071 221,687 6,181	\$	9,822 221,636 7,991
	8		-	-	1,641		2,973		4,614
	(7,421) - 15 (1,142) 120 202,477		800 - 39,654 - 48 -	3,085 - - 330	110,011 (110,897) (47,687) (1,580) (2,317) 218,088		134,641 436,086 18,931 16,591 19,211 200,826		244,652 325,189 (28,756) 15,011 16,894 418,913
\$	179,396	\$	40,252	\$ 5,405	\$ 167,769	\$	1,068,197	\$	1,235,966

GENERAL REVENUES



# **COMPONENT UNITS – STATE UNIVERSITIES**

The State has 13 legally separate public universities, 10 of which are included in this report as component units and 3 of which are excluded. Included are the 10 universities whose governing boards are appointed by the Governor and for which the State is legally accountable, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended. Excluded are those three that have governing boards whose members are elected by the voters and, therefore, considered separate special purpose governments. The three that are excluded are the largest public universities: Michigan State University, University of Michigan, and Wayne State University. Also excluded are the public community colleges, for which local units of government are legally accountable.

The information presented in this report for the 10 universities is based upon their separately issued financial statements for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2022. The universities include Western Michigan University presented as a major component unit and the following non-major component units: Central Michigan University, Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan Technological University, Northern Michigan University, Oakland University, and Saginaw Valley State University.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - STATE UNIVERSITIES

JUNE 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Ν	CENTRAL MICHIGAN NIVERSITY	Μ	ASTERN ICHIGAN IVERSITY	FERRIS STATE NVERSITY	UI	GRAND VALLEY STATE NIVERSITY
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash	\$	40,957	\$	39,520	\$ 8,025	\$	97,737
Amounts due from component units		-		-	-		-
Amounts due from primary government		59,824		19,231	11,577		75,370
Amounts due from federal government		2,092		1,515	242		15,216
Amounts due from local units Inventories		- 2,319		- 250	- 983		- 1,757
Investments		3,488		250	983 68,537		61,696
Other current assets		29,577		21,673	12,392		21,582
Total Current Assets		138,257		82,189	 101,756		273,358
Noncurrent Assets:		100,207		02,100	 101,700		210,000
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		14,677		_	54,352		2,800
Investments		14,077		92,966	62,215		17,394
Mortgages and loans receivable		-			9,210		
Mortgages and loans receivable		-		2,716			2,116
Investments		447,289		39,221	59,117		382,326
Capital Assets:		,		,			,
Land and other non-depreciable assets		15,164		14,035	6,597		80,037
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets		1,068,210		1,020,396	553,238		1,172,051
Less accumulated depreciation		(540,825)		(414,107)	(250,777)		(474,549)
Construction in progress		11,400		12,132	 27,183		5,765
Total capital assets		553,950		632,457	 336,241		783,305
Other noncurrent assets		23,930		5,289	 104		16,274
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,039,845		772,649	521,239		1,204,216
Total Assets		1,178,102		854,838	622,995		1,477,573
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		16,081		22,197	7,543		22,637
LIABILITIES		· · · ·		,	<u> </u>		
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other liabilities		74,703		42,684	32,919		97,454
Amounts due to primary government		5,263		63	-		109
Bonds and notes payable		7,348		4,159	7,042		15,104
Interest payable		1,219		5,178	1,173		828
Unearned revenue		18,714		16,631	7,936		18,512
Vendor financing obligations		1,244		-	-		330
Current portion of other long-term obligations		362		946	 -		7,436
Total Current Liabilities		108,853		69,661	 49,070		139,774
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Unearned revenue		-		12,844	484		2,208
Bonds and notes payable		154,827		335,058	109,492		236,255
Vendor financing obligations		5,045		-	-		790
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations		152,471		127,514	 97,904		51,272
Total Long-Term Liabilities		312,343		475,417	 207,880		290,524
Total Liabilities		421,197		545,078	 256,950		430,298
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		39,610		72,500	 16,333		17,942
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		381,392		268,161	233,795		538,312
Restricted For:							
Education		29,372		-	13,814		49,066
Construction and debt service		21,422		-	-		2,154
Other purposes		-		56,758	-		-
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:							
Expendable		56,315		10,331	30,995		70,915
Nonexpendable		71,644		62,066	62,215		87,414
Unrestricted		173,231		(137,859)	 16,437		304,108
Total Net Position		733,376		259,458	\$ 357,255		1,051,970

LAKE SUPERIOR STATE UNIVERSITY	MICHIGAN TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY	NORTHERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY	OAKLAND UNIVERSITY	SAGINAW VALLEY STATE UNIVERSITY	TOTALS
\$ 14,817	\$ 32,109	\$ 43,128	\$ 79,417	\$ 64,516	\$ 420,225
-	-	115	-	-	115
4,149 615	10,707 4,744	9,325 312	9,825 2,889	19,093 816	219,101 28,441
-	4,744	7,542	2,009	-	7,751
433	1,138	841	1,866	99	9,684
4,357	-	374	-	-	138,452
2,231 26,602	8,430	8,670 70,306	<u> </u>	<u>5,468</u> 89,993	<u>129,524</u> 953,295
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	20,777	28,688	46,403	5,478	173,175
-	171,980	-	93,782		438,337
1,362	-	-	652	-	11,224
-	4,678	1,906	-	-	11,416
32,477	56,221	151,300	221,973	167,220	1,557,145
3,911	17,311	83,210	4,625	2,077	226,966
207,887	442,775	473,062	946,363	494,971	6,378,953
(130,739)	(248,803) 10,152	(236,711) 10,914	(397,151) 67,475	(221,809) 5,127	(2,915,469) 150,149
81,059	221,435	330.475	621,312	280,365	3,840,598
830	32,455	9,306	8,467	6,562	103,218
115,729	507,546	521,675	992,589	459,626	6,135,113
142,331	564,673	591,981	1,106,296	549,618	7,088,408
3,470	5,252	4,279	11,631	3,265	96,355
2,696	20,077	25,012	46,305	26,081	367,931
77	574	551	824	-	7,462
1,391	2,554	6,093	15,608	6,772	66,070
546 826	861 4,799	- 6,774	4,894 19,192	- 5,024	14,699 98,408
191	-	271	-	90	2,127
195	6,583	334	2,784	100	18,740
5,922	35,449	39,034	89,607	38,066	575,437
-	-	-	5,973	6,194	27,703
37,228	92,662	105,285	379,091	76,748	1,526,645
260	-	-	-	235	6,330
16,392	71,424	63,819	43,074	<u>4,978</u> 88,156	628,848
53,880 59,802	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	428,138 517,744	126,222	2,189,527 2,764,963
4,105	23,738	74,281	19,922	1,383	269,813
1,100	20,100		10,022	1,000	200,010
45,719	135,834	180,366	258,728	199,393	2,241,700
19,285	49,333	3,469	39,838	8,875	213,051
3,076	14,421	-	428	126	41,626
2,155	-	-	-	3,793	62,706
3,551	44,261	44,434	19,948	23,692	304,441
13,960	112,022	3,583	48,189	57,930	519,024
(5,852)	(9,218)	81,989	213,132	131,471	767,439
\$ 81,894	\$ 346,653	\$ 313,841	\$ 580,261	\$ 425,279	\$ 4,149,987

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - STATE UNIVERSITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
Central Michigan University	490,195	304,292	18,286	2,942	(164,676)
Eastern Michigan University	354,624	207,264	21,738	1,020	(124,602)
Ferris State University	232,678	136,570	3,628	-	(92,480)
Grand Valley State University	505,969	328,036	26,466	1,205	(150,262)
Lake Superior State University	51,571	23,758	1,468	653	(25,691)
Michigan Technological University	265,049	136,252	72,062	6,992	(49,743)
Northern Michigan University	177,877	110,861	14,341	-	(52,675)
Oakland University	393,443	248,641	13,395	170	(131,237)
Saginaw Valley State University	152,094	81,683	9,199	2,321	(58,890)
Total	\$ 2,623,500	\$ 1,577,358	\$ 180,583	\$ 15,303	\$ (850,256)

PROGRAM REVENUES

INTEREST AND INVESTMENT EARNINGS (LOSS)	PAYMENTS FROM STATE OF MICHIGAN	OTHER	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR RESTATED	NET POSITION END OF YEAR
(26,610)	97,752	60,248	(33,285)	766,662	733,376
5,022	86,019	66,772	33,211	226,247	259,458
(11,817)	61,361	68,440	25,504	331,751	357,255
(12,233)	80,865	132,099	50,468	1,001,502	1,051,970
(410)	22,978	7,455	4,332	77,563	81,894
(4,529)	53,337	17,562	16,626	330,026	346,653
(19,263)	52,746	22,670	3,478	310,363	313,841
(21,276)	56,098	68,755	(27,660)	607,921	580,261
(15,897)	32,243	32,243	(10,301)	435,580	425,279
\$ (107,013)	\$ 543,399	\$ 476,243	\$ 62,373	\$ 4,087,614	\$ 4,149,987

## GENERAL REVENUES



#### Michigan Statistical Section

#### INDEX

This part of the State of Michigan's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

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environment within which the State's infancial activities take place.	
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Operating Information These schedules contain information about the State's operations and resources to help the reader	
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Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the financial statements presented in the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant years.

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,649,694	\$ 20,279,584	\$ 20,578,869	\$ 21,162,152
Restricted	3,773,962	3,824,871	3,647,713	3,772,413
Unrestricted	(5,192,624)	(5,876,457)	(9,942,038)	(11,298,822)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 18,231,031	\$ 18,227,998	\$ 14,284,544	\$ 13,635,744
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 813	\$ 606	\$ 1,557	\$ 1,257
Restricted	1,843,965	2,442,471	2,989,561	3,526,823
Unrestricted	5,538	5,834	(11,862)	(19,126)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 1,850,316	\$ 2,448,910	\$ 2,979,255	\$ 3,508,953
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,650,507	\$ 20,280,190	\$ 20,580,426	\$ 21,163,409
Restricted	5,617,926	6,267,342	6,637,274	7,299,236
Unrestricted	(5,187,086)	(5,870,623)	(9,953,900)	(11,317,949)
Total primary government net position	\$ 20,081,347	\$ 20,676,909	\$ 17,263,800	\$ 17,144,696
Reconciliation of net position				
Beginning net position	\$ 17,525,883	\$ 20,081,347	\$ 20,676,909	\$ 17,263,800
Restatement of beginning net position	6,459	(36,068)	(4,780,332)	(1,712,198)
Beginning net position - restated	 17,532,342	 20,045,279	 15,896,577	15,551,601
Statement of Activities - changes in net position	2,549,005	631,629	1,367,223	1,593,095
Ending net position	\$ 20,081,347	\$ 20,676,909	\$ 17,263,800	\$ 17,144,696

20	17		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
4,	736,440 152,864 848,197) 041,107	\$ \$	21,014,252 4,218,412 (14,946,883) 10,285,781	\$ \$	21,599,362 4,267,930 (14,621,279) 11,246,012	\$ \$	21,305,928 5,651,877 (13,636,896) 13,320,910	\$	21,253,248 8,099,736 (9,002,099) 20,350,885	\$	21,175,740 11,667,798 (2,439,521) 30,404,017
	1,183 994,553 (21,180) 974,556	\$ \$	969 4,525,760 (80,469) 4,446,260	\$ \$	1,058 5,006,011 (70,076) 4,936,993	\$	646 1,491,560 (62,509) 1,429,697	\$ \$	263 1,173,186 (70,236) 1,103,214	\$ \$	282 1,821,317 (88,614) 1,732,985
8, <sup>-</sup> (9,8	737,623 147,417 869,376) 015,664	\$	21,015,221 8,744,173 (15,027,352) 14,732,042	\$	21,600,419 9,273,941 (14,691,355) 16,183,005	\$	21,306,575 7,143,436 (13,699,405) 14,750,607	\$	21,253,511 9,272,922 (9,072,335) 21,454,098	\$	21,176,021 13,489,116 (2,528,135) 32,137,002
17,	144,696 - 144,696 370,968 015,664	\$	20,015,664 (6,999,392) 13,016,272 1,715,770 14,732,042	\$	14,732,042 (24,796) 14,707,246 1,475,759 16,183,005	\$	16,183,005 305,808 16,488,813 (1,738,206) 14,750,607	\$	14,750,607 (20,866) 14,729,740 6,724,358 21,454,098	\$	21,454,098 86,079 21,540,177 10,596,825 32,137,002

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	2,093,352	\$	2,455,999	\$	3,240,918	\$	3,044,493
Education		14,617,662		14,941,366		15,452,338		15,831,480
Health and human services		19,784,847		20,544,300		23,190,878		23,441,412
Public safety and corrections		2,663,440		2,638,272		2,685,500		2,664,726
Conservation, environment,		_,,		_,,_		_,,		_,,
recreation, and agriculture		593,446		714,019		609,306		753,361
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		965,696		956,256		953,030		746,550
Transportation		2,914,884		3,309,442		3,325,519		3,377,660
Tax credits (Note 16)		689,900		676,500		662,400		672,400
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing		1,077,514		1,120,593		1,210,557		1,213,432
Interest on long-term debt		178,561		174,522		162,859		415,468
Total governmental activities		45,579,303		47,531,269		51,493,305		52,160,983
5				,00,200		01,100,000		02,100,000
Business-type activities:								
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund		742,611		779,276		825,796		872,902
State Lottery Fund		1,758,718		1,868,607		1,990,582		2,229,995
Attorney Discipline System		4,846		4,798		4,710		5,019
Michigan Unemployment								
Compensation Funds	_	2,188,132		1,246,507		952,773		914,081
Total business-type activities	_	4,694,307		3,899,188		3,773,861		4,021,996
Total primary government expenses	\$	50,273,610	\$	51,430,457	\$	55,267,166	\$	56,182,979
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	678,845	\$	688,044	\$	666,648	\$	658,741
Education		7,206		9,388		(3,752)		6,947
Health and human services		107,657		152,511		162,768		155,276
Public safety and corrections		164,019		161,447		163,821		169,789
Conservation, environment,								
recreation, and agriculture		271,119		299,073		301,529		296,694
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		750,517		754,054		749,576		788,169
Transportation		96,842		96,727		100,403		105,108
Operating grants and contributions		17,194,905		17,981,852		20,431,030		20,660,821
Capital grants and contributions		867,155		850,174		926,670		878,642
Fotal governmental activities program revenues	\$	20,138,265	\$	20,993,270	\$	23,498,693	\$	23,720,187
с	Ψ	20,100,200	<u> </u>	20,000,210	¥	20,100,000	<u> </u>	20,120,101
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	\$	912,112	\$	957,054	\$	1,021,890	\$	1,082,256
State Lottery Fund		2,491,131		2,608,920		2,785,133		3,118,137
Attorney Discipline System		4,887		4,867		4,024		4,045
Michigan Unemployment								
Compensation Funds		2,776,790		1,809,854		1,461,988		1,383,410
Operating grants and contributions	_	21,710		59,881		67,628		78,660
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	6,206,631		5,440,576		5,340,663	_	5,666,507
Total primary government program revenues	\$	26,344,896	\$	26,433,845	\$	28,839,356	\$	29,386,694
Net (Expenses)/Revenues								
Governmental activities	\$	(25,441,038)	\$	(26,538,000)	\$	(27,994,612)	\$	(28,440,795)
	Ŧ	1,512,324	ŕ	1,541,388	•	1,566,801	~	1,644,511
Business-type activities		1,012,024		1,011,000	_	1,000,001	-	, ,

 2017	2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 2,595,165 16,114,081 23,020,839 2,686,252	\$ 3,334,891 16,727,675 24,071,364 2,899,797	\$ 3,210,082 17,059,677 25,613,513 3,269,546	\$ 2,882,398 17,831,607 26,420,104 3,078,647	\$ 3,200,292 18,754,267 29,794,548 3,221,781	\$ 2,859,202 22,137,374 31,437,130 2,692,790
 783,971 890,781 3,483,622 696,500 1,259,005 272,742 51,802,959	 932,250 821,050 3,891,092 696,100 1,289,064 287,506 54,950,789	 990,650 951,297 4,460,862 895,100 1,327,717 259,781 58,038,224	 1,575,468 980,383 5,204,891 936,500 1,241,267 224,617 60,375,882	 937,084 1,802,776 4,908,241 884,600 1,451,332 255,201 65,210,122	 927,268 3,010,768 5,029,633 908,800 1,607,907 265,752 70,876,624
\$ 903,150 2,424,850 4,898 859,638 4,192,536 55,995,495	\$ 953,854 2,654,651 5,077 793,535 4,407,117 59,357,906	\$ 1,007,701 2,833,493 5,307 785,553 4,632,053 62,670,277	\$ 1,180,694 3,082,442 5,534 25,367,742 29,636,413 90,012,294	\$ 1,274,106 3,633,130 5,507 14,440,513 19,353,255 84,563,377	\$ 1,260,303 3,653,269 4,923 908,095 5,826,589 76,703,213
\$ 694,819 5,662 159,544 170,323 318,319 794,170 94,683 20,244,084 953,635	\$ 627,297 24,025 174,607 168,028 360,981 789,277 134,043 20,636,711 863,854	\$ 683,878 11,462 166,326 167,635 328,642 784,214 100,933 21,581,071 1,014,734	\$ 632,904 6,312 176,825 153,967 330,842 390,859 88,316 25,735,099 1,187,137	\$ 691,916 6,034 168,279 185,258 391,044 349,349 105,114 29,864,862 981,719	\$ 1,166,656 9,349 162,627 159,327 387,421 364,925 109,432 34,644,381 1,068,229
\$ 23,435,239	\$ 23,778,822	\$ 24,838,895	\$ 28,702,263	\$ 32,743,575	\$ 38,072,347
\$ 1,123,654 3,347,126 4,082	\$ 1,181,472 3,591,929 4,699	\$ 1,252,065 3,897,405 5,334	\$ 1,459,240 4,256,618 5,336	\$ 1,587,738 5,057,975 5,365	\$ 1,586,516 4,911,450 5,311
1,291,128 74,694	1,276,504 90,410	1,207,485 132,247	21,748,077 137,422	14,001,625 14,159	1,475,694 768
 5,840,685	6,145,014	 6,494,536	 27,606,694	 20,666,862	 7,979,738
\$ 29,275,924	\$ 29,923,836	\$ 31,333,430	\$ 56,308,956	\$ 53,410,437	\$ 46,052,086
\$ (28,367,720) 1,648,149	\$ (31,171,967) 1,737,897	\$ (33,199,329) 1,862,482	\$ (31,673,619) (2,029,719)	\$ (32,466,547) 1,313,606	\$ (32,804,276) 2,153,149
\$ (26,719,571)	\$ (29,434,070)	\$ (31,336,847)	\$ (33,703,338)	\$ (31,152,941)	\$ (30,651,127)

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Continued) (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Constal Payanuas and Other Changes in Not Pas	ition							
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Pos Governmental activities:	SILION							
Taxes:								
General:								
Sales and use	\$	2,620,176	\$	2,993,426	\$	3,250,886	\$	3,281,008
Personal income		6,946,947	·	6,078,008	•	7,260,820	·	7,332,173
Flow-through entity		-		-		-		
Single business, Michigan business,								
and corporate income		859,612		562,739		892,039		760,979
Tobacco products		587,598		578,154		586,133		590,507
Beer, wine, and liquor		139,728		143,105		144,449		157,421
Insurance company		302,015		362,287		322,988		329,871
Quality assurance assessment		974,563		971,377		1,017,823		1,135,257
Essential services assessment		574,000		571,577		1,017,020		1,100,207
Penalties and interest		- 172,049		- 117,734		131,601		120,116
Marihuana excise		172,043		117,754		131,001		120,110
Insurance provider assessment		-		-		-		
•		-		-		-		405 192
Other		503,413		514,504		433,640		495,183
Restricted For Educational Purposes:								
Sales and use		5,668,592		5,872,729		5,905,831		6,023,300
Personal income		2,479,897		2,276,581		2,557,141		2,647,832
Flow-through entity		-		-		-		
Education, property, and real estate transfers		1,908,481		2,033,711		2,110,325		2,174,946
Tobacco products		373,296		357,389		360,645		360,01
Beer, wine, and liquor		44,069		45,722		48,706		52,24
Casino gaming wagering		110,667		106,903		110,785		112,868
Other		56,503		65,172		61,643		58,943
Restricted For Transportation Purposes:								
Sales and use		212,970		102,026		90,806		84,499
Personal income		-		-		-		- ,
Gasoline and diesel fuel		953,108		958,745		1,003,958		1,005,12 <sup>-</sup>
Motor vehicle registration		906,633		940,637		977,958		1,018,280
Other		5,034		5,052		6,383		6,133
Unrestricted investment and interest earnings		1,204		990		1,187		4,403
Miscellaneous								-
		628,204		517,297		500,891		621,77
Contributions to permanent fund principal		22,847		23,865		18,261		16,075
Special items		-		-		-		
Transfers		945,115		942,883		999,812	—	1,118,007
Total governmental activities		27,422,722		26,571,035		28,794,710	_	29,506,957
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		112		87		133		423
Miscellaneous		-		3		1		-
Transfers		(945,115)		(942,883)		(999,812)		(1,118,001
Total business-type activities		(945,003)		(942,793)		(999,677)		(1,117,577
Fotal primary government	\$	26,477,719	\$	25,628,241	\$	27,795,033	\$	28,389,380
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities	\$	1,981,683	\$	33,035	\$	800,098	\$	1,066,162
Business-type activities	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	,	Ψ	
		567,322	-	598,595		567,124		526,933
Total primary government	\$	2,549,005	\$	631,630	\$	1,367,223	\$	1,593,095

NOTE: Starting with fiscal year 2021, the Restricted for Educational Purposes Beer, wine, and liquor tax is included in Other taxes. The Marihuana Excise Tax, established in fiscal year 2020, was previously included in Other within the General taxes section.

 2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 2,733,120	\$	2,899,347	\$	2,898,982	\$	2,891,029	\$	3,759,702	\$	3,988,462
7,435,551		8,109,910		8,526,451		7,891,855		9,266,721		8,919,862 1,341,141
-		-		-		-		-		1,341,141
1,427,291		942,942		1,409,618		979,259		1,900,058		2,094,169
589,959		567,634		563,157		567,482		576,296		511,381
160,271		164,204		172,133		193,699		211,291		206,563
371,233		393,357		327,420		467,761		390,843		419,876
1,128,006		1,250,422		1,410,904		1,264,403		1,347,956		1,374,899
- 104,375		99,290 194,309		111,214 128,295		121,991 96,894		125,783		135,379
104,375		194,309		120,295		90,094		130,608 120,472		149,643 186,643
-		-		602,602		603,781		639,422		636,070
592,077		554,313		229,796		214,254		287,685		411,867
6,209,309		6,455,104		6,616,765		6,604,996		7,785,684		8,744,222
2,723,883		2,948,984		2,907,833		3,123,542		3,642,034		3,627,961
-		-		-		-		-		452,302
2,278,142 357,202		2,339,504 339,070		2,466,383 328,327		2,524,085 328,318		2,756,169 327,852		3,001,216 283,651
54,048		56,405		60,254		70,174		- 327,032		203,031
113,219		115,423		117,257		67,011		90,572		104,059
63,633		61,328		65,456		67,867		146,342		142,874
95,229		103,275		107,728		99,672		97,438		148,007
		- 100,270		264,000		468,000		600,000		600,000
1,362,260		1,469,228		1,462,292		1,319,661		1,363,609		1,433,033
1,210,628		1,295,268		1,353,613		1,344,763		1,399,595		1,402,986
4,855		4,535		4,702		4,327		4,193		4,918
11,021		25,327		40,019		20,726		13,465		95,407
545,398		740,953		614,858		619,530		893,687		811,123
19,468		19,675		18,759		9,019		11,316		18,887
 - 1,182,908		- 1,222,917		- 1,375,539		- 1,478,612		(11,651) 1,640,198		- 1,516,263
 30,773,084		32,372,724		34,184,356		33,442,709		39,517,338		42,762,863
331		(25)		3,789		1,015		159		1,351
31		57		-		20		-		-
 (1,182,908)		(1,222,917)		(1,375,539)		(1,478,612)		(1,640,198)		(1,516,263)
 (1,182,545)	_	(1,222,884)		(1,371,750)		(1,477,577)		(1,640,039)		(1,514,911)
\$ 29,590,539	\$	31,149,840	\$	32,812,606	\$	31,965,132	\$	37,877,299	\$	41,247,952
\$ 2,405,364	\$	1,200,757	\$	985,026	\$	1,769,090	\$	7,050,791	\$	9,958,587
465,604		515,013		490,733	,	(3,507,296)		(326,433)		638,238
\$ 2,870,968	\$	1,715,770	\$	1,475,759	\$	(1,738,206)	\$	6,724,358	\$	10,596,825
 	-		_				_		—	

#### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 221,614	\$ 189,095	\$ 115,937	\$ 76,746
Restricted	376,977	383,025	395,945	467,486
Committed	933,666	998,674	1,108,240	1,378,378
Assigned	137,947	206,875	176,405	151,555
Unassigned	1,186,647	306,382	694,734	604,388
Total general fund	\$ 2,856,852	\$ 2,084,052	\$ 2,491,262	\$ 2,678,554
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 968,433	\$ 992,581	\$ 1,016,322	\$ 1,030,282
Restricted	2,200,564	2,250,773	1,989,423	2,048,762
Committed	322,056	547,466	352,699	289,534
Unassigned	(13,216)	(106,128)	(56,951)	(62,012)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,477,837	\$ 3,684,691	\$ 3,301,493	\$ 3,306,566
Reconciliation of governmental fund balances				
Beginning fund balances	\$ 5,546,150	\$ 6,334,689	\$ 5,768,743	\$ 5,792,755
Restatement of beginning fund balances	-	-	-	24,182
Beginning fund balances - restated	 5,546,150	 6,334,689	 5,768,743	 5,816,936
Excess of revenues and other sources over				
(under) expenditures and other uses	788,538	(565,945)	24,011	168,184
Ending fund balances	\$ 6,334,689	\$ 5,768,743	\$ 5,792,755	\$ 5,985,120

 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 63,135	\$ 17,813	\$ 22,306	\$ 249,010	\$ 218,787	\$ 134,321
598,414	591,065	653,888	782,072	830,075	1,054,434
1,482,000	2,128,981	2,425,716	2,041,315	2,939,874	4,269,717
176,986	176,480	135,304	99,794	131,292	133,339
 622,538	 788,321	 916,168	 2,363,049	 4,362,765	 7,463,485
\$ 2,943,074	\$ 3,702,660	\$ 4,153,382	\$ 5,535,239	\$ 8,482,793	\$ 13,055,296
\$ 1,047,393	\$ 1,063,885	\$ 1,087,207	\$ 1,108,636	\$ 1,163,468	\$ 1,193,670
2,378,356	2,453,833	2,388,941	4,397,613	7,160,039	9,476,056
312,162	363,400	305,419	261,081	301,835	332,821
6,918	(63,301)	(104,507)	(149,561)	(87,808)	(52,740)
\$ 3,744,829	\$ 3,817,817	\$ 3,677,060	\$ 5,617,769	\$ 8,537,535	\$ 10,949,806
\$ 5,985,120	\$ 6,687,903	\$ 7,520,477	\$ 7,830,442	\$ 11,153,008	\$ 17,020,328
-	-	-	-	(6,645)	48,238
 5,985,120	 6,687,903	7,520,477	 7,830,442	 11,146,363	 17,068,566
702,783	832,574	309,965	3,322,566	5,873,965	6,936,536
\$ 6,687,903	\$ 7,520,477	\$ 7,830,442	\$ 11,153,008	\$ 17,020,328	\$ 24,005,101

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	25,239,420	\$	25,335,788	\$	27,176,341	\$	27,804,517
From federal agencies		17,800,913		18,524,648		21,096,200		21,198,341
From local agencies		109,771		100,372		105,270		114,454
From services		322,553		326,560		330,508		339,877
From licenses and permits		501,581		511,416		527,500		570,150
Special Medicaid reimbursements		134,353		133,909		120,904		115,621
Miscellaneous		1,721,838		1,714,576		1,734,331		2,038,138
Total revenues	_	45,830,430		46,647,268	_	51,091,052	_	52,181,098
Expenditures								
General government		1,870,041		2,066,169		2,741,135		2,931,623
Education		14,652,527		14,973,104		15,493,658		15,831,979
Health and human services		19,787,851		20,600,683		23,287,158		23,516,873
Public safety and corrections		2,604,520		2,669,883		2,707,199		2,670,637
Conservation, environment,								
recreation, and agriculture		571,371		681,072		615,656		753,725
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		961,279		961,934		978,003		1,230,828
Transportation		2,362,335		2,611,213		2,604,129		2,650,069
Tax credits		689,900		676,500		662,400		672,400
Capital outlay		1,013,461		1,113,770		1,160,142		1,106,163
Intergovernmental - revenue sharing		1,077,514		1,120,593		1,210,557		1,213,432
Debt service:				, ,,		, .,		, -, -
Bond principal retirement		404,396		452,631		468,085		452,695
Bond interest and fiscal charges		339,908		317,873		305,687		276,369
Structured settlement principal payments (2)		-		-		-		
Structured settlement interest payments (2)		-		-		-		-
Vendor financing principal payments (2)		58,990		63,028		66,939		68,982
Vendor financing interest payments (2)		-				-		
Total expenditures		46,394,092		48,308,452	_	52,300,750		53,375,775
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(563,662)		(1,661,184)		(1,209,697)		(1,194,677)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Bonds and bond anticipation notes issued		-		-		177,965		172,195
Bonds and notes issued		377,326		85,295		-		-
Refunding bonds issued		508,109		295,085		969,870		1,425,395
Premium on bond issuance		38,495		47,579		156,548		294,178
Discount on bond issuance		(14)		-		(298)		(2,773)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(537,743)		(299,121)		(1,107,996)		(1,674,399)
Vendor financing acquisitions		18,285		18,846		25,373		19,322
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,148		3,466		5,250		3,111
Transfers from other funds		3,115,335		3,354,150		3,024,769		3,184,970
Transfers to other funds		(2,171,741)		(2,410,062)		(2,017,772)		(2,059,139)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,352,200	_	1,095,238		1,233,709	_	1,362,860
Special items		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	788,538	\$	(565,945)	\$	24,011	\$	168,184
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures (1)		1.8%		1.7%		1.6%		1.5%

NOTE: (1) Noncapital expenditures are calculated as total expenditures less capital outlay expenditures less capital expenditures in current expenditure functions. Capital expenditures in current expenditure functions are identified in the process of reconciling Governmental Funds to Governmental Activities.

NOTE: (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2022, principal and interest are reported separately for structured settlement vendor financing payments (previously capital lease and financed purchase payments). For prior years, interest is included in the corresponding principal line.

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	28,530,168 20,717,668 103,722 358,373 577,757 188,933	\$	30,359,702 21,004,796 108,513 364,475 585,765 149,350	\$	31,519,313 22,064,601 117,086 364,935 619,452 175,942	\$	31,401,952 26,475,081 144,259 351,341 622,910 153,051	\$	35,845,853 30,375,140 147,946 360,439 691,007 159,986	\$	40,100,955 35,518,830 132,871 353,454 684,413 172,203
	1,982,759		2,111,796		2,013,900		1,459,166		1,556,679		1,431,598
	52,459,380		54,684,397		56,875,229		60,607,760		69,137,049		78,394,324
	2,555,020 16,117,415 23,070,385 2,694,120		2,764,946 16,707,956 23,925,010 2,725,056		2,755,260 17,059,690 25,269,773 2,800,651		2,923,223 17,827,446 26,301,845 2,963,209		3,167,215 18,761,439 30,009,386 3,286,293		2,941,366 22,166,303 31,862,980 3,181,570
	787,112 1,270,025 2,753,765		895,072 1,259,349 2,934,340		892,066 1,343,644 3,311,343		915,403 1,071,869 3,429,999		1,009,593 1,718,878 3,569,828		1,044,094 3,061,283 3,692,633
	696,500 1,223,968		696,100 1,297,519		895,100 1,619,894		936,500 1,992,422		884,600 1,894,460		908,800 2,273,329
	1,259,005		1,289,064		1,327,717		1,241,267		1,451,332		1,607,907
	423,751 288,859		415,853 281,758		432,071 259,750		431,330 246,455		393,175 231,810		397,874 265,772
	-		-		-		-		15,000		61,075 519
	69,414 -		72,168		74,334		106,972		88,876		79,206 18,617
	53,209,340		55,264,192	_	58,041,294		60,387,940	_	66,481,886		73,563,328
	(749,959)		(579,795)		(1,166,065)		219,820		2,655,164		4,830,996
	228,560		149,200		67,478		1,051,090		1,006,270		146,530 -
	-		-		168,102		807,065		54,150		-
	18,999		4,108		29,111		286,681		247,857		15,093
	-		-		- (185,167)		- (827,914)		- (68,958)		-
	14,480 3,764		23,383 8,454		10,788 5,724		300,768 1,967		234,812 5,682		262,104 9,342
	3,586,039		3,515,528		3,814,588		4,308,350		4,526,382		4,735,132
_	(2,399,099)		(2,288,305)	_	(2,434,594)	_	(2,825,261)		(2,775,970)	_	(3,062,661)
_	1,452,742	_	1,412,368	_	1,476,030	_	3,102,746	_	3,230,226	_	2,105,540
			-						(11,424)		-
\$	702,783	\$	832,574	\$	309,965	\$	3,322,566	\$	5,873,965	\$	6,936,536
	1.5%		1.4%		1.3%		1.3%		1.1%		1.1%

#### PERSONAL INCOME BY INDUSTRY

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015
Farm earnings	\$ 1,880	\$ 2,170	\$ 1,515	\$ 1,144
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	345	346	415	458
Mining	1,220	1,121	1,261	937
Utilities	2,710	2,753	2,928	2,991
Construction	11,586	12,839	14,049	15,087
Manufacturing	42,205	43,657	44,437	46,950
Wholesale trade	13,717	14,284	14,723	15,611
Retail trade	15,430	15,683	16,111	17,048
Transportation and warehousing	7,312	7,602	8,015	8,489
Information	4,531	4,786	5,070	5,260
Finance and insurance	12,378	12,874	12,912	13,484
Real estate and rental and leasing	5,776	6,542	6,826	7,423
Professional, scientific, and technical services	26,399	27,778	29,183	31,114
Management of companies and enterprises	6,498	7,000	7,445	7,911
Administrative and waste services	12,433	12,674	13,031	13,366
Educational services	3,220	3,270	3,452	3,462
Health care and social assistance	33,671	34,081	34,645	35,885
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,077	2,204	2,332	2,312
Accommodation and food services	7,176	7,574	7,895	8,467
Other services, except public administration	10,193	10,190	10,455	10,919
Government and government enterprises	 40,420	 40,738	 40,330	 42,047
Total earnings by place of work	 261,177	 270,168	 277,033	 290,364
Total earnings by place of work	261,177	270,168	277,033	290,364
less: Contributions for government social insurance	27,419	31,177	32,943	34,327
plus: Adjustment for residence	1,856	1,920	2,034	2,120
Net earnings by place of residence	235,614	240,911	246,123	 258,157
Net earnings by place of residence	235,614	240,911	246,123	258,157
plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	66,868	70,341	73,827	80,025
plus: Personal current transfer receipts	 82,085	 83,073	 85,395	 90,363
Total Personal Income	\$ 384,567	\$ 394,325	\$ 405,346	\$ 428,545
Statutory Tax Rate (blended rate)	4.4%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%

NOTES: Earnings presented are blended averages. Due to the use of averages and blended amounts, the totals may not equal the sum of the industry amounts presented.

Earnings includes wages and salaries, supplements to wages and proprietors' income.

Industries are categorized using the North American Industry Classification System.

Fiscal year 2021 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis, Michigan Department of Treasury.

	2016	 2017		2018	 2019		2020	 2021
\$	1,040	\$ 1,012	\$	907	\$ 929	\$	1,487	\$ 2,257
•	504	509	·	501	470	•	521	514
	611	592		737	812		637	663
	3,180	3,387		3,586	3,849		3,933	4,169
	15,906	17,346		18,362	18,375		18,126	19,813
	49,256	51,847		54,291	55,545		52,256	54,256
	15,803	16,380		17,015	17,304		17,318	18,203
	17,641	18,322		18,941	19,340		19,728	21,769
	8,780	9,311		10,193	11,240		11,580	12,169
	5,274	5,160		5,372	5,591		5,569	6,177
	14,451	15,422		15,832	16,211		17,701	19,443
	7,708	7,555		7,468	8,093		10,868	12,686
	32,668	33,928		35,333	36,045		35,636	38,477
	8,276	9,392		10,791	10,509		10,667	11,664
	13,426	13,953		14,590	14,734		14,084	15,584
	3,611	3,582		3,588	3,633		3,577	3,751
	37,607	38,694		40,163	41,131		41,544	43,631
	2,437	2,593		2,736	3,126		2,802	2,920
	9,071	9,557		10,100	10,335		8,543	9,450
	11,099	11,370		11,807	11,997		11,692	12,135
_	42,207	 43,193		44,160	 44,833		45,799	 46,434
	300,556	 313,106		326,473	 334,102		334,069	 356,165
	300,556	313,106		326,473	334,102		334,069	356,165
	35,449	36,686		38,710	39,587		39,592	41,381
	2,230	2,302		2,476	2,625		2,629	3,104
	267,337	 278,722		290,239	297,139		297,105	317,889
	267,337	278,722		290,239	297,139		297,105	317,889
	82,800	83,253		86,742	91,261		92,105	93,251
	93,269	 93,671		96,682	 102,645		141,394	 150,156
\$	443,407	\$ 455,646	\$	473,663	\$ 491,044	\$	530,604	\$ 561,295
	4.3%	4.3%		4.3%	4.3%		4.3%	4.3%

#### TAXABLE SALES BY INDUSTRY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

	20	12	 2013	 2014	 2015
Farming	\$	61.7	\$ 69.4	\$ 79.2	\$ 32.6
Agricultural		238.1	254.3	349.8	330.0
Mining		156.1	136.2	152.1	139.2
Construction		601.6	617.9	665.3	1,064.1
Manufacturing	3	,131.6	3,514.0	3,435.2	5,593.7
Transportation and utilities	12	,412.4	12,763.8	11,567.7	11,447.0
Wholesale trade	2	,727.9	2,652.0	2,574.0	5,136.3
Retail trade	90	,639.0	94,582.1	93,964.6	79,923.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate		263.4	355.8	386.7	1,901.3
Services	6	,092.7	6,223.3	6,412.5	16,925.4
State and local government		178.5	187.3	187.6	323.6
Other classifications	1	,290.4	 1,255.7	 1,433.4	 1,677.0
Total	\$ 117	,793.5	\$ 122,611.9	\$ 121,208.3	\$ 124,493.4
Direct Sales Tax Rate		6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%

NOTES: Taxable sales were imputed from fiscal year sales tax cash collections by industry, and do not align with final reported revenue that includes accrual items.

Industries were categorized by using the Standard Industrial Classification through fiscal year 2014, and beginning in fiscal year 2015 using the North American Industry Classification System. The switch in classification system results in a significant increase reported by service firms and less reported by firms classified as retailers.

Fiscal year 2021 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Treasury.

 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
\$ 148.1 65.4 112.9 1,375.4 4,998.2 10,541.2 6,861.6 73,330.2 2,813.5 23,323.8 243.3	\$ 152.8 69.9 109.2 1,493.0 5,264.1 10,749.4 7,507.8 75,988.5 2,787.3 23,615.8 252.2	\$ 134.9 81.7 173.0 1,609.8 5,571.0 11,553.2 11,094.2 78,650.3 2,451.9 24,107.3 201.8	\$ 148.8 83.8 187.9 1,590.4 5,591.2 11,510.3 11,273.9 78,696.5 3,299.1 24,687.5 194.2	\$ 168.3 90.0 209.6 1,615.7 5,490.2 11,696.0 11,559.9 80,541.2 2,745.1 22,460.1 188.2	\$ 246.5 111.2 214.4 1,903.1 6,730.7 13,472.6 13,492.4 98,170.4 3,258.3 24,833.6 203.0
 2,078.5	 2,348.8	 685.6	 2,322.7	 1,331.4	 1,644.5
\$ 125,892.1	\$ 130,338.9	\$ 136,314.6	\$ 139,586.3	\$ 138,095.7	\$ 164,280.9
6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%

#### PERSONAL INCOME TAX FILERS AND LIABILITY BY INCOME LEVEL

TAX YEARS 2011 AND 2020

	Tax Year 2011   Tax Year 2020								
Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Group	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Personal Income Tax (In Millions)	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Personal Income Tax (In Millions)	Percentage of Total	
\$50,000 and under	2,930,097	65.2%	\$ 113	2.0%	2,898,274	58.5%	\$ 649	6.9%	
\$50,001 - \$100,000	986,486	22.0%	1,891	33.8%	1,135,278	22.9%	2,307	24.5%	
\$100,001 - \$250,000	496,222	11.0%	2,239	40.0%	766,367	15.5%	3,592	38.1%	
\$250,001 - \$1,000,000	69,534	1.5%	945	16.9%	134,569	2.7%	1,826	19.4%	
\$1,000,001 and higher	9,402	0.2%	408	7.3%	18,310	0.4%	1,051	11.2%	
Total	4,491,741	100.0%	\$ 5,595	100.0%	4,952,798	100.0%	\$ 9,425	100.0%	

NOTES: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. These categories are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's personal income tax revenue.

Tax year 2011 personal income tax amount refers to tax amount net of nonrefundable credits, and net of Home Heating Credits (HHC), Homestead Property Tax Credits (HPTC), MI Earned Income Tax (EITC), Farmland Preservation, Adoption, Stillbirth, and Energy Efficient Home Improvement credits.

Tax year 2020 personal income tax amount refers to tax amount net of nonrefundable credits, and net of HHC, HPTC, EITC, Farmland Preservation, and Historic Preservation Credits.

Tax year 2020 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Treasury.

#### SALES TAX PAYERS BY INDUSTRY

FISCAL YEARS 2012 AND 2021

		20	)12		2021						
	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability (In Millions)	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability (In Millions)	Percentage of Total			
Farming	559	0.6%	\$ 3.7	0.1%	803	0.7%	\$ 14.8	0.2%			
Agricultural	1,291	1.4%	14.3	0.2%	460	0.4%	6.7	0.1%			
Mining	232	0.3%	9.4	0.1%	219	0.2%	12.9	0.1%			
Construction	2,164	2.3%	36.1	0.5%	3,562	3.0%	114.2	1.2%			
Manufacturing	5,909	6.4%	187.9	2.7%	12,042	10.2%	403.8	4.2%			
Transportation											
and utilities	1,128	1.2%	592.3	8.6%	979	0.8%	628.4	6.5%			
Wholesale trade	1,852	2.0%	163.7	2.4%	7,025	6.0%	809.5	8.4%			
Retail trade	53,276	57.5%	5,438.3	78.6%	40,321	34.3%	5,890.2	60.9%			
Finance, insurance,											
and real estate	418	0.5%	15.8	0.2%	3,138	2.7%	195.5	2.0%			
Services	24,115	26.0%	365.6	5.3%	44,097	37.5%	1,490.0	15.4%			
State and local											
government	331	0.4%	10.7	0.2%	293	0.3%	12.2	0.1%			
Other classifications	1,401	1.5%	77.4	1.1%	4,609	3.9%	98.7	1.0%			
Total	92,676	100.0%	\$ 6,915.2	100.0%	117,548	100.0%	\$ 9,676.9	100.0%			

NOTES: Taxable sales were imputed from fiscal year sales tax cash collections by industry, and do not align with final reported revenue that includes accrual items.

Industries were categorized using the Standard Industrial Classification through fiscal year 2014 and beginning in fiscal year 2015 using the North American Industry Classification System. The switch in classification system results in a significant increase in tax reported by service firms and less reported by firms classified as retailers.

Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. These categories are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's sales tax revenue.

Fiscal year 2021 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Treasury.

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollars In Millions, except Per Capita)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
FISCAL YEAR	OB	ENERAL LIGATION BONDS	REVENUE BONDS		STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY BONDS		LEASES		FINANCED PURCHASES			
2013	\$	2,034.3	\$	2,188.8	\$	3,251.1	\$	407.3	\$	-	\$	-
2014		1,988.6		2,065.8		3,165.2		393.6		-		-
2015		1,790.5		1,916.0		3,272.4		453.6		-		-
2016		1,700.4		1,798.4		3,289.0		527.0		37.9		-
2017		1,634.4		1,623.7		3,303.1		500.3		64.8		-
2018		1,607.0		1,446.9		3,199.5		488.6		60.2		-
2019		1,422.3		1,262.2		3,170.1		453.2		48.9		-
2020		1,439.5		2,088.3		3,191.4		420.2		242.3		-
2021		1,268.9		2,914.3		3,322.1		398.5		472.3		639.3
2022		1,098.2		2,726.2		3,387.3		671.4		800.9		585.7

NOTES: Article 9, Section 15 of the State Constitution allows for long-term borrowing by the State for specific purposes in amounts as may be provided by acts of the Legislature adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members in each house and approved by a majority of the people voting at a general election. The debts of public bodies corporate and politic created by law are not general obligation debts and liabilities of the State. Details regarding the State's debt can be found in the bonds and notes payable note of the financial statements.

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

Department of Technology, Management and Budget. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Department of Treasury.

BUSINESS-
TYPF

TYPE ACTIVITIES

LEASES		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	PER CAPITA		
\$	-	\$	7,881.4	2.0%	\$	795	
	-		7,613.2	1.9%		767	
	-		7,432.5	1.7%		748	
	-		7,352.7	1.6%		739	
	0.6		7,127.0	1.6%		714	
	0.8		6,803.0	1.4%		681	
	1.3		6,358.0	1.3%		637	
	1.2		7,383.0	1.4%		733	
	1.9		9,017.3	1.6%		897	
	4.1		9,273.8	Unavailable	U	Inavailable	

#### RATIOS OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollars In Millions, except Per Capita)

FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	LESS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	PER CAPITA
2013	\$ 2,034.3	\$ 1.5	\$ 2,032.8	0.5%	\$ 204
2014	1,988.6	1.6	1,987.0	0.5%	199
2015	1,790.5	1.7	1,788.8	0.4%	179
2016	1,700.4	1.7	1,698.6	0.4%	170
2017	1,634.4	1.8	1,632.6	0.4%	162
2018	1,607.0	3.7	1,603.3	0.3%	159
2019	1,422.3	1.9	1,420.4	0.3%	141
2020	1,439.5	1.6	1,437.9	0.3%	143
2021	1,268.9	1.7	1,267.2	0.2%	126
2022	1,098.2	1.7	1,096.5	Unavailable	Unavailable

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Department of Technology, Management and Budget. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Department of Treasury.



#### DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION FUND RELATED BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

		2013		2014	2015		2016
Constitutionally Restricted							
Transportation Fund Revenues:							
Motor Fuel Taxes	\$	950.9	\$	958.8	\$ 1,003.8	\$	1,011.0
Registration Taxes		906.5		940.6	978.1		1,018.3
Miscellaneous Fees		36.1		37.4	 38.8		40.6
Total		1,893.5		1,936.8	2,020.7		2,069.9
Less Deductions		133.2		135.3	143.5		144.7
Remaining Balance		1,760.4		1,801.5	 1,877.2		1,925.2
Portion of Balance Credited to Comprehensive							
Transportation Fund (excluding interest)		161.4		165.5	 172.5		176.9
Motor Vehicle Related Sales Tax Revenues	\$	1,476.3	\$	1,462.7	\$ 1,301.9	\$	1,211.5
Allocation to Comprehensive Transportation Fund		103.0		102.0	 90.8		84.5
Constitutionally Restricted Revenues Credited to							
Comprehensive Transportation Fund	\$	264.4	\$	267.5	\$ 263.3	\$	261.4
Plus Other Revenues (primarily interest)		1.1		1.1	 1.5		6.4
Money Available for Debt Service	\$	265.4	\$	268.6	\$ 264.8	\$	267.9
Debt Service:							
Principal	\$	13.9	\$	14.5	\$ 15.9	\$	16.5
Interest		8.6		7.9	7.3		6.2
Actual Annual Debt Service (1)	_	22.4	_	22.4	 23.2	_	22.7
Debt Service Coverage		11.8 x		12.0 x	11.4 x		11.8 x

NOTE: (1) The table above does not include debt service on refunded bonds.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Transportation.

 2017	 2018	 2019	2020		 2021	2022		
\$ 1,359.5	\$ 1,467.9	\$ 1,460.1	\$	1,318.4	\$ 1,354.1	\$	1,434.2	
1,210.0	1,294.9	1,354.2		1,345.1	1,400.0		1,402.9	
 44.8	 42.0	 41.3		35.4	 42.2		40.9	
2,614.3	2,804.8	2,855.6		2,698.9	2,796.3		2,878.0	
 161.6	161.6	 163.1		158.6	 162.2		164.4	
 2,452.6	 2,643.1	 2,692.5		2,540.3	 2,634.1		2,713.6	
 229.8	 248.7	 254.0		240.4	 249.1		256.9	
\$ 1,255.1 87.5	\$ 1,378.0 96.1	\$ 1,388.5 96.9	\$	1,291.3 90.1	\$ 1,326.9 92.5	\$	1,996.2 139.2	
\$ 317.4	\$ 344.9	\$ 350.9	\$	330.5	\$ 341.7	\$	396.1	
 1.1	 2.6	 4.9		5.3	 4.7		24.4	
\$ 318.5	\$ 347.4	\$ 355.8	\$	335.8	\$ 346.3	\$	420.5	
\$ 17.2	\$ 18.1	\$ 18.9	\$	11.3	\$ 11.9	\$	12.6	
 5.7	 4.8	 3.9		3.0	 2.4		1.8	
 22.9	 22.9	 22.8		14.3	 14.3	_	14.3	
13.9 x	15.2 x	15.6 x		23.4 x	24.2 x		29.3 x	

## DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE STATE TRUNKLINE FUND RELATED BONDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Constitutionally Restricted								
Transportation Fund Revenues:	•	050.0	•	050.0	•	4 000 0	•	1 0 1 1 0
Motor Fuel Taxes	\$	950.9	\$	958.8	\$	1,003.8	\$	1,011.0
Registration Taxes		906.5		940.6		978.1		1,018.3
Miscellaneous Fees		36.1		37.4		38.8		40.6
Total		1,893.5		1,936.8		2,020.7		2,069.9
Less Deductions:								
Local Bridge Debt Service		3.0		2.4		2.3		2.4
Legally Dedicated State Trunkline Fund Debt Service		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0
Collection Costs		43.9		46.4		53.2		53.1
Recreation Improvement Fund		16.4		16.5		17.2		17.6
Comprehensive Transportation Fund (excluding interes	st)	161.4		165.5		172.5		176.9
Local Program Fund		33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0
Movable Bridge Fund		-		-		-		5.0
Local Agency Wetlands Mitigation Fund		-		-		-		2.0
Local Bridge Fund		26.8		26.9		27.8		28.5
Economic Development Fund		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total Deductions		367.8		374.1		389.3		401.9
Constitutionally Restricted Revenues								
Available for Distribution		1,525.7		1,562.8		1,631.5		1,668.0
Plus Income Tax Redirection		-		-		-		-
Plus Marihuana Excise Tax		-		_		_		-
Plus Other Revenues (primarily interest)		1.1		1.1		1.4		2.4
Total Money Available for Distribution		1,526.8		1,563.8		1,632.9		1,670.4
Distributions to:								
		224.0		240.2		257.0		205.0
Cities and Villages		334.2		342.3		357.2		365.9
County Road Commissions		584.5		598.9		625.4		639.6
State Trunkline Fund		607.7		622.6		650.3		664.9
Money Available for Debt Service:								
State Trunkline Fund		607.7		622.6		650.3		664.9
Legally Dedicated State Trunkline Fund Debt Service		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0
Economic Development Fund		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3
Local Program Fund		33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0
Local Bridge Fund		3.0		2.4		2.3		2.4
Miscellaneous		133.0		35.7		26.4		31.8
Total Available for Debt Service		860.1		777.0		795.4		815.4
Debt Service:								
Principal	\$	88.5	\$	106.5	\$	111.4	\$	116.4
Interest		73.2		59.2		48.7		45.8
Actual Annual Debt Service (1)		161.8		165.7		160.1		162.2
Debt Service Coverage		5.3 x		4.7 x		5.0 x		5.0 x

NOTE: (1) The table above excludes amounts related to refunded bonds and federally funded debt.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Transportation.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
\$ 1,359.5	\$ 1,467.9	\$ 1,460.1	\$ 1,318.4	\$ 1,354.1	\$ 1,434.2		
1,210.0	1,294.9	1,354.2	1,345.1	1,400.0	1,402.9		
44.8	42.0	41.3	<u>35.4</u>	42.2	40.9		
2,614.3	2,804.8	2,855.6	2,698.9	2,796.3	2,878.0		
2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3		
50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0		
58.4	56.4	58.2	58.8	61.2	61.9		
22.5	24.4	24.3	21.7	22.4	23.4		
229.8	248.7	254.0	240.4	249.1	256.9		
33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0		
5.0	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.6		
2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
28.3	28.5	28.3	25.7	26.3	26.8		
40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3		
-	0.4	-	-	-	-		
471.8	490.1	497.6	479.6	492.0	502.1		
2,142.5	2,314.7	2,357.9	2,219.3	2,304.3	2,375.9		
		264.0 	468.0 	600.0 49.3 0.5 2,954.1	600.0 69.4 <u>1.8</u> 3,047.1		
470.2	509.9	578.2	593.5	651.3	672.7		
825.1	891.3	1,011.8	1,037.0	1,139.7	1,175.2		
850.5	917.0	1,037.1	1,059.7	1,163.1	1,199.3		
850.5	917.0	1,037.1	1,059.7	1,163.1	1,199.3		
50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0		
40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.3		
33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0		
2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3		
38.5	62.1	38.8	24.7	20.4	35.3		
1,014.7	1,104.6	1,201.4	1,210.0	1,309.1	1,360.1		
\$ 121.8	\$ 127.2	\$ 133.9	\$ 97.5	\$ 102.4	\$ 108.0		
39.9	33.6	26.8	20.9	41.6	70.3		
161.8	160.8	160.7	118.4	144.0	178.3		
6.3 x	6.9 x	7.5 x	10.2 x	9.1 x	7.6 x		

### DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenue - Lease and Rental Payments Less: Operating Expenses Net Available Revenue	\$	234.4 1.3 233.1	\$	231.0 1.1 229.9	\$	230.9 1.0 229.9	\$	224.4 0.8 223.6
Debt Service: Principal	\$	126.6	\$	102.2	\$	139.5	\$	108.8
Interest	Ψ	124.8	Ŷ	118.5	Ŷ	121.7	Ŷ	117.3
Actual Annual Debt Service (1)		251.4		220.6		261.2		226.1
Debt Service Coverage		0.9 x		1.0 x		0.9 ×	(	1.0 x

NOTE: (1) The table above excludes amounts related to refunded bonds.

 2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	 2022
\$ 216.7 1.0 215.7	\$	225.1 1.6 223.5	\$	224.2 1.5 222.7	\$	219.6 1.5 218.1	\$	204.4 0.6 203.8	\$ 211.8 0.7 211.1
\$ 87.1 133.2 220.2	\$	95.8 141.6 237.4	\$	99.7 140.5 240.2	\$	115.5 141.7 257.2	\$	89.3 <u>111.8</u> 201.1	\$ 86.4 121.9 208.3
1.0 x	Ĩ	0.9	x	0.9 >	c	0.8 >	¢	1.0 x	1.0 x

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Population (a)				
(in thousands)				
Michigan	9,898	9,915	9,932	9,934
United States	313,878	316,060	318,386	320,739
Total Personal Income (b)				
(in billions)				
Michigan	\$ 389.5	\$ 393.6	\$ 411.0	\$ 433.7
United States	\$ 14,003.3	\$ 14,189.2	\$ 14,969.5	\$ 15,681.2
Per Capita Income (b)				
Michigan	\$ 39,266	\$ 39,566	\$ 41,207	\$ 43,425
United States	\$ 44,548	\$ 44,798	\$ 46,887	\$ 48,725
	φ 11,010	φ 11,700	φ 10,001	¢ 10,120
Unemployment Rate (c)				
Michigan	9.0%	8.7%	7.2%	5.4%
United States	8.1%	7.4%	6.2%	5.3%
Michigan estimated wage and salary employees (c) (in thousands)				
Goods Producing:				
Mining and Logging	7.8	8.0	8.3	7.7
Construction	128.2	133.5	141.8	148.3
Manufacturing	530.5	548.7	574.7	591.7
Total Goods Producing	666.5	690.2	724.8	747.7
-				
Service-Providing:				
Private Service-Providing				
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities:	450.5	100 5	100.0	400.0
Wholesale Trade	159.5	163.5	166.8	168.2
Retail Trade	449.3	455.4	461.4	467.6
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities Information	120.9	124.7 55.3	129.6	134.5 56.6
Financial Activities:	53.3	55.5	57.5	50.0
Finance and Insurance	148.6	153.9	154.3	156.8
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	48.2	49.4	50.6	51.3
Professional and Business Services:	40.2	43.4	50.0	51.5
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	253.6	263.3	271.7	277.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	54.4	56.9	58.5	61.1
Administrative, Support Services,	0111	00.0	00.0	0111
and Waste Management	280.9	291.6	294.5	298.0
Educational and Health Services:	20010	20.110	20.00	20010
Educational Services	73.1	73.4	72.4	72.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	563.4	569.9	573.0	581.7
Leisure and Hospitality:				
Accommodation and Food Services	341.9	350.3	357.5	363.5
Other	46.9	47.9	49.0	50.2
Other Services	169.3	170.5	169.5	167.3
Total Private Service-Providing	2,763.4	2,825.9	2,866.1	2,906.8
Government	608.5	598.5	595.8	594.2
Total Service-Providing	3,371.9	3,424.4	3,461.8	3,500.9
Total Wage and Salary Employment	4,038.3	4,114.6	4,186.6	4,248.6

NOTES: Wage and Salary Employment based on North American Industry Classification System. Components in Wage and Salary Employment may not total due to truncation. Calendar year 2021 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCES: (a) U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. 2020 figures are from the 2020 Census.

2012-2019 figures are from July 2021 release. 2021 figures are from December 2021 release. (b) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

(c) Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget, Bureau of Labor Market Information and Strategic Initiatives, and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
9,954	9,977	9,987	9,985	10,077	10,051
323,072	325,122	326,838	328,330	331,449	331,894
\$  446.0 \$ 16,092.7	\$  459.4 \$ 16,837.3	\$  477.9 \$ 17,671.1	\$ 495.3 \$ 18,575.5	\$	\$
\$ 44,527	\$ 45,716	\$ 47,457	\$ 49,142	\$ 53,388	\$    56,494
\$ 49,613	\$ 51,550	\$ 53,786	\$ 56,250	\$ 59,765	\$    64,143
5.0%	4.6%	4.2%	4.1%	10.0%	5.9%
4.9%	4.4%	3.9%	3.7%	8.1%	5.3%
7.2	7.1	7.3	7.3	6.5	6.8
155.1	162.2	169.1	173.6	164.6	176.3
<u>605.7</u>	<u>616.1</u>	<u>628.6</u>	<u>626.3</u>	<u>556.8</u>	<u>583.7</u>
768.0	785.4	805.0	807.2	727.9	766.8
169.5	171.6	172.8	173.2	162.5	164.4
473.2	473.3	470.0	464.3	428.9	448.5
137.7	141.5	148.1	157.4	154.0	164.4
57.3	56.5	56.0	55.4	50.5	51.7
161.6	165.0	165.9	169.0	172.8	179.1
52.8	54.2	54.9	56.1	51.3	53.6
285.8	294.1	298.5	299.4	289.3	301.6
63.8	66.6	68.8	70.5	69.7	70.8
296.4	289.2	292.1	284.7	241.9	258.0
72.0	72.6	74.5	73.7	66.3	69.5
596.1	605.7	611.3	615.4	574.7	580.7
373.5	379.1	380.2	381.9	288.5	315.0
51.7	53.1	53.4	53.6	35.8	42.6
<u>167.7</u>	<u>165.7</u>	<u>166.0</u>	<u>166.6</u>	144.1	153.3
2,959.1	2,988.0	3,012.5	3,021.3	2,730.4	2,853.2
599.4	603.7	608.5	614.3	581.0	573.5
3,558.5	3,591.7	3,621.1	3,635.6	3,311.4	3,426.7
4,326.5	4,377.2	4,426.1	4,442.8	4,039.3	4,193.5

### CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>-</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016
General government	7,273	7,377	6,888	7,016
Education	518	518	515	507
Health and human services	14,885	14,516	14,046	13,858
Public safety and corrections	16,561	16,154	16,019	16,125
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture	3,033	3,050	3,119	3,185
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	2,899	2,817	3,431	3,402
Transportation	2,570	2,573	2,570	2,600
Total	47,739	47,003	46,588	46,692

NOTES: This report reflects classified employees who are full-time, part-time, permanent intermittent, limited term, seasonal, non-career, or on worker's compensation in primary positions only, except for the following non-career appointments: student assistant, transportation aide, and state worker.

Each fiscal year, this schedule also includes classified employees for certain business-type activities and discretely presented component unit authorities. Although the expenses for the business-type activities and component unit authorities are reported separately in the government-wide financial statements, the employee counts were combined in this schedule to ensure consistency with the Civil Service Commission reports and for administrative efficiency.

This schedule includes average employee counts. Employees who job share are divided in half. For this reason, totals may not equal the sum of the employee counts per function.

SOURCE: Michigan Civil Service Commission, Annual Work Force Report.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
7,090	7,155	7,181	7,194	6,991	6,993
504	505	503	498	494	493
14,083	14,273	14,406	14,241	14,067	14,017
15,916	15,716	15,743	15,558	14,918	14,347
3,247	3,305	3,370	3,363	3,333	3,463
3,390	3,405	3,537	4,094	4,451	4,522
2,594	2,597	2,583	2,574	2,566	2,597
46,825	46,956	47,324	47,522	46,819	46,432

### **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION**

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2013	2014	2015	2016
8,360,575	8,432,444	8,253,892	8,843,031
9 406 407	9 542 242	9 604 953	0 706 070
		, ,	8,726,870 1,995,736
1,950,000	1,011,237	1,907,770	1,995,750
4 500 700	4 500 440		4 404 004
			1,494,001
			260,817 125,388
104,110	140,020	100,000	120,000
1 775 646	1 680 721	1 571 403	1,473,614
			55,379
			30,941
			13,145
		5,600	4,664
2,361	2,185	1,815	2,109
790	729	668	639
771,108	760,284	683,193	694,706
108,738			101,853
18,852,703	21,249,946	22,731,503	22,532,597
21 202	14 776	20.020	37,856
	-		10,242
			589
1 919 692	1 947 508	1 838 505	1,836,298
	939,105	1,022,791	1,034,109
691,102	677,175	821,323	1,181,115
285	488	427	344
522,869	183,359	369,305	212,528
135,734	341,132	128,071	148,606
17,783	17,066	18,051	16,718
58,223	56,098	52,578	55,731
5,276	4,764	4,352	4,662
12,915	10,419	8,170	9,326
225,927	255,121	277,147	298,370
1,854,880			1,710,770
-	286,311 (10)	544,377	597,225
054 400	054 740	044.000	004 540
	,		234,546
31,083	33,550	33,512	33,206
251,019	241,329	236,291	228,444
	8,360,575 8,496,407 1,956,686 1,533,722 263,817 154,118 1,775,646 129,185 43,246 13,902 7,845 2,361 790 771,108 108,738 18,852,703 21,283 10,901 665 1,919,692 1,021,712 691,102 285 522,869 135,734 17,783 58,223 5,276 12,915 225,927 1,854,880 - 254,126	8,360,575 $8,432,444$ $8,496,407$ $8,543,342$ $1,956,686$ $1,811,237$ $1,533,722$ $1,522,119$ $263,817$ $262,537$ $154,118$ $143,829$ $1,775,646$ $1,680,721$ $129,185$ $89,957$ $43,246$ $35,501$ $13,902$ $13,209$ $7,845$ $6,723$ $2,361$ $2,185$ $790$ $729$ $771,108$ $760,284$ $108,738$ $106,966$ $18,852,703$ $21,249,946$ $21,283$ $14,776$ $10,901$ $10,537$ $665$ $649$ $1,919,692$ $1,947,508$ $1,021,712$ $939,105$ $691,102$ $677,175$ $285$ $488$ $522,869$ $183,359$ $135,734$ $341,132$ $17,783$ $17,066$ $58,223$ $56,098$ $5,276$ $4,764$ $12,915$ $10,419$ $225,927$ $255,121$ $1,854,880$ $1,842,957$ $ 286,311$ (10) $254,126$ $251,713$	8,360,575 $8,432,444$ $8,253,892$ $8,496,407$ $8,543,342$ $8,604,852$ $1,956,686$ $1,811,237$ $1,907,776$ $1,533,722$ $1,522,119$ $1,506,953$ $263,817$ $262,537$ $261,989$ $154,118$ $143,829$ $133,895$ $1,775,646$ $1,680,721$ $1,571,403$ $129,185$ $89,957$ $71,156$ $43,246$ $35,501$ $29,624$ $13,902$ $13,209$ $13,246$ $7,845$ $6,723$ $5,600$ $2,361$ $2,185$ $1,815$ $790$ $729$ $668$ $771,108$ $760,284$ $683,193$ $108,738$ $106,966$ $104,345$ $18,852,703$ $21,249,946$ $22,731,503$ $21,283$ $14,776$ $20,930$ $10,901$ $10,537$ $10,001$ $665$ $649$ $610$ $1,919,692$ $1,947,508$ $1,838,505$ $1,021,712$ $939,105$ $1,022,791$ $691,102$ $677,175$ $821,323$ $285$ $488$ $427$ $522,869$ $183,359$ $369,305$ $135,734$ $341,132$ $128,071$ $17,783$ $17,066$ $18,051$ $5,276$ $4,764$ $4,352$ $12,915$ $10,419$ $8,170$ $225,927$ $255,121$ $277,147$ $1,854,880$ $1,842,957$ $1,706,468$ $ 286,311$ (10) $544,377$ $254,126$ $251,713$ $244,829$

NOTES: (1) Monthly average.

(2) Total adoptions were completed by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and private agencies under contract with DHHS.

(3) The licensing season runs April 1 through March 31. Amounts reported under fiscal year 2022 are for the licensing year ending March 31, 2022.

(4) Amount estimated.

SOURCES: Various State departments.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	_
8,957,609	9,517,077	9,316,186	9,283,382	9,544,308	9,647,116	
8,828,958	8,778,306	9,402,232	9,319,373	9,979,637	9,776,897	
1,998,160	1,877,592	1,985,920	1,894,352	2,221,625	1,954,211	
1 490 257	1 491 205	1,467,416	1,458,064	1,403,957	1,402,614.00	
1,489,357 259,711	1,481,205 257,535	256,090	255,155	247,444	239,126.00	
124,868	120,724	256,090 116,340	108,318	102,319	99,394.00	
1,375,434	1,281,862	1,180,070	1,254,475	1,270,920	1,328,029.00	
48,120	41,914	36,584	46,341	29,522	28,248.00	
32,217	34,218	35,225	33,151	25,377	27,211.00	
13,329	14,149	13,830	12,875	11,807	10,896.00	
3,991	3,339	3,032	3,677	1,941	1,627.00	
1,998	2,002	2,191	1,887	1,701	1,612.00	(4)
640	617	560	495	434	379.00	(-)
685,058	674,643	642,177	621,773	607,000	593,513.00	
98,666	96,579	92,954	83,637	74,325	73,606.00	
22,762,373	23,622,792	24,531,668	25,813,004	23,766,986	23,595,632.00	
33,421	32,121	27,414	22,702	21,662	19,582.00	(4)
10,451	10,532	10,640	10,824	10,945	10,525.00	( )
499	453	384	364	276	292.00	
1 927 001	1 915 201	1 762 571	1 705 225	1 600 901	1 951 026 00	
1,827,091	1,815,201	1,763,571	1,725,335	1,699,891	1,851,926.00	
1,155,052	1,163,997	1,151,830	1,010,580	1,432,298	1,345,575.00	(4)
806,760	76,472	4,018,604	4,916,705	3,775,442	4,989,412.00	
249	218	166	165	157	124.00	
203,162	277,578	342,947	427,940	451,024	194,206.00	(4)
167,118	169,267	206,962	217,085	286,525	332,539.00	
17,747	18,346	19,372	19,745	22,092	23,511.00	
41,649	35,930	35,159	32,380	31,338	31,054.00	
4,547	4,375	4,479	3,186	3,350	3,619.00	
9,311	8,309	9,551	7,328	8,594	8,402.00	
310,436	336,604	338,972	358,138	389,173	437,200.00	
1,775,073	1,769,624	1,742,904	1,772,810	1,919,493	2,033,916.00	
650,000	671,601	662,818	699,225	887,942	988,277.00	
224,106	213,964	205,434	213,881	207,317	200,225.00	
33,622	35,835	39,163	41,504	41,665	41,359.00	
231,307	240,434	232,945	237,702	244,442	Unavailable	
72,627	75,875	76,947	66,844	67,447	63,731.00	(4)
, -	-,	- , -	- / -	- ,	-,	. /

### **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (Continued)**

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Transportation				
Annual vehicle miles of travel on				
State Trunkline roads (8)	49,400,000,000	50,000,000,000	51,100,000,000	51,400,000,000
Miles of intercity bus travel receiving State funding	1,110,733	1,109,738	1,112,920	1,056,684
Miles of local bus travel receiving State funding	101,203,565	100,071,938	101,441,015	102,988,003
Railroad crossing maintenance/safety inspections	1,970	1,624	1,787	3,256
Tax credits				
Taxpayers claiming refundable credits (5) (7)	1,840,900	1,802,100	1,757,100	1,783,300
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing				
Township grants	1,240	1,240	1,240	1,240
City grants	277	277	279	280
Village grants	256	256	254	253
County grants (6)	62	63	74	76
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund				
Annual retail liquor licenses issued (9)	16,026	15,989	15,940	15,921
Liquor sales volume (cases)	7,532,846	7,709,480	8,043,595	8,370,191
Beer sales volume (barrels)	6,206,452	6,221,433	6,302,160	6,221,883
Wine sales volume (liters)	88,096,394	92,044,380	92,562,421	95,465,899
Pre-mixed spirit drink sales volume (liters)	1,058,511	1,074,364	1,142,527	1,385,629
State Lottery Fund				
Retailers	10,848	10,684	10,654	10,650
Winners greater than \$600	52,365	56,735	68,359	74,352
Millionaire prizewinners	36	39	42	46
Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds				
Individuals receiving benefits (calendar year)	449,388	370,980	306,158	286,449

NOTES: (5) Tax credits are reported based on the tax year. Credits claimed during tax year 2021, for example, are reported above in fiscal year 2021.

(6) County grants were suspended beginning in fiscal year 2005. Instead, each county expends from its revenue sharing reserve fund created by State statute in 2004. Each fiscal year, counties are allowed only to expend from the fund the amount the Department of Treasury certifies them to spend. Once a county has exhausted its revenue sharing reserve fund, the county will return to revenue sharing.

(7) Amount estimated and rounded to nearest hundred.

(8) Amount estimated and rounded to nearest one hundred million on a calendar-year basis.

(9) In fiscal year 2017, the Liquor Control Commission implemented the Alcohol Information Management System which includes Specially Designated Merchant licenses that were issued in conjunction with other license types.

(10) The first year of the Healthy Michigan plan was fiscal year 2014. Amount is a nine month average for fiscal year 2014.

SOURCES: Various State departments.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	-
52,900,000,000	54,300,000,000	54,200,000,000	53,900,000,000	44,500,000,000	50,300,000,000	
972,876	960,280	946,945	506,270	846,766	953,861	
108,598,150	115,451,020	113,284,035	90,541,252	87,762,780	93,517,116	(4)
2,250	2,379	2,191	2,155	2,690	2,964	
1,733,200	1,856,300	1,907,300	1,766,600	1,995,300	Unavailable	
1,240	1,240	1,240	1,240	1,240	1,240	
280	280	280	280	280	280	
253	253	253	253	253	253	
78	78	81	81	81	82	
25,727	26,351	29,495	29,403	29,570	29,800	
8,549,809	8,898,383	9,046,819	10,552,801	10,911,821	10,739,146	
6,064,592	6,024,082	5,917,199	6,001,106	5,924,098	5,746,043	
96,255,115	97,473,694	98,009,016	102,679,536	103,006,225	98,328,515	
1,553,193	1,726,361	2,436,149	4,428,526	8,059,177	12,831,547	
10,645	10,792	10,508	10,492	10,423	10,419	
82,435	91,984	94,046	115,829	139,050	130,113	
38	39	42	42	70	53	
272,373	241,828	253,518	2,361,468	1,180,796	239,892	(4)

# CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
General government				
Buildings (2)	240	240	241	240
Vehicles	927	974	972	988
Education				
Buildings (2)	27	28	28	28
Vehicles	27	29	32	35
Health and Human services				
Buildings (2)	459	443	439	441
Vehicles	1,546	1,682	1,708	1,698
Public safety and corrections				
Buildings (2)	1,254	1,254	1,253	1,261
Vehicles	3,547	3,700	3,705	3,924
Conservation, environment,				
recreation, and agriculture				
Buildings (2)	325	327	330	327
Vehicles	3,985	4,053	4,159	4,275
Environmental quality				
air-monitoring instruments	231	229	229	248
Environmental quality				
lab/analyzing equipment	159	143	147	156
Natural resources acres of land (1)	4,595,866	4,592,910	4,597,121	4,590,035
Harbors	19	19	19	19
Hatcheries	6	6	6	6
State park & recreation areas	101	102	102	103
Labor, commerce, and regulatory				
Buildings (2)	45	45	70	69
Vehicles	484	495	493	574
Transportation				
Buildings (2)	373	373	372	373
Vehicles	1,692	1,682	1,674	1,682
Highway lane miles (calendar year)	27,424	27,459	27,488	27,452
Heavy equipment owned	2,150	2,156	2,185	2,222

NOTES: (1) Acres of land are on a tax year basis rather than a fiscal year basis.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2019, amounts only include buildings where costs exceed the \$100.0 thousand threshold for capitalization.

SOURCES: Michigan Departments of Technology, Management and Budget; Natural Resources; Environmental Quality; and Transportation.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
243	241	171	168	178	182
990	1,059	1,011	992	884	878
28	28	2	2	2	2
33	35	35	37	37	37
442	439	136	98	96	102
1,729	1,746	1,791	1,688	1,690	1,670
1,259	1,254	635	630	592	603
3,977	4,057	4,082	4,044	4,101	4,052
326	326	327	324	326	321
4,528	4,005	4,027	3,623	3,591	4,882
278	294	283	332	341	350
166	217	229	234	239	247
4,594,015	4,594,482	4,590,515	4,594,121	4,593,468	4,593,468
19	19	19	19	19	19
6	6	6	6	6	6
103	102	102	102	103	103
66	65	20	35	36	40
601	636	696	796	784	787
373	374	239	249	249	245
1,691	1,729	1,758	1,780	1,772	1,791
29,702	29,748	29,711	29,386	29,386	27,147
2,258	2,343	2,425	2,506	2,549	2,663





# **OTHER INFORMATION**

# COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

SOURCE		TOTAL	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
TAXES				
Sales	\$	10,777,766	\$ 2,773,422	\$ 8,004,344
Personal income		13,050,671	8,843,265	4,207,407
Flow-through entity		1,793,444	1,341,141	452,302
Single business, Michigan business,				
and corporate income		2,022,763	2,022,763	-
Use		2,054,953	1,195,509	859,444
State education (property)		2,453,335	-	2,453,335
Real estate transfer		546,618	-	546,618
Tobacco products		797,601	512,882	284,719
Beer and wine		49,239	49,239	-
Liquor		233,017	156,820	76,198
Casino gaming wagering		104,059	-	104,059
Telephone and telegraph company		34,997	34,997	-
Commercial mobile radio service		42,779	42,779	-
Insurance company		419,875	419,875	-
Motor vehicle registration		1,406,501	3,587	1,402,914
Gasoline		1,177,551	-	1,177,551
Diesel fuel		255,169	-	255,169
Gas and oil severance		43,411	43,411	-
Industrial facilities		41,387	-	41,387
Convention hotel accommodation		23,396	23,396	-
Airport parking		31,295	31,295	-
Quality assurance assessment Essential services assessment		1,364,188 135,379	1,364,188 135,379	-
Penalties and interest		144,045	144,045	-
Marihuana excise		186,610	186,610	-
Insurance provider assessment		638,599	638,599	-
Environmental protection regulatory fee		61,607	61,607	-
Michigan State Housing Development Authority		01,007	01,007	-
payment in lieu of taxes		15,703	-	15,703
Internet gaming - commercial		148,092	3,664	144,428
Other		33,214	11,882	21,332
	_	40,087,263	 20,040,354	 20,046,909
FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES				
Department of Health and Human Services		20,886,177	20,884,956	1,221
Department of Education		3,136,379	191,472	2,944,907
Department of Agriculture		5,920,525	5,046,007	874,519
Department of the Treasury		2,486,681	2,486,681	-
Department of Labor		393,396	170,621	222,775
Department of Housing and Urban Development		14,906	14,906	-
Department of Energy		20,293	20,293	-
Department of Transportation		121,419	34,892	86,527
Department of Interior		40,615	35,020	5,594
Department of Defense		78,458	78,458	-
Department of Justice		95,200	95,200	-
Department of Homeland Security		429,755	429,423	332
Social Security Administration		108,075	108,075	-
Environmental Protection Agency		180,894	180,842	52
Other		31,162 33,943,937	 31,076 29,807,924	 86 4,136,012
		,,	 . /	 ,
FROM LOCAL AGENCIES				
Counties		79,212	79,212	-
Cities, villages, and townships		9,806	9,806	-
School districts		2,124	2,124	-
Other		19,999	 19,999	 -
		111,141	 111,141	 -

SOURCE	 TOTAL	 GENERAL FUND	 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
SPECIAL MEDICAID REIMBURSEMENTS	\$ 172,203	\$ 172,203	\$ <u> </u>
FROM SERVICES	100,100		4.050
Charges for providing vehicle and driver services	160,488	155,529	4,958
Revenues for patient, ward, and inmate care	28,926	28,926 160,135	-
Other	 160,196 349,610	 344,591	 61 5,019
FROM LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Liquor retailer, manufacturer, and wholesaler			
licenses	22,165	22,165	-
Motor vehicle operator and chauffeur licenses Examination fees - financial institutions and	53,995	53,772	224
insurance industry	40,659	40,659	-
Motor vehicle related	37,708	2,607	35,101
Hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses	63,621	-	63,621
Public utilities assessment fees	32,993	32,993	-
Regulatory licenses and permits	186,903	167,811	19,092
Corporation franchise fees	23,865	23,865	-
Recreation user fees and permits	130,838	1,756	129,082
Other	73,826	66,796	 7,031
	 666,575	 412,424	 254,151
MISCELLANEOUS			
Income from investments	105,205	104,952	253
Tobacco settlement proceeds	242,986	17,508	233
Various fines, fees, and assessments	108,671	69,875	38,796
Court fines, fees, and assessments	120,891	110,774	10,117
Oil and gas royalties, fees, assignments, and rentals	9,842	7,112	2,729
Sale of forest products on tax reverted land	60,129		60,129
Child support	27,880	27,880	-
Unclaimed bottle deposits	77,443	-	77,443
Unemployment obligation assessment	2,190	-	2,190
Low-income energy efficiency program	48,579	48,579	-
School bond loan repayment interest	23,382	23,382	-
Internet gaming payments - tribal	107,235	-	107,235
Other	 464,931	 388,455	 76,476
	 1,399,364	 798,517	 600,847
Total Revenues	 76,730,092	51,687,153	 25,042,939
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Vendor financing acquisitions	13,496	13,496	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	7,007	6,866	142
Transfers From Other Funds:			
From Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	327,431	327,431	-
From State Lottery Fund	1,258,186	6,813	1,251,373
From other funds	 999,213	 206,735	 792,478
Total Other Financing Sources	 2,605,334	 561,341	 2,043,992
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources (GAAP Basis)	\$ 79,335,426	\$ 52,248,494	\$ 27,086,932

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES GENERAL FUND

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

SOURCE		TOTAL		GENERAL PURPOSE	RESTRICTED REVENUES		
TAXES Sales	\$	2,773,422	\$	1,192,262	\$	1 591 160	
Personal income	Φ		Ф		Φ	1,581,160	
		8,843,265		7,720,460		1,122,804	
Flow-through entity		1,341,141		1,341,141		-	
Single business, Michigan business, and corporate income		2,022,763		1,530,635		102 120	
•						492,128	
Use Tabaasa producta		1,195,509 512,882		1,194,868		641	
Tobacco products		49,239		158,791 49,239		354,091	
Beer and wine Liguor		156,820		49,239 65,245		- 91,575	
Telephone and telegraph company		34,997		34,997		91,575	
Commercial mobile radio service		42,779		54,997		- 42,779	
Insurance company		419,875		- 419,858		42,779	
Motor vehicle registration		3,587		419,000		3,587	
Gas and oil severance		43,411		- 42,161		1,250	
Convention hotel accommodation		23,396		42,101		23,396	
Airport parking		31,295		-		31,295	
Quality assurance assessment		1,364,188		- 11,960		1,352,228	
Essential services assessment		135,379		135,379		1,332,220	
Penalties and interest		144,045		135,563		- 8,482	
Marihuana excise		186,610		873		185,736	
		638,599		075		638,599	
Insurance provider assessment		61,607		-		-	
Environmental protection regulatory fee		3,664		-		61,607 3,664	
Internet gaming - commercial Other		3,004 11,882		- 2,478		3,004 9,404	
Otter		20,040,354		14,035,910		6,004,445	
FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES							
Department of Health and Human Services		20,884,956		4,649		20,880,307	
Department of Education		191,472		638		190,834	
Department of Agriculture		5,046,007		-		5,046,007	
Department of the Treasury		2,486,681		-		2,486,681	
Department of Labor		170,621		1,184		169,437	
Department of Housing and Urban Development		14,906		59		14,847	
Department of Energy		20,293		-		20,293	
Department of Transportation		34,892		834		34,059	
Department of Interior		35,020		5		35,015	
Department of Defense		78,458		-		78,458	
Department of Justice		95,200		174		95,026	
Department of Homeland Security		429,423		459		428,965	
Social Security Administration		108,075		-		108,075	
Environmental Protection Agency		180,842		-		180,842	
Other		31,076		1,224		29,852	
		29,807,924		9,227		29,798,698	
FROM LOCAL AGENCIES							
Counties		79,212		24		79,188	
Cities, villages, and townships		9,806		24		9,806	
School districts		2,124		- 1		2,123	
Other		19,999		1		19,999	
				24			
		111,141		24		111,117	

<u>SOURCE</u>	TOTAL	GENERAL PURPOSE	RESTRICTED REVENUES
SPECIAL MEDICAID REIMBURSEMENTS	\$ 172,203	<u>\$</u>	\$ 172,203
FROM SERVICES			
Charges for providing vehicle and driver services	155,529	275	155,254
Revenues for patient, ward, and inmate care	28,926	-	28,926
Other	160,135	848	159,287
	344,591	1,123	343,468
FROM LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Liquor retailer, manufacturer, and wholesaler			
licenses	22,165	2,057	20,108
Motor vehicle operator and chauffeur licenses	53,772	1,022	52,749
Examination fees - financial institutions and			
insurance industry	40,659	-	40,659
Motor vehicle related	2,607	12	2,595
Public utilities assessment fees	32,993	-	32,993
Regulatory licenses and permits	167,811	7,016	160,795
Corporation franchise fees	23,865	-	23,865
Recreation user fees and permits	1,756	383	1,373
Other	66,796	165	66,631
	412,424	10,655	401,769
MISCELLANEOUS			
Income from investments	104,952	76,386	28,566
Tobacco settlement proceeds	17,508	-	17,508
Various fines, fees, and assessments	69,875	572	69,303
Court fines, fees, and assessments	110,774	6,405	104,370
Oil and gas royalties, fees, assignments, and rental		-	7,112
Child support	27,880	-	27,880
Low-income energy efficiency program	48,579	-	48,579
School bond loan repayment interest	23,382	-	23,382
Other	388,455	96,527	291,928
	798,517	179,890	618,627
Total Revenues	51,687,153	14,236,828	37,450,325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Vendor financing acquisitions	13,496	-	13,496
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,866	-	6,866
Transfers From Other Funds:			
From Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	327,431	327,226	205
From State Lottery Fund	6,813	5,372	1,441
From other funds	206,735	139,665	67,070
Total Other Financing Sources	561,341	472,262	89,079
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources (GAAP Basis)	52,248,494	14,709,091	37,539,404
BUDGETARY BASIS ADJUSTMENTS Vendor financing acquisitions	(13,496)		(13,496)
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 52,234,998	\$ 14,709,091	\$ 37,525,907

#### SOURCE AND DISPOSITION OF GENERAL FUND AUTHORIZATIONS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

BRANCH AND DEPARTMENT	CURRENT LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION	BUDGETARY TRANSFERS IN/OUT	BUDGETARY ADJUSTMENT	UNEXPENDED FROM PRIOR YEAR	RESTRICTED REVENUE ADDITIONS	LESS: TIMING DIFFERENCES* RESTRICTED REVENUE NOT AUTHORIZED/USED
Legislative Branch	\$ 202,334	\$-	\$ 539	\$ 69,773	\$ 14,358	\$ (2,903)
Judicial Branch	209,336	-	-	40,502	70,146	(38,825)
Executive Branch:						
Agriculture and Rural Development	97,367	-	109	74,619	55,408	(63,061)
Attorney General	47,126	-	-	27,311	29,458	(4,786)
Civil Rights	15,107	-	-	702	1,703	-
Colleges and Universities Grants	1,317,822	-	-	271	103,390	-
Corrections	1,065,369	-	-	316,936	987,536	(5,089)
Education	260,128	-	-	26,713	1,499,662	(62,754)
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy	292,945	-	662	518,437	427,451	(415,739)
Executive Office	7,319	-	-	65	-	-
Health and Human Services	4,754,274	-	-	324,764	27,665,970	(139,576)
Insurance and Financial Services	-	-	-	57,291	34,283	(26,823)
Labor and Economic Opportunity	1,630,616	-	-	80,214	2,013,469	(42,644)
Licensing and Regulatory Affairs	209,696	-	-	236,767	272,283	(231,416)
Marshall Plan for Talent	-	-	-	3,267	168	(3,435)
Military and Veterans Affairs	82,410	-	-	20,004	91,938	(4,752)
Natural Resources	49,458	-	1	56,415	71,619	(29,229)
State	13,036	-	-	52,809	246,142	(65,096)
State Police	632,689	-	-	150,213	709,052	(155,881)
Technology, Management and Budget	713,545	-	13	1,654,297	612,003	(1,632,517)
Transportation	100,100	-	1,120	29,417	3	(96)
Treasury	607,811	-	-	161,822	4,145,645	(79,297)
Intrafund expenditure reimbursements						
Total	\$ 12,308,488	\$-	\$ 2,444	\$ 3,902,609	\$ 39,051,687	\$ (3,003,920)

\* Timing differences are subtracted from Gross Spending Authority in order to show an annualized Budget that is comparable to the current year's Actual uses. Timing differences consist of unused authorizations for multi-year projects (capital outlay and work projects) and restricted revenue not authorized/used, which includes revenues that by statute, are restricted for use to a particular program or activity. Generally, the expenditure of the restricted revenue is subject to annual legislative appropriation. However, the restricted revenue may also be used in subsequent years to finance expenditures in multi-year appropriations and for encumbrances carried forward.

Restricted revenue balances authorized in the Variances category represent restricted revenue carry-overs that could have been used in the current period but were not.

For budgetary purposes, encumbrance authorization is considered use of spending authority in the year the State incurs an obligation.

NOTE: This schedule was prepared on the Statutory/Budgetary basis.

		"BUDGET"	"ACT	UAL"	"VARIANCES"					
GROSS SPENDING AUTHORITY	LESS: TIMING DIFFERENCES* MULTI-YEAR PROJECTS	AS PRESENTED IN STATEMENTS	EXPENDED/ TRANSFERRED	ENCUMBERED BALANCES FORWARD	RESTRICTED REVENUE BALANCES AUTHORIZED	LAPSES	OVEREXPENDED			
\$ 284,100 281,159	\$ (73,870) (1,425)	\$ 210,231 279,734	\$     205,413 276,572	\$ 1,298 2,989	\$	\$ 3,447 174	\$ - -			
164,442 99,109 17,512 1,421,482 2,364,752 1,723,748 823,757 7,383 32,605,432 64,752 3,681,656 487,330 - 189,600 148,265	(37,786) (12,052) (1,700) (3) (278,904) (16,205) (218,765) - (263,804) - (92,629) (114,727) - (2,839) (8,535)	126,656 87,057 15,812 1,421,479 2,085,848 1,707,542 604,992 7,383 32,341,628 64,752 3,589,027 372,603 - 186,761 139,730	111,740 86,902 15,517 1,415,185 1,952,303 1,696,005 515,207 7,117 32,058,120 64,752 3,323,918 364,850 - 171,375 117,926	13,854 57 216 - 76,405 2,803 86,599 62 37,317 - 24,315 2,847 - 2,074 21,034	- - 19,001 - 2,938 - - - 20 391 - 12,901 12	1,062 98 78 6,294 38,139 8,735 247 204 246,190 - 240,774 4,515 - 411 758				
\$ 52,261,308	(4,761) (172,890) (265,538) (106,168) (304,751) - - \$ (1,977,352)	242,129 1,163,183 1,081,802 24,376 4,531,230 (1,525,780) \$ 48,758,176	237,731 1,143,791 1,001,985 12,954 4,408,913 (1,525,780) \$ 47,662,495	\$ 377,686	91 377 8,903 - 58,842 - \$ 103,550	4,014 3,325 21,193 4 34,782 - \$ 614,444	- - - - - - - -			
Prior Year encumb Amount reported c Budgetary Com		(272,858) \$ 48,485,318	(272,858) \$ 47,389,637	\$ 377,686	\$ 103,550	\$ 614,444	<u>\$ -</u>			

### SOURCE AND DISPOSITION OF GENERAL FUND/GENERAL PURPOSE AUTHORIZATIONS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

BRANCH AND DEPARTMENT	CURRENT LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION*		_	JDGETARY RANSFERS IN/OUT	 GETARY USTMENT	UNEXPENDED FROM PRIOR YEAR		
Legislative Branch	\$	202,334	\$	-	\$ 539	\$	66,665	
Judicial Branch		209,336		-	-		3,585	
Executive Branch:								
Agriculture and Rural Development		97,367		-	109		20,869	
Attorney General		47,126		-	-		6,188	
Civil Rights		15,107		-	-		702	
Colleges and Universities Grants		1,317,822		-	-		271	
Corrections		1,065,369		-	-		291,627	
Education		260,128		-	-		7,288	
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy		292,945		-	662		125,147	
Executive Office		7,319		-	-		65	
Health and Human Services		4,754,274		-	-		115,207	
Labor and Economic Opportunity		1,630,616		-	-		18,829	
Licensing and Regulatory Affairs		209,696		-	-		40,797	
Military and Veterans Affairs		82,410		-	-		3,245	
Natural Resources		49,458		-	1		35,269	
State		13,036		-	-		5,321	
State Police		632,689		-	-		35,701	
Technology, Management and Budget		713,545		-	13		233,884	
Transportation		100,100		-	1,120		29,064	
Treasury		607,811	_	-	 -		62,096	
Total	\$	12,308,488	\$	_	\$ 2,444	\$	1,101,822	

\* The amounts in the "Current Legislative Appropriation" column include certain appropriations that do not appear as line-item appropriations in the budget bills. These appropriations are authorized in narrative "boilerplate" language in the budget bills. "Boilerplate" appropriations include interfund borrowing, interest on general obligation notes and bonds, and certain interfund transfers.

"Boilerplate" appropriations accounted for \$204.5 million of the "Current Legislative Appropriation."

					"ACTUAL"		"VARIANCES"					
	GROSS SPENDING EXPENDED/ AUTHORITY TRANSFERRED			BA	CUMBERED ALANCES DRWARD	P B/	JLTI-YEAR ROJECT ALANCES DRWARD	[	LAPSES	OVEREXPENDED		
\$	269,538 212,921	\$	190,924 208,333	\$	1,298 2,989	\$	73,870 1,425	\$	3,447 174	\$	-	
	118,345 53,314 15,809 1,318,092 1,356,996 267,416 418,754 7,383 4,869,482 1,649,445 250,493 95,656		65,643 41,107 13,815 1,311,795 963,548 239,673 113,142 7,117 4,322,170 1,291,727 128,404 80,222		13,854 57 216 - 76,405 2,803 86,599 62 37,317 24,315 2,847 2,074		37,786 12,052 1,700 3 278,904 16,205 218,765 - 263,804 92,629 114,727 2,820		1,062 98 78 6,294 38,139 8,735 247 204 246,190 240,774 4,515 411		-	
-	85,656 84,728 18,357 668,391 947,442 130,284 669,908	_	80,332 54,401 9,289 476,486 610,990 12,694 301,682		2,074 21,034 293 15,690 49,721 11,417 28,693		2,839 8,535 4,761 172,890 265,538 106,168 304,751	_	411 758 4,014 3,325 21,193 4 34,782		- - - - -	
\$	13,412,754	\$	10,443,272	\$	377,686	\$	1,977,352	\$	614,444	\$	-	

# REVENUE, BOND PROCEEDS, AND VENDOR FINANCING ACQUISITIONS GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

LAST TEN YEARS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(	n	Th	ous	sar	lds	5)
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SOURCE	 2013		2014		2015		2016
TAXES							
Sales	\$ 7,050,204	\$	7,362,620	\$	7,246,989	\$	7,299,628
Personal Income (net of tax credits)	8,271,838	•	8,020,054		8,987,939	•	9,372,028
Amount reported as tax credits	689,900		676,500		662,400		672,400
Flow-Through Entity	-		-		-		-
Single Business, Michigan Business,							
and Corporate Income	721,602		419,554		891,594		763,498
Use	1,300,590		1,639,442		2,062,838		2,056,124
State Education (Property)	1,771,083		1,804,238		1,857,684		1,897,292
Real Estate Transfer	202,323		233,416		258,398		289,314
Tobacco Products	957,485		940,337		954,481		946,651
Beer, Wine, and Liquor	182,878		189,792		194,692		208,689
Casino Gaming Wagering	110,667		106,903		110,785		112,868
Insurance Company	301,883		362,397		322,999		329,806
Health Insurance Claims Assessment Motor Vehicle and Fuel	270,489		271,861		225,888		228,475
	1,860,582		1,902,612		1,985,186		2,032,947
Quality Assurance Assessment Penalties and Interest	969,767		975,786		1,007,464 128,723		1,138,810
Marihuana Excise	171,092		115,439		120,725		124,391
Insurance Provider Assessment	-		-		-		-
Other	- 292,011		- 309,781		- 271,896		- 325,461
Total Taxes	 25,124,393		25,330,732		27,169,955		27,798,384
FEDERAL AGENCIES	16,598,202		17,259,668		19,800,600		20,027,958
LOCAL AGENCIES	87,578		89,644		90,672		93,888
SPECIAL MEDICAID REIMBURSEMENTS	134,353		133,909		120,904		115,621
SERVICES	318,403		322,271		326,488		335,812
LICENSES AND PERMITS	484,059		494,595		510,359		551,984
MISCELLANEOUS	 1,594,097		1,558,174	_	1,629,833		1,847,842
Total Revenue	 44,341,085		45,188,992		49,648,811		50,771,488
PROCEEDS FROM BOND ISSUES AND BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES	200,000		97,651		-		100,215
VENDOR FINANCING ACQUISITIONS	17,224		18,371		25,373		18,423
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	3,064		1,626		3,008		2,543
Total Revenue, Bond Proceeds, Vendor Financing Acquisitions, and Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	\$ 44,561,373	\$	45,306,640	\$	49,677,192	\$	50,892,669

NOTES: (1) Effective January 1, 2008, the State replaced the Single business tax with the Michigan business tax. Effective January 1, 2012, the State replaced the Michigan business tax with the Corporate income tax.

(2) Legislation established the Health Insurance Claims Assessment, effective January 1, 2012. Effective October 1, 2018, the State replaced the Health Insurance Claims Assessment with the Insurance Provider Assessment. Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the Health Insurance Claims Assessment is included in Other Taxes.

(3) The Marihuana Excise Tax, established in fiscal year 2020, was previously included in Other Taxes.

	2017		2018	 2019	 2020	 2021		2022
\$	7,791,774 9,454,968 696,500 -	\$	8,074,032 10,162,211 696,100 -	\$ 8,243,168 10,432,233 895,100 -	\$ 8,299,005 10,501,800 936,500 -	\$ 9,410,565 11,859,977 884,600 -	\$	10,777,766 12,141,871 908,800 1,793,444
	900,848 1,266,699 1,964,780 317,056 946,048 214,028 113,219 371,279 300,111 2,573,013 1,136,099		1,036,594 1,486,178 1,989,481 350,281 917,994 222,938 115,423 393,367 331,920 2,766,327 1,245,149	1,199,866 1,358,473 2,114,632 350,113 889,591 231,999 117,257 327,439 1,113 2,816,068 1,392,069	1,019,636 1,368,751 2,189,928 335,402 904,170 266,476 67,011 467,757 1,794 2,665,684 1,261,031	1,675,992 2,135,698 2,265,956 490,330 890,145 285,845 90,572 390,848 396 2,755,935 1,344,793		2,022,763 2,054,953 2,453,335 546,618 797,601 282,257 104,059 419,875 - 2,839,221 1,364,188
	115,911 - - 355,297		178,622 - - 381,389	128,905 - 602,602 403,107	93,545 - 608,376 401,153	137,791 120,472 619,816 477,040		144,045 186,610 638,599 611,257
_	28,517,631		30,348,004	31,503,734	31,388,019	35,836,770		40,087,263
	19,508,727		19,957,136	20,827,638	24,795,182	28,937,122		33,943,937
	90,457		91,962	99,633	123,397	113,869		111,141
	188,933		149,350	175,942	153,051	159,986		172,203
	354,324		360,831	361,118	347,899	356,782		349,610
	567,595		568,448	601,648	615,590	683,186		666,575
	1,711,460		1,831,961	 1,732,463	 1,270,446	 1,327,418		1,399,364
_	50,939,127	_	53,307,693	 55,302,176	 58,693,584	 67,415,131		76,730,092
	138,395		151,484	-	182,230	-		-
	14,473		22,994	10,275	94,866	30,009		13,496
	2,656		6,236	 5,053	 1,751	 3,243		7,007
\$	51,094,652	\$	53,488,407	\$ 55,317,504	\$ 58,972,432	\$ 67,448,383	\$	76,750,596

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - STATE FUNDS

LAST TEN YEARS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	2013		_	2014	 2015	 2016
Current: General government	\$	1,868,138	\$	2,064,016	\$ 2,738,104	\$ 2,927,185
Education		14,604,622		14,909,901	15,366,390	15,726,589
Health and human services		19,787,851		20,600,683	23,287,158	23,516,873
Public safety and corrections		2,601,307		2,666,541	2,704,901	2,668,747
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		545,565		656,061	586,028	721,772
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		961,279		961,934	978,003	1,230,828
Transportation		1,395,444		1,532,228	1,527,057	1,617,799
Tax credits		689,900		676,500	662,400	672,400
Capital outlay		35,676		70,695	237,442	212,705
Intergovernmental - revenue sharing		1,077,514		1,120,593	1,210,557	1,213,432
Debt service: Structured settlement payments Vendor financing payments		- 58,357		- 62,237	 - 66,295	 - 68,377
Total Expenditures	\$	43,625,653	\$	45,321,388	\$ 49,364,335	\$ 50,576,708

2017		2018		2019		 2020		2021		2022	
\$	2,551,534	\$	2,761,629	\$	2,751,034	\$ 2,919,734	\$	3,163,760	\$	2,937,713	
	16,078,445		16,673,594		16,995,495	17,745,565		18,649,260		22,102,390	
	23,070,385		23,925,010		25,269,773	26,301,845		30,008,812		31,862,256	
	2,692,527		2,723,546		2,798,756	2,961,431		3,283,746		3,178,737	
	748,228		842,420		831,194	877,975		971,053		1,004,605	
	1,270,025		1,259,349		1,343,644	1,071,869		1,718,878		3,061,283	
	1,703,525		1,854,936		2,203,682	2,046,341		2,211,480		2,257,983	
	696,500		696,100		895,100	936,500		884,600		908,800	
	55,534		122,461		194,591	254,005		111,686		119,967	
	1,259,005		1,289,064		1,327,717	1,241,267		1,451,332		1,607,907	
	-		-		-	-		15,000		61,594	
	68,826		71,700		73,740	 85,307		87,279		95,112	
\$	50,194,535	\$	52,219,810	\$	54,684,725	\$ 56,441,839	\$	62,556,887	\$	69,198,346	

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21 <sup>st</sup> Century Jobs Trust Fund
Advance Financing Funds
Attorney Discipline System
Bottle Deposits Fund
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Children with Special Needs Fund
Children's Trust Fund
City Income Tax – Trust Fund
Combined Comprehensive Transportation Bond and Interest Redemption Fund
Combined Comprehensive Transportation Bond Proceeds Fund
Combined State Trunkline Bond and Interest Redemption Fund
Combined State Trunkline Bond Proceeds Fund
Community District Education Trust Fund
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### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Special thanks are also extended to the State's CFO Council; the Statewide Integrated Governmental Management Application (SIGMA) Financial Communication Group; financial management personnel throughout Michigan State Government; Internal Audit Services, SIGMA Operations and Support, and the staff of the Office of the Auditor General. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of these individuals.