# Glen Oaks Community College



Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

# Rehmann

This page intentionally left blank.

**Table of Contents** 

# Board of Trustees Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Financial Statements for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 Statements of Net Position Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statements of Cash Flows Statements of Financial Position and Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets -Discretely Presented Component Unit Glen Oaks Community College Foundation Notes to Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information

Page

1

3

9

27

28

29

30

32

33

71

79

# MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plans

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	72
Schedule of the College's Pension Contributions	73
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Liability	74
Schedule of the College's Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Contributions	75
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	76
Supplementary Information as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	77
Combining Statement of Net Position	78

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

This page intentionally left blank.

# Glen Oaks Community College Board of Trustees

Bruce Gosling Chairperson

Nancy Percival Vice Chairperson

Kimberlee Bontrager Treasurer

Carol Higgins Trustee

Rod Lopez Secretary

Elizabeth Datkovic Trustee

Joe Haas *Trustee* 

# Glen Oaks Community College Foundation Board of Trustees

Vonda Marrow Executive Director

Phyllis Youga President

John Dresser Vice President

Dr. Philip G. Ward Secretary

Dawn Griffith Treasurer

Julie Andrews Board Member

Mark Cramer Board Member

Dr. David Devier Board Member

Betsy Pryser Board Member

Mary Dechow Board Member

Terry Conklin Board Member

Pete Bennet Board Member

Jim Frieburger Board Member

Greg Dedes Board Member

Kelly Bibb Board Member

Elizabeth Datkovic College Board Liaison This page intentionally left blank.

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

This page intentionally left blank.

# Rehmann

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

October 28, 2022

Board of Trustees Glen Oaks Community College Centreville, Michigan

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of *Glen Oaks Community College* (the "College"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



**Q** 2330 E. Paris Ave SE, Grand Rapids, MI 49546 **\$\$** 616.975.4100

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the combining statement of net position and the combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated October 28, 2022, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Lobarn LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management's discussion and analysis of *Glen Oaks Community College* ("the College") financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020. Management has prepared the financial statements and the related footnote disclosures in conjunction with the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the College's administration.

#### Using this Report

The College's annual financial report includes the report of independent auditors, the management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses, changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities.* 

Glen Oaks Community College Foundation is included within these statements as a discretely presented component unit of the College's reporting entity (although it is legally separate and governed by its own board of directors) because its sole purpose is to provide support for the College. In addition, following the basic financial statements and footnotes is required supplementary information (pension and OPEB schedules) and two supplementary schedules (combining statement of net position and the combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 for the College.

#### **Financial Highlights**

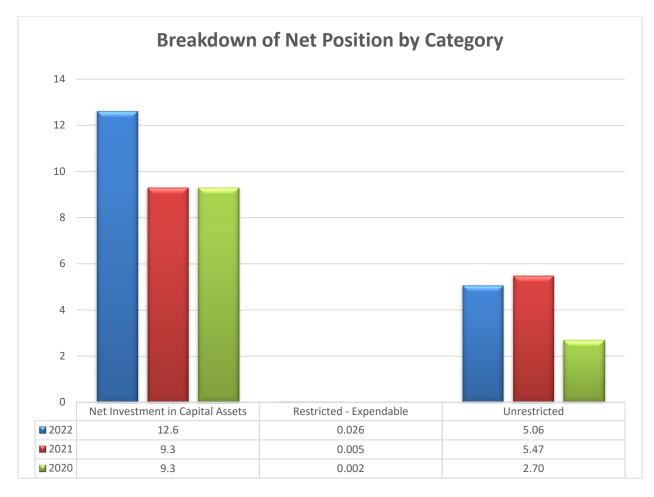
The financial statements report information on the College as a whole. Total assets for 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$37.2 million, \$33.6 million, and \$30.4 million, respectively. Total liabilities for 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$17.4 million, \$20.5 million, and \$20.8 million, respectively. The College's revenue was more than expenses for 2022, 2021 and 2020 by \$2.9 million, \$2.8 million, and \$1.4 million, respectively. Net position, which represents the residual interest in the College's assets and deferred outflows after liabilities and deferred inflows are deducted, totaled \$17.7 million, \$14.8 million, and \$12.0 million at June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

As a result of the implementation of GASB No. 68 during fiscal year 2015, the College is required to report its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability on the statement of net position. The College's proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability was \$6.4 million, \$9.4 million, and \$9.0 million, as of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

GASB No. 75, requiring the College to report its proportionate share of the net OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) liability on the statement of net position, was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was \$0.4 million, \$1.4 million, and \$2.0 million as of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following chart provides a graphical breakdown of net position by category as of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (in millions):



#### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position will help the reader answer the question "Is Glen Oaks Community College, as a whole, better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" They report the College's net position and changes in net position. One can think of net position, the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows, as one way to measure the College's financial health or financial position. Many other nonfinancial factors, such as the trend in admission applicants, student retention, condition of the buildings, and strength of the faculty need to be considered to assess the overall health of the College. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector institutions. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Statement of Net Position**

Following are the major components of the statement of net position of the College as of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

	Condensed Statements of Net Position as of June 30 (in thousands)			
	2022	2021	2020	
Current assets and other assets	\$ 16,874	\$ 16,390	\$ 12,974	
Capital assets - net	20,304	17,250	17,427	
	77 470	22 ( 40	20,404	
Total assets	37,178	33,640	30,401	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,061	3,167	3,820	
Other liabilities	2,909	1,731	1,633	
Pension and OPEB Liabilities	6,797	10,825	10,988	
Long-term liabilities	7,738	7,949	8,154	
Total liabilities	17,444	20,505	20,775	
Deferred inflows of resources	4,139	1,527	1,440	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	12,566	9,301	9,273	
Restricted expendable	27	5	2	
Unrestricted	5,063	5,469	2,731	
Total net position	\$ 17,656	\$ 14,775	\$ 12,006	
rotat net position	, i <i>i</i> , 000	ע ז ז, דו ק	J 12,000	

The significant changes in the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of the College are as follows:

• Current assets and other assets increased \$0.5 million in 2022 due to increases in cash and shortterm investments. Cash increased due to increases in tuition and fees, auxiliary services, and other sources of revenues. Current assets and other assets increased \$3.2 million in 2021 compared to 2020 due to an increase in cash and accounts receivable.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

- Capital assets increased by \$3.1 million in 2022 due to increased capital projects on campus. Capital assets decreased by \$0.2 million in 2021 compared to 2020 due to depreciation of capital assets in 2021 exceeding additions by \$0.2 million.
- Other liabilities increased by \$1.2 million in 2022 primarily due to an increase in accounts payable attributable to construction projects. Other liabilities increased by \$0.1 million in 2021 compared to 2020 due to an increase in accounts payable.
- Pension and OPEB liabilities decreased by \$4.0 million in 2022 compared to 2021 due to changes in assumptions, changes in the College's proportionate share and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. Pension and OPEB liabilities decreased by \$0.2 million in 2021 compared to 2020 due to decreases in the net OPEB liability.
- Long-term liabilities decreased by \$0.2 million in 2022 compared to 2021 due to principal payments made on long-term debt. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$0.2 million in 2021 compared to 2020 due to principal payments made on long-term debt.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Following is the detail of the major components of operating results of the College for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

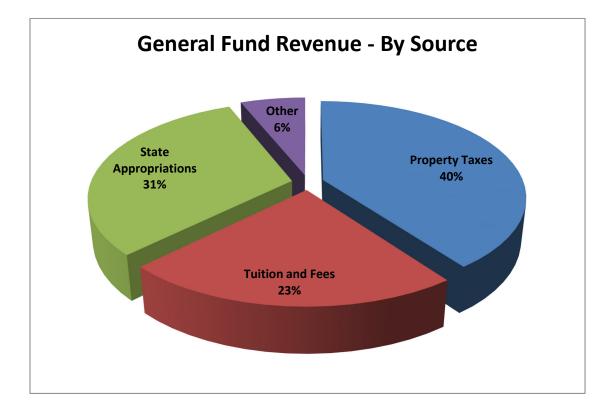
	Operating Results for the Years Ended June 30 (in thousands)			
	2022 2021 2020			
revenues				
on and Fees, net	\$ 2,294	\$ 2,173	\$ 2,334	
contracts	1,245	1,315	1,306	
tivities, net	588	420	464	
	985	420	562	
	70J	42/	J02	
renues	5,112	4,335	4,666	
es				
	3,656	3,855	3,819	
	124	225	244	
rt	1,031	1,114	1,108	
	4,854	3,819	3,389	
nistration	2,896	2,728	2,774	
ations	1,251	1,088	1,110	
nology	821	950	724	
	1,277	1,338	1,144	
	15,910	15,117	14,312	
	(10,798)	(10,782)	(9,646)	

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	Operating Results for the Years Ended June 30 (in thousands)			
	2022	2021	2020	
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)				
State appropriations	\$ 4,310	\$ 4,250	\$ 3,777	
Federal Pell grant	1,292	1,217	1,361	
CARES Act Grant	2,086	1,422	353	
Coronavirus Relief Fund Grant	-	297	-	
Property taxes	6,009	5,803	5,713	
Investment (loss) income - interest	(4)	35	58	
Insurance claim income	184	-	-	
Transfer from Glen Oaks Community Foundation	20	-	-	
Interest on capital asset - related debt	(218)	(223)	(231)	
Total nonoperating revenues	13,679	12,801	11,031	
Other revenues				
State capital grants	-	750	-	
Increase in net position	2,881	2,769	1,385	
Net Position - beginning of year	14,775	12,006	10,621	
Net position - end of year	\$ 17,656	\$ 14,775	\$ 12,006	

Internally, the College accounts for its financial statements using fund accounting, which is then reorganized into operating and nonoperating components for the audited financial statements. The College accounts for its primary programs and operations in its General Fund. The General Fund is financed primarily through four sources of revenue - tuition and fees, state appropriations, property taxes, and other. For this report, these sources of revenue are classified as both operating and non-operating. The following chart shows the percentage of these sources of revenue as they were reported in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

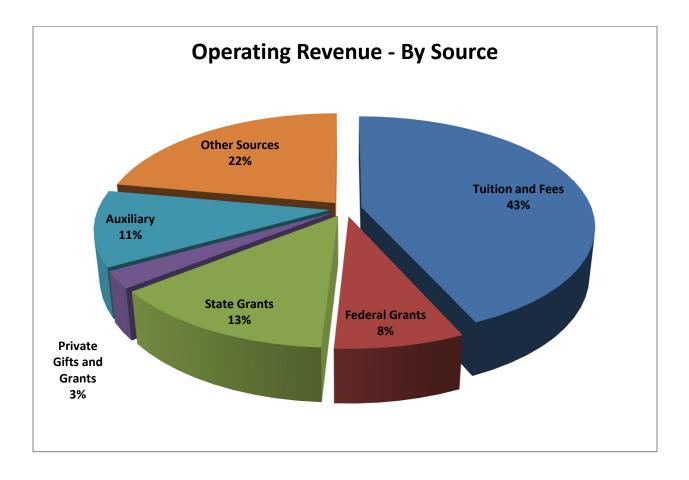


#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Operating Revenue**

For the College as a whole, operating revenue includes all transactions that result in the sales and/or receipts from goods and services, such as tuition and fees and other auxiliary operations. In addition, certain federal, state, and private grants are considered operating if they are not for capital purposes and are considered a contract for services. For the year ended 2022 overall operating revenue increased in the areas of tuition and fees, auxiliary services, and other sources. For the year ended 2021 overall operating revenue decreased in the areas of tuition and fees, auxiliary services.

The following is a graphic illustration of operating revenue by source for the year ended June 30, 2022:



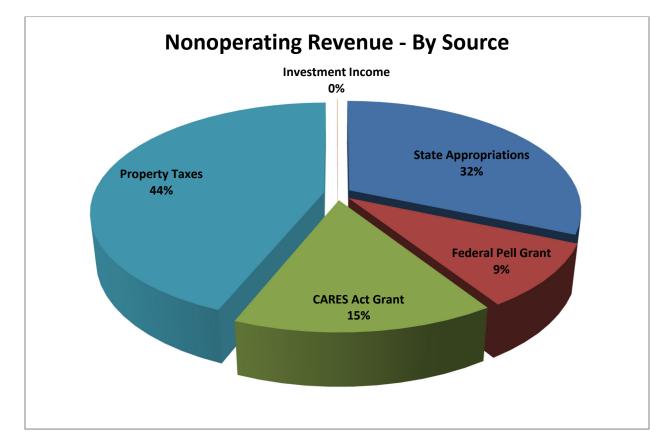
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Nonoperating Revenue**

Nonoperating revenue is all revenue sources that are primarily non-exchange in nature. They consist primarily of state appropriations, property taxes, Federal Pell grants, Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grants, Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund grant and investment income. Nonoperating revenue changes included the following factors:

- Federal Pell grant revenue increased by 6.16 percent in 2022 due to an increased number of eligible students. Federal Pell grant revenue decreased by 10.54 percent in 2021 due to a decreased number of eligible students.
- The Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds provided \$2.1 million in student emergency financial grants and COVID mitigation in 2022. The Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds provided \$1.4 million in student emergency financial grants and COVID mitigation in 2021.
- State appropriations included a personal property tax reimbursement from the Local Community Stabilization Authority in the amount of \$1.5 million in 2022. State appropriations included a personal property tax reimbursement from the Local Community Stabilization Authority in the amount of \$1.6 million in 2021 and \$1.4 million in 2020.
- Property tax revenue increased by 3.55 percent in 2022 and 1.58 percent in 2021 due to changes in property values. The College's levied tax millage rate was 2.7186 and 2.7249 mills for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



The following is a graphic illustration of nonoperating revenue by source for the year ended June 30, 2022:

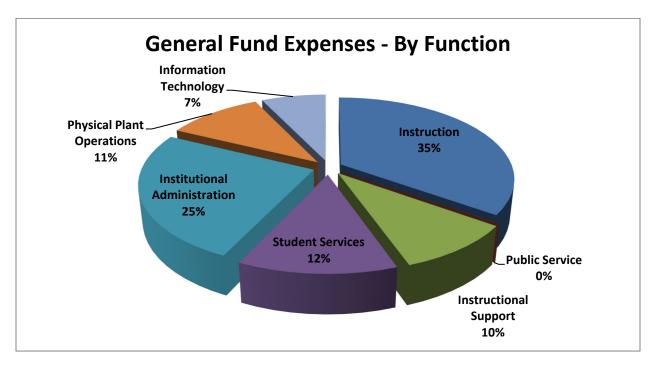
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to perform and conduct the programs and primary purposes of the College. They include salaries and benefits, utilities, supplies, services, and depreciation and are then categorized by function.

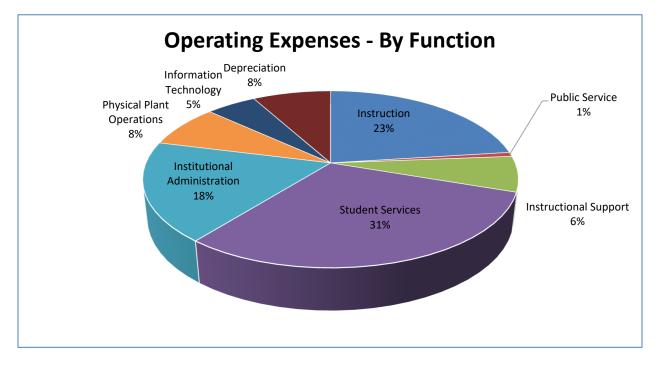
In 2022 operating expenses increased by \$0.8 million over 2021 primarily attributable to an increase in student services to meet students varying educational needs with additional services and technology. In 2021 operating expenses increased by \$0.8 million from 2020. The largest increase was in student services and information technology due to continuing COVID related costs.

The majority of the operating expenses are reported internally in the College's General Fund. Following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses by function as reported by the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022:



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For this financial report, the different funds of the College are combined and internal expenses are eliminated. The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses by function for the institution as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2022:



#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

Another way to assess the financial health of the College is to look at the statement of cash flows. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of the College during the period. The statement of cash flows also helps users assess:

- The College's ability to generate future net cash flows
- Its ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- Its needs for external financing

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	Cash Flows for the Years Ended June 30 (in thousands)			
	2022	2021	2020	
Cash (used in) provided by				
Operating activities	\$ (8,981)	\$ (8,651)	\$ (8,062)	
Noncapital financing activities	14,284	12,026	11,488	
Capital and related financing activities	(4,761)	(839)	(1,194)	
Investing activities	(264)	29	39	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 278	\$ 2,565	\$ 2,271	
Cash and cash equivalents -				
Beginning of year	\$ 12,805	\$ 10,240	\$ 7,969	
Cash and cash equivalents -				
End of year	\$ 13,083	\$ 12,805	\$ 10,240	

Major sources of funds from operations came from tuition and fees and grants and contracts. These sources were offset by expenses for operations such as payments to employees and suppliers.

Federal Pell grant revenue, local property taxes, state appropriations, and Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grants, received during the current year provided noncapital financing sources of \$14.3 million, \$12.0 million, and \$11.5 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the College had \$20.3 million, \$17.3 million, and \$17.4 million, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$21.5 million, \$20.9 million, and \$19.6 million, respectively. Depreciation charges for 2022, 2021 and 2020 were approximately \$1.3 million, \$1.3 million, and \$1.1 million, respectively. In 2022, capital additions included renovations to the north side of campus including the learning commons, welding, auto, and computer labs, new lighting, updated IT infrastructure, windows, doors, fire alarms, a new electrical instruction lab and new metal siding to encapsulate the current exterior walls of the building. In 2021, capital asset additions included upgraded HVAC, electrical service extension, and a new vehicle. During 2020, capital asset additions included the completion of the concourse renovation, the art gallery, and parking lot restructuring.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Capital Assets, net at June 30 (in thousands)				
2022 2021 2020				
\$ 14,342	\$ 15,509	\$ 15,858		
782	782	782		
834	509	564		
27	25	26		
4,319	425	197		
\$ 20,304	\$ 17,250	\$ 17,427		
	(ir 2022 \$ 14,342 782 834 27 4,319	(in thousands) 2022 2021 \$ 14,342 \$ 15,509 782 782 834 509 27 25 4,319 425		

Details of the capital assets, net of depreciation, are shown below:

#### Debt

The College had \$7.7 million, \$7.9 million, and \$8.2 million in debt outstanding at June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. In fiscal 2019 the College obtained a USDA loan of up to \$2.2 million to renovate the concourse. The renovation was completed in 2020 and \$2.0 million is outstanding on the USDA loan as of June 30, 2022. In fiscal 2017 the College obtained a \$6.5 million USDA loan for the construction of a student housing facility. The facility was completed in August 2017. \$5.7 million is outstanding on the USDA loan relating to student housing as of June 30, 2022.

#### Supplemental Combining Schedules

The College completed fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 with an increase of approximately \$3.4 million in the General Fund net position. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the College. At June 30, 2022, the combined General Fund and Pension and OPEB Liability Fund had a net position of \$14.0 million. The Designated Fund, Auxiliary Funds, Restricted Funds, Plant Fund, and Agency Fund comprise the remaining net position of the College. The Designated and Auxiliary Funds' net position totaled approximately \$1.4 million at June 30, 2022, is unrestricted, and is held in addition to the General Fund's net position for various future operations and capital improvements. The Plant Fund net position was \$2.3 million at June 30, 2022. Operating expenses within the plant fund increased from 2021 and exceeded operating revenues by \$1.3 million. Interest on capital asset related debt remained at \$0.2 million. The plant fund net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is comprised of net investment in capital assets of \$12.6 million and an unrestricted deficit of \$10.3 million.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The College completed fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 with an increase of approximately \$3.4 million in the General Fund net position. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the College. At June 30, 2021, the combined General Fund and Pension and OPEB Liability Fund had a net position of \$10.2 million. The Designated Fund, Auxiliary Funds, Restricted Funds, Plant Fund, and Agency Fund comprise the remaining net position of the College. The Designated and Auxiliary Funds' net position totaled approximately \$1.2 million at June 30, 2021, is unrestricted, and is held in addition to the General Fund's net position for various future operations and capital improvements. The Plant Fund net position was \$3.4 million at June 30, 2021. Operating expenses within the plant fund increased from 2020 and exceeded operating revenues by \$1.3 million. Interest on capital asset related debt remained at \$0.2 million. The plant fund net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is comprised of net investment in capital assets of \$9.3 million and an unrestricted deficit of \$6.0 million.

#### **Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future**

In fiscal 2022, the College distributed emergency financial grants of nearly \$1.1 million to students through the Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF). An additional \$1.0 million in HEERF funding was used to aid continuing COVID-19 mitigation efforts and strengthen IT infrastructure to enhance online learning and resources. The MI Reconnect and Futures for Frontliners programs provided state funded scholarships for students over the age of 25 or those who worked in essential industries during the pandemic.

In January 2022, the College began a \$7.3 million capital outlay renovation project that encompasses much of the north side of the campus including the E.J. Shaheen Learning Commons, art studio, and allied health and IT Labs. The plan addresses maintenance, technology, safety, and infrastructure improvements. Upgrades to the auto lab and a new welding technology lab, originally part of the capital outlay plan, were completed separately due to increased material costs caused by COVID shortages. The state is providing \$3.5 million of the project cost and the College is providing 3.8 million of the project cost. The College is working to obtain a \$7.0 million low interest USDA loan to complete renovations on the south side of the campus.

The College received a \$0.9 million congressional grant for distance learning enhancements. The grant project features the installation of videoconferencing technology to allow instructors to broadcast synchronous live instruction from their classrooms. Dual-enrolled students will be able to take classes hosted in their local districts if transportation is not available. At Glen Oaks, the project will upgrade four campus classrooms with the installation of infrastructure and videoconferencing technology. For area high schools, the project includes outfitting up to two classrooms in each of the 11 local school districts with the basic videoconferencing capabilities for students to participate in synchronous dual enrollment courses. The first set of synchronous dual enrollment courses will be offered in fall semester 2023.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The College continues its partnerships with Spring Arbor, Michigan State University and Goshen College. The College is also offering open entry/open exit options for industrial technology programs and working with area businesses to ensure employees have the skills they need to succeed in the workplace. The College partners with the MSU Institute of Agricultural Technology to offer a dual MSU certificate and Glen Oaks associate degree in Agricultural Operations and the College also offers an Agricultural Equipment Technology program. The agricultural students, in cooperation with local seed and equipment businesses, are farming the 65 tillable acres owned by the College.

The College contracts with Follett Higher Education Group to manage the Oaks Store. Follett guarantees a minimum 6% commission on net revenue resulting in approximately \$20,000 in commissions annually. Follett's affordability programs, including textbook rentals, digital and used books, and price match, saves Glen Oaks students over \$160,000 a year.

The cost of a college education always receives a lot of media attention. Glen Oaks Community College and other community colleges offer an excellent, affordable means for furthering an education. Please see the chart below for national data produced by the College Board comparing two-year public institutions to their four-year counterparts.

Sector	2021-2022	2020-2021	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Public Two-Year In-State	\$3,800	\$3,770	\$30	0.8%
Public Four-Year In-State	\$10,740	\$10,560	\$180	1.7%
Public Four-Year Out-of-State	\$27,560	\$27,020	\$540	2.0%
Private Nonprofit Four-Year	\$38,070	\$37,650	\$420	1.1%

This page intentionally left blank.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Statements of Net Position**

	June	e 30
ssets	2022	2021
Current assets	<b>4</b> 40 000 700	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,082,792	\$ 12,804,5
Short-term investments	791,130	591,4
Accounts receivable, net	1,585,614	1,791,8
Other current assets	721,740	569,3
Total current assets	16,181,276	15,757,1
Noncurrent assets		
Long-term investments	693,071	632,9
Capital assets not being depreciated	5,100,888	1,207,2
Capital assets being depreciated, net	15,203,198	16,042,8
Total noncurrent assets	20,997,157	17,883,1
otal assets	37,178,433	33,640,2
eferred outflows of resources		
Deferred pension amounts	1,478,399	2,357,4
Deferred OPEB amounts	582,285	809,6
otal deferred outflows of resources	2,060,684	3,167,0
abilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,250,113	344,4
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	1,192,532	1,074,2
Unearned revenue	465,947	312,0
Long-term obligations, current portion	217,000	211,0
Total current liabilities	3,125,592	1,941,7
Noncurrent liabilities		
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	7,521,000	7,738,0
Net pension liability	6,397,511	9,378,2
Net OPEB liability	399,568	1,447,0
Total noncurrent liabilities	14,318,079	18,563,3
otal liabilities	17,443,671	20,505,0
eferred inflows of resources		
Deferred pension amounts	2,563,232	407,0
Deferred OPEB amounts	1,576,294	1,120,0
tal deferred inflows of resources	4,139,526	1,527,0
et position		
Net investment in capital assets	12,566,086	9,301,1
Restricted expendable, scholarships and fellowships	26,466	9,501,1 4,5
Unrestricted	5,063,368	4,5 5,469,5
tal net position	\$ 17,655,920	\$ 14,775,2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30		
	2022	2021	
Operating revenue			
Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowance of \$1,188,326			
and \$1,124,876 in 2022 and 2021, respectively	\$ 2,294,123	\$ 2,172,612	
Federal grants and contracts	400,195	606,270	
State grants and contracts	712,667	587,534	
Private gifts, grant and contracts	132,816	120,859	
Sales and services of auxiliary activities	588,011	420,458	
Other sources	984,650	427,394	
Total operating revenues	5,112,462	4,335,127	
Operating expenses			
Instruction	3,656,036	3,855,413	
Public service	123,553	224,579	
Instructional support	1,030,600	1,113,640	
Student services	4,854,029	3,819,165	
Institutional administration	2,896,229	2,727,589	
Physical plant operations	1,251,198	1,088,607	
Information technology	821,460	950,458	
Depreciation	1,277,736	1,337,739	
Total operating expenses	15,910,841	15,117,190	
Operating loss	(10,798,379)	(10,782,063)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
State appropriations	4,309,810	4,250,175	
Federal Pell grant	1,292,230	1,217,314	
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grants	2,085,980	1,422,227	
Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund grant	2,003,500	297,100	
Property taxes	6,009,209	5,803,063	
Net investment (loss) income	(4,235)	34,908	
Interest on capital asset - related debt	(217,942)	(223,504)	
Insurance claim income	184,279	(223,304)	
Transfers from Glen Oaks Community College Foundation	19,714		
Net nonoperating revenues	13,679,045	12,801,283	
Other revenues			
Other revenues State capital grants		750,000	
Increase in net position	2,880,666	2,769,220	
Net position, beginning of year	14,775,254	12,006,034	
Net position, end of year	\$ 17,655,920	\$ 14,775,254	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Y	Year Ended June 30		
	202	22		2021
Cash flows from operating activities				
Tuition and fees		26,179	\$	2,324,306
Federal and State grants and contracts		96,651		1,146,484
Payments to suppliers		31,341)		(7,919,888)
Payments to employees		39 <i>,</i> 633)	(	(5,155,156)
Auxiliary activity receipts		31,463		338,558
Other receipts	1,1	36,041		614,544
Net cash used in operating activities	(8,9	80,640)	(	8,651,152)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Local property taxes	6,0	09,209		5,803,063
Federal Pell grants	1,2	92,230		1,217,314
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grants	2,6	53,596		709,400
Direct Loan Program receipts	53	26,136		543,376
Direct Loan Program disbursements	(5)	26 <i>,</i> 136)		(543,376)
Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund grant		-		297,100
State appropriations	4,3	08 <i>,</i> 756		3,999,268
Transfers from Glen Oaks Community College Foundation		19,714		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	14,23	83,505	1	2,026,145
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Purchase of capital assets	(4,3	31 <i>,</i> 678)	(	(1,160,811)
State capital grant receipts		-		750,000
Principal paid on capital debt	(2	11 <i>,</i> 000)		(205,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(2	17,942)		(223,504)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(4,7)	60,620)		(839,315)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of investments		-		465,369
Purchases of investments	(3)	00,000)		(471,258)
Interest received from investments		36,002		34,908
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(20	63,998)		29,019
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2'	78,247		2,564,697
Cash and cash equivalents				
Beginning of year	12,80	04,545	1	.0,239,848
End of year	\$ 13,0	82,792	\$ 1	2,804,545
			_	امم ، مناطق

continued...

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Year Ended June 30		
	2022	2021	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in			
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (10,798,379)	\$ (10,782,063)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash			
used in operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	1,277,736	1,337,739	
Bad debt recovery	(47,577)	(48,187)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that			
provided (used) cash:			
Accounts receivable	(128,547)	186,120	
Other current assets	(152,431)	(20,189)	
Accounts payable	905,701	99,334	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	118,248	47,295	
Unearned revenue	153,939	(49,168)	
Change in net pension liability	(2,980,714)	365,227	
Change in net OPEB liability	(1,047,509)	(527,984)	
Change in deferred inflows of pension amounts	2,156,209	(264,808)	
Change in deferred inflows of OPEB amounts	456,285	351,679	
Change in deferred outflows of pension amounts	879,062	666,866	
Change in deferred outflows of OPEB amounts	227,337	(13,013)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (8,980,640)	\$ (8,651,152)	

concluded

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statements of Financial Position and Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Discretely Presented Component Unit Glen Oaks Community College Foundation

	June 30			
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION				
Assets		2022		2021
Investments	\$	3,550,794	\$	4,011,386
Related party receivable		17,237		133,473
Total assets	\$	3,568,031	\$	4,144,859
Liabilities				
Related party accounts payable (equals total liabilities)	\$	3,264	\$	22,851
Net assets		422.002		
Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions		423,902		475,668
with donor restrictions		3,140,865		3,646,340
Total net assets		3,564,767		4,122,008
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	3,568,031	\$	4,144,859
		Year Ende	uL b	ne 30
STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS				
		2022		2021
Support (losses) revenues and gains				
Contributions	\$	65,946	\$	105,433
Net investment (loss) income		(443,349)		847,484
Total support (losses) revenues and gains		(377,403)		952,917
Expenses				
Program services		61,474		68,523
Management and general		67,379		56,512
Fundraising		31,271		28,265
Total expenses		160,124		153,300
·				
Support and revenue (less than) in excess of expenses		(537,527)		799,617
Transfers to Glen Oaks Community College		(19,714)		
(Decrease) increase in net assets	_	(557,241)		799,617
Net assets, beginning of year		4,122,008		3,322,391
Net assets, end of year	Ş	3,564,767	Ş	4,122,008

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### . BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

**Glen Oaks Community College** (the "College") is a Michigan community college whose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to public colleges and universities outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 35 and the *Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting – Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001.* The College reports as a business-type activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The College's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus,* which requires examination of significant operational or financial relationships with the College. Based on the application of the criteria, the College has one component unit. A component unit is a separate legal entity that is included in the College's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational financial relationships with the College.

Glen Oaks Community College Foundation (the "Foundation") is discretely reported as a separate component unit of the College's reporting entity (although it is legally separate and governed by its own board of directors) because its sole purpose is to provide support for the College. The Foundation does not issue its own financial statements. The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences.

#### **Risks and Economic Uncertainties**

The outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"), which the World Health Organization declared in March 2020 to be a pandemic, continues to spread throughout the United States of America and the globe. The extent of the ultimate impact of the pandemic on the College's operational and financial performance will depend on various developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, and its impact on students, employees, and vendors, all of which cannot be reasonably predicted at this time. In response to the pandemic, the College was awarded \$3,508,207 during 2021 from the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act and American Rescue Plan Act. The College recognized revenue from these awards of \$2,085,980 and \$1,422,227 during 2022 and 2021, respectively. The College was additionally awarded funding and recognized revenue in the amount of \$297,100 during fiscal year 2021 through the Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund. While management reasonably expects the COVID-19 outbreak to impact the College's financial condition, operating results, and timing and amounts of cash flows, the related financial consequences and duration are highly uncertain.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

### Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies followed by the College and Foundation are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader:

#### Accrual Basis

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred and certain measurement and matching criteria are met.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less.

#### Short-Term Investments

Short-term investments, comprised of certificates of deposit and U.S. government obligations with original maturities of more than 90 days at the time of purchase and which mature within one year, are carried at fair value.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances at year end. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a provision for bad debt expense when necessary and an adjustment to an allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to expense to the allowance and a credit to accounts receivable.

#### Investments

The College and Foundation carry investments at fair value, which is determined generally by using quoted market prices. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the statements of activities and changes in net assets within net investment (loss) income for the College and Foundation. Realized and unrealized gains and losses from securities in the investment accounts are allocated monthly based on the relationship of the estimated market value of each account to the total market value of the investment accounts, as adjusted for additions to or deductions from those accounts. Net investment (loss) income for the Foundation is reported net of external investment expenses.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the reporting entity transacts such sales or transfers based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Assumptions are developed based on prioritizing information within a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3).

A description of each category in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.
- Level 2: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all-significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

For a further discussion of fair value measurement, refer to Note 3 to the financial statements.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Gifts of property are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time gifts are received. Expenses for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Land and construction in progress is not depreciated. Expenses for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of the assets are capitalized. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation:

Classification	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	10-20 years
Furniture, fixtures and	
equipment	5-7 years
Library materials	5 years

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Student tuition and related revenues and expenses of an academic semester are reported in the fiscal year in which the program is conducted. Room and board and other auxiliary activities are reported in the fiscal year in which it is earned. State appropriation revenue is recognized in the period for which it is appropriated. Property taxes are recorded as revenue when received, which approximates the amounts when levied. Restricted grant revenue is recognized only to the extent expended. Restricted and unrestricted resources are allocated to the appropriate departments within the College that are responsible for adhering to any donor restrictions. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the College's policy is to first apply restricted net position.

The Foundation's contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are reported as revenue when received and measured at fair value. Conditional promises to give, which have a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. An allowance for uncollectible contributions is established based on an estimated percentage of total contributions receivable, past history of collection, and future expectation for collection of various accounts. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. Substantially all of the Foundation's appropriations and grants are considered to be contributions for purposes of applying revenue recognition policies.

### **Operating and Nonoperating Revenue**

Operating activities reported on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are those activities that generally result from exchange transactions, such as payments received for providing services and payments made for services or goods received. Operating revenues of the College include activities, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances; (2) auxiliary activities; and (3) most federal, state, and local grants and nonoperating revenues of the College include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operations are recorded as nonoperating revenue, including state appropriations, property taxes, Federal Pell grant, Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grants and the Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund grant.

### **Unearned Revenue**

Revenue related to tuition and fees and room and board revenue received and related to the next fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### **Classification of Expenses**

Expenses are recognized when the service is provided or when materials are received. The College has classified expenses as either operating or nonoperating expenses according to the following criteria:

Operating expenses include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) employee salaries, benefits, and related expenses; (2) scholarships and fellowships; (3) utilities, supplies, and other services; (4) professional fees; and (5) depreciation.

Nonoperating expenses include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as interest on capital asset-related debt and other expenses that are defined as nonoperating expenses by governmental accounting standards.

#### Income Taxes

The Foundation is a not-for-profit organization exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from similar state and local taxes. Although the Foundation was granted income tax exemption by the Internal Revenue Service, such exemption does not apply to "unrelated business taxable income." The Foundation analyzes its income tax filing positions in the federal and state jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns, for all open tax years in these jurisdictions, to identify potential uncertain tax positions. The Foundation has evaluated its income tax filing positions for fiscal years 2019 through 2022, the years which remain subject to examination as of June 30, 2022. The Foundation concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Foundation's financial statements. The Foundation does not expect the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits ("UTB") (e.g. tax deductions, exclusions, or credits claimed or expected to be claimed) to significantly change in the next twelve months. The Foundation does not have any amounts accrued for interest and penalties related to UTBs at June 30, 2022 or 2021, and is not aware of any claims for such mounts by federal or state income tax authorities.

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The College reports deferred outflows of resources for certain pension and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") related amounts, such as differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and certain contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date. More detailed information can be found in Note 7.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB related amounts, such as the difference between projected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and state appropriations for pensions received subsequent to the measurement dates. More detailed information can be found in Note 7.

#### Pension and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position**

Net position is classified into the following categories:

*Net investment in capital assets:* Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

*Restricted expendable:* Net position whose use by the College is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time. The restricted balance of the College consists primarily of funds restricted for scholarships and fellowships.

*Unrestricted:* Net position that is not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Trustees.

### Foundation Classification of Net Assets

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

*Net assets without donor restrictions:* Contain amounts not restricted by donors and those on which the donor-imposed restrictions have expired.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

*Net assets with donor restrictions:* Contain donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Donor-imposed restrictions are released from restrictions when the restrictions are satisfied either by the passage of time or by actions of the Foundation. However, if a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, the Foundation reports the support as revenue without donor restrictions. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include but are not limited to the assumptions based on historical trends and industry standards used in the actuarial valuations of the MPSERS pension and OPEB plans.

#### Reclassification

Certain amounts as reported in the fiscal 2021 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2022 presentation.

#### Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Foundation has evaluated, for potential recognition or disclosure, significant events or transactions that occurred during the period subsequent to June 30, 2022, the most recent statement of financial position presented herein, through October 28, 2022, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. No significant such events or transactions were identified by the Foundation.

#### 2. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on July 1 and December 1 based on taxable values as of the preceding December 31. The taxes, which are collected and remitted to the College by townships within the College district boundaries, are collected through February 28. Uncollected real property taxes of the College are turned over to the counties in which the district is located for subsequent collection. The College is subsequently paid 100 percent of delinquent real property taxes through the counties' tax revolving funds. These payments are usually received within three to five months after the delinquency date.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the year in which taxes are received. The College has determined that there would not be a significant difference if recognized in the year for which taxes have been levied, as required by GASB.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, \$2.7186 and \$2.7249, respectively, of tax per \$1,000 of taxable property value in the community college taxing district was levied for general operating purposes on all property.

### 3. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The College's deposits and investments are included on the statements of net position under the following classifications as of June 30:

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Long-term investments	\$ 13,082,792 791,130 693,071	\$ 12,804,545 591,419 632,962
Total	\$ 14,566,993	\$ 14,028,926

The College's cash and cash equivalents consist of the following as of June 30:

	2022	2021
Bank deposits (checking accounts, savings accounts) Petty cash or cash on hand	\$ 13,082,342 450	\$ 12,804,075 470
Total	\$ 13,082,792	\$ 12,804,545

#### Deposits

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of the College's deposits was \$14,750,692 and \$13,962,164, respectively. Of that amount, \$1,000,000 and \$794,575 was insured at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The remaining \$13,750,692 and \$13,167,589 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The College believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the College evaluates each institution with which it deposits College funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Investments

The College and the Foundation utilize fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to their investment securities and to determine fair value disclosures. These assets are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis.

The following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets recorded at fair value. The description includes an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets are classified. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2022 or 2021.

### <u>College</u>

*U.S. government obligations:* Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

*U.S. government exchange traded funds:* Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

*Certificates of deposit:* Valued at face value plus accrued interest earned and classified as Level 1.

Money market fund: Valued at face value and classified as Level 1.

### **Foundation**

*Corporate bonds:* Corporate bonds and debentures valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the security is traded are classified as Level 1.

*U.S. government exchange traded bond funds:* U.S. government exchange traded bond funds and debentures valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the security is traded are classified as Level 1.

*Common stocks:* Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported on the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

*Mutual bond funds:* Shares held in mutual bond funds are valued at quoted market prices that represent the net asset value ("NAV") of shares held by the Foundation at year end and are classified as Level 1. The NAV is based on the value of the underlying assets owned by the fund, minus its liabilities then divided by the number of shares outstanding.

*Bond exchange traded funds:* Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

*Equity exchange traded funds:* Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

Money market fund: Valued at face value and classified as Level 1.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the College's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30:

2022	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Total
U.S. government obligations U.S. government exchange traded	\$ 141,232	\$		-	\$	-	\$	141,232
funds	194,217		-	-		-		194,217
Certificates of deposit	1,029,677		-	-		-		1,029,677
Money market fund	 119,075		-			-		119,075
Total investments	\$ 1,484,201	\$			\$	-	\$	1,484,201
		_				_	_	
2021	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Total
U.S. government obligations U.S. government exchange traded	\$ 24,710	\$	-	-	\$	-	\$	24,710
funds	218,257		-	-		-		218,257
Certificates of deposit	903,629		-	-		-		903,629
Money market fund	 77,785		-			-		77,785

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Foundation's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30:

2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate bonds U.S. government exchange	\$ 236,555	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 236,555
traded bond funds	383,315	-	-	383,315
Common stocks	1,817,479	-	-	1,817,479
Mutual bond funds	199,020	-	-	199,020
Bond exchange traded funds	60,517	-	-	60,517
Equity exchange traded funds	569,759	-	-	569,759
Money market fund	 284,149	 -	 -	 284,149
Total investments at fair value	\$ 3,550,794	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,550,794

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate bonds	\$ 549,537	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 549,537
U.S. government exchange				
traded bond funds	308,609	-	-	308,609
Common stocks	2,136,931	-	-	2,136,931
Mutual bond funds	100,249	-	-	100,249
Bond exchange traded funds	181,386	-	-	181,386
Equity exchange traded funds	690,099	-	-	690,099
Money market fund	 44,575	 -	 -	 44,575
Total investments at fair value	\$ 4,011,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,011,386

## **Custodial Credit Risk of Investments**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk. All of the investments are, however, in the name of the College, and the investments are held in trust accounts with each financial institution from which they were purchased.

The College's investments at Century Bank were approximately 53% and 68% of the investment portfolio at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The nationally recognized statistical rating organization ("NRSRO") utilized is primarily Moody's Investor Service. At June 30, 2022, the College's investments subject to credit risk (interest rate fluctuations) held by counterparties that possess NRSRO ratings of AAA consisted of the following:

	Fa	air Value	.ess Than One Year		1	5 Years	6-10 Years	
Federal Home Loan Bank matures								
November 18, 2024	\$	71,256	\$	-	\$	71,256	\$	-
Federal Home Loan Bank matures July 29, 2025		23,378		_		23,378		_
Federal Home Loan Bank matures		23,378		-		23,378		-
November 24, 2026		46,598		-		46,598		-
Total	\$	141,232	\$	-	\$	141,232	\$	-

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The NRSRO utilized is primarily Moody's Investor Service. At June 30, 2021, the College's investments subject to credit risk (interest rate fluctuations) held by counterparties that possess NRSRO ratings of AAA consisted of the following:

	Fair	· Value	Less Than One Year		1-5	5 Years	6-10 Years	
Federal Home Loan Bank matures July 29, 2025	\$	24,710	\$	-	\$	24,710	\$	-

The College had the following certificates of deposit maturities at June 30:

2022	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years	Total
Certificates of deposit	\$ 791,130	\$ 238,547	\$ 1,029,677
2021	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years	Total
Certificates of deposit	\$ 591,419	\$ 312,210	\$ 903,629

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate risk will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments with interest rates that are affixed for longer periods are likely to be subject to more variability in their fair values as a result of future changes in interest rates.

The College does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

### Credit Risk

The College is authorized by Michigan Public Act 331, as amended through 1997, and by resolution of the board of trustees to invest surplus monies in U.S. Treasury bonds, bills, notes, mutual funds, certain commercial paper, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The College places no limit on the amount the College may invest in one issuer.

#### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Foundation invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks.

#### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

Accounts receivable, net consist of the following at June 30:

	2022		2021
Student, net of allowance of \$74,229 in both 2022 and 2021 Grants and contracts State appropriations Third party and other - net of allowance of	\$ 271,366 624,152 503,791	\$	92,935 1,175,674 502,737
\$15,000 in both 2022 and 2021 Total	\$ 186,305 <b>1,585,614</b>	\$	20,484 <b>1,791,830</b>

All amounts deemed to be uncollectible are charged to the valuation allowance in the period that determination is made. Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the College's past collection experience, adverse situations that may affect the student's ability to repay, and current economic conditions.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 782,115	\$-	\$-	\$ 782,115
Construction in progress	425,147	3,893,626		4,318,773
Coletatel a su de una ciele la				
Subtotal nondepreciable	1 207 262	2 802 626		E 100 999
capital assets	1,207,262	3,893,626		5,100,888
Depreciable capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	32,619,173	25,771	-	32,644,944
Library materials	412,081	11,983	(21,864)	402,200
Furniture, fixtures and				
equipment	3,905,015	400,298	(668,302)	3,637,011
Culture in the second				
Subtotal depreciable capital	26.026.260	429.052	(600.166)	26 694 155
assets	36,936,269	438,052	(690,166)	36,684,155
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	17,110,711	1,192,185	-	18,302,896
Library materials	386,861	10,144	(21,864)	375,141
Furniture, fixtures and				
equipment	3,395,815	75,407	(668,302)	2,802,920
Total accumulated depreciation	20,893,387	1,277,736	(690,166)	21,480,957
Subtotal depreciable capital				
assets, net	16,042,882	(839,684)		15,203,198
Total capital assets, net	\$ 17,250,144	\$ 3,053,942	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 20,304,086

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2021
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 782,115	\$-	\$-	\$ 782,115
Construction in progress	196,856	228,291		425,147
Subtotal nondepreciable				
capital assets	978,971	228,291		1,207,262
Depreciable capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	31,847,424	771,749	-	32,619,173
Library materials	402,809	9,272	-	412,081
Furniture, fixtures and				
equipment	3,767,899	151,499	(14,383)	3,905,015
Subtotal depreciable capital				
assets	36,018,132	932,520	(14,383)	36,936,269
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	15,989,235	1,121,476	-	17,110,711
Library materials	377,052	9,809	-	386,861
Furniture, fixtures and				
equipment	3,203,744	206,454	(14,383)	3,395,815
Total accumulated depreciation	19,570,031	1,337,739	(14,383)	20,893,387
Subtotal depreciable capital				
assets, net	16,448,101	(405,219)		16,042,882
Total capital assets, net	\$ 17,427,072	\$ (176,928)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,250,144

Construction in progress consists mainly of ongoing facility assessments and campus renovation projects. Management estimates the cost to complete these projects was approximately \$4,200,000 as of June 30, 2022.

On September 30, 2021, the College entered into a capital outlay project management agreement with the State of Michigan. This agreement provides funding up to an authorized amount of \$7,300,000 to be used for capital additions, renovations, or improvements to the College.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligation activity for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was as follows:

	Balance ly 1, 2021	Addit	ions	Re	ductions	Balance ne 30, 2022		Current Portion
Direct borrowings USDA loan - Student housing USDA loan -	\$ 5,874,000	\$	-	\$	(166,000)	\$ 5,708,000	\$	170,000
Concourse	2,075,000		-		(45,000)	2,030,000		47,000
Total direct borrowings (equals to total debt)	\$ 7,949,000	\$	-	\$	(211,000)	\$ 7,738,000	\$	217,000
<b>,</b>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
	Balance ly 1, 2020	Addit	ions	Re	ductions	Balance ne 30, 2021		Current Portion
Direct borrowings USDA loan -								
Student housing USDA loan -	\$ 6,036,000	\$	-	\$	(162,000)	\$ 5,874,000	\$	166,000
Concourse	2,118,000		-		(43,000)	2,075,000		45,000

#### **USDA** Loans

In September 2016, the College obtained a Community College Facilities Loan from the United States Department of Agriculture in an amount not to exceed \$6.5 million, which was used to fund the construction costs of the student housing, which was completed during fiscal 2018. The loan matures serially through 2046, with principal payments ranging from \$155,000 to \$297,000 due each December 1. Interest is charged at 2.375% and is payable semi-annually.

In August 2018, the College obtained a Community College Facilities Loan from the United States Department of Agriculture in an amount not to exceed \$2.2 million, which was used to fund the construction costs of the concourse, which was completed in fiscal 2021. The loan matures serially through 2048, with principal payments ranging from \$40,000 and \$121,000 due each June 17. Interest is charged at 3.875% and is payable semi-annually.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Total principal and interest maturities on the direct borrowing obligations as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Direct Borrowing Obligations					
Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest			Total
2023	\$	217,000	\$	214,228	\$	431,228
2024		222,000		208,369		430,369
2025		228,000		202,376		430,376
2026		234,000		196,212		430,212
2027		241,000		189,874		430,874
2028-2032		1,307,000		847,514		2,154,514
2033-2037		1,494,000		658,895		2,152,895
2038-2042		1,711,000		441,679		2,152,679
2043-2047		1,963,000		190,654		2,153,654
2048		121,000		4,689		125,689
Totals	\$	7,738,000	\$	3,154,490	\$	10,892,490

#### 7. RETIREMENT PLANS

#### **Defined Benefit Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or "MPSERS") is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services ("ORS") within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Pension Benefits Provided**

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit ("DB") pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

### Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2020 valuation will be amortized over a 18-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022, which excludes supplemental MPSERS UAAL employer stabilization contributions that are passed through the College to MPSERS based on rates ranging from 14.51% - 15.05% on prior year covered payroll:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	19.78% - 20.14%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	19.78% - 20.14%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	16.82% - 17.22%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.59% - 19.93%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.39% - 13.73%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$831,229, \$820,225 and \$748,576 for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022:

	Member	Employer
Benefit Structure	Rates	Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.09% - 8.43%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.23% - 7.57%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the College were \$199,129, \$222,031 and \$219,326 for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution	0.00% - 3.00%	0.00% - 7.00%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 2.00%

For the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, required and actual contributions from the College for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$16,330, \$19,528 and \$20,049, respectively.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College reported a liability of \$6,397,511 and \$9,378,225, respectively, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the College's proportion was 0.02702%, which was a decrease of 0.00028% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020 of 0.02730%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized pension expense of \$860,178. At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ws of Inflows of		•	Net Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	99,100 403,276	\$	37,674 -	\$	61,426 403,276
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		- 205,957		2,056,779 73,943		(2,056,779) 132,014
		708,333		2,168,396		(1,460,063)
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award		770,066		-		770,066
subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	- 1,478,399	\$	394,836 <b>2,563,232</b>	\$	(394,836) (1,084,833)

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The \$770,066 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. The \$394,836 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to Sec 147c of the State School Aid Act (PA 94 of 1979), will be recognized as State Aid revenue for the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (57,090) (322,707) (515,926) (564,340)
Total	\$ (1,460,063)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,530,482. At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2021	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		(1	Net Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	143,292	\$	20,016	\$	123,276
Changes in assumptions	•	1,039,198	•	-	•	1,039,198
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		39,403		-		39,403
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		383,207		15,614		367,593
share of contributions		303,207		15,014		307,333
		1,605,100		35,630		1,569,470
College contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		752,361		-		752,361
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award						
subsequent to the measurement date		-		371,393		(371,393)
Total	\$	2,357,461	\$	407,023	\$	1,950,438

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College reported a liability of \$399,568 and \$1,447,077 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the College's proportion was 0.02618%, which was a decrease of 0.00083% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020 of 0.02701%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized a reduction in OPEB expense of \$189,466. At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Outflows of Inflows of		Inflows of (Inflo	
Differences between expected and	<u> </u>		4 4 4 9 5 2 7	¢	
actual experience	\$	- \$ 0		\$	(1,140,537)
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	334,01	9	49,982		284,037
earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate		-	301,161		(301,161)
share of contributions	104,61	9	84,614		20,005
College contributions subsequent to the	438,63	8	1,576,294	-	(1,137,656)
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	143,64	7	_		143,647
Total	\$ 582,28	<u>5 </u>	\$ 1,576,294	\$	(994,009)

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The \$143,647 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as a reduction in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Amount
2023	\$ (266,762)
2024	(255 <i>,</i> 769)
2025	(259,444)
2026	(252,153)
2027	(91,520)
Thereafter	(12,008)
Total	\$ (1,137,656)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$3,821. At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2021	Ou	Dutflows of Ir		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Inflows of		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,078,208	\$	(1,078,208)		
Changes in assumptions		477,130		-	-	477,130		
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on OPEB plan investments		12,077		-		12,077		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate								
share of contributions		156,861		41,801		115,060		
		646,068		1,120,009		(473,941)		
College contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		163,554		-		163,554		
Total	\$	809,622	\$	1,120,009	\$	(310,387)		

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2020 and 2019 actuarial valuations (for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021) were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return:	
MIP and Basic plans	
(non-hybrid)	6.80%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.80%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.95%
Projected salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
	(7.0% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120 in 2019)
Mortality	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP- 2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were used for both males and females.
Other OPEB assumptions:	
Opt out assumptions	21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the retiree health plan.
Survivor coverage	80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
Coverage election at retirement	75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2021, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4367 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.1312 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4892 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 5.9870 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, are summarized in the following tables:

2021 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.09%	1.27%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.58%	1.37%
International equity pools	15.00%	7.08%	1.06%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	-0.73%	-0.08%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.12%	0.51%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.42%	0.22%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	5.73%	0.72%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-1.29%	-0.03%
	100.00%		5.04%
Inflation			2.00%
Risk adjustment			-0.24%
Investment rate of return			6.80%

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

2020 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools Private equity pools International equity pools Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools Real return/opportunistic pools Short-term investment pools	25.00% 16.00% 15.00% 10.50% 10.00% 9.00% 12.50% 2.00%	5.29% 8.78% 6.98% 0.47% 4.62% 3.02% 6.23% -0.09%	1.32% 1.40% 1.05% 0.05% 0.46% 0.27% 0.78% 0.00%
	100.00%		5.33%
Inflation Risk adjustment			2.10% -0.63%
Investment rate of return			6.80%

### Long-Term Expected Return of OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, are summarized in the following tables:

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

2021 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools Private equity pools International equity pools Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools Real return/opportunistic pools Short-term investment pools	25.00% 16.00% 15.00% 10.50% 10.00% 9.00% 12.50% 2.00% 100.00%	5.09% 8.58% 7.08% -0.73% 5.12% 2.42% 5.73% -1.29%	1.27% 1.37% 1.06% -0.08% 0.51% 0.22% 0.72% -0.03% 5.04%
Inflation Risk adjustment			2.00% -0.09%
Investment rate of return			6.95%
2020 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools Private equity pools International equity pools Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools Real return/opportunistic pools Short-term investment pools	25.00% 16.00% 15.00% 10.50% 10.00% 9.00% 12.50% 2.00%	5.29% 8.78% 6.98% 0.47% 4.62% 3.02% 6.23% -0.09%	1.32% 1.40% 1.05% 0.05% 0.46% 0.27% 0.78% 0.00%
Inflation	100.00%		5.33% 2.10%
Risk adjustment			-0.48%
Investment rate of return			6.95%

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

### Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.30% and 27.14%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.37% and 5.24%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Discount Rate**

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and a discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

### Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2022:

	 % Decrease 80% / 5.80% / 5.00%)	(6.	Current scount Rate 80% / 6.80% / 6.00%)	_	% Increase 80% / 7.80% / 7.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,146,705	\$	6,397,511	\$	4,118,248

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2021:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
	(5.80% / 5.80%	(6.80% / 6.80%	(7.80% / 7.80%
	/ 5.00%)	/ 6.00%)	/ 7.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 12,138,521	\$ 9,378,225	\$ 7,090,554

### Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2022:

	Decrease (5.95%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.95%)	1	% Increase (7.95%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 742,469	\$	399,568	\$	108,567

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2021:

	19	% Decrease (5.95%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.95%)	1	% Increase (7.95%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,858,935	\$	1,447,077	\$	1,100,327

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

### Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2022:

	 Decrease 5.75%)	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (7.75%)		% Increase (8.75%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 97,252	\$	399,568	\$ 739,709

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2021:

	19	% Decrease (6.0%)	 Current althcare Cost Trend Rate (7.0%)	% Increase (8.0%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,087,051	\$ 1,447,077	\$ 1,856,563

### Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the College reported a payable of \$134,222 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2021, the College reported a payable of \$116,916 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no payable for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan – Optional Retirement Plan**

The College offers a defined contribution retirement plan for qualified employees. Full-time faculty and administrative employees can elect to participate with the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association-College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF). As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the plan had 58 and 52 participants, respectively.

The TIAA-CREF plan is a defined contribution retirement plan whereby benefits vest immediately. The College contributes a specified percentage of employee wages and has no liability beyond its own contribution. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, that contribution rate was determined to be 14 percent. This resulted in the College contributing \$506,844 and \$474,213 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, to the plan.

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The College participates in the Michigan Community College Risk Management Authority (risk pool) for claims related to auto, property, and liability, has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits provided to employees, and participates in the Accident Fund of Michigan risk pool for claims relating to employee injuries. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Michigan Community College Risk Management Authority risk pool operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the service pool that the service pool uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the College has ultimate liability for those claims.

#### 9. GLEN OAKS COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION

Glen Oaks Community College Foundation (the "Foundation") was formed to award scholarships and grants to students, faculty and staff of the College and to maintain and develop its facilities and services for educational opportunities and service. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation made grants and distributions, from net assets with donor restrictions, to and on behalf of the College to be used for scholarships totaling \$61,182 and \$68,523, respectively. The components of the Foundation's net assets with donor restrictions are both for programs and scholarships as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following at June 30:

	2022	2021
Subject to expenditures for specified purpose: Scholarships and grants	\$ 162,908	\$ 260,696
Endowments Subject to endowment spending policy and appropriation: Scholarships	2,977,957	3,385,644
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 3,140,865	\$ 3,646,340

Changes in net assets with donor restrictions, subject to expenditures for specified purpose for the years ended June 30 consist of the following:

	2022	2021
Subject to expenditures for specified purpose, beginning of year Net investment (loss) gain Contributions	\$ 260,696 (81,680) 23,192	\$ 38,034 164,337 67,125
Amounts appropriated for expenditure	(39,300)	 (8,800)
Subject to expenditures for specified purpose, end of year	\$ 162,908	\$ 260,696

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **10. FOUNDATION LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF RESOURCES**

Financial assets available for general expenditures, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statements of financial position date, comprise the following for the Foundation as of June 30:

	2022	2021
Financial assets		
Investments	\$ 3,550,794	\$ 4,011,386
Related party receivable	17,237	133,473
Total financial assets	3,568,031	4,144,859
Less amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year due to:		
Net assets with donor restrictions	(3,140,865)	(3,646,340)
Total financial assets available for general use within one year	\$ 427,166	\$ 498,519

The endowment funds consist of donor-restricted endowments. Income from donor-restricted endowments is restricted for specific purposes, with the exception of the amounts available for general use. Donor-restricted endowment funds are not available for general expenditure.

As part of the Foundation's liquidity plan, there is an annual distribution from Foundation endowment investments subject to an annual spending policy as described in Note 11.

# **11. ENDOWMENT**

The Foundation's permanent endowments consist of 41 individual, donor-restricted funds established for student scholarships. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted the State of Michigan Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("SPMIFA") as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, net assets with donor restrictions consist of the original value of gifts to the endowment and the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment. Donor-restricted amounts not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditure by use in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA. In accordance with SPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

(1) The duration and preservation of the various funds, (2) the purposes of the donor-restricted endowment funds, (3) general economic conditions, (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation, (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments, (6) other resources of the Foundation, and (7) the Foundation's investment policies.

From time to time, certain donor-restricted endowment funds may have fair values less than the amounts required to be maintained by donors or by law (underwater endowments). The Foundation has interpreted SPMIFA to permit spending from underwater endowments in accordance with prudent measures required under law. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, management has determined funds with deficiencies is insignificant.

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30:

	2022	2021
Endowment funds with donor restrictions Original donor-restricted gift amount and		
amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor Accumulated investment earnings	\$ 1,728,621 1,249,336	\$ 1,714,091 1,671,553
Total funds	\$ 2,977,957	\$ 3,385,644

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Changes in endowment net assets all of which are donor restricted for the years ended June 30:

	2022	2021
Endowment net assets - beginning of year Net investment (loss) gain Contributions Amounts appropriated for expenditure	\$ 3,385,644 (361,671) 15,230 (61,246)	\$ 2,749,028 687,458 12,090 (62,932)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 2,977,957	\$ 3,385,644

#### **Return Objectives and Risk Parameters**

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Foundation must hold in perpetuity. Under this policy, as approved by the board of directors, the endowment assets are invested to achieve the following objectives: (I) growth and modest income, (2) safety of principal, (3) an average risk tolerance, (4) capital appreciation, (5) long-term investments, and (6) support of local community banks and savings institutions.

### Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation of 3 percent to 10 percent cash, 10 percent to 25 percent fixed income and 60 percent to 75 percent equities. Exposure within each asset class is determined by (I) the Foundation's investment objectives and risk tolerance, (2) the prevailing relative valuation between the primary competing assets classes (fixed income and equities), and (3) the fundamental strength of the economy.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 5 percent of the 20 quarter average of the fair value of investment holdings as of March 31 in the fiscal year in which the distribution is planned. Any donations received during the current year will be held for two years for income growth before each becomes part of the spending calculation or once the fund has reached the target income from an established minimum amount set by the donor. If, at any time, the fair value of the endowments is less than the principal amount, the principal will be held whole and the unrestricted funds may be used for scholarship distributions as well as administration and fundraising expenses. The amount to be distributed as scholarships and grants shall be 5 percent of the average as determined above. The specific amount available for distribution shall be made by the board of directors at the May regularly scheduled meeting. The board of directors shall reserve the right to change the amount to be distributed at any time. The amount determined to be available by the board of directors shall be distributed as follows: 4 percent will be used for scholarships, administration and fundraising expenses and 1 percent may apply to a Glen Oaks Community College special request at the board's discretion subject to donor agreements.

#### **12. FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES - FOUNDATION**

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and changes in net assets. The table below presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Expenses are generally allocated between program services and supporting services based on specific identification or space utilized, whichever is more appropriate.

		Program Services		Supportin			
				anagement nd General	Fu	ndraising	Total
Scholarships and grants	\$	61,474	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 61,474
Salaries and wages		-		23,002		28,822	51,824
Benefits		-		13,516		-	13,516
Payroll taxes		-		4,111		-	4,111
Fundraising expenses		-		-		2,449	2,449
Marketing and advertising		-		5,586		-	5,586
Software		-		1,569		-	1,569
Other		-		19,595		-	 19,595
Total expenses	\$	61,474	\$	67,379	\$	31,271	\$ 160,124

# Notes to Financial Statements

		Program Services		Supportin	ices			
				Management and General		draising		Total
Scholarships and grants	\$	69 533	\$		ć	_	ć	69 533
Scholarships and grants Salaries and wages	Ş	68,523	Ş	- 21,789	\$	- 27,594	\$	68,523 49,383
Benefits				13,336		27,394		13,336
Payroll taxes		-		3,762		-		3,762
Fundraising expenses		-				671		671
Marketing and advertising		-		84		-		84
Software		-		8,734		-		8,734
Professional fees		-		2,625		-		2,625
Other		-		6,182		-		6,182
Total expenses	\$	68,523	\$	56,512	\$	28,265	\$	153,300

----

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MPSERS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLANS

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plans

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,397,511	\$ 9,378,225	\$ 9,012,998	\$ 7,618,491	\$ 6,243,023	\$ 6,039,713	\$ 5,925,541	\$ 6,367,232		
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.02702%	0.02730%	0.02722%	0.02534%	0.02409%	0.02421%	0.02426%	0.02891%		
College's covered payroll	\$ 2,384,747	\$ 2,414,535	\$ 2,418,481	\$ 2,275,555	\$ 2,047,078	\$ 2,010,714	\$ 2,181,157	\$ 2,512,565		
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	268.27%	388.41%	372.67%	334.80%	304.97%	300.38%	271.67%	253.42%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%		

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plans Schedule of the College's Pension Contributions

		Year Ended June 30							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 831,229	\$ 820,225	\$ 748,576	\$ 690,030	\$ 712,820	\$ 553,015	\$ 477,579	\$ 681,185	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(831,229)	(820,225)	(748,576)	(690,030)	(712,820)	(553,015)	(477,579)	(681,185)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	
College's covered payroll	\$ 2,291,116	\$ 2,459,279	\$ 2,424,243	\$ 2,413,353	\$ 2,209,883	\$ 2,104,542	\$ 1,995,382	\$ 2,391,972	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	36.28%	33.35%	30.88%	28.59%	32.26%	26.28%	23.93%	28.48%	

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plans Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Liability

	Year Ended June 30							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 399,568	\$ 1,447,077	\$ 1,975,061	\$ 2,112,672	\$ 2,145,151			
College's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.02618%	0.02701%	0.02752%	0.02658%	0.02422%			
College's covered payroll	\$ 2,384,747	\$ 2,414,535	\$ 2,414,481	\$ 2,275,555	\$ 2,047,078			
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.76%	59.93%	81.67%	92.84%	104.79%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%			

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plans

Schedule of the College's Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Contributions

	Ye					Ended June a			
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$	199,129	\$	222,031	\$	219,326	\$	239,163	\$ 154,536
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(199,129)		(222,031)		(219,326)		(239,163)	 (154,536)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$ -
College's covered payroll	\$	2,291,116	\$	2,459,279	\$	2,424,243	\$	2,413,353	\$ 2,209,883
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.69%		9.03%		9.05%		9.91%	6.99%

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Pension Information**

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

#### **OPEB Information**

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# **Combining Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (with comparative totals for 2021)

	General	Designated	Pension and OPEB Liability	Auxiliary	Restricted	Plant	Agency	Tatal		Combined Total	Combined Total
Assets	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Fund	Fund	Total	Eliminations	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Current assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,562,678	\$ 720,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 42,125	\$ 1,757,989	\$-	\$ 13,082,792	\$-	\$ 13,082,792	\$ 12,804,545
Short-term investments	-	-	-	-	-	791,130	-	791,130	-	791,130	591,419
Accounts receivable, net	961,345	-	-	-	624,269	-	-	1,585,614	-	1,585,614	1,791,830
Other current assets	721,740	-	-	-	-	-	-	721,740	-	721,740	569,309
Due from (to) other funds	13,135,688	(1,119,157)		2,061,430	(635,819)	(13,524,651)	82,509				
Total current assets	25,381,451	(399,157)		2,061,430	30,575	(10,975,532)	82,509	16,181,276		16,181,276	15,757,103
Noncurrent assets											
Long-term investments	-	-	-	-	-	693,071	-	693,071	-	693,071	632,962
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	-	-	5,100,888	-	5,100,888	-	5,100,888	1,207,262
Capital assets being depreciated, net						15,203,198		15,203,198		15,203,198	16,042,882
Total noncurrent assets						20,997,157		20,997,157		20,997,157	17,883,106
Total assets	25,381,451	(399,157)		2,061,430	30,575	10,021,625	82,509	37,178,433		37,178,433	33,640,209
Deferred outflows of resources											
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	1,478,399	-	-	-	-	1,478,399	-	1,478,399	2,357,461
Deferred OPEB amounts	-	-	582,285	-	-	-	-	582,285	-	582,285	809,622
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	2,060,684	-	-			2,060,684	-	2,060,684	3,167,083
Liabilities											
Current liabilities											
Accounts payable	1,163,495	-	-	-	4,109	-	82,509	1,250,113	-	1,250,113	344,412
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	1,192,532	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,192,532	-	1,192,532	1,074,284
Unearned revenue	180,695	-	-	285,252	-	-	-	465,947	-	465,947	312,008
Long-term obligations, current portion						217,000		217,000		217,000	211,000
Total current liabilities	2,536,722			285,252	4,109	217,000	82,509	3,125,592		3,125,592	1,941,704
Noncurrent liabilities											
Long-term obligations, net of											
current portion	-	-	-	-	-	7,521,000	-	7,521,000	-	7,521,000	7,738,000
Net pension liability	-	-	6,397,511	-	-	-	-	6,397,511	-	6,397,511	9,378,225
Net OPEB liability			399,568					399,568	-	399,568	1,447,077
Total noncurrent liabilities			6,797,079			7,521,000		14,318,079		14,318,079	18,563,302
Total liabilities	2,536,722		6,797,079	285,252	4,109	7,738,000	82,509	17,443,671		17,443,671	20,505,006
Deferred inflows of resources											
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	2,563,232	-	-	-	-	2,563,232	-	2,563,232	407,023
Deferred OPEB amounts			1,576,294		-			1,576,294	-	1,576,294	1,120,009
Total deferred inflows of resources			4,139,526					4,139,526		4,139,526	1,527,032
Not position											
Net position Net investment in capital assets						12,566,086	-	12,566,086	-	12,566,086	9,301,144
Restricted expendable, scholarships	-	-	-	-	-	12,300,000	-	12,300,000	-	12,000,000	5,501,144
and fellowships	-	-	-	-	26,466	-	-	26,466	-	26,466	4,598
Unrestricted (deficit)	22,844,729	(399,157)	(8,875,921)	1,776,178	-	(10,282,461)		5,063,368		5,063,368	5,469,512
Total net position	\$ 22,844,729	\$ (399,157)	\$ (8,875,921)	\$ 1,776,178	\$ 26,466	\$ 2,283,625	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,655,920	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,655,920	\$ 14,775,254

	Combined	Combin
	Total	Tota
Eliminations	June 30, 2022	June 30,

# **Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position** Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

(with comparative totals for 2021)

			Pension and						Combined	Combined
	General	Designated	<b>OPEB</b> Liability	Auxiliary	Restricted	Plant			Total	Total
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Fund	Total	Eliminations	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Operating revenues										
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 3,418,579	\$ 63,870	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,482,449	\$ (1,188,326)	\$ 2,294,123	\$ 2,172,612
Federal grants and contracts	-	-	-	-	400,195	-	400,195	-	400,195	606,270
State grants and contracts	-	-	-	-	712,667	-	712,667	-	712,667	587,534
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	-	-	-	-	132,816	-	132,816	-	132,816	120,859
Sales and services of auxiliary activities, net	-	-	-	588,011	-	-	588,011	-	588,011	420,458
Other sources	705,208	84,926		60,852	29,107	104,557	984,650		984,650	427,394
Total operating revenues	4,123,787	148,796		648,863	1,274,785	104,557	6,300,788	(1,188,326)	5,112,462	4,335,127
Operating expenses										
Instruction	4,017,131	-	(361,095)	-	-	-	3,656,036	-	3,656,036	3,855,413
Public service	2,282	142,518	(90,204)	68,957	-	-	123,553	-	123,553	224,579
Instructional support	1,114,044	-	(83,444)	-	-	-	1,030,600	-	1,030,600	1,113,640
Student services	1,433,175	203,481	(56,052)	184,902	4,276,849	-	6,042,355	(1,188,326)	4,854,029	3,819,165
Institutional administration	2,903,341	-	(7,112)	-	-	-	2,896,229	-	2,896,229	2,727,589
Physical plant operations	1,220,339	14,705	(106,259)	15,485	-	106,928	1,251,198	-	1,251,198	1,088,607
Information technology	821,460	-	-	-	-	-	821,460	-	821,460	950,458
Depreciation						1,277,736	1,277,736		1,277,736	1,337,739
Total operating expenses	11,511,772	360,704	(704,166)	269,344	4,276,849	1,384,664	17,099,167	(1,188,326)	15,910,841	15,117,190
Operating (loss) income	(7,387,985)	(211,908)	704,166	379,519	(3,002,064)	(1,280,107)	(10,798,379)		(10,798,379)	(10,782,063)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)										
State appropriations	4,704,646	-	(394,836)	-	-	-	4,309,810	-	4,309,810	4,250,175
Federal Pell grant	-	-	-	-	1,292,230	-	1,292,230	-	1,292,230	1,217,314
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grants	-	-	-	-	2,085,980	-	2,085,980	-	2,085,980	1,422,227
Federal Coronavirus Relief Fund grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	297,100
Property taxes	6,009,209	-	-	-	-	-	6,009,209	-	6,009,209	5,803,063
Net investment income (loss)	33,444	-	-	-	-	(37,679)	(4,235)	-	(4,235)	34,908
Interest on capital asset - related debt	-	-	-	-	-	(217,942)	(217,942)	-	(217,942)	(223,504)
Insurance claim income	184,279	-	-	-	-	-	184,279	-	184,279	-
Transfers from Glen Oaks Community										
College Foundation	19,714						19,714		19,714	
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	10,951,292		(394,836)		3,378,210	(255,621)	13,679,045		13,679,045	12,801,283
Other revenues										
State capital grants				-						750,000
Transfers (out) in	(114,494)				(354,278)	468,772				
Increase (decrease) in net position	3,448,813	(211,908)	309,330	379,519	21,868	(1,066,956)	2,880,666		2,880,666	2,769,220
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	19,395,916	(187,249)	(9,185,251)	1,396,659	4,598	3,350,581	14,775,254		14,775,254	12,006,034
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 22,844,729	\$ (399,157)	\$ (8,875,921)	\$ 1,776,178	\$ 26,466	\$ 2,283,625	\$ 17,655,920	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 17,655,920	\$ 14,775,254

This page intentionally left blank.