State of Michigan

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor *Prepared by Office of the State Budget* About the Cover: Shown on the cover is a view from the shore of Higgins Lake, one of Michigan's 11,000 inland lakes. Located in our lower peninsula, it is known for its deep, crystal clear waters and has been described as one of the world's most beautiful lakes.

Within Michigan's shores, many visitors have enjoyed Michigan's exceptional recreational facilities included for both summer and winter activities alike. We invite you to explore Michigan recreational opportunities at www. michigan.org.

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State of Michigan

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM Governor

ROBERT L. EMERSON State Budget Director

MICHAEL J. MOODY, CPA Director Office of Financial Management

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JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM GOVERNOR STATE OF MICHIGAN OFFICE OF THE STATE BUDGET LANSING December 31, 2008

ROBERT L. EMERSON DIRECTOR

The Honorable Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor Members of the Legislature People of the State of Michigan

As required by Article 9, Section 21, of the State Constitution and Section 494, Public Act 431 of 1984, as amended, we are pleased to submit the *State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (SOMCAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008.

INTRODUCTION TO THE REPORT

<u>Responsibility</u>: The Office of the State Budget, Office of Financial Management, prepares the SOMCAFR and is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information contained in the SOMCAFR is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the State primary government and component units for which it is financially accountable. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the State's financial affairs have been included.

Adherence to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles: As required by State statute, we have prepared the financial statements contained in the SOMCAFR in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The State also voluntarily follows the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the contents of government financial reports, and participates in the GFOA's review program for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

<u>Report</u>: The SOMCAFR is divided into four major sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and other information:

- The introductory section includes this letter, the State's organization chart, and the list of principal officials.
- The financial section includes: the independent auditor's report on the Basic Financial Statements; Management's
 Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which provides an introduction, overview, and analysis to the Basic Financial
 Statements; the Basic Financial Statements, which present the government-wide financial statements and fund financial
 statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component units, together with footnotes to the
 Basic Financial Statements; Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A, which presents budgetary
 comparison schedules and information about infrastructure assets; and the supplemental financial data which includes the
 combining financial statements and schedules.
- The statistical section includes such items as trend information, information on debt levels, and other selected economic and statistical data.
- The other information section includes General Fund and Special Revenue Funds revenue and expenditure schedules and General Fund source and disposition of spending authorization schedules.

Internal Control Structure: The Office of the State Budget is responsible for the overall operation of the State's central accounting system and for establishing and maintaining the State's internal control structure. The system of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

All financial transactions of the State primary government are recorded in the central accounting system, except for the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, Attorney Discipline System, the State of Michigan Deferred Compensation Funds, the State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Fund, and the Michigan Education Savings Program. Many of the essential control features are decentralized, such as the preparation and entry of expenditure transactions into the central accounting system. Consequently, the Office of the State Budget relies upon the controls in place at the various State departments and agencies.

The Management and Budget Act requires each principal department to maintain adequate internal control systems. Each department is also required to periodically report to the Governor on the adequacy of its internal accounting and administrative control systems and, if any material weaknesses exist, to provide corrective action plans and time schedules for addressing such weaknesses. This reporting is required on or before May 1 of each odd numbered year, effective as of the preceding October 1.

The discretely presented component units generally operate outside the State's central accounting system and are responsible for establishing and maintaining their own separate internal control structures.

Internal Auditors: Pursuant to Executive Order 2007-31, the Office of the State Budget provides internal audit services to executive branch departments and agencies. Office of the State Budget internal audit staff perform periodic financial, performance, and compliance audits of department and agency programs and organizational units. In addition to periodic audits, Office of the State Budget internal audit staff also review department and agency management's processes for establishing, monitoring, and reporting on internal controls; advise department and agency management on internal control matters; and assist department and agency management with investigations of alleged fraud or other irregularities.

Independent Auditors: The Office of the Auditor General (OAG) is the principal auditor of the SOMCAFR. The OAG also relies on the opinions of outside public accounting firms, particularly for component unit financial statements (such as the Michigan State Housing Development Authority and 10 of the State's universities), the larger pension and other employee benefit trust funds, and the Unemployment Compensation funds. The purpose of the OAG's audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 are free of material misstatements. The OAG concluded that the Basic Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 are fairly presented in accordance with GAAP and issued ungualified opinions.

In addition to the annual audit of the SOMCAFR, the OAG also performs periodic financial statement and performance audits of the various State departments, agencies, and institutions of higher education. The Auditor General also has primary responsibility for conducting audits under the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. Pursuant to Michigan Public Act 251 of 1986, these audits are conducted biennially for applicable State departments, agencies and component unit authorities, and result in separately issued audit reports.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)</u>: GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Michigan was admitted to the Union as the 26th state in 1837. The State is governed under the Constitution of 1963, as amended.

Executive Branch: The Executive Branch consists of 18 principal departments. Fifteen principal departments are headed by commissions and/or directors appointed by the elected governor. Elected officials head two principal departments, Attorney General and State, and one, Education, is headed by an elected board.

<u>Judicial Branch</u>: The Judicial Branch consists of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, Court of Claims, and the State's circuit, district, probate, and municipal courts. In addition to its judicial duties, the Supreme Court is responsible for the general administrative supervision of all courts in the State. The Supreme Court also establishes rules for practice and procedure in all courts.

Legislative Branch: The Legislative Branch consists of the Senate, House of Representatives, and Office of the Auditor General. The Senate, which consists of 38 elected members, and House of Representatives, which consists of 110 elected members, enact the laws of Michigan. The Office of the Auditor General conducts post financial and performance audits of state government operations.

<u>Reporting Entity</u>: The financial reporting entity of the State includes all of the funds of the primary government as well as component units for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable. The transmittal letter, MD&A, and the financial statements focus on the primary government and its activities. Although information pertaining to the component units is provided, their separately issued financial statements should be read to obtain a complete overview of their financial position.

<u>Budgetary Reporting and Control</u>: For the State primary government operating funds (i.e., the General Fund and annually appropriated special revenue and permanent funds), the State budget projects revenues and expenditures and calculates fund balances for budgetary purposes in accordance with GAAP. Public Act 431 of 1984, as amended, prohibits the State from budgeting for an ending fund balance deficit in an operating fund. If an actual deficit is incurred, the Constitution and Act 431 require that it be addressed in the subsequent year's budget. If accounting principles change, Act 431 requires the State to also implement such changes in its budgetary process.

Compliance with the final updated budget for the annually budgeted operating funds of the State primary government is demonstrated in the budget and actual comparative schedules and notes in the SOMCAFR. In addition, subsequent to the

publication of the SOMCAFR, the State releases a Statewide Authorization Dispositions report that provides line item appropriation details, the legal level of budgetary control, for the General Fund and budgeted operating funds.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND FUTURE PROJECTS

<u>A Job For Every Worker:</u> Rebuilding Michigan's economy requires continued efforts to diversify into new sectors where Michigan has a natural advantage, including alternative energy, life sciences, advanced manufacturing and homeland security. We must continue to ensure that workers have the skills they need to be competitive by providing access to education and training. And we must ensure that we can compete with other states and nations for jobs and investment by expanding our economic development toolbox.

Michigan's \$2 billion 21st Century Jobs Fund, our new Centers of Energy Excellence program and a host of new economic development tools brought more than \$5 billion in investment to Michigan this year, creating thousands of new jobs.

In fiscal year 2009, an additional \$15 million in state funding was added to the federal funding for No Worker Left Behind, an innovative program to help displaced workers connect to new careers by providing free training. Through November 2008, the program has enrolled more than 50,000 participants in training in high-demand fields.

<u>Health Care for Every Family</u>: During fiscal year 2008, the two departments primarily responsible for providing services to Michigan's most vulnerable citizens, the Department of Human Services and the Department of Community Health, saw the demand for their services increase as the economy grew more challenged. Despite a tight budget, no eligible citizen was denied health care, despite an increase in the average number of citizens eligible for Medicaid services of 43,000 per month.

In addition, more than 500 nursing home residents were transitioned back to community living as a result of the state's efforts to reform the long-term care system.

<u>Quality Education for Every Child:</u> The State is committed to providing every child with a quality education. As the foundation of our economic plan, over \$15.5 billion or 34.8% of the State's total fiscal year 2009 budget is devoted to educating Michigan's citizens through its public schools, community colleges, and universities.

The School Aid Budget, totaling \$13.4 billion, reflects the commitment to provide all students in the K-12 education system with the tools they need to succeed in a global economy. For fiscal year 2009, the minimum foundation allowance was increased to \$7,316 per pupil and an additional \$10 million was provided to make quality preschool accessible to more children.

The fiscal year 2009 budget also provided funding for the 21st Century Schools Fund to help Michigan school districts replace large, impersonal high schools that have low academic achievement and high dropout rates, with small high schools that use relationships, discipline, and relevance to help at-risk kids achieve.

To help make Michigan competitive, the fiscal year 2009 budget continues to invest in one of the state's largest economic catalysts – our universities. State colleges and universities will receive \$2.1 billion. In addition, more than \$230 million in grants and scholarships were made available to assist students in paying for higher education.

Efficient and Effective Government: During fiscal year 2008, the Granholm Administration continued their efforts to streamline government, reduce costs and improve efficiency. Through Executive Directive in 2007, Governor Granholm set a goal of reducing energy usage at state facilities by 10 percent by the end of 2008. Already, the state has reduced energy usage by nearly 18 percent, saving \$21 million. The state has also joined the Climate Savers Computing Initiative to reduce energy usage by the state's 55,000 desktop computers and 3,700 servers, saving an additional \$1 million.

Additional technology usage is improving customer service, reducing permitting time and saving the state money. The new CHAMPS and BRIDGES databases for Medicaid and cash assistance programs, respectively, will help improve data collection and sharing, reduce paperwork and speed eligibility determination. In addition, a new web portal in the Department of Treasury helps local units of government file audit information easier and quicker while new technology at the Department of Agriculture has reduced permitting time for businesses including grocery stores, restaurants and gas stations by 50 percent.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

<u>Certificate of Achievement</u>: The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Michigan for its SOMCAFR for the year ended September 30, 2007. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose content satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The State has received a Certificate of Achievement for 21 consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of this report requires the collective efforts of the management and staff of the Accounting and Financial Reporting Division, Office of Financial Management; the chief financial officers, chief accountants, internal auditors

and their staffs from all State agencies; and the management and staff of the Office of the Auditor General. We sincerely appreciate the dedicated efforts of all of these individuals that have allowed Michigan to maintain its position as a national leader in quality and efficiency for financial reporting.

Sincerely,

Robert L. Emerson

State Budget Director

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Michael J. Moody, CPX V Director, Office of Financial Management

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

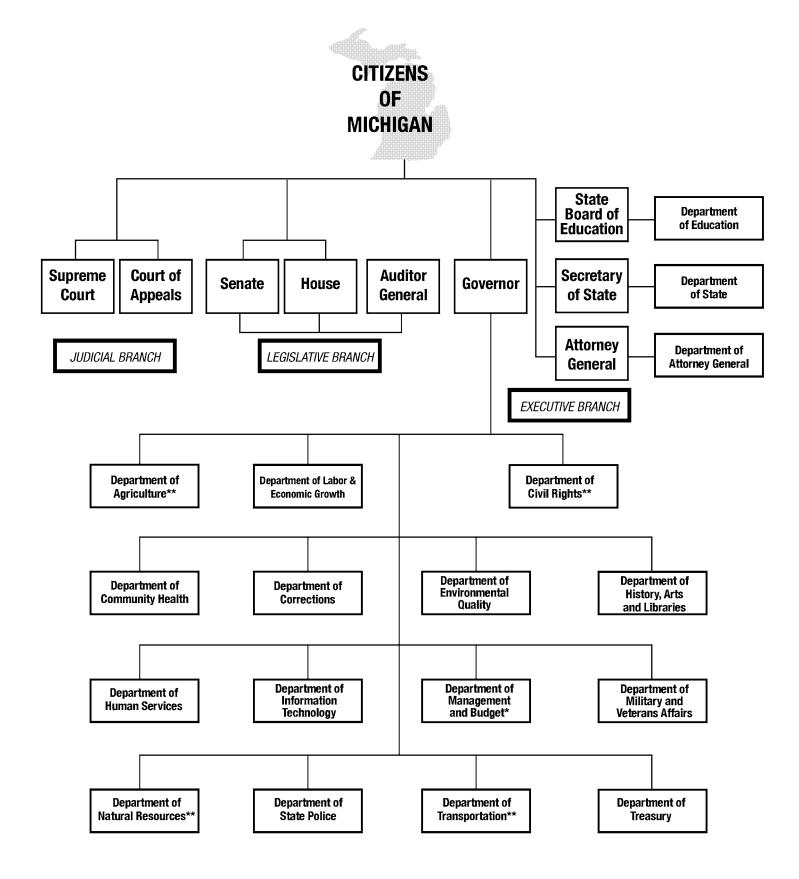


President

huy R. Ener

Executive Director

STATE OF MICHIGAN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



* Includes Civil Service Commission appointed by Governor

** Has Commission appointed by Governor, confirmed by Senate

STATE OF MICHIGAN

PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICIALS

JUDICIAL BRANCH

Supreme Court Justices Honorable Clifford W. Taylor, Chief Justice Honorable Michael F. Cavanagh, Justice Honorable Maura D. Corrigan, Justice Honorable Marilyn Kelly, Justice Honorable Stephen J. Markman, Justice Honorable Elizabeth A. Weaver, Justice Honorable Robert P. Young, Jr., Justice

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Honorable Michael D. Bishop Majority Leader of the Senate

Honorable Andy Dillon Speaker of the House of Representatives

> Thomas H. McTavish Legislative Auditor General

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Honorable Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor

Honorable John D. Cherry, Jr., Lt. Governor

Honorable Mike Cox, Attorney General

Honorable Terri Lynn Land, Secretary of State

State Board of Education Kathleen N. Straus, President John C. Austin Elizabeth W. Bauer Carolyn L. Curtin Nancy Danhof Marianne Yared McGuire Reginald M. Turner Casandra E. Ulbrich Honorable Jennifer M. Granholm (Ex Officio) Michael P. Flanagan Superintendent of Public Instruction

Michigan Commission of Agriculture James E. Byrum, Chair Donald M. Coe Ann Jousma-Miller Dale N. Norton Todd J. Regis Donald W. Koivisto, Director, Department of Agriculture

Civil Rights Commission Kelvin W. Scott, Chair Mohammed Abdrabboh Mark Bernstein Lisa Peeples-Hurst Karen Henry Stokes Matthew Wesaw J. Michael Zelley Vacant Linda V. Parker, Director, Department of Civil Rights

Civil Service Commission Andrew P. Abood Kelly G. Keenan Sherry L. McMillan Thomas M. Wardrop Janet McClelland, Acting State Personnel Director

Janet Olszewski, Director Department of Community Health

Patricia L. Caruso, Director Department of Corrections

Steven E. Chester, Director Department of Environment Quality William A. Anderson, Director Department of History, Arts and Libraries

Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Kenneth D. Theis, Director Department of Information Technology

Stanley Pruss, Director Department of Labor & Economic Growth

Lisa Webb Sharpe, Director Department of Management and Budget

Robert L. Emerson, State Budget Director Office of the State Budget

Major General Thomas G. Cutler, Director Department of Military and Veterans Affairs

Natural Resources Commission Keith J. Charters, Chair Mary C. Brown Hurley J. Coleman, Jr. Darnell Earley John M. Madigan J. R. Richardson Franklin C. Wheatlake Rebecca A. Humphries, Director Department of Natural Resources

Colonel Peter C. Munoz, Director Department of State Police

Transportation Commission Ted B. Wahby, Chair Linda Miller Atkinson Maureen Miller Brosnan Steven K. Girard Jerrold M. Jung James S. Scalici Kirk T. Steudle, Director Department of Transportation

Robert J. Kleine, State Treasurer



II. FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



State of Michigan Office of the Auditor General 201 N. Washington Square Lansing, Michigan 48913 (517) 334-8050 Fax (517) 334-8079

THOMAS H. MCTAVISH, C.P.A. AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor Members of the Legislature

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Michigan, principally as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the State Lottery Fund, Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, Michigan Employment Security Act - Administration Fund, State Building Authority - Debt Service Fund, State Building Authority - Capital Projects Fund, Attorney Discipline System, State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund, State of Michigan Deferred Compensation Funds, State Police Pension Benefits Fund, State Police Other Postemployment Benefits Fund, State Employees' Pension Benefits Fund, State Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits Fund, Public School Employees' Pension Benefits Fund, Public School Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits Fund, Judges' Pension Benefits Fund, Judges' Other Postemployment Benefits Fund, State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Fund, Michigan Education Savings Program, Michigan State Housing Development Authority, Michigan Municipal Bond Authority, Farm Produce Insurance Authority, Mackinac Bridge Authority, Mackinac Island State Park Commission, Michigan Higher Education Assistance Authority, Michigan Higher Education Facilities Authority, Michigan Higher Education Student Loan Authority, Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority, State Bar of Michigan, Central Michigan University, Western Michigan University, Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan Technological University, Northern Michigan University, Oakland University, and Saginaw Valley State University. Those financial statements reflect total assets and revenues or additions of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as follows:

	Percent of	Percent of Total
Opinion Unit	Total Assets	Revenues/Additions
Governmental activities	1.5%	0.4%
Business-type activities	94.1%	84.9%
Aggregate discretely presented component units	92.7%	93.7%
State Lottery Fund	100.0%	100.0%
Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds	100.0%	100.0%
Aggregate remaining fund information	93.8%	75.4%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for these component units and funds, are based solely upon the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

State of Michigan Office of the Auditor General



THOMAS H. MCTAVISH, C.P.A. AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor Members of the Legislature Page 2

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Michigan, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Notes 6 and 23 to the basic financial statements, the State of Michigan replaced its Single Business Tax with the Michigan Business Tax. The State has not fully estimated the amount of future collections and refunds related to the Michigan Business Tax because the necessary data is not available.

As discussed in Note 4 to the basic financial statements, the State adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 13, budgetary comparison schedules and corresponding notes on pages 100 through 103, and information about infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach on pages 104 and 105 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules - non-major funds listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, statistical, and other information sections listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, statistical, and other information sections listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Sincerely,

1 Rumo H. M. Tavis

Thomas H. McTavish, C.P.A. Auditor General December 31, 2008



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a discussion and analysis of the State of Michigan's (the State's) financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and with the State's financial statements, which follow this section.

HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

- At September 30, 2008, the State's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$15.7 billion.
- The State's unrestricted net assets were (\$2.9) billion as of the close of the year. A positive balance in unrestricted net
 assets represents excess assets available to meet ongoing obligations. A negative balance means that it would be
 necessary to convert restricted assets to unrestricted assets if all ongoing obligations were immediately due and
 payable.
- Revenues of \$47.3 billion, along with beginning net assets, supported expenses of \$47.8 billion during fiscal year 2008. As a result, the State's total net assets decreased by \$495.8 million (3.1 percent). The decrease relates mostly to continued high unemployment expenses reported in the business activities. In addition, the State began reporting other postemployment benefit obligations which totaled \$609.5 million at the end of the fiscal year.

Fund Level

- As of the close of the fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3.9 billion. Of this amount, \$1.1 billion is *unreserved fund balance* in the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds and, therefore, available to fund general-purpose expenditures of those funds in future years. The remaining \$2.8 billion is reserved for specific purposes, such as education and transportation.
- The State's three major governmental funds, the General Fund, Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund (BSF), and the School Aid Fund (SAF), closed the fiscal year with a combined total fund balance of \$1.5 billion. The General Fund and the Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund ended the year with unreserved fund balances of \$457.9 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. In addition, another \$833.1 million is reserved for specific purposes such as multi-year projects and restrictively financed programs. In the School Aid Fund, the entire fund balance of \$254.6 million is reserved for specific purposes.
- The State's proprietary funds reported net assets at year-end of (\$48.3 million). This represents a decrease of \$412.2 million (113.3 percent) compared to the prior year-end, mostly resulting from the increase in unemployment benefits paid from the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds.

Long-term Debt

The State's total long-term debt (bonds and notes payable) as of September 30, 2008, was \$8.2 billion, a slight
increase of \$1.5 million from the prior year. The increase represents the net difference between new issuances,
payments, and refundings of outstanding debt.

More detailed information regarding the government-wide, fund level, and long-term debt activities can be found beginning on page 8.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the State's basic financial statements, which comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements (Reporting the State as a Whole)

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are two financial statements that report information about the State, as a whole, and about its activities that should help answer this question: How has the State's financial position, as a whole, changed as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets (pages 16 and 17) presents all of the State's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets measure whether the State's financial position is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities (pages 18 and 19) presents information showing how the State's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both statements report three activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the State's basic services are reported under this category. Taxes and
 intergovernmental revenues generally fund these services. The Legislature, the Judiciary, and the general operations
 of the Executive departments fall within governmental activities.
- Business-type Activities The State charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. Lottery tickets, liquor purchases, and the State's unemployment compensation services are examples of business-type activities.
- Discretely Presented Component Units Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected
 officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The State has 18 authorities and 10 universities that
 are reported as discretely presented component units of the State.

This report includes two schedules (pages 23 and 25) that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements, which are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the governmental activities in the government-wide statements, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The following table summarizes the differences between modified accrual and full accrual accounting:

Description	Reported in Governmental Fund Financial Statements (modified accrual basis)	Reported in Government- Wide Financial Statements (accrual basis)
Capital assets of the general government (e.g. land, buildings, and infrastructure)	No	Yes
Liability for earned but deferred revenue	Yes	No
Assets and liabilities of internal service funds that primarily serve governmental funds	No	Yes
Net pension assets in excess of the annual required contribution	No	Yes
Deferred charges for debt issuance costs	No	Yes
Unmatured long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, capital lease obligations) net of unamortized premiums, discounts, and similar items	Νο	Yes
Certain accrued obligations not normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources unless they are due for payment in the current period (i.e. claims and judgments, compensated absences, and net pension obligations)	Νο	Yes
Accrued interest on long-term debt	No	Yes
Liability for unearned deferred revenue	Yes	Yes

Μ	ic	hi	g	an
		•••	3	

Description	Reported in Governmental Fund Financial Statements (modified accrual basis)	Reported in Government- Wide Financial Statements (accrual basis)
Capital outlay spending	Yes	No
Debt service principal payments and refunding payments	Yes	No
Other financial sources, uses, and expenditures resulting from debt issuance	Yes	No
Sales of capital assets	Yes, in the amount of the proceeds of the sale	Yes, gain or loss on the sale
Revenues earned during the period but not yet available	No	Yes
Expenses incurred during the period, but not normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources unless they are due for payment in the current period	No	Yes
Depreciation	No	Yes
Revenues and expenditures related to prior periods	Yes	No
Amortization of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items	No	Yes
Activities of internal service funds properly included within governmental activities	No	Yes

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 42 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the State's Major Funds)

The fund financial statements begin on page 22 and provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the State uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. In addition to the major funds, page 108 begins the individual fund data for the non-major funds. The State's funds are divided into three categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – and use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the State's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money
 flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. The governmental
 fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's general government operations and the basic
 services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that
 can be spent in the near future to finance the State's programs. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting,
 which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental funds include the
 General Fund and special revenue, capital project, debt service, and permanent funds.
- Proprietary funds When the State charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other agencies within the State, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary (enterprise and internal service) funds utilize accrual accounting, the same method used by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. An example is the State Lottery Fund. Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the State's other programs - such as risk management and state sponsored group insurance activities. Internal service funds are reported as governmental activities on the government-wide statements.

Fiduciary funds - The State acts as a trustee or fiduciary for its employee pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The State's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets beginning on page 34. These funds, which include pension (and other employee benefit), private-purpose, and agency funds, are reported using accrual accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the State to finance its operations.

Additional Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Following the basic financial statements is additional Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparison schedules reconciling the statutory and generally accepted accounting principles fund balances at fiscal year-end, and condition and maintenance data regarding certain portions of the State's infrastructure.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, and non-major discretely presented component units. These funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the governmental fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

The State's combined net assets decreased \$495.8 million (3.1 percent) over the course of this fiscal year's operations. The net assets of the governmental activities decreased \$83.6 million (0.5 percent) and business-type activities had a decrease of \$412.2 million (113.3 percent).

Statement of Net Assets

	For Fiscal Year Ending September 30 (In Millions)									
	Governmental Business-type Total Activities Activities Primary Government									
	2008	2007 *	2008	2007	2008	2007 *				
Current and other non-	2000					2007				
current assets	\$11.053.3	\$10,297.2	\$ 838.4	\$ 1,276.4	\$11,891.6	\$11,573.6				
Capital assets	19,839.2	19,436.6	.8	.4	19,840.0	19,437.0				
Total assets	30,892.4	29,733.8	839.2	1,276.8	31,731.6	31,010.6				
Current liabilities	4,957.3	4,658.4	247.2	594.9	5,204.5	5,253.4				
Long-term liabilities	10,214.5	9,271.2	640.3	318.0	10,854.7	9,589.2				
Total liabilities	15,171.8	13,929.6	887.5	912.9	16,059.3	14,842.5				
Net assets:										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	15,909.3	15,739.1	.8	.4	15,910.1	15,739.5				
Restricted	2,599.8	2,292.8	72.7	358.7	2,672.4	2,651.5				
Unrestricted	(2,788.4)	(2,227.7)	(121.8)	4.8	(2,910.2)	(2,222.9)				
Total net assets	\$15,720.6	\$15,804.2	\$ (48.3)	\$ 363.9	\$15,672.3	\$16,168.1				

* The prior year columns have been restated. More detailed information regarding the restatements can be found on page 53.

The largest component of the State's net assets (\$15.9 billion) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets. Restricted net assets are the next largest component, comprising \$2.7 billion of the total. These represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The State's unrestricted net assets were (\$2.9) billion as of the close of the year. A positive balance in unrestricted net assets represents excess assets available to meet ongoing obligations. A negative balance means that it would be necessary to convert restricted assets to unrestricted assets if all ongoing obligations were immediately due and payable.

The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the State's net assets changed during the fiscal year:

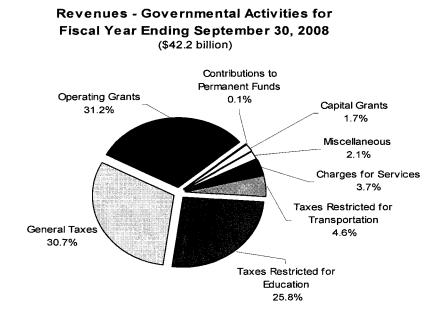
	(In Millions)							
		nmental vities		ess-type vities		otal Sovernment		
	2008	2007 *	2008	2007	2008	2007 *		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 1,562.3	\$ 1,947.0	\$ 5,122.3	\$ 4,876.6	\$ 6,684.7	\$ 6,823.6		
Operating grants	12,963.5	12,300.1	44.3	55.8	13,007.8	12,355.9		
Capital grants	719.5	627.1		-	719.5	627.1		
General revenues	713.5	027.1	-		715.5	027.1		
General taxes	13,162.8	12.077.0	13.7	13.1	13,176.4	12,090.1		
	10,884.2	10,456.2	13.7	-	10,884.2	10,456.2		
Taxes restricted for educational purposes	10,004.2	10,490.2	-	-	10,004.2	10,400.2		
Taxes restricted for transportation	4 005 0	4 005 0			1.005.0	4 005 0		
purposes	1,935.0	1,965.3	-	-	1,935.0	1,965.3		
Unrestricted investment and interest						47.0		
earnings	7.6	12.1	2.2	5.1	9.8	17.2		
Miscellaneous	865.4	1,124.8			865.4	1,124.8		
Total revenues	42,100.4	40,509.5	5,182.5	4,950.6	47,282.8	45,460.0		
Expenses								
General government	1,671.9	2,205.7	-	-	1,671.9	2,205.7		
Education	15,080.9	14,660.2	-	-	15,080.9	14,660.2		
Human Services	4,699.0	4,453.5	-	-	4,699.0	4,453.5		
Public safety and corrections	2,895.1	2,583.9	-	-	2,895.1	2,583.9		
Conservation, environment, etc.	572.8	597.0	-	-	572.8	597.0		
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	995.7	963.4	-	_	995.7	963.4		
Health services	11,623.0	10,832.9	-	-	11,623.0	10,832.9		
Transportation	3,235.4	3,191.8	_	-	3,235.4	3,191.8		
Tax expenditures	931.6	883.4	_	-	931.6	883.4		
Intergovernmental - revenue sharing	1,076.4	1,071.1	-	_	1.076.4	1,071.1		
	387.8	345.4	-	-	387.8	345.4		
Interest on long-term debt	307.0	340.4	622.0	602.3	622.0	602.3		
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	-	-	1,636.9					
State Lottery Fund	-	-		1,654.8	1,636.9	1,654.8		
Attorney Discipline System	-	-	5.0	4.3	5.0	4.3		
Michigan Unemployment Compensation				0.040.4	o (00 o			
Funds		_	2,403.0	2,012.1	2,403.0	2,012.1		
Total expenses	43,169.7	41,788.3	4,666.9	4,273.5	47,836.5	46,061.7		
Excess (deficiency) Before Contributions								
and Transfers	(1,069.3)	(1,278.8)	515.6	677.1	(553.7)	(601.7)		
Contributions to permanent fund principal	57.9	26.2	-	-	57.9	26.2		
Transfers	927.8	943.5	(927.8)	(943.5)	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(83.6)	(309.2)	(412.2)	(266.3)	(495.8)	(575.5)		
Net assets – beginning – restated	15,804.2	16,113.4	363.9	630.2	16,168.1	16,743.6		
Net assets – ending	\$15,720.6	\$15,804.2	\$ (48.3)	\$ 363.9	\$ 15,672.3	\$ 16,168.1		
Hot about offang	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • 	+10,001.L	+ (10.0)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	÷ 10,100.1		

Changes in Net Assets For Fiscal Year Ending September 30 (In Millions)

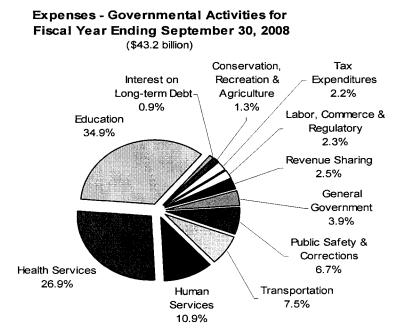
* The prior year columns have been restated. More detailed information regarding the restatements can be found on page 53.

Governmental Activities

Revenues to fund governmental activities totaled \$42.2 billion for fiscal year 2008. Fund balances and other State assets were also used to support governmental activities. As shown in the accompanying chart, 31.2 percent of the governmental activities' revenue came from operating grants, primarily from the federal government, and were earmarked for specific uses, such as highway construction and health and human services programs. In addition, the State Constitution and other statutory restrictions earmarked 30.4 percent for educational and transportation purposes. Only 30.7 percent of the revenues were available for general use.



Expenses related to governmental activities totaled \$43.2 billion during fiscal year 2008. The expenses include spending appropriated in prior years, such as capital outlay and work project authorization. As evidenced by the accompanying chart, education and health services represent the governmental activities' largest spending categories, accounting for 61.8 percent of the spending.



Business-type Activities

The business-type activities' net assets decreased by \$412.2 million (113.3 percent) during the fiscal year. Factors contributing to these results included:

- The increase in unemployment in the State resulted in the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds finishing the fiscal year with a decrease in net assets of \$417.2 million (127.6 percent).
- The State Lottery Fund's net assets increased by \$4.9 million (15.4 percent), which resulted from fewer prize award expenses during the fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

As the State completed the year, its governmental funds reported fund balances of \$3.9 billion. Of this total amount, \$1.1 billion constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for appropriation for the general purposes of the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The transportation-related funds (\$108.6 million) and the other State funds (\$418.1 million) comprise a significant portion of the unreserved fund balance. Although reported as unreserved fund balances, these amounts are dedicated to those specific funds and can only be used for specific activities. The remainder of fund balance is reserved and is not available for new spending because it has already been dedicated for various commitments, such as capital outlay projects.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of fiscal year 2008, the General Fund unreserved fund balance was \$457.9 million and the reserved fund balance was \$833.1 million. Fund balance increased by \$308.9 million (31.5 percent) as a result of controlled spending and higher than expected general purpose tax revenues.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

On October 1, 2007, the Governor signed a 30-day continuation budget to allow the Legislature more time to pass individual budgets for fiscal year 2008. As a result, the General Fund original budget was only \$2.5 billion. The Legislature passed full budgets for each state agency and department in late October 2007.

For fiscal year 2008, the Legislature enacted gross appropriations for all funds totaling \$43.9 billion. The general fundgeneral purpose appropriations totaled \$10.1 billion, which included certain boilerplate appropriations totaling \$100.8 million.

General purpose tax revenues of \$9.6 billion were \$2.8 billion more than the original estimate of \$6.8 billion. A portion of the increase is attributed to the change in the legislation for business taxes. Effective January 1, 2008, the Single Business Tax was replaced by the Michigan Business Tax. The State recognized \$1.6 billion in Michigan Business Tax revenues during fiscal year 2008 in the General Fund.

Differences between the final budget and actual spending result from spending authority lapses of \$159.2 million and restricted revenue authorized, but not spent, of \$9.3 million. At fiscal year-end, excess restricted revenues of \$434.2 million carried forward into fiscal year 2009 and are available upon appropriation.

All agencies finished the year with net lapses. However, State Police reported line item over-expenditures of \$1.4 million.

School Aid Fund

Fund balance at September 30, 2008, totaled \$254.6 million, an increase of \$160.6 million from the prior year. Revenues and transfers to the fund totaled \$13.0 billion, up \$143.1 million from the prior year. Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the fund received Michigan Business Tax revenues, totaling \$341.0 million. Expenditures totaled \$12.8 billion, an increase of \$69.1 million over the previous year. The School Aid Stabilization Fund ended the year with \$247.1 million in reserved fund balance.

Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund

During the year, the BSF received \$66 thousand in interest earnings. As a result, fund balance increased to \$2.2 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u>: At the end of the fiscal year 2008, the State had invested \$19.8 billion, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see the table below). Depreciation charges for this fiscal year totaled \$184.4 million.

		Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	•	Total Primary Government																									
	2008	2007	2	2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		2008		007	2008	2007
Land	\$ 3,344.2	\$ 3,235.2	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,344.2	\$ 3,235.2																								
Land improvements	88.9	84.0		-		-	88.9	84.0																								
Buildings and																																
improvements	2,113.1	2,075.0		-		-	2,113.1	2,075.0																								
Equipment	224.4	199.0		.8		.4	225.2	199.4																								
Infrastructure	12,895.9	12,814.9		-		-	12,895.9	12,814.9																								
Other	19.8	19.8		-		-	19.8	19.8																								
Subtotal	18,686.3	18,427.9		.8		.4	18,687.1	18,428.2																								
Construction in																																
progress	1,152.9	1,008.8		-		-	1,152.9	1,008.8																								
Total	\$19,839.2	\$19,436.6	\$.8	\$.4	\$19,840.0	\$19,437.0																								

Capital Assets as of September 30 (Net of Depreciation, In Millions)

The most significant impact on capital assets during the year resulted from the road and bridge construction and repair projects.

As allowed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include the State's network of public transportation roads and bridges, including ancillary assets, such as guard rails, signs, lighting, culverts, fencing, and the like. The State is responsible for maintaining approximately 27,478 lane miles of roads and 4,761 bridges (spans in excess of 20 feet).

The State has consistently improved the assessed condition of roads over the past five years. The State's goal is to have more than 70% of roads in fair to excellent condition. The most recent condition assessment, completed for calendar year 2007, indicated that 83.6% of roads were considered fair or better.

The State's bridges have assessed conditions that are better than the established benchmarks. The most recent assessment (2007) indicated that the condition of the bridges had improved from the condition reported for 2006. For calendar year 2007, 88.6% of the bridges were assessed as structurally fair or better.

The Legislature passed capital outlay appropriations of \$250.0 million for fiscal year 2009. In addition, \$329.2 million of unspent capital outlay authorizations that existed at September 30, 2008, are available to spend in fiscal year 2009. More detailed information about the State's capital assets is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt: The State, along with the State Building Authority (SBA) and the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (MTSFA), blended component units of the State, are empowered by law to authorize, issue, and sell debt obligations. General obligation bonds, issued by the State, are backed by the full faith and credit of the State. The State also issues revenue dedicated bonded debt, whose payment for principal and interest comes solely out of funds that receive legally restricted revenues. The State is not legally obligated for the debt issued by SBA or MTSFA. SBA's bonds generate revenue to finance the construction of facilities used by the State and universities. Revenues derived from leases on the facilities fund the debt service requirements. MTSFA's bonds provided funding to the 21st Century Jobs Fund for economic development initiatives and to support General Fund and School Aid Fund programs. More detailed information regarding the State's long-term obligations is presented in Notes 13 and 15 to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities					Total Primary Government		
	2008	2007	20	008	20	007	2008	2007
General obligation bonds (backed by the State) Revenue bonds and notes (backed by specific tax	\$1,487.4	\$1,487.5	\$	-	\$	_	\$1,487.4	\$1,487.5
and fee revenues)	6,727.4	6,725.9		-		-	6,727.4	6,725.9
Total	\$8,214.8	\$8,213.3	\$	-	\$	-	\$8,214.8	\$8,213.3

Outstanding Bonded Debt as of September 30 (In Millions)

During the year, the State and the MTSFA issued refunding bonds of \$436.2 million and paid \$361.9 million to a refunded bond escrow agent to cover future debt service payments. In addition, the SBA issued \$96.5 million in new bonds for construction of state and university buildings.

Bond Ratings

The State's general obligations are rated AA- stable outlook by Standard & Poors and Aa3 stable outlook by Moody's.

Limitations on Debt

The State Constitution authorizes general obligation long-term borrowing, with approval of the Legislature and a majority of the voters, and general obligation short-term notes, of which the principal may not exceed 15% of undedicated revenues received in the preceding year. In fiscal year 2008, the State issued and repaid short-term borrowing totaling \$1.4 billion.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Michigan's economy relies heavily on the performance of the manufacturing sector, in general, and the auto industry, specifically. Given weak manufacturing employment performance, declining vehicle production, continued declines in Big 3 market share, and continued supply rationalization among vehicle suppliers, Michigan's employment performance has been below the national average. Substantial productivity gains in the manufacturing sector and vehicle industry have also contributed to Michigan's below average employment performance.

For 2008, Michigan employment is estimated to have declined by 77,000 jobs (1.8 percent) – the eighth straight year that Michigan employment has declined. From Michigan's employment peak in June 2000, Michigan has lost approximately 520,000 jobs. In contrast, Michigan employment had increased approximately 560,000 jobs above its pre-recession peak by this time after the 1990-1991 recession.

Personal income was up an estimated 1.4 percent and wages and salaries income were essentially flat – up just an estimated 0.1 percent in 2008. Both personal income and wages and salaries failed to keep pace with the increase in consumer prices as measured by the Detroit consumer price index (2.9 percent).

Several factors are weighing on the national economy including sharp declines in the housing market and worsening credit markets. As a result, the U.S. economic growth will remain tepid. Given this, Michigan employment is expected to decline in 2009 – although less so than in 2008, with 2009 employment falling by 1.5 percent. In 2009, Michigan personal income is projected to rise 1.9 percent, while wages and salaries are expected to increase 0.7 percent. With 2.5 percent inflation, real (inflation adjusted) personal income is forecast to increase while real wages and salaries are expected to decline in 2009.

CONTACTING THE STATE'S OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Additional copies of this report and other financial information can be obtained by visiting the Office of Financial Management website at <u>www.michigan.gov/ofm</u>. You can also contact the office by phone at (517) 373-3029.

The State's component units issue their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the Office of Financial Management at (517) 373-3029.





II. FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
		ERNMENTAL				TOTAL 0		
ASSETS	A	CTIVITIES	AC	TIVITIES		TOTALS		UNITS
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$	8,463	\$	8,312	\$	16,774	\$	1,036,8
Equity in common cash (Note 5)	Ŧ	1,526,476	÷	61,451	•	1,587,927	Ŷ	118,9
Taxes, interest, and penalties		1,020,470		01,401		1,001,021		110,0
receivable (Note 6)		5,200,682		_		5,200,682		
Internal balances		11,613		(11,613)		5,200,002		
Amounts due from component units		3,797		341		4,137		27,7
		3,797		341		4,137		
Amounts due from primary government		4 0 47 050		17 710		4 005 000		191,7
Amounts due from federal government		1,047,956		17,712		1,065,668		30,8
Amounts due from local units		319,271		31,403		350,674		992,2
Inventories		38,735		12,624		51,359		22,6
Investments (Note 8)		311,463		109,162		420,625		1,405,8
Other current assets	_	557,698		334,199		891,896		545,5
Total Current Assets		9,026,154		563,589		9,589,743		4,372,3
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		26,6
Investments		-		-		-		429,4
Mortgages and loans receivable		-		-		-		49,9
Taxes, interest, and penalties								
receivable (Note 6)		325,895		-		325,895		
Advances to primary government		-		-		-		558,2
Amounts due from federal government		4,061		-		4,061		
Amounts due from local units		938,566		-		938,566		2,744,9
Mortgages and loans receivable		,		-		••••••		4,391,1
Investments (Note 8)		667,164		251,479		918,644		2,897,3
Capital Assets (Note 9):								
Land and other non-depreciable assets		3,380,157		-		3,380,157		119,6
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets		5,110,969		4,565		5,115,534		4,730,1
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,441,769)		(3,758)		(2,445,527)		(1,849,2
Infrastructure		12,636,941		-		12,636,941		102,7
Construction in progress		1,152,866		-		1,152,866		136,4
Total capital assets		19,839,163		807	<u> </u>	19,839,970	-	3,239,7
Interest in joint ventures (Note 7)		32,856		007		32,856		0,200,7
Other noncurrent assets				00 000				359,9
Total Assets	\$	58,557 30,892,417	\$	23,300	\$	81,857 31,731,592	\$	19,069,8
IABILITIES	<u> </u>	00,002,717	<u> </u>	000,170	<u> </u>	01,101,002	<u> </u>	10,000,0
Current Liabilities:								
Warrants outstanding	\$	169,336	\$	5,593	\$	174,929	\$	2
		2,654,712		239,923		2,894,634		346,1
Accounts payable and other liabilities		681,916		-		681,916		
Accounts payable and other liabilities Income tax refunds payable (Note 16)								27,7
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16)				-		77.998		
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units		77,998		- -		77,998		
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government				-		77,998 - -		5,0
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government		77,998 - -		- - -		-		5,0 1
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14)		77,998 - - 477,300				- - 477,300		5,0 1 1,064,6
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable		77,998 - 477,300 131,093		- - - - 740		- 477,300 131,093		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue		77,998 - - 477,300		- - - 740		- - 477,300		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term		77,998 477,300 131,093 126,184				- 477,300 131,093 126,924		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15)		77,998 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772		958		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term		77,998 477,300 131,093 126,184				- 477,300 131,093 126,924		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15)		77,998 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772		958		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15) Total Current Liabilities		77,998 - 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772 4,957,310		958		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730 5,204,523		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15) Total Current Liabilities Advances from component units		77,998 - 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772 4,957,310		958 247,213 -		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730 5,204,523 474,205		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15) Total Current Liabilities Advances from component units Advances from federal government		77,998 - 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772 4,957,310		958 247,213 - 362,400		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730 5,204,523 474,205 362,400		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6 1,775,9
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15) Total Current Liabilities Advances from component units Advances from federal government Prize awards payable (Note 15) Deferred revenue Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14)		77,998 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772 4,957,310 474,205		958 247,213 - 362,400		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730 5,204,523 474,205 362,400 220,001		5,0 1 1,064,6 107,8 74,4 149,6 1,775,9
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16) Amounts due to component units Amounts due to primary government Amounts due to federal government Bonds and notes payable (Notes 13 and 14) Interest payable Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations (Note 15) Total Current Liabilities Advances from component units Advances from federal government Prize awards payable (Note 15) Deferred revenue		77,998 477,300 131,093 126,184 638,772 4,957,310 474,205		958 247,213 - 362,400		477,300 131,093 126,924 639,730 5,204,523 474,205 362,400 220,001 15,833		5,0 5,0 1; 1,064,64 107,8; 74,4 149,66 1,775,99 4,33 9,360,59 1,650,29

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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95 391 966 949 76

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

housands)					PROGR	RAM REVENUES				
	EXPENSES		·····	OPERATING CAPITAL						
			CH	CHARGES FOR		RANTS AND	GRANTS AND			
				SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS			CONTRIBUTIONS		
Functions/Programs			·····					11100110110		
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	1,671,941	\$	590,493	\$	63,538	\$	9,686		
Education	•	15,080,883	•	6,616	•	1,538,299	Ŧ	-,		
Human services		4,699,046		57,963		3,168,929		-		
Public safety and corrections		2,895,133		168,789		161,140				
Conservation, environment,		2,000,100		100,100		101,110				
recreation, and agriculture		572,755		282.008		114,160		4,111		
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		995.714		304,145		624,264				
		11,622,966		79.683		6,768,236		-		
Health services		3,235,394		79,003		524,971		705 700		
Transportation		· ·		12,001		524,971		705,722		
Tax expenditures (Note 16)		931,600		-		-		•		
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing		1,076,445		-		-		-		
Interest on long-term debt		387,800	··	-	·					
Total governmental activities		43,169,677	·	1,562,346	. <u> </u>	12,963,536		719,518		
Business-type Activities:										
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund		621,991		768,085		-		-		
State Lottery Fund		1,636,858		2,351,082		43,035		-		
Attorney Discipline System		4,976		4,885		-		-		
Michigan Unemployment										
Compensation Funds	<u> </u>	2,403,043	<u></u>	1,998,292	<u></u>	1,227		-		
Total business-type activities		4,666,868		5,122,344		44,262				
Total primary government	\$	47,836,545	\$	6,684,690	\$	13,007,799	\$	719,518		
Component Units:					-					
Authorities:										
Michigan Education Trust	\$	47,437	\$	156	\$	(61,190)	\$	_		
Michigan State Housing Development Authority	Ψ	646,305	Ψ	181,217	Ψ	458,951	Ψ	-		
Michigan Municipal Bond Authority		220,950		147,452		185,764		_		
Non-Major		577,785		170,409		278,411		-		
State Universities:										
Central Michigan University		356,330		250,970		17,628		2,078		
Western Michigan University		516,109		279,593		19,636		7,107		
Non-Major		1,549,599		935,807		142,518		18,395		
Total component units	\$	3,914,515	¢	1,965,604	\$	1,041,718	\$	27,580		
rotar component units	φ 	3,314,010	\$	1,505,004	ب	1,041,710	φ	27,000		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

General:

Sales and use Personal income

Single business and Michigan business

Other

Restricted For Educational Purposes:

- Sales and use
- Personal income
- Michigan business

Education, property, and real estate transfers

Other

Restricted For Transportation Purposes:

- Sales and use
- Gasoline and diesel fuel
- Motor vehicle weight Other

Unrestricted investment and interest earnings

Miscellaneous

Contributions to permanent fund principal

Payments from State of Michigan

Transfers

Total general and other revenue, payments, and transfers Change in net assets

Net assets-beginning-restated

Net assets-ending

	PRIMARY GOVERNME	NET ASSETS	
GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE		COMPONENT
ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTALS	UNITS
§ (1,008,225)	\$-	\$ (1,008,225)	\$
(13,535,969)	-	(13,535,969)	
(1,472,155)	-	(1,472,155) (2,565,204)	
(2,565,204)	-	(2,303,204)	
(172,476)	-	(172,476)	
(67,305)	•	(67,305)	
(4,775,047)	-	(4,775,047)	
(1,932,051)	-	(1,932,051)	
(931,600) (1,076,445)	-	(931,600) (1,076,445)	
(387,800)	-	(387,800)	
		(07.004.076)	
(27,924,276)		(27,924,276)	
-	146,094	146,094	
-	757,259 (91)	757,259 (91)	
-		(91)	
	(403,524)	(403,524)	
<u> </u>	499,738	499,738	
(27,924,276)	499,738	(27,424,538)	
-	-	-	(108,470
-	-	-	(6,137
-	-	-	112,265
-	-	-	(128,965
-	-	-	(85,654
-	-	-	(209,772
-			(452,879
-		-	(879,612
2,701,052	-	2,701,052	
6,229,339	-	6,229,339	-
1,715,861 2,516,526	- 13,663	1,715,861 2,530,189	-
	10,000		
5,424,253	-	5,424,253	-
2,174,393	-	2,174,393	-
341,000 2,266,377	•	341,000 2,266,377	
678,157	-	678,157	-
82,114	-	82,114	
992,502	-	992,502	-
854,736	-	854,736	-
5,675	•	5,675	
7,595	2,192	9,787	54,703
865,407 57,937	-	865,407 57,937	191,881
-	-		769,580
927,763	(927,763)		-
27,840,688	(911,909)	26,928,780 (495,759)	1,016,164
(00 500)			
(83,588) 15,804,220	(412,171) 363,877	16,168,096	136,552 6,142,099

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES AND



GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Major Funds

GENERAL FUND

This fund is the State's operating fund. It accounts for the financial resources and transactions not accounted for in other funds.

COUNTER - CYCLICAL BUDGET AND ECONOMIC STABILIZATION FUND

This fund, commonly referred to as the "Budget Stabilization Fund" or "Rainy Day Fund," was created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 18.1351 to assist in stabilizing revenue during periods of economic recession. In general, transfers are made into this fund from the General Fund during improving economic times and funds flow from this fund to the General Fund in times of declining economy. Additional information regarding the fund is provided in Note 3.

SCHOOL AID FUND

An amendment to the 1908 State Constitution created this fund in 1955. The 1963 State Constitution provided for the fund's continued existence. Its purpose is to aid in the support of the public schools and the intermediate school districts of the State. School aid payments to school districts are based on a statutory formula. Michigan Compiled Laws Section 388.1611a, effective October 1, 2003, created the school aid stabilization fund as a separate account within the School Aid Fund. Pursuant to this act, any remaining unreserved fund balance in the School Aid Fund at year-end is transferred to this account.

The fund receives State revenues restricted to local school programs, including: the constitutionally dedicated sixty percent of the collections of sales tax imposed at a rate of 4% and all of the collections of sales tax imposed at the additional rate of 2%; State Lottery Fund earnings; a percentage of the adjusted gross receipts from casino gaming; the real estate transfer tax; and portions of the personal income, cigarette, liquor, and industrial and commercial facilities taxes. A constitutional amendment approved by voters in 1994 made structural changes in the method of financing local school districts. The amendment authorized the levy of a statewide property tax, which is deposited in the School Aid Fund. Appropriated transfers are also made from the General Fund.

Non-Major Funds

Non-major governmental funds are presented, by fund type, beginning on page 108.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

	GENERAL FUND	COUNTER - CYCLICAL BUDGET AND ECONOMIC STABILIZATION FUND	SCHOOL AID FUND	NON-MAJOR FUNDS	TOTALS
ASSETS					· · · · · ·
Current Assets:	_				
Cash	\$ 7,10		\$-	\$ 859	\$ 7,966
Equity in common cash (Note 5)		- 2,156	-	1,289,642	1,291,797
Taxes, interest, and penalties					
receivable (Note 6)	2,890,28		2,214,040	96,354	5,200,682
Amounts due from other funds (Note 18)	991,64		11,735	532,686	1,536,067
Amounts due from component units	2,12	- 2	-	1,520	3,642
Amounts due from federal agencies	799,05	- 0	48,881	200,025	1,047,956
Amounts due from local units	47,96	6 -	47,613	169,783	265,362
Inventories	17,22	6 -	-	5,792	23,018
Investments (Note 8)			-	311,463	311,463
Other current assets	292,16	1 -	97	245,681	537,940
Total Current Assets	5,047,56	7 2,156	2,322,366	2,853,806	10,225,895
Total Outfent Assets				2,000,000	10,223,035
Taxes, interest, and penalties					
receivable (Note 6)	253,34	6 -	66,730	5,819	325,895
Advances to other funds (Note 18)	7,54		-		7,548
Amounts due from federal agencies	4,06		-	-	4,061
Amounts due from local units	883,58		4,208	50,775	938,566
Investments (Note 8)	000,00		4,200	667,164	667,164
Other noncurrent assets	4,85	3 -		5,519	
Other honcurrent assets	4,65	<u> </u>	-	5,519	10,372
Total Assets	\$ 6,200,95	8 \$ 2,156	\$ 2,393,305	\$ 3,583,083	\$ 12,179,501
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Current Liabilities:					
Warrants outstanding	\$ 160,59	1\$-	\$ 695	\$ 7,441	\$ 168,726
Accounts payable and	φ 100,00	· •	φ 000	ψ 7,447	• 100,720
other liabilities (Note 23)	1,659,55	ŝ -	155,948	683,474	2,498,977
Income tax refunds payable (Note 16)	681,91		100,040		681,916
Amounts due to other funds (Note 18)	47,60		1,444,626	83,967	1,576,193
Amounts due to component units	2,63		1,444,020		2,639
Bonds and notes payable	2,00			210,310	2,039
			-	457	
Interest payable	1,453,90		470 711	226,705	457
Deferred revenue			470,711		2,151,324
Total Current Liabilities	4,006,21	<u> </u>	2,071,979	1,212,354	7,290,543
Long-Torm Liabilities:					
Long-Term Liabilities: Advances from component units	474,20				474,205
•	474,20		66,730	10,662	
Deferred revenue	429,00	-	00,730	10,002	506,961
Total Liabilities	4,909,98	<u> </u>	2,138,710	1,223,016	8,271,709
Fund Palanaca					
Fund Balances:	022 10	,	054 505	1 714 196	0.001.005
Reserved fund balance (Note 22)	833,104	+ -	254,595	1,714,186	2,801,885
Unreserved fund balance reported in:	457.07	, ,			
General Fund	457,870		-	-	457,870
Special revenue funds		- 2,156	-	609,292	611,448
Debt service funds			-	220,517	220,517
Capital projects funds			-	(238,718)	(238,718)
Permanent funds			-	54,791	54,791
Total Fund Balances	1,290,974	2,156	254,595	2,360,067	3,907,792
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 6,200,958	3 \$ 2,156	\$ 2,393,305	\$ 3,583,083	\$ 12,179,501

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 3,907,792
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net A are different because:	ssets	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financia and therefore are not reported in the funds. (Note 9)	l resources	
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets Infrastructure 1 Construction in progress Interest in joint ventures	3,370,987 4,401,550 2,636,941 1,152,866 32,856 1,954,668)	19,640,533
Certain tax revenues are earned but not available and therefor reported in the funds.	e are not	2,190,521
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current per expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	iod	375,356
Amounts due to component units for long-term loans.		(75,359)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal ser are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Network Statement Statement of Network Statement of Network Statement Stat	, to vice funds	169,845
Certain pension trust funds have been funded in excess of the required contributions, creating a year-end asset. This asset current available resource and is not reported in the funds. (990	
Deferred issue costs are reported as current expenditures in the However, deferred issue costs are amortized over the life of and are included in the governmental activities in the Statem Assets.	44,544	
Recoveries of prior year expenditures related to long-term liab	ilities.	53,909
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current per therefore are not reported in the funds. (Note 15)	iod and	
Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Workers' compensation Litigation Net pension obligations Net other post employment benefits Other long-term liabilities	(313,165) (467,699) (111,536) (505,644) (537,353) (609,482) (3,676)	(2,548,553)
Long-term bonded debt is not due and payable in the current p therefore is not reported in the funds. Unamortized premium refundings, and interest payable are not reported in the funds these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Assets. net effect of these balances on the statement. (Note 13)	s, loss on s. However,	
Unamortized premiums Less unamortized discounts Less deferred loss amount on refundings	8,214,803) (278,555) 474,193 110,853	(0.000.047)
Accrued interest payable	(130,636)	 (8,038,947)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 15,720,632

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

(in mousands)	GENERAL FUND	COUNTER - CYCLICAL BUDGET AND ECONOMIC STABILIZATION FUND	SCHOOL AID FUND	NON-MAJOR FUNDS	TOTALS
REVENUES					
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services From licenses and permits Special Medicaid reimbursements Miscellaneous	 \$ 13,370,761 10,731,491 113,572 287,790 284,382 115,797 758,947 	\$ - - - - - 66	\$ 10,772,286 1,377,664 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,932,088 1,323,483 12,978 3,590 157,024 	\$ 26,075,135 13,432,638 126,550 291,380 441,407 115,797 1,653,059
Total Revenues	25,662,741	66	12,180,814	4,292,346	42,135,966
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General government Education Human services Public safety and corrections	1,285,127 2,155,080 4,590,802 2,614,586	- - -	12,786,351 - -	270,824 158,160 18,679 2,462	1,555,951 15,099,591 4,609,481 2,617,048
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture Labor, commerce, and regulatory Health services Transportation Tax expenditures (Note 16) Capital outlay	341,488 772,305 11,518,307 - 931,600 16,187	-		255,778 193,786 69,900 2,338,907 - 1,212,915	597,267 966,091 11,588,207 2,338,907 931,600 1,229,102
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing Debt service: Bond principal retirement Bond interest and fiscal charges Capital lease payments	1,076,445 - - 48,686		-	238,371 339,237 1,490	1,076,445 238,371 339,237 50,176
Total Expenditures	25,350,613		12,786,351	5,100,510	43,237,473
Excess of Revenues over (under)					
Expenditures	312,128	66	(605,537)	(808,164)	(1,101,507)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bonds and notes issued Refunding bonds issued Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	185,242 347,446 16,811	185,242 347,446 16,811
Discount on bond issuance Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Capital lease acquisitions	106,248	-	-	(3,309) (361,879) 4,590	(3,309) (361,879) 110,838
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds (Note 20) Transfers to other funds (Note 20)	27,381 279,738 (416,549)	- - -	769,969 (3,833)	3,124 1,774,781 (1,496,465)	30,505 2,824,489 (1,916,847)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,182)		766,136	470,342	1,233,296
Net changes in fund balances	308,946	66	160,599	(337,823)	131,789
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	982,028	2,090	93,996	2,697,890	3,776,004
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 1,290,974	\$ 2,156	\$ 254,595	\$ 2,360,067	\$ 3,907,792

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds \$ 131.789 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. (Note 9) Land and other non-depreciable assets 108.258 Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets 42,963 Infrastructure additions 100,220 Construction in progress 144,083 Gain on disposal of capital assets 30,505 Accumulated depreciation (136,520) 289,509 Certain revenues that were reported as resources in the funds but were earned in prior fiscal years are not reported in the Statement of Activities. 15,886 Amount due to component units for long-term loans are not reported in the funds as they are not due and payable. (7,824)Increase in equity interest in joint ventures. (Note 7) 422 Tax revenues that were reported as resources in the funds but were earned in prior fiscal years are not reported in the Statement of Activities. (84, 961)Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 37,267 Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds by issuing debt which increases long-term bonded debt in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term bonded debt in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount proceeds exceed repayments. (Note 13) Bond proceeds and premiums received (549, 499)Repayment of bond principal 238,371 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent 361,879 Discount on bond issuances 3,309 (19,667) Accrued interest and amortization Deferred issue costs 4,793 39,186 Certain expenditures are reported in the funds. However, they either increase or decrease long-term liabilities reported on the Statement of Net Assets and have been eliminated from the Statement of Activities. (Note 15) Net pension obligation 50,188 Net other postemployment benefit obligation (609,482) Capital lease payments 17,580 Compensated absences payments 6,553 Litigation recoveries, settlements and payments 22,384 Workers' compensation 1,360 Other 6,557 (504, 861)Change in net assets of governmental activities S (83.588)



PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Major Funds

STATE LOTTERY FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 432.41 established the State Lottery Fund and MCL Section 432.5 created a Bureau of State Lottery under authority of Article 5, Section 4, of the State Constitution. This authority expired on August 1, 1974, at which time the Bureau became an organizational entity in the Department of Management and Budget. The Bureau was transferred to the Department of Treasury during fiscal year 1991. Net income of the fund related to lottery operations is transferred to the School Aid Fund and the fund's net income related to bingo and charity games regulation is transferred to the General Fund. The remaining net assets balance represents the unrealized cumulative gain or loss on investments, as required by GASB Statement No. 31.

Revenues and related expenses are recognized in the period during which the related drawings are held. Deferred prize awards are recorded as expenses and liabilities at their discounted present value. The State Treasurer invests funds equivalent to the discounted value of the installment payments and the Lottery Fund is credited with the interest earnings.

MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUNDS

The columns for the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds reflect the activity of two funds administered by the Unemployment Insurance Agency within the Department of Labor and Economic Growth: the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund and the Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund. The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund receives contributions from employers and provides for the payment of benefits to eligible unemployed workers. The fund also makes payments under certain federally funded programs. Administrative costs of the fund are accounted for in the Michigan Employment Security Act - Administration Fund, a special revenue fund.

The Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 421.10 to receive a special temporary unemployment tax surcharge, known as the solvency tax. The fund also receives interest and penalty charges on late contributions. MCL Section 421.10 restricts use of solvency taxes for payment of interest on the Michigan Unemployment Compensation borrowings from the federal government.

A portion of the asset "Amounts due from other funds" and the liability "Amounts due to other funds" represent receivables and payables between the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund and the Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund.

Non-Major Funds

Individual fund statements for the Enterprise Funds, whose combined totals are presented on this statement, begin on page 170.

Individual fund statements for the Internal Service Funds, whose combined totals are presented on this statement, begin on page 174.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -- ENTERPRISE FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	M	AJOR			
ASSETS	STATE LOTTERY FUND	MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUNDS	NON-MAJOR	TOTALS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash (Note 5) Amounts due from other funds (Note 18) Amounts due from component units	\$	\$ 7,417 2,886 7,581 341	\$ 893 55,057 - -	\$8,312 61,451 7,581 341	\$ 496 234,679 22,412 154
Amounts due from federal agencies Amounts due from local units Inventories Investments (Note 8) Other current assets	- 3,851 69,508 75,846	17,712 31,403 - 35,289 253,524	- 8,773 4,364 4,829	17,712 31,403 12,624 109,162 334,199	- - 15,717 - 19,375
Total Current Assets	152,715	356,153	73,915	582,784	292,834
Investments (Note 8)	251,479			251,479	
Capital Assets (Note 9): Land and other non depreciable assets Buildings and equipment Allowance for depreciation Total capital assets	4,194 (3,405) 790		371 (353) 17	4,565 (3,758) 807	9,170 709,419 (487,102) 231,487
Other noncurrent assets		23,300		23,300	2,650
Total Assets	\$ 404,984	\$ 379,453	\$ 73,933	\$ 858,370	\$ 526,971
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Warrants outstanding Accounts payable and	\$ 1,937	\$-	\$ 3,656	\$ 5,593	\$ 609
other liabilities (Note 23) Amounts due to other funds (Note 18) Deferred revenue Current portion of other	132,230 11,898 -	44,509 7,355 345	62,984 142 395	239,723 19,394 740	119,669 6,356 49,610
long-term obligations (Note 15)	638		319	958	62,140
Total Current Liabilities	146,703	52,209	67,496	266,408	238,384
Long-Term Liabilities: Advances from other funds (Note 18) Advances from federal government Prize awards payable Noncurrent portion of other	- - 220,001	- 362,400 -	- - -	- 362,400 220,001	7,548 - -
long-term obligations (Note 15)	1,508	55,203	1,144	57,855	111,193
Total Liabilities	368,212	469,812	68,640	906,664	357,126
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted For:	\$ 790	\$-	\$ 17	\$ 807	\$ 223,910
Unemployment compensation Other purposes Unrestricted	36,772 (790)	35,899 (126,259)	5,275	35,899 36,772 (121,773)	4,026 (58,091)
Total Net Assets	\$ 36,772	\$ (90,359)	\$ 5,293	\$ (48,294)	\$ 169,845

Michigan

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	BUSIN	NESS-TYPE ACTIVITI	ES ENTERPRISE	FUNDS	
	MA	AJOR			
	STATE LOTTERY FUND	MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUNDS	NON-MAJOR	TOTALS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES	······				
Operating revenues	\$ 2,351,082	\$ 1,998,292	\$ 772,970	\$ 5,122,344	\$ 1,399,957
Total Operating Revenues	2,351,082	1,998,292	772,970	5,122,344	1,399,957
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries, wages, and other administrative Interest expense	ve 282,421 -	3	64,489 -	346,913 -	521,168 1
Depreciation	134	-	9	143	47,770
Purchases for resale	-	-	561,269	561,269	82,328
Purchases for prison industries	-	-	-	-	17,826
Lottery prize awards	1,323,341	-	-	1,323,341	-
Premiums and claims	-	-	38	38	659,085
Unemployment benefits	-	2,063,969	-	2,063,969	-
Other operating expenses	-	324,624	1,161	325,785	50,264
Total Operating Expenses	1,605,896	2,388,596	626,967	4,621,458	1,378,441
Operating Income (Loss)	745,186	(390,303)	146,003	500,885	21,516
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENS	FS)				
Specific tax on spirits		_	13,663	13,663	-
Interest revenue	3,063	-	2,192	5,255	_
Investment revenue (expense) - net	39,972	1,227	2,102	41,199	_
Other nonoperating revenues		1,221	-	41,155	3,629
Amortization of prize award					0,020
obligation discount	(20,700)	-	-	(20,700)	-
Interest expense	(10,262)	(14,448)	-	(24,709)	(624)
Other nonoperating expense			-	-	(13)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	12,073	(13,221)	15,854	14,707	2,992
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	757,259	(403,524)	161,857	515,592	24,508
TRANSFERS					
Transfers from other funds Transfers To:	-	-	-	-	14,093
School Aid Fund	(740,735)	-	_	(740,735)	_
Other funds	(11,628)	(13,670)	(161,730)	(187,028)	(1,333)
	(752,364)	(13,670)		······	
Total transfers to other funds	(732,304)	(13,070)	(161,730)	(927,763)	(1,333)
Change in net assets	4,895	(417,194)	127	(412,171)	37,267
Total net assets - Beginning					
of fiscal year - restated	31,877	326,834	5,165	363,877	132,578
Total net assets - End of fiscal year	\$ 36,772	\$ (90,359)	\$ 5,293	\$ (48,294)	\$ 169,845

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

		BU	SINES	S-TYPE ACTIVIT	IES ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
		MA	JOR							
		STATE LOTTERY FUND		MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUNDS		NON-MAJOR		TOTALS		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts from federal and local agencies	\$	-	\$	308,568 1,611,452	\$	-	\$	308,568	\$	4 405 005
Receipts from customers Membership dues		2,341,730		1,611,452		768,085 4,629		4,721,266 4,629		1,435,285
Payments to employees		(15,195)		-		(16,970)		(32,165)		(204,644)
Payments to suppliers		(51,559)		-		(613,674)		(665,233)		(639,894)
Payments to prize winners		(1,391,666)		-		-		(1,391,666)		-
Payments for commissions to retailers		(215,860)		-		-		(215,860)		-
Claims paid		-		(2,369,584)		-		(2,369,584)		(426,913)
Other receipts		-		33,916		227		34,143		178
Other payments		-		(3)	<u> </u>	(1,597)		(1,600)		(8,114)
Net cash provided (used)	-									
by operating activities	\$	667,450	\$	(415,652)	\$	140,699	\$	392,497	\$	155,897
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Advances from federal government	\$	-	\$	1,079,400	\$	-	\$	1,079,400	\$	-
Advance repayments to federal government		-		(717,000)		-		(717,000)		-
Interest paid		-		(10,812)		-		(10,812)		-
Loans or loan repayments from other funds		-		-		-		-		5,407
Loans or loan repayments to other funds		-		-		-		-		(14,152)
Specific tax on spirits		-		-		13,663		13,663		-
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		(751,529)		(13,683)		(161,730)		(926,942)		14,093 (1,333)
Net cash provided (used)		(751,528)		(10,000)		(101,730)		(320,342)		(1,555)
by noncapital financing activities	\$	(751,529)	\$	337,905	\$	(148,067)	\$	(561,691)	\$	4,015
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$	(583)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(583)	\$	(67,756)
Interest paid		· · ·		-		-		-		(252)
Capital lease payments										
(including imputed interest expense)		-		-		-		-		(3,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		64
Net cash provided (used) by capital	_									
and related financing activities	\$	(583)	\$	-	\$		\$	(583)	\$	(70,944)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Proceeds from sales and maturities of										
investment securities	\$	76,870	\$	68,340	\$	-	\$	145,210	\$	-
Purchases of investment securities		-		-		(1,088)		(1,088)		-
Interest and dividends on investments		3,063		1,227		2,192		6,482		3,521
Income from securities lending activities		13,009		-		-		13,009		-
Expenses from securities lending activities		(10,262)		-				(10,262)		-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$	82,680	\$	69,566	\$	1,104	\$	153,350	\$	3,521
Net cash provided (used) - all activities	\$	(1,981)	\$	(8,180)	\$	(6,264)	\$	(16,426)	\$	92,489
Cash and cash equivalents		0 555		10 400		50 550		00 500		1 40 070
at beginning of year - restated		3,555		18,483		58,558		80,596		142,078
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	¢	1 573	\$	10 202	\$	52,293	\$	64,170	\$	224 566
at end of year	φ	1,573	Ψ	10,303	Ψ	52,235				234,566

		MA	JOR						GOV	ERNMENTAL
	STATE LOTTERY FUND		UNE	IICHIGAN MPLOYMENT IPENSATION FUNDS	NON-MAJOR		TOTALS		ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH										
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS										
Per Statement of Net Assets Classifications:										
Cash	\$	2	\$	7,417	\$	893	\$	8,312	\$	496
Equity in common cash		3,508		2,886		55,057		61,451		234,679
Warrants outstanding		(1,937)				(3,656)		(5,593)		(609)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,573	\$	10,303	\$	52,293	\$	64,170	\$	234,566
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (loss)	\$	745,186	\$	(390,303)	\$	146,003	\$	500,885	\$	21,516
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income										
to Net Cash Provided (Used)										
by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation expense		134		-		9		143		47,770
Amortization of prize award										
obligation discount		(20,700)		-		-		(20,700)		-
Other reconciling items		120		-		-		120		4
Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:										
Inventories		198		-		(4,361)		(4,163)		2,088
Other assets (net)		(9,352)		(53,489)		4,327		(58,514)		775
Accounts payable and other liabilities		(511)		28,134		(5,205)		22,418		83,745
Prize awards payable		(47,624)		-		-		(47,624)		-
Deferred revenue		-		7		(74)		(67)		-
Net cash provided (used)		,						كيسيك يستمسي		
by operating activities	\$	667,450	\$	(415,652)	\$	140,699	\$	392,497	\$	155,897
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cost of capital assets acquisitions										
financed by capital leases	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,990
Capital lease liabilities entered										
into during the year		-		-		-		-		(4,990)
Increase (decrease) in fair value										
of investments		4,895		-		-		4,895		-
Transfers to other funds (accrual)		(11,735)		(993)		-		(12,728)		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		3,636		-		3,636		(11)
Total noncash investing, capital,	<u> </u>	 .		<u> </u>				·····		<u>/</u>
and financing activities	\$	(6,840)	\$	2,643	\$	-	\$	(4,197)	\$	(11)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -- ENTERPRISE FUNDS



FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Individual fund financial statements begin on the following pages: Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds, page 182. Private Purpose Trust Funds, page 190. Agency Funds, page 193.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	•	PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS		AGENCY FUNDS
Cash	\$	23	\$	1,685	\$	54,759
Equity in common cash (Note 5) Receivables:	Ψ	834,484	Ψ	92,964	Ψ	5,608
From participants		220,976		-		-
From employers		511,828		-		-
Other		463		-		-
Interest and dividends		1,392		2,221		-
Due from other funds (Note 18)		36,268		-		-
Due from component unit		325		-		-
Due from other governmental		4,026		-		-
Sale of investments		337		-		-
Investments at Fair Value (Note 8):		425,922		_		6,866
Short term investments Bonds, notes, mortgages, and preferred stock		9,056,471		- 17,391		0,000
Common stock		22,331,713		216		_
Real estate		5,854,736		210		-
Alternative investments		9,791,534		-		-
International investments		4,717,714		-		-
Mutual funds		1,859,094		1,647,688		-
Pooled investment funds		2,076,286				-
Money market funds		336,624		-		-
Guaranteed funding agreements		-		188,282		-
Securities lending collateral (Note 8)		6,847,491		-		-
Other current assets		-		9,014		219
Other noncurrent assets	·—			700		380,831
Total assets	\$	64,907,705	\$	1,960,160	\$	448,283
LIABILITIES						
Warrants outstanding	\$	8,632	\$	2,112	\$	273
Accounts payable and other liabilities		322,365		6,210		66,799
Amounts due to other funds (Note 18)		4		-		381
Obligations under security lending		8,935,229		-		-
Other long-term liabilities		-		-	, ,,	380,831 •
Total liabilities	\$	9,266,228	\$	8,321	\$	448,283
NET ASSETS						
Net assets held in trust for pension,						
postemployment health-care, deferred	•	55 0 44 470	^	4 054 000		
compensation participants, and other purposes	\$	55,641,476	\$	1,951,839		
Reconciliation of Net Assets Held in Trust:						
Pension benefits (Note 10)	\$	51,191,131	\$	-		
Postemployment health-care benefits (Note 11)		886,531		-		
Deferred compensation participants (Note 17)		3,563,814		•		
Other purposes	<u></u>		<u> </u>	1,951,839		
Total net assets held in trust for benefits						
and other purposes	\$	55,641,476	\$	1,951,839		
		_		-		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
From participants	\$ 728,280	\$	363,026
From employers	2,495,381		-
From clients	•		65,206
From gifts, bequests, and endowments	-		23,473
From other plans	761		-
From other governmental	23,537		-
Investment Income:			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(11,736,002)		(337,882)
Interest, dividends, and other	1,488,553		97,207
Securities lending income	406,386		227
Less Investment Expense:			
Investment activity expense	126,426		-
Securities lending expense	345,355		200
Net investment income (loss)	(10,312,844)		(240,648)
Escheated property	-		60,794
Miscellaneous income	6,106		302
Transfers from other funds	7,450	_	-
Total Additions	(7,051,329)	_	272,152
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries	4,368,921		112,774
Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants	1,079,075		-
Refunds and transfers to other systems	72,564		-
Amounts distributed to clients, claimants, or third parties	-		152,977
Administrative expense	128,199		6,356
Transfers to other funds	88		-
Total Deductions	5,648,846		272,107
Net increase (decrease)	(12,700,175)		45
Net assets - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	68,341,652		1,951,794
Net assets - End of fiscal year	\$ 55,641,476	\$	1,951,839
Reconciliation of Net Increase in Assets:			
Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$ (12,059,501)	\$	-
Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for postemployment benefits	11,999	Ψ	-
Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for deferred compensation participants	(652,673)		-
Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for other purposes	(302,070)		45
Total net increase (decrease)	\$ (12,700,175)	\$	45
	\$ (12,700,175)	\$	40



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COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Funds

MICHIGAN EDUCATION TRUST

The Michigan Education Trust (MET) operates a prepaid tuition program. A purchaser enters into a contract with MET which provides that in return for a specified actuarially determined payment, MET will provide a Michigan child's undergraduate tuition at any Michigan public university or community college. The amount the purchaser is required to pay is based on several factors, among them are tuition costs, the child's age and grade in school, anticipated investment earnings, tuition rate increases, and the type of contract purchased.

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.1425, the Michigan Education Trust Act, created MET. MET is governed by a nine-member board that consists of the State Treasurer and eight other individuals appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Although MET is administratively located within the Michigan Department of Treasury, the law provides its assets are not to be considered assets of the State and are not to be loaned or otherwise transferred or used by the State for any purpose other than the purposes specified in the law. The law and contracts also specifically provide that the State is not liable if MET becomes actuarially unsound. In that event, the contracts provide for refunds to participants.

MICHIGAN STATE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 125.1421 created the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) to issue notes and bonds to finance housing for sale or rental to families with low or moderate incomes and to finance home improvements. MSHDA is also the administrator of various "Section 8" housing programs in Michigan for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Governor appoints MSHDA's board members.

MICHIGAN MUNICIPAL BOND AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 141.1054 created the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority (MMBA) to assist local units of government in reducing their financing costs for public improvements, deficit reduction, and various other municipal purposes. MMBA pools the borrowing needs of various units and issues limited obligation debt, the proceeds of which are used to purchase local unit obligations or to make loans to local units.

MMBA is governed by a board of trustees consisting of the State Treasurer, two appointees of the Governor, and four state residents appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

MMBA and the Department of Environmental Quality serve as coadministrators of a special State Revolving Fund, which is reported as part of MMBA. The State Revolving Fund assists governmental units in financing water quality projects. Federal government and State matching provides financing for this activity along with investment interest earnings and/or other available funds. MMBA's separately issued financial reports provide a separate accounting of this fund's activities.

CENTRAL MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY AND WESTERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY

Central Michigan University and Western Michigan University are the two major universities of the ten universities included in this report. They are legally separate entities whose governing boards are appointed by the Governor and for which the State is therefore, defined as legally accountable. Excluded from this report are three other universities (University of Michigan, Michigan State University and Wayne State University) whose board members are elected by the voters and, therefore, considered separate special purpose governments.

Non-Major Funds

The non-major component unit - authorities are presented beginning on page 198.

The non-major component unit - State universities are presented beginning on page 206.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

ASSETS Current Assets:	NON-MAJO \$ 145,024 50,672 27,699 6,420 15,590 16,607 634 95,124 352,968 710,744 6,656
Current Assets: \$ 244,854 \$ 350,465 \$ 12 \$ Equity in common cash (Note 5) - - 68,293 Amounts due from component units - - - Amounts due from primary government 2,551 - 2,086 Amounts due from local units - - - Amounts due from local units - - - Amounts due from local units - - 975,274 Investments (Note 8) - 210,199 955,988 Other current assets 21,950 63,292 499 Total Current Assets 269,355 623,956 2,002,153 Restricted Assets: - - - Cash and cash equivalents - - - Investments - - - - Mortgages and loans receivable - - - - Advances to primary government - - - - Advances to primary government - - 558,234 - Amounts due from local units - 2,309	50,672 27,699 6,420 15,590 16,607 632 95,124 352,966 710,744
Cash \$ 244,854 \$ 350,465 \$ 12 5 Equity in common cash (Note 5) - - 68,293 Amounts due from component units - - - Amounts due from primary government 2,551 - 2,086 Amounts due from federal government - - - Amounts due from local units - - - Amounts due from local units - - - Investments (Note 8) - 210,199 955,988 Other current assets 21,950 63,292 499 Total Current Assets 269,355 623,956 2,002,153 Restricted Assets: - - - Cash and cash equivalents - - - Investments - - - - Mortgages and loans receivable - - - - Advances to primary government - - 2,744,959 - Mortgages and loans receivable - 2,309,994 - - Investments (Note 8) 608,457 580,650	50,672 27,699 6,420 15,590 16,607 632 95,124 352,966 710,744
Equity in common cash (Note 5)68,293Amounts due from component unitsAmounts due from primary government2,551-2,086Amounts due from federal governmentAmounts due from local units975,274InventoriesInvestments (Note 8)-210,199955,988Other current assets21,95063,292499Total Current Assets269,355623,9562,002,153Restricted Assets:Cash and cash equivalentsInvestmentsMortgages and loans receivable558,234Amounts due from local units-2,309,994-Investments (Note 8)608,457580,6501,029,188Capital Assets (Note 9):2,309,994	50,672 27,699 6,420 15,590 16,607 632 95,124 352,966 710,744
Amounts due from component unitsAmounts due from primary government2,5512,086Amounts due from federal governmentAmounts due from local unitsAmounts due from local unitsInvestments (Note 8)-210,199Other current assets21,95063,292Amounts due from local unitsInvestments (Note 8)-210,199Other current assets21,95063,292Advances to primary governmentInvestmentsInvestments due from local unitsMortgages and loans receivableAmounts due from local units-2,744,959Mortgages and loans receivable-2,309,994Investments (Note 8)608,457580,650Capital Assets (Note 9):-2,309,994	27,699 6,420 15,590 16,607 632 95,124 352,968 710,744
Amounts due from primary government2,5512,086Amounts due from local unitsAmounts due from local unitsInvestments (Note 8)-210,199Other current assets21,95063,292Ages21,95063,292Amounts due from local units-Investments (Note 8)-210,199955,988Other current assets21,950Cash and cash equivalents-Investments-Investments-Mortgages and loans receivable-Advances to primary government-Advances to primary government-Amounts due from local units-Amounts (Note 8)608,457Capital Assets (Note 9):-	27,699 6,420 15,590 16,607 632 95,124 352,968 710,744
Amounts due from federal governmentAmounts due from local units975,274InventoriesInvestments (Note 8)-210,199955,988Other current assets21,95063,292499Total Current Assets269,355623,9562,002,153Restricted Assets:Cash and cash equivalentsInvestmentsMortgages and loans receivableAdvances to primary government558,234Amounts due from local units-2,744,959Mortgages and loans receivable-2,309,994Investments (Note 8)608,457580,6501,029,188Capital Assets (Note 9):	6,426 15,590 16,607 634 95,124 352,968 710,744
Amounts due from local units975,274InventoriesInvestments (Note 8)-210,199955,988Other current assets21,95063,292499Total Current Assets269,355623,9562,002,153Restricted Assets:Cash and cash equivalentsInvestmentsMortgages and loans receivableAdvances to primary government558,234Amounts due from local units-2,744,959Mortgages and loans receivable-2,309,994Investments (Note 8)608,457580,6501,029,188Capital Assets (Note 9):	16,607 634 95,124 352,968 710,744
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Other current assets21,95063,292499Total Current Assets269,355623,9562,002,153Restricted Assets:Cash and cash equivalentsInvestmentsMortgages and loans receivableAdvances to primary government558,234Amounts due from local units2,744,959Mortgages and loans receivable-2,309,994-Investments (Note 8)608,457580,6501,029,188Capital Assets (Note 9):	352,968 710,744
Total Current Assets269,355623,9562,002,153Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalentsInvestmentsMortgages and loans receivableAdvances to primary government558,234Amounts due from local units2,744,959Mortgages and loans receivable-2,309,994-Investments (Note 8)608,457580,6501,029,188Capital Assets (Note 9):	710,744
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Advances to primary government558,234Amounts due from local units2,744,959Mortgages and loans receivable-2,309,994-Investments (Note 8)608,457580,6501,029,188Capital Assets (Note 9):	_,
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Investments (Note 8) 608,457 580,650 1,029,188 Capital Assets (Note 9): 608,457 580,650 1,029,188	2,046,93
Capital Assets (Note 9):	72,00
	, 2,000
	13,00
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets	61,37
Less accumulated depreciation	(33,28
Infrastructure	102,72
	102,722
Construction in progress	
Total capital assets	143,815
Other noncurrent assets 47,362 59,428 104,969	96,150
Total Assets \$ 925,174 \$ 3,574,028 \$ 6,439,503	\$ 3,078,786
IABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Warrants outstanding \$ - \$ - \$	5 260
Accounts payable and other liabilities 5 38,941 4,803	40,34
Amounts due to component units	27,700
Amounts due to primary government 219	2,43
Amounts due to federal government	13
Bonds and notes payable (Note 14) - 59,246 883,010	82,22
Interest payable (1016 14) - 14,096 75,589	10,91
Deferred revenue 3,366	3,41
Current portion of other long-term obligations 124,008	6,550
Total Current Liabilities 124,012 112,283 966,988	173,992
Deferred revenue	
Bonds and notes payable (Note 14) - 2,337,725 3,463,865	2,302,534
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations 898,662 443,594 37,178	43,435
Total Liabilities \$ 1,022,674 \$ 2,893,602 \$ 4,468,031 \$	
$\frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac$	2,519,902
IET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	5 142,776
Restricted For:	
Education	
Construction and debt service - 295,132 -	17,38
Other purposes 1,958,766	24,54
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:	·
Expendable	
Nonexpendable	
Unrestricted (97,500) 385,295 12,706	374,125
Total Net Assets \$ (97,500) \$ 680,426 \$ 1,971,472 \$	558,824

STATE UNIVERSITIES

M	CENTRAL IICHIGAN VIVERSITY	М	ESTERN ICHIGAN IVERSITY	N	ON-MAJOR		TOTALS
\$	17,166	\$	36,759	\$	242,545	\$	1,036,826
•	-		-		-		118,965
	-		-		18		27,717
	54,835		10,193		115,654		191,746
	923		1,943		12,371		30,828
	-		134		185		992,200
	5,465		5,126		11,449		22,675
	-		8,025		136,481		1,405,816
	17,873		29,679		59,274		545,534
	96,263		91,859		577,977		4,372,308
	5		-		19,986		26,647
	48,288		185,421		193,304		429,492
	8,691		-		41,255		49,946
	-		-		-		558,234
	-		-		-		2,744,959
	-		10,010		24,250		4,391,192
	181,698		57,595		367,792		2,897,382
	11,061		14,252		81,297		119,612
	613,020	-	1,010,788		3,045,008		4,730,194
	(269,018)		(366,980)		(1,179,948)		(1,849,231)
	-		-		-		102,722
	27,217		10,294		98,950		136,462
	382,280		668,354		2,045,307		3,239,757
	-		14,968		37,091		359,968
\$	717,226	\$ 1	,028,207	\$	3,306,961	\$	19,069,885
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	260
	55,761		44,011		162,318		346,186
	-		-		-		27,700
	473		35		1,930		5,097
	- 6,585		6,240		27,365		137 1,064,669
	0,565 1,551		1,972		3,701		107,826
	11,698		8,068		47,925		74,473
	-		6,132		12,916		149,608
	76,068	<u> </u>	66,457		256,156		1,775,956
	70,000	<u></u>	00,407			<u></u>	1,770,000
	-		-		4,385		4,385
	165,742		277,955		812,773		9,360,594
	17,936		137,460		72,035		1,650,299
\$	259,745	\$	481,872	\$	1,145,349	\$	12,791,234
\$	209,953	\$	373,754	\$	1,230,476	\$	1,956,960
	56,615		9,554		140,426		206,595
	3,897		-		37,981		354,391
	-		34,284		30,475		2,048,066
	-		-		61,049		61,049
	-		64,391		183,785		248,176
	187,016		64,352		477,419		1,403,414
\$	457,481	\$	546,335	\$	2,161,612	\$	6,278,651
			<u> </u>				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

				F						
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS		NET EXPENSE) REVENUE
Authorities:										
Michigan Education Trust	\$	47,437	\$	156	\$	(61,190)	\$	-	\$	(108,470)
Michigan State Housing										
Development Authority		646,305		181,217		458,951		•		(6,137)
Michigan Municipal Bond Authorit	у	220,950		147,452		185,764		-		112,265
Non-Major		577,785		170,409		278,411		-		(128,965)
State Universities:										
Central Michigan University		356,330		250,970		17,628		2,078		(85,654)
Western Michigan University		516,109		279,593		19,636		7,107		(209,772)
Non-Major		1,549,599		935,807		142,518		18,395		(452,879)
Total	\$	3,914,515	\$	1,965,604	\$	1,041,718	\$	27,580	\$	(879,612)

	G	ENERAL	REVENU	ES						
INV EA	INTEREST AND INVESTMENT EARNINGS (LOSS) PAYMENTS FROM STATE OF MICHIGAN		0	THER	-	HANGE IN	BE	T ASSETS GINNING DF YEAR ESTATED	 T ASSETS END DF YEAR	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(108,470)	\$	10,970	\$ (97,500)
	34,259		-		-		28,122		652,304	680,426
	-		-		-		112,265	•	1,859,207	1,971,472
	10,020	12	123,667		45,900		50,623		508,202	558,824
	(1,746)	ç	92,087		13,239		17,926		439,554	457,481
	(1,917)	13	30,6 1 0		54,999		(26,080)		572,416	546,335
	14,087	42	23,216		77,742		62,166	2	2,099,446	2,161,612
\$	54,703	\$ 76	9,580	\$	191,881	\$	136,552	\$ 6	6,142,099	\$ 6,278,651

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Michigan

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the State conform in all material respects to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>. Following is a summary of the significant policies:

Reporting Entity

Michigan was admitted to the Union as the twenty-sixth state in 1837. The State of Michigan is governed under the Constitution of 1963, as amended. The legislative power is vested in a 38-member senate and a 110-member house of representatives; executive power is vested in a governor; and the judicial power is vested exclusively in one court of justice.

For financial reporting purposes, the State of Michigan's reporting entity includes the "primary government" and its "component units." The primary government includes all funds, departments and agencies, bureaus, boards, commissions, and those authorities that are considered an integral part of the primary government. Component units are legally separate governmental organizations for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable. Component units can also be legally separate, tax-exempt entities that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of a governmental unit.

Financial accountability is defined in GASB Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>. The State is financially accountable for those entities in which the State appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing authority, and either is able to impose its will upon the entity or there exists a financial benefit or burden relationship with the State. For those entities in which the State does not appoint a voting majority of the governing authority, GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion in the reporting entity if they are fiscally dependent on the State or if it would be misleading to exclude the authority.

GASB Statement No. 39, <u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>, an amendment of <u>GASB</u> <u>Statement No. 14</u>, establishes criteria for legally separate, tax-exempt entities that should be reported as component units if all of the criteria are met. Although the State has not identified any organizations that would qualify as direct component units of the State by meeting all of the criteria of GASB Statement No. 39, most of the university component units described later in this note have significant foundations that meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 39.

Blended Component Units

The State Building Authority and the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority are legally separate organizations that have boards appointed by the primary government and provide services primarily to benefit the State. Therefore, they are reported as though they were part of the primary government, using the blending method.

Discretely Presented Component Units

These types of component units are reported in separate columns or rows in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The State is able to impose its will upon these discretely presented component units:

The Farm Produce Insurance Authority provides reimbursements to participating producers for losses suffered in the event of a grain dealer's financial failure.

The Land Bank Fast Track Authority receives tax reverted properties, undertakes expedited action to clear their titles, and then ensures the properties' redevelopment.

The Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation participates with intermediate school districts to establish standards and guidelines for early childhood development activities.

The Michigan Education Trust offers contracts, which, for actuarially determined amounts, provide plan participants with future tuition at institutions of higher education.

The Michigan State Housing Development Authority finances loans for the construction of single and multi-family housing and home improvement projects.

The Michigan Municipal Bond Authority assists local units by pooling their borrowing activities. This authority is also responsible for assisting local units with their financing of water pollution control projects.

The Mackinac Bridge Authority accounts for the operation of the Mackinac Bridge.

The Michigan Broadband Development Authority is a financing authority that assists in the build-out of broadband infrastructure to accelerate the deployment of high-speed Internet connections Statewide.

The Michigan Exposition and Fairgrounds Authority conducts an annual state fair and other exhibits and events for the purpose of promoting all phases of the economy of this State. The fair, exhibits, and events encourage and demonstrate agricultural, industrial, commercial, educational, entertainment, tourism, technological, cultural, and recreational pursuits.

The Michigan Higher Education Assistance Authority is the State guaranty agency under the Stafford Loan Program, the Supplemental Loans to Students Program, and the Parent Loan for Undergraduate Students Program. This Authority also administers scholarships and grants that are financed with General Fund appropriations.

The Michigan Higher Education Facilities Authority accounts for the administration of no-commitment debt issued for the benefit of private institutions of higher education.

The Michigan Higher Education Student Loan Authority is a financing authority that makes loans to students or their parents.

The Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority partners with other states to facilitate the acquisition of capital for the construction, rehabilitation, refurbishing, or equipping of qualified public educational facilities.

The Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority accounts for the administration of limited obligation debt issued for the benefit of hospitals.

The Michigan Strategic Fund provides business enterprises with additional sources of financing.

There is a financial burden/benefit relationship between these entities and the State:

The Mackinac Island State Park Commission operates the Mackinac Island and Michilimackinac State Parks.

The Michigan Economic Development Corporation manages programs to stimulate, coordinate, and advance economic development in the State.

The following entity's relationship with the State would be misleading if it were omitted from the State's reporting entity:

The State Bar of Michigan is a public body corporate whose membership consists of persons licensed to practice law.

Ten of the State's public universities are considered component units because they have boards appointed by the primary government. Their balances and operating results are included with the other discretely presented component units on the government-wide financial statements. The ten universities included in these statements are: Central Michigan University, Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan Technological University, Northern Michigan University, Oakland University, Saginaw Valley State University, and Western Michigan University. Michigan State University, the University of Michigan, and Wayne State University are not included in the State's reporting entity because they have separately elected governing boards and are legally separate. The State provides significant funding to support these institutions; however, under GASB Statement No. 14 criteria, they are considered fiscally independent, special-purpose governments.

Included in the balances and operating results for most of the university component units is financial activity for fund-raising foundations that contribute to these universities. Although the universities do not control the timing or amount of receipts from their foundations, the majority of resources or income thereon that the foundations hold and invest are restricted to the activities of the respective universities by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the specific universities, the foundations are considered component units of the universities and are included in the universities' financial statements.

Significant Transactions

The State's significant transactions with its major discretely presented component units result primarily from providing appropriations to the public universities, including \$92.1 million to Central Michigan University and \$130.6 million to Western Michigan University.

Availability of Financial Statements

The State's component units issue their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the various component units. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the Office of the State Budget, Office of Financial Management, Financial Reporting Section at (517) 373-3029.

Related Organizations

The State's Insurance Commissioner is responsible for appointing the members of the boards of the Michigan Catastrophic Claims Association and the Michigan Property and Casualty Guaranty Association, but the State's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

The State's Governor is responsible for appointing the members of the board of the Venture Michigan Fund, a private non-profit corporation. The State's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond the Governor's appointments.

Joint Ventures

As discussed in more detail in Note 7, the State participates in two joint ventures. Their financial activities are not included in the State's fund financial statements, but the State's equity interest is recorded as an asset in the Statement of Net Assets.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The State, the University of Michigan, Michigan State University, and Wayne State University appoint members of the board of the Michigan Public Health Institute (MPHI), a non-profit corporation. MPHI was established to plan, promote, and coordinate health services research with a public university or a consortium of public universities in the State. The State does not appoint a majority of the board, has no rights to the assets, and is not responsible for debts of MPHI. Therefore, the State's accountability for MPHI does not extend beyond making the appointments. During fiscal year 2008, the State awarded contracts totaling \$32.7 million to MPHI.

The City of Detroit, Charter County of Wayne, and the Department of Community Health of the State of Michigan appoint members of the board of the Detroit Wayne County Health Authority (DWCHA), a public agency. The DWCHA was established to plan, promote, and coordinate health services for at-risk population in the City of Detroit and Wayne County. The State does not appoint a majority of the board, has no right to the assets, and is not responsible for debts of DWCHA; therefore, the State's accountability for DWCHA does not extend beyond making the appointments. During fiscal year 2008, the State awarded contracts totaling \$3.8 million to DWCHA.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The **Statement of Net Assets** presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often are designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The **Statement of Activities** demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with non-major funds being combined into a single column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements except for agency funds which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 20, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting</u>, the State's proprietary funds follow all GASB pronouncements and those Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with a GASB pronouncement. The FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, are not followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they become *susceptible to accrual*; generally when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, generally within 60 days. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include tax revenues and federal grants. Revenues that the State earns by incurring obligations are recognized in the period when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due and payable.

Financial Statement Presentation

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund, commonly referred to as the "Budget Stabilization Fund" or "Rainy Day Fund," was created to assist in stabilizing revenue during periods of economic recession.

The School Aid Fund's purpose is to aid in the support of the public schools and the intermediate school districts.

The State reports the following major enterprise funds:

The State Lottery Fund accounts for the operations of the State's lottery, bingo, and charitable game operations.

The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds receive contributions from employers and provide benefits to eligible unemployed workers.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

Special Revenue Funds - include operating fund activities financed by specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes. Examples include conservation, transportation, regulatory, and other activities.

Debt Service Funds - account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds - account for the acquisition or construction of major State capital facilities financed by bond proceeds and commercial paper notes.

Permanent Funds - report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government or its citizenry, such as veterans, state park preservation, and others.

Proprietary Fund Types:

Enterprise Funds - report the activities for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services, such as the State's liquor sales. This fund type is also used when the activity is financed with debt that is secured by a pledge of the net revenues from the fees.

Internal Service Funds - provide goods or services primarily to other agencies or funds of the State, rather than to the general public. These goods and services include prisoner-built office furnishings; motor pool services; printing, reproduction and mailing services; information technology; risk management; and health-related fringe benefits. In the government-wide financial statements, internal service funds are included with governmental activities.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Pension (and other employee benefit) Trust Funds - report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the State's defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, and other postemployment benefit plans.

Private Purpose Trust Funds - report resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples include the State's Escheats Fund, gifts to the State, worker disability monies, and others.

Agency Funds - report assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as an agent for others.

Fiscal Year-Ends

All funds and discretely presented component units are reported using fiscal years which end on September 30, except for the Michigan State Housing Development Authority and the ten State universities, which utilize June 30 year-ends and the Farm Produce Insurance Authority which has a December 31 year-end.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

On the Statement of Cash Flows, the amount reported as "Cash and cash equivalents" is equal to the total of the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Assets as "Cash" and "Equity in Common Cash," less the amount of "Warrants outstanding."

Cash

Cash reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Balance Sheet consists of petty cash, undeposited receipts, deposits in transit to the Common Cash pool, and cash equivalents such as short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months that are used for cash management, rather than investing activities.

Equity in Common Cash

The State Treasurer maintains centralized management of most State cash resources (not including component units). From the perspective of the various State funds, the pool functions as both a cash management pool and a demand deposit account. The operations and investments of the Common Cash pool are described in Note 5.

Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable represent amounts due to the State at September 30, which will be collected sometime in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, the portion considered "available" (i.e., received by the State within approximately 60 days after year-end) is recorded as revenue; the remainder is recorded as deferred revenue. Application of the measurability and availability criteria regarding taxes is described in Note 6.

Amounts Due From Federal Agencies

For most federally funded programs, revenue is accrued in the same period as related obligations are recorded. In certain programs financed entirely by the federal government, expenditures and related revenues are recognized only to the extent of billings received by fiscal year-end. This treatment, which is generally limited to certain programs within the Department of Education, understates both assets and liabilities, and expenditures and revenues; however, there is no impact on net assets or fund balance.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, primarily using the first-in, first-out flow method. Expenditures (governmental funds) and expenses (proprietary funds) are recognized using the consumption method (i.e., when used or sold).

Investments

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools</u>. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and U.S. Treasury obligations are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 8.

Security Lending Collateral

Securities on loan for cash collateral are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Liabilities resulting from the security lending transactions are also reported. Additional disclosures describing security-lending transactions are provided in Note 8.

Other Assets

Other assets include receivables, amounts held in escrow, and other types of assets not reported on other lines.

Mortgages and Loans Receivable

Mortgages and loans receivable are reported net of unamortized premiums, discounts, deferred loan origination fees, and allowances for possible losses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, ramps, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements and applicable fund financial statements. Capital assets that are used for governmental activities are only reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair market value at the date of acquisition. In some instances, capital asset historical costs were not available; therefore, the costs of these assets at the dates of acquisitions have been estimated.

Interest incurred during construction is only capitalized in proprietary funds. Most capital assets are depreciated over their useful lives, using the straight-line depreciation method. However, the State's significant infrastructure assets utilize an alternative accounting treatment in which costs to maintain and preserve these assets are expensed and no depreciation expense is recorded. This approach is discussed further in the Required Supplementary Information portion of this report.

Additional disclosures related to capital assets and assets acquired through capital leases are provided in Notes 9 and 12, respectively.

Warrants Outstanding

Warrants outstanding represent drafts issued against the State Treasurer's Common Cash pool, which have not yet cleared. These are similar to outstanding checks; however, the issuing funds' balances in the pool are not reduced until warrants are redeemed.

Income Tax Refunds Payable

The amount of collected or accrued personal income tax revenues that will be refunded is estimated and accrued as a General Fund liability. Note 16 more fully describes this liability.

Prize Awards Payable

The State Lottery Fund makes long-term prize awards for certain games, most notably the lotto games. At September 30, 2008, long-term prize awards of \$305.2 million were reported at a present value of \$220.0 million, using discount rates ranging from 5.0 to 8.5%.

Non-installment prize awards and the portion of long-term awards payable during the next fiscal year, totaling \$118.8 million, are included with "Accounts payable and other liabilities" on the Statement of Net Assets.

Deferred Revenue

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, deferred revenue is recognized when cash, receivables, or other assets are received prior to their being earned. In the governmental fund statements, deferred revenue is recognized when revenue is unearned or unavailable.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Long-term liabilities are more fully described in Notes 13, 14, and 15.

Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities as required by GASB.

Employees accumulate annual leave (vacation) balances to maximum amounts ranging from 296 to 356 hours. The maximum accumulation that may be paid off is 40 hours less than the total hours that may be accumulated. Employees receive a 100% termination payment upon separation based upon their final rate of pay. The liability for annual leave is recorded at the maximum accumulation amounts in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as it is probable that the State will compensate employees through paid time off, for the hours earned in excess of the total that may be paid off. The liability for annual leave is valued at 100% of the balance plus the State's share of social security and retirement contributions.

Employee sick leave balances accumulate without limit. Termination payments are made only upon separation from State service and only to employees hired prior to October 1, 1980. Payments at retirement or death are based on 50% of the employee's sick leave accumulation, times their last rate of pay. When separating for any other reason, employees are paid a percentage of their unused sick leave that increases from 0 to 50%, depending upon the balance of their sick leave hours. Sick leave is valued at 0 to 50% plus the State's share of social security contributions, based on the pay rates in effect as of September 30, 2008.

The State instituted a banked leave time program in fiscal year 2004 whereby eligible employees work a regular schedule but receive pay for a reduced number of hours. The banked leave time program was continued in fiscal years 2005 and 2006. The program was discontinued in fiscal year 2006. The unpaid hours worked accrue to a banked leave time account. Upon an employee's separation, death, or retirement from State service, unused banked leave time hours shall be contributed by the State to the employee's account within the State's 401k plans, and, if applicable, to the State's 457 plans. The banked leave liability is valued at the pay rates in effect as of September 30, the fiscal year-end.

In the governmental fund financial statements, liabilities for compensated absences are accrued when they are considered "due and payable" and recorded in the fund only for separations or transfers that occur before year-end.

Net Assets/Fund Balance

The difference between fund assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements, and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund financial statements.

Reservations

Fund balances for governmental funds are classified as either reserved or unreserved in the fund financial statements. Reserved fund balances reflect either 1) funds legally segregated for a specific use, or 2) assets which, by their nature, are not available for expenditure. Unreserved fund balances reflect the balances available for appropriation for the general purposes of the fund. Note 22 provides a disaggregation of reserved fund balances.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are segregated by activity (governmental or businesstype), then further by function (i.e., general government, education, transportation, etc). Additionally, revenues are classified between program and general revenues. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, rather than as program revenue. General revenues include all taxes. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses reported for individual functions.

Interest on Long-Term Debt

Interest charges on the State's general long-term liabilities do not qualify as a direct expense of a function and are reported on this line, unless the borrowing is essential to the creation or continuing existence of a program. During fiscal year 2008, interest charges on general long-term liabilities totaling \$11.8 million were reported as functional expenses.

Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, revenues are reported by source. For budgetary control purposes, revenues are further classified as either "general purpose" or "restricted." General purpose revenues are available to fund any activity accounted for in the fund. Restricted revenues are, either by State law or by outside restriction (i.e., federal grants), available only for specified purposes. Unused restricted revenues at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance. When both general purpose and restricted funds are available for use, it is the State's policy to use restricted resources first.

In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by character: "Current," "Capital outlay," "Intergovernmental-revenue sharing," or "Debt service." Current expenditures are subclassified by function and are for items such as salaries, grants, supplies, and services. Tax expenditures, which represent income tax credit programs that are in substance grants, are also reported as current expenditures. These are described in more detail in Note 16.

Capital outlay includes expenditures for capital assets. Intergovernmental-revenue sharing accounts for the distribution of certain tax revenues that are shared with local units based upon constitutional and statutory requirements. Debt service includes both interest and principal outlays related to bonds and payments on capitalized leases.

Revenues and expenses of proprietary funds are classified as operating or nonoperating and are subclassified by object (i.e., salaries, depreciation, and purchases for resale). Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Other Financing Sources

These additions to governmental fund balances in the fund financial statements include resources and financing provided by bond proceeds, capital leases, and transfers from other funds.

Reimbursements

Reimbursements result when a fund originally making a disbursement receives resources from another fund to which the expenditure/expense is more properly attributable. For example, the State uses this method when the administrative costs of proprietary funds, discretely presented component units, or pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds are appropriated in the General Fund.

Interfund Services Provided and Used

When a sale or purchase of program-related goods and/or services between funds occurs, for a price approximating their external exchange value, the seller reports revenue and the purchaser expenditure or expense, depending upon the fund type.

Transactions between the primary government and a discretely presented component unit are generally classified as revenues and expenses, unless they represent repayments of loans or similar activities.

Other Financing Uses

These reductions of governmental fund resources in fund financial statements normally result from transfers to other funds.

Interfund Activity and Balances

Interfund Activity

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are 1) activities between funds reported as governmental activities and funds reported as business-type activities (examples include the transfers of profits from the Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund to the General Fund and the State Lottery Fund to the School Aid Fund) and 2) activities between funds that are reported in different functional categories in either the governmental or business-type activities column (examples include activities between the Department of Treasury [general government line] and the Department of Education [education line]). Elimination of these activities would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the functions concerned.

In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets (such as goods or cash) without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment. In addition, transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund which expends the resources. An example is gas taxes collected by the Department of Transportation but expended by the Department of Natural Resources.

Interfund Balances

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Assets, except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 2 - FUNDS AND COMPONENT UNITS BY CLASSIFICATION

The following table lists all of the funds and component units whose balances are reflected in this financial report.

Operating funds which are subject to annual appropriation and for which budget and actual schedules are included in this report are identified by an "*". For each fund or component unit listed, the page number of the first financial statement for that fund or component unit is shown in parenthesis.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental:

General Fund* (p. 22) Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund* (p. 22) School Aid Fund* (p. 22) <u>Proprietary:</u> State Lottery Fund (p. 28) Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds (p. 28)

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental:

Special Revenue Funds:

Transportation Related: State Aeronautics Fund* (p. 116) State Trunkline Fund* (p. 116) Michigan Transportation Fund* (p. 116) Comprehensive Transportation Fund* (p. 116) Combined State Trunkline Bond Proceeds Fund (p. 117) Combined Comprehensive Transportation Bond Proceeds Fund (p. 117) Transportation Related Trust Funds (p. 117)

Conservation, Environment, and Recreation Related:

Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund*(p. 126) Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund (p. 126) Combined Recreation Bond Fund - Local Projects (p. 126) Combined Environmental Protection Bond Fund (p. 127) Michigan Nongame Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund* (p. 127) Michigan Civilian Conservation Corps Endowment Fund* (p. 127) Forest Development Fund* (p. 127) Bottle Deposits Fund (p. 127)

Regulatory and Administrative Related:

Michigan Employment Security Act - Administration Fund* (p. 136) Safety Education and Training Fund* (p. 136) State Construction Code Fund* (p. 136) Homeowner Construction Lien Recovery Fund* (p. 136) State Casino Gaming Fund* (p. 137) Second Injury Fund (p. 137) Selicosis, Dust Disease, and Logging Industry Compensation Fund (p. 137) Self-Insurers' Security Fund (p. 137) Utility Consumer Representation Fund (p. 137)

Other State Funds:

School Bond Loan Fund (p. 146) 21st Century Jobs Trust Fund* (p. 146) Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority* (p. 146) Michigan Merit Award Trust Fund* (p. 146) Children's Trust Fund* (p. 147) Assigned Claims Facility and Plan Fund (p. 147) Military Family Relief Fund* (p. 147) Miscellaneous Special Revenue Funds (p. 147)

Debt Service Funds:

Combined State Trunkline Bond and Interest Redemption Fund (p. 154) Combined Comprehensive Transportation Bond and Interest Redemption Fund (p. 154) Recreation and Environmental Protection Bond Redemption Fund (p. 154) School Loan Bond Redemption Fund (p. 155) Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (p. 155) State Building Authority (p. 155)

Capital Projects Funds:

Combined Recreation Bond Fund – State Projects (p. 160) Advance Financing Funds (p. 160) State Building Authority (p. 160)

Permanent Funds:

Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund* (p. 164) Michigan State Parks Endowment Fund* (p. 164) Michigan Veterans' Trust Fund* (p. 164)

Proprietary:

Enterprise Funds:

Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund (p. 170) Attorney Discipline System (p. 170)

Internal Service Funds:

Correctional Industries Revolving Fund (p. 174) Motor Transport Fund (p. 174) Office Services Revolving Fund (p. 174) Information Technology Fund (p. 175) Risk Management Fund (p. 175) State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund (p. 175)

Fiduciary:

Pension (and other employee benefit) Trust Funds:

State of Michigan Deferred Compensation Funds (p. 182)
Legislative Pension Benefits Fund (p. 182)
Legislative Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 182)
State Police Pension Benefits Fund (p. 182)
State Police Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 183)
State Employees' Pension Benefits Fund (p. 183)
State Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits
Fund (p. 183)
Public School Employees' Pension Benefits Fund (p. 183)
Public School Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 183)
Judges' Pension Benefits Fund (p. 183)
Judges' Other Postemployment Benefits Fund (p. 184)

Private Purpose Trust Funds:

Escheats Fund (p. 190) Gifts, Bequests, and Deposits Investment Fund (p. 190) Hospital Patients' Trust Fund (p. 190) Michigan Education Savings Program (p. 190)

Agency Funds:

Environmental Quality Deposits Fund (p. 193) Insurance Carrier Deposits Fund (p. 193) State Treasurer's Escrow and Paying Agent Fund (p. 193) Child Support Collection Fund (p. 193)

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS:

Authorities:

Major Funds:

Michigan Education Trust (p. 38) Michigan State Housing Development Authority (p. 38) Michigan Municipal Bond Authority (p. 38)

Non-Major Funds:

Farm Produce Insurance Authority (p. 198) Land Bank Fast Track Authority (p. 198) Mackinac Bridge Authority (p. 198) Mackinac Island State Park Commission (p. 199) Michigan Broadband Development Authority (p. 199) Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation (p. 199) Michigan Economic Development Corporation (p. 199) Michigan Exposition and Fairgrounds Authority (p. 199) Michigan Higher Education Assistance Authority (p. 200) Michigan Higher Education Facilities Authority (p. 200) Michigan Higher Educational Facilities Authority (p. 200) Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority (p. 201) Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority (p. 201) Michigan Strategic Fund (p. 201) State Bar of Michigan (p. 201)

State Universities (1):

Major Funds:

Central Michigan University (p. 39) Western Michigan University (p. 39)

Non-Major Funds:

Eastern Michigan University (p. 206) Ferris State University (p. 206) Grand Valley State University (p. 206) Lake Superior State University (p. 206) Michigan Technological University (p. 207) Northern Michigan University (p. 207) Oakland University (p. 207) Saginaw Valley State University (p. 207)

(1) Michigan State University, the University of Michigan, and Wayne State University are not included in the State's reporting entity because they have separately elected governing boards and are legally separate from the State. The State provides significant funding to support these institutions; however, under GASB Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u> criteria, they are considered fiscally independent special-purpose governments.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETING, BUDGETARY CONTROL, AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Major Constitutional and Statutory Provisions

Balanced Budget Requirements

Article 5 of the State Constitution mandates that the executive budget recommend spending limits for operating funds to the Legislature that are within available resources. Compliance with this is demonstrated in the executive budget and budget bills for each fiscal year.

Article 4 of the State Constitution mandates the Legislature to enact appropriations for each operating fund that do not exceed that fund's revenue estimates, including beginning unreserved fund balance.

Compliance with this requirement is demonstrated in schedules included in the annual appropriation acts, usually the "General Government" appropriation act. When it appears that revenue will fall below the estimates on which the appropriations are based, the Governor is required to recommend spending reductions as necessary to avoid a year-end deficit.

Local Spending Requirements

Article 9, Section 30, of the State Constitution requires that State spending to, or on behalf of, local units of government shall not fall below a specified percentage of total State spending. The percentage, recalculated effective with fiscal year 1993, is 48.97%.

Final calculations establishing the State's compliance with this constitutional provision for fiscal year 2008 are not yet complete. For fiscal year 2007, the most recent year for which final calculations are available, the proportion of total State spending paid to local units of government was determined to be 58.2%, reflecting payments that exceeded the minimum required by \$2.5 billion. The State expects that payments to local units of government will exceed the minimum requirement for fiscal year 2008.

Revenue Limits

Article 9, Section 26, of the State Constitution restricts State revenues to a ceiling that is based upon revenues as a proportion of total personal income for the State. The base year ratio, determined in fiscal year 1979, in relation to calendar year 1977 personal income, is 9.49%. Both the constitutional language and implementing statutes provide for other adjustments to the revenue and personal income calculations. If revenues exceed the limit by 1% or more, the amount in excess must be refunded to personal income tax payers and payers of the State's Michigan business tax. If the limit is exceeded by an amount

less than 1%, the excess may be deposited into the State's Budget Stabilization Fund. The calculations determining the State's compliance with this constitutional provision for fiscal year 2008 are not final. For fiscal year 2007, the most recent year for which final calculations are available, total State revenues subject to this limitation were beneath the constitutional limit by \$5.3 billion. The State expects that total State revenues subject to the limitation will not exceed the limit for fiscal year 2008.

Budget Stabilization Fund

The Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund ("Budget Stabilization Fund" or "Rainy Day Fund") was created in 1977 to assist in stabilizing revenue during periods of economic recession. This fund currently operates under Sections 18.1351 - 18.1359 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, as amended. In general, the law requires payments into the fund when real economic growth exceeds 2% and allows withdrawals from the fund when real economic growth is less than 0%. Funds can also be withdrawn when the State's unemployment rate exceeds 8% or upon appropriation to finance capital outlay or other projects, or for other purposes designated by the Legislature.

The following table summarizes the transactions for the fund for fiscal year 2008 (in millions):

Beginning unreserved fund balance Interest income Transfer to General Fund	\$ 2.1 .1
Ending unreserved fund balance	\$ 2.2

Budgetary Overexpenditures

In the event that expenditures exceed authorization during a year, the department must request a supplemental appropriation for the amount overspent, if that amount exceeds their lapses or if they expect to make payments from prior year authorization in the next fiscal year. There were the following line-item overexpenditures of State departments incurred during the year, which represent noncompliance with State budget laws (in millions):

General Fund State Police	\$	1.4
General Fund Total	<u>\$</u>	1.4

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RESTATEMENTS

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 45

During fiscal year 2008, the State implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, <u>Accounting</u> and <u>Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expense/expenditures and related OPEB liabilities or assets, note disclosures, and required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The effects of applying this standard are disclosed in Note 11. The State implemented the requirements for reporting the net OPEB obligation prospectively, which resulted in a zero net OPEB obligation at transition.

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 45, the retiree insurance benefits programs are now accounted for in the General Fund and several OPEB funds, rather than the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund (SSGIF). Accordingly, beginning net assets were reduced in SSGIF by \$54.4 million and increased in the State Police, State Employees', and Judges' OPEB funds by \$4.0 million, \$50.2 million, and \$.1 million, respectively.

Western Michigan University, a discretely presented component unit, applied GASB Statement No. 45 retroactively. Accordingly, beginning net assets were reduced by \$113.3 million.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 48

During fiscal year 2008, the State implemented GASB Statement No. 48, <u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues</u> and <u>Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues</u>, which resulted in the State recognizing amounts due to component units for receivables that were previously assigned to the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority. In fiscal year 2007, the State removed the receivables from local units from the State's financial statements. However, these loans are considered collateralized borrowings of the State rather than a sale. As a result, the State recorded receivables from local units (school districts) with corresponding amounts due to component units, totaling \$511.5 million, for balances as of September 30, 2007.

Eastern Michigan University and Ferris State University

Eastern Michigan University and Ferris State University, discretely presented component units, reduced beginning net assets by \$10.8 million and \$14.0 million, respectively, to reflect a change in classification of balances associated with Federal Perkins loans.

Michigan Economic Development Corporation

Michigan Economic Development Corporation, a discretely presented component unit, increased its beginning net assets by \$26.9 million to reflect prior period adjustments related to a court settlement.

Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation

Beginning net assets were increased by \$1.6 million for prior period errors.

NOTE 5 - TREASURER'S COMMON CASH

General Accounting Policies

The State Treasurer manages the State's Common Cash pool, which is used by most state funds. The pooling of cash allows the Treasurer to invest monies not needed to pay immediate obligations so that investment earnings on available cash are maximized. Investments of the pool are not segregated by fund; rather, each contributing fund's balance is treated as equity in the pool, and presented in this report as "Equity in common cash." Many funds, including pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, use their equity in the pool as a short-term investment vehicle.

All negative balances in the pool are reclassified at year-end as interfund liabilities. If the negative balance is considered long-term, the reclassification is recorded as an advance.

Statute or administrative policy determines whether a particular fund receives or pays interest on its balances in the pool. If a fund does not receive or pay interest, the General Fund receives or absorbs such amounts. The State Treasurer has placed a "cap," or limit, on the amount of interest that can be earned by some State funds. These "capped" funds are limited to a maximum rate determined by the State Treasurer. For the remaining "uncapped" funds, earnings on positive balances and charges on negative balances are allocated quarterly based upon the average daily balances of the various funds and the average investment earnings rate for the quarter. Accrued earnings of the pool are recorded as assets, with the accrual allocated to the various funds' equity in the pool.

Interest revenues on positive balances and interest charges on negative balances are reflected as revenues or expenditures/expenses of each of the participating funds.

Investments and Deposits

The investment authority for the Common Cash pool is found in Sections 21.141 - 21.147 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL). The State Treasurer may invest surplus funds belonging to the State in bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of the United States Government and its agencies and in prime commercial paper. Certificates of deposit are permitted in financial institutions whose principal office is located in the State.

The Treasurer invests excess cash in short-term investments or cash equivalents. The law does not prohibit the Treasurer from entering into repurchase agreements; however, the Treasurer did not use these agreements in managing the pool in fiscal year 2008.

Statutes provide for certain special state investment programs for which the General Fund is credited (charged) for earnings in excess of (under) those achieved by regular pool investments. To date, these programs have not resulted in any principal losses.

<u>Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Program</u>: This program provides for emergency loans to local units of government, and is the most significant of the special investment programs. The Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board, established by MCL Section 141.932, administers the program. The Treasurer may not loan more than a combined total of \$5.0 million in any one fiscal year to qualifying cities, villages, or townships in amounts as approved by the Board.

In fiscal year 2000, the Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board was authorized to approve the lending of up to \$159.9 million to Wayne County to finance the payment of certain obligations to the State. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2008 was \$52.9 million. The interest rate is reset July 1 of each year in accordance with the loan agreement. Loan repayments by the County are supported by provisions of the loan agreement and legislation that pledge the County's share of a portion of the State taxes collected on cigarette sales. There were no principal repayments on the loans in fiscal year 2008.

<u>Michigan Sugar Beet Loan Program</u>: MCL Section 21.142e provides for a program in which the State may make no-interest loans from the Common Cash pool to sugar beet growers' cooperatives for the purpose of buying the assets of agricultural processors who are in or have recently been in bankruptcy proceedings.

The loans may not exceed \$5.0 million in total. MCL Section 21.142e was amended, effective March 22, 2007, to extend the loan periods to a maximum of 10 years. As of September 30, 2008, loans outstanding totaled \$1.8 million and will mature on October 11, 2011.

The State Treasurer, as part of a modification to the loan, is required to subordinate a loan of not more than \$5.0 million to the primary loan of a sugar beet growers' cooperative (Michigan Sugar Beet Growers, Inc.) and relinquish any enforcement powers or authority that may exist under the current contract or agreement. However, the amendment to MCL Section 21.142e also provides that if a quarterly payment is missed by the borrower after February 15, 2007, the entire loan is in default and is due and payable immediately, in full.

Assets and equities of the Common Cash pool as of September 30 were as follows (in millions):

A

Assets	
Cash on hand	\$ -
Demand deposits	801.9
Time deposits - regular	135.0
Prime commercial paper - at cost	1,641.4
Interest receivable	1.9
Emergency loans to local units - at cost	57.9
Michigan Sugar Beet Loan Program	1.8
Total assets	\$ 2,639.9
Equities	
Fund equities (net) in common cash (1):	
Governmental activities	\$ 1,526.5
Business-type activities	61.5
Fiduciary funds	933.1
Discretely presented component units	119.0
Net fund equities	\$ 2,639.9

(1) Negative equity balances in the pool are reclassified at year-end as interfund receivables and liabilities. Current balances are included with "Amounts due from other funds" and "Amounts due to other funds" and long-term amounts are classified as interfund advances. Note 18 summarizes interfund receivables and liabilities.

The following paragraphs provide disclosures about deposits and investments of the Common Cash pool, as required by GASB Statement No. 3, <u>Deposits with Financial Institutions</u>, <u>Investments</u> (including <u>Repurchase Agreements</u>), and <u>Reverse Repurchase Agreements</u> as amended by GASB Statement No. 40, <u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>. Please see Note 8 for information about deposits and investments that are not part of the Common Cash pool.

Common Cash Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the State's deposits may not be recovered.

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are:

Uncollateralized

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name.

The State Treasurer's policy requires the following criteria to lessen custodial credit risk: all financial institutions holding the State's money must pledge collateral equal to the amount of the account balance for all demand and time deposits, to secure the State's funds. A bank, savings and loan association, or credit union holding State funds must be organized under the laws of Michigan or federal law and maintain a principal office or branch office in the State of Michigan. No deposit in any financial organization may be in excess of 50 percent of the net worth of the organization.

At September 30, 2008, the carrying amount of deposits, including time and demand deposits, was \$937.0 million. The deposits were reflected in the accounts of the banks at \$937.0 million. Of the bank balance, \$3.4 million was covered by

federal depository insurance, \$933.1 million was collateralized with securities held by the State's agent in the State's name, and \$.5 million of demand deposits was exposed to custodial credit risk and was uninsured and uncollateralized. Compensating balances kept in demand deposit accounts to avoid service charges totaled \$182.8 million at September 30, 2008.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of deposits.

MCL Section 487.714 requires State deposits be held in a financial institution which maintains a principal office or branch office located in the State of Michigan. The State had no Common Cash deposits subject to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2008.

Common Cash Investments

Types of Investments

Common Cash investments include prime commercial paper, corporate notes, and emergency municipal loans.

Risk

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments also require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices with respect to the risks associated with them. Custodial credit risk, credit risk, and interest rate risk are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either:

The counterparty, or

The counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name.

The State Treasurer does not have an investment policy for managing custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2008, Common Cash investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or another counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Prime commercial paper investments must be rated A-1 or P-1 at the time of purchase as rated by the two major rating services: Standard and Poor's (A-1), and Moody's (P-1). Borrowers must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the State Treasurer may not invest in more than 10% of a borrower's outstanding debt. The investments are further limited to \$200.0 million in any borrower, unless the borrower has an A-1+ rating, in which case the investment is not to exceed \$300.0 million. The sugar beet loans are evidenced by unrated zero interest promissory notes.

Emergency municipal loans are evidenced by unrated notes held by the State in the State's name. At September 30, 2008, prime commercial paper investments were rated at A-1 or P-1.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The State Treasurer's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2008, the fair value of cash equivalents was \$1.8 billion; the weighted average maturity was 15 days.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy for controlling interest rate risk regarding the Common Cash special loan programs described earlier. These loan programs are investments created through legislation. Although some interest rate risk exposure exists, this risk is not a consideration when entering into these loan programs.

NOTE 6 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represent amounts due to the State at September 30, for revenues earned in fiscal year 2008, which will be collected sometime in the future. Amounts expected to be collected in the next fiscal year are classified as "current" and amounts

expected to be collected beyond the next fiscal year are classified as "noncurrent." The receivables have been recorded net of allowances for uncollectibles.

Sales, use, Michigan business, and income taxes are accrued to the extent that the related sales, wage, or activity being taxed occurred prior to October 1. Property taxes are accrued if the levy date occurred prior to October 1.

Local units of government, as agents for the State, assess the state education tax, a statewide property tax. The state education tax is levied on July 1 and is due and payable at the same time as local unit taxes levied on July 1. The State accrues state education tax revenue received by the State or the local units, on its behalf, during October and November. The accrued telephone and telegraph taxes are due December 1 and were received at approximately that time.

In the government-wide financial statements, a corresponding amount is recorded as revenue using the accrual basis of accounting. In the governmental fund financial statements, revenue is recorded using the modified accrual basis of accounting for amounts due to the State at September 30 (as stated above), that are considered "available" (e.g. received by the State within approximately 60 days after that date). Delinquent taxes are recognized to the extent that they are collected within 12 months. The remainder is recorded as deferred revenue.

Effective January 1, 2008, the State replaced the single business tax with the Michigan Business Tax (MBT). Due to the change in the law, taxpayers have until April 2009 to submit their final MBT tax returns indicating the total tax liability incurred. As a result, the State is unable to estimate an accrual beyond the 60-day period as the data needed to compare tax payments received to the total tax liability is not available. Therefore, the accrual and related revenue expected to be collected beyond the 60-day period is not measurable and has not been recorded in this fiscal year.

Choolel

Taxes receivable as of September 30, consisted of the following (in millions):

		Special	
	General	Revenue	
Tax	Fund	Funds	Total
Sales & use	\$ 345.9	\$ 686.0	\$ 1,031.9
Individual income	2,149.6	322.3	2,471.9
Single business	696.8	-	696.8
Michigan business	477.4	-	477.4
State education (property)	-	1,550.2	1,550.2
Telephone & telegraph	38.0	-	38.0
Motor fuel	-	193.1	193.1
Insurance - retaliatory	68.5	-	68.5
Tobacco products	80.2	51.2	131.4
Quality assurance assessment	122.0	-	122.0
Other	33.5	41.8	75.3
Penalties and interest	1,063.9	-	1,063.9
Gross taxes receivable	5,075.7	2,844.6	7,920.3
Less allowance for uncollectibles	1,932.1	461.7	2,393.8
Total taxes receivable (net)	<u>\$ 3,143.6</u>	\$ 2,382.9	\$ 5,526.6
As reported on the financial statements			
Current Taxes Receivable	\$ 2,890.3	\$ 2,310.4	\$ 5,200.7
Noncurrent Taxes Receivable	253.3	72.5	325.9
Total Taxes Receivable (net)	\$ 3,143.6	\$ 2,382.9	\$ 5,526.6

NOTE 7 – JOINT VENTURES

The State participates in two joint ventures as described below. Joint ventures are not reflected as component units within this report because they do not meet the generally accepted accounting principles criteria for inclusion. Their separately issued financial statements may be obtained by directly contacting the applicable organizations. To obtain their phone numbers, you may contact the Office of the State Budget, Office of Financial Management, Financial Reporting Section at (517) 373-3029.

Great Lakes Protection Fund

The Great Lakes Protection Fund (GLPF) is a not-for-profit corporation located in Evanston, Illinois. Its purpose is to finance and support research with respect to water quality of the Great Lakes. The eight states bordering the Great Lakes are eligible to become members if they make a required contribution to the endowment of GLPF.

Contribution requirements were established based upon water consumption and usage. Contributions to GLPF are permanently restricted and are not available for disbursement. Michigan is the largest contributor, having made a contribution of \$25.0 million,

constituting approximately 31% of the total. Michigan made its required contribution by issuing GLPF a general obligation bond authorized as part of the State's environmental protection bond program. No additional contributions from Michigan will be required.

Two members on GLPF's board of directors represent each of the participating seven member states. The states' respective governors select the board members. Directors control GLPF's financing and budgeting operations, within requirements established by the Articles of Incorporation. One-third of the net earnings on total contributions (after operating expenses) is granted to the respective states in proportion to their contributions to GLPF. Two-thirds of the net earnings are available to GLPF to make other grants. The State's equity interest in GLPF of \$25.0 million is reflected as an asset in the government-wide financial statements.

Joint International Bridge Authority

The International Bridge in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan is a joint venture of the State and Canadian governments. The Joint International Bridge Authority (JIBA) consists of six people, three appointed by each government. JIBA oversees the operations and maintenance of the Bridge. The International Bridge Administration, an administrative entity within the Michigan Department of Transportation, is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Bridge. JIBA reimburses the State for costs incurred to provide these services.

For the period ending December 31, 2007 (JIBA's most recently audited financial statements), its net assets increased by approximately \$.7 million. The Bridge and the ancillary assets on Michigan's side of the Bridge, in addition to one-half of the balance of funds not required to pay liabilities, represent the State's equity interest. The State is obligated to pay one-half of any claims incurred by JIBA that are not covered by insurance or existing resources. The State's equity interest of \$7.9 million is reflected as an asset in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 8 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

This note provides information for all deposits and investments except those of the Common Cash pool, which are described in Note 5.

Deposits - Primary Government

Custodial Credit Risk

In addition to equity in the Common Cash pool, some State funds maintain deposits with financial institutions. At present, only the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds (MUCF), the State Treasurer's Escrow and Paying Agent Fund (STEPAF), the Attorney Discipline System (ADS), and the Michigan Education Savings Plan (MESP) maintain these deposits and are exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Unemployment Insurance Agency administers, under the auspices of the federal government, the deposits of the MUCF. Tax collections are deposited in a clearing account as required by the Michigan Employment Security Act. Refunds are paid from that account; after the clearance of vouchers for refunds, all other money remaining in the fund, less amounts needed for refunds and judgments, must be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America to the credit of the State in the Unemployment Trust Fund, established and maintained pursuant to Section 904 of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1104. These deposits are maintained in the Federal Reserve Bank. At year-end, the carrying amount of these deposits, excluding those classified as investments, was negative \$28.6 million, which was caused by a net book cash overdraft. The bank balance of the deposits was \$17.0 million, of which \$.1 million was covered by federal depository insurance and \$16.9 million was book-entry securities held by pledging custodial banks at the Federal Reserve Bank in the State's name.

The deposits of the STEPAF were reflected in bank accounts at \$.1 million; these deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized, and were therefore exposed to custodial credit risk. This fund was administratively created and is used to account for investments held in escrow by the State Treasurer as fiscal agent for hospitals that have defeased Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority bonds. Michigan Compiled Laws Section 331.73g allows that the deposits shall be held in trust by the State Treasurer or by a financial institution qualified to serve as trustee pursuant to a trust agreement entered into between the authority issuing the refunding bonds and the State Treasurer or the financial institution providing for the investment and disposition of the funds.

The bank deposits of the ADS were \$.2 million; these deposits were not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and were uninsured and uncollateralized. ADS has no policy to address custodial credit risk. It assesses financial institutions' risk levels; only those with acceptable levels of risk are used as depositories.

The deposits of the MESP were reflected in bank accounts at \$.8 million; \$.1 million was insured and \$.7 million was uninsured and uncollateralized. The level of risk for each financial institution is evaluated and assessed; only those with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. MESP has no other policy for controlling this risk.

Investments - Primary Government

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of investments of the primary government by investment type and in total at September 30, 2008:

Investment Types	Deferred Compensation And Defined Retirement Contribution Other Systems Funds Funds							Total
Commercial paper	\$	1,434.2	\$	-	\$	33.3	\$	1,467.6
Money market accounts		-		336.6		372.4		709.1
Government securities		3,487.7		-		712.3		4,200.0
Corporate bonds and notes		5,260.4		56.4		761.7		6,078.5
Mutual funds		95.3		1,707.4		1,093.6		2,896.4
Pooled investment funds		-		2,076.3		-		2,076.3
Equities		21,850.8		-		.2		21,851.0
Guaranteed investment contracts		-		-		37.8		37.8
Funding agreements		-		-		188.3		188.3
nternational		4,632.0		-		-		4,632.0
Real estate		5,765.5		-		-		5,765.5
Alternative		9,670.0		-		-		9,670.0
Accrued income		121.6		-		-		121.6
Cash collateral		(236.3)		-		-		(236.3
Unsettled investments		192.1		-		-		192.1
Total	\$	52,273.4	\$	4,176.7	\$	3,199.7	\$	59,649.8

As reported on the Statement of Net Assets

Current investments Noncurrent investments	\$ 420.6 918.6
Total Investments	\$ 1,339.3

As reported on the Statements of Net Assets and Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

	1	Current Investments			 Total		
Governmental Activities Business-type activities Fiduciary funds	\$	311.5 109.2 432.8	\$	667.2 251.5 57,877.7	\$ 978.6 360.6 58,310.5		
Total Investments	_\$	853.4		58,796.4	\$ 58,649.8		

The amounts above include losses, both realized and unrealized, that were largely the result of volatility in the financial markets, both nationally and world-wide. A substantial part of this volatility occurred toward the end of the fiscal year and continues into the current fiscal year. Despite decreases in fair value, very few principal losses have been sustained, and it is expected that many unrealized losses will be reversed.

Authority

Investment authority for the State's pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds is found in MCL Section 38.1133. This law allows the State Treasurer, as investment fiduciary, to make diverse investments in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, venture capital, and other investments. The law has prudence standards and requires that the assets of a retirement system shall be invested solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries, and be made for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to the participants and the participants' beneficiaries, and of defraying reasonable expenses of investing the assets of the State system.

The investment authority for other State funds is found in their enabling statutes and/or their bond resolutions where applicable. Except as noted below, the investments of the non-pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds are comprised mostly of United States government securities.

The State Building Authority (SBA) makes diverse investments as allowed by State statute and/or bond resolutions.

The Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (MTSFA) is authorized to invest at its discretion, in any obligation, as it determines to be proper, in accordance with MCL Section 129.267.

Investments of MUCF represent their interest in a U.S. Treasury trust fund managed by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Title IX of the Social Security Act, which includes deposits from the unemployment compensation funds of various states. MUCF is credited quarterly with trust fund investment earnings, as computed on a daily basis.

The deferred compensation plans are invested in mutual funds, U.S. Treasury strips, money market funds, and pooled investment funds. During fiscal year 2008, the deferred compensation plans' investment activities were managed by a private investment firm, which invests as directed by members of the plan.

Derivatives

The State Treasurer is also authorized to invest a limited amount of pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds in derivatives to provide additional diversification. Such investments were made in swap agreements, Standard & Poor's 500 and Standard & Poor's Midcap Index and Bond Index futures contracts, and option contracts during the year. At September 30, 2008, there was \$2.9 billion invested in swap agreements, futures contracts, and option contracts. Derivatives are not used for speculation and they are not used to leverage the investment portfolios. Approximately 12% of the total pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds portfolio has been invested from time to time in swap agreements, futures contracts, and option contracts. The swap agreements pay quarterly to the counterparty, over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the three month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. United States domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes and short-term investments were purchased in the open market to correspond with the notional amount of the swap agreements. The State Treasurer maintains custody and control of these floating rate notes and short-term investments. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivatives used and total approximately 6.0% of the total portfolio.

Investment Pools

In July 2004, four state retirement systems' (State Employees', State Police, Public School Employees', and Judges') investments were contributed to an investment pool structure. A pro rata share of the entire pool represents each system's ownership of a portion of the investments in the State's pool.

Repurchase Agreements

As a matter of administrative policy, the State Treasurer makes only limited use of investments in repurchase agreements. No such investments were outstanding at year-end.

Risk

GASB Statement No. 40, <u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>, requires certain disclosures regarding policies and practices with respect to the risks associated with investments. The custodial credit risk, the credit risk, the interest rate risk, the foreign currency risk and concentration of credit risk are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty, or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy for limiting custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2008, government securities with a market value of \$25.0 million were exposed to custodial credit risk. These securities were held by the counterparty, not in the name of the retirement systems.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Short-term investments for the pension funds are in prime commercial paper and follow the same policy described in Note 5 for this type of investment. The ratings at September 30 are included in the debt investments table.

All long-term fixed income investments, unless unrated, must be investment-grade at the time of purchase, unless specific requirements are met. Investment grade, as defined in MCL Section 38.1132 includes: investments in the top four major grades, rated by two national rating services. The State Treasurer's policy is to use Standard & Poor's (AAA, AA, A, BBB); and Moody's (Aaa, Aa, A, Baa). The primary government's debt investments as of September 30, 2008, are presented below. Note that securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government are excluded.

	t Investments (In mill Fair		Rating	Fair		Rating	
Investment Type		Value	S & P		Value	Moody's	
Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds:							
Retirement Systems:							
Commercial paper	\$	1,434.2	A-1	\$	1,434.2	P-1	
Government securities							
U.S. agencies – sponsored		1,764.3	AAA		1,764.3	Aaa	
Corporate bonds & notes		646.8	AAA		537.0	Aaa	
		688.6	AA		753.0	Aa	
		2,148.6	А		2,093.1	А	
		988.7	BBB		1,039.6	Baa	
		14.8	BB		17.4	Ва	
		3.7	В		1.2	В	
		.5	CCC		3.1	Caa	
		-	CC		.4	Ca	
		-	С		.1	C	
		.2	D		_	D	
		104.6	Unrated		151.7	Unrated	
International*		515.9	AAA		515.9	Aaa	
		1,333.8	AA		1,495.4	Aa	
		1,472.5	A		1,460.2	Â	
		249.3	Unrated		99.9	Unrated	
Mutual funds**		32.0	AA		32.0	Aa	
		9.4	BB		9.4	Ba	
Total	\$	11,408.0		\$	11,408.0		
eferred Compensation/Defined Contribution:							
Common trust funds	\$.8	AAA	\$.8	Unavailabl	
		1,378.7	AA		1,378.7	Unavailable	
		8.9	Unrated		8.9	Unavailabl	
Mutual funds		56.4	AA		56.4	Unavailabl	
Money market funds		336.6	A-1+		336.6	Unavailable	
Total		1,781.4			1,781.4		
ther Primary Government Funds:							
Commercial paper	\$	33.3	A-1+	\$	33.3	Unavailable	
Government securities							
U.S. agencies - sponsored		300.4	AAA		262.3	Aaa	
U.S. agencies - sponsored		-	A-1+		38.1	Unavailable	
Corporate bonds & notes		52.4	AAA		51.5	Aaa	
		25.6	AA		22.8	Aa	
		76.5	Α		80.3	А	
		13.6	BBB		13.6	Baa	
Guaranteed investment contract		37.8	А		37.8	Unavailable	
Mutual funds		148.8	Unavailable		148.8	Aaa	
		444.8	Unavalable		444.8	Aa	
Treasury trust fund pool		35.3	Unrated		35.3	Unrated	
Total	\$	1,168.5		\$	1,168.5		

*International Investment types consist of domestic floating rate notes that are used as part of a swap strategy. **Average Quality Rating.

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Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments that will adversely affect the fair value of those investments.

The State Treasurer's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2008, the fair value of prime commercial paper was \$1.4 billion; the weighted average maturity was 5 days.

The State Treasurer does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the pension trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy with no investments with a maturity of less than one year at the time of purchase. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration; higher interest rates result in longer duration.

As of September 30, 2008, the pension trust funds had the following long-term debt securities:

Fair Value	Duration In Years
\$ 103.2	6.8
2,221.0	5.4
1,764.3	4.1
4,088.5	
4,596.5	5.4
3,571.5	-
41.4	4.1
\$12,298.0	
\$ 129.4	1.3
9.4	.8
1,084.4	3.2
164.9	4.8
1,388.1	
336.6	.1
56.4	8.4
\$ 1,781.1	0.1
\$ 14.079.1	
	Value \$ 103.2 2,221.0 1,764.3 4,088.5 4,596.5 3,571.5 41.4 \$12,298.0 \$ 129.4 9.4 1,084.4 164.9 1,388.1 336.6 56.4

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds Debt Securities (In millions)

*International debt securities contain domestic government and corporate securities as a part of their derivative strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

For the other primary government funds, fixed income is invested in a laddered, time-segmented structure allowing for intermittent cash flows as needed.

Other Funds Debt Securities (In millions) Investment Maturities (In years) Less More Investment Type Fair Value Than 1 1 To 5 6 To 10 Than 10 **U.S. Treasury SLGS** \$ 6.9 \$ 6.9 \$ \$ \$ U.S. Treasury bonds 321.0 69.5 56.4 20.7 174.4 U.S. Bonds - backed 46.7 .6 46.1 U.S. Agency bonds - sponsored 300.4 25.0 72.8 170.9 31.8 Corporate bonds 168.2 1.0 67.1 80.7 19.4 Guaranteed investment contracts 37.8 37.8 Mutual funds 593.5 593.5 Total \$ 1,474.4 \$ 102.3 \$ 314.3 \$ 308.5 749.3 \$

As of September 30, 2008, the primary government, excluding pension trust funds, had the following debt securities:

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments or deposits. The pension trust funds invest in various foreign securities. These investments are limited to 20% of the total assets of the system, and are additionally limited to 5% of the outstanding foreign securities of any single issuer. No investment is allowed in a country that has been identified by the United States State Department as engaging in or sponsoring terrorism. These limits are set forth in MCL Sections 38.1133 and 38.1140. The types of foreign securities include equities, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. At September 30, 2008, foreign investments were approximately 7% of total assets of the systems; total foreign investments were \$3.8 billion. As of September 30, 2008, the pension (and other employee benefits) trust funds held the following investments subject to foreign currency risk:

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds	
Foreign Currency Risk (In millions)	

······································		Market Value (In U.S. Dollars)									
							Equities -	Internat	tional		
	_	Alternative									
Currency			stments**	Ec	uities	E	quities	De	Derivatives*		
Retirement Systems:											
Americas											
Dollar	Canada	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6.2	\$	-		
Peso	Mexico		-		52.6		-		-		
Real	Brazil		-		.4		-		-		
Europe											
Euro	European Union		976.8		81.3		37.0		(97.2)		
Franc	Switzerland		-		79.5		3.7		(16.6)		
Krona	Sweden		-		-		1.1		(4.0)		
Krone	Denmark		-		-		1.4		(3.8)		
Krone	Norway		-		-		.9		(4.9)		
Sterling	United Kingdom		39.3		.9		18.7		(100.6)		
Asia/Pacific	-								. ,		
Dollar	Australia		-		-		4.5		(42.0)		
Renminbi	China		-		9.2		-		-		
Dollar	Hong Kong		-		-		.9		(11.0)		
Yen	Japan		4.5		112.2		11.1		(59.4)		
Dollar	Singapore		-		-		1.6		(5.3)		
Won	South Korea		-		-		-		(25.1)		
Middle East									()		
Shekel	Israel		-		.6		-		-		
Mutual Funds					-						
Various	Various		746.0		40.5		1,906.1		-		
Total		\$	1,766.5	\$	377.3	\$	1,993.3	\$	(369.9)		
Deferred Compensation/ Mutual Funds	Defined Contribution:						<u> </u>	<u>,</u>			
Various	Various		-		472.6		-				
Total		\$	1,766.5	\$	849.8	\$	1,993.3	\$	(369.9)		

*International derivatives' market value exposure to foreign currency risk is the net amount of unrealized gains and unrealized losses. Maturity dates on these investments range from October 2008 through September 2011, with an average maturity of 1.8 years. For more information, see the derivatives section of this note.

**\$746.0 million disclosed in this column consists of international real estate investments held by the pension trust funds.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of a government's investments with a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued that are assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies, or United States governmentsponsored enterprises, the pension systems are prohibited by MCL 38.1137 from investing in more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of a system's assets in the obligations of any one issuer.

At September 30, 2008, there were no investments in any single issuer more than 5% of the system's assets, nor were there any investments totaling more than 5% of the obligations of any one issuer, other than U.S. Government Securities as described above.

Pension trust fund investments represent 94.6% of the total investments of the primary government. Other large holders of investments were the State Lottery Fund (SLF), MESP, and the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund (MNRTF).

SLF investments, \$321.0 million, are all in the form of zero coupon U.S. Treasury bonds. These investments are held to provide funding for deferred prize awards.

Securities Lending Transactions

Under the authority of MCL Section 38.1133, the State lends securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The custodian is not liable for any losses unless there is negligence or willful misconduct on its part. State statutes allow the State to participate in securities lending transactions and the State has, by way of an Agreement, authorized Credit Suisse, the agent bank, to lend the State's securities to broker-dealers and banks pursuant to a form of loan agreement. During the fiscal year, the agent bank lent, at the direction of the State Treasurer, the State's securities and received cash (United States) as collateral. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to (i) in the case of loaned securities denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market was located in the United States or sovereign debt issues by foreign governments, 102% of the market value of the loaned securities; and (ii) in the case of loaned securities not denominated in United States dollars or whose primary trading market was not located in the United States, 105% of the market value of the loaned securities.

The State Treasurer did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of the loans that the agent bank made on its behalf. The agent bank indemnified the State by agreeing to purchase replacement securities, or return cash collateral in the event the borrower failed to return the loaned securities or pay distributions thereon, due to the borrower's insolvency. There was one such failure by a borrower during the fiscal year, Lehman Brothers, Inc. (September 2008). However, there were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from the default of the borrower. As the agent bank, Credit Suisse has indemnified the State and has actively been replacing all outstanding loans with Lehman Brothers.

Under Master Securities Lending Agreements between the State and each borrower, the State Treasurer and the borrowers have the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in assets held in a collateral account. As of September 30, 2008, the investments had an average weighted maturity to next reset of 31 days and an average weighted maturity of 3.3 years. Because the loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. At September 30, 2008, the retirement systems had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The cash received for securities on loan for the State as of September 30, 2008, was \$8.9 billion. The fair market value of assets held in the dedicated collateral account at managed by Credit Suisse and held by the custodian for the State as of September 30, 2008, was \$8.7 billion. The carrying amount, which is the fair market value, of securities on loan for the State as of September 30, 2008, was \$8.7 billion.

At September 30, 2008, the pension trust funds had the following debt investments made from cash received as collateral for securities lent:

	Debt Investmen	ts (in millions)		
	Fair Value	Rating S & P	Fair Value	Rating Moody's
Securities Lending Collateral	\$ 2,081.7	AAA	\$ 2,138.8	Aaa
_	1,778.8	AA	2,016.3	Aa
	1,842.9	А	1,578.1	А
	475.9	BBB	754.7	Baa
	94.0	BB	4.4	Ва
	20.2	В	71.9	В
	20.0	D	-	D
	519.0	Unrated	268.4	Unrated
Total	\$ 6,832.4		\$ 6,832.4	

Deposits and Investments - Discretely Presented Component Units

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of discretely presented component units deposits, excluding those classified as investments, was \$576.4 million. The deposits were reflected in the accounts of the banks at \$562.0 million. Of the bank balance, \$510.3 million was uninsured and uncollateralized and therefore exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The investment authority for most discretely presented component units is typically found in their enabling statutes and/or their bond resolutions where applicable. Those component units that are financing authorities generally may invest in government or government-backed securities and deposits. The Michigan Education Trust's investments are subject to an investment agreement with the State Treasurer that allows the Treasurer, acting as agent, to make diverse investments including stocks, bonds, notes, and other investments. Investment policies for the State universities are typically set forth by their governing boards and include a broad range of investment types.

Restricted Assets

Restricted investments on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, totaling \$429.5 million, represent amounts that are pledged toward the payment of outstanding bonds and notes.

The following table summarizes the investment maturities reported by the discretely presented component units (in millions):

		Ir	vestment Matu	rities (In Years)		
	Fair Value	Less Than 11 To 56		6 To 10	More Than 10	N/A
: Time deposits	\$ 115.1	\$ 114.7	\$.4	\$-	\$-	\$-
Money market accounts	548.7	548.7	-	· _	· _	· _
Commercial paper	402.8	402.8	-	-	-	-
Short-term notes	76.4	76.4	-	-	-	-
Repurchase agreements	.5	-	-	.5	-	-
Government securities	956.6	559.4	165.1	183.6	48.5	-
Insured mortgage backed securities	338.7	-	1.4	.6	336.7	-
Government-backed securities	333.0	135.5	.2	15.9	181.5	-
Investment agreements	15.1	6.7	-	-	8.4	-
Corporate bonds and notes	239.9	114.0	70.2	47.7	8.0	-
Preferred stock	.9	-	-	-	.9	-
Equities	84.5	33.1	.5	-	1.4	49.5
Real estate	8.1	-	-	-	4.6	3.4
Venture capital & leveraged buyouts	43.2	_	-	37.6	5.7	-
Mutual bond/equity funds	1,120.5	197.2	80.5	104.7	290.5	447.7
Guaranteed investment contracts	1,022.3	91.7	19.3	1.5	909.8	-
Pooled investment funds	38.2	38.2	-	-	-	-
Other investments	54.6	8.1	.1		45.9	.5
Total Investments	\$ 5,399.2	\$ 2,326.5	\$ 337.7	\$ 392.0	\$ 1,841.9	\$ 501.2
Less Investments Reported as						
"Cash" on Statement of Net Assets	666.5					
Total Investments	\$ 4,732.7					
As Reported on Statement of Net Assets						
Current investments	\$ 1,405.8					
Noncurrent restricted investments	429.5					
Noncurrent investments	2,897.4					
Total Investments	\$ 4,732.7					

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Methods used to value capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure items (e.g. roads, bridges, ramps, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation.

Capitalization policies

All land and non-depreciable land improvements are capitalized, regardless of cost. Equipment is capitalized when the cost of individual items exceed \$5 thousand, and all other capital assets are capitalized when the cost of individual items or projects exceed \$100 thousand.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Items not capitalized and depreciated

The State possesses certain capital assets that have not been capitalized and depreciated, because the assets are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain. These assets include works of art and historical treasures such as statues, monuments, historical documents, paintings, forts and lighthouses, rare library books, miscellaneous capitol-related artifacts and furnishings, and the like.

Depreciation and useful lives

Applicable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method, with a half-year's depreciation charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Agencies assigned useful lives that were most suitable for the particular assets. Estimated useful lives generally were assigned as follows:

Asset	Years
Equipment	2-25
Buildings	5-50
Infrastructure	10-40
Land Improvements	5-40

Modified approach for infrastructure

The State has elected to use the "modified approach" to account for certain infrastructure assets, as provided in GASB Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments</u>. Under this process, the State does not record depreciation expense nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements to these assets, unless the improvements expand the capacity or efficiency of an asset. Utilization of this approach requires the State to: 1) commit to maintaining and preserving affected assets at or above a condition level established by the State, 2) maintain an inventory of the assets and perform periodic condition assessments to ensure that the condition level is being maintained, and 3) make annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to maintain and preserve assets at the predetermined condition levels.

Roads and bridges maintained by the Department of Transportation are accounted for using the modified approach.

Capital asset activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, were as follows (in millions):

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Adjustments and Reclass- ifications		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	3,235.2	\$	60.8	\$	(.4)	\$	48.6	\$	3,344.2
Land improvements		16.9		-		-		(.7)		16.2
Construction in progress		1,008.8		409.4		(286.6)		21.3		1,152.9
Infrastructure		12,536.7		216.9		(96.3)		(20.4)		12,636.9
Mineral rights		19.8	_					-		19.8
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		16,817.4	-	687.0		(383.2)		48.7		17,170.0
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Land improvements		116.4		6.8		(5.1)		3.5		121.5
Equipment and vehicles		772.7		85.4		(14.6)		2.8		846.3
Buildings		3,341.1		132.9		(63.0)		21.1		3,432.0
Infrastructure		704.5		3.4		(.6)		3.9		711.1
Total capital assets, being depreciated		4,934.7	· · ·····	228.5		(83.4)		31.2		5,111.0
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Land improvements		(49.3)		(3.8)		4.2		.1		(48.8)
Equipment and vehicles		(573.7)		(56.6)		13.1		(4.8)		(621.9)
Buildings		(1,266.1)		(97.5)		40.5		4.3		(1,318.9)
Infrastructure		(426.3)		(26.4)		.6		(.1)		(452.2)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,315.5)		(184.3)		58.5		(.5)		(2,441.8)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		2,619.2	. <u></u>	44.2		(24.9)		30.7		2,669.2
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	19,436.6	\$	731.2	\$	(408.2)	\$	79.5	\$	19,839.2

The Department of Corrections has closed buildings at one prison campus and stopped construction on a building at another prison campus. The total impairment loss was \$13.4 million. The impairments pertained to buildings and non-depreciable and depreciable land improvements. The Department of Corrections plans to sell these assets.

In all cases, the historical cost of the buildings has been adjusted to the lower of carrying value or fair value in the above table.

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Adjustments and Reclass- ifications			nding alance
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	4.5	\$.6	\$	(.5)	\$	-	\$	4.6
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment Total accumulated depreciation		(4.1)	·····	(.1)	. <u> </u>	.5	·			(3.8)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		.4		.4		-			<u> </u>	.8
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$.4	\$.4	\$		\$	-	\$.8

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows (in millions):

	A	mount
Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	25.0
Education		.2
Human services		8.1
Public safety and corrections		47.2
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		10.3
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		2.0
Health services		7.2
Transportation		36.6
Depreciation on capital assets held by the State's internal service funds is		
charged to the various functions based on their use of the assets.		47.8
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$	184.3
Business-type Activities:		
Enterprise		.1
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	<u>\$</u>	.1

Discretely Presented Component Units

The following table summarizes net capital assets reported by the discretely presented component units (in millions):

	Amount
State Universities:	A 400.0
Land and other non-depreciable assets	\$ 106.6
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets	4,668.8
Construction in progress	136.5
Total	4,911.9
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,816.0)
Capital Assets, net – State Universities	3,095.9
Capital Assets, net – Authorities	143.8
Capital Assets, Total - Discretely Presented Component Units	\$ 3,239.8

NOTE 10 - PENSION BENEFITS

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The State of Michigan administers the following defined benefit pension plans:

Name	Type of Plan	Participating Employers
Legislative Retirement System (LRS)	Single Employer	1
State Police Retirement System (SPRS)	Single Employer	1
State Employees' Retirement System (SERS)	Single Employer	1
Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS)	Cost sharing multi-employer	715
Judges' Retirement System (JRS)	Cost sharing multi-employer	141
Military Retirement Plan (MRP)	Single Employer	1

Each plan, except MRP, is accounted for in a separate pension trust fund and also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for that plan. Those reports, except LRS, may be obtained by writing to the Department of Management and Budget, Office of Retirement Services, 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909 or by calling the Customer Information Center at (517) 322-5103 or 1-800-381-5111. The LRS report may be obtained by writing to the Michigan Legislative Retirement System, House Office Building, Suite S0927, P.O. Box 30014, Lansing, MI 48909 or by calling (517) 373-0575.

As mandated by legislation, all new State of Michigan employees (except Michigan State Police officers) hired on or after March 31, 1997, are members of the defined contribution retirement plan as opposed to the LRS, SERS and JRS defined benefit plans. Employees hired before that date were given the option of remaining in the defined benefit plan or transferring to the defined contribution plan. The decision is irrevocable and transfers were completed by September 30, 1998. This was a one-time opportunity. With the passage of the legislation permitting the transfer, the LRS, SERS and JRS defined benefit plans became closed systems.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PLAN ASSETS MATTERS

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the State are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Methods Used to Value Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds not traded on a national or international exchange are based on equivalent values of comparable securities with similar yield and risk. Real estate debt is valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and is discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Other investments not having an established market are recorded at estimated fair value.

Description of Benefits

State statutes require that the State plans provide certain retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members. LRS life Insurance benefits are provided through the defined benefit pension plan and are accounted for as pension benefits. The LRS life insurance benefits are paid on an advance-funded basis. The actuarial cost method and actuarial assumptions are the same as for the pension plan.

Contributions and Reserves

SERS members are allowed to purchase service credits by entering into a contract with duration of up to 20 years. At September 30, 2008, the short term receivable was \$10.6 million and the discounted long term receivable was \$53.8 million.

Significant Investments

No investment of any of the pension plans comprises 5% or more of the net assets available for benefits. There are no significant investments made in securities issued by the State, nor are there any loans made from the pension plans to the State. Additional disclosures concerning investments are provided in Note 8 and, concerning State Treasurer's Common Cash, in Note 5.

FUNDING POLICY

The Legislature establishes the extent to which the employer and employees are required to make contributions and establishes the benefit provisions for each plan.

Plan members for SPRS, SERS, and MRP are not required to contribute to the plans. Plan members for LRS are required to contribute based on the following: for participants prior to January 1, 1995, the required contribution rate is 9.0%; for participants after January 1, 1995, the required contribution rate is 7.0%. Plan members for JRS are required to contribute 5.87% (weighted average) of annual covered salary.

For MRP, there is no underlying payroll of participants. Except for five special duty members, retirants receive \$600 in annual pension benefits. Accordingly, the annual required contribution from the State is determined as a dollar amount, not as a percentage of payroll. For fiscal year ending September 30, 2008, this amount was \$3.8 million.

For LRS, SERS, and SPRS, statute requires the employer to contribute to finance the benefits of plan members. These employer contributions are determined annually by the System's actuary and are based upon level-dollar value funding or a level-percent-of-payroll principles so the contribution rates do not have to increase over time. The following are the required contribution rates for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2008: SPRS, 27.52% of annual active payroll; SERS, \$308.02 million; LRS, no required contribution.

For JRS, the State contributes annually the greater of 3.5% of the aggregate annual compensation of State paid base salaries, or the difference between the total actuarial requirement of current service and unfunded accrued liabilities minus the revenues from court filing fees and member contributions. The following table provides a schedule of annual required employer contributions for JRS.

	Annual Required	
Year Ended	Contribution	Percentage of
September 30	(ARC)	ARC Contributed
2008	-	-
2007	.2	124.0
2006	.6	108.0

ANNUAL PENSION COST AND OTHER RELATED INFORMATION

Annual pension cost and related information for the current year for the State's single employer defined benefit plans is as follows (amounts in millions):

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation:	 LRS	 SPRS	 SERS	<u> </u>	MRP*
Annual required contribution	\$ -	\$ 33.67	\$ 308.02	\$	3.81
Interest on net pension asset (obligation)	(.08)	3.35	42.82		.86
Adjustment to annual required contribution	.29	(2.55)	(46.14)		(.92)
Annual pension cost	 .21	 34.46	 304.70		3.74
Contributions made	-	34.36	355.73		3.20
Change in net pension asset/obligation	 .21	 .10	 (51.04)		.55
Net pension (asset) obligation at beginning of fiscal year	(1.20)	41.82	535.23		10.70
Net pension (asset) obligation at end of fiscal year	\$ (.99)	\$ 41.91	\$ 484.19	\$	11.25

*For MRP, information provided is based on most recent biennial actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for the pension plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions (ARC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets for the pension plans is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

	LRS	SPRS	SERS	MRP
Latest actuarial valuation date	9/30/2008	9/30/2007	9/30/2007	9/30/2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll open	Level percent of payroll closed	Level dollar closed	Level dollar closed
Remaining amortization period	5 years	29 years	29 years	28 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	Market value
Actuarial assumption: Investment rate of return	7%	8%	8%	8%
Projected salary increases	4%	3.5-93.5%	3.5-14.4%	4%
Includes inflation at	4%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	4% annual compounded (non-compounded for legislators who first became members after 1/1/95)	2% annual non- compounded with maximum annual increase \$500	3% annual non- compounded with maximum annual increase \$300	3.5% for special duty retirants

THREE YEAR HISTORICAL TREND INFORMATION

The following table provides a schedule of funding progress for the State's single employer defined benefit plans (amounts in millions):

LRS	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)		Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
LKO	9/30/08	\$ 170.0	\$ 169.4	\$	(0.6)	100.3%	\$ 1.3	(44.3)%
	9/30/07	167.8	163.3	Ψ	(4.4)	102.7	1.3	(338.5)
	9/30/06	159.3	158.4		(0.9)	100.6	2.0	(46.6)
	9/30/00	159.5	100.4		(0.9)	100.0	2.0	(40.0)
SPRS**								
	9/30/07	1,259.1	1,451.9		192.7	86.7	118.2	163.0
	9/30/06	1,204.2	1,385.9		181.6	86.9	115.9	156.7
	9/30/05	1,090.3	1,300.3		210.0	83.8	117.6	178.5
SERS**								
02.00	9/30/07	11,343.5	13,161.7		1,818.1	86.2	1,825.9	99.6
	9/30/06	10,889.9	12,798.5		1,908.6	85.1	1,847.7	103.3
	9/30/05	9,896.7	12,400.4		2,503.6	79.8	1,880.2	133.2
MRP*								
WIINE	9/30/07	_	41.9		41.9	_	.6	6,983.3
	9/30/05	_	40.6		40.6	-	.5	8,120.0
	9/30/03	-	40.8		40.0 41.3	-	.5 .6	
	9/30/03	-	41.5		41.3	-	0.	6,883.0

*Actuarial valuation performed biennially.

**The most recent actuarial valuation was performed as of September 30, 2007.

The following table provides a schedule of annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the State's single employer defined benefit plans (amounts in millions):

	Year Ended September 30	Annual Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net Obligation (Asset)
LRS	2008	.2	-	(1.0)
	2007	.6	-	(1.2)
	2006	.3	-	(1.5)
SPRS	2008	34.5	99.7	41.9
	2007	33.1	73.6	41.8
	2006	36.6	68.5	33.8
SERS	2008	304.7	116.7	484.2
	2007	313.9	61.2	535.2
	2006	365.1	74.1	413.5
MRP	2008 2007 2006	3.7 3.6 3.6	85.4 88.5 82.9	11.2 10.7 10.4

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (Plan) was established to provide benefits at retirement to employees of the State (except Michigan State Police officers) who were hired after March 31, 1997, and to those members of the State Employees' Retirement System (defined benefit), Judges' Retirement System, and Legislative Retirement System who elected to transfer to this plan. The Plan is administered by the Department of Management and Budget. The State is required to contribute 4% of annual covered payroll. The State is also required to match employee contributions up to 3% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Legislature. Employer contributions to the plan for the year totaled \$81.6 million. Participant contributions to the plan were \$30.7 million. The reports may be obtained by writing to the Department of Management and Budget, Office of Retirement Services, 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909 or by calling (517) 322-5103.

The following investments represent 5% or more of net plan assets at September 30, 2008: Common Trust Funds: Traditional GICs/BICs, \$49.4 million; Global Wrap Synthetic Contracts, \$369.3 million; SSGA Daily Bond Market Index Fund, \$112.4 million; Money Market Funds, \$228.1 million.

Component Units

In addition to the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), the State university component units participate in the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association and College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF). The TIAA-CREF is a defined contribution multiple-employer pension plan. The State university component units are required to contribute between 4% and 15% of annual covered payroll, as determined by each institution's employment agreements. The total contribution to the TIAA-CREF for all State university component units was \$75.3 million for the year ending June 30, 2008.

Additional plan information may be found in the separately issued financial reports of the State university component units.

Effective January 1, 2004, the State Bar of Michigan assumed responsibility for the retirement plans of State Bar employees who participated in the State of Michigan Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (Plan). All monies held in the Plan on behalf of participating State Bar employees were subsequently transferred to the newly established State Bar 401(a) retirement plan and the 457(b) retirement plan. The State Bar of Michigan is required to make minimum contributions and may establish other benefit provisions for their retirement plans. The State Bar of Michigan's contribution to the new plans was \$.4 million for the year ended September 30, 2008.

Additional information for the retirement plan can be obtained by contacting the State Bar at (517) 372-9030.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The State of Michigan administers the following other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans:

Name	Type of Plan	Employers
Legislative Retirement System (LRS)	Single Employer	1
State Police Retirement System (SPRS)	Single Employer	1
State Employees' Retirement System (SERS)	Single Employer	1
Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS)	Cost sharing multi-employer	715
Judges' Retirement System (JRS)	Cost sharing multi-employer	141
Life Insurance	Single Employer	1

Denthalter at

Each plan, except for life insurance, is accounted for in a separate OPEB trust fund and also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for that plan. Those reports, except LRS, may be obtained by writing to the Department of Management and Budget, Office of Retirement Services, 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909 or by calling the Customer Information Center at (517) 322-5103 or 1-800-381-5111. The LRS report may be obtained by writing to the Michigan Legislative Retirement System, House Office Building, Suite S0927, P.O. Box 30014, Lansing, MI 48909 or by calling (517) 373-0575.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PLAN ASSETS MATTERS

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the State are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Methods Used to Value Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds not traded on a national or international exchange are based on equivalent values of comparable securities with similar yield and risk. Real estate debt is valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and is discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Other investments not having an established market are recorded at estimated fair value.

Description of Benefits

State statutes require that the State provide certain other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to many of its retired employees. Health, dental, and vision benefits as well as life insurance coverage are provided to retirees. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The net assets available for benefits relate to residual balances from funding provided in prior fiscal years.

FUNDING POLICY

The Legislature establishes the extent to which the employer and employees are required to make contributions and establishes the benefit provisions for each plan. The State is not required to fund the plans other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide current benefits to retirees. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, the State paid the following amounts (in millions) on the behalf of the following plans: \$342.2, SERS; \$29.1, SPRS; \$4.6, LRS; \$18.2, life insurance.

Plan members for SPRS and SERS are required to contribute 5%, 10%, and 10% of the monthly premium amount for health, dental, and vision coverage, respectively. Plan members for JRS are required to contribute 5% of health care premiums. JRS plan members can also enroll in the vision and dental plans of which they are required to contribute 100% of the premium. Plan members for LRS that are part of the defined benefit plan are not required to contribute and the members of the defined contribution plan are required to contribute 10% of the premiums. Life insurance is provided to retirees with the employer required to contribute 100% of the premiums.

ANNUAL OPEB COST AND OTHER RELATED INFORMATION

Annual pension cost and related information for the current year for the State's single employer OPEB plans is as follows (amounts in millions):

	LRS		S	PRS		SERS	Life Insurance	
Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: Annual required contribution Contributions made	\$	7.98 4.64	\$	59.03 29.13	\$	879.25 342.19	\$	57.40 18.21
Change in net OPEB asset/obligation Net OPEB (asset) obligation at beginning		3.34		29.90		537.06		39.19
of fiscal year* Net OPEB (asset) obligation at end of fiscal year	 ¢		\$	29.90	\$	537.06		
Net OF ED (asset) obligation at this of lister year		0.04		20.00	Ψ	001.00	<u> </u>	00.10

*Effective October 1, 2007, the State implemented GASB Statement No. 45 prospectively, which requires reporting on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits and the net OPEB obligation at transition was zero.

Actuarial Valuations and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions (ARC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets for the OPEB plans is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

	LRS	SPRS	SERS	Life Insurance
Latest actuarial valuation date	9/30/2008	9/30/2007	9/30/2007	9/30/2007
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percent open	Level percent of payroll closed	Level percent of payroll closed	Level percent of payroll closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years	29 years	29 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value
Actuarial assumptions:				
Investment rate of return	4.5%	4%	4%	4%
Includes inflation at	4%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	10% in 2009 grading to 4% in 2019	9.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 11	9.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 11	N/A

THREE YEAR HISTORICAL TREND INFORMATION*

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	 Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
LR\$	9/30/2008	\$14.3	\$132.6	\$ \$118.3	10.8%	\$ 11.9	994.1%
	9/30/2005	11.9	111.4	99.5	11.0	11.9	838.0
SPRS**	9/30/2007	-	918.1	918.1	-	118.2	776.7
	9/30/2006	-	944.4	944.4	-	115.9	814.9
SERS**	9/30/2007	-	12,966.0	12,966.0	-	2,949.0	439.6
	9/30/2006	-	13,499.0	13,499.0	-	2,848.0	474.0
Life							
Insurance**	9/30/2007		912.5	912.5	-	3,131.9	29.1

The following table provides a schedule of funding progress for the State's single employer OPEB plans (amounts in millions):

*This schedule will be expanded to include three years as actuarial information becomes available.

**The most recent actuarial valuation was performed as of September 30, 2007.

The following table provides a schedule of annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the State's single employer OPEB plans (amounts in millions)*:

	Year Ended September 30	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
LRS	2008	\$ 8.0	58.2%	\$ 3.3
SPRS	2008	59.0	49.4	29.9
SERS	2008	879.2	38.9	537.1
Life Insurance	2008	57.4	31.7	39.2

*This table will be expanded to include three years as actuarial information becomes available.

NOTE 12 - LEASES

Accounting Policy

The State leases various assets under non-cancelable leasing arrangements. Leases that constitute rental agreements are classified as operating leases; the resulting expenditures are recognized as incurred over the lease term. Leases that are comparable to purchases are classified as capital leases.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, assets and liabilities resulting from capital leases are recorded at lease inception. The principal portion of lease payments reduces the liability; the interest portion is expensed.

For capital leases in governmental funds, other financing sources and expenditures are recorded at lease inception. Lease payments are recorded as debt service expenditures. For budgetary purposes, lease payments are only reported as expenditures when paid.

Most leases have cancellation clauses with one to six month notice requirements in the event that funding is not available. For reporting purposes, such cancellation clauses are not considered in the determination of whether a lease is cancelable, because the likelihood that they will be exercised is considered remote. Some lease agreements include renewal or purchase options. The effect of such options is reflected in the minimum lease payments only if it is considered reasonably assured that an option will be exercised. Some lease agreements include escalation clauses or other contingent rentals.

The State has entered into a few installment purchase agreements. Because the amounts involved are immaterial, and the accounting treatment is similar, such agreements are reported together with capital leases.

Leases that exist between the State and the State Building Authority (SBA), a blended component unit, are not recorded as leases in this report. In their separately issued financial statements, SBA records a lease receivable from the State. Although payables and receivables technically exist between these parties, when combined for government-wide reporting, they are eliminated. A long-term liability exists on the government-wide financial statements for the bonds issued by SBA to construct the assets associated with the leases. Future payments to SBA are, therefore, not included in the schedules of lease commitments below. Note 13 provides information on the amount of the SBA's bonds outstanding and a schedule of debt service requirements.

During the fiscal year, the State entered into a building lease agreement with the Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF), a discretely presented component unit. The lease was classified as a capital lease and is included in the capital lease disclosures below.

Primary Government -- Governmental Activities

Rental expenditures incurred under operating leases totaled \$62.2 million during the fiscal year. Payments for capital lease principal, interest, and executory costs totaled \$24.7 million, \$33.0 million, and \$25.8 million, respectively, during the fiscal year. Included in these amounts were payments to MSF for principal, interest, and executory costs totaling \$2.1 million, \$1.9 million, and \$65 thousand, respectively.

A summary of the operating and noncancelable capital lease commitments to maturity follows (in millions):

			Capital Leases								
Year Ended	Ор	erating					Ex	ecutory			
September 30	L	eases	Pi	rincipal	Interest Cos		Costs			Total	
2009	\$	35.7	\$	22.6	\$	34.3	\$	25.2	\$	82.1	
2010		30.4		20.3		32.2		24.5		77.0	
2011		22.3		17.6		30.4		22.8		70.8	
2012		13.8		15.3		28.8		21.7		65.8	
2013		7.4		13.8		27.3		20.7		61.8	
2014-2018		21.8		74.0		113.6		96.7		284.3	
2019-2023		4.0		75.2		73.7		82.3		231.2	
2024-2028		-		53.0		35.9		72.6		161.6	
Thereafter		-		28.5		4.5		33.7		66.7	
Total	\$	135.5	\$	320.5	\$	380.7	\$	400.2	\$	1,101.3	

The above capital leases relate to governmental activities which include the General Fund, special revenue funds, and the internal service funds. A liability of \$320.5 million has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements for the capital lease principal. Included in this liability is the capital lease between the State and MSF totaling \$82.9 million.

The historical cost of assets acquired under capital leases are included in capital assets on the government-wide financial statements at September 30 follows (in millions):

\$	388.7
	79.3
·	468.0
	(185.3)
\$	282.7

Included in the table above is the historical cost and accumulated depreciation for the capital lease between the State and MSF of \$85.0 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

Primary Government – Business-Type Activities

Rental expense incurred under operating leases totaled \$.6 million during the fiscal year. There were no capital lease obligations.

A summary of operating lease commitments to maturity follows (in millions):

Year Ended September 30	Oper Leas	
2009	\$.5
2010		.5
2011		.4
2012		.2
2013		.1
	\$	1.7

Discretely Presented Component Units

Operating lease commitments for universities and authorities totaled \$59.3 million. Total capital lease obligations were \$10.1 million, \$1.7 million, and \$0 for principal, interest, and executory costs, respectively, during the fiscal year.

NOTE 13 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

General Information

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

Article 9, Section 15, of the State Constitution authorizes general obligation long-term borrowing, subject to approval by the Legislature and a majority of voters at a general election. In addition, debt may be incurred without voter approval for the purpose of providing loans to school districts. General obligation notes to provide temporary financing for such loans are recorded as liabilities in the School Bond Loan Fund, a special revenue fund. General Fund appropriations are made to finance debt principal and interest requirements for all general obligation issues. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the State.

The State Constitution provides that the Legislature may also authorize the issuance of general obligation short-term notes, the principal amount of which may not exceed 15% of undedicated revenues received in the preceding year. The State Constitution also provides that such notes must be repaid within the fiscal year of the borrowing. In fiscal year 2008, the State issued general obligation notes to meet cash flow requirements of the General Fund.

Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, was as follows (in billions):

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Draws	Repayments	Ending Balance
General Obligation Notes	\$-	\$1.4	\$1.4	\$ -

Revenue Dedicated Bonds and Notes

Long-term bonds have been issued periodically for specific purposes, with the stipulation that financing of debt requirements is to come strictly from designated revenue sources. The transportation related debt is payable solely out of funds restricted for transportation purposes by Article 9, Section 9, of the State Constitution. The State's general credit does not support such issues.

In previous years, the Department of Transportation issued grant anticipation notes. The notes have variable rates that may bear interest at a daily interest rate, a weekly rate, note interest term rate, long-term interest rate, or an auction rate security interest rate.

1

The notes are issued in accordance with the authorization provided in Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 247.668(b). The proceeds of the sale of the notes, together with investment earnings on the proceeds and other available monies, will be used to pay a portion of the costs to complete the Build Michigan II highway program, to pay capitalized interest on the notes, and to pay note issuance costs.

The principal and interest on the notes are payable solely from and are secured by an irrevocable pledge of the State share of all federal grants received each year under the Federal-Aid Highway Program. Payment of the principal and interest on the notes from the State share shall be subject to an appropriation each year by the Legislature in an amount sufficient to make the payments. As of September 30, 2008, principal payments of \$600 million have been made on the notes. There are no outstanding amounts at September 30, 2008.

Revenue bonds have been issued by the State Building Authority (SBA) to acquire and/or construct various facilities for use by the State or institutions of higher education. Revenue bonds have also been issued to finance equipment capital lease refinancings and acquisitions. In addition, SBA issues commercial paper notes to fund capital projects prior to bonding. Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, follows (in millions):

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Draws	Repayments	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Commercial Paper Notes	\$146.7	\$151.8	\$88.2	\$210.3

Note 14 provides disclosures regarding the bonds and notes payable of the discretely presented component units.

Bonds Issued and Outstanding

General obligation and revenue dedicated bonds issued and outstanding (excluding defeased bonds) at September 30 (in millions) are as follows:

						l Year irities	Average Interest
	Ar	nounts	Οι	utstanding	First	Last	Rate
General Obligation Bonded Debt	!s	ssued	9/	/30/2008	Year	Year	Percentage
General Obligation Refunding Debt:							
Series 2001 (Refunding)	\$	183.3	\$	145.1	2002	2016	4.76
Series 2002 (Refunding)		300.7		263.6	2004	2017	4.41
Series 2005 A (Refunding) (3)		86.8		86.8	2017	2021	5.00
Series 2005 B (Refunding) (3)		82.8		82.8	2013	2021	5.00
Series 2005 C (Refunding) (3)		21.1		9.5	2008	2013	4.17
Series 2008 A (Refunding)		200.8		200.8	2011	2019	4.95
Series 2008 B (Refunding)		19.4		19.4	2011	2019	4.33
Series 2008 C (Refunding)		12.2		12.2	2011	2012	5.01
Series 2008 D (Refunding)		1.4		1.4	2011	2011	3.97
Recreation and Environmental Protection:							
Series 1989 (1)		75.0		8.7	1991	2012	6.81
Series 1992 (1)		246.3		58.6	1994	2013	5.50
College Savings Bonds - Series 1992 Mini-bonds (1)		.5		1.4	2012	2012	5.86
Series 1992 A (1)(2)		13.9		4.2	1995	2013	6.17
Series 1993 (1)(2)		16.7		6.3	1996	2014	5.00
Series 2000 (1)		60.0		2.8	2002	2011	5.24
Series 2001 (3)		56.8		13.1	2004	2012	4.82
Series 2003 (5)		10.0		6.0	2054	2054	0.00
Series 2003 A (1)(3)		200.0		71.5	2007	2021	5.00
Series 2006 A (1)(3)		105.0		105.0	2014	2026	4.58
Series 2006 B (5)		47.0		46.7	2007	2009	5.19
School Loan Bonds:							
Series 1998		160.0		35.9	2001	2012	4.80
Series 2005 B (4)		362.5		192.6	2017	2022	4.12
Series 2005 C (4)		113.1		113.1	2020	2024	3.50
Total General Obligation Bonded Debt		2,375.2		1,487.4			

			Fiscal Year Maturities		Average Interest
	Amounts Issued	Outstanding 9/30/2008	First Year	Last Year	Rate Percentage
Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt State Park Related:					
2002 – Gross Revenue Bonds	15.5	12.8	2004	2023	3.58
Total Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt – State Park Related	15.5	12.8			
Transportation Related:					
Tax Dedicated Bonds: Michigan Comprehensive Transportation:					
Series 1998 (Series A Refunding)	38.6	25.3	2005	2011	4.81
Series 2001 (Series A Refunding)	27.8	26.5	2008	2022	5.01
Series 2002 (Series A Refunding)	89.6	25.3	2003	2011	5.07
Series 2002 (Series B)	82.3	14.7	2004	2012	5.13
Series 2003	35.0	18.3	2004	2023	3.61
Series 2005 (Refunding)	62.2	62.2	2009	2023	5.15
Series 2006 (Refunding)	53.7	52.1	2007	2031	4.54
State Trunkline Fund Bonds: Series 1989 (Series A)	135.8	5.6	1994	2009	6.75
Series 1992 (Series A Refunding)	253.6	50.6	2000	2003	5.76
Series 1992 (Series B Refunding)	99.6	7.1	2000	2013	5.68
Series 1998 (Series A Refunding)	377.9	371.7	2006	2027	5.03
Series 2001 (Series A)	308.2	26.8	2003	2012	4.96
Series 2002 (Refunding)	97.9	64.2	2004	2022	4.71
Series 2004 (Refunding)	103.5	98.4	2006	2022	4.13
Series 2004	185.7	88.6	2008	2019	4.36
Series 2005 (Refunding)	223.0	223.0	2010	2023	5.10
Series 2005 B (Refunding)	378.3	378.3	2010	2019	4.81
Series 2006	244.5	233.2	2008	2022	4.74
Series 2007	485.1	485.1	2009	2027	4.85
Total Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt – Transportation Related	3,282.2	2,256.9			
State Building Authority:					
1998 Series I Bonds (Refunding)	330.4	236.5	1999	2022	4.75
2001 Series I Bonds (Refunding)	419.7	350.5	2003	2026	5.26
2003 Series I (Refunding)	659.4	485.0	2004	2018	3.64
2003 Series II (Refunding)	392.6	174.5	2005	2030	4.42
2004 Series I	155.4	120.6	2005	2020	4.08
2005 Series I (Refunding)	293.4	278.3	2006	2034	4.84
2005 Series II (Refunding)	242.8	240.6	2007	2037	4.66
2005 Series II A Multi-modal (7)	343.6	40.1	2018	2018	8.17
2005 Series II B Multi-modal (7)	9.9	8.7	2007	2017	7.95
2006 Series I A Serial	438.3	438.3	2014	2037	4.80
2006 Series I A Capital Appreciation	891.8 13.7	891.8 13.7	2014 2009	2037	4.80
2006 Series I B 2007 Series I Multi model (7)	96.5	96.5	2009	2014 2032	4.80 7.92
2007 Series I Multi-modal (7) Total State Building Authority Bonded Debt	4,287.5	3,375.1	2009	2032	1.92
Total State Building Authonity Bonded Debt	4,207.0	0,070.1			
Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority:					
Series 2006 A	363.1	354.7	2008	2034	7.31
Series 2007 A	480.1	480.1	2010	2047	5.86
Series 2007 B	35.6	37.7	2052	2052	7.25
Series 2007 C	7.2	7.6	2052	2052	7.50
Series 2008 A Series 2008 B	114.9 29.9	114.9	2035 2046	2042	6.88 8.50
		29.9 57 7		2046	
Series 2008 C	57.7	57.7	2058	2058	8.25
Total Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority Bonded Debt	1,088.5	1,082.6			
Total Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt	8,673.8	6,727.4			
Total General Obligation and Revenue Dedicated Bonded Debt	<u>\$ 11,049.0</u>	\$ 8,214.8			

2

- (1) Sections 324.19301 and 324.71301 of the Michigan Compiled Laws authorized the issuance of bonds totaling \$800.0 million. As of September 30, 2008, \$791.5 million of such bond proceeds had been received, leaving remaining authorization of \$8.5 million. Sum of amounts issued in table differs by amount of bonds refunded or redeemed, premiums and discounts, and other issuance costs.
- (2) The \$13.9 million Series 1992A and the \$16.7 million Series 1993, Recreation and Environmental Protection General Obligation Bonds, were used to provide a contribution of capital to the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority (MMBA), a discretely presented component unit. An outside trustee for MMBA is holding the bonds as an investment of MMBA; no immediate cash proceeds were provided. The trustee receives the debt service payments on the bonds, which are negotiable instruments held to subsidize water pollution control financing provided by MMBA.
- (3) MCL Section 324.95102 authorized the issuance of bonds totaling \$675.0 million. As of September 30, 2008, \$518.8 million of such bond proceeds had been received, leaving remaining authorization of \$156.2 million. Sum of amounts issued in table differs by amount of bonds refunded or redeemed, premiums and discounts, and other issuance costs.
- (4) The Multi-Modal School Loan Bond Series, currently bear interest at a commercial paper rate and are remarketed at each maturity. For the future debt service requirements, interest was estimated at the interest rate in effect at September 30, 2008.
- (5) November 2002, voters approved a ballot proposal in which the State would issue \$1.0 billion in general obligations bonds to provide capital, which is then loaned to local units of government for water quality improvement projects. As of September 30, 2008, \$145.6 million of such bond proceeds had been recognized as received, leaving remaining authorization of \$854.4 million. Included in the amount recognized as received is \$100.0 million in bonds issued to a discretely presented component unit, MMBA. Although no cash traded hands, MMBA (the registered owner of the bonds) is holding the bond document as collateral and issuing their own revenue bonds to generate the capital. This transaction allows the State's General Fund to defer principal and interest costs until future years when the bond is repurchased/redeemed. MMBA will fund the principal and interest costs of the revenue bonds until such time that they request the State to honor the general obligation bond document.

On December 18, 2003, the State issued \$100.0 million in bonds (\$10.0 million relating to Strategic Water Quality and \$90.0 million relating to the previously existing State Water Quality Revolving Fund). The \$10.0 million bond relating to Strategic Water Quality includes a repurchase provision that requires the State to repurchase all or any portion of this bond upon 10 days prior written notice from the registered owner, MMBA. The State anticipates at this time that if the bond repurchase was acted on, the State would issue long-term debt to finance the repurchase. This bond is being used as collateral by MMBA for the Strategic Water Quality bonds being issued by MMBA to local governments. The \$10.0 million bond was reduced to a net obligation of \$6.0 million when \$4.0 million of the proceeds from General Obligation. For these reasons, the State has recognized the \$6.0 million bond related to Strategic Water Quality as a liability in the entity-wide statements. The \$90.0 million "bond" document issued for the State Water Quality Revolving Fund does not contain the 10 day repurchase provision that the \$6.0 million bond does. Nor is the \$90.0 million "bond" document being used as collateral by MMBA. For these reasons, the State has not recognized a liability for the \$90.0 million "bond" document related to the existing State Water Quality Revolving Fund.

(6) Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (MTSFA) issued taxable Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds as follows: \$363.1 million Series 2006 A Fixed Rate Turbo Bonds; \$72.6 million Series 2006 B Indexed Floating Rate Turbo Term Bonds; \$54.8 million Series 2006 C Capital Appreciation Turbo Term Bonds; \$480.1 million Series 2007 A Senior Current Interest Bonds; \$35.6 million Series 2007 B First Subordinate Capital Appreciation Bonds; \$7.2 million Series 2007 C Second Subordinate Capital Appreciation Bonds; \$114.9 million Series 2008 A Current Interest Turbo Terms Bonds; \$29.9 million Series 2008 B Taxable Capital Appreciation Turbo Term Bonds; and \$57.7 million Series 2008 C Capital Appreciation Turbo Term Bonds.

MTSFA was created by MCL Section 129.264, the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority Act. As a public body corporate and politic within the Department of Treasury, it is a separate legal entity with separate corporate purposes, exercising public and essential governmental functions. MTSFA is authorized to issue bonds as needed to provide sufficient funds to purchase all or a portion of the State's Tobacco Settlement Revenues (TSRs) payable to the State under the Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers in 1998. Refunding bonds may also be issued. Net proceeds of the sale of TSRs are deposited in the 21st Century Jobs Trust Fund, the School Aid Fund, the General Fund, and in a reserve fund.

The bonds were issued in accordance with the Purchase and Sale Agreement (the Agreement), dated May 1, 2006, between the State and MTSFA. Pursuant to the Agreement, MTSFA is purchasing the right, title, and interest in and to 13.3% of all the State's future TSRs payable to the State on or after April 1, 2008, as required under the terms of the MSA. In 2007, an additional 10.77% of future tobacco settlement revenue was purchased by MTSFA on amounts payable on or after May 15, 2009. In fiscal year 2008, Series 2008 bonds were issued to refund the MTSFA's outstanding Series 2006 B Indexed Floating Rate Turbo Term Bonds and to refund the MTSFA's outstanding 2006 C Capital Appreciation Turbo Term Bonds. The General Fund received \$60 million from the net proceeds.

Every issue of bonds shall be special revenue obligations payable from and secured by a pledge of TSRs and other assets, including without limitation the proceeds of the bonds deposited in a reserve fund for the benefit of the owners of the bonds, earnings on funds of the authority and other funds as may become available, upon the terms and conditions as specified by the authority in the authority resolution under which the bonds are issued or in a related trust agreement of trust indenture.

The issuance of bonds under the provisions of this law shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the State or any political subdivision of this State to pay any amounts to the MTSFA or owners of bonds or benefited parties, or levy or pledge any form of taxation whatsoever for the bonds. The bonds are not a debt or liability of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State, other than MTSFA. MTSFA is not authorized to incur any indebtedness on behalf of or in any way obligate the State or any political subdivision of the State.

(7) SBA Multi-Modal bears interest at a remarketed weekly rate. Estimated interest was computed using the weekly rates as of September 30, 2008. These unusually high rates were due to the market and economic aberrations.

Capital Appreciation Bonds

Capital appreciation and convertible capital appreciation bonds are recorded in the Bonds Issued and Outstanding table and the Changes In Bonds and Notes Payable table at their accreted year-end book value. The table that follows summarizes capital appreciation bonds (in millions):

					l Year irities
	Accreted Book Value	Ultimate Maturity Value		First Year	Last Year
General Obligation Bonds:					
Series 1989	\$ 8.7	\$	10.1	1999	2012
Series 1992	4.5		5.6	2000	2012
College Savings Bonds - Series 1992 Mini-bonds	1.4		1.8	2012	2012
Revenue Dedicated – Transportation Related:					
State Trunkline – Series 1989 A	5.6		6.0	2004	2009
State Trunkline – Series 1992 A	50.6		57.5	2006	2013
State Trunkline – Series 1992 B	7.1		8.0	2006	2013
Revenue Dedicated – State Building Authority:					
2006 Series I A	435.7		891.8	2017	2030
Revenue Dedicated – Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority:					
Series 2007 B	37.7		865.3	2052	2052
Series 2007 C	7.6		195.1	2052	2052
Series 2008 B	29.9		700.6	2046	2046
Series 2008 C	57.7		4,395.9	2058	2058

Advance Refundings and Defeasances

The State has defeased certain bonds through advance refundings by placing the proceeds of new bonds (i.e., the "refunding" bonds in the table of bonds issued and outstanding) in irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not recorded as assets or liabilities in these statements and are not included in the other debt tables in this note.

The State has defeased certain bonds through current refundings in which the proceeds of the refunding debt are applied immediately to redeem the debt to be refunded.

The State has defeased certain bonds by placing cash with an escrow agent in a trust to be used for future payment on the debt. The following table summarizes the defeased bonds outstanding at September 30 (in millions):

Recreation and Environmental Protection:	Amounts Outstanding			
Series 1989	\$	3.4		
Series 1992	•	17.7		
Series 1995		4.8		
Series 1998		54.8		
Series 1999 A		64.3		
Series 2000 (partial) Series 2001		42.5 31.6		
Series 2003 A		109.4		
Series 2005 C		5.1		
Total Recreation and Environmental	\$	333.5		
		<u> </u>		
School Loan Bonds: Series 1998	\$	69.1		
Total School Loan Bonds	<u>\$</u> \$	69.1		
Total Concol Ecan Donad	<u> </u>			
Comprehensive Transportation Fund Bonds:				
Series 2002 B (partial)	\$	52.9		
Series 2003		9.9		
	\$	62.8		
State Trunkline Fund Bonds: Series 2001 A (partial)	\$	245.8		
Series 2001 A (partial) Series 2004 (partial)	φ	245.8 85.2		
Certes 2004 (partial)		331.1		
Total Transportation Related	\$	393.9		
State Building Authority:	<u> </u>			
1994 Series II	\$	4.5		
1997 Series II		27.0		
1998 Series I		56.2		
2000 (MSP Phase II)		17.8		
2001 (MSP Phase III)		28.0		
2002 (MSP Phase IV) 1999 Series I		20.9 45.4		
2001 Series I		80.9		
2001 Series II		122.9		
2000 Series I		107.6		
2002 Series III (Refunding)		184.3		
2003 Series II (Refunding)		185.8		
Total State Building Authority	\$	881.2		
Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority				
Series 2006 B	\$	70.9		
Series 2006 C		64.9		
Total Michigan Tobacco Settlement Authority	\$	135.8		

General Obligation

In fiscal year 2008, the State issued \$233.8 million of General Obligation Bonds, Environmental Program Series 2008 A, 2008 B, 2008 C, and 2008 D maturing in 2011 through 2019 with fixed interest rates. The bonds were issued for the purpose of providing financing for certain environmental programs and refunding certain maturities and interest payments. From the debt proceeds, \$25 million was deposited to the Combined Environmental Protection Bond Fund and \$223.4 million was deposited with the escrow agent. The State received an economic gain of \$4.1 million through this refunding.

On July 7, 2008, the MTSFA issued Tobacco Settlement Asset Backed Bonds, Series 2008 for \$202.4 million; \$138.6 million of the bonds were deposited with an escrow agent and \$60 million was deposited to the General Fund.

Debt Service Requirements

The following table summarizes debt service requirements for outstanding bonds (in millions):

				Transp	ark, and ortation		Building	Settleme	i Tobacco nt Finance	
	G	eneral Oblig	gation	Rela	ated	Auth	nority	Auth	nority	Total
Fiscal										Principal
Years		Fixed	*Estimated		Fixed					And
Ending	Principal	Interest	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Interest
2009	\$ 84.0	\$ 55.9	\$ 11.9	\$ 82.5	\$ 110.4	\$ 100.5	\$ 127.6	\$-	\$ 61.2	\$ 634.0
2010	35.9	54.3	11.9	119.4	107.0	99.1	122.6	2.7	62.0	615.0
2011	105.4	51.6	11.9	124.7	101.8	104.7	117. 4	7.3	61.8	686.6
2012	111.8	46.3	11.9	116.5	96.5	111.4	111.7	8.6	61.4	676.1
2013	124.0	40.4	11.9	121.6	91.4	115.6	105.7	9.8	60.8	681.1
2014-2018	528.0	117.9	58.9	685.8	359.7	657.0	428.2	70.3	292.9	3,198.9
2019-2023	441.8	26.0	30.3	744.5	172.3	686.6	301.5	136.1	266.4	2,805.4
2024-2028	53.4	2.9	.8	273.6	38.4	579.1	217.7	199.4	196.9	1,562.1
2029-2033	-	-	-	9.2	.8	589.2	140.4	180.2	141.8	1,061.6
2034-2038	-	-	-	-	-	331.9	30.1	113.3	84.3	559.6
2039-2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111.8	54.0	165.8
2044-2048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	810.8	16.8	827.6
2049-2053	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,060.4	-	1,060.4
Thereafter	6.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,395.9	-	4,401.9
Total	\$ 1,490.4	\$ 395.4	\$ 149.4	\$ 2,277.9	\$1,078.2	\$ 3,375.1	\$1,702.8	\$ 7,106.6	\$ 1,360.3	\$18,936.0

*Interest for Multi-Modal Bonds future debt service requirements was estimated at the rate in effect at September 30, 2008

Interest to maturity for SBA may be significantly smaller than the amount shown in the above table because many of the bonds will be called prior to the final scheduled maturity date. The retirement of these bonds varies from project to project, as each bond issue is related to specific projects and any excess borrowing and accrued investment earnings are restricted to projects and debt service on the related bonds.

Changes in Bonds and Notes Payable

Changes in bonds and notes payable for the year ended September 30, 2008, was as follows (in millions):

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due Thereafter
Bonds Payable:	• · · • = =	• • • • • •		• · · • • ·	• • • •	• • • • • •
General obligation debt	\$ 1,487.5	\$ 235.5	\$ 235.6	\$1,487.4	\$ 84.0	\$ 1,403.4
Revenue bonds	2,341.7	4.2	76.2	2,269.7	82.5	2,187.2
State Building Authority	3,365.7	96.5	87.1	3,375.1	100.5	3,274.6
Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority	1,018.4	210.1	145.9	1,082.6	-	1,082.6
Notes Payable:						
Transportation related	32.0	-	32.0	-	-	-
Deferred Loss on Refundings:						
General obligation debt	(29.3)	(33.9)	5.3	(57.8)	-	(57.8)
Revenue dedicated debt	(28.8)	-	2.4	(26.4)	-	(26.4)
State Building Authority	(28.8)	-	5.0	(23.9)	-	(23.9)
Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority	-	(2.8)	-	(2.7)	-	(2.7)
Unamortized Discounts:		. ,		. ,		
State Building Authority	(476.1)	-	20.0	(456.0)	-	(456.0)
Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority	(15.2)	(3.3)	.3	(18.2)	-	(18.2)
Unamortized Premiums:	· · /	· · ·		· · ·		, ,
General obligation debt	56.1	16.8	5.8	67.0	-	67.0
Revenue dedicated debt	117.6	-	8.3	109.3	-	109.3
State Building Authority	109.5	-	7.3	102.2	-	102.2
Total bonds and notes payable	\$7,950.4	\$ 523.2	\$ 565.3	\$7,908.3	\$ 267.0	\$ 7,641.3
Plus State Building Authority commercial paper note reported as "Current Liabilities: Bonds and Notes Pa On The Statement of Net Assets				210.3	210.3	
As reported on the Statement of Net Assets				\$8,118.6	\$ 477.3	\$ 7,641.3

NOTE 14 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Bonds and Notes Payable

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable of the discretely presented component units are legal obligations of the component units and are not general obligations of the State.

The State universities and the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) utilize June 30 fiscal year-ends. The Farm Produce Insurance Authority utilizes a December 31 fiscal year-end, and the remaining discretely presented component units have September 30 fiscal year-ends.

The following table summarizes debt service requirements of the discretely presented component units as reported in their separately issued financial statements, utilizing their respective fiscal year-end (in millions):

			Fixed	Est	imated	
Fiscal Years Ending In	l. I	Principal	Interest	Int	erest	Total
2009	\$	375.7	\$ 525.8	\$	4.0	\$ 905.5
2010		381.5	512.6		4.1	898.3
2011		318.6	495.9		3.9	818.5
2012		332.8	482.4		3.7	819.0
2013		342.3	467.3		3.5	813.2
		1,751.1	 2,484.0		19.3	 4,254.4
2014-2018		1,935.8	2,032.1		13.8	3,981.7
2019-2023		1,668.3	1,517.1		8.2	3,193.5
2024-2028		1,163.7	1,186.1		4.2	2,354.1
2029-2033		1,041.9	909.4		1.4	1,952.7
2034-2038		829.4	717.0		-	1,546.4
2039-2043		1,275.6	 157.0		-	 1,432.6
		7,914.7	6,518.7		27.6	 14,461.0
Total		9,665.8	\$ 9,002.8	\$	46.9	\$ 18,715.4
Deferred amount on refunding		(78.1)				
Unamortized discount		(.1)				
Unamortized premium		130.7				
Total principal	\$	9,718.3				

Included in the table above is \$1.7 billion of demand bonds comprised of \$56.4 million issued by the Michigan Higher Education Student Loan Authority (MHESLA), \$1.4 billion issued by MSHDA, and \$233.3 million issued by the State universities. Defeased bonds outstanding of the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority (MMBA), MHESLA, and MSHDA are not reflected in the table above.

Notes Payable

The MMBA has short-term notes outstanding of \$688.4 million as of September 30, 2008.

The Land Bank Fast Track Authority (LBFTA) has long-term notes outstanding of \$.1 million as of September 30, 2008. State universities have short-term notes outstanding of \$.8 million and long-term notes outstanding of \$17.6 million as of June 30, 2008.

Unrecorded Limited Obligation Debt

Certain State financing authorities have issued limited obligation revenue bonds which are not recorded as liabilities in these statements because the borrowings are, in substance, debts of other entities. The State has no obligation for this debt. Typically, these borrowings are repayable only from the repayment of loans, unloaned proceeds and related interest earnings, and any collateral which may be provided.

The Michigan Higher Education Facilities Authority (MHEFA) issues limited obligation bonds to finance loans to private nonprofit institutions of higher education for capital improvements. As of September 30, 2008, MHEFA had bonds outstanding of \$649.6 million. Of this amount, \$31.3 million of bonds have been defeased in substance, leaving a remaining undefeased balance of \$618.3 million.

The Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF) issues industrial development revenue bonds (taxable and tax exempt), which are not recorded as liabilities. The total amount of bonds issued for the period January 1, 1979 through September 30, 2008, was \$8.3 billion. The amount of tax exempt bonds issued during the fiscal year 2008 was \$104.6 million. There were \$2.4 million bonds

issued by MSF under the Taxable Bond Program for fiscal year 2008. These borrowings are, in substance, debts of other entities and financial transactions are handled by outside trustees.

The Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority (MSHFA) has issued \$6.5 billion of no commitment bonds as of September 30, 2008. Of the above amount, \$1.2 billion have been defeased in substance, leaving a remaining undefeased balance of \$5.3 billion. Economic gains and accounting gains and losses resulting from in-substance defeasance, inure to the benefit of the facility for which the bonds were issued, and accordingly are not reflected in MSHFA's financial statements.

MSHDA has been authorized to issue up to \$800.0 million of limited obligation bonds to finance multi-family housing projects. At June 30, 2008, limited obligation bonds had been issued totaling \$787.3 million, of which 25 issues totaling \$292.6 million had been retired.

MSHDA entered into several interest rate exchange agreements for a total of \$1.3 billion as of June 30, 2008, representing several bond series. In accordance with the exchange agreements, MSHDA pays fixed rates ranging from 3.5% to 7.7%.

The Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority (MPEFA) issues limited obligation bonds to finance loans to qualified public educational facilities for capital improvements. As of September 30, 2008, MPEFA had bonds outstanding of \$127.8 million, all of which are undefeased.

Short-Term Debt Activity

Western Michigan University (WMU) used its revolving line of credit to finance a new student information system. Activity on the line of credit during WMU's fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows (in millions):

	Beginning Balance	Draws	Payments	Ending Balance
Line of Credit	\$6.8	\$-	\$6.8	\$ -

NOTE 15 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Primary Government

Other Long-Term Obligations

In general, expenditures and fund liabilities are not recorded in governmental funds for long-term obligations until claims, judgments, or amounts owed are "due and payable" at September 30. Expenses and liabilities for material claims and judgment losses are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when the loss is considered probable.

Capital Leases

This liability is described in more detail in Note 12.

Compensated Absences

This liability is described in more detail in Note 1.

Workers' Compensation

The gross amount of workers' compensation liability, \$166.0 million at September 30, 2008, has been recorded at its discounted present value of \$111.5 million, using a discount rate of approximately 8%. The present value of the current portion of this liability is \$24.8 million. In fiscal year 2008, State agencies paid reimbursement for actual workers' compensation claims and administrative fees totaling \$39.6 million.

Net Pension Obligation

This liability is described in more detail in Note 10.

Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

This liability is described in more detail in Note 11.

Other Claims & Judgments

The governmental activities estimated liability for other claims and litigation losses, \$417.0 million at September 30, 2008, includes amounts for litigation, such as damages in tort cases and refund claims in cases involving State taxes, transportation claims, natural resources and environmental quality claims, and other claims, in which it is considered probable that costs will be incurred. Also included is an estimated liability totaling \$1.4 million for arbitrage payable to the federal government for interest earned on bond proceeds. Where a range of potential loss exists, the amount recorded is based upon the expected minimum amount that will be lost if the State does, indeed, lose. The allowance also includes projections for highway related negligence cases based upon historical loss ratios. The State continues to vigorously contest all of these claims and the State may incur no

liability in the individual cases involved. Therefore, the allowance for litigation losses may be overstated (to the extent that losses do not occur) or understated (if the State losses exceed the projected minimums which have been recorded). The maximum potential loss on the allowance for estimated litigation losses is not considered reasonably measurable.

The liability recorded for other claims and judgments within business-type activities represents overpayments by employers to the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund totaling \$55.2 million.

Durant Settlement

The reported estimated liability for litigation losses includes the <u>Donald Durant, et al</u> v <u>State of Michigan, et al</u> consolidated cases, which totaled \$230.6 million at September 30, 2008. This amount will, over time, be paid to each "non-Durant" school district for its underfunded State mandated program costs if certain requirements are met. See Note 24 for additional disclosure regarding the <u>Durant</u> case and other contingencies.

Federal Advances

During fiscal year 2008, the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds obtained repayable federal advances in the amount of \$1.1 billion from the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with provisions of Section 1201 of the Social Security Act (also referred to as Title XII Advances). Federal advances of \$362.4 million were outstanding at September 30, 2008.

Changes in Other Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2008, are summarized as follows (in millions):

Governmental Activities	В	eginning alance estated)**	 Additions		ductions	Ending Balance	١	mounts Due Vithin ne Year	nounts Due ereafter
Other Long-term Obligations:									
Capital lease obligations:									
Component units	\$	-	\$ 85.0	\$	2.1	\$ 82.9	\$	3.7	\$ 79.2
Others		247.9	31.0		41.3	237.6		18.9	218.7
Compensated absences		501.4	346.7		352.6	495.4		341.9	153.5
Workers' compensation		112.9	23.7		25.1	111.5		24.8	86.7
Net pension obligations		587.7	-		50.4	537.4		-	537.4
Net OPEB obligations		-	609.5		-	609.5		-	609.5
Other claims & judgments		426.5	137.8		147.3	417.0		210.6	206.3
Durant settlement		251.9	10.4		31.7	230.6		38.8	191.8
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,128.4	\$ 1,244.1	\$	650.6	\$ 2,721.9	\$	638.8	\$ 2,083.1
Business-type Activities									
Other Long-term Obligations:									
Advances from Federal									
government	\$	-	\$ 362.4	\$	-	\$ 362.4	\$	-	\$ 362.4
Lottery prize awards*		341.0	21.4		76.0	286.4		66.4	220.0
Compensated absences		3.2	1.4		1.3	3.3		1.0	2.3
Other claims & judgments		47.3	8.2		-	55.5		-	55.5
Total Business-type Activities	\$	391.6	\$ 393.3	\$	77.2	\$ 707.6	\$	67.4	\$ 640.3

*The amounts due within one year are included with "Accounts payable and other liabilities" on the Statement of Net Assets. **Beginning balance has been restated. More detailed information can be found in Note 4.

The General Fund, special revenue, and internal service funds in which the leases are recorded will liquidate the capital lease obligations. The compensated absence and workers' compensation liabilities will be liquidated by the applicable governmental and internal service funds that account for the salaries and wages of the related employees. The net pension obligations and net OPEB obligations will be liquidated by the State's governmental and internal service funds that contribute toward the pension funds, based on the statutorily required contribution rates. The School Aid Fund will liquidate the <u>Durant</u> settlement. Other claims and judgments attributable to governmental activities will generally be liquidated by the General Fund and transportation related special revenue funds.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Michigan Education Trust

Michigan Education Trust (MET) offers contracts, which for actuarially determined amounts, provide future tuition at State institutions of higher education. Contract provisions also allow the benefits to be used at private or out-of-state institutions, with the amount provided being based upon rates charged by the State's public institutions of higher education. The tuition payments are made by MET as a separate legal entity and these contracts are not considered obligations of the State. The Legislature is

not obligated to provide appropriations should losses occur. The statutes and contracts provide for refunds to the participants if MET becomes actuarially unsound. Liabilities have been recorded on the statement of net assets for the actuarial present value of future tuition benefit obligations.

The 1988, 1989, and 1990 enrollments are known as Plans B and C. Enrollments after November 1995 are known as Plan D.

The actuarial report on the status of MET Plans B and C, as of September 30, 2008, shows the actuarial present value of future tuition obligations to be \$337.6 million, as compared to the actuarially determined market value of assets available of \$366.0 million. The actuarial assumptions used include: a projected tuition increase rate of 7.3% for all future years; and a discount rate of 4.75%.

The actuarial report on the status of MET Plan D, as of September 30, 2008, shows the actuarial present value of future tuition obligations to be \$685.0 million, as compared to the actuarially determined market value of assets available of \$559.1 million. The actuarial assumptions used include: a projected tuition increase rate of 7.3% for all future years; and a discount rate of 7.5%.

During 2000, MET changed the balance sheet presentation of the tuition benefit obligation by increasing the liability to include the present value of future contract payments expected to be collected from installment contract purchasers. There was no effect on net income or retained earnings as a result of the reclassification.

On November 8, 1994, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit ruled that MET is an integral part of the State of Michigan and, thus, the investment income realized by MET is not currently subject to federal income tax. On August 20, 1996, the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 (the "1996 Tax Act") was signed into law which included a provision adding a new section to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 defining "qualified state tuition programs." A qualified State tuition program is generally exempt from income tax, but is subject to unrelated business income tax. MET has no unrelated business income. Distributions made in excess of qualified higher education expenses (whether to the refund designee, beneficiary, or to a college on behalf of the beneficiary) are taxable income to the beneficiary or the refund designee. In May 1997, MET submitted a request for ruling to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for verification that MET is in compliance with the 1996 Tax Act. On December 23, 1997, the IRS issued a favorable ruling which confirms that MET is in compliance with the Act.

NOTE 16 – INCOME TAX CREDITS AND REFUNDS

Income Tax Credits

The Michigan Income Tax Act provides for several types of tax credits. Some credits are accounted for as revenue reductions for financial reporting purposes while others are reported as expenditures. Revenue reductions are reported for those income tax credits that are limited by the amount of an individual's tax liability before considering such credits. To the extent these nonrefundable credits will generate future year payments, they are accrued as income tax refund liabilities together with estimated overwithholdings.

Expenditures are reported for those credits which can be received even if they exceed the individual's tax liability. For these refundable credits, the substance of the transaction is that the State is making a grant payment using the income tax system as a filing and payment mechanism. The amount of credit received is not a part of the determination of tax liability. The State's property tax is the primary credit that falls into this category. Expenditures for this credit are recognized in the year the tax returns are filed and recipients claim the credit.

The following table summarizes the various credits, reported on the "Tax expenditures" line as an expense in the governmentwide financial statements and as an expenditure in the fund financial statements (in millions):

Property tax credits:	
General homestead	\$ 520.8
Senior citizens	324.2
Blind and disabled	50.6
Farmland preservation	33.6
Veterans	1.2
Subtotal - property tax credits	930.4
Adoption credit	1.0
Home heating (excluding federal share)	.2
Total tax expenditures	\$ 931.6

Income Tax Refunds Payable

The \$681.9 million reported as a liability on the "Income tax refunds payable" line in the government-wide and fund financial statements includes: projected refund estimates for overwithholding and tax credits reported as revenue reductions, actual refunds made in October and November, and accruals for known income tax litigation losses.

NOTE 17 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The State offers its employees (excluding university employees) two deferred compensation plans to allow a portion of their salary to be deferred until future years. Executive Order 1999-7 transferred administrative oversight of the plans, labeled 457 and 401k after sections of the Internal Revenue Code, to the Department of Management and Budget. Day-to-day operations of the plans have been contracted to a third-party; however, the State Treasurer oversees investment options. The 457 plan and the 401k plan are combined for reporting purposes under the heading of "State of Michigan Deferred Compensation Funds."

The State makes no contribution to the 457 plan. Generally, the State does not make matching contributions to the 401k plan; however, the State has occasionally made matching contributions to the 401k plan as part of certain employees' compensation packages. To expand investment options, three investment tiers were developed and made available to participants on July 1, 1997. Participants invest their contributions and accumulated earnings by selecting mutual funds in one or more of the investment tiers. Employees may, at any time, transfer accumulated balances and future contributions among mutual funds in the investment tiers. Investment earnings, net of administrative charges, are credited to the participants proportionally, based upon their balances in the plan.

The 401k plan includes loan provisions. Loans to participants are recorded as assets. The 457 plan does not include loan provisions.

Net assets available for plan benefits for the 457 plan and the 401k plan at September 30, 2008, were \$1.8 and \$1.8 billion, respectively.

NOTE 18 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Primary Government

The balances of current interfund receivables and payables as of September 30 were (in millions):

	<u> </u>											
Due From		School General Aid Fund Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		employment mpensation Funds	S	ternal ervice unds	Fiduciary Funds		 Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1.2	\$	15.5	\$	31.0	\$ 47.6
School Aid Fund		980.2		-	464.5		-		-		-	1,444.6
Non-major Governmental Funds		11.1		-	67.2		-		2.0		3.6	84.0
State Lottery Fund		-		11.7	-		-		.1		.1	11.9
Unemployment Compensation Funds		-		-	1.0		6.4		-		-	7.4
Non-major Enterprise Funds		-		-	-		-		-		.1	.1
Internal Service Funds		-		-	-		-		4.9		1.5	6.4
Fiduciary Funds		.4		-	-		-		-		-	.4
Total	\$	991.6	\$	11.7	\$ 532.7	\$	7.6	\$	22.4	\$	36.3	\$ 1 ,602.3

Interfund receivables and payables are recorded for 1) borrowings to eliminate negative balances in the Common Cash pool, as described in Note 5, 2) payroll liabilities for group insurance and retirement, and 3) tax accrual distributions for taxes collected in the following fiscal year.

Not included in the table above are the following interfund advances, which are not expected to be repaid within one year: \$7.5 million due from the Correctional Industries Revolving Fund (an internal service fund) to the General Fund for amounts loaned for capital construction.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Receivables and related liabilities between the primary government and the discretely presented component units, do not agree because the Michigan State Housing Development Authority and the ten State universities have a June 30 fiscal year-end.

NOTE 19 - INTERFUND COMMITMENTS

Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund

In fiscal year 2003, P.A. 746 of 2002, required the transfer of \$7.8 million from the Michigan State Waterways Fund (now accounted for within the Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund) to the General Fund. The Act states that in the future the General Fund is to provide reimbursement. Interfund receivables and payables are not recorded for this commitment, because there is no repayment schedule and the repayment is considered long-term and budgetary in nature.

Mackinac Bridge Authority

Mackinaw Bridge Authority (MBA), a discretely presented component unit, has over the years received \$75.3 million of subsidies, including \$12.3 million for operations and \$63.0 million for debt service. These subsidies were provided by the State Trunkline and Michigan Transportation funds, respectively, both of which are special revenue funds.

State statutes require that MBA continue charging bridge tolls and begin repaying the State funds for the subsidies provided. These repayments are to continue until such time as the subsidies have been completely returned. MBA has not recorded a liability and the State funds have not recorded receivables for these subsidies because: the reimbursements are contingent upon future net revenues, there is no repayment schedule, and the repayment commitment is long-term and budgetary in nature. Repayments may be authorized by MBA, after consideration of MBA's annual needs for its operations and planned repairs and improvements.

As of September 30, 2008, MBA has repaid a total of \$11.3 million of the advance from the Michigan Transportation Fund, leaving a balance of \$51.8 million. No repayments have been made on the advance from the State Trunkline Fund.

NOTE 20 – TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2008, consisted of the following (in millions):

Transferred From	General School Aid Fund Fund			on-Major vernmental Funds	S	iternal ervice Funds		luciary unds	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	29.2	\$ 365.8	\$	14.1	\$	7.5	\$ 416.5
School Aid Fund	3.8		-	-		-		-	3.8
Non-major Governmental Funds	97.5		-	1,399.0		-		-	1,496.5
State Lottery Fund	11.6		740.7	-		-		-	752.4
Unemployment Compensation Funds	3.7		-	10.0		-		-	13.7
Non-major Enterprise Funds	161.7		-	-		-		-	161.7
Internal Service Funds	1.3		-	-		-		-	1.3
Fiduciary Funds	.1		-	-		-		-	.1
Total	\$ 279.7	\$	770.0	\$ 1,774.8	\$	14.1	\$	7.5	\$2,846.0

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute requires to collect them to the fund that statute requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, 4) move profits from the Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund and the State Lottery Fund as required by law, 5) transfer budgetary surpluses from the General Fund to the Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund or transfer accumulated surpluses from the Counter-Cyclical Budget and Economic Stabilization Fund 6) transfer accumulated surpluses from other funds to the General Fund when authorized by statute.

NOTE 21 - FUND DEFICITS

Primary Government

Governmental Funds

The Advance Financing Funds, a capital projects fund, had a fund balance deficit of \$29.5 million. The fund deficit was caused by expenditures for projects for which bonds have not yet been issued and for expenditures incurred to improve State-owned sites that have not been sold.

The State Building Authority, a capital projects fund, had a fund balance deficit of \$211.0 million. The fund deficit resulted because the issuance of commercial paper represents a fund liability and the corresponding construction projects are not reported as assets in the fund.

Proprietary Funds

The Office Services Revolving Fund, an internal service fund, had a net asset deficit of \$7.2 million. The fund deficit is expected to be eliminated over the next several fiscal years with rate increases as well as various cost saving initiatives.

The Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, an enterprise fund, had a net asset deficit of \$90.4 million. The fund deficit was the result of repayable federal advances obtained from the U.S. Department of Labor in the amount of \$362.4 million that have yet to be paid back.

Discretely Presented Component Units

All discretely presented component units have positive net asset balances as of September 30, 2008, with the exception of the Michigan Education Trust (MET). MET's net asset deficit of \$97.5 million was caused primarily by the decrease in the fair value of investments.

NOTE 22 – FUND BALANCES AND NET ASSETS

Reservations - Primary Government

The line entitled "Reserved fund balance" on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet at September 30 consists of the following (in millions):

Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service	Permanent	
	Service	Permanent	
Funds) emanem	
i unuo	Funds	Funds	Total
\$ 143.8	\$-	\$ 21.0	\$ 259.9
310.5	-	2.9	994.8
275.5	-	51.9	370.4
116.5	-	-	116.5
65.9	-	-	70.9
143.7	-	557.3	701.0
24.8	-	-	288.1
-			.3
\$ 1,080.8	\$.3	\$ 633.1	\$ 2,801.9
	310.5 275.5 116.5 65.9 143.7 24.8	\$ 143.8 \$ - 310.5 - 275.5 - 116.5 - 65.9 - 143.7 - 24.8 - 3	\$ 143.8 \$ - \$ 21.0 310.5 - 2.9 275.5 - 51.9 116.5 - - 65.9 - - 143.7 - 557.3 24.8 - - - .3 -

Budgetary carry-forwards represent unused spending authorization that continues to be available in the new year. Restricted revenue carry-forwards include revenues restricted by law for specified purposes. The largest restricted revenue carry-forward in the General Fund is related to the Refined Petroleum Fund in the amount of \$37.6 million. The \$40.1 million of multi-year projects in the General Fund includes \$1.7 million of capital outlay and \$38.3 million of work project authorizations. Such amounts are reserved because the funds are legally segregated for a specific purpose.

Reserves for revolving loan programs represent fund balance, which has been appropriated for the purpose of making loans that will encourage economic development and pollution prevention in the State. Repayments on such loans are authorized to be used to make new loans.

Funds held as permanent investments represent amounts that have been legally restricted for the purpose of providing a longterm source of investment income. These investments can include either specific investments held for the fund or portions of the fund's share of the Common Cash pool.

Reserves are recorded for noncurrent assets if they do not represent current financial resources available for appropriation. No reservation is recorded for noncurrent assets if doing so would result in a duplicate reduction of unreserved fund balance. This occurs if the noncurrent assets have already been reserved for some other reason or if they are related to revenues that have been deferred because of not being "available."

Reserved fund balance for other purposes represents a reserve account required by the State Park Gross Revenue Bonds document. This reserved amount is used to pay principal and interest in the event of default.

Also, no reservations of fund balances are recorded in single purpose special revenue funds. From the overall State perspective, the unreserved fund balances of funds other than the General Fund are restricted by the nature of the fund type and they are not available for general State purposes.

Net Asset Designations - Primary Government

The line "Unrestricted net assets" on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets contains designations as follows:

The State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund described in Note 25, designated \$47.7 million for future catastrophic losses.

Restricted Net Assets – Primary Government

The following table provides additional detail regarding the restricted net assets reported for the primary government on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets (in millions):

	Ei	tricted by nabling gislation	Cor	tternal or Istitutional strictions		Total
Governmental Activities:	-					
Restricted For:						
Education	\$	1.3	\$	494.8	\$	496.2
Public safety and corrections		14.0		4.0		17.9
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		178.8		190.1		368.9
Health and human services		23.8		26.2		50.1
Transportation		-		766.9		766.9
Labor and economic growth		99.9		-		99.9
Other purposes		89.7		12.7		102.4
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:						
Expendable				132.6		132.6
Nonexpendable		7.6		557.3	<u> </u>	564.9
Total Restricted Net Assets - Governmental	\$	415.1	\$	2,184.7		2,599.8
Business-Type Activities: Restricted For:						
Unemployment compensation	\$	35.9	\$		\$	35.9
• •	φ	36.8	φ		φ	36.8
Other purposes	\$	72.7	\$		\$	72.7
Total Restricted Net Assets – Business-Type	<u>ф</u>	12.1	<u> </u>	-		12.1
Total Primary Government:						
Restricted For:	^	1.0	^	101.0	^	100.0
Education	\$	1.3	\$	494.8	\$	496.2
Public safety and corrections		14.0 178.8		4.0		17.9
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		23.8		190.1 26.2		368.9
Health and human services		23.8		26.2 766.9		50.1
Transportation		35.9		700.9		766.9
Unemployment compensation		35.9 99.9		-		35.9 99.9
Labor and economic growth				-		
Other purposes		126.5		12.7		139.2
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:				100.6		100.0
Expendable		-		132.6		132.6
Nonexpendable		7.6		557.3		564.9
Total Restricted Net Assets – Primary Government	\$	487.8	\$	2,184.7	\$	2,672.4

NOTE 23 - DISAGGREGATION OF PAYABLES

The line "Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities," as presented on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as of September 30, 2008, consisted of the following (in millions):

										0 , 1		Michigan				
		Conorol	<u> </u>	hool Aid		Ion-major		Other		State		nemployment		n-major		
		General Fund	50	chool Aid Fund		Govern- ental Funds		Other Funds		Lottery Fund	Ľ	ompensation Funds		terprise ⁼ unds		Total
Medicaid programs	\$	536.1	\$	<u>runu</u>	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	- 41145	\$	536.1
Non-Medicaid health programs	Ψ	160.4	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	160.4
		188.7		-		.3		-		_		-				189.0
Human services programs		100.7		-				-		-		-		-		
Transportation programs		-		-		488.5		-		-		-		-		488.5
School Aid programs		-		150.2		-		-		-		-		-		150.2
Other State programs		303.4		-		39.7		-		-		-		-		343.1
Merit Award scholarships		-		-		6.7		-		-		-		-		6.7
Payroll and withholdings		195.4		-		25.2		-		.7		-		.6		221.9
Tax refunds other than income tax		193.7		5.5		13.0		-		-		-		-		212.2
Unearned receipts		55.6		.3		11.9		-		-		-		-		67.8
Amounts held for others		26.3		-		74.0		-		1.6		-		-		102.0
Capital project related		-		-		24.1		-		-		-		-		24.1
Prize awards		-		-		-		-		118.8		-		-		118.8
Liquor purchase		-		-		-		-		-		-		62.2		62.2
Unemployment payments		-		-		-		-		-		44.5		-		44.5
Internal Service Fund liabilities		-		-		-		119.7		-		-		-		119.7
Due to fiduciary funds*		-		-		-		36.3		-		-		-		36.3
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		11.0				.2		11.3
Total	\$	1,659.6	\$	155.9	\$	683.5	\$	155.9	\$	132.2	\$	44.5	\$	63.0	\$	2,894.6

*This amount represents amounts due to fiduciary funds that are reclassified as external payables on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Effective January 1, 2008, the State replaced the Single Business Tax with the Michigan Business Tax (MBT). Due to the change in the law, taxpayers have until April 2009 to submit their final MBT tax returns indicating the total tax liability incurred. As a result, the State is unable to estimate an accrual because the data needed to compare tax payments received to the total tax liability is not available. Therefore, any potential tax refund (payable) is not measurable and has not been recorded in this fiscal year.

NOTE 24 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Primary Government

Litigation

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the State accrues liabilities related to significant legal proceedings if a loss is probable and reasonably estimable. In the governmental fund financial statements, liabilities are accrued when cases are settled and the amount is due and payable.

The State is a party to various legal proceedings seeking damages, injunctive, or other relief. In addition to routine litigation, certain of these proceedings could, if unfavorably resolved from the point of view of the State, substantially affect State programs or finances. These lawsuits involve programs generally in the areas of corrections; tax collection; commerce and budgetary reductions to school districts and governmental units; and court funding. Relief sought generally includes damages in tort cases; improvement of prison medical and mental health care and refund claims for State taxes. The State is also a party to various legal proceedings that, if resolved in the State's favor, would result in contingency gains to the State, but without material effect upon fund balance/net assets. The ultimate dispositions and consequences of all of these proceedings are not presently determinable, but such ultimate dispositions and consequences of any single proceeding or all legal proceedings collectively should not themselves, except as listed below, in the opinion of the Attorney General of the State and the Office of the State Budget, have a material adverse effect on the State's financial position. Those lawsuits pending which may have a significant impact or substantial effect on State programs or finances, if resolved in a manner unfavorable to the State, include the following:

<u>Durant et al v State of Michigan</u>: On November 15, 2000, more than 365 Michigan school districts and individuals filed two suits in the Michigan Court of Appeals. The first suit, <u>Durant et al v State et al</u> ("Durant III"), asserts that the State School Aid appropriation act, P.A. 297 of 2000, violates the State Constitution, Article 9, Sections 25-34 (the "Headlee Amendment"), because it allegedly transfers per pupil revenue guaranteed to school districts under the Constitution of 1963, Article 9, Section 11, for unrestricted school operating purposes, in order to satisfy the State's independent funding obligation to those school districts under Article 9, Section 29. The State won this case in the Court of Appeals, and the Supreme Court denied the plaintiffs' application for leave to appeal.

The second suit, <u>Adair et al</u> v <u>State et al</u> ("Adair"), was filed on November 15, 2000, by more than 400 school districts and asserts that the State has, by operation of law, increased the level of various specified activities and services beyond that which was required by State law as of December 23, 1978 and, subsequent to December 23, 1978, added various specified new activities or services by State law, including mandatory increases in student instruction time, without providing funding for these new activities and services, all in violation of the Headlee Amendment. The Adair plaintiffs sought an unspecified money judgment equal to the reduction in the State financed proportion of necessary costs incurred by the plaintiff school districts for each school year from 1997-1998 through the date of any judgment and for attorneys' fees and litigation costs. The Adair plaintiffs also sought a declaratory judgment that the State has failed to meet its funding responsibility under the Headlee Amendment to provide the plaintiff school districts with revenues sufficient to pay for the necessary increased costs for activities and services first required by State law after December 23, 1978, and to pay for increases in the level of required activities and services beyond that which was required by State law as of December 23, 1978.

On January 2, 2001, plaintiffs filed a first amended complaint in both Durant III and Adair increasing the number of school district plaintiffs to 443. On February 22, 2001, plaintiffs filed a second amended complaint in Durant III increasing the number of school district plaintiffs to 457. On April 16, 2001, plaintiffs filed a second amended complaint in Adair increasing the number of school district plaintiffs to 463. The second amended complaint includes a request for declaratory relief, attorneys' fees and litigation costs but does not include a request for money judgment.

On April 23, 2002, the Court of Appeals dismissed the complaint in its entirety and with prejudice. Plaintiffs filed an application for leave to appeal in the Michigan Supreme Court on May 14, 2002, which was granted on December 18, 2002.

On June 9, 2004, the Michigan Supreme Court issued its opinion in Adair. The Court held that, with three exceptions, all of the plaintiffs' claims were barred by the doctrines of *res judicata* and release. The Court ruled that all but three of the claims that plaintiffs alleged were new or increased activities could have been included in the Durant I litigation because the activities existed during the time that the Durant I litigation was pending.

The other three claims involve statutes that were enacted after the Court's 1997 Durant I decision. The Court ruled that two of these post-Durant I statutes are not new mandates because the activities are either not new or are merely permissive. The third claim involves the record keeping activities and the operation of the Center for Educational Performance and Information (CEPI), which was created by executive order in 2000 (Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 388.1752; EO 2000-9). Plaintiffs alleged that the statute and executive order require districts to create and maintain student data following State-specified data-gathering procedures and transmit the data electronically to the State. The Supreme Court ruled that the plaintiffs' allegation that districts had to now actively participate in maintaining data that the State requires for its own purposes presents a colorable claim under the Headlee Amendment. The Court reversed the Court of Appeals' dismissal of the claim and remanded the issue to the Court of Appeals to determine whether this claim constitutes a new State-mandated activity in violation of the Headlee Amendment.

On August 4, 2005, the Court of Appeals held that the school districts failed to present documentary support from which it can be inferred that either MCL 388.1752 or Executive Order 2000-9 mandates the school districts to actively participate in the maintenance of data that the State requires for its purposes. Further, the record keeping claim cannot survive summary disposition in the absence of any factual support, either expressed or implied, demonstrating that a genuine issue of material fact exists with regard to whether the dictates of the statute and the EO impermissibly shift a State obligation to the school districts to avoid the costs of obligation. The Court of Appeals granted summary disposition in the State's favor. Plaintiffs estimated their claim to be \$30 million plus ongoing costs. The plaintiff school districts filed an application for leave to appeal with the Michigan Supreme Court. A brief in opposition was filed on October 11, 2005.

On March 8, 2006, the Supreme Court issued an order vacating the August 4, 2005, Court of Appeals decision and remanded the issue to the Court of Appeals for reevaluation of the record keeping claim. The Court of Appeals appointed a Special Master to oversee discovery and make proposed findings to the Court of Appeals. An evidentiary hearing before the Special Master was held in the summer of 2007.

On January 27, 2008, the Special Master issued her opinion. She found that the increased recordkeeping and reporting requirements imposed upon the school districts by the State was an attempt to shift the burden to comply with additional requirements to the districts without appropriating the necessary costs to comply. She concluded that this was a shifting of the recordkeeping and reporting requirement burden from the State to the local units of government in violation of the Headlee Amendment.

The State filed objections to the Special Master's Opinion in the Court of Appeals. The school districts sought attorney fees in the Court of Appeals.

On July 3, 2008, the Court of Appeals issued its Opinion on Second Remand, essentially adopting the conclusions of law and factual findings of the Special Master. The Court entered a declaratory judgment of favor of the Plaintiff school districts, requiring the State to fund the "necessary costs associated with the data collection reporting mandates" associated with CEPI. The Court denied Plaintiff's request for attorney fees.

Both parties have filed applications to appeal in the Michigan Supreme Court. The State is currently awaiting a decision as to whether the Supreme Court will hear these appeals. It is reasonably possible that the State will be paying substantial amounts to school districts for the unfunded mandates, and over \$1 million in attorney fees to the Plaintiffs.

<u>County Road Association of Michigan et al v John M. Engler et al</u>: On March 6, 2002, the County Road Association of Michigan and the Chippewa County Road Commission filed a complaint in Ingham County Circuit Court challenging various provisions of Executive Order 2001-9. The executive order was proposed by the Governor and approved by the appropriations committees of both houses of the Legislature on November 6, 2001, for the purpose of reducing appropriated expenditures, to balance the State budget. The complaint consists of five counts, alleging that Defendant State agencies: (1) violated Article 9, Section 9 of the State Constitution, by unlawfully allowing the Department of State to bill the Department of Transportation for expenses in excess of those necessary to collect motor vehicle taxes and fees; (2) violated Article 9, Section 9 of the State Constitution, by utilizing, for non-transportation purposes, revenues from the sale of information, or products, the creation of which was funded by constitutionally restricted transportation funds; (3) violated Article 5, Section 20 and Article 9, Section 17 of the State Constitution, and MCL 247.661 *et seq* by allowing the Department of Treasury to bill the Department of Transportation for expenses in excess of those necessary to collect motor vehicle taxes and fees; (4) violated Article 9, Section 17 of the State Constitution, by transferring funds from the Comprehensive Transportation Fund (CTF) to the General Fund; and (5) violated Article 9, Section 17 of the State Constitution, by transferring funds from the Transportation Economic Development Fund to the General Fund.

The Plaintiffs obtained two injunctions from the Ingham County Circuit Court. One injunction barred the State from diverting \$20 million to the General Fund from the Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) and the other barred the State from diverting \$12.8 million to the General Fund from the CTF. On January 13, 2004, the Court of Appeals vacated the CTF injunction, holding that Executive Order 2001-9 legitimately diverted \$12.8 million from the CTF to the General Fund. On the same day, in an unpublished opinion, the Court of Appeals reversed in part and affirmed in part the MTF injunction, holding that \$12.5 million was legitimately diverted from the MTF to the General Fund but that the remainder was not.

On November 8, 2005, the Michigan Supreme Court affirmed the Court of Appeals' decision that the State legitimately transferred \$12.8 million from the CTF to the General Fund.

On January 30, 2006, the Supreme Court denied the Defendants' application for leave to appeal. Therefore, the Court of Appeals' decision that \$12.5 million was legitimately diverted from the MTF to the General Fund, but that \$7.5 million was not, stands.

The remaining issues in the case, involving approximately \$47.3 million, were tried in the Ingham County Circuit Court in July 2007. On August 28, 2008, the Ingham County Circuit Judge issued an Opinion requiring the Department of State to transfer \$7.3 million from fiscal year 2001 and \$6.5 million from fiscal year 2002 back to the MTF, and ordering that "an appropriate cost allocation study be done for use in the future to reflect the current costs associated with the sales tax collection." No relief was granted on any other of the Plaintiffs' claims. It is expected that the State will file an appeal to seek reversal of the order and the Plaintiffs will cross-appeal to reverse the portions of the post-trial order that denied them the relief.

<u>Use Tax Revenue</u>: A taxpayer has filed a claim against the State, requesting a refund of Use Taxes for the years 2001 through 2006. The refund amount is based on an earlier audit finding, in which the taxpayer received a refund for tax years 1995 through 2000. The Department of Treasury reviewed the claim and a refund of \$54.0 million will be paid to the taxpayer in December 2008.

Federal Grants

The State receives significant financial assistance from the federal government in the form of grants and entitlements. The receipt of federal grants is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations. Substantially all federal grants are subject to either federal single audits or financial and compliance audits by grantor agencies. Questioned costs as a result of these audits may become disallowances after the appropriate review of federal agencies. Material disallowances are recognized as fund liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when the loss becomes probable and reasonably estimable. As of September 30, 2008, the State estimates that additional disallowances of recognized revenue will not be material to the general purpose financial statements.

Federal sanctions that may result in a loss to the State include \$11.3 million for the Food Stamp Program.

Michigan Notes to the Financial Statements

Gain Contingencies

Certain contingent receivables related to the Department of Human Services (DHS) are not recorded as assets in these statements. Amounts recoverable from DHS grant recipients for grant overpayments or from responsible third parties are recorded as receivables only if the amount is reasonably measurable, expected to be received within 12 months, and not contingent upon future grants or the completion of major collection efforts by the State. If recoveries are accrued and the program involves federal participation, a liability for the federal share of the recovery is also accrued. The unrecorded amount of potential recoveries, which are ultimately collectible, cannot be reasonably determined.

In November 1998, the Attorney General joined 45 other states and five territories in a settlement agreement against the nation's largest tobacco manufacturers, to seek restitution for monies spent by the states under Medicaid and other health care programs for treatment of smoking-related diseases and conditions. Michigan's share of the settlement is expected to be \$8.5 billion over the next 25 years, and then \$350.0 million per year, adjusted for inflation and other factors, in perpetuity. While Michigan's percentage share of the base payments will not change over time, the amount of the annual payment is subject to a number of modifications including adjustments for inflation and usage volumes. Some of the adjustments may result in increases in the payments (inflation, for example), while other adjustments will likely cause decreases in the payments. As the market share of the participating manufacturers shifts to companies that are not participating in the settlement, the participating companies are entitled to an adjustment. A state, however, may negate the effects of the market share adjustment by either demonstrating that it diligently enforced the escrow requirements, tax laws, and other statutes against the non-participating tobacco manufacturers. The states are currently in litigation over the application and interpretation of the market share adjustment and diligent enforcement provisions of the master settlement agreement. At best, Michigan will avoid any reduction of its tobacco payments. At worst, an entire year's payment can be eliminated through application of the market share adjustment. The net effect of these adjustments on future payments is unclear, therefore only receivables and deferred revenues which can be reasonably estimated have been recorded for future payments.

Construction Projects

The Department of Transportation has entered into construction contracts that will be paid with transportation related funds. As of September 30, 2008, the balances remaining in these contracts equaled \$835.0 million.

Contingent Liability for Local School District Bonds

The Michigan Constitution, Article 9 Section 16 resulted in a contingent liability for the bonds of any school district which are "qualified" by the State Treasurer. If for any reason a qualified school district will be, or is unable, to pay the principal and interest on its qualified bonds when due, the school district shall borrow, and the State shall lend to it, any amount necessary for the school district to avoid a default on its qualified bonds. In the event that adequate funds are not available in the School Loan Revolving Fund to make such a loan, the State is required to make loans from the General Fund. As of September 30, 2008, the principal amount of qualified bonds outstanding was \$14.0 billion. Total debt service requirements on these bonds including interest will approximate \$1.4 billion in 2009. The amount of loans by the State (related to local school district bonds qualified under this program), outstanding to local school districts as of September 30, 2008, is \$720.1 million. Interest due on these loans as of September 30, 2008, is \$160.4 million.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Student Loan Guarantees

The Michigan Higher Education Assistance Authority (MHEAA) is contingently liable for loans made to students by financial institutions that qualify for guaranty. The State, other than MHEAA, is not liable for these loans. The MHEAA's default ratio is currently below 5% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. As a result, the federal government's reinsurance rate for defaults for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, is 100% for loans made prior to October 1, 1993, and 98% for loans made on or after October 1, 1993, to September 30, 1998. In the event of future adverse default experience, MHEAA could be liable for up to 25% of defaulted loans. Management does not expect that all guaranteed loans could default in one year. At the beginning of each fiscal year, MHEAA's reinsurance rate returns to 98%.

For loans made on or after October 1, 1998, the reinsurance rate will be 95%. In the event of future adverse default experience, MHEAA could be liable for up to 25% of such defaulted loans. Accordingly, MHEAA's expected maximum contingent liability is less than 25% of outstanding guaranteed loans; however, the maximum contingent liability at September 30, 2008, is \$1.1 billion.

The MHEAA entered into commitment agreements with all lenders that provide, among other things, that the MHEAA will maintain cash and marketable securities at an amount sufficient to guarantee loans in accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. The MHEAA was in compliance with this requirement as of September 30, 2008.

Multi-Family Mortgage Loans

As of June 30, 2008, the Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) has commitments to issue multi-family mortgage loans in the amount of \$107.6 million and single-family mortgage loans in the amount of \$114.6 million.

The MSHDA has committed up to approximately \$1.1 million per year for up to 30 years from the date of completion of the respective developments (subject to three years advance notice of termination) from its accumulated reserves and future income to subsidize operations or rents for certain tenants occupying units in certain developments funded under MSHDA's multi-family program.

NOTE 25 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Primary Government

General

The State has elected not to purchase commercial insurance for many of the risks of losses to which it is exposed. The State is self-insured for most general liability and property losses, portions of its employee insurance benefit and employee bonding programs, automobile liability, and workers' compensation and unemployment compensation claims. Areas of risk where some level of insurance coverage is purchased include: aircraft liability, property and loss rental insurance that may be required by bond or lease agreements, portions of the State employee insurance benefits program, certain State artifacts, builder's risk coverage, boiler and machinery coverage, and employee bonding. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past ten fiscal years.

The State has established two internal service funds, which are described below, to account for certain aspects of the risk management program. Fund expenditures (expenses) are recognized in the paying funds in a manner similar to purchased commercial insurance. For other uninsured losses not covered by an internal service fund program, such as general liability and property losses, the State recognizes fund liabilities in the fund incurring the loss as follows: governmental funds record an expenditure when a loss is due and payable; proprietary funds record an expense when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. As explained more fully in Note 15, losses for workers' compensation and certain types of litigation losses have been recognized as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

For unemployment claims, the Unemployment Insurance Agency (UIA) bills the State for the actual amount of claims paid to former State employees. The State accrues liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements for unemployment compensation, only to the extent paid by UIA through September 30. During fiscal year 2008, expenditures for payments to former State employees (not including university employees) totaled \$12.2 million. The potential liability for future payments cannot be estimated.

The State's two internal service funds, which account for certain areas of risk management, such as portions of its employee insurance benefits, employee bonding, and automobile liability, follow accounting standards established by the GASB. This results in a reporting which is very similar to that used in the private insurance industry. The various component programs within the two funds may incur deficits during a given year, but each program's surplus and unrestricted net asset balance is considered in calculating future charges or benefit levels.

Risk Management Fund

This fund was established during fiscal year 1990 to account for insurance management activities implemented within the Department of Management and Budget. The automotive liability and administrative functions are accounted for as operating activities of this fund. Expenses and liabilities for claims, including incurred but not reported or not processed claims, have been recorded in the amount of \$5.1 million. This includes a long-term portion, which is recorded at \$3.1 million. Changes in the Risk Management Fund's claims for automobile liability for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows (in millions):

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	 2008	 2007
Balance - beginning	\$ 5.8	\$ 6.3
Current year claims and changes in estimates	.6	2.0
Claim payments	(1.3)	(2.5)
Balance - ending	\$ 5.1	\$ 5.8

Workers' compensation payments for State agencies are processed centrally through the Risk Management Fund. Changes in Workers' Compensation claims for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows (in millions):

	2008	2007
Balance - beginning	\$ 112.9	\$ 111.8
Current year claims and changes in estimates	23.7	25.9
Claim payments	(25.1)	(24.9)
Balance - ending	\$ 111.5	\$ 112.9

Workers' Compensation is further described in Note 15.

Michigan Notes to the Financial Statements

State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund

The Department of Management and Budget and the Civil Service Commission use this fund to account for employee benefit programs, which are largely self-funded. In compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>, the retiree insurance benefits programs are no longer reported in this fund. Expenses and liabilities for claims, which include incurred but not reported or not processed benefit claims, based on preliminary estimates from the plan administrators, have been recorded as liabilities in the amount of \$132.9 million. This includes a long-term portion, which is recorded at a discounted present value of \$86.3 million. For all claims incurred prior to October 1, 2008, the discounted present value of the long-term disability liability was calculated over a 10 year period using a discount rate of approximately 2%.

Payments to the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund are based on estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. In addition, a portion of the fund's net assets has been designated for catastrophic losses. The risk management designation represents the level of reserves that should be maintained to ease large fluctuations in premium levels in years of unexpected excessive claims. That designation was \$47.7 million at September 30, 2008. Unrestricted net assets totaled \$40.4 million at September 30, 2008.

Changes in the State Sponsored Group Insurance Fund's claims liability for employee benefit programs for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows (in millions):

	2008	2007*
Balance - beginning	\$ 134.3	\$ 134.7
Current year claims and changes in estimates	643.9	632.7
Claim payments	(645.3)	(633.1)
Balance - ending	\$ 132.9	\$ 134.3

*2007 amounts were restated due to removal of retiree benefit programs.

Discretely Presented Component Units

State Universities

The State university component units participate with the other Michigan public universities in the Michigan Universities Self-Insurance Corporation (MUSIC), which provides indemnity to its members against comprehensive general liability, errors and omissions losses, and property damage commonly covered by insurance. Loss coverages for comprehensive general liability and property are structured on a three-layer basis with each member retaining a portion of its losses, MUSIC covering the second layer, and commercial carriers covering the third layer. For all policy years through June 30, 1993, errors and omissions coverage was structured on a two-layer basis with no excess insurance provided. Effective July 1, 1993, MUSIC obtained excess insurance coverage from commercial carriers covering the third layer. For automobile liability there is no member retention. Comprehensive general liability, property and automobile liability coverage is provided on an occurrence basis; errors and omissions coverage is provided on a claims-made basis.

NOTE 26 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Long-Term Borrowing

In October 2008, principal in the amount of \$113.1 million was paid on the State's Multi-Modal General Obligation Tax-Exempt School Loan Bonds Series 2005C using proceeds from a draw on the DEPFA Credit Facility and as such, these became bank bonds. Interest is due on November 3, 2008 and will further occur on the first business day of each subsequent month. The interest rate is the Prime Rate.

In October 2008, principal in the amount of \$139.5 million was paid on the State's Multi-Modal General Obligation Taxable School Loan Bonds Series 2005B using proceeds from a draw on the DEPFA Credit Facility and as such, these became bank bonds. Interest is due on November 3, 2008 and will further occur on the first business day of each subsequent month. The interest rate is the Prime Rate.

In November 2008, principal in the amount of \$49.1 million was paid on the State's Multi-Modal General Obligation Taxable School Loan Bonds Series 2005B using proceeds from a draw on the DEPFA Credit Facility. Interest is due on December 1, 2008 and will further occur on the first business day of each subsequent month. The interest rate is the Prime Rate.

In November 2008, the State issued its General Obligation School Loan Refunding Bonds Series 2008A, in the aggregated principal amount of \$143.0 million as fully registered bonds bearing interest which is payable semi-annually commencing May 1, 2009. Proceeds of this issuance were used to refund \$27.5 million of School Loan Bonds, Series 1998, and \$113.1 million of Multi-Modal General Obligation Tax-Exempt School Loan Bonds Series 2005C.

In November 2008, the State Building Authority (SBA) issued its 2008 Revenue and Refunding Series I Bonds for \$192.3 million. This issue financed 17 new projects and refunded the 2005 Series II A/B bonds outstanding.

Short-Term Borrowing

On November 13, 2008, the State issued its \$900.0 million State of Michigan Full Faith and Credit General Obligation Notes, Fiscal Year 2009, Series A. The notes will mature on September 30, 2009, with an interest rate of 3.0%.

On December 17, 2008, the State issued its \$500.0 million State of Michigan Full Faith and Credit General Obligation Notes, Fiscal Year 2009, Series B. The notes will mature on September 30, 2009, with an interest rate of 3.0%.

In November 2008, SBA issued an additional \$20.8 million and retired \$134.8 million in commercial paper. Therefore, SBA's commercial paper outstanding is \$96.3 million, at a rate of .85%, maturing on February 12, 2009.

Long-Term Borrowing - Discretely Presented Component Units

Subsequent to their respective year-ends, the following discretely presented component units issued long-term debt (in millions):

	Bonds ssued
Michigan State Housing Development Authority	\$ 427.6
Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority	704.8
Michigan Municipal Bond Authority	180.8
Michigan Technological University	15.9
Saginaw Valley State University	12.6
Total	\$ 1,341.7

Disclosures regarding these bonds and transactions are available in the separately issued reports of the various organizations.

Disbursements to Local Units of Government - Discretely Presented Component Units

On October 27, 2008, funds totaling \$16.1 million were disbursed to qualified schools from the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority's School Loan Revolving Fund.

Executive Reorganization

On October 27, 2008, the Governor issued Executive Order 2008-20, which abolished the Michigan Broadband Development Authority (MBDA), a discretely presented component unit, and its board of directors effective December 28, 2008. The MBDA's responsibilities regarding broadband infrastructure assessment and development in the State were transferred to the Department of Information Technology. Any unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds were transferred to the Michigan State Housing Development Authority, a discretely presented component unit.

Financial Market Decline

Financial markets have experienced severe volatility and consequently experienced a substantial decline in value. The long-term effects of this market volatility on any particular investment cannot be determined. However, the short-term effect of these events has had a material effect on the reported values of investments subsequent to year-end.



II. FINANCIAL SECTION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	GENERAL FUND						
		GINAL DGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	ANCE WITH
Beginning budgetary							
fund balance	\$	686,012	\$	686,012	\$	686,012	\$ -
Resources (inflows):							
General Purpose Revenues:							
Taxes		5,816,100		9,580,332		9,580,332	-
Federal		23,000		14,812		14,812	-
Local		1,000		115		115	-
Licenses and permits		35,000		37,376		37,376	-
Services		8,100		18,381		18,381	-
Miscellaneous		120,600		210,020		210,020	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		23,900		23,027		23,027	-
Transfers in		165,000		229,945		229,945	-
Restricted Revenues:		470 770		0 700 400		0 700 400	
Taxes		178,779		3,790,430		3,790,430	-
Federal		902,558		10,716,679		10,716,679	-
Local		29,608		229,254		229,254	-
Licenses and permits		-		247,007		247,007	-
Services		-		269,409		269,409	-
Miscellaneous		342,887		548,927		548,927	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		4,354		4,354	-
Transfers in		<u> </u>		49,793		49,793	
Total Revenue Inflows	8	3,646,532		25,969,860		25,969,860	 -
Amounts Available for Appropriation	ç	9,332,544		26,655,871	;	26,655,871	 -
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):							
Legislative Branch		22,654		130,575		130,199	375
Judicial Branch		21,527		248,037		247,367	671
Executive Branch:							
Agriculture		9,186		83,884		83,867	17
Attorney General		5,429		69,148		68,648	500
Civil Rights		1,154		14,515		13,848	667
Colleges and Universities Grants		352,401		2,098,718		2,098,191	527
Community Health		950,371		11,957,027		11,923,742	33,285
Corrections		162,802		2,035,396		2,022,888	12,508
Education		7,805		96,909		91,013	5,896
Environmental Quality		35,223		198,638		198,280	359
Executive Office		439		5,317		5,170	147
History, Arts & Libraries		4,192		49,485		48,138	1,346
Human Services		378,820		4,692,384		4,620,872	71,512
Labor and Economic Growth		105,153		798,340		797,091	1,249
Management and Budget		81,386		473,769		464,276	9,492
Military and Veterans Affairs		10,314		124,324		122,685	1,639
Natural Resources		23,603		72,355		72,292	64
State		22,234		192,472		189,869	2,603
State Police		47,207		495,322		491,967	3,355
Transportation		•		-		-	-
Treasury		215,645		2,650,037		2,629,093	20,945
Intrafund expenditure reimbursements		-		(591,687)		(591,687)	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	2	2,457,544		25,894,966		25,727,809	 167,157
Reconciling Items:							
Change in noncurrent assets		-		<u>9,116</u>		9,116	 -
Net Reconciling Items		-		9,116		9,116	 -
Ending Budgetary							
Fund Balance	\$ 6	,875,000	\$	770,022	\$	937,178	\$ 167,157

		AND ECONOMIC		CLICAL BUDGET			SCHOOL AID FUND							
ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIAN			RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL UDGET		ACTUAL		ANCE WIT
2,090	\$	2,090	\$	2,090	\$	-	\$	83,925	\$	83,925	\$	83,925	\$	-
				_				984,858	4	0,772,286		10,772,286		
-		-		-		-				-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-				-		-		-		
100		66		66		-		-		30,864		30,864		
-		-		-		-		64,266		740,842		740,842		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		1,479,326		1,377,664		1,377,664		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
						-	<u> </u>	3,182	<u> </u>	29,127		29,127	•••••	
100		66		66				2,531,632	1;	2,950,783		12,950,783	•	······································
2,190		2,156		2,156		-		2,615,557	1;	3,034,708		13,034,708		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-	2	2,531,632	12	2,812,387	-	12,788,952		23,435
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		•		-		-		-		~		
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-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-						-			<u></u>	-				······································
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	2	2,531,632	12	2,812,387	1	2,788,952		23,435
				<u> </u>		-				4,249		4,249		
-		-				-		•		4,249		4,249		
2,190	\$	2,156	\$	2,156	\$		\$	83,925		226,569	\$	250,005	\$	23,435

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

		GENERAL FUND	BL	COUNTER - CYCLICAL JDGET AND CONOMIC ABILIZATION FUND		SCHOOL AID FUND
Sources/inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"						
from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	26,655,871	\$	2,156	\$	13,034,708
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Budgetary fund balance at the beginning of the year is a						
budgetary resource but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes.		(686,012)		(2,090)		(83,925)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets are inflows of budgetary		(000,012)		(2,090)		(63,925)
resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(27,381)		-		-
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources						
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(279,738)		<u> </u>	_	(769,969)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues,						
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds.	¢	25,662,741	\$	66	\$	12,180,814
i unus.	Ť	23,002,741	Ψ		Ψ	12,100,014
Uses/outflows of resources						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to						
appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	25,727,809	\$	-	\$	12,788,952
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not						
received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are						
received for financial reporting purposes.		(66,895)		-		1,232
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources		(,,				- 1
but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.		(416,549)		-		(3,833)
Capital lease acquisitions are not outflows of budgetary						
resources but are recorded as current expenditures		100.040				
and other financing sources under GAAP. Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,		106,248		-		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental						
Funds.	\$	25,350,613	\$	-	\$	12,786,351
	-				-	

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting

Statutory/Budgetary Presentation

The various funds and programs within funds utilize a number of different budgetary control processes. Annual legislative appropriations and revenue estimates are provided for most "operating" funds. Note 2 of the basic financial statements identifies the annually budgeted operating funds.

The original executive budget and original legislative appropriations provide general purpose (unrestricted) revenue estimates in order to demonstrate compliance with constitutional provisions. Revenues restricted by law or outside grantors to a specific program are estimated at a level of detail consistent with controlling related expenditure accounts.

For programs financed from restricted revenues, spending authorization is generally contingent upon recognition of the related revenue. Reductions of spending authority occur if revenues fall short of estimates. If revenues exceed the estimate, supplemental appropriations are required before the additional resources can be spent.

The budgetary comparison schedule presented for the General Fund, the Budget Stabilization Fund, and the School Aid Fund presents both the original and final appropriated budgets for fiscal year 2008, as well as the actual resource inflows, outflows, and fund balance stated on the budgetary basis. The supplementary portion of this report includes a Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual, by fund type, for non-major special revenue and permanent funds with annual budgets. Those schedules only include the final appropriated budget.

The original budget and related estimated revenues represent the spending authority enacted into law by the appropriation bills as of October 1, 2007, and includes multi-year projects budgetary carry-forwards from the prior fiscal year. On October 1, 2007, the Governor signed a 30-day continuation budget to allow the Legislature more time to pass individual budgets for fiscal year 2008. As a result, the General Fund original budget was only \$2.5 billion. Later in the fiscal year, the Legislature passed full budgets for each State agency and department.

The budgetary fund balance represents total fund balance, net of reserves for noncurrent assets and prior year encumbrances. Reserves for noncurrent assets do not represent current financial resources available for appropriation and are removed for budgetary purposes. Prior year encumbrances are considered uses of spending authority in the year the State incurs an obligation and are also removed.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the final legal budget be reflected in the "final budget" column, therefore updated revenue estimates available for appropriations as of November 30, rather than the amounts shown in the original budget, are reported. The November 30 date is used because P.A. 431 of 1984, as amended, permits budget adjustments by the Legislature through 60 days after year-end.

The final appropriations budget represents original and supplemental appropriations, carry-forwards, carry-backs (i.e., current year appropriations for prior year overdrafts), approved transfers, executive order reductions, and timing differences. Expenditures, transfers out, other financing uses, and encumbrances are combined and classified by department rather than being reported by character and function as shown in the GAAP statements. This departmental classification is used to better reflect organizational responsibility and to be more consistent with the budget process. Appropriations include interagency expenditure reimbursement, in which one agency provides funding to another agency within the same fund. The final budget and actual amounts are adjusted to eliminate the duplication.

The timing differences result from unspent authorizations for multi-year projects, such as capital outlay and work projects, and from restricted revenues that had not been appropriated for expenditure in the current year. Such authorization balances remaining at year-end are removed from the final budget column to provide an "annualized" budget.

Positive "variances" reflect restricted revenues that were appropriated and available for expenditure in the current year and unused general purpose spending authority (lapses); negative "variances" reflect budgetary overdrafts. If both positive and negative variances exist for a particular line, the amount shown is the net variance.

Statutory/Budgetary Reconciliation

The statutory/budgetary basis presentation differs from GAAP in ways that do not affect ending fund balance.

For budgetary reporting purposes, expenditures and transfers out in the "Actual" column include recorded encumbrances, because they are considered uses of spending authority in the year the State incurs an obligation. Therefore, the "Original" and "Final Budget" columns do not include encumbrance authorization balances carried over from the prior fiscal year. In the GAAP basis statements, expenditures do not include encumbrances. The effect of this difference is reflected as a reconciling item on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds and the Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the non-major special revenue funds and permanent funds.

For budgetary purposes, capitalizable lease expenditures are recognized when payments are due, rather than upon lease inception as required by GAAP. This difference does not affect fund balance because the "other financing sources" recorded under GAAP at lease inception are not recorded on the statutory/budgetary basis.

Statewide Authorization Dispositions

Subsequent to the release of this report, the State publishes "Statewide Authorization Dispositions" to demonstrate its compliance with the legal level of budgetary control. The report includes line-item appropriation details for the General Fund and budgeted operating funds, and is available by contacting the Office of Financial Management at (517) 373-3029.

Required Supplementary Information

Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local</u> <u>Governments</u>, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include the State's network of public transportation roads and bridges, including ancillary assets, such as guard rails, signs, lighting, culverts, fencing, and the like. The State is responsible for maintaining approximately 27,478 lane miles of roads and 4,761 bridges (spans in excess of 20 feet).

In order to utilize the modified approach, the State is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the State.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

Roads

Measurement Scale

The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) uses numerous methods to determine the condition of roadway pavements; however, the Sufficiency Rating serves as the State's primary method to measure and monitor pavement conditions. In use since 1961, the Sufficiency Rating is a visual analysis conducted by an engineer and includes a 5-point scale, as follows:

Rating	Bituminous Surface	Concrete Surface
1.0 = Excellent	Pavement shows no visible deterioration. Distresses are non-existent.	Same
2.0 = Good	Some indication of initial deterioration, but not yet requiring appreciable amounts of maintenance. Distress items include the start of small transverse and/or longitudinal cracks. Slight rutting may be apparent in the wheel path.	Some indication of initial deterioration, but not yet requiring appreciable amounts of maintenance. Distress items may include the start of small transverse and/or longitudinal cracks, or slight seam and joint separation. Joints may show very small amounts of deterioration.
3.0 = Fair	Average deterioration requiring occasional routine maintenance. Distresses may include minor transverse and longitudinal cracking becoming continuous throughout the segment. Severe cracking is patched effectively. Rutting may be a little more severe and hold small amounts of water.	Average deterioration requiring occasional routine maintenance. Distresses may include minor transverse and longitudinal cracking becoming continuous throughout the segment. Severe cracking is patched effectively. Through-lanes and shoulders may begin to show separation from failing tie bars.
4.0 = Poor	Excessive deterioration requiring frequent maintenance and warrants resurfacing soon. Distress may be evident in wide transverse and longitudinal cracks. Severe "shallow cracking" could be evident if the pavement is composite. If the segment has been patched, the cracks may be showing through. Rutting is severe and may effect driving.	Excessive deterioration requiring frequent maintenance and warrants resurfacing soon. Distress may be evident in wide transverse and longitudinal cracks. If the segment has been patched, cracks may be showing through. Joint repairs could begin to fail. Shoulder and/or through- lane separation may be apparent. Popouts or spalling could also be present in the section.
5.0 = Very Poor/ Failed	Extreme deterioration requiring continuous maintenance and warrants resurfacing or total cross- section replacement. Distress items may include severe transverse and longitudinal cracking or severe alligator cracking. Shadow cracking in composite pavement is wider than one inch. Rutting in wheel path may be severe and patching is no longer beneficial to pavement condition.	Extreme deterioration requiring continuous maintenance and warrants resurfacing or total cross- section replacement. Distress items may include severe transverse and longitudinal cracking, joints failing, and the patching is no longer beneficial to pavement condition. Spalling and edge cracking could also be severe.

Established Condition Level

No more than 30% of the pavements shall be rated as "poor" or "very poor."

Assessed Conditions

The State assesses condition on a calendar year basis. The following table reports the percentage of pavements meeting ratings of "Good" or "Poor," for the past three years. "Good" represents ratings of 1.0 through 3.0 above and "Poor" represents ratings of 4.0 and 5.0.

Rating	2007	2006	2005
Good	83.6%	83.2%	81.4%
Poor	16.4%	16.8%	18.6%

Bridges

Measurement Scale

MDOT utilizes the National Bridge Inventory to monitor the condition of bridges (spans in excess of 20 feet) under its jurisdiction. The inventory rates bridges, including the deck, superstructure and substructure, using a 10-point scale:

Rating	Description
9	Excellent (no specific definition).
8	Very good. No problems noted.
7	Good. Some minor problems.
6	Satisfactory. Structural elements show some minor deterioration.
5	Fair. All primary structural elements are sound but may have minor section loss, cracking, spalling, or scour.
4	Poor. Advanced section loss, deterioration, spalling, or scour.
3	Serious. Loss of section, deterioration, spalling, or scour have seriously affected primary structural components. Local failures are possible. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present.
2	Critical. Advanced deterioration of primary structural elements. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present or scour may have removed substructure support. Unless closely monitored it may be necessary to close the bridge until corrective action is taken.
1	Imminent failure. Major deterioration or section loss present in critical structural components or obvious vertical or horizontal movement affecting structure stability. Bridge is closed to traffic, but corrective action may put it back in light service.
0	Failure. Out of service; beyond corrective action.

Established Condition Level

No more than 35% of the highway bridges shall be rated as "structurally deficient."

Assessed Conditions

"Structurally deficient" results when a condition of 4 or worse is assessed to at least one of the major structural elements (e.g. the deck, superstructure, or substructure). The following table reports the percentage of bridges whose condition was assessed as "structurally deficient," in the stated year:

Calendar	Structurally
Year	Deficient
2007	11.4%
2006	12.8%
2005	15.2%

Bridges that do not carry highway traffic are not included in MDOT's condition assessment. As a result, the number of bridges that were evaluated (4,416) in calendar year 2007 is less than the total (4,761) maintained by the department.

MDOT implemented a change in methodology for the above table in calendar year 2006. Comparable prior year amounts are not available.

Estimated and Actual Costs to Maintain

The following table presents the State's estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the roads and bridges at, or above, the "Established Condition Levels" cited above, and the actual amount spent during the past five fiscal years (in millions):

Fiscal Year	Estimated Spending	Actual Spending
2009	\$1,081.7	\$ -
2008	\$ 829.0	\$1,003.7
2007	\$1,013.0	\$1,139.0
2006	\$1,109.0	\$1,131.4
2005	\$ 932.0	\$1,072.3
2004	\$ 921.0	\$ 857.6





II. FINANCIAL SECTION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES – NON-MAJOR FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	PERMANENT FUNDS	TOTALS
ASSETS					
Current Assets:	• • • • •	•	•	•	
Cash	\$ 859	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 859
Equity in common cash	1,089,201	1,437	1,862	197,141	1,289,642
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable	96,354	-	-	-	96,354
Amounts due from other funds	515,667	-	17,019	-	532,686
Amounts due from component units	1,520	-	-	-	1,520
Amounts due from federal agencies	200,025	-	-	-	200,025
Amounts due from local units	169,749	-	3	32	169,783
Inventories	5,792	-	-	-	5,792
Investments	75,346	219,238	16,879	15 700	311,463
Other current assets	229,615	291	42	15,733	245,681
Total Current Assets	2,384,127	220,966	35,806	212,907	2,853,806
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable	5,819	-	-	-	5,819
Amounts due from local units	50,775	-	-	-	50,775
Investments	181,698	-	-	485,466	667,164
Other noncurrent assets	5,519	-		-	5,519
Total Assets	\$ 2,627,938	\$ 220,966	\$ 35,806	\$ 698,373	\$ 3,583,083
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Current Liabilities:					
Warrants outstanding	\$ 4,946	\$1	\$ 54	\$ 2,441	\$ 7,441
Accounts payable and other liabilities	639,747	148	35,583	7,995	683,474
Amounts due to other funds	55,788	-	28,120	59	83,967
Bonds and notes payable	-	-	210,310	-	210,310
Interest payable	-	-	457	-	457
Deferred revenue	226,705	-	-	<u>-</u>	226,705
Total Current Liabilities	927,186	149	274,524	10,495	1,212,354
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Deferred revenue	10,662	-	<u> </u>	-	10,662
Total Liabilities	937,847	149	274,524	10,495	1,223,016
Fund Balances:					
Reserved fund balance	1,080,799	300	-	633,087	1,714,186
Unreserved fund balance (deficit)	609,292	220,517	(238,718)	54,791	645,882
Total Fund Balances	1,690,090	220,817	(238,718)	687,878	2,360,067
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,627,938	\$ 220,966	\$ 35,806	\$ 698,373	\$ 3,583,083

Michigan

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	PERMANENT FUNDS	TOTALS
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,932,088	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,932,088
From federal agencies	1,323,483	-	•	-	1,323,483
From local agencies	12,978	-	-	-	12,978
From services	3,590	-	-	-	3,590
From licenses and permits	157,024	-	-	-	157,024
Miscellaneous	759,140	3,639	577	99,827	863,183
Total Revenues	4,188,302	3,639	577	99,827	4,292,346
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	262,595	2,783	-	5,447	270,824
Education	88,059	829	69,273	-	158,160
Human services	18,679			_	18,679
Public safety and corrections	182	-	_	2,280	2,462
Conservation, environment,	102	_	-	2,200	2,402
recreation, and agriculture	238,804	_	1	16,974	255,778
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	193,786	-	1	10,974	193,786
Health services	•	-	-	-	,
	69,900 2,338,905	-	-	-	69,900
Transportation	, ,	2	00.050	04.970	2,338,907
Capital outlay	1,161,389	-	26,656	24,870	1,212,915
Debt Service:		000.074			000 074
Bond principal retirement	-	238,371	-	-	238,371
Bond interest and fiscal charges	-	339,237	-	-	339,237
Capital lease payments	1,490				1,490
Total Expenditures	4,373,789	581,221	95,929	49,570	5,100,510
Funder of Devenues over (under)					
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(185,487)	(577,582)	(95,352)	50,257	(808,164)
·	(100,101)	(0,002)	(10,000)		(000,00)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bonds and notes issued	88,742	-	96,500	-	185,242
Refunding bonds issued	-	347,446	-	•	347,446
Premium on bond issuance	1,215	15,596	-	-	16,811
Discount on bond issuance	(1,042)	(2,267)	-	•	(3,309)
Capital lease acquisitions	4,590	-	-	-	4,590
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	•	(361,879)	-	-	(361,879)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,006	-	-	118	3,124
Transfers from other funds	1,099,308	590,335	75,139	10,000	1,774,781
Transfers to other funds	(1,411,249)		(75,135)	(10,081)	(1,496,465)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(215,430)	589,231	96,503	37	470,342
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures					
Other Uses	(400,916)	11,649	1,151	50,294	(337,823)
Fund Balances - Beginning					
of fiscal year	2,091,007	209,168	(239,869)	637,584	2,697,890
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 1,690,090	\$ 220,817	\$ (238,718)	\$ 687,878	\$ 2,360,067
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	÷ 2,000,007

BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - BY CLASSIFICATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)				ISERVATION, /IRONMENT, AND	REG	ULATORY AND		OTHER		
		SPORTATION		CREATION RELATED		NISTRATIVE		STATE		TOTALS
ASSETS										**************************************
Current Assets: Cash	\$	803	\$	56	\$	_	\$	_	\$	859
Equity in common cash Taxes, interest,	Ψ	516,702	Ψ	209,620	Ψ	63,454	Ψ	299,425	Ψ	1,089,201
and penalties receivable		96,184		170		- 0 775		-		96,354
Amounts due from other funds Amounts due from component units		506,889 1,514		2 7		8,775		-		515,667 1,520
Amounts due from federal agencies		185,028		1,871		13,126		-		200,025
Amounts due from local units		169,409		339		-		-		169,749
Inventories		5,487		305		-				5,792
Investments		-		-		4 1 9 0		75,346		75,346
Other current assets		4,150		15,054		1,182		209,229		229,615
Total Current Assets		1,486,167		227,423		86,537		584,000		2,384,127
Taxes, interest,										
and penalties receivable		5,819		-		-		-		5,819
Amounts due from local units		37,627		13,148		-		-		50,775
Investments Other noncurrent assets		2,982		113,041 1,543		-		68,658 994		181,698 5,519
Other Honcurrent assets		2,302		1,040						3,313
Total Assets	\$	1,532,594	\$	355,155	\$	86,537	\$	653,651	\$	2,627,938
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Current Liabilities:										
Warrants outstanding	\$	3,308	\$	568	\$	1,038	\$	31	\$	4,946
Accounts payable and other liabilities		576,609		34,530		21,147		7,462		639,747
Amounts due to other funds Deferred revenue		45,390 11,814		1,369 2,014		9,001 5,606		28 207,271		55,788 226,705
Total Current Liabilities	<u></u>	637,121		38,482		36,791	<u> </u>	214,792		927,186
Total Current Liabilities		037,121				00,701		214,732		527,100
Long-Term Liabilities:										
Deferred revenue		8,800		1,543		-		318		10,662
Total Liabilities		645,921		40,025		36,791	<u> </u>	215,110		937,847
Fund Balances:										
Reserves For:										
Budgetary Carry-Forwards:		104.000		10.070		055				4 4 9 9 9 9
Encumbrances Restricted revenues		124,690 226,529		18,876 74,032		255 9,980		-		143,822 310,541
Multi-year projects		248,730		26,786		9,900		-		275,516
Construction and debt service		116,470				-		-		116,470
Revolving loan programs Funds held as		37,455		28,453		-		-		65,908
permanent investments		-		123,928		-		19,774		143,702
Noncurrent assets		24,163		-				676	_	24,839
Total Reserved		778,038		272,074		10,235		20,451		1,080,799
Unreserved	<u></u>	108,635		43,056		39,510		418,090		609,292
Total Fund Balances		886,673		315,131		49,746		438,541		1,690,090
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,532,594	\$	355,155	\$	86,537	\$	653,651	\$	2,627,938

Michigan

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - BY CLASSIFICATION

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

			ENVI REC	ERVATION, RONMENT, AND REATION ELATED	ADMI	GULATORY AND NISTRATIVE ELATED	OTHER STATE FUNDS		TOTALS
REVENUES									
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous		,931,831 ,180,781 12,978 3,590 39,687 168,143	\$	257 5,856 - 108,036 76,847	\$	135,808 - - 9,301 68,858	\$ 1,039	\$	1,932,088 1,323,483 12,978 3,590 157,024 759,140
Total Revenues	3	,337,008		190,996		213,966	 446,332		4,188,302
EXPENDITURES									
Current: General government Education Human services		- -		1,406 - -		19,149 - -	242,039 88,059 18,679		262,595 88,059 18,679
Public safety and corrections Conservation, environment,		-		-		-	182		182
recreation, and agriculture Labor, commerce, and regulatory Health services Transportation		- - ,338,905 ,145,598		238,804 - - 15,791		193,786 - -	- - 69,900 -		238,804 193,786 69,900 2,338,905
Capital outlay Debt Service: Capital lease payments	I	90		-		1,400	-		1,161,389 1,490
Total Expenditures	3	,484,593		256,002	·	214,336	 418,859		4,373,789
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	((147,584)		(65,006)	. <u></u>	(370)	 27,473		(185,487)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Bonds and notes issued Premium on bond issuance Discount on bond issuance Capital lease acquisitions Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	(1,	464 3,006 993,906 245,596)		25,000 1,215 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		4,126 10,002 (12,843)	 63,742 (1,042) 60,000 (131,680)		88,742 1,215 (1,042) 4,590 3,006 1,099,308 (1,411,249)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(248,220)	. <u> </u>	40,485		1,285	 (8,980)		(215,430)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(395,804)		(24,521)		915	18,494		(400,916)
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	1,	282,478	. <u></u>	339,651		48,830	 420,047		2,091,007
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$	886,673	\$	315,131	\$	49,746	\$ 438,541	\$	1,690,090

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - BY CLASSIFICATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	TRANSPORTATION RELATED			CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED			
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES							
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Bonds and notes issued Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	\$ 1,931,831 832,518 10,275 3,590 39,687 83,689 - 3,006 993,906	\$ 1,931,831 832,518 10,275 3,590 39,687 83,689 3,006 993,906	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 257 5,163 - - 108,036 38,466 - - - 28,938	\$ 257 5,163 - - 108,036 38,466 - - 28,938	\$ - - - - - - - - -	
Total Revenues and Other Sources EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY	3,898,502	3,898,502		180,860	180,860		
Attorney General Colleges and Universities Grants Community Health Human Services Labor and Economic Growth Military and Veterans Affairs Natural Resources Transportation Treasury	- - - 4,346,979	- - - 4,199,215	- - - 147,764	- - 219,355 - 258	- - - 214,524 - 258	- - - 4,831 -	
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	4,346,979 \$ (448,477)	4,199,215	147,764 \$ 147,764	<u>219,613</u> \$ (38,753)	214,782	4,831 \$ 4,831	
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted Net Reconciling Items	¥ (++0,+11)	(300,713) 124,690 (219,781) (95,091)	¥ (1),14	• (00,100)	18,876 (9,475) 9,401	¥ 7,001	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		(395,804)			(24,521)		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)		1 000 470			220 651		
Beginning balances Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		1,282,478 \$ 886,673			339,651 \$315,131		

Michigan

A	REGULATORY AN		OTHER STATE FUNDS			+	TOTALS	
BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
\$ 9,301 42,425 10,002 197,535	9,301 9,42,429 	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 1,039 - - 298,256 63,742 - 60,000 423,038	\$ - 1,039 - - 298,256 63,742 - 60,000 423,038	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,932,088 974,528 10,275 3,590 157,024 462,840 63,742 3,006 1,092,845 4,699,939	\$ 1,932,088 974,528 10,275 3,590 157,024 462,840 63,742 3,006 1,092,845 4,699,939	\$
172,862 	· · ·	- - 5,739 - - -	407 98,050 69,900 20,699 - 1,000 - 628,697	358 92,309 69,900 18,680 - 182 - 223,120	49 5,741 - 2,019 - 818 - 405,577	407 98,050 69,900 20,699 172,862 1,000 219,355 4,346,979 659,418	358 92,309 69,900 18,680 167,123 182 214,524 4,199,215 253,841	49 5,741 - 2,019 5,739 818 4,831 147,764 405,577
203,326	197,587	5,739	818,753	404,549	414,204	5,588,671	5,016,132	572,538
\$ (5,786) (48)	\$ 5,739	\$ (395,715)	18,489	\$ 414,204	\$ (888,732)	(316,193)	\$ 572,538
	255 708 963			4			143,822 (228,544) (84,723)	
	915			18,494			(400,916)	
	48,830 \$ 49,746			420,047 \$ 438,541			2,091,007 \$ 1,690,090	



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED

STATE AERONAUTICS FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 259.34, this fund accounts for airport improvement projects. Financing consists primarily of aviation fuel taxes and federal contributions. Although subject to change in the future, annual appropriation acts have allowed any unobligated and unexpended balance at fiscal year-end to lapse and revert to the fund for appropriation in the following year.

STATE TRUNKLINE FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.661, this fund accounts for highway construction and maintenance. Its annual budget is subject to legislative review and appropriation, but the Transportation Commission has significant discretion in determining the funding of individual projects. Financing consists primarily of federal aid, local participation, and transfers from the Michigan Transportation Fund. Expenditures and transfers are for administration, highway maintenance and construction, debt service, and various contractual obligations. Although subject to change in the future, annual appropriation acts have allowed for any fund balance not otherwise reserved at fiscal year-end to be reserved for road and bridge construction.

This fund also is used to record loans made to local units of government for reconstructing and resurfacing roadways. Activities of the Blue Water Bridge program, segregated as a separate fund within the accounting system, are also reported within the State Trunkline Fund.

MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.660, this fund accounts for the receipt and distribution of several tax revenues dedicated for highway purposes. Transfers are made to the General Fund, State Trunkline Fund, and the Comprehensive Transportation Fund. Expenditures include grants to counties, cities, and villages for highway purposes.

COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.660, this fund accounts for the planning and development of public transportation systems within the State. Federal revenues, vehicle-related sales tax, and transfers from the Michigan Transportation Fund provide financing for expenditures. In accordance with statutory provisions, any unencumbered balance at fiscal year-end lapses and reverts to the fund for appropriation in the following year.

COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND PROCEEDS FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.668, this fund accounts for the proceeds of State trunkline revenue dedicated bonds. These bonds are used in part to finance the costs of road and bridge construction.

COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND

Established pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.668, this fund accounts for the proceeds of comprehensive transportation revenue dedicated bonds. These bonds are used in part to finance the costs of comprehensive transportation projects.

TRANSPORTATION RELATED TRUST FUNDS

The transportation related trust funds reflects the activities of five sub-funds: the Special Federal Bridge Replacement Fund, the Federal County Road Fund, the Federal Urban Transportation System Fund, the Highway Topics and Safety Program Fund, and the Metropolitan Planning Fund. The Michigan Department of Transportation is recognized as the legal representative of the State, including all governmental subdivisions, in the administration of these programs. The financing accounted for in these funds consists primarily of federal matching funds with very little State funds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		STATE ONAUTICS FUND	TI	STATE RUNKLINE FUND		IICHIGAN SPORTATION FUND	TRANS	REHENSIVE PORTATION FUND
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$	2 20,534	\$	788 167,505	\$	- 155,771	\$	1 60,437
Equity in common cash Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable		20,554		107,505		96,117		- 00,437
Amounts due from other funds		-		499,818		-		7,071
Amounts due from component units		-		1,514		-		-
Amounts due from federal agencies		20,543		121,569		-		9,606
Amounts due from local units		27,582		81,982		-		1,194
Inventories Other current assets		- 30		5,487 4,015		-		101
Total Current Assets	<u></u>	68,759		882,677		251,891		78,411
Total Ourient Assets		00,700	·	002,017		201,001	<u></u>	70,411
Taxes, interest, and penalties receivable		335		-		5,484		-
Amounts due from local units		299		32,888		-		4,439
Other noncurrent assets		-		2,136				846
Total Assets	\$	69,393	\$	917,701	\$	257,375	\$	83,696
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Current Liabilities:								
Warrants outstanding	\$	24	\$	2,582	\$	190	\$	239
Accounts payable and other liabilities		45,955		197,716		213,846	,	18,080
Amounts due to other funds		61		2,825		31,955		79
Deferred revenue	<u></u>	7	. <u> </u>	3,499		5,900		2
Total Current Liabilities	<u> </u>	46,046		206,622		251,891		18,399
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Deferred revenue		335	<u></u>	2,136		5,484		846
Total Liabilities		46,381		208,757		257,375		19,245
Fund Balances:								
Reserves for:								
Budgetary carry-forwards:								
Encumbrances		4,958		81,714		-		38,019
Restricted revenues		268		225,365		-		897
Multi-year projects		9,272		239,458		-		-
Construction and debt service Revolving loan programs		2,200		116,470 21,773		-		13,482
Noncurrent assets		2,200		24,163		-		
Total Reserved		16,697		708,943		-	<u></u>	52,397
Unreserved		6,315			<u></u>	-		12,054
				700.040	<u></u>	······································		<u> </u>
Total Fund Balances		23,012		708,943				64,451
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	69,393	\$	917,701	\$	257,375	\$	83,696

COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND PROCEEDS FUND	COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND	TRANSPORTATION RELATED TRUST FUNDS	TOTALS
\$ - 53,348 - 225 2,617 - - - - 56,189	\$ - 59,108 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 13 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 803 516,702 96,184 506,889 1,514 185,028 169,409 5,487 4,150 1,486,167 5,819
-		-	37,627 2,982
\$ 56,189	\$ 59,108	\$ 89,133	\$ 1,532,594
\$ - 18,364 - 2,407 20,771	\$ 8 4,252 - - - 4,259	\$ 266 78,396 10,471 	\$ 3,308 576,609 45,390 11,814 637,121
-	-	_	8,800
20,771	4,259	89,133	645,921
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	124,690 226,529 248,730 116,470 37,455 24,163 778,038 108,635 886,673
\$ 56,189	\$ 59,108	\$ 89,133	\$ 1,532,594

Michigan

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	STATE AERONAUTICS FUND	STATE TRUNKLINE FUND	MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION FUND	COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION FUND	
REVENUES					
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous	\$	\$ 692,226 10,241 18 5,996 72,497	\$ 1,844,372 - - 3,144 33,076 5,470	\$ 82,114 31,997 - - 312 1,400	
Total Revenues	118,725	780,979	1,886,063	115,824	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Transportation Capital outlay Debt service:	119,838 323	630,326 969,731	921,347 -	240,849 -	
Capital lease payments	-	90	-		
Total Expenditures	120,160	1,600,146	921,347	240,849	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(1,435)	(819,168)	964,716	(125,025)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital lease acquisitions Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	6,000 (3,521)	464 3,006 822,618 (190,835)	3,506 (968,222)	- 161,782 (29,909)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,479	635,253	(964,716)	131,874	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	1,044	(183,915)	-	6,848	
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	21,968	892,858		57,603	
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 23,012	\$ 708,943	\$	\$ 64,451	

STA	Combined Te trunkline Id proceeds Fund	COMF	OMBINED PREHENSIVE SPORTATION PROCEEDS FUND	F	SPORTATION RELATED JST FUNDS	 TOTALS
\$	56,434 2,703 - - 81,576	\$	2,586	\$	291,828 - - - 291	\$ 1,931,831 1,180,781 12,978 3,590 39,687 168,143
	140,713	<u> </u>	2,586		292,120	 3,337,008
	118,701 175,465 - 294,166 (153,453)		15,725 80 - 15,805 (13,219)		292,120 - - 292,120 -	 2,338,905 1,145,598 90 3,484,593 (147,584)
	- - (53,109) (53,109)		- - - -		- - - -	 464 3,006 993,906 (1,245,596) (248,220)
\$	(206,562) 241,981 35,418	\$	(13,219) 68,068 54,849	\$	-	\$ (395,804) 1,282,478 886,673

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	STATE AERONAUTICS FUND							
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	E	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	\$	5,344 108,295 34 428 302 4,322 - 6,000	\$	5,344 108,295 34 428 302 4,322 - 6,000	\$	- - - - -		
Total Revenues and Other Sources		124,725		124,725	<u></u>	-		
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY								
Transportation		131,378		128,639		2,739		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances		131,378		128,639		2,739		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	(6,653)		(3,914)	\$	2,739		
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted				4,958				
Net Reconciling Items				4,958				
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				1,044				
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)								
Beginning balances				21,968				
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	23,012				

TATE TRUNKLINE FUR	ND	MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION FUND					
ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE			
\$ 692,226 10,241 18 5,996 72,497 3,006 822,618 1,606,602	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,844,372 3,144 33,076 5,470 3,506 1,889,569	\$ 1,844,372 3,144 33,076 5,470 3,506 1,889,569	\$ -			
1,872,231	<u> </u>	1,990,801	1,889,569	101,232			
(265,628) 81,714 - 81,714	\$ 34,564	<u>\$ (101,232)</u>		<u>\$ 101,232</u>			
(183,915) 892,858 5 708,943			 				
	ACTUAL \$ 692,226 10,241 18 5,996 72,497 3,006 822,618 1,606,602 1,872,231 1,872,231 1,872,231 (265,628) 81,714 81,714 81,714 81,714 81,714 81,714 892,858	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ACTUAL VARIANCE BUDGET \$ - \$ - \$ 1,844,372 692,226 - - - - - 10,241 - - - - - 18 - 3,144 - 3,144 5,996 - 33,076 - - - 72,497 - 5,470 - - - - 3,006 - <td< td=""><td>ACTUAL VARIANCE BUDGET ACTUAL \$ - \$ 1,844,372 \$ 1,844,372 \$ \$ - \$ - - - - - 10,241 - - - - - - - 18 - 3,144 3,144 3,144 - - - 18 - 3,144 3,144 - - - - 3,006 - 3,3,076 33,076 - - - - </td></td<>	ACTUAL VARIANCE BUDGET ACTUAL \$ - \$ 1,844,372 \$ 1,844,372 \$ \$ - \$ - - - - - 10,241 - - - - - - - 18 - 3,144 3,144 3,144 - - - 18 - 3,144 3,144 - - - - 3,006 - 3,3,076 33,076 - - - -			

This schedule continued on next page.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - TRANSPORTATION RELATED (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION FUND								
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	E	BUDGET			VARIANCE				
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES									
Taxes From federal agencies From local agencies From services	\$	82,114 31,997 -	\$	82,114 31,997 -	\$	- - -			
From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in		312 1,400 		312 1,400 161,782					
Total Revenues and Other Sources	•	277,606		277,606					
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY									
Transportation	·	318,006		308,777	1 4 - 14 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 1	9,229			
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	. <u> </u>	318,006		308,777	. <u> </u>	9,229			
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	(40,400)		(31,171)	\$	9,229			
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted			. <u></u> ,	38,019					
Net Reconciling Items			<u></u>	38,019					
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				6,848					
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)									
Beginning balances				57,603					
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	64,451					

	10100	STICT ANNOALL'I DOD						
STAT BONI	COMBINED E TRUNKLINE D PROCEEDS FUND	COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND PROCEEDS FUND	TRANSPORTATION RELATED TRUST FUNDS	 		TOTALS		
	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	 BUDGET		ACTUAL.	V	ARIANCE
\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,931,831 832,518	\$	1,931,831 832,518	\$	-
	-	-	-	10,275		10,275		
	_	-	-	3,590		3,590		-
	-	-	-	39,687		39,687		-
	-		-	83,689		83,689		-
	-		-	3,006		3,006		-
		-	-	 993,906	<u> </u>	993,906	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
.	-	<u> </u>		 3,898,502	·	3,898,502		-
	<u> </u>			 4,346,979		4,199,215	<u></u>	147,764
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 4,346,979		4,199,215		147,764
			<u> </u>	\$ (448,477)		(300,713)	\$	147,764
	(206,562)	(13,219)	-			124,690 (219,781)		
 			<u> </u>		·	<u> </u>		
	(206,562)	(13,219)	<u> </u>			(95,091)		
	(206,562)	(13,219)	-			(395,804)		
<u></u>	241,981	68,068				1,282,478		
\$	35,418	\$54,849	<u>\$</u>		\$	886,673		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*			

FUNDS NOT ANNUALLY BUDGETED

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED

MICHIGAN CONSERVATION AND RECREATION LEGACY FUND

This fund ("Legacy Fund") was created by Article 9, Section 40, of the State Constitution, an amendment approved by voters in November 2006. The purpose of the amendment was to constitutionally prevent the diversion of certain funds and revenues for purposes other than those for which they were created. Section 40 created the following accounts within the Legacy Fund: Forest Recreation, Game and Fish Protection, Off-Road Vehicle, Recreation Improvement, Snowmobile, State Park Improvement, and Waterways.

The implementing legislation related to this amendment, found in Sections 324.2002 – 324.2035 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, transferred a number of special revenue funds and certain restrictively financed activities within the General Fund to the Legacy Fund. The following special revenue funds were transferred into the fund: Game and Fish Protection Fund, Michigan State Waterways Fund, Marine Safety Fund, and State Park Improvement Fund. The restrictively financed activities transferred into the fund from the General Fund were related to various outdoor recreation activities including snowmobiles, offthe-road vehicles, recreation trails, and State forest recreation.

Financing consists primarily of hunting and fishing licenses; camping and park entrance fees; 2% of gasoline taxes dedicated for boating, snowmobiling, off-road vehicles and other trails; watercraft and snowmobile registration fees; and trail use permits. The fund also receives funding from the Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund. Expenditures are limited to those activities specified in Section 40 and include forest recreation activities, wildlife and fisheries programs, off-road vehicle and snowmobile trails and facilities, State parks and recreation areas, improvement of lake harbors and inland waterways, and water safety education programs.

MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND

The former Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund was established in 1986 to restrict certain assets for the purpose of generating interest and earnings for transfer to the former Game and Fish Protection Fund (now accounted for within the Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund). Article 9, Section 41, of the State Constitution, an amendment approved by voters in November 2006, further protected these assets by creating the Michigan Game and Fish Protection Trust Fund.

The fund operates under Sections 324.43702 – 324.43704 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The Legislature may appropriate up to \$6 million annually for use by the Game and Fish Protection Account of the Michigan Conservation and Recreation Legacy Fund. Mineral royalties from lands acquired by the Game and Fish Protection Account; direct sale proceeds; and other revenues, which, by statute, are retained for permanent investment, provide additional investment funding.

COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND - LOCAL PROJECTS

Established in 1988, this fund operates under Sections 324.19606 - 324.19612, 324.19615, 324.71303, and 324.71506 -324.71508 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL). The residual balances in this fund reflect proceeds and investment earnings remaining from two bond packages: \$70 million of general obligation bonds approved by voters in November 1988, as part of a \$140 million bond package for financing state and local public recreation projects, and \$50 million of general obligation bonds approved by voters in November of 1998, as part of a \$675 million bond package known as the "Clean Michigan Initiative." Proceeds from the 1988 bond package provided grants and loans to local units of government in the amounts of \$65 million for local recreation projects and \$5 million to discourage development of open space and underdeveloped lands. Proceeds from the 1998 bond package also provided grants to local units of government for local recreation projects pursuant to MCL Section 324.71602.

COMBINED ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND FUND

This fund, which is administered by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), was established by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 324.19506 to account for the proceeds of \$660 million of Environmental Protection general obligation bonds approved by Michigan voters in November 1988. The statute specifies that the proceeds of these bonds be available to clean up sites of toxic and other environmental contamination, for solid waste projects, to capitalize the State Water Pollution Control Loan Fund, and to fund Michigan's participation in a regional Great Lakes Protection Fund.

Sections 324.95101 – 324.95108 of the MCL expanded this fund to account for the proceeds of \$570 million of Clean Michigan Initiative general obligation bonds approved by Michigan voters in November 1998. The statute directs that bond proceeds be used for environmental response activities at facilities, waterfront improvements, remediation of contaminated lake and river sediments, nonpoint source pollution prevention and control projects or wellhead protection projects, water quality monitoring and water resources protection, pollution control activities, and pollution prevention programs.

Sections 324.5201 – 324.5304 and 324.19701 – 324.19708 of the MCL, expanded this fund to account for the proceeds of \$1 billion of Great Lakes Water Quality general obligation bonds approved by Michigan voters in November 2002. The law directs that bond proceeds be used to finance sewage treatment works projects, storm water projects, and nonpoint source projects that improve the quality of the waters of the State. This fund records the bond proceeds and the administrative costs of DEQ. All programmatic loan and grant payments are reported in the financial statements of the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority, a discretely presented component unit.

MICHIGAN NONGAME FISH AND WILDLIFE TRUST FUND

The former Michigan Nongame Fish and Wildlife Fund was established in 1983 to finance research and management of nongame fish and wildlife, designated endangered species, and designated plant species of this State. Article 9, Section 42, of the State Constitution, an amendment approved by voters in November 2006, further protected these assets by creating the Michigan Nongame Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund.

The fund operates under Sections 324.43902 – 324.43907 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The fund may receive transfers from other funds, donations, investment income, and revenue from specialty license plate sales.

MICHIGAN CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 409.312a established this fund for the purpose of conserving, improving, and developing the State's natural resources, and for enhancing, preserving, and maintaining public lands and waters through the employment of residents of this State in work training programs.

Twenty million dollars earmarked from the sale of the Accident Fund of Michigan provided the fund's permanent investment reserve. Only the interest and earnings of the fund can be expended. Public Act 147 of 2007 required the transfer of \$20 million from the fund to the General Fund, thereby eliminating the fund's permanent investment reserve.

Prior to fiscal year 2007, this fund was classified as a permanent fund but the 2007 legislation resulted in the reclassification of this fund to a special revenue fund.

FOREST DEVELOPMENT FUND

This fund was established in 1993, along with the Michigan Forest Finance Authority, and operates under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 324.50507. The primary revenue source of the fund is timber revenue from State forest lands. Expenditures from the fund are for forest management activities and forest fire protection. The Authority is authorized to, but thus far has not, issued bonds.

BOTTLE DEPOSITS FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 445.573c created the Bottle Deposits Fund to provide for the disposition of unredeemed bottle deposits. The Department of Treasury and the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) jointly administer the fund. The law mandates that an annual distribution of the funds be made as follows: 25% returned to the dealers and 75% to fund several sub-funds.

The 75% distribution to DEQ is initially deposited into the Cleanup and Redevelopment Trust Sub-Fund (CRTF), and if not further distributed, remains there until the principal amount reaches \$200 million. Of funds received annually by the CRTF, 80% is allocated to the Cleanup and Redevelopment Sub-Fund (CRF) and 10% to the Community Pollution Prevention Sub-Fund.

MCL Section 324.20108 moved the former Environmental Response Fund (ERF) to a sub-fund of the CRF. The law mandates that proceeds of all cost recovery actions taken and settlements entered into pursuant to the ERF (excluding natural resource damages) by DEQ or the Attorney General, or both, shall be credited to the ERF.

Several DEQ sub-funds are administratively housed within the Bottle Deposits Fund, although they receive no bottle deposits revenue. Included is the State Sites Cleanup Sub-Fund, established in accordance with MCL Section 324.20108c to provide for response activities at facilities where the State is liable as an owner or operator. The following loan programs administered by DEQ are also included: the Brownfield Revolving Loan Fund created by MCL Section 324.19608a, the Revitalization Revolving Loan Fund created by MCL Section 324.20108a, and the Federal Brownfield Cleanup and Revolving Loan Fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	CON: AND F	ICHIGAN SERVATION RECREATION EGACY FUND	G, PR(IICHIGAN AME AND FISH OTECTION UST FUND	COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND- LOCAL PROJECTS		
Oursent Accestor							
Current Assets: Cash	\$	48	\$		\$		
Equity in common cash	Φ	40 85,370	Φ	7,134	Φ	- 2.186	
Taxes, interest, and		00,070		7,104		2,100	
penalties receivable		170		-		-	
Amounts due from other funds		-		-		-	
Amounts due from component units		-		-		-	
Amounts due from federal agencies		1,534		-		-	
Amounts due from local units		-		-		-	
Inventories		305		-		-	
Other current assets		4,179		2,111		-	
Total Current Assets		91,606		9,245		2,186	
Amounts due from local units		-		-		-	
Investments		1,672		105,568		-	
Other noncurrent assets		· _				-	
Total Assets	\$	93,278	\$	114,813	\$	2,186	
						<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Current Liabilities:							
Warrants outstanding	\$	363	\$	41	\$	-	
Accounts payable	Ψ	000	Ψ		Ψ		
and other liabilities		17,485		6		37	
Amounts due to other funds		1,005		-		-	
Deferred revenue		835		-		-	
Total Current Liabilities		19,688		47		37	
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Deferred revenue		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		19,688		47		37	
					·	······································	
Fund Balances:							
Reserves for:							
Budgetary Carry-Forwards:		17.000					
Encumbrances		17,899		-		-	
Restricted revenues Multi-year projects		25,193 25,476		-		-	
Revolving loan programs		23,470		-		-	
Funds held as							
permanent investments		1,658		108,766		-	
Total Reserved		70,225		108,766	·		
Unreserved		3,365		6,000		2,149	
				.,		.,	
Total Fund Balances		73,590		114,766	<u></u>	2,149	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	93,278	\$	114,813	\$	2,186	

ENVI	COMBINED MICHIGAN VIRONMENTAL NONGAME PROTECTION FISH AND BOND WILDLIFE FUND TRUST FUND			IRONMENTAL NONGAME CONSERVATION IOTECTION FISH AND CORPS BOND WILDLIFE ENDOWMENT			FOREST ELOPMENT FUND		BOTTLE EPOSITS FUND	TOTALS		
\$	- 35,977	\$	- 460	\$	- 818	\$ 4 11,821	\$	3 65,854	\$	56 209,620		
	-		-		-	-		-		170		
	2 7		-		-	-		-		2 7		
	-		-		-	337		-		1,871		
	2		-		-	-		338		339		
	-		45		-	- 120		- 8,599		305 15,054		
·	35,987		505		818	 12,282	<u> </u>	74,793	·	227,423		
				·		 		······································	····	······		
	-		- 5,800		-	-		13,148		13,148 113,041		
	-		5,600 -		-	-		1,543		1,543		
•••••		·			·	 		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	·			
\$	35,987	\$	6,305	\$	818	\$ 12,282	\$	89,485	\$	355,155		
\$	17 12,270 5	\$	1 39 3	\$	1 41 1	\$ 70 2,882 219 121	\$	76 1,770 135 1,058	\$	568 34,530 1,369 2,014		
	12,291		43		43	 3,291		3,040		38,482		
	12,291		43		43	 3,291		1,543 4,583		1,543 40,025		
	-		124		-	852		48,839		18,876 74,032		
	~		-		-	1,310		-		26,786		
	-		-		-	-		28,453		28,453		
	-		5,895		-	-		7,610		123,928		
	•		6,019	······································		 2,162		84,902		272,074		
<u></u>	23,696		243		775	 6,829		-		43,056		
<u></u>	23,696		6,262		775	 8,991	<u></u>	84,902		315,131		
\$	35,987	\$	6,305	\$	818	\$ 12,282	\$	89,485	\$	355,155		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

HEVENUES Taxes \$ 257 \$ - \$ - From federal agencies 4,896 - - From federal agencies 4,896 - - From ficenses and permits 108,034 - - Miscellaneous 119,828 10,857 71 Total Revenues 119,828 10,857 71 EXPENDITURES - - - Current: General government, recreation, and agriculture 149,462 68 47 Capital outlay 15,325 - - - Total Expenditures 164,792 1,217 47 Excess of Revenues over (under) (44,964) 9,640 24 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Bonds and notes issued - - - - Transfers from other funds (1,958) (12,007) - - Transfers to other funds (1,958) (12,007) - - Excess of Revenues and Other Uses </th <th></th> <th>CONSE AND REC</th> <th>HIGAN RVATION CREATION GACY JND</th> <th colspan="2">MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND</th> <th colspan="2">COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND- LOCAL PROJECTS</th>		CONSE AND REC	HIGAN RVATION CREATION GACY JND	MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND		COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND- LOCAL PROJECTS	
From federal agencies 4,896 - - From licenses and permits 108,034 - - Miscellaneous 6,641 10,857 71 Total Revenues 119,828 10,857 71 EXPENDITURES 6 47 - Current: General government 5 1,149 - Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture 149,462 68 47 Capital outlay 15,325 - - Total Expenditures 164,792 1,217 47 Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (44,964) 9,640 24 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Bonds and notes issued - - - - Transfers from other funds 28,938 - - - Transfers to other funds (1,958) (12,007) - - Transfers to other funds 26,980 (12,007) - - Excess of Rev	REVENUES						
EXPENDITURESCurrent: General government51,149-Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture149,4626847Capital outlay15,325Total Expenditures164,7921,21747Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(44,964)9,64024OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Bonds and notes issuedTransfers from other funds28,938Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)-Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures26,980(12,007)-Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	From federal agencies From licenses and permits	\$	4,896 108,034	\$	- - - 10,857	\$	
Current: General government51,149-Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture149,4626847Capital outlay15,325Total Expenditures164,7921,21747Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(44,964)9,64024OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Bonds and notes issuedPremium on bond issuanceTransfers from other funds28,938Transfers to other funds(1,958)(12,007)-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)-Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)24Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	Total Revenues		119,828		10,857		71
General government51,149-Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture149,4626847Capital outlay15,325Total Expenditures164,7921,21747Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(44,964)9,64024OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Bonds and notes issuedPremium on bond issuanceTransfers from other funds28,938Transfers to other funds(1,958)(12,007)-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)-Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)24Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	EXPENDITURES						
Total Expenditures164,7921,21747Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(44,964)9,64024OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Bonds and notes issued Premium on bond issuance Transfers from other fundsTransfers from other funds (1,958)28,938 (12,007)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)-Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)24Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	General government Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		149,462				- 47 -
Expenditures(44,964)9,64024OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Bonds and notes issuedPremium on bond issuanceTransfers from other funds28,938-Transfers to other funds(1,958)(12,007)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125					1,217		47
Bonds and notes issuedPremium on bond issuanceTransfers from other funds28,938-Transfers to other funds(1,958)(12,007)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	Expenditures		(44,964)		9,640		24
Premium on bond issuanceTransfers from other funds28,938-Transfers to other funds(1,958)(12,007)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sources (Uses)26,980(12,007)-Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)24Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125	Premium on bond issuance Transfers from other funds				- - - (12,007)		- - -
Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses(17,984)(2,366)24Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year91,574117,1322,125			26,980		(12,007)		-
fiscal year 91,574 117,132 2,125	Sources over (under)		(17,984)		(2,366)		24
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year \$ 73,590 \$ 114,766 \$ 2,149	• •	<u></u>	91,574		117,132		2,125
	Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$	73,590	\$	114,766	\$	2,149

ENVI	OMBINED RONMENTA DTECTION BOND FUND	L NO FIS WI	CHIGAN NGAME SH AND LDLIFE ST FUND		CHIGAN IVILIAN SERVATION CORPS DOWMENT FUND	DEVE	OREST ELOPMENT FUND		BOTTLE EPOSITS FUND		TOTALS
\$	1,976	\$	446	\$	- - 1,083	\$	267 2 30,296	\$	- 693 - 25,477	\$	257 5,856 108,036 76,847
	1,976		446		1,083		30,565		26,170		190,996
	-		71		182		-		-		1,406
	42,943		598 		471		27,187 467	<u></u>	18,029	•	238,804 15,791
·	42,943		668		652		27,654		18,029		256,002
<u></u>	(40,967)		(222)	<u></u>	431	<u></u>	2,911		8,141		(65,006)
	25,000 1,215 - (6,464)		- - (3)		- - - (2)		- - (177)		6,463 (519)		25,000 1,215 35,400 (21,130)
	19,751		(3)		(2)		(177)		5,943		40,485
	(21,217)		(225)		429		2,734		14,084		(24,521)
	44,912	. <u> </u>	6,487	·	346		6,257		70,818		339,651
\$	23,696	\$	6,262	\$	775	\$	8,991	\$	84,902	\$	315,131

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		GAN CONSERVATI REATION LEGACY		MICHIGAN NONGAME FISH AND WILDLIFE TRUST FUND					
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE			
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES									
Taxes From federal agencies From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 257 4,896 108,034 6,641 28,938 148,766	\$ 257 4,896 108,034 6,641 28,938 148,766	\$ - - - -	\$ - 446 	\$ - 446 	\$			
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY	<u></u>	<u> </u>							
Natural Resources Treasury	189,225 5	184,644 5	4,582	725 71	725	-			
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out and Encumbrances	189,231	184,649	4,582	796	795				
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ (40,465)	(35,883)	\$ 4,582	\$ <u>(350)</u>	(349)	\$			
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted		17,899 			124				
Net Reconciling Items		17,899			124				
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		(17,984)			(225)				
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)					0.407				
Beginning balances		91,574			6,487				
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$ 73,590			\$ 6,262				

		N CIVILIAN CONS		N		FORE	ST DEVELOPME	NT FUND	
E	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VAR	IANCE		BUDGET	ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
\$	- - 1,083 -	\$ - - 1,083	\$	- - - - -	\$	- 267 2 30,296	\$- 267 2 30,296	\$	- - -
<u> </u>	1,083	1,083				30,565	30,565		. <u> </u>
	535 182	472 182		62		28,870	28,683		187
<u></u>	716_	654		62		28,870	28,683	. <u> </u>	187
\$	366	429	\$	62	\$	1,695	1,882	\$	187
		-					852		
							852		
		429					2,734		
		<u>346</u> \$ 775					<u>6,257</u> \$ 8,991		

This schedule continued on next page.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CONSERVATION, ENVIRONMENT, AND RECREATION RELATED (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		FUNDS NOT ANN	UALLY BUDGETED	
	MICHIGAN GAME AND FISH PROTECTION TRUST FUND	COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND- LOCAL PROJECTS	COMBINED ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND FUND	BOTTLE DEPOSITS FUND
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES				
Taxes From federal agencies From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$ - - - -	\$	\$ - - - -	\$
Total Revenues and Other Sources				
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY				
Natural Resources Treasury	-	<u>-</u>	- 	-
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out and Encumbrances		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted	(2,366)	24	(21,217)	- 14,084
Net Reconciling Items	(2,366)	24	(21,217)	14,084
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)	(2,366)	24	(21,217)	14,084
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)				
Beginning balances	117,132	2,125	44,912	70,818
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)	\$ 114,766	\$ 2,149	\$ 23,696	\$ 84,902

	TOTALS	
BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
\$257 5,163 108,036 38,466 _28,938	5,163 108,036 38,466	\$ - - - - -
180,860	180,860	
219,355 258		4,831
		······
219,613	214,782	4,831
\$ (38,753)) (33,922)	\$ 4,831
	18,876 (9,475) 9,401	
	(24,521)	
	339,651 \$ 315,131	



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED

MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT ADMINISTRATION FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 421.10 created this fund to account for administrative costs of the Unemployment Insurance Agency, which is administered by the Department of Labor and Economic Growth. The fund derives most of its revenue from federal grants. It also receives transfers from the Michigan Employment Security Act Contingent Fund (reported as part of the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds, an enterprise fund). Expenditures for administration are subject to legislative appropriation.

Unemployment benefit payments to individuals are made directly from funds accumulated from employer premiums. These activities are reported in the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds.

SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 408.1055 imposes an annual levy on each insurance carrier licensed to write workers' disability compensation business in the State and on each self-insured employer. The Safety Education and Training Fund was established to receive these assessments for support of the Department of Labor and Economic Growth's Consultation Education and Training Division.

STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 125.1522 created the State Construction Code Fund. Fees received for building permit applications and other funds collected under this legislation are appropriated by the Legislature for the operation of the Department of Labor and Economic Growth's Bureau of Construction Codes and Fire Safety and related indirect overhead expenditures.

HOMEOWNER CONSTRUCTION LIEN RECOVERY FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 570.1201, the Homeowner Construction Lien Recovery Fund allows contractors, subcontractors, suppliers, and laborers to collect payments for work done if they have not been paid, despite filing a residential lien. The fund is self-sustaining and is financed by fees assessed on builders, electrical and plumbing contractors, and laborers.

STATE CASINO GAMING FUND

Created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 432.212, this fund provides the licensing, regulation, and control of casino gaming activities in Michigan. The five-member gaming control board is vested with the authority for licensing, regulating, and controlling casino gaming operations; manufacturers and distributors of gaming equipment and supplies; and persons who participate in gaming. Activities financed by casino gaming revenue are legally restricted for specific purposes.

SECOND INJURY FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 418.501, created the Second Injury Fund to insure carriers and self-insured employers against certain workers' compensation losses. The administrator, appointed by the fund's Board of Trustees, supervises the fund. The fund's revenue consists of assessments, calculated under provisions of the act, which are assessed to insurance carriers and self-insured employers licensed or authorized in Michigan.

SILICOSIS, DUST DISEASE, AND LOGGING INDUSTRY COMPENSATION FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 418.501, the Silicosis, Dust Disease, and Logging Industry Compensation Fund reimburses insurance carriers who pay benefits to employees injured from certain dust diseases, and employees who have sustained personal injury or death while being employed in the logging industry. Revenues are generated through annual assessments of insurance carriers.

SELF-INSURERS' SECURITY FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 418.501, the Self-Insurers' Security Fund pays workers' compensation benefits to injured employees of insolvent, private self-insured employers. Revenues are generated through annual assessments of insurance carriers.

Funds held in trust per court orders to pay obligations due under the Michigan Workers' Disability Compensation Act are reported as liabilities of this fund.

UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND

Established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 460.6m, the Utility Consumer Representation Fund provides funding, on behalf of residential gas, fuel, and electric customers, for energy cost recovery hearings before the Michigan Public Service Commission. Revenues are generated through annual assessments of regulated utility companies.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT - ADMINISTRATION FUND		SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND		STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE FUND		Homeowner Construction Lien Recovery Fund	
Current Assets: Equity in common cash	\$	-	\$	5,617	\$	1,243	\$	2,595
Amounts due from other funds	+	993	+	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-
Amounts due from federal agencies		13,126		-		-		-
Other current assets		13		-	.	207		
Total Current Assets		14,132	<u></u>	5,617		1,450		2,595
Total Assets	\$	14,132	\$	5,617	\$	1,450	\$	2,595
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Current Liabilities:								
Warrants outstanding	\$	13	\$	1	\$	7	\$	166
Accounts payable and other liabilities		5,366		313		374		208
Amounts due to other funds Deferred revenue		8,753		50		80		2
	•	-						
Total Current Liabilities	. <u> </u>	14,132		364	<u> </u>	461	•	376
Total Liabilities		14,132		364	<u> </u>	461		376
Fund Balances:				÷				
Reserves for:								
Budgetary carry-forwards: Encumbrances				246		0		
Restricted revenues		-		240		9		-
Total Reserved	·		<u></u>	246		9		
rolar negerved	, <u> </u>			240	····	<u> </u>	.	
Unreserved		-	<u> </u>	5,007		979		2,219
Total Fund Balances		·······		5,253		988		2,219
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	14,132	\$	5,617	\$	1,450	\$	2,595

 re casino IING fund	1	ECOND NJURY FUND	DISE LC INI COMF	DSIS, DUST ASE, AND DGGING DUSTRY PENSATION FUND	SE	INSURERS' ECURITY FUND	REPRE	CONSUMER SENTATION FUND	 OTALS
\$ 12,449 - - 72	\$	10,989 7,782 574	\$	2,904 - 41	\$	23,925 	\$	3,732	\$ 63,454 8,775 13,126 1,182
\$ 12,521 12,521	\$	19,345 19,345	\$	2,945 2,945	\$	24,200 24,200	\$	3,732 3,732	\$ 86,537 86,537
\$ 1 661 81 62 806	\$	585 1,989 17 4,071 6,662	\$	24 466 6 889 1,184	\$	233 11,564 10 784 12,590	\$	8 205 3 - 216	\$ 1,038 21,147 9,001 5,606 36,791
 806		6,662		1,184		12,590		216	 36,791
-		-		_				_	255
 9,980		-			, <u></u>	-			 9,980
 9,980						-			 10,235
 1,736		12,683		1,761		11,610		3,515	 39,510
 11,716		12,683		1,761		11,610		3,515	 49,746
\$ 12,521	\$	19,345	\$	2,945	\$	24,200	\$	3,732	\$ 86,537

Michigan

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT - ADMINISTRATION FUND	SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND	STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE FUND	HOMEOWNER CONSTRUCTION LIEN RECOVERY FUND
REVENUES				
From federal agencies From licenses and permits Miscellaneous	\$ 135,808 - 7	\$ <u>-</u> 9,148	\$- 7,928 90	\$
Total Revenues	135,814	9,148	8,017	1,132
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government Labor, commerce, and regulatory Debt Service:	147,689	7,893	10,722	2,294
Capital lease payments	1,400		<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	149,089	7,893	10,722	2,294
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(13,275)	1,255	(2,705)	(1,162)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital lease acquisitions Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	4,126 10,002 (853)	(56)	(85)	(1)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13,275	(56)	(85)	(1)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	1,199	(2,791)	(1,163)
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	<u> </u>	4,054	3,779	3,382
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,253	\$ 988	\$ 2,219

STATE CASINO GAMING FUND	SECOND INJURY FUND	SILICOSIS, DUST DISEASE, AND LOGGING INDUSTRY COMPENSATION FUND		UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND	TOTALS
\$- 1,373	\$ - -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 135,808 9,301
32,052	16,604	2,437	6,182	1,205	68,858
33,426	16,604	2,437	6,182	1,205	213,966
18,643 -	- 16,059	- 2,127	- 6,344	507 659	19,149 193,786
	-	-	<u> </u>	-	1,400
18,643	16,059	2,127	6,344	1,165	214,336
14,783	545	311	(162)	40	(370)
-	-	-	-	-	4,126
- (11,821)	- (13)	- (4)	(6)	(3)	10,002 (12,843)
(11,821)	(13)	(4)	(6)	(3)	1,285
2,962	532	306	(168)	37	915
8,754	12,151	1,454	11,778	3,478	48,830
<u>\$ 11,716</u>	\$ 12,683	\$ 1,761	\$ 11,610	\$ 3,515	\$ 49,746

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT - ADMINISTRATION FUND				SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND							
Statutory/Budgetary Basis		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARI	ANCE	B	UDGET		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES												
From federal agencies From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$	135,808 - 7 10,002	\$	135,808 - 7 10,002	\$	- - -	\$	- 9,148 -	\$	- 9,148 	\$	- - -
Total Revenues and Other Sources		145,816		145,816		-		9,148		9,148	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY												
Labor and Economic Growth Treasury		145,816		145,816 -		-		9,230		8,196 		1,035
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances		145,816		145,816		-		9,230		8,196		1,035
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	-		-	\$		\$	(82)		953	\$	1,035
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted				-						246		
Net Reconciling Items										246		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)										1,199		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)												
Beginning balances				-						4,054		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	-					\$	5,253		

.

	STATE CO	ONSTRUCTION C		CONSTRUC	HOMEOWNER	VERY FUND
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
\$	7,928 90 	\$ - 7,928 90 	\$	\$ 1,132	\$ 1,132	\$
	15,416 	10,817	4,599	2,400	2,294	106
<u>\$</u>	(7,398)	(2,800)	<u>\$ 4,599</u>	<u>\$ (1,268)</u>	(1,163)	<u>\$ 106</u>
		9 9				
		(2,791)			(1,163)	
		3,779 <u>\$988</u>			3,382 \$2,219	

This schedule continued on next page.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE RELATED (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	STAT	E CASINO GAMINO	AMING FUND		
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES					
From federal agencies From licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$ - 1,373 32,052	\$ 1,373 32,052	\$ - - - -		
Total Revenues and Other Sources	33,426	33,426	<u></u>		
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY					
Labor and Economic Growth Treasury	30,464	30,464	- -		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances	30,464	30,464			
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ 2,962	2,962	<u>\$</u>		
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted		-			
Net Reconciling Items					
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		2,962			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)					
Beginning balances		8,754			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$ 11,716			

Michigan

FUNDS NOT ANNUALLY BUDGETED

SECOND INJURY FUND ACTUAL	SILICOSIS, DUST DISEASE, AND LOGGING INDUSTRY COMPENSATION FUND ACTUAL	SELF-INSURERS' SECURITY FUND ACTUAL	UTILITY CONSUMER REPRESENTATION FUND ACTUAL	BUDGET	TOTALS ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
\$ - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$	\$	\$ 135,808 9,301 42,429 10,002 197,539	\$ 135,808 9,301 42,429 10,002 197,539	\$	
	- 	- 	- 	172,862 30,464 203,326	167,123 30,464 197,587	5,739	
532	306	(168)	3737	\$ (5,786)	(48) 255 708 963	\$ <u>5,739</u>	
532		(168)	37373,478		903		



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – OTHER STATE FUNDS

SCHOOL BOND LOAN FUND

Article 9, Section 16, of the State Constitution, Sections 388.921 and 388.981 of the Michigan Complied Laws authorized the issuance of State general obligation bonds to provide funds for loans to school districts. Loans are made for the payment of principal and interest on school district bonds under prescribed circumstances. State bond proceeds are credited to the fund as an "Other Financing Source." When loans are made, transfers are recorded to the General Fund, which receives loan payments and provides financing for debt service. In the General Fund, loans receivable are recorded as assets.

21st CENTURY JOBS TRUST FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 12.257 created the 21st Century Jobs Trust Fund to account for the transfer of the net bond proceeds issued by the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority. The bonds are issued to provide sufficient funds to purchase all or a portion of the State's receipts from the master settlement agreement between tobacco manufacturers and the State. Fund expenditures are used to reimburse the Michigan Strategic Fund for expenses related to revitalizing Michigan's economy and for other programs as determined by the Legislature. The fund may accept donations of money from any source; all interest earned is deposited into the State's General Fund. Beginning in fiscal year 2008 through 2015, the fund will also receive a portion of the tobacco settlement revenue received by the State.

MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.264 created the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (MTSFA) to issue bonds necessary to provide sufficient funds to purchase all or a portion of the State's tobacco receipts from the master settlement agreement between tobacco manufacturers and the State. MTSFA may also issue refunding bonds. Bonds are special revenue obligations that are payable primarily from and secured by a pledge of encumbered tobacco revenue and other assets. These bonds are not a general obligation of the State. MTSFA is required to disburse the net proceeds of the bonds to the 21st Century Jobs Trust Fund. The MTSFA special revenue fund receives bond proceeds and disburses those for the intended purposes stated in the official statement of each bond series.

MTSFA is administered by a seven-member board of directors, including the State Treasurer; the Director of the Department of Labor and Economic Growth; and five other members appointed by the Governor with varying levels of consent from the members of the legislature.

MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND

This fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 12.259 to account for a portion of the revenue from the master settlement agreement between tobacco manufacturers and the State. The settlement reimburses the State for health care costs, which result from the use of tobacco products. The fund also consists of interest and earnings from trust fund investments and donations. Fund expenditures are used for the Michigan Merit Award Scholarship, Michigan Promise Scholarship, and other programs as determined by the Legislature.

All assets and liabilities of the Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund, established by MCL Section 12.253 and repealed as part of tobacco securitization legislation passed in November 2005, were transferred to the Michigan Merit Award Trust Fund in fiscal year 2006.

CHILDREN'S TRUST FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 21.171 established the Children's Trust Fund to support the State Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Board. The Board was established under MCL Section 722.603 to coordinate and fund activities for the prevention of child abuse and neglect in the State. Not more than one-half the money contributed to the trust fund each year, plus the interest and earnings, excluding unrealized gains and losses, credited to the trust fund during the previous fiscal year are available for disbursement. Money received as gifts or donations to the trust fund shall be available for disbursement upon appropriation. Funds that are not available for disbursement are reserved as funds held for permanent investment.

ASSIGNED CLAIMS FACILITY AND PLAN FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 500.3171 requires the Secretary of State to organize and maintain the Assigned Claims Facility and Plan Fund to provide personal protection insurance benefits to persons injured by uninsured motorists, when coverage is not available from other sources. The facility administers the plan through servicing insurers. Assessments to self-insurers and no-fault insurers cover the costs incurred in the operation of the facility and the plan.

MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 35.1213 created this fund to provide assistance to families of certain members of the reserve components of the United States armed forces on active duty. A qualified individual or the individual's family shall apply to the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs for a grant from the fund. Funds are received primarily from taxpayer contributions on his or her annual State tax return designating \$1 or more of his or her refund to be credited to this fund.

MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The miscellaneous special revenue funds column reflects the activities of the following funds: Vietnam Veterans' Memorial Monument, Law Enforcement Officers Memorial, Children's Institute Trust, and Special Assessment Deferment.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	BON	SCHOOL BOND LOAN FUND		21ST CENTURY JOBS TRUST FUND		MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY		MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND	
A35213									
Current Assets: Equity in common cash Investments Other current assets	\$	715	\$	277,043	\$	89 75,346 29,457	\$	12,556	
Total Current Assets		7 15.		333,293		104,891		135,054	
Investments Other noncurrent assets		-		-		50,948 -		-	
Total Assets	\$	715	\$	333,293	\$	155,839	\$	135,054	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Current Liabilities: Warrants outstanding Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Deferred revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$	375 - 56,250 56,625	\$	6 1 27,515 27,522	\$	8 6,730 16 122,492 129,245	
Deferred revenue		· _		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		-		56,625		27,522		129,245	
Fund Balances: Reserves for: Funds held as permanent investments Noncurrent assets Total Reserved				- - -					
Unreserved		715		276,668		128,317		5,808	
Total Fund Balances		715		276,668		128,317		5,808	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	715	\$	333,293	\$	155,839	\$	135,054	

CHILDREN'S TRUST FUND		ASSIGNED CLAIMS FACILITY AND PLAN FUND		MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND		MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		TOTALS	
\$	3,881	\$	474	\$	2,133	\$	2,535	\$	299,425 75,346
	253		564		-	<u>.</u>	207		209,229
·	4,134		1,038		2,133		2,742		584,000
	17,710 -		-		-	1-1 1-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1	994		68,658 994
\$	21,844	\$	1,038	\$	2,133	\$	3,736	\$	653,651
\$	6 323 5 6	\$	24 6 1,008	\$	4 3 - -	\$	14 - -	\$	31 7,462 28 207,271
	341		1,038	. <u> </u>	7		14		214,792
	- 341	<u></u>	1,038		7		318 332		318 215,110
	19,774 - 19,775						676		19,774 676 20,451
	1,728				2,126		2,727		418,090
	21,503	<u> </u>			2,126	·····	3,404		438,541
\$	21,844	\$	1,038	\$	2,133	\$	3,736	\$	653,651

Michigan

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	BON	HOOL D LOAN UND	 r century Jobs Ust fund	TC SET F	CHIGAN DBACCO TLEMENT INANCE THORITY	MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND	
REVENUES							
From federal agencies Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ - 75,000	\$	- 45,261	\$	- 176,458
Total Revenues		-	 75,000		45,261		176,458
EXPENDITURES							
Current: General government Education Human services Public safety and corrections		-	90,812		1,098 - -		2,828 88,059 15,850
Health services		-	 -		-		69,900
Total Expenditures			 90,812		1,098		176,637
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures			 (15,812)		44,163		(178)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bonds and notes issued Discount on bond issuance Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- - - -	 60,000		63,742 (1,042) - (127,358)		(4,253)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	60,000	_	(64,657)		(4,253)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses			 44,188		(20,494)		(4,431)
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year		715	 232,480		148,811		10,239
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$	715	\$ 276,668	\$	128,317	\$	5,808

CHILDREN'S TRUST FUND		ASSIGNED CLAIMS FACILITY AND PLAN FUND		MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND		SPECIA	LLANEOUS IL REVENUE UNDS		TOTALS
\$	1,039 982	\$	146,909	\$	555	\$	128	\$	1,039 445,293
<u></u>	2,021		146,909	. <u></u> .	555		128		446,332
	337 - 2,827 -		146,842 - - - -		- - 182 -		122 - 1 -		242,039 88,059 18,679 182 69,900
	3,164		146,842		182		124		418,859
<u></u>	(1,143)	<u> </u>	67		373		4	<u></u>	27,473
	(3)		(67)		- - - -		- - - -	<u> </u>	63,742 (1,042) 60,000 (131,680)
. <u>,.</u>	(3)	<u></u>	(67)	<u> </u>			-		(8,980)
	(1 ,146) 22,649		-		373 1,753		4 3,400		18,494 420,047
\$	21,503	\$	······	\$	2,126	\$	3,404	\$	438,541

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	21ST CE	NTURY JOBS TRU	IST FUND	MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY				
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
From federal agencies	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-		
Miscellaneous	75,000	75,000	-	45,261 63,742	45,261	-		
Bonds and notes issued Transfers in	60,000	60,000	-	03,742	63,742	-		
Fransiers in					······			
Total Revenues and Other Sources	135,000	135,000	<u></u>	109,003	109,003			
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY								
Attorney General	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Colleges and Universities Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Community Health	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Military and Veterans Affairs	-	•	-	-	-	-		
Treasury	367,480	90,812	276,668	257,736	129,498	128,238		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out,								
and Encumbrances	367,480	90,812	276,668	257,736	129,498	128,238		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under)								
Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$ (232,480)	44,188	\$ 276,668	\$ (148,732)	(20,494)	\$ 128,238		
Uses (Statutory/Dudgetary Duois)	• (202,400)		\$ 270,000	φ (140,702)	(20,404)	· 120,200		
Reconciling Items:								
Encumbrances at September 30		-			-			
Funds not annually budgeted		-						
Net Reconciling Items					<u> </u>			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources								
over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)		44,188			(20,494)			
and Other Uses (GAAP basis)		44,188			(20,494)			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)								
Beginning balances		232,480			148,811			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)		\$ 276,668			\$ 128,317			

MIC	MICHIGAN MERIT AWARD TRUST FUND				CHILDREN'S TRUST FUND						MILITARY FAMILY RELIEF FUND					
BUD	GET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	VARIANCE B		A	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE	BL	JDGET	AC	TUAL	VARIANCE		
	76,458	\$ - 176,458 - -	\$ - - -	\$	1,039 982	\$	1,039 982 - -	\$	- - -	\$	555	\$	555	\$	- - -	
17	6,458	176,458			2,021		2,021	**** **			555		555	. <u></u>	<u> </u>	
6 1	407 98,050 99,900 5,850 - 3,144	358 92,309 69,900 15,850 - 2,473	49 5,741 - - 671		4,849		2,830 337		2,019		- - 1,000		182		- - - 818 -	
	37,351	180,890	6,461		5,186		3,168		2,019		1,000		182	<u></u>	818	
		<u> </u>				<u></u>			<u>,</u>							
\$ (1	0,892)	(4,431)	\$ 6,461	\$	(3,165)		(1,146)	\$	2,019	\$	(445)	. <u></u>	373	\$	818	
		- 														
		(4,431)					(1,146)						373			
		10,239					22,649						1,753			
		\$ 5,808				\$	21,503					\$	2,126			

This schedule continued on next page.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - OTHER STATE FUNDS (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

FUNDS NOT ANNUALLY BUDGETED

	SCHOOL ASSIGNED CLAIMS MISCELLANEOUS BOND LOAN FACILITY AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND PLAN FUND FUNDS					TOTALS						
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	ACT	UAL	ACT	UAL	AC	TUAL	E	BUDGET		CTUAL	V	ARIANCE
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES												
From federal agencies Miscellaneous Bonds and notes issued Transfers in	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	1,039 298,256 63,742 60,000	\$	1,039 298,256 63,742 60,000	\$	-
Total Revenues and Other Sources	·		·····	-				423,038	<u>.</u>	423,038		
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY												
Attorney General Colleges and Universities Grants		-		-		-		407 98,050		358 92,309		49 5,741
Community Health Human Services		-		-		-		69,900 20,699		69,900 18,680		- 2,019
Military and Veterans Affairs		-		-		-		1,000		182		818
Treasury	<u></u>	-		-		-		628,697		223,120		405,577
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				818,753		404,549	·	414,204
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Othe Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)		-		-		-	\$	(395,715)		18,489	\$	414,204
—					. <u></u>							<u></u>
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30 Funds not annually budgeted		-		-		4				4		
Net Reconciling Items						4				4		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				-		4_				18,494		
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)												
Beginning balances		715				3,400				420,047		
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)	\$	715	\$	-	\$	3,404			\$	438,541		

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for the debt service on all State Trunkline Fund (STF) related bond issues allowed for under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.661. The bonds are not general obligations of the State. The bonds are payable solely out of funds restricted for transportation purposes by Article 9, Section 9, of the State Constitution and irrevocably pledged by law for deposit in STF. Debt service requirements are funded by annual appropriations in STF.

COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for the debt service on all Comprehensive Transportation Fund (CTF) related bond issues allowed for under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 247.660b. The bonds are not general obligations of the State. The bonds are payable solely out of funds restricted for comprehensive transportation purposes by Article 9, Section 9, of the State Constitution and irrevocably pledged by law for deposit in CTF. Debt service requirements are funded by annual appropriations in CTF.

RECREATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND REDEMPTION FUND

Sections 324.19506 and 324.71506 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) established this fund to service bond issues of the Recreation Bond Fund-Local Projects, Recreation Bond Fund-State Projects, and the Environmental Protection Bond Fund. Also pursuant to MCL Section 324.95102, the fund services bond issues of the Clean Michigan Initiative Bond Fund-Local Projects, Clean Michigan Initiative Bond Fund-State Projects, and Clean Michigan Initiative Bond Fund-State Projects. This fund also reflects debt service transactions related to State Park Improvement Fund (SPIF) revenue bonds, issued pursuant to MCL Section 324.74106.

Financing of debt retirement, interest expense, and paying agent fees is provided by annual legislative appropriation from the General Fund, transfers from SPIF representing state park revenues pledged for the payment of State Park Gross Revenue Bonds, and transfers from other funds as required by legislative appropriation or executive order.

Reserved fund balance of \$300 thousand on the Balance Sheet represents a reserve account required by the State Park Gross Revenue Bonds document for additional security to pay bond principal and interest.

SCHOOL LOAN BOND REDEMPTION FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 388.922 created this fund to account for debt service on general obligation bonds issued to finance loans to local school districts. Financing of debt retirement, interest expense, and paying agent fees is provided by annual legislative appropriation from the General Fund or School Aid Fund.

MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY

The Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority (MTSFA) was created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.264. The debt service fund was established to account for debt service payment on bonds issued by MTSFA. The MTSFA special revenue fund receives bond proceeds and disburses those for the intended purposes stated in the Official Statement of each bond series. Debt service financing is provided by pledged tobacco settlement revenues, as described in the bond indentures of MTSFA, that are received by the special revenue fund. These bonds are not a general obligation of the State.

STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY

The State Building Authority (SBA) was created pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 830.412, to issue bonds to finance the acquisition or renovation of buildings for use by the State or public institutions of higher education, as well as State furnishings and equipment.

SBA projects are financed by revenue bonds, the proceeds of which can only be used for construction and debt service on projects related to particular bond issues. During construction, debt service requirements are financed by a portion of the bond proceeds that are dedicated for that purpose. For completed projects, the resources to finance bond interest and redemption are provided by transfers from the General Fund and from investment earnings of this fund. When a project is completed, the remaining net assets are transferred to this fund where they are invested and used for debt service. Excess balances related to a particular bond series remaining in the fund after the final payment on the bond series are transferred to the General Fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND		COME COMPRE TRANSPC BOND INTER REDEM FUI	HENSIVE PRTATION AND REST IPTION	RECREATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND REDEMPTION FUND		
Current Assets:							
Equity in common cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,301	
Investments Other current assets		-		-		-	
Total Current Assets						1,301	
Total Outent Assets	<u> </u>					1,001	
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,301	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Current Liabilities:							
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		-		-		2	
Total Current Liabilities		-		-		3	
Total Liabilities	=	-		-		3	
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for other purposes		-		-		300	
Unreserved	<u></u>	-		-	<u></u>	999	
Total Fund Balances		-		-		1,299	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,301	

LOAN REDE	HOOL I BOND MPTION JND	MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY			STATE BUILDING JTHORITY	TOTALS	
\$	136 - -	\$	6	\$	- 219,233 290	\$ 1,437 219,238 291	
	136		6		219,523	 220,966	
\$	136	\$	6	\$	219,523	\$ 220,966	
\$	136 136	\$	6	\$	4	\$ 1 148 149	
	136		6		4	149	
				<u></u>	219,518 219,518	 300 220,517 220,817	
\$	136	\$	6	\$	219,523	\$ 220,966	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

REVENUES	COMBINED STATE TRUNKLINE BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND	COMBINED COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION BOND AND INTEREST REDEMPTION FUND	RECREATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BOND REDEMPTION FUND
Miscellaneous	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 24
Total Revenues	1	<u> </u>	24
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	•	-	1,057
Education Transportation	- 1	- 1	-
Debt Service:	I	I	-
Bond principal retirement	75,523	21,275	44,318
Bond interest and fiscal charges	112,609	12,041	33,951
Total Expenditures	188,133	33,317	79,327
Excess of Revenues over (under)			
Expenditures	(188,132)	(33,316)	(79,303)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	208,780
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	15,596
Discount on bond issuance	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers from other funds	- 188,132	33,316	(223,319) 78,286
Hansiers nom other funds			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	188,132	33,316	79,343
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	- -	40
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	-		1,258
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$	\$	\$ 1,299

SCHOOL LOAN BOND REDEMPTION FUND	MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY	STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY	TOTALS
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,613	\$ 3,639
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,613	3,639
543 - -	1,182 - -	- 829 -	2,783 829 2
3,290	10,110 53,904	87,145 123,441	238,371 339,237
3,833	65,196	211,415	581,221
(3,833)	(65,196)	(207,802)	(577,582)
- - - 3,833	138,666 (2,267) (138,560) 67,358	219,410	347,446 15,596 (2,267) (361,879) 590,335
3,833	65,196	219,410	589,231
-	-	11,608 207,910	11,649 209,168
\$	\$-	\$ 219,518	\$ 220,817

,



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND - STATE PROJECTS

Established in 1988, this fund operates under Sections 324.19601 – 324.19616, 324.71501 – 324.71514, and 324.74106 – 324.74113 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The balances in the fund reflect proceeds and investment earnings remaining from two bond packages: \$70 million of general obligation bonds approved by voters in November 1988 as part of a \$140 million bond package for financing State and local public recreation projects and \$50 million of general obligation bonds approved by voters in November 1998 as part of a \$675 million bond package known as the "Clean Michigan Initiative."

Proceeds from the 1988 bond package were used to construct, expand, and develop recreational facilities at State parks. Proceeds from the 1998 bond package were used for infrastructure improvements at State parks with the installation or upgrade of drinking water systems or restroom facilities as a first priority.

ADVANCE FINANCING FUNDS

The Advance Financing Funds reflects the activities of two subfunds: the State Building Authority (SBA) Advance Financing Fund and the Site Preparation Economic Development Fund.

The SBA Advance Financing Fund was administratively established to account for expenditures incurred for equipment, higher education, and State projects prior to the issuance of SBA bonds. Appropriation acts and concurrent resolutions provide temporary financing of such expenditures for legislatively authorized projects. Expenditures on behalf of SBA are recorded when incurred. At year-end, any deficit in the common cash pool is reclassified as a payable to the General Fund. In addition to advance expenditures, expenditures financed by the General Fund or other sources related to the SBA projects are recorded in this fund.

SBA, in its separately issued statements, does not recognize liabilities for these projects until bonds or commercial paper are issued; therefore, no receivable from SBA is recognized in this fund prior to bond or commercial paper issuance. This results in the fund showing a year-end fund balance deficit. SBA will reimburse this fund by recording a transfer and the deficit attributable to the bonded projects will be eliminated when SBA issues bonds or obtains commercial paper.

The Site Preparation Economic Development Fund is created through the annual appropriations process to account for expenditures incurred to prepare and sell State owned sites declared as surplus that would provide economic benefit to the area or State. Expenditures are recorded when incurred. Sale proceeds of fund properties are deposited into the fund.

STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY

The State Building Authority (SBA) was created pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws Section 830.412, to issue bonds to finance the acquisition or renovation of buildings for use by the State or public institutions of higher education, as well as State furnishings and equipment. The SBA's five-member board is appointed by the Governor.

This capital projects fund accounts for the construction of State projects, certain equipment financing, and higher education related projects. Transfers out reflect transfers to the debt service fund of proceeds dedicated for debt service during construction, reimbursements of expenditures to the SBA Advance Financing Fund, and the transfer of net assets remaining after the completion of a project to the debt service fund. In the State's Government-wide Financial Statements, accumulated expenditures for incomplete projects are reflected as "construction in progress" and completed projects are recorded as "buildings."

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND - STATE PROJECTS		FI	DVANCE NANCING FUNDS	STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY			TOTALS
Current Assets:								
Equity in common cash	\$	1,862	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,862
Amounts due from other funds		-		17,019		-		17,019
Amounts due from local units		-		3		-		3
Investments Other current assets		-		-		16,879 42		16,879 42
Total Current Assets		1,862		17,022		16,921		35.806
Total Ourient Assets		1,002		17,022		10,021		00,000
Total Assets	\$	1,862	\$	17,022	\$	16,921	\$	35,806
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Current Liabilities:								
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	54	\$	-	\$	54
Accounts payable and other liabilities		-		35,401		182		35,583
Amounts due to other funds		-		11,100		17,019		28,120
Bonds and notes payable		-		-		210,310		210,310
Interest payable						457		457
Total Current Liabilities				46,555		227,969	<u> </u>	274,524
Total Liabilities	. <u> </u>			46,555		227,969		274,524
Fund Balances:								
Unreserved		1,862		(29,533)		(211,047)		(238,718)
Total Fund Balances		1,862		(29,533)		(211,047)	<u></u>	(238,718)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,862	\$	17,022	\$	16,921	\$	35,806

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	COMBINED RECREATION BOND FUND - STATE PROJECTS	RECREATION BOND FUND - ADVANCE STATE FINANCING		TOTALS
REVENUES				
Miscellaneous	\$ 66	\$-	\$ 512	\$ 577
Total Revenues	66		512	577
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Education Conservation, environment,	-	12,867	56,406	69,273
recreation, and agriculture Capital outlay	1 213	- 9,266	- 17,177	1 26,656
				·····
Total Expenditures	214	22,133	73,583	95,929
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(148)	(22,133)	(73,071)	(95,352)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bonds and notes issued Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	-	75,139	96,500 - (75,135)	96,500 75,139 (75,135)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	75,139	21,365	96,503
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(148)	53,006	(51,707)	1,151
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year	2,010	(82,539)	(159,340)	(239,869)
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$ 1,862	\$ (29,533)	\$ (211,047)	\$ (238,718)



PERMANENT FUNDS

MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND

Article 9, Section 35, of the State Constitution created the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund. The fund, established in 1985, operates under Sections 324.1901 - 324.1910 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Most "royalty revenues" (i.e. rentals, royalties, and other revenues derived from mineral, coal, oil, and gas interests on State-owned lands) are credited to the fund. A portion (50%, up to \$10 million per year) of these revenues are transferred to the Michigan State Parks Endowment Fund (MSPEF). The State Treasurer directs the investments of the fund, which include fixed income and equity investments.

The interest and investment earnings and one-third of royalty revenues are available for appropriation. Appropriations are used to fund grants to local units of government as well as State agencies to acquire land or develop public recreation facilities and to fund payments in lieu of property taxes on State lands acquired by the fund. Two-thirds of royalty revenues, less the portion transferred to MSPEF, are added to the accumulated principal until the accumulated principal reaches \$500 million. After that time, all royalties will be deposited into MSPEF and only investment earnings and interest will be available for appropriation in this fund.

MICHIGAN STATE PARKS ENDOWMENT FUND

Established in 1994, this fund is governed by the provisions of Michigan Compiled Laws Section 324.74119 to finance operations, maintenance, and capital improvements at Michigan State parks. The voters approved a constitutional amendment in August 2002 that changed the distribution formula and allows the State Treasurer to invest in equity securities and other types of investments.

The fund was established with a \$40 million transfer from the sale of the Accident Fund of Michigan to provide funds for permanent investment. By statute, up to \$10 million per year of revenues from oil and gas bonuses, rentals, and royalties from State-owned land are deposited into this fund until the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund reaches an accumulated principal of \$500 million after which time all revenue previously going to that fund will go to this fund. The fund's investment reserve will be capped at \$800 million. The legislature is limited to appropriating no more than 50% of the amount transferred from the Michigan Natural Resources Trust Fund plus interest and investment earnings. When the fund's reserve reaches \$800 million, only the interest and earnings in excess of the amount needed to maintain the \$800 million principal limit, annually adjusted for inflation, may be expended.

MICHIGAN VETERANS' TRUST FUND

Article 9, Section 37 of the State Constitution created this fund to finance programs to assist veterans and their beneficiaries. A seven-member board of trustees governs the fund. Resources are provided by investment and common cash earnings. Expenditures and transfers out reflect grants to veterans and their widows or dependents, and administrative costs at both the State and local level. The fund is administrative within the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PERMANENT FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	N RES	MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND		IICHIGAN ATE PARKS DOWMENT FUND	VE	CHIGAN TERANS' JST FUND	TOTALS	
ASSETS								
Current Assets: Equity in common cash Amounts due from local units Other current assets	\$	180,365 - 14,104	\$	13,316 - 1,208	\$	3,460 32 422	\$	197,141 32 15,733
Total Current Assets		194,469		14,524		3,914		212,907
Investments		315,123		127,217	•·····	43,126	·	485,466
Total Assets	\$	509,592	\$	141,741	\$	47,040	\$	698,373
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		<u> </u>	<u></u>				<u></u>	
Current Liabilities: Warrants outstanding Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds	\$	2,379 6,928 21	\$	61 1,025 34	\$	2 43 5	\$	2,441 7,995 59
Total Current Liabilities		9,327		1,119	<u></u>	49		10,495
Total Liabilities		9,327		1,119		49		10,495
Fund Balances: Reserves For: Budgetary Carry-Forwards:								
Encumbrances Restricted revenues Multi-year projects		20,828 - 51,835		132 2,887 99		- - -		20,960 2,887 51,934
Funds held as permanent investments		379,049	~~	129,256		49,000		557,305
Total Reserved		451,712	····	132,375	<u></u>	49,000	<u> </u>	633,087
Unreserved		48,553		8,247	<u></u>	(2,009)		54,791
Total Fund Balances		500,265		140,622		46,991		687,878
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	509,592	\$	141,741	\$	47,040	\$	698,373

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PERMANENT FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND		ST	NICHIGAN ATE PARKS DOWMENT FUND	VE	ICHIGAN ETERANS' UST FUND	TOTALS		
REVENUES									
Miscellaneous	\$	97,240	\$	1,203	\$	1,384	\$	99,827	
Total Revenues		97,240		1,203		1,384		99,827	
EXPENDITURES									
Current: General government Public safety and corrections Conservation, environment,		3,124 -		1,714 -		608 2,280		5,447 2,280	
recreation, and agriculture Capital outlay		2,991 24,838		13,983 32		-		16,974 24,870	
Total Expenditures		30,953		15,729		2,889		49,570	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		66,288	. <u> </u>	(14,526)		(1,505)		50,257	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		118 - (10,012)		10,000 (64)		(4)		118 10,000 (10,081)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,894)		9,936		(4)		37	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses		56,393		(4,590)		(1,509)		50,294	
Fund Balances - Beginning of fiscal year		443,872		145,212		48,500		637,584	
Fund Balances - End of fiscal year	\$	500,265	\$	140,622	\$	46,991	\$	687,878	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -PERMANENT FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	MICHIGAN NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND						MICHIGAN STATE PARKS ENDOWMENT FUND						
Statutory/Budgetary Basis	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES													
Miscellaneous Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$	97,240 118	\$	97,240 118	\$	-	\$	1,203	\$	1,203	\$	-	
Transfers in			•••••	-	,,	<u> </u>		10,000		10,000		<u> </u>	
Total Revenues and Other Sources		97,358		97,358	1-0-1			11,203		11,203		-	
EXPENDITURES, TRANSFERS OUT, AND ENCUMBRANCES - BY BRANCH, DEPARTMENT/AGENCY													
Military and Veterans Affairs		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Natural Resources Treasury		62,549 3,124		58,668 3,124		3,880		14,388 1,714		14,211 1,714		177	
			•••••		·						•		
Total Expenditures, Transfers Out, and Encumbrances		65,673	<u></u>	61,793		3,880		16,102		15,925	<u> </u>	177	
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Other Uses (Statutory/budgetary basis)	\$	31,685		35,565	\$	3,880	\$	(4,899)		(4,722)	\$	177	
Reconciling Items: Encumbrances at September 30				20,828						132			
Net Reconciling Items				20,828						132			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses (GAAP Basis)				56,393						(4,590)			
FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)													
Beginning balances				443,872						145,212			
Ending balances (GAAP Basis)			\$	500,265					\$	140,622			

_	MICHIGA	AN VETERANS' TRUST FUND					TOTALS							
_	BUDGET	/	ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VA	RIANCE			
\$	1,384 - -	\$	1,384 - -	\$	- - -	\$	99,827 118 10,000	\$	99,827 118 10,000	\$	- - -			
	1,384		1,384				109,945	\$	109,945	\$	-			
	4,969 - 608		2,284 - 608		2,685 - -		4,969 76,936 5,447		2,284 72,880 5,447		2,685 4,057 -			
	5,577		2,893_		2,685		87,352	<u></u>	80,611		6,741			
\$	(4,194)		(1,509)	\$	2,685	\$	22,593		29,334	\$	6,741			
			<u> </u>						20,960					
								<u></u>	20,960					
			(1,509)						50,294					
			48,500						637,584					
		\$	46,991					\$	687,878					



ENTERPRISE FUNDS

LIQUOR PURCHASE REVOLVING FUND

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 436.1221 authorized the Liquor Control Commission, within the Department of Labor and Economic Growth, to maintain a revolving fund that is to be derived from the money deposited to the credit of the commission with the State Treasurer. Under State monopoly, liquor is sold at wholesale through a State controlled, privately operated distribution system. The fund accounts for the sales of and the replenishing and transporting of the liquor stock. Administrative, warehousing, and delivery costs are paid for through the fund. At the end of each fiscal year, the "net income" of the fund is transferred to the General Fund in accordance with MCL Section 18.1435.

ATTORNEY DISCIPLINE SYSTEM

The Attorney Discipline System (ADS) consists of the Attorney Grievance Commission and the Attorney Discipline Board. This system provides the courts, legal profession, and the general public with a means to ensure that complaints against attorneys for potential violations of the Court Rules and the Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct are properly heard and investigated, and that sanctions are imposed where required. ADS is under the supervision of the Michigan Supreme Court.

ADS receives revenue in the form of mandatory annual assessments on members of the State Bar of Michigan, provided for by Court Rules. This system also receives other revenue, primarily through the assessment of administrative fees and the recovery of costs, including subpoena fees and transcript costs.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	PU	Liquor Jrchase Volving Fund	DIS	TORNEY SCIPLINE YSTEM	TOTALS		
Current Assets: Cash Equity in common cash Inventories Investments Other current assets Total Current Assets	\$	1 55,057 8,773 - 4,744 - 68,574	\$	892 - 4,364 85 5,341	\$	893 55,057 8,773 4,364 4,829 73,915	
Capital Assets: Buildings and equipment Allowance for depreciation Total capital assets	. <u></u>			371 (353) 17		371 (353) 17	
Total Assets	\$	68,574	\$	5,359	\$	73,933	
Current Liabilities: Warrants outstanding Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Deferred revenue Current portion of other long-term obligations Total Current Liabilities	\$	3,656 62,743 142 319 66,861	\$	240 - 395 - 635	\$	3,656 62,984 142 395 319 67,496	
Long-Term Liabilities: Noncurrent portion of other Iong-term obligations Total Liabilities		837		<u> </u>	<u></u>	1,144 68,640	
NET ASSETS			· · · · · ·				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$	876	\$	17 4,399	\$	17 5,275	
Total Net Assets	\$	876	\$	4,417	\$	5,293	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	LIQUOR PURCHASE REVOLVING FUND	ATTORNEY DISCIPLINE SYSTEM	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES Operating revenues	\$ 768,085	\$ 4,885	\$ 772,970
Total Operating Revenues	768,085	4,885	772,970
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries, wages, and other administrative	59,523	4,967	64,489
Depreciation	-	9	9
Purchases for resale	561,269	-	561,269
Premiums and claims	38	-	38
Other operating expenses	1,161		1,161
Total Operating Expenses	621,991	4,976	626,967
Operating Income (Loss)	146,094	(91)	146,003
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES))		
Specific tax on spirits	13,663	-	13,663
Interest revenue	1,973	218	2,192
Total Nonoperating			
Revenues (Expenses)	15,636	218	15,854
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	161,730	127	161,857
TRANSFERS			
Transfers to other funds	(161,730)	<u> </u>	(161,730)
Change in net assets	-	127	127
Total net assets - Beginning of fiscal year	876	4,290	5,165
Total net assets - End of fiscal year	\$ 876	\$ 4,417	\$ 5,293

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	P	LIQUOR URCHASE EVOLVING FUND	DIS	TORNEY SCIPLINE YSTEM		TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	768,085	\$	-	\$	768,08
Membership dues		-		4,629		4,62
Payments to employees		(13,415)		(3,555)		(16,97
Payments to suppliers		(612,997)		(677)		(613,67
Other receipts		45		182		22
Other payments		(1,200)		(397)		(1,59
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	140,518	\$	181	\$	140,69
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Specific tax on spirits	\$	13,663	\$	-	\$	13,66
Transfers to other funds	Ψ	(161,730)	Ψ	-	Ŧ	(161,73
Net cash provided (used)		(101,700)		— <u></u>		(
by noncapital financing activities	\$	(148,067)	\$		\$	(148,06
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of investment securities	\$	-	\$	(1,088)	\$	(1,08
Interest and dividends on investments	_	1,973		218		2,19
Net cash provided (used)						
by investing activities	\$	1,973	\$	(870)	\$	1,10
Net cash provided (used) - all activities Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(5,576)	\$	(688)	\$	(6,26
at beginning of year		56,978		1,580		58,55
Cash and cash equivalents						
at end of year	\$	51,401	\$	892	\$	52,29
RECONCILIATION OF CASH						
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
Per Statement of Net Assets Classifications:	¢		¢	000	~	
Cash	\$	1 55,057	\$	892	\$	89 55,05
Equity in common cash Warrants outstanding				-		-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	<u>(3,656)</u> 51,401	\$	892	\$	(3,65
	<u> </u>		Ψ	002	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED						
	~	1 40 00 4	¢	(01)	<u>^</u>	4.40 00
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	\$	146,094	\$	(91)	\$	146,00
to Net Cash Provided (Used)						
by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation expense				9		
Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				5		
Inventories		(4,361)		-		(4,36
Other assets (net)		4,339		(12)		4,32
Accounts payable and other liabilities		(5,555)		350		(5,20
Deferred revenue		-		(74)		(0,20
Net cash provided (used)						(/
		140,518				140,69

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES REVOLVING FUND

Authorized by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 800.325, this fund accounts for the financial transactions of a manufacturing and processing industry, employing inmates incarcerated in Michigan's correctional institutions. MCL Section 800.326 expanded the fund's sales market to include institutions of this or any other state or political subdivision thereof, the federal government or its agencies, a foreign government or agencies of a foreign government, a private vendor that operates the youth correctional facility, and certain tax-exempt organizations.

Executive Order 1992-13 stipulates that the fund repay the General Fund for the cost of building and equipping prison factories included as part of new prison construction. The costs of buildings and equipment are to be repaid over 30 years and 10 years respectively. The minimum required payment was made in fiscal year 2008.

MOTOR TRANSPORT FUND

This fund was created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 18.1213 to provide vehicle and travel services for State agencies. Activities include lease, purchase, replacement, and maintenance of automotive equipment. Vehicles are available to agencies on a permanently assigned basis or through the motor pool for short-term usage and are furnished to agencies at a rate sufficient to cover all costs of operation and maintenance. Agencies are billed on a monthly basis for services rendered.

OFFICE SERVICES REVOLVING FUND

Created in 1952, this fund operates under Michigan Compiled Laws Section 18.1269 to provide services in the following areas: printing, reproduction, microfilm, mailing, distribution of federal and state surplus property, and materials management. The cost of the services or supplies is charged to user departments and agencies. Resultant revenue is credited to the revolving fund and is used for administration and operation of the program, including purchase of necessary equipment. During fiscal year 2002, the use of the fund was expanded to account for the purchase of bulk gas used by State agencies.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND

This fund was created by administrative decision to provide telecommunication and information technology services for State agencies. User agencies are billed for the cost of such services. During fiscal year 2002, the use of this fund was expanded to account for all information technology activities of the executive branch as prescribed in Executive Order 2001-03.

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

Administratively established, this fund accounts for certain centralized risk management functions performed by the Department of Management and Budget for other State agencies. Currently, the fund has assumed a degree of risk for the automotive liability. This activity and administrative functions are recorded as operating activity of the fund. An activity of the fund for which the fund assumes no risk is the centralized processing of workers' compensation payments for State agencies. Workers' compensation long-term claim liabilities are recorded in the Government-wide Financial Statements and the related current year workers' compensation expenditures are recorded in the applicable funds.

STATE SPONSORED GROUP INSURANCE FUND

This fund was administratively established to reflect the financial transactions of the State sponsored insurance plans that provide health, long-term disability, life, vision, and dental coverage for participating employees. The plans' funding methods range from those where the State is fully self-insured to those where an outside carrier assumes partial risk on a contracted basis. A note to the Government-wide Financial Statements entitled "Risk Management" provides additional information about this fund.

The amounts reflected as amounts due from other funds include reclassifications of other funds' negative balances in the common cash pool.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	INE RE	RECTIONAL DUSTRIES VOLVING FUND	TRA	IOTOR ANSPORT FUND	SI	OFFICE ERVICES VOLVING FUND
ASSETS	***					
Current Assets:						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	491
Equity in common cash		1,096		1,560		630
Amounts due from other funds		-		-		-
Amounts due from component units		-		-		-
Inventories		10,317		633		4,691
Other current assets	<u>.</u>	442	<u></u>	5,196	. <u> </u>	5,731
Total Current Assets		11,856		7,388	. <u> </u>	11,542
Capital Assets:						
Land and other non-depreciable assets		-		-		-
Buildings and equipment		50, † 23		9,867		19,365
Allowance for depreciation		(26,766)		(8,952)		(13,866)
Total capital assets		23,358		914		5,499
Other noncurrent assets		-		-	3 5 ,	-
Total Assets	\$	35,213	\$	8,303	\$	17,042
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Warrants outstanding	\$	83	\$	49	\$	45
Accounts payable and other liabilities		2,533		2,776		17,560
Amounts due to other funds		188		39		4,312
Deferred revenue		-		-		-
Current portion of other long-term obligations		84		157		970
Total Current Liabilities		2,889		3,021		22,887
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Advances from other funds		7,548		-		-
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations		1,452		341	<u> </u>	1,384
Total Liabilities	\$	11,889	\$	3,363	\$	24,271
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	23,358	\$	914	\$	5,244
Restricted for other purposes	,	.,		4,026		_,
Unrestricted		(34)				(12,473)
Total Net Assets	\$	23,324	\$	4,940	\$	(7,229)
						

ORMATION CHNOLOGY FUND	MAI	RISK NAGEMENT FUND	STATE PONSORED GROUP SURANCE FUND	TOTALS		
\$ 29,731 - 76 172 29,980	\$	7,331 - - 1 7,332	\$ 6 194,331 22,412 154 - - 7,834 224,736	\$ 	496 234,679 22,412 154 15,717 19,375 292,834	
 9,170 630,060 (437,514) 201,715		4 (4) - 1,550	 - - - 1,100		9,170 709,419 (487,102) 231,487 2,650	
\$ 231,695	\$	8,882	\$ 225,836	\$	526,971	
\$ 390 43,814 1,807 49,455 12,243 107,708	\$	671 9 2,038 2,719	\$ 42 52,314 - 155 46,649 99,160	\$	609 119,669 6,356 49,610 62,140 238,384	
\$ 18,577 126,285	\$	3,160 5,879	\$ 86,279 185,439	\$	7,548 111,193 357,126	
\$ 194,394 - (88,984)	\$	3,003	\$ - - 40,397	\$	223,910 4,026 (58,091)	
\$ 105,410	\$	3,003	\$ 40,397	\$	169,845	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

		FUND	REVOLVING FUND
OPERATING REVENUES			
Operating revenues	\$ 41,366	\$ 58,359	\$ 111,921
Total Operating Revenues	41,366	58,359	111,921
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries, wages, and other administrative	24,036	5,591	26,643
Interest expense Depreciation	- 1,422	- 221	- 1,521
Purchases for resale	1,422	-	82,328
Purchases for prison industries	17,826	-	
Premiums and claims	-	2,122	-
Other operating expenses:			
Leased vehicles expense	-	19,868	-
Vehicle maintenance expense	-	30,397	-
Total other operating expenses		50,264	<u> </u>
Total Operating Expenses	43,284	58,198	110,492
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,919)	161	1,429
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Other nonoperating revenues	-	64	-
Interest expense	(252)	-	(83)
Other nonoperating expense	(11)	-	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(264)	64	(83)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(2,182)	225	1,346
TRANSFERS			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	-	(26)	(107)
Total Transfers In (Out)	-	(26)	(107)
Change in net assets	(2,182)	199	1,239
Total net assets - Beginning of fiscal year - restated	25,506	4,741	(8,469)
Total net assets - End of fiscal year	23,324	\$ 4,940	\$ (7,229)

	ORMATION CHNOLOGY FUND	MANA	risk Agement Fund		STATE ONSORED GROUP SURANCE FUND	TOTALS			
\$	475,638	\$	4,935	\$	707,737	\$	1,399,957		
	475,638	<u> </u>	4,935		707,737		1,399,957		
	438,227 1 44,605 - - 6		2,760 - - - - 491		23,911 - - - - 656,465		521,168 1 47,770 82,328 17,826 659,085		
	-		-				19,868 30,397 50,264		
	482,840	······	3,251		680,376	•	1,378,441		
	(7,201)		1,684		27,361	<u></u>	21,516		
	39 (289) (1)	. <u></u>	4		3,521	<u></u>	3,629 (624) (13)		
<u> </u>	(251)	<u></u>	4		3,521		2,992		
	(7,452)		1,688		30,882		24,508		
	(1,186)		(15)	. <u></u>	14,093		14,093 (1,333)		
	(1,186)		(15)		14,093		12,759		
	(8,638)		1,673		44,975		37,267		
\$	114,048	 \$	1,330		(4,578) 40,397		<u>132,578</u> 169,845		
—		÷		<u> </u>		÷			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	INC	RECTIONAL DUSTRIES VOLVING FUND		NOTOR ANSPORT FUND	SI	OFFICE ERVICES VOLVING FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers	\$	41,263	\$	57,946	\$	108,812
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	Ŷ	(15,678) (14,227)	Ŷ	(3,243) (53,905)	Ŷ	(12,430) (90,303)
Claims paid Other receipts		-		- 174		-
Other payments		(8,114)		-		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,244	\$	972	\$	6,079
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Loans or loan repayments from other funds Loans or loan repayments to other funds	\$	(140) (1,415)	\$	-	\$	4,132 (8,605)
Transfers from other funds		(1,415)		-		(6,605)
Transfers to other funds				(26)		(107)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	¢	(1 666)	¢	(06)	¢	(4.500)
financing activities		(1,555)	\$	(26)	\$	(4,580)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$	(265)	\$	(95)	\$	(136)
Interest paid		(252)		-		-
Capital lease payments (including imputed						(700)
interest expense) Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		64		(760)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related						
financing activities	\$	(517)	\$	(30)	\$	(896)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends on investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net cash provided (used)	•		•		•	
by investing activities	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Net cash provided (used) - all activities	\$	1,172	\$	915	\$	603
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year - restated		(159)		595	<u>.</u>	472
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,013	\$	1,511	\$	1,075
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Per Statement of Net Assets Classifications:						
Cash Equity in common cash	\$	- 1,096	\$	- 1,560	\$	491 630
Warrants outstanding		(83)		(49)		(45)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,013	\$	1,511	\$	1,075
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,919)	\$	161	\$	1,429
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net						
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation expense		1,422		221		1,521
Other reconciling item		-		-		-
Net Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		0.074		(4.00)		(5.40)
Inventories Other assets (net)		2,871 (103)		(169) 421		(549) (3,092)
Accounts payable and other liabilities		971		338		6,769
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,244	\$	972	\$	6,079
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Cost of capital assets acquisitions financed by capital leases	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital lease liabilities entered into during the year	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(11)		-	<u></u>	
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	(11)	\$	-	\$	-
			- The second sec		<u> </u>	

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		ORMATION CHNOLOGY FUND		RISK AGEMENT FUND		STATE PONSORED GROUP SURANCE FUND		TOTALS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	(172,414)	\$	(878) (2,228) (1,238) 4	\$	(221,124) (425,675)	\$	(204,644) (639,894) (426,913) 178
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	77,143	\$	595	\$	67,865	\$	155,897
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	- - - (1,186)	\$	-	\$		\$	(14,152) 14,093
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	(1,186)	\$	1,400	\$	9,961	\$	4,015
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(67,260) -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(2,241)		-		-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	(69,501)	\$		\$	-	\$	(70,944)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	-	\$	-			\$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	-	\$		\$	3,521	\$	3,521
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	29,341	\$	7,331	\$	194,295	\$	234,566
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(390)		-		194,331 (42)		234,679 (609)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	(7,201)	\$	1,684	\$	27,361	\$	21,516
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		44,605				-		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-		-		
\$ 4,990 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,990 (4,990) (4,990) (11)		39,869	<u> </u>	(1,093)	<u></u>	36,890	<u>~</u>	83,745
(4,990) - (4,990) - (11)	<u>Þ</u>	//,143	<u>.</u>	242	<u> </u>	600,10	<u> </u>	133,03/
\$-\$- \$ (11)	\$	4,990 (4,990) -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,990)
	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	(11)

PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

Notes to the financial statements, entitled "Deferred Compensation Plans", "Pension Benefits", and "Other Postemployment Benefits," include additional information regarding the following funds and plans.

STATE OF MICHIGAN DEFERRED COMPENSATION FUNDS

The State of Michigan Deferred Compensation Fund I (457) and the State of Michigan Deferred Compensation Fund II (401k) are combined for reporting purposes. Both funds were administratively established to account for deferred compensation plans that permit State employees to defer a portion of their income until future years. Executive Order 1999-7 transferred administration of the plans from the Department of Treasury to the Department of Management and Budget. However, the State Treasurer continues to oversee investment options.

LEGISLATIVE PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Legislative Retirement System (LRS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1001. LRS's pension plan provides benefits for members of the Legislature, the presiding officers, and their surviving spouses or children. Participants in the system have a deduction from each salary payment to partially finance the fund. Legislative appropriations, interest on fund investments, and court fees complete the financing.

MCL Section 38.1018 amended LRS's enabling legislation to provide that individuals who first became a legislator or lieutenant governor on or after March 31, 1997, participate in the State's defined contribution plan.

LEGISLATIVE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits of the Legislative Retirement System (LRS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1001. LRS's health plan provides its members with health, dental, vision, and hearing insurance coverage. This fund includes health coverage for participants of both the defined benefit pension plan and the defined contribution retirement plan.

STATE POLICE PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Michigan State Police Retirement System (MSPRS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1605, which is administered by a nine-member board under the direction of a chairperson elected from the membership. MSPRS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to Michigan State Police officers. Financing is provided by investment income and by an annual legislative appropriation.

STATE POLICE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits of the Michigan State Police Retirement System (MSPRS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1605. MSPRS's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage.

STATE EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.2, which is administered by a nine-member board under the direction of an Executive Secretary. SERS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to State employees.

Effective March 31, 1997, MCL Section 38.13 closed the plan to new applicants. All new employees become members of the State's defined contribution plan. The law also allows returning employees and members who left state employment on or before March 31, 1997, to elect the defined benefit plan instead of the defined contribution plan.

STATE EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.2. SERS's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage. This fund includes coverage for participants of both the defined benefit pension plan and the defined contribution retirement plan.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.1321. An eight-member board governs administrative policy. MPSERS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to the public school employees.

Employer contributions and investment earnings provide financing for the fund. Under MCL Section 38.1343a, employees may contribute additional amounts into a "member investment plan".

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.1321. MPSERS's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage.

JUDGES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for pension benefits of the Michigan Judges Retirement System (MJRS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 38.2201. MJRS's pension plan provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to judges in the judicial branch of State government. Financing comes from member contributions, court filing fees as provided under law, investment earnings, and legislative appropriations.

MCL Section 38.2401a, effective March 31, 1997, closed the plan to new entrants. Judges or state officials newly appointed or elected on or after March 31, 1997, become members of the State's defined contribution plan.

JUDGES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND

This fund was established to account for other postemployment benefits of the Michigan Judges Retirement System (MJRS) created by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.2201. MJRS's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage. This fund includes health coverage for participants of both the defined benefit pension plan and the defined contribution retirement plan.

STATE OF MICHIGAN DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT FUND

This fund was established by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 38.11 as a defined contribution pension plan for all State employees hired after March 31, 1997, and for those members of the State Employees' Retirement (defined benefit) System, Judges' Retirement System, and Legislative Retirement System who elected to transfer to this plan. Executive Order 1999-7 transferred administration of the fund from the Department of Treasury to the Department of Management and Budget. However, the State Treasurer continues to oversee investment options.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	I	STATE F MICHIGAN DEFERRED MPENSATION FUNDS	F	GISLATIVE PENSION ENEFITS FUND	POSTE	GISLATIVE OTHER MPLOYMENT ENEFITS FUND		ATE POLICE PENSION BENEFITS FUND
	•		•		•		•	
Cash Equity in common cash	\$	2 /10	\$	5 009	\$	- 581	\$	-
Equity in common cash Receivables:		3,412		5,998		100		12,280
From participants		133,818		_		-		-
From employer		100,010		561		54		-
Other		375		501		54		-
Interest and dividends		575		46		4		28
Due from other funds		-		40		-		3,855
Due from component unit		-		-		-		0,000
Due from other governmental		-		-		-		_
Sale of investments		-		307		30		_
Investments at Fair Value:				007		00		
Short-term investments		-		-		-		9,521
Bonds, notes, mortgages, and preferred stock		-		-		-		188,659
Common stock		-		55,272		5,362		473,325
Real estate		-		-		-		134,433
Alternative investments		-		-		-		210,624
International investments		-		-		-		100,818
Mutual funds		1,426,221		86,909		8,431		-
Pooled investment funds		1,780,986		-		-		-
Money market funds		219,002		-		-		-
Securities lending collateral		-		-		-		146,126
				······································				
Total Assets		3,563,814	\$	149,093	\$	14,462	\$	1,279,669
LIABILITIES								
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	21	\$	2	\$	145
Accounts payable and other liabilities	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,456	Ψ	142	Ψ	80
Amounts due to other funds		-		4				-
Obligations under security lending		-		-		-		190,704
· ····3······ · ··· · · · · · · · · · ·								
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	1,481	\$	144	\$	190,929
NET ASSETS								
Nuclear state in the first factor of the state of the sta								
Net assets held in trust for pension, postemployment			•					
health-care, and deferred compensation benefits	\$	3,563,814	\$	147,612	\$	14,319	\$	1,088,740
Reconciliation of Net Assets Held in Trust:								
Pension benefits	\$	-	\$	147,612	\$	-	\$	1,088,740
Postemployment health-care benefits	•	-	·		*	14,319		-
Deferred compensation participants		3,563,814		-		-		-
, p				······································	-		·	
Total net assets held in trust for benefits	\$	3,563,814	\$	147,612	\$	14,319	\$	1,088,740
			-					

STATE POLICE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND		STATE EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND		POSTI	STATE EMPLOYEES' OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND		PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND		BLIC SCHOOL MPLOYEES' OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND	I	JUDGES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND	
\$	- 7,551	\$	- 119,727	\$	- 97,645	\$	23 565,175	\$	- 15,461	\$	- 6,039	
	- 764		- 65,775		- 9,523		- 435,064		-		- 66	
	-		- 260		-		- 1,018		- 28		- 7	
	-		32,413		-		-		-		-	
	- 53		325		- 3,973		-		-		-	
	•		-		-		-		-		-	
	4		75,016		10		328,696		8,992		3,683	
	86		1,704,093		236		6,928,098		189,523		45,774	
	217		4,268,486		592		16,948,853		463,649		115,956	
	61 96		1,189,366 1,808,061		165 251		4,366,608 7,526,501		119,452 205,893		44,650 40, 1 06	
	46		919,512		127		3,574,932		97,795		24,484	
	-		~		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-			
	82		1,307,178		222		5,214,811		142,655		36,415	
\$	8,961	\$	11,490,212	\$	112,745	\$	45,889,777	\$	1,243,448	\$	317,180	
\$	-	\$	1,999	\$	-	\$	6,254	\$	171	\$	39	
	6,026		1,182		75,245		13,021		225,047		3	
	82		1,705,793		222		6,804,760		186,149		47,518	
\$	6,108	\$	1,708,973	\$	75,467	\$	6,824,035	\$	411,368	\$	47,559	
\$	2,853	\$	9,781,239	\$	37,278	\$	39,065,741	\$	832,080	\$	269,621	
\$	2,853	\$	9,781,239 - -	\$	37,278	\$	39,065,741 - -	\$	- 832,080 -	\$	269,621	
\$	2,853	\$	9,781,239	\$	37,278	\$	39,065,741	\$	832,080	\$	269,621	
						_				<u></u>		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	O POSTEN BE	Dges' Ther IPLoyment Nefits 'Und	CON	STATE MICHIGAN DEFINED ITRIBUTION TIREMENT FUND		TOTALS
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23
Equity in common cash		137		478		834,484
Receivables:						
From participants		-		87,159		220,976
From employer		21		-		511,828
Other		-		88		463
Interest and dividends		-		-		1,392
Due from other funds		-		-		36,268
Due from component unit		-		-		325
Due from other governmental		-		-		4,026
Sale of investments		-		-		337
Investments at Fair Value:						
Short-term investments		-		-		425,922
Bonds, notes, mortgages, and preferred stock		1		-		9,056,471
Common stock		3		-		22,331,713
Real estate		1		-		5,854,736
Alternative investments		1		-		9,791,534
International investments		1		-		4,717,714
Mutual funds		-		337,532		1,859,094
Pooled investment funds		-		295,300		2,076,286
Money market funds		-		117,621		336,624
Securities lending collateral		1		-		6,847,491
-		<u></u>				
Total Assets	\$	166	\$	838,178	\$	64,907,705
LIABILITIES						
Mensela autotomoling	¢		¢		•	9 630
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,632
Accounts payable and other liabilities		163		-		322,365
Amounts due to other funds		-		-		4
Obligations under security lending		1		-		8,935,229
Total Liabilities	\$	164	\$	-	\$	9,266,228
NET ASSETS						
Net assets held in trust for pension, postemployment						
	¢	0	¢	000 170	¢	EE 641 476
health-care, and deferred compensation benefits	\$	2	\$	838,178	\$	55,641,476
Descus differences Net Asserts Hald in Truct						
Reconciliation of Net Assets Held in Trust:	¢		¢	000 170	•	F4 404 404
Pension benefits	\$	-	\$	838,178	\$	51,191,131
Postemployment health-care benefits		2		-		886,531
Deferred compensation participants				-		3,563,814
	•	•	•	000 170	_	FF 044 470
Total net assets held in trust for benefits	\$	2	\$	838,178	\$	55,641,476



COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	STATE OF MICHIGAN DEFERRED COMPENSATION FUNDS		LEGISLATIVE PENSION BENEFITS FUND		LEGISLATIVE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND			ATE POLICE PENSION BENEFITS FUND
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
From participants	\$	197,714	\$	13	\$	132	\$	96
From employers From other plans		482		-		3,424		34,365
From other governmental		402		-		154		-
Investment Income:								
Net appreciation (depreciation)								
in fair value of investments		(825,334)		(39,789)		-		(226,721)
Interest, dividends, and other Securities lending income		239,092		11,153		(2,617)		25,362 8,668
Less Investment Expense:		-		-		-		0,000
Investment activity expense		-		612		-		2,730
Securities lending expense		-		-		-		7,371
Net investment income (loss)		(586,242)		(29,248)		(2,617)		(202,792)
Miscellaneous income		1,717		39	•	1,571		23
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		
Total Additions		(386,330)		(29,195)		2,664		(168,308)
DEDUCTIONS Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants		259,665 -		10,457 -		- 4,718		87,590
Refunds and transfers to other systems Administrative expense Transfers to other funds		50 6,627 -		9 381 -		- - -		- 361 1
Total Deductions		266,343		10,846		4,718		87,952
Net increase (decrease)		(652,673)		(40,042)		(2,054)		(256,260)
Net assets held in trust for pension, postemployment health-care, and deferred compensation benefits - Beginning of fiscal year - restated		4,216,487		187,654		16,373		1,345,000
Net assets held in trust for pension, postemployment health-care, and deferred compensation benefits - End of fiscal year	\$	3,563,814	\$	147,612	\$	14.319	\$	1,088,740
	<u> </u>	-,,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Ì	
Reconciliation of Net Increase in Assets: Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for pension benefits Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust	\$	-	\$	(40,042)	\$	-	\$	(256,260)
for postemployment benefits Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for		-		-		(2,054)		-
deferred compensation participants		(652,673)						<u>-</u>
Total net increase (decrease)	\$	(652,673)	\$	(40,042)	\$	(2,054)	\$	(256,260)

	OT DSTEMF BEN	POLICE HER PLOYMENT EFITS IND	STATE MPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND	STATE EMPLOYEES' F OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUND		PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND		EM POSTE	IC SCHOOL PLOYEES' OTHER MPLOYMENT ENEFITS FUND	JUDGES' PENSION BENEFITS FUND		
	\$	1,274 29,131 -	\$ 5,644 355,732 190	\$	13,100 342,187 	\$	399,257 999,375 83	\$	78,089 649,571 -	\$	1,738 - -	
		278	-		23,004		-		102		-	
		- 278 -	(2,060,479) 226,837 77,419		- 5,663 -		(8,337,977) 867,322 317,987		- 62,107 -		(54,854) 6,561 2,312	
		-	23,601 65,768		-		98,908 270,249		-		576 1,966	
-		278	 (1,845,592)		5,663		(7,521,824)		62,107		(48,524)	
-		44	 184		698		897		378		52	
-		55 1	 -		6,884		-		-		-	
-		31,556	 (1,483,842)		391,535		(6,122,213)		790,247		(46,734)	
		29,672 1,502 1,553	832,553 - 374 5,036 13		377,514 35,001 19,394		3,117,435 - 32,803 24,667 74		- 666,381 42 68,079 -		19,180 - - 144 -	
-		32,727	 837,976		431,909		3,174,979		734,501		19,325	
-		(1,171)	 (2,321,818)		(40,374)		(9,297,191)		55,746		(66,058)	
-		4,024	 12,103,057		77,652		48,362,933		776,334		335,679	
=	\$	2,853	\$ 9,781,239	\$	37,278	\$	39,065,741	\$	832,080	\$	269,621	
S	\$	-	\$ (2,321,818)	\$	-	\$	(9,297,191)	\$	-	\$	(66,058)	
		(1,171)	-		(40,374)		-		55,746		-	
			-		_		_		-		_	
-			 			<u></u>						
5	\$	(1,171)	\$ (2,321,818)	\$	(40,374)	\$	(9,297,191)	\$	55,746	\$	(66,058)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	O POSTEM BEI	DGES' THER IPLOYMENT NEFITS UND	OF D CON	STATE MICHIGAN DEFINED TRIBUTION TIREMENT FUND		TOTALS
ADDITIONS						
Contributions: From participants	\$	539	\$	30,684	\$	728,280
From employers	•	-	•	81,595	•	2,495,381
From other plans		-		6		761
From other governmental		-		-		23,537
Investment Income:						
Net appreciation (depreciation)						
in fair value of investments		-		(190,847)		(11,736,002)
Interest, dividends, and other		8		46,788		1,488,553
Securities lending income Less Investment Expense:		-		-		406,386
Investment activity expense		_		-		126,426
Securities lending expense		-		-		345,355
Net investment income (loss)		8		(144,059)		(10,312,844)
Miscellaneous income		122		381		6,106
Transfers from other funds		15		-		7,450
Total Additions		684		(31,394)		(7,051,329)
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries		-		42,040		4,368,921
Medical, dental, and life insurance for retirants		790		-		1,079,075
Refunds and transfers to other systems Administrative expense		• 42		2,782 1,917		72,564 128,199
Transfers to other funds		-				88
						······································
Total Deductions		832		46,739		5,648,846
Net increase (decrease)		(148)		(78,132)		(12,700,175)
Net assets held in trust for pension, postemployment						
health-care, and deferred compensation benefits -						
Beginning of fiscal year - restated		150		916,310	<u></u>	68,341,652
Net assets held in trust for pension, postemployment						
health-care, and deferred compensation benefits -						
End of fiscal year	\$	2	\$	838,178	\$	55,641,476
Reconciliation of Net Increase in Assets:						
Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust						
for pension benefits	\$	-	\$	(78,132)	\$	(12,059,501)
Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust		(149)				11 000
for postemployment benefits Net increase (decrease) in assets held in trust for		(148)		-		11,999
deferred compensation participants		-		-	_	(652,673)
Total net increase (decrease)	\$	(148)	\$	(78 132)	¢	(12 700 175)
	<u> </u>	(1+0)	Ψ	(78,132)	-	(12,700,175)

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

ESCHEATS FUND

The Escheats Fund operates under the authority of Sections 567.221 – 567.265 of the Michigan Compiled Laws and is used to account for unclaimed property held by the State until claimed by the rightful owners. All property, including any income or increment derived from the property, is subject to the custody of (escheated to) the State when certain criteria contained within the laws are met. Proceeds of the fund pay the administrative costs and prompt claims allowed under the laws.

GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND DEPOSITS INVESTMENT FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for gifts, bequests, and deposits donated or entrusted to the State. Gifts and donations to the State may only be expended in accordance with applicable external restrictions. This fund earns interest quarterly for its share of the equity in the State Treasurer's Common Cash pool.

HOSPITAL PATIENTS' TRUST FUND

The Hospital Patients' Trust Fund operates under the authority of Michigan Compiled Laws Section 330.1730 and is used to account for funds of patients receiving services in State hospitals. The Department of Community Health (DCH), in conjunction with the State Treasury, acts as the trustee of this fund. This fund earns interest quarterly for its share of the equity in the State Treasurer's Common Cash pool. DCH distributes interest on a monthly basis to patients meeting minimum balance requirements.

MICHIGAN EDUCATION SAVINGS PROGRAM

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.1473 established the Michigan Education Savings Program (MESP) as an entity within the Department of Treasury. MESP is a college-tuition savings plan that is designed to collect and invest deposits made by contributors, for purposes of financing tuition on behalf of future students. The State makes limited contributions into the program as prescribed by law. Investment earnings, held in trust by MESP, are Federal and State tax-deferred until the student is ready to attend college. The State offers a tax deduction for contributions made each year.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	ESCHEATS FUND		GIFTS, BEQUESTS, AND DEPOSITS INVESTMENT FUND		HOSPITAL PATIENTS' TRUST FUND		MICHIGAN EDUCATION SAVINGS PROGRAM			TOTALS
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	-	\$	891	\$	21	\$	773	\$	1,685
Equity in common cash Receivables:		75,168		17,645		150		-		92,964
Interest and dividends Investments at Fair Value:		-		231		-		1,990		2,221
Bonds, notes, mortgages,										
and preferred stock Common stock		-		17,391 216		-		-		17,391
Common stock Mutual funds		-		216		-		- 1,647,680		216 1,647,688
Guaranteed funding agreements		-		-		-		188,282		188,282
Other current assets		4,544		3,026		18		1,425		9,014
Other noncurrent assets		-		700					<u> </u>	700
Total Assets	\$	79,713	\$	40,109	\$	188	\$	1,840,150	\$	1,960,160
LIABILITIES										
Warrants outstanding	\$	1,663	\$	432	\$	17	\$	-	\$	2,112
Accounts payable and other liabilities	<u> </u>	40	· • • • • • •	2,167		5		3,998	<u> </u>	6,210
Total Liabilities	\$	1,703	\$	2,599	\$	22	\$	3,998	\$	8,321
NET ASSETS										
Net assets held in trust										
for other purposes	\$	78,010	\$	37,511	\$	166	\$	1,836,152	\$	1,951,839

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	ES	SCHEATS FUND	AND	FTS, BEQUESTS, AND DEPOSITS INVESTMENT FUND		OSPITAL TIENTS' IST FUND	MICHIGAN EDUCATION SAVINGS PROGRAM			TOTALS	
ADDITIONS											
Contributions:			•		•		•				
From participants	\$	-	\$	- 63,484	\$	- 1,722	\$	363,026	\$	363,026	
From clients From gifts, bequests,		-		63,484		1,722		-		65,206	
and endowments		-		23,473		-		-		23,473	
Investment Income:											
Net appreciation (depreciation) in											
fair value of investments		-		(11)		-		(337,871)		(337,882)	
Interest, dividends, and other		-		1,016 227		6		96,184		97,207	
Securities lending income		-		227		-		-		227	
Less Investment Expense: Securities lending expense		-		200		-		-		200	
Net investment income (loss)		-		1,033		6		(241,687)		(240,648)	
Escheated property		60,794		-		-		-		60,794	
Miscellaneous income				302		-		-		302	
Total Additions		60,794		88,291		1,728		121,339		272,152	
DEDUCTIONS											
Benefits paid to participants											
or beneficiaries		-		-		-		112,774		112,774	
Amounts distributed to clients,											
claimants, or third parties		64,211		86,973		1,792		-		152,977	
Administrative expense		2,763		1		-		3,593		6,356	
Total Deductions		66,974		86,974		1,792		116,367		272,107	
Net increase (decrease)		(6,180)		1,318		(64)		4,972		45	
Net assets held in trust for others -											
Beginning of fiscal year		84,191		36,193		230		1,831,180		1,951,794	
Net assets held in trust for others											
End of fiscal year	\$	78,010	\$	37,511	\$	166	\$	1,836,152	\$	1,951,839	
Reconciliation of Net Increase in Assets	:										
Net increase (decrease) in assets	¢	(6 100)	¢	1 010	¢	(64)	¢	4.070	÷	45	
held in trust for other purposes	\$	(6,180)	\$	1,318	\$	(64)	\$	4,972	\$	45	
Total net increase (decrease)	\$	(6,180)	\$	1,318	\$	(64)	\$	4,972	\$	45	

AGENCY FUNDS

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DEPOSITS FUND

The Environmental Quality Deposits Fund accounts for deposits of performance bonds for which the Department of Environmental Quality has legal custody. The bonds held by this fund include bond deposits from the hazardous waste program and the solid waste program as provided by Sections 324.11141 and 324.11523 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) and from the scrap tire program as provided in MCL Section 324.16903.

INSURANCE CARRIER DEPOSITS FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for deposits held by the State Treasurer on behalf of insurance carriers who are licensed or authorized to write insurance in the State and are required by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 500.411, to provide such deposits. All deposits are in the form of various securities and other acceptable assets.

STATE TREASURER'S ESCROW AND PAYING AGENT FUND

This fund was administratively created and is used to account for investments held in escrow by the State Treasurer as fiscal agent for hospitals, which have defeased Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority bonds.

CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTION FUND

This fund was administratively established to account for the activity of the Michigan State Disbursement Unit (MISDU). The MISDU, administered by the Department of Human Services, was created to provide a single location within the State for the receipt and disbursement of child support payments.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS	Q DE	ONMENTAL UALITY POSITS FUND	(SURANCE CARRIER EPOSITS FUND	TRE/ ESCI PAYII	STATE ASURER'S ROW AND NG AGENT FUND	 LD SUPPORT DLLECTION FUND	 TOTALS
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149	\$ 54,611	\$ 54,759
Equity in common cash Investments at Fair Value:		3,288		2,320		-	-	5,608
Short-term investments		-		-		6,866	-	6,866
Other current assets		-		-		217	2	219
Other noncurrent assets		-		380,831		+ 	 -	 380,831
Total Assets	\$	3,288	\$	383,151	\$	7,232	\$ 54,613	\$ 448,283
LIABILITIES								
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	273	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 273
Accounts payable								
and other liabilities		3,288		2,047		7,232	54,232	66,799
Amounts due to other funds		-		-		-	381	381
Other long-term liabilities	•	-	<u></u>	380,831	.	<u> </u>	 -	 380,831
Total Liabilities	\$	3,288	\$	383,151	\$	7,232	\$ 54,613	\$ 448,283

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DEPOSITS FUND		BALANCE CTOBER 1, 2007	AI	DDITIONS	DE	DUCTIONS		ALANCE TEMBER 30, 2008
ASSETS Equity in common cash	\$	3,055	\$	284	\$	51	\$	3,288
Total Assets	\$	3,055	\$	284	\$	51	\$	3,288
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other liabilities Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	3,055	\$\$	284	\$	51	<u>\$</u> \$	3,288 3,288
	>	3,055	<u>ə</u>			51	<u> </u>	3,288
DEPOSITS FUND								
ASSETS Equity in common cash Other noncurrent assets	\$	914 383,764	\$	65,777 123,195	\$	64,372 126,128	\$	2,320 380,831
Total Assets	\$	384,678	\$	188,972	\$	190,500	\$	383,151
LIABILITIES Warrants outstanding Accounts payable and other liabilities Other long-term liabilities	\$	5 909 383,764	\$	267 65,798 123,195	\$	64,660 126,128	\$	273 2,047 380,831
Total Liabilities	\$	384,678	\$	189,261	\$	190,788	\$	383,151
STATE TREASURER'S ESCROW AND PAYING AGENT FUND								
ASSETS Cash Investments at Fair Value:	\$	147	\$	15,596	\$	15,595	\$	149
Short-term investments Bonds, notes, mortgages,		13,419		7,067		13,620		6,866
and preferred stock Other current assets		6,866 743		1,434		6,866 1,960		217
Total Assets	\$	21,176	\$	24,097	\$	38,041	\$	7,232
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other liabilities Other long-term liabilities	\$	14,211 6,965	\$	10,374	\$	17,354 6,965	\$	7,232
Total Liabilities	\$	21,176	\$	10,374	\$	24,318	\$	7,232

CHILD SUPPORT	BALANCE CTOBER 1, 2007	A	DDITIONS	DE	EDUCTIONS	ALANCE TEMBER 30, 2008
COLLECTION FUND						
ASSETS Cash Other current assets	\$ 50,608 2	\$	1,657,188	\$	1,653,185 2	\$ 54,611 2
Total Assets	\$ 50,610	\$	1,657,190	\$	1,653,187	\$ 54,613
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds	\$ 49,455 1,155	\$	1,693,479 7,369	\$	1,688,703 8,142	\$ 54,232 381
Total Liabilities	\$ 50,610	\$	1,700,848	\$	1,696,845	\$ 54,613
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS						
ASSETS Cash Equity in common cash Investments at Fair Value:	\$ 50,756 3,969	\$	1,672,784 66,061	\$	1,668,780 64,422	\$ 54,759 5,608
Short-term investments Bonds, notes, mortgages,	13,419		7,067		13,620	6,866
and preferred stock Other current assets Other noncurrent assets	 6,866 745 383,764		1,436 123,195		6,866 1,962 126,128	 - 219 380,831
Total Assets	\$ 459,519	\$	1,870,543	\$	1,881,778	\$ 448,283
LIABILITIES Warrants outstanding Accounts payable and other liabilities Amounts due to other funds Other long-term liabilities	\$ 5 67,630 1,155 390,729	\$	267 1,769,936 7,369 123,195	\$	1,770,767 8,142 133,093	\$ 273 66,799 381 380,831
Total Liabilities	\$ 459,519	\$	1,900,767	\$	1,912,002	\$ 448,283

COMPONENT UNITS – AUTHORITIES

FARM PRODUCE INSURANCE AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 285.315 created the Farm Produce Insurance Authority (FPIA) as a public body corporate. Operating under Sections 285.311 – 285.331 of the MCL, FPIA is governed and administered by a nine-member board of directors. FPIA administers a program in which producers of dry beans, grain, or corn may contribute to the Farm Produce Insurance Fund, a percentage of their net proceeds from all farm produce sold by the producer to a licensee in this State. Under this program the producer may recover from the fund for losses caused by the licensed grain dealer's financial failure.

LAND BANK FAST TRACK AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 124.765 created the Land Bank Fast Track Authority (LBFTA) to assemble or dispose of public property, including tax reverted property, in a coordinated manner to foster the development of the property and to promote economic growth within the State. LBFTA receives tax reverted properties, undertakes expedited action to clear their titles, and then ensures the properties' redevelopment.

The LBFTA's seven-member governing board consists of the Director of the Department of Labor and Economic Growth, the Chief Executive Officer of the Michigan Economic Development Corporation or his or her designee, the Executive Director of the Michigan State Housing Development Authority or his or her designee, and four members appointed by the Governor.

MACKINAC BRIDGE AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 254.302 created the Mackinac Bridge Authority (MBA). MCL Section 254.314 empowered MBA to construct and operate a bridge between the lower and upper peninsulas of Michigan. Fares and earnings on investments finance the operation and maintenance of the bridge. State statutes require that MBA continue charging bridge tolls and repay State funds for all the subsidies provided in prior years.

MACKINAC ISLAND STATE PARK COMMISSION

Established in 1927, the Mackinac Island State Park Commission currently operates under Sections 324.76701 – 324.76709 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the seven-member commission. The Commission is responsible for the management of the Mackinac Island and Michilimackinac State Parks and has the authority to issue revenue-dedicated bonds.

MICHIGAN BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 484.3204 created the Michigan Broadband Development Authority (MBDA) to assist in the build out and utilization of high-speed broadband internet service and infrastructure across the State. It is the responsibility of MBDA to remain financially self-sufficient by generating revenues from project lending and joint venture activity.

On October 27, 2008 the Governor issued Executive 2008-20 which abolished MDBDA and its board of directors effective December 28, 2008.

MICHIGAN EARLY CHILDHOOD INVESTMENT CORPORATION

The Michigan Early Childhood Investment Corporation was created by an interlocal agreement between the Department of Human Services and participating intermediate school districts. The interlocal agreement was entered into pursuant to Sections 124.501 – 124.512 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The corporation's primary objective is to administer activities related to early childhood development.

The governing body of each participant shall appoint one member of the Corporation Board to serve at the will of the participant. For each member of the Corporation Board appointed by the governing body of a participant, the Governor shall appoint up to two members of the Corporation Board representing the State to serve at the will of the Governor. If there are fewer than five participants, the Governor may appoint up to twelve additional members of the Corporation Board representing the State to serve at the will of the Governor or until there are five or more participants. In addition, the Corporation shall have an Executive Committee of fifteen members, all appointed by the Governor. The committee shall exercise the powers of the Corporation.

MICHIGAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Michigan Economic Development Corporation (MEDC), under Article 7, Section 28 of the State Constitution of 1963 and Sections 124.501 – 124.512 of the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL), is a public body corporate. Created by a ten-year contract (interlocal agreement) between participating local economic development corporations formed under Sections 125.1601 – 125.1636 of the MCL and the Michigan Strategic Fund, MEDC is a separate legal entity whose purpose is to stimulate, coordinate and advance economic development in the State. Under the terms of the agreement, the governance of MEDC resides in an executive committee of 20 members appointed to eight-year, staggered terms.

MICHIGAN EXPOSITION AND FAIRGROUNDS AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 285.164 created the Michigan Exposition and Fairgrounds Authority (MEFA) as a public body corporate within the Department of Management and Budget (DMB). MEFA is responsible for conducting an annual State Fair and other exhibits or events for the purpose of promoting all phases of the economy of the State. Fund revenues are derived from the annual State Fair and other exhibits, leases, rentals, or other charges for the use of the buildings and grounds scheduled during the year.

MEFA's eleven-member governing board consists of the directors of the Department of Agriculture and DMB, and nine members serving fixed terms appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

MICHIGAN HIGHER EDUCATION ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.951 created the Michigan Higher Education Assistance Authority (MHEAA). It is governed by a sixteen-member board, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. MHEAA is empowered to guarantee 100% of principal and interest on loans to persons (or their parents) attending eligible post-secondary educational institutions in Michigan and to administer scholarship and grant programs in accordance with State laws. The federal government reimburses MHEAA for losses on purchased loans at varying percentages depending upon rates of defaults. Revenues consist of recovery of loan losses, federal reimbursement, loan guarantee fees, and investment income.

MICHIGAN HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.923 authorized the creation of the Michigan Higher Education Facilities Authority (MHEFA) for the purpose of assisting private nonprofit institutions of higher education in financing their facilities. MHEFA consists of an eleven-member commission, nine are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and two are ex-officio (the Superintendent of Public Instruction and Director of the Department of Management and Budget). Financing for capital improvements is provided by issuance of limited obligation revenue bonds, however these bonds do not constitute an obligation of the State or MHEFA, therefore no liabilities have been recorded. Annual service fees to higher education institutions finance MHEFA's administrative operations.

MICHIGAN HIGHER EDUCATION STUDENT LOAN AUTHORITY

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 390.1153 authorized the establishment of the Michigan Higher Education Student Loan Authority (MHESLA) to make loans to qualified students (or their parents) attending participating institutions of higher education. MHESLA may issue revenue-dedicated debt in principal amounts necessary to provide funds for achieving its purpose. A board comprised of the same members as Michigan Higher Education Assistance Authority governs MHESLA. The Governor, with the consent of the Senate, appoints the 16 members. The State Treasurer, an ex-officio member, serves as chairman of the board.

MICHIGAN PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY

The Michigan Public Educational Facilities Authority (MPEFA) was organized by Michigan Compiled Laws Section 12.192. MPEFA was created in response to the passage of the federal Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001. This act authorizes the issuance of "qualified public educational facility bonds" as tax exempt facility bonds.

MPEFA partners with other states to facilitate the acquisition of capital for the construction, rehabilitation, refurbishing or equipping of gualified public educational facilities.

MICHIGAN STATE HOSPITAL FINANCE AUTHORITY

The Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority (MSHFA) was organized under Sections 331.31 - 331.84 of the Michigan Compiled Laws to lend money to nonprofit, nonpublic hospitals and health-care corporations for capital improvements or debt refinancing. The law also empowers MSHFA to sell bonds and to enter into loan and other agreements to obtain the necessary funds for such loans. The MSHFA's board is comprised of seven members including a chairperson and four public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, and two members ex-officio (the State Treasurer and the Director of the Department of Community Health). Some of MSHFA's revenue and mortgage bonds have been defeased by the various borrowers by placing proceeds of new bonds in an escrow with the State Treasurer or trustee as escrow agent. Such defeased bonds and related investments are reported in the State Treasurer's Escrow and Paying Agent Fund.

MSHFA no longer performs trustee, fiscal agent, registrar, and paying agent functions for bonds payable. The bonds and related assets have been transferred to financial institutions' trust departments. Since these obligations are, in substance, debts of other entities, MSHFA does not reflect the liabilities, assets, revenues and expenditures related to these bonds in its financial statements.

MICHIGAN STRATEGIC FUND

The Michigan Strategic Fund (MSF) is a public body corporation and politic created by Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Section 125.2005 to help diversify the economy of the State and to provide for economic development, primarily by assisting business enterprises to obtain additional sources of financing. MCL Section 408.40 transferred all of the economic development functions of the former Department of Commerce and the Michigan Jobs Commission to MSF and placed MSF as an autonomous entity in the Department of Management and Budget (DMB). In 2003, MCL Section 445.2011 transferred MSF from DMB to the Department of Labor and Economic Growth (DLEG). As part of the tobacco securitization legislation passed November 21, 2005, MCL Section 125.2005 transferred MSF to the Department of Treasury. MSF is governed by a board of eleven members, consisting of the directors of DLEG and Treasury, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Michigan Economic Development Corporation. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the other eight members; none of those eight may be an employee of the State. Two positions on the board expired in December 2007 but were reauthorized in July 2008. There are currently 10 members serving on the board.

STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN

The State Bar of Michigan is an association of lawyers who are licensed to practice in Michigan. It is organized as a public body corporate. Its financial support comes solely from member dues and income from member services. The State Bar's budget is the responsibility of its Board of Commissioners, and it is not subject to State of Michigan appropriation procedures.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS AUTHORITIES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	PRC INSU	ARM DUCE RANCE IORITY	FAS	ND BANK ST TRACK ITHORITY		ACKINAC BRIDGE JTHORITY
Current Assets:						
Cash	\$	25	\$	-	\$	921
Equity in common cash	*	-	·	2,222		-
Amounts due from component units		-		-,		-
Amounts due from primary government		-		-		-
Amounts due from federal government		-		-		-
Amounts due from local units		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		_
Investments		4,600		-		5,306
Other current assets		1,282		_		235
	·			0.000		
Total Current Assets		5,906	·	2,222		6,462
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-
Investments		-		-		-
Mortgages and loans receivable		-		-		-
Investments		-		-		32,054
Capital Assets:						
Land and other non-depreciable assets Buildings, equipment,		-		8,799		125
and other depreciable assets		-		-		8,441
Less accumulated depreciation		-		-		(4,223)
Infrastructure		-		-		102,722
Total capital assets		-		8,799		107,064
Other noncurrent assets		-		0,700		
Other Honourient assets			<u> </u>			
Total Assets	\$	5,906	\$	11,021	\$	145,581
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:				_		
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	3	\$	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		-		32		956
Amounts due to component units		-		-		-
Amounts due to primary government		152		4		1,587
Amounts due to federal government		-		-		~
Bonds and notes payable		-		-		-
Interest payable		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		1,039
Current portion of other						
long-term obligations		-		2		250
Total Current Liabilities		152		42		3,832
Bonds and notes payable		-		70		-
Noncurrent portion of other						
long-term obligations		-		22		254
		······	<u></u>		<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities	\$	152	\$	134	\$	4,086
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1,000
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	\$		\$	8,799	\$	107,064
Restricted For:	Ψ	-	Ψ	0,799	ψ	107,004
Construction and debt service		-		-		-
Other purposes				-		-
Unrestricted	·	5,754	·	2,088	<u> </u>	34,431
	•		•		•	
Total Net Assets	\$	5,754	\$	10,887	\$	141,495

IS STA	ACKINAC SLAND TE PARK IMISSION	BRC DEVE	Chigan Dadband Lopment Thority	CH INV	IGAN EARLY ILDHOOD ESTMENT PORATION	E DEV	MICHIGAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION		ICHIGAN SITION AND IGROUNDS THORITY
¢	839	\$		\$	4,035	\$	42,346	\$	4
\$		φ	-	φ	4,035 -	φ	42,340 27,528	φ	1,145
	-		-		-		27,699		-
	215		-		4,689		- 69		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	634 421		-				-		-
	53		1,688		1,428		5,143		367
	2,161	·····	1,688		10,152		102,784		1,516
	1,067		-		-		-		-
	2,479		5,619		-		22,416		-
	43		-		-		4,921		-
	337		-		-		-		3,360
	10,460		-		-		17,078		12,346
	(7,374)		-		-		(6,658)		(8,086)
	3,424	<u></u>	-				10,421	•	7,620
			122						
\$	9,174	\$	7,428	\$	10,152	\$	140,542	\$	9,136
\$	- 120	\$	-	\$	4,131	\$	8 7,466	\$	194 1,243
	-		-		8		175		45
	- 290		-		2		-		-
	11		-		-		-		-
	55		-		1,421		38		15
	-		1,688		-		1,372		34
	476		1,688		5,562		9,059		1,531
	749		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>	<u></u>	5,740		-		1,195		102
\$	1,225	\$	7,428	\$	5,562	\$	10,254	\$	1,633
\$	2,385	\$		\$	-	\$	10,421	\$	7,620
	3,380		-		· _		-		-
	876		-		-		-		- (117)
<u> </u>	1,309				4,590		119,868		(117)
\$	7,949	\$		\$	4,590	\$	130,288	\$	7,503

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS AUTHORITIES (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	H EDU ASS	CHIGAN IIGHER JCATION SISTANCE THORITY	MICHIGAN HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITIES AUTHORITY		E STL	AICHIGAN HIGHER DUCATION JDENT LOAN UTHORITY
ASSETS						
Current Assets:	¢	E 040	¢		æ	CO E 4C
Cash Equity in common cash	\$	5,240	\$	-	\$	69,546
Amounts due from component units		-		-		-
Amounts due from primary government		477		503		265
Amounts due from federal government		1,579				-
Amounts due from local units				-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Investments		7,500		-		65,759
Other current assets		756		41		306,331
Total Current Assets		15,553		545		441,901
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-
Investments		-		-		1 000 510
Mortgages and loans receivable Investments		-		-		1,960,516 500
Capital Assets:		-		-		500
Land and other non-depreciable assets		_		-		_
Buildings, equipment,						
and other depreciable assets		2,061		-		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,188)		-		-
Infrastructure		-		-		-
Total capital assets		874		-		-
Other noncurrent assets		-		-		16,848
Total Assets	\$	16 406	\$	545	\$	0 410 765
Total Assets	φ	16,426	.	545	.	2,419,765
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Warrants outstanding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable and other liabilities		-		-		1,719
Amounts due to component units		-		-		-
Amounts due to primary government		443		-		-
Amounts due to federal government		135		-		-
Bonds and notes payable		-		-		58,930
Interest payable Deferred revenue		-		-		8,540
Current portion of other		-		-		-
long-term obligations		_		_		1,552
Total Current Liabilities		579		<u> </u>		70,742
Total ourient Elabilities						10,142
Bonds and notes payable		-		-		2,218,944
Noncurrent portion of other						
long-term obligations		422		25		31,279
Total Liabilities	\$	1,000	\$	25	\$	2,320,965
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,	¢	074	¢		¢	
net of related debt Restricted For:	\$	874	\$	-	\$	-
Construction and debt service				_		14,001
Other purposes		14,552		-		
Unrestricted				520		84,799
Total Net Assets	\$	15,426	\$	520	\$	98,800
	<u> </u>		±	· · · · ·		

MICHIGAN PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY		H(F	MICHIGAN STATE HOSPITAL FINANCE AUTHORITY		MICHIGAN STRATEGIC FUND		STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN		TOTALS
\$	15,652 - -	\$	400 - -	\$	4,275 19,776	\$	1,741 - -	\$	145,024 50,672 27,699
	210		67		- 13,943		-		6,426 15,590
	16,607		-		13,943		-		16,607
	-		- 3,769		-		- 7,769		634 95,124
	35		911		34,007		690		352,968
<u></u>	32,503		5,148		72,001		10,200	_	710,744
	-				5,589		-		6,656
	-		-		-		-		2,479
	-		- 1,419		58,388 33,066		-		2,046,938 72,003
	-		-		-		381		13,002
	-		64 (63)		-		10,926 (5,694)		61,377 (33,285) 102,722
	-		1				5,613		143,815
				<u> </u>	79,181		-		96,150
\$	32,503	\$	6,568	\$	248,225	\$	15,814	\$	3,078,786
\$	- - - 23,003 142	\$	- - - - -	\$	55 23,711 27,700 25 - 2,223 71	\$	969 - - - - 776	\$	260 40,347 27,700 2,439 137 82,223 10,917 3,416
			-		1,655		_		6,553
	23,146		-		55,439		1,745	_	173,992
	-		-		82,771		-		2,302,534
	27		158		4,212		-		43,435
\$	23,173	\$	158	\$	142,422	\$	1,745	\$	2,519,962
\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	\$	5,613	\$	142,776
	- 9,113		-		-				17,381 24,542
	217		6,409		105,803		8,455		374,125
\$	9,331	\$	6,410	\$	105,803	\$	14,068	\$	558,824

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	_	PROGRAM REVENUES									
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS/ CONTRIBUTIONS		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	
Farm Produce Insurance Authority	\$	528	\$	2,645	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,116	
Land Bank Fast Track Authority		1,063		-		85		-		(978)	
Mackinac Bridge Authority		10,798		14,836		-		-		4,038	
Mackinac Island State Park Commission		4,105		3,810		378		-		83	
Michigan Broadband											
Development Authority		154		-		-		-		(154)	
Michigan Early Childhood										(-)	
Investment Corporation		16,967		-		19,180		-		2,213	
Michigan Economic										-	
Development Corporation		56,917		-		69,844		-		12,927	
Michigan Exposition and											
Fairgrounds Authority		4,962		-		4,153		-		(809)	
Michigan Higher Education											
Assistance Authority		156,580		19,011		133,772		-		(3,796)	
Michigan Higher Education											
Facilities Authority		151		159		-		-		7	
Michigan Higher Education											
Student Loan Authority		120,882		113,925		-		-		(6,957)	
Michigan Public Educational											
Facilities Authority		1,306		163		5,790		-		4,647	
Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority				1,017		-		-		26	
Michigan Strategic Fund		190,834		3,120		45,208		-		(142,506)	
State Bar of Michigan		11,546		11,722		-		-		177	
Total	\$	577,785	\$	170,409	\$	278,411	\$	-	\$	(128,965)	

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	SPECIAL ITEMS	OTHER	PAYMENTS FROM STATE OF MICHIGAN	INTEREST AND INVESTMENT EARNINGS (LOSS)
2,485 \$ 3,269 \$ 5,754	\$ 2,485	\$-	\$ 200	\$-	\$ 168
(560) 11,447 10,887	(560)	-	341	-	77
5,085 136,409 141,495	5,085	-	-	-	1,048
267 7,682 7,949	267	-	-	-	183
	-	-	154	-	-
2,323 2,267 4,590	2,323	-	4	-	105
21,866 108,422 130,288	21,866	-	7,655	-	1,284
(329) 7,832 7,503	(329)	-	-	493	(13)
(3,796) 19,222 15,426	(3,796)	-	-	-	-
22 498 520	22	-	-	-	14
(260) 99,060 98,800	(260)	-	-	-	6,697
4,647 4,684 9,331		-	-	-	-
261 6,149 6,410		-	-	-	234
18,012 87,791 105,803		-	37,546	123,174	(203)
601 13,467 14,068		-	-	-	424
50,623 \$ 508,202 \$ 558,824	\$ 50,623	\$ -	\$ 45,900	\$ 123,667	\$ 10,020

GENERAL REVENUES



COMPONENT UNITS – STATE UNIVERSITIES

The State has 13 legally separate public universities, 10 of which are included in this report as component units and 3 of which are excluded. Included are the 10 universities whose governing boards are appointed by the Governor and for which the State is legally accountable, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>. Excluded are those 3 that have governing boards whose members are elected by the voters and, therefore, considered separate special purpose governments. The 3 that are excluded are the largest public universities: Michigan State University, University of Michigan, and Wayne State University. Also excluded are the public community colleges, for which local units of government are legally accountable.

The information presented in this report for the 10 universities is based upon their separately issued financial statements for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2008. The universities include Central Michigan University and Western Michigan University presented as major component units and the following non-major component units: Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan Technological University, Northern Michigan University, Oakland University, and Saginaw Valley State University.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS STATE UNIVERSITIES JUNE 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

ASSETS	M	ASTERN CHIGAN VERSITY		FERRIS STATE IIVERSITY		GRAND VALLEY STATE NVERSITY		LAKE JPERIOR STATE IVERSITY
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$	20,054	\$	38,801	\$	23,617	\$	5,500
Amounts due from component units		-		-		-		-
Amounts due from primary government Amounts due from federal government		19,559 2,696		9,689 204		36,595 1,912		2,403 212
Amounts due from local units		2,030		-		1,312		
Inventories		1,791		940		2,348		253
Investments		102,048		28,333		5,898		-
Other current assets		14,424		5,190		12,619		1,541
Total Current Assets		160,572		83,156		82,989		9,909
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		10,812		1,190
Investments		12,362		15,614		14,180		4,337
Mortgages and loans receivable		11,422		19,972		7,985		-
Mortgages and loans receivable		-		-		-		2,817
Investments		-		52,469		136,952		8,134
Capital Assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets		11.079		5,950		34,953		2,551
Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets	;	541,615		338,519		597,969		140,509
Less accumulated depreciation		(239,153)		(157,284)		(170,349)		(76,722)
Construction in progress		3,163		8,326		49,649		
Total capital assets		316,704		195,510		512,223		66,337
Other noncurrent assets		1,240		1,294	·	15,943		
Total Assets	\$	502,300	\$	368,016	\$	781,084	\$	92,724
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	34,890	\$	16,281	\$	49,987	\$	1,879
Amounts due to primary government		288		-		77		205
Bonds and notes payable		5,949		3,005		8,310		955
Interest payable		873		733		918		177
Deferred revenue		7,715		6,288		10,136		1,051
Current portion of other long-term obligations		400		85	·	3,596		677
Total Current Liabilities		50,115		26,392		73,024		4,944
Deferred revenue		-		951		737		-
Bonds and notes payable		142,591		69,770		205,729		26,590
Noncurrent portion of other long-term obligations		15,510		22,288	·	2,070		3,553
Total Liabilities	\$	208,216	\$	119,402	\$	281,560	\$	35,087
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	168,308	\$	125,637	\$	309,960	\$	38,246
Restricted For: Education		-		8,299		17,156		13,967
Construction and debt service		10,792				16,320		256
Other purposes		27,371		-		-		3,103
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:								·
Expendable		-		5,698		25,673		-
Nonexpendable		30,820		15,614		29,478		-
Unrestricted	. <u> </u>	56,792	-,	93,365		100,936		2,065
Total Net Assets	\$	294,083	\$	248,614	\$	499,524	\$	57,637

TEC	CHNOLOGICAL MICH		ORTHERN MCHIGAN NIVERSITY	DAKLAND NIVERSITY	AGINAW VALLEY STATE NIVERSITY		TOTALS
\$	15,620	\$	63,078	\$ 33,766	\$ 42,109	\$	242,545
	- 9,121		18 11,532	- 9,489	- 17,268		18 115,654
	4,475		326	1,769	777		12,371
	-		2	184	-		185
	1,489		1,315	854	2,459		11,449
	- 6,221		151 7,150	- 7,988	51 4,142		136,481 59,274
	36,925		83,570	 54,050	 66,805		577,977
	5,177		-	-	2,805		19,986
	96,361		-	50,450	_,		193,304
	-		-	1,876	-		41,255
	13,294 6,257		8,114 49,195	- 77,889	24 36,896		24,250 367,792
	0,207		49,195	77,009	30,890		307,792
	14,184		5,765	4,325	2,490		81,297
	332,585		351,800	388,001	354,010		3,045,008
	(126,365) 1,867		(127,047) 7,295	(166,217) 17,276	(116,809)		(1,179,948) 98,950
	222,272		237,813	 	 11,374		
	9,226		2,567	243,384 2,901	251,065 3,919		2,045,307 37,091
			<u> </u>	 ,	 		<u> </u>
\$	389,513	\$	381,259	\$ 430,550	\$ 361,515	\$	3,306,961
\$	10,681	\$	16,041	\$ 15,042	\$ 17,517	\$	162,318
	700 1,050		294 3,274	368 2,645	- 2,176		1,930 27,365
	338			661	- 2,170		3,701
	2,263		4,349	10,834	5,289		47,925
	6,737		989	 319	 113		12,916
	21,770		24,947	 29,870	 25,095		256,156
	-		-	2,697	-		4,385
	49,014		107,406	100,550	111,122		812,773
	7,917		10,051	 7,779	 2,865		72,035
\$	78,701	\$	142,405	\$ 140,896	\$ 139,082	\$	1,145,349
\$	172,226	\$	127,132	\$ 140,887	\$ 148,079	s	1,230,476
	70 700		0 575	00.005	4 004		140 400
	73,782		2,575 10,433	20,025	4,621 181		140,426 37,981
	-		-	-	-		30,475
			10 100	11 100			
	51,664		18,198 6,494	11,480 14,921	- 34,794		61,049 183,785
	13,140		74,022	102,341	 34,794 34,757		477,419
\$	310,812	\$	238,854	\$ 289,654	\$ 222,433	\$	2,161,612

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - STATE UNIVERSITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

			 Р	ROGR	AM REVENUE	ES			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Ē	EXPENSES	 RGES FOR	G	ERATING RANTS/ RIBUTIONS	G	APITAL RANTS/ RIBUTIONS	•	NET EXPENSE) REVENUE
Eastern Michigan University	\$	309,244	\$ 186,927	\$	11,834	\$	95	\$	(110,388)
Ferris State University		204,278	137,207		1,771		-		(65,300)
Grand Valley State University		312,669	208,928		24,065		16,331		(63,345)
Lake Superior State University		47,199	22,706		7,952		644		(15,898)
Michigan Technological University	,	198,988	86,836		55,936		-		(56,217)
Northern Michigan University		151,171	85,683		11,838		1,290		(52,359)
Oakland University		209,807	138,288		20,200		34		(51,285)
Saginaw Valley State University		116,242	69,233		8,921		-		(38,088)
Total	\$	1,549,599	\$ 935,807	\$	142,518	\$	18,395	\$	(452,879)

	GI	ENER	AL REVENU	ES						
INVE EAF	REST AND STMENT RNINGS LOSS)	YMENTS FROM TATE OF ICHIGAN	(OTHER	 ANGE IN ASSETS	BI	ET ASSETS Eginning DF Year Estated	NET ASSETS END OF YEAR		
\$	4,304 2,667 5,016 (1,145) 1,779 701 2,361 (1,596) 14,087	\$	88,850 55,685 71,434 13,993 53,503 50,390 56,697 32,663 423,216	\$	19,025 15,417 21,050 - 7,879 6,614 7,757 77,742	\$ 1,791 8,470 34,156 (3,050) (935) 6,610 14,387 737 62,166	\$	292,292 240,145 465,368 60,687 311,747 232,244 275,267 221,696 2,099,446	\$	294,083 248,614 499,524 57,637 310,812 238,854 289,654 222,433 2,161,612





III. STATISTICAL SECTION



Index STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the State of Michigan's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

CONTENTS:

Page

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Assets by Component	
Changes in Net Assets	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	•••••
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the State's most significant revenue sources: personal income and sales taxes.	
Personal Income by Industry	
Taxable Sales by Industry	
Personal Income Tax Files and Liability by Income Level	
Sales Tax Payers by Industry	
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the State's current	
levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future. The State has no	
statutory limit on the amount of general obligation debt that may be authorized.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	
Debt Service Coverage – Comprehensive Transportation Fund Related Bonds	
Debt Service Coverage – State Trunkline Fund Related Bonds	
Debt Service Coverage – State Building Authority	
Debt Service Coverage – Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority	
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Indicators	
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about the State's operations and resources to help the reader	
understand how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services the State provides	
and the activities it performs.	
Classified Employees by Function	
Operating Indicators by Function	
Capital Assets by Function	•••••
DURCES:	
Jnless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the financial statements	
presented in the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.	
recented in the completionario diminal inducion reporte for the following power	

NOTES:

The State of Michigan implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2001; therefore, some schedules only include financial data beginning in that year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2001	2002	2003
Governmental activities			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 15,129,844	\$ 15,014,812	\$ 14,996,945
Restricted	2,849,171	2,016,570	1,886,336
Unrestricted	1,404,776	338,575	(652,923)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 19,383,790	\$ 17,369,957	\$ 16,230,358
Business-type activities			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 287	\$ 443	\$ 581
Restricted	3,121,417	2,563,917	1,765,699
Unrestricted	6,388	4,433	4,295
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 3,128,093	\$ 2,568,793	\$ 1,770,575
Primary government			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 15,130,131	\$ 15,015,255	\$ 14,997,525
Restricted	5,970,588	4,580,487	3,652,035
Unrestricted	1,411,164	343,008	(648,628)
Total primary government net assets	\$ 22,511,883	\$ 19,938,749	\$ 18,000,933
Reconciliation of net assets			
Beginning net assets	\$ 22,586,033	\$ 22,511,883	\$ 19,938,749
Restatement of beginning net assets		-	-
Beginning net assets - restated	22,586,033	22,511,883	19,938,749
Statement of Activities - changes in net assets	(74,150)	(2,573,134)	(1,937,817)
Ending net assets	\$ 22,511,883	\$ 19,938,749	\$ 18,000,933

	2004	 2005		2006		2007		2008
\$	14,962,902	\$ 15,245,452	\$	15,827,600	\$	15,739,094	\$	15,909,317
	1,993,335	2,086,764		2,064,965		2,292,779		2,599,760
	(960,684)	(932,221)		(1,724,799)		(2,173,281)		(2,788,445)
\$	15,995,554	\$ 16,399,994	\$	16,167,767	\$	15,858,592	\$	15,720,632
÷			Ė		<u> </u>		÷	
\$	566	\$ 582	\$	412	\$	367	\$	807
	1,164,540	894,513		621,982		358,712		72,672
	5,910	6,891		7,827		4,798		(121,773)
\$	1,171,016	\$ 901,986	\$	630,220	\$	363,877	\$	(48,294)
								s ≥¦,
			•		•			
\$	14,963,468	\$ 15,246,033	\$	15,828,012	\$	15,739,461	\$	15,910,124
	3,157,875	2,981,277		2,686,947		2,651,490		2,672,432
	(954,774)	 (925,330)	<u> </u>	(1,716,972)		(2,168,482)		(2,910,218)
\$	17,166,569	\$ 17,301,980	\$	16,797,987	\$	16,222,469	\$	15,672,338
\$	18,000,933	\$ 17,166,569	\$	17,301,980	\$	16,797,987	\$	16,222,469
	203,870	75,489		188,188		-		(54,373)
	18,204,803	 17,242,058		17,490,168		16,797,987		16,168,096
	(1,038,233)	 59,922		(692,181)		(575,518)		(495,759)
\$	17,166,569	\$ 17,301,980	\$	16,797,987	\$	16,222,469	\$	15,672,338

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2001		2002		2003
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	1,735,152	\$	1,560,139	\$	1,714,827
Education		14,109,560		14,696,060		14,839,951
Human services		3,627,815		3,792,086		3,891,686
Public safety and corrections		2,098,619		2,161,486		2,159,537
Conservation, environment,						
recreation, and agriculture		682,875		691,796		612,638
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		884,129		898,235		901,562
Health services		8,535,965		8,952,390		9,362,895
Transportation		2,766,735		3,268,241		2,792,752
Tax expenditures (Note 15)		532,800		615,100		707,800
Intergovernmental - revenue sharing		1,555,799		1,517,303		1,451,374
Interest on long - term debt		221,333		248,263		281,408
Total governmental activities		36,750,783	<u> </u>	38,401,099	<u> </u>	38,716,430
Business-type activities:	.					
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund		479,359		494,696		515,243
State Lottery Fund		1,132,767		1,153,280		1,152,760
Attorney Discipline System				-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,102,700
Michigan Unemployment						
Compensation Funds		1,485,947		2,328,713		2,473,817
Total business - type activities		3,098,072		3,976,689		4,141,820
Total primary government expenses	\$	39,848,855	\$	42,377,787	\$	42,858,249
Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government Education Human services Public safety and corrections Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture Labor, commerce, and regulatory Health services Transportation Operating grants and contributions	\$	612,104 12,836 66,365 98,075 262,367 204,650 42,959 197,536 10,255,342	\$	664,533 10,587 54,982 113,058 233,430 256,314 56,822 219,129 10,848,672	\$	670,680 14,030 49,917 111,843 236,157 252,982 229,826 217,466 11,290,702
		667,437		589,530		
Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	12,419,671	\$	13,047,057	\$	13,620,316
Business-type activities: Charges for services:	¥	12,110,07	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	\$	592,084	\$	607,413	\$	638,170
State Lottery Fund		1,655,683		1,729,938		1,700,313
Attorney Discipline System Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds		- 1,050,123		- 1,426,748		- 1,701,364
Operating grants and contributions		313,629		535,524		135,116
Total business - type activities program revenues		3,611,520		4,299,623		4,174,964
Total primary government program revenues	\$	16,031,192	\$	17,346,681	\$	17,795,280
Net (Expenses)/Revenues						
Governmental activities	\$	(24,331,111)	\$	(25,354,041)	\$	(25,096,114)
Business - type activities		513,448		322,935	_	33,144
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(23,817,663)	\$	(25,031,106)	\$	(25,062,969)

	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
\$	1,748,598 14,418,940 3,985,861	\$	1,877,410 14,531,388 4,154,811	\$	2,288,504 14,695,186 4,384,311	\$	2,205,679 14,660,163 4,453,497	\$	1,671,941 15,080,883 4,699,046
	2,256,393		2,320,406		2,541,630		2,583,916		2,895,133
	674,387 920,056 9,605,216 3,104,841 702,700 1,305,146		652,326 936,467 10,179,705 3,106,993 815,300 1,112,931		688,407 951,519 9,963,373 3,133,137 834,000 1,103,625		596,972 963,444 10,832,862 3,191,784 883,400 1,071,104		572,755 995,714 11,622,966 3,235,394 931,600 1,076,445
	246,992 38,969,130		287,519 39,975,258		<u> </u>		<u>345,437</u> 41,788,258	•••••	<u>387,800</u> 43,169,677
	544,683 1,391,385 4,056		557,377 1,447,285 3,856	. <u> </u>	582,982 1,584,186 4,122		602,280 1,654,823 4,282		621,991 1,636,858 4,976
-	2,349,400	-	1,892,486	-	1,990,197	-	2,012,082	_	2,403,043
	4,289,524		3,901,003		4,161,487		4,273,467	<u> </u>	4,666,868
\$	43,258,653	\$	43,876,261	\$	45,051,967	\$	46,061,725	\$	47,836,545
•	000 570		070 454	¢	005 400	•	1 000 004	¢	500 400
\$	826,573 5,277	\$	876,151 4,858	\$	965,130 9,306	\$	1,062,224 10,377	\$	590,493 6,616
	58,170 154,440		53,400 155,683		56,367 160,829		59,285 164,345		57,963 168,789
	254,861 247,857 57,071 197,125 11,783,472 618,445		269,035 238,229 72,062 201,598 11,792,127 805,580		251,591 262,021 72,564 84,280 11,624,786 779,269		185,978 312,983 72,338 79,459 12,300,068 627,057		282,008 304,145 79,683 72,651 12,963,536 719,518
\$	14,203,291	\$	14,468,723	\$	14,266,144	\$	14,874,113	\$	15,245,401
\$	675,747 2,002,688	\$	688,928 2,082,229	\$	718,085 2,232,204	\$	742,959 2,363,001	\$	768,085 2,351,082
	4,593		4,588		4,631		4,782		4,885
	1,817,576 76,762		1,646,311 54,148		1,727,761 53,932		1,765,871 55,783		1,998,292 44,262
	4,577,366		4,476,205		4,736,614	•	4,932,397		5,166,606
\$	18,780,657	\$	18,944,928	\$	19,002,757	\$	19,806,510	\$	20,412,007
\$	(24,765,839) 287,843 (24,477,996)	\$	(25,506,535) 575,202 (24,931,333)	\$	(26,624,336) 575,127 (26,049,209)	\$	(26,914,145) 658,929 (26,255,215)	\$	(27,924,276) 499,738 (27,424,538)
ļ	(24,477,000)	÷	(24,001,000)		(20,040,200)	—	(=0,200,210)	<u> </u>	(=1,12,000)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (Continued)

(In Thousands)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2001		2002	. <u> </u>	2003
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse	ets					
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
General:						
Sales and use	\$	2,555,186	\$	2,560,816	\$	2,475,020
Personal income		5,483,584		4,549,592		4,569,230
Single business and Michigan business		2,207,500		1,783,582		1,824,292
Other		1,179,461		1,205,529		1,265,175
Restricted For Educational Purposes:						
Sales and use		5,117,360		5,177,407		5,081,189
Personal income		2,003,475		1,761,334		1,816,390
Michigan business		-		-		-
Education, property, and real estate transfers		1,742,445		1,847,603		2,408,728
Other		636,984		694,690		791,958
Restricted For Transportation Purposes:						
Sales and use		74,415		77,676		79,440
Gasoline and diesel fuel		1,077,187		1,090,866		1,089,558
Motor vehicle weight		777,903		827,347		844,695
Other		6,766		6,727		7,402
Unrestricted investment and interest earnings		159,194		51,657		14,132
Miscellaneous		668,970		790,940		813,608
Contributions to permanent fund principal		38,415		19,928		31,938
Transfers		737,635		894,513		843,762
Total governmental activities	\$	24,466,480	\$	23,340,208	\$	23,956,515
Business - type activities:						
Taxes		10,419		10,707		11,297
Investment earnings		4,248		1,562		1,102
Miscellaneous		1		8		-
Transfers		(737,635)		(894,513)		(843,762)
Total business - type activities		(722,967)	_	(882,235)		(831,363)
Total primary government	\$	23,743,513	\$	22,457,973	\$	23,125,153
Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental activities	\$	135,369	\$	(2,013,834)	\$	(1,139,599)
Business - type activities		(209,519)		(559,300)		(798,218)
Total primary government	\$	(74,150)	\$	(2,573,134)	\$	(1,937,817)

	2004		2005	 2006		2007	 2008
\$	2,565,865	\$	2,663,226	\$ 2,665,614	\$	2,635,341	\$ 2,701,052
	4,693,512		5,036,282	5,123,885		5,321,169	6,229,339
	1,773,325		1,934,003	1,926,884		1,771,854	1,715,861
	1,640,244		2,209,052	2,189,417		2,348,619	2,516,526
	5,143,414		5,283,583	5,240,334		5,230,217	5,424,253
	1,896,860		2,019,932	2,069,435		2,142,251	2,174,393
	-		-	-		-	341,000
	2,142,706		2,236,159	2,320,578		2,336,474	2,266,377
	775,297		754,431	759,440		747,241	678,157
	64,960		56,924	66,405		67,678	82,114
	1,070,488		1,068,565	1,054,766		1,016,957	992,502
	933,822		863,367	867,663		874,287	854,736
	7,721		6,719	5,974		6,339	5,675
	9,728		14,141	9,991		12,097	7,595
	677,848		788,809	1,003,976		1,124,818	865,407
	30,759		41,033	35,153		26,165	57,937
	901,580		859,260	 864,406		943,460	 927,763
\$	24,328,129	\$	25,835,487	\$ 26,203,921	\$	26,604,970	\$ 27,840,688
	44.000		10 104	10 CE 4		10 100	10,000
	11,989		12,194 2,784	12,654 4,861		13,133 5,055	13,663 2,192
	1,225		2,784	4,001		5,055	2,192
	(001 590)		(859,260)	(864,406)		(943,460)	(927,763)
<u> </u>	(901,580) (888,366)		(844,232)	 (846,892)		(925,273)	 (911,909)
\$	23,439,763	\$	24,991,255	\$ 25,357,029	\$	25,679,697	\$ 26,928,780
	_,,	<u> </u>		 	_	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
\$	(437,710)	\$	328,952	\$ (420,415)	\$	(309,175)	\$ (83,588)
	(600,524)		(269,030)	 (271,766)		(266,343)	 (412,171)
\$	(1,038,233)	\$	59,922	\$ (692,181)	\$	(575,518)	\$ (495,759)

.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	.	1999	 2000	 2001	 2002
General Fund					
Reserved	\$	1,575,960	\$ 1,889,523	\$ 1,880,452	\$ 1,662,579
Unreserved		-	211,810	28,072	114,500
Total general fund	\$	1,575,960	\$ 2,101,333	\$ 1,908,525	\$ 1,777,079
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	\$	1,014,183	\$ 1,396,417	\$ 1,393,523	\$ 1,441,759
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds		2,112,480	2,358,165	2,462,033	968,700
Debt service funds		246,973	291,822	318,721	406,903
Capital projects funds		(265,559)	(513,593)	(287,958)	(158,776)
Permanent funds		-	-	41,082	40,459
Total all other governmental funds	\$	3,108,077	\$ 3,532,811	\$ 3,927,400	\$ 2,699,045
Reconciliation of governmental fund balances					
Beginning fund balances	\$	4,096,329	\$ 4,684,037	\$ 5,634,144	\$ 5,835,924
Restatement of beginning fund balances		21,911	-	369,229	-
Beginning fund balances - restated		4,118,239	4,684,037	6,003,373	5,835,924
Excess of revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses		565,798	950,107	(167,449)	(1,359,800)
Ending fund balances	\$	4,684,037	\$ 5,634,144	\$ 5,835,924	\$ 4,476,125

 2003	1011-5-1-1-	2004	 2005	 2006	 2007		2008
\$ 1,136,802 173,956	\$	1,169,819	\$ 1,232,856 220,537	\$ 1,066,757 2,482	\$ 722,948 259,080	\$	833,104 457,870
\$ 1,310,758	\$	1,169,819	\$ 1,453,393	\$ 1,069,240	\$ 982,028	\$	1,290,974
\$ 1,445,064	\$	1,665,549	\$ 1,759,462	\$ 1,657,248	\$ 1,945,448	\$	1,968,781
571,164 369,313 (436,623) 34,719		537,917 365,841 (451,060) 42,778	303,226 194,586 (349,643) 43,259	868,138 189,851 (87,918) 43,791	838,167 208,868 (239,869) 41,361		611,448 220,517 (238,718) 54,791
\$ 1,983,637	\$	2,161,025	\$ 1,950,891	\$ 2,671,111	\$ 2,793,975	\$	2,616,818
\$ 4,476,125 (255,500) 4,220,625	\$	3,294,395 - 3,294,395	\$ 3,330,844 - 3,330,844	\$ 3,404,284 - 3,404,284	\$ 3,740,351 - 3,740,351	\$	3,776,004 - 3,776,004
\$ (926,230) 3,294,395	\$	36,449 3,330,844	\$ 73,440 3,404,284	\$ 336,067 3,740,351	\$ 35,653 3,776,004	\$	131,789 3,907,792

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	·	1999		2000	 2001		2002
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	21,958,875	\$	22,865,469	\$ 22,405,023	\$	22,070,408
From federal agencies		7,911,473		8,581,461	9,572,898		10,203,716
From local agencies		183,822		173,882	227,996		248,867
From services		113,415		110,294	115,346		121,849
From licenses and permits		383,778		393,006	391,655		408,746
Special Medicaid reimbursements		690,799		1,059,343	1,155,374		1,109,233
Miscellaneous		796,444		1,063,355	1,411,628		1,218,388
Total revenues		32,038,606	,, <u>,</u>	34,246,809	 35,279,920	****	35,381,208
Expenditures	<u>L-11-112-211111</u>			<u></u>			
		1,072,930		1,071,893	1,277,822		1,544,055
General government							
Education		11,851,116		12,510,188	14,176,060		14,744,71
Human services		3,229,377		3,336,835	3,598,591		3,793,974
Public safety and corrections Conservation, environment,		1,908,871		1,983,001	2,159,602		2,136,506
recreation, and agriculture		482,901		564,738	636,279		650,353
Labor, commerce, and regulatory		720,070		740,687	881,069		891,817
Health services		7,100,795		7,692,354	8,525,435		8,891,480
		1,645,123		1,663,318	2,058,484		2,118,452
Transportation		486,100		502,100	532,800		615,10
Tax expenditures		•					
Capital outlay		1,307,822		1,427,858	1,532,145		1,465,800
Intergovernmental - revenue sharing Debt service:		1,410,400		1,494,016	1,555,799		1,517,303
Bond principal retirement		218,266		199,820	219,552		226,801
Bond interest and fiscal charges		195,708		202,434	201,980		225,678
Capital lease payments		59,287		52,027	48,820		51,387
Total Expenditures		31,688,767		33,441,268	 37,404,438		38,873,422
xcess of revenues over (under) expenditures		349,839		805,54 1	(2,124,519)		(3,492,214
ther Financing Sources (Uses)							
Bonds and notes issued		85,488		231,115	1,223,549		987,850
Premium on bond issuance		-		-	44,373		64,238
Discount on bond issuance		-		-	-		
Refunding bonds issued		336,145		-	630,812		488,145
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(360,810)		-	(698,723)		(527,303
Extinguishment of commercial paper		(000,0.0)		-	(40,680)		(51,890
Capital lease acquisitions		57,609		22,330	23,014		237,272
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		01,000		22,000	20,014		201,212
		3,096,878		3,138,332	3,185,915		4,132,997
Transfers from other funds		621		354	-		
				(2,325,522)	(2,411,191)		(3,198,895
Transfers from other funds Transfers from component units Transfers to other funds		(2,202,944)			,		· · ·
Transfers from component units		(2,282,944) (706,175)		(904,689)	-		•
Transfers from component units Transfers to other funds	-,-,-		<u></u>	(904,689) 161,920	 1,957,070		2,132,415
Transfers from component units Transfers to other funds Transfers to component units Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(706,175)	\$	and the second se	\$ - 1,957,070 (167,449)	\$	
Transfers from component units Transfers to other funds Transfers to component units	\$	(706,175) 226,812	\$	161,920	\$	\$	2,132,415 (1,359,800

 2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
\$ 22,425,957 10,813,804 230,728 121,198 417,786 932,658 1,467,812	\$	22,799,928 11,580,220 239,815 148,140 555,858 704,551 1,205,367	\$	23,936,964 11,974,006 262,875 264,956 423,501 467,970 1,475,377	\$	24,198,924 12,160,022 124,101 269,593 437,560 93,621 1,549,859	\$	24,370,884 12,655,930 139,429 284,370 444,841 102,670 1,860,302	\$	26,075,135 13,432,638 126,550 291,380 441,407 115,797 1,653,059
 36,409,943		37,233,878	•	38,805,648		38,833,679		39,858,425	·	42,135,966
 		<u></u>						i		
1,209,916 14,866,526 3,877,953 2,115,448		1,117,659 14,445,184 3,935,170 2,121,584		1,307,448 14,557,032 4,122,779 2,287,452		1,635,378 14,758,992 4,341,774 2,455,145		1,593,877 14,679,504 4,447,992 2,467,512		1,555,951 15,099,591 4,609,481 2,617,048
591,218 891,644 9,270,484		586,096 902,903 9,676,268		614,939 924,876 10,126,544		642,815 952,921 9,958,104		568,398 957,023 10,741,285		597,267 966,091 11,588,207
2,080,361 707,800		2,212,371 702,700		2,167,888 815,300		2,082,847 834,000		2,178,923 883,400		2,338,907 931,600
1,164,002	1,100,106			1,274,247		1,462,405		1,362,102		1,229,102
1,451,374				1,112,931		1,103,625		1,071,104		1,076,445
222,477 239,054 67,723		729,557 241,194 50,840		354,711 276,216 49,530		773,826 294,093 49,183		238,789 329,171 46,074		238,371 339,237 50,176
 38,755,981		39,126,778	H elementer	39,991,894	41,345,109			41,565,154		43,237,473
(2,346,038)		(1,892,901)		(1,186,245)		(2,511,430)		(1,706,729)		(1,101,507)
568,616		520,676		365,164		1,453,606		1,008,107		185,242
87,561		55,940		97,857		46,234		18,662		16,811
		-		-		(496,466)		(15,213)		(3,309)
692,694		660,249		1,528,539		1,494,050		-		347,446
(851,235)		(247,256)		(1,609,886)		(563,776)		(240,280)		(361,879)
-		-		-		-		-		-
16,052		19,661		6,778		34,059		20,906		110,838
-		17,236 3,294,939		10,643 2,924,083		13,974 3,137,772		5,347 3,275,148		30,505 2,824,489
3,433,535 -		-		-		-		-		-
(2,527,415)		(2,392,095) -		(2,063,492)		(2,271,956)		(2,330,295)		(1,916,847)
 1,419,808		1,929,350	<u> </u>	1,259,686	"	2,847,496		1,742,382		1,233,296
\$ (926,230)	\$	36,449	\$	73,440	\$	336,067	\$	35,653	\$	131,789
1%		3%		2%		3%		2%		1%

PERSONAL INCOME BY INDUSTRY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

	 1998		1999	·····	2000
Farm earnings	\$ 632	\$	799	\$	634
Forestry, fishing, related activities, and other	294		305		326
Mining	682		637		697
Utilities	2,352		2,422		2,331
Construction	11,103		12,118		13,932
Manufacturing	53,007		56,224		58,751
Wholesale trade	10,019		10,689		11,749
Retail trade	13,269		14,069		14,830
Transportation and warehousing	5,647		6,196		6,374
Information	4,081		4,477		4,564
Finance and insurance	8,425		9,008		9,130
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,703		3,291		3,566
Professional and technical services	19,569		22,503		24,159
Management of companies and enterprises	6,979		6,864		7,167
Administrative and waste services	7,162		7,978		8,899
Educational services	1,229		1,396		1,427
Health care and social assistance	16,963		17,773		18,920
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,299		1,480		1,887
Accommodation and food services	4,269		4,388		4,766
Other services, except public administration	5,576		5,673		6,054
Government and government enterprises	27,134		27,902		29,442
Total earnings by place of work	 202,390		216,188		229,603
Total earnings by place of work	202,390		216,188		229,603
less: Contributions for government social insurance	23,742		25,120		26,338
plus: Adjustment for residence	883		966		1,007
Net earnings by place of residence	 179,531		192,034		204,271
Net earnings by place of residence	179,531		192,034		204,271
plus: Dividends, interest, and rent	46,084		45,952		48,662
plus: Personal current transfer receipts	 35,163	-	36,931		38,552
Total Personal Income	\$ 260,778	\$	274,918	\$	291,485
Statutory Tax Rate (blended rate)	4.40%		4.40%		4.25%

NOTES: Earnings presented are blended averages. Due to the use of averages and blended amounts, the totals may not equal the sum of the industry amounts presented.

Earnings includes wages and salaries, supplements to wages and proprietors' income.

Industries categorized using the North American Industry Classification System.

Fiscal year 2007 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis, Michigan Department of Treasury.

 2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
\$ 387	\$ 313	\$ 610	\$ 870	\$ 910	\$ 721	\$ 973
352	318	307	320	325	335	344
783	657	705	781	848	962	1,065
2,556	2,558	2,779	2,762	2,801	2,967	3,246
13,831	13,797	13,227	13,663	14,247	14,004	13,211
56,032	55,399	61,360	57,954	54,200	53,992	54,151
11,561	11,259	11,602	11,931	12,449	12,762	13,152
15,083	15,437	15,471	15,666	15,779	15,682	15,798
6,749	6,535	6,573	7,037	7,266	7,123	7,418
4,560	4,623	4,640	4,775	4,811	4,865	5,009
10,409	11,134	11,645	11,927	12,202	12,735	13,070
6,249	6,561	5,733	6,134	6,771	6,174	5,849
24,128	24,179	23,371	24,003	25,120	25,693	26,700
6,812	6,379	6,372	6,900	7,285	6,860	6,908
8,801	9,034	9,508	10,024	10,890	11,114	10,951
1,526	1,656	1,829	2,056	2,189	2,281	2,458
19,721	20,959	21,955	23,178	24,634	25,856	27,113
1,988	2,157	2,179	2,293	2,246	2,331	2,427
4,828	5,041	5,176	5,461	5,577	5,721	5,957
6,225	6,425	6,644	6,807	6,930	6,960	7,157
30,454	31,898	33,207	34,764	36,668	37,254	38,024
 233,034	236,316	244,892	249,304	254,144	256,391	260,977
233,034	236,316	244,892	249,304	254,144	256,391	260,977
26,311	26,615	27,284	28,036	28,844	29,345	29,900
1,054	1,078	1,117	1,212	1,289	1,408	1,479
 207,776	210,780	218,726	222,480	226,589	228,454	232,556
207,776	210,780	218,726	222,480	226,589	228,454	232,556
48,316	46,414	45,143	45,786	46,792	47,794	51,288
 42,036	44,733	46,595	48,652	51,267	54,686	58,849
\$ 298,129	\$ 301,926	\$ 310,463	\$ 316,918	\$ 324,647	\$ 330,934	\$ 342,692
 4.20%	4.13%	4.03%	3.98%	3.90%	3.90%	3.90%

TAXABLE SALES BY INDUSTRY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

	1	998	 1999	 2000	_	2001
Farming	\$	72.1	\$ 67.9	\$ 83.3	\$	78.9
Agricultural		218.1	245.7	273.0		269.7
Mining		128.3	138.9	174.0		183.9
Construction		697.7	717.2	816.3		795.9
Manufacturing		3,638.8	3,812.0	4,040.2		3,783.1
Transportation and utilities		7,502.0	7,795.0	8,331.9		8,734.9
Wholesale trade		2,900.5	3,110.6	3,434.2		3,231.4
Retail trade	7	0,134.1	72,342.7	78,301.4		80,297.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1,575.4	1,385.3	1,153.6		929.0
Services		6,170.3	6,803.2	7,720.5		8,179.2
State and local government		133.9	145.8	167.6		172.4
Other classifications		510.9	 571.0	 692.6		675.8
Total	\$ 9	3,682.2	\$ 97,135.3	\$ 105,188.4	\$	107,331.8
Direct Sales Tax Rate		6%	6%	6%		6%

NOTES: Taxable sales were imputed from fiscal year sales tax cash collections by industry.

Industries categorized by using the Standard Industrial Classification.

Fiscal year 2007 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Treasury.

 2002		2003	 2004		2005	2006		 2007
\$ 80.8	\$	77.8	\$ 77.2	\$	78.9	\$	78.5	\$ 73.6
243.3		275.3	275.3		277.5		270.7	250.3
173.8		174.6	159.9		181.0		192.5	183.4
778.8		741.5	768.8		788.3		782.3	706.4
3,486.9		3,225.4	3,315.5		3,577.2		3,424.2	3,283.3
8,632.8		9,030.7	9,369.3		10,359.4		11,715.5	12,091.0
2,970.7		3,121.5	3,127.9		3,270.5		3,400.5	2,881.0
82,580.9		82,417.6	83,135.4		84,719.4		83,382.5	83,464.8
718.1		622.2	472.3		460.8		435.6	333.3
8,276.9		8,077.5	7,686.8		7,121.3		6,215.0	6,483.1
155.6		150.9	162.0		184.3		197.7	202.6
 707.6	·	614.2	 951.9	*******	1,021.3	•	806.4	 1,091.1
\$ 108,806.2	\$	108,529.3	\$ 109,502.2	\$	112,040.0	\$	110,901.4	\$ 111,043.9
6%		6%	6%		6%		6%	6%

.

PERSONAL INCOME TAX FILERS AND LIABILITY BY INCOME LEVEL

TAX YEARS 1997 AND 2006

		Tax Ye	ar 1997		Tax Year 2006					
Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Group	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Personal Income Tax (In Millions)	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Personal Income Tax (In Millions)	Percentage of Total		
\$50,000 and under	3,103,046	72.0%	\$ 1,313.9	23.6%	2,904,362	64.7%	\$ 443.5	7.9%		
\$50,001 - \$100,000	929,512	21.6%	2,203.9	39.5%	1,059,606	23.6%	1,937.8	34.7%		
\$100,001 and higher	275,985	6.4%	2,056.8	36.9%	523,289	11.7%	3,203.5	57.4%		
Total	4,308,543	100.0%	\$ 5,574.6	100.0%	4,487,257	100.0%	\$ 5,584.8	100.0%		

NOTES: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. These categories are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's personal income tax revenue.

Tax year 2006 is the most recent year for which data is available.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Treasury.

SALES TAX PAYERS BY INDUSTRY

FISCAL YEARS 1998 AND 2007

		1	998		2007					
	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability (In Millions)	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability (In Millions)	Percentage of Total		
Farming	654	0.56%	\$ 4.4	0.08%	576	0.55%	\$ 4.4	0.07%		
Agricultural	1,661	1.41%	13.0	0.23%	1,520	1.45%	15.0	0.23%		
Mining	295	0.25%	7.7	0.14%	278	0.26%	11.0	0.17%		
Construction	2,833	2.41%	41.9	0.76%	2,634	2.51%	42.4	0.65%		
Manufacturing	7,624	6.48%	218.3	3.95%	6,512	6.20%	197.0	3.02%		
Transportation										
and utilities	1,299	1.10%	355.6	6.43%	1,320	1.26%	589.0	9.02%		
Wholesale trade	3,005	2.55%	174.0	3.15%	2,307	2.20%	172.9	2.65%		
Retail trade	72,177	61.34%	4,208.0	76.14%	62,612	59.64%	5,007.9	76.74%		
Finance, insurance,										
and real estate	501	0.43%	94.5	1.71%	476	0.45%	20.0	0.31%		
Services	26,865	22.83%	370.2	6.70%	25,210	24.01%	389.0	5.96%		
State and local										
government	326	0.28%	8.0	0.15%	325	0.31%	12.2	0.19%		
Other classifications	419	0.36%	30.7	0.55%	1,213	1.16%	65.5	1.00%		
Total	117,659	100.00%	\$ 5,526.4	100.00%	104,983	100.00%	\$ 6,526.1	100.00%		

NOTES: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. These categories are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's sales tax revenue.

Fiscal year 2007 is the most recent year for which data is available.

Industries categorized using the Standard Industrial Classification.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Treasury.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS		STATE PARK REVENUE BONDS		REV	STFA 'ENUE NDS	RE	PORTATION EVENUE BONDS	BUI AUT	TATE LDING HORITY DNDS	DING SETTL ORITY FINA		
1999	\$	870	\$	-	\$	181	\$	859	\$	1,945	\$	-	
2000		930		-		167		837		1,826		-	
2001		1,032		-		153		1,122		2,159		-	
2002		1,120		16		138		1,173		2,582		-	
2003		1,413		16		122		1,176		2,607		-	
2004		1,528		15		105		1,323		2,545		-	
2005		1,645		15		-		1,652		2,615		-	
2006		1,794		14		-		1,889		3,449		491	
2007		1,488		13		-		2,328		3,366		1,018	
2008		1,487		13		-		2,257		3,375		1,083	

NOTE: Article 9, Section 15 of the State Constitution allows for long-term borrowing by the State for specific purposes in amounts as may be provided by acts of the Legislature adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members in each house, and approved by a majority of the people voting at a general election. The debts of public bodies corporate and politic created by law are not general obligation debts and liabilities of the State of Michigan. Details regarding the State's debt can be found in the bonds and notes payable note of the financial statements.

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Department of History, Arts, and Libraries. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Department of Treasury.

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GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

 CAPITAL LEASES	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME		PER APITA
\$ 253	\$	4,108	1.48%	\$	415
255		4,015	1.36%		403
255		4,721	1.58%		472
461		5,490	1.81%		547
479		5,813	1.85%		577
423		5,939	1.86%		588
406		6,333	1.95%		627
252		7,888	2.37%		781
248		8,461	2.45%		840
320		8,535	Unavailable	Una	vailable



RATIOS OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

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FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS		LESS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		GI OBI	BONDED ENERAL LIGATION BONDS	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME	PER CAPITA		
1999	\$	870	\$	-	\$	870	0.31%	\$	87.88	
2000		930		•		930	0.32%		93.44	
2001		1,032		•		1,032	0.34%		103.11	
2002		1,120		-		1,120	0.37%		111.47	
2003		1,413		1		1,413	0.45%		140.21	
2004		1,528		1		1,527	0.48%		151.12	
2005		1,645		1		1,644	0.51%		162.67	
2006		1,794		1		1,793	0.54%		177.44	
2007		1,487		1		1,487	0.43%		147.59	
2008		1,487		1		1,486	Unavailable		Unavailable	
2008		1,487		I		1,480	Unavailable		Unavallable	

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. Department of History, Arts, and Libraries. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Department of Treasury.

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE COMPREHENSIVE TRANSPORTATION FUND RELATED BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

	1999			2000		2001	2002		
Constitutionally Restricted									
Transportation Fund Revenues:									
Motor Fuel Taxes	\$	1,066.3	\$	1,066.5	\$	1,067.6	\$	1,082.8	
Registration Taxes		709.9		755.1		777.9		827.3	
Miscellaneous Fees		57.0	_	55.2	_	54.7		58.0	
Total		1,833.2		1,876.7		1,900.2		1,968.1	
Less Deductions		121.2		128.0		132.0		173.4	
Remaining Balance		1,712.0		1,748.7	·	1,768.2		1,794.7	
Portion of Balance Credited to Comprehensive									
Transportation Fund (excluding interest)		153.0		156.9		159.2		160.5	
	-								
Motor Vehicle Related Sales Tax Revenues	\$	906.7	\$	999.3	\$	1,057.0	\$	1,130.0	
Allocation to Comprehensive Transportation Fund	,	63.2		69.7		73.7		78.8	
Constitutionally Restricted Revenues Credited to									
Comprehensive Transportation Fund	\$	216.3	\$	226.6	\$	232.9	\$	239.3	
Plus Other Revenues (primarily interest)	·	6.6		3.1	•	3.5		0.9	
Money Available for Debt Service		222.9		229.7		236.4		240.3	
Debt Service:									
Principal	\$	8.0	\$	8.3	\$	10.5	\$	11.1	
Interest		13.9		12.9		11.2		10.2	
Actual Annual Debt Service (1)		21.9		21.2		21.7		21.4	
Debt Service Coverage		10.2 x		10.8 x		10.9 x		11.3 x	

NOTE: (1) The table above does not include debt service on refunded bonds.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Transportation.

 2003	2004		2004		2004		2004 20		2005 2006		 2007	 2008
\$ 1,093.2 844.7 56.7	\$	1,073.3 933.8 51.4	\$	1,069.1 863.4 37.3	\$	1,055.3 867.7 36.0	\$ 1,027.8 871.7 35.7	\$ 989.3 855.0 36.2				
 1,994.5 176.8 1,817.8		2,058.4 110.9 1,947.6		1,969.8 125.4 1,844.4		1,959.0 149.5 1,809.5	 1,935.3 137.9 1,797.4	 1,880.6 138.3 1,742.3				
 162.3		166.4		167.3		165.4	 164.7	 159.9				
\$ 1,708.4 79.4	\$	1,082.7 65.0	\$	1,115.4 56.9	\$	1,111.2 66.4	\$ 1,117.5 67.7	\$ 1,249.0 82.1				
\$ 241.8 1.4 243.2	\$	231.3 3.6 234.9	\$	224.3 5.0 229.3	\$	231.8 0.5 232.3	\$ 232.4 5.9 238.3	\$ 242.0 1.4 243.5				
\$ 11.7 12.0 23.6	\$	16.3 14.0 30.3	\$	15.6 13.4 28.9	\$	19.1 12.0 31.1	\$ 20.2 12.9 33.2	\$ 21.3 12.0 33.3				
10.3 x		7.8 x		7.9 x		7.5 x	7.2 x	7.3 x				

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE STATE TRUNKLINE FUND RELATED BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Millions)

		1999		2000		2001		2002
Constitutionally Restricted								
Transportation Fund Revenues:								
Motor Fuel Taxes	\$	1,066.3	\$	1,066.5	\$	1,067.6	\$	1,082.8
Registration Taxes		709.9		755.1		777.9		827.3
Miscellaneous Fees		57.0		55.2		54.7		58.0
Total		1,833.2		1,876.7		1,900.2		1,968.1
Less Deductions:								
Critical Bridge Debt Service		1.4		2.4		2.4		2.4
Legally Dedicated State Trunkline Fund Debt Service		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0
Collection Costs		58.4		64.0		63.1		109.4
Waterways/Recreational Improvement Fund		18.4		18.6		18.5		18.7
Comprehensive Transportation Fund (excluding interest)		153.0		156.9		159.2		160.5
Local Program Fund		33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0
Critical Bridge Fund		5.0		5.0		5.0		5.0
Economic Development Fund		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3
Total Deductions		352.5		363.2		364.5		412.2
Constitutionally Restricted Revenues								
Available for Distribution		1,480.7		1,513.6		1,535.7		1,555.9
Plus Other Revenues (primarily interest)		11.6		15.8		13.4		6.1
Total Money Available for Distribution		1,492.3		1,529.4		1,549.1		1,562.0
Distributions to:								
Cities and Villages		318.7		326.7		331.9		332.3
County Road Commissions		561.0		575.0		582.9		588.6
State Trunkline Fund		612.7		627.7		634.3		641.1
Money Available for Debt Service:								
State Trunkline Fund		612.7		627.7		634.3		641.1
Legally Dedicated State Trunkline Fund Debt Service		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0
Economic Development Fund		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3
Local Program Fund		33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0
Critical Bridge Fund		1.4		2.4		2.4		2.4
Miscellaneous (1)		-		-		-		-
Total Available for Debt Service		730.4		746.4		753.0		759.7
Debt Service:	•	00.4	•		•	40 7	<u>^</u>	
Principal	\$	30.1	\$	17.7	\$	18.7	\$	19.7
Interest		27.6		29.5		29.5		39.7
Actual Annual Debt Service (2)		57.8		47.2		48.2		59.4
Debt Service Coverage		12.6 x		15.8 x		15.6 x		12.8 x

NOTES:

(1) Beginning fiscal year 2008, miscellaneous revenues were available for debt service.

(2) The table above excludes amounts related to refunded bonds and federally funded debt.

SOURCE: Michigan Department of Transportation.

 2003		2004		2005		2006		2007	2008		
\$ 1,093.2 844.7 56.7	\$	1,073.3 933.8 51.4	\$	1,069.1 863.4 37.3	\$	1,055.3 867.7 36.0	\$	1,027.8 871.7 35.7	\$	989.3 855.0 36.2	
 1,994.5		2,058.4		1,969.8		1,959.0		1,935.3		1,880.6	
2.2		2.2		2.2		2.5		2.8		2.8	
43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0	
113.1		42.2		44.5		57.1		46.2		48.1	
18.5		18.4		18.4		18.0		17.6		16.9	
162.3		166.4		167.3		165.4		164.7		159.9	
33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0		33.0	
5.0		5.0		17.2		28.9		28.3		27.5	
40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3	
 417.4		350.5		366.0		388.2		375.9		371.5	
1,577.2		1,707.9		1,603.8		1,570.8		1,559.4		1,509.1	
 5.9		6.2		7.0		8.9		8.2		9.0	
1,583.1		1,714.1		1,610.8		1,579.7		1,567.5		1,518.0	
341.6		366.9		348.7		344.8		342.8		332.1	
594.7 646.7		642.5 704.8		611.6 650.5		603.3 631.5		599.7 625.0		580.9 605.0	
						004 5		005.0			
646.7		704.8		650.5		631.5		625.0		605.0	
43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0		43.0	
40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3		40.3	
33.0 2.2		33.0 2.2		33.0 2.2		33.0 2.5		33.0 2.8		33.0 2.8	
-		-		-		-		-		40.5	
 765.1		823.2		769.0		750.3	<u> </u>	744.1	·	764.6	
\$ 26.2	\$	23.9	\$	25.0	\$	19.9	\$	20.0	\$	43.5	
39.5		43.9		49.5		74.7		84.8		91.5	
 65.7		67.8		74.5		94.6		104.8		135.0	
11.6 x		12.1 x		10.3 x		7.9 x		7.1 x		5.7 x	

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Millions)

	 1999	 2000	 2001	2002	
Revenue - Lease and Rental Payments	\$ 214.8	\$ 218.5	\$ 254.3	\$	266.0
Less: Operating Expenses	0.6	1.1	2.2		0.8
Net Available Revenue	 214.2	 217.4	 252.1		265.2
Debt Service:					
Principal	132.4	124.1	133.7		115.1
Interest	98.3	100.3	100.5		106.7
Actual Annual Debt Service	 230.7	 224.4	 234.1		221.8
Debt Service Coverage	0.9 x	1.0 x	1.1 x		1.2 x

NOTE: Details regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in the bonds and notes payable note to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

Michigan

	2003	······	2004	 2005		2006	 2007	 2008
\$	287.5	\$	239.9	\$ 246.9	\$	255.5	\$ 213.2	\$ 219.4
	6.4		4.2	3.2		9.9	0.8	0.8
,,,,,, ,,,	281.1	<u></u>	235.7	 243.7		245.6	 212.4	 218.6
	141.7		84.7	119.9		82.1	83.6	87.1
	119.6		109.5	128.7		140.8	117.5	123.4
	261.3		194.2	 248.6	<u>,,,_,</u>	222.9	 201.1	 210.5
	1.1 x		1.2 x	1.0 x		1.1 x	1.1 x	1.0 x



DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE MICHIGAN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY (In Millions)

	 2008
Revenue - Tobacco Revenue Less: Operating Expenses	\$ 45.3 1.1
Net Available Revenue	 44.2
Debt Service:	
Principal	10.1
Interest	 53.9
Actual Annual Debt Service	 64.0
Debt Service Coverage	0.7 x

NOTES:

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- Debt service on the Michigan Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority bonds commenced in fiscal year 2008.
- (2) Details regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in the bonds and notes payable note to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

United States 275,854 279,040 282,194 285, 285,1 Total Personal income (b) (in billions) Michigan \$ 265,1 \$ 278,1 \$ 224,2 \$ 224,2 \$ 224,2 \$ 224,2 \$ 224,2 \$ 224,2 \$ 25,2 Per Capita Income (b) Michigan \$ 26,919 \$ 280,095 \$ 29,245 \$ 20,005 \$ 29,845 \$ 30,0 United States \$ 26,819 \$ 26,833 \$ 27,939 \$ 29,845 \$ 30,0 Unemployment Rate (c) Michigan 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 5 Goods Producing: Natural Resources and Mining 10.0 9.6 9.5 20,96,6 2 Total Goods Producing: 10.89,1 1.106.5 1.117.5 1.0 209,6 2 Total Goods Producing 10.89,1 1.06.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing Transportation, and Utilities: 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 129.2 50.6 558.6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			1998		1999		2000	 2001
Michigan 9,845 9,897 9,955 10. United States 275,854 279,040 282,194 285. Total Personal Income (b) (in billions) % 265.1 \$ 278.1 \$ 294.2 \$ 282.194 285.1 Michigan \$ 265.1 \$ 278.1 \$ 294.2 \$ 28.7 Michigan \$ 265.1 \$ 277.996.1 \$ 8,422.1 \$ 8.7 Per Capita Income (b) Michigan \$ 26,6919 \$ 28,095 \$ 29,554 \$ 29,504 \$ 29,55 30, United States \$ 26,803 \$ 27,939 \$ 29,845 \$ 30, United States 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 2% 4.0% 2 288.4 28,09 288.4 28,09 289.4 2 289.6 2 2 289.7 4.0% 2 26 26 26								
United States 275,854 279,040 282,194 285,1 Total Personal Income (b) (in billions) Michigan \$ 265.1 \$ 278.1 \$ 294.2 \$ 24 United States \$ 7,415.7 \$ 7,761.1 \$ 8,422.1 \$ 8,7 Per Capita Income (b) Michigan \$ 26,919 \$ 28,095 \$ 29,554 \$ 29, 9 29,845 \$ 30, 9 29,845 \$ 20, 9 29,845 \$ 30, 9 29,845 \$ 29, 9 29,845 \$ 30, 9 29,845 \$ 20, 9 29,845 \$ 29, 9 29,845 \$ 30, 9 29, 9 29,845 \$ 20, 9 29, 9 29,845 \$ 20, 9 29, 9 29,845 \$ 20, 9 29, 9 20, 9 2			0.040		0.007		0.055	10.007
Total Personal Income (b) (in bilions) Michigan \$ 265.1 \$ 278.1 \$ 294.2 \$ 24 (in bilions) Michigan \$ 7,415.7 \$ 7,796.1 \$ 8,422.1 \$ 8,7 Per Capita Income (b) Michigan \$ 26,819 \$ 28,095 \$ 29,554 \$ 29, 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 29, 50,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 29,554 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,554 \$ 30,005 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 25,056,0		0	, .		,		,	10,007 285,112
(in billions) \$ 265.1 \$ 278.1 \$ 294.2 \$ 28 Michigan \$ 7,415.7 \$ 7,796.1 \$ 8,422.1 \$ 8,77 Per Capita Income (b) \$ 26,893 \$ 28,095 \$ 29,854 \$ 29,845 \$ 30,000 United States \$ 26,883 \$ 27,939 \$ 29,845 \$ 30,000 Unemployment Rate (c) \$ 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 5 Michigan 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 5 United States 4.5% 4.2% 4.0% 5 Construction 187.4 197.0 209.6 2 Manufacturing 10.0 9.6 9.5 2 Construction 187.4 197.0 209.6 2 Manufacturing 1.089.1 1.106.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing: 1.089.1 1.06.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing: 1.089.1 1.33.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 199.8 183.6 183.6 1 1 Retail Trade 199.8 183.0 152.8 1 <	United States	2	.75,054		273,040		202,134	200,112
Michigan United States \$ 265.1 \$ 278.1 \$ 242.2 \$ 28.7 Per Capita Income (b) Michigan United States \$ 7,415.7 \$ 7,796.1 \$ 8,422.1								
United States \$ 7,415.7 \$ 7,796.1 \$ 8,422.1 \$ 8,7 Per Capita income (b) Michigan \$ 26,819 \$ 28,095 \$ 29,554 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,045 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,045 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 29,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 \$ 20,055 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Per Capita Income (b) Michigan \$ 26,919 \$ 28,095 \$ 29,554 \$ 29, 30,000 United States \$ 26,883 \$ 27,339 \$ 29,845 \$ 30,000 Unemployment Rate (c) Michigan 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 5 United States 4.5% 4.2% 4.0% 28 Estimated wage and salary employees (c) (in thousands) 10.0 9.6 9.5 2 Goods Producing: 187.4 197.0 299.6 2 Matural Resources and Mining 10.0 9.6 9.5 2 Total Goods Producing 1.089.1 1.106.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing: 1.089.1 1.066.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing: 1.089.1 1.106.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing: 1.089.1 1.31.2 134.1 135.4 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 7 Finance and Insurance 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 7 Finance and Insurance 153						\$		299.5
Michigan United States \$ 26,919 \$ 26,959 \$ 29,544 \$ 29,544 \$ 29,645 \$ 30, Unemployment Rate (c) Michigan United States 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0%	United States	\$ 7	7,415.7	\$	7,796.1	\$	8,422.1	\$ 8,717.0
United States \$ 26,883 \$ 27,939 \$ 29,845 \$ 30, Unemployment Rate (c) Michigan 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4.2% 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% <t< td=""><td>Per Capita Income (b)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Per Capita Income (b)							
United States \$ 26,883 \$ 27,939 \$ 29,845 \$ 30, Unemployment Rate (c) Michigan 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 United States 4.5% 4.2% 4.0% 4 Estimated wage and salary employees (c) (in thousands) 10.0 9.6 9.5 4 Goods Producing: Natural Resources and Mining 10.0 9.6 9.5 2 Manufacturing 891.7 899.9 898.4 8 Total Goods Producing: Private Service-Providing 1.089.1 1.106.5 1.117.5 1.0 Service-Providing: Trade, Transportation, and Utilities: Wholesale Trade 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 179.8 193.6 186.0 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 76.7 Finance and Insurance 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 253.7 264.1 274.3 2 Professional and Business Services: Professional and Business Services 70.8 70.9 70.5 </td <td>Michigan</td> <td>\$</td> <td>26,919</td> <td>\$</td> <td>28,095</td> <td>\$</td> <td>29,554</td> <td>\$ 29,933</td>	Michigan	\$	26,919	\$	28,095	\$	29,554	\$ 29,933
Michigan United States 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 Estimated wage and salary employees (c) (in thousands) 4.5% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2			26,883	\$	27,939	\$	29,845	\$ 30,574
Michigan United States 4.0% 3.8% 3.7% 4 Estimated wage and salary employees (c) (in thousands) 4.5% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.0% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2	Unemployment Bate (c)							
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(in thousands) Goods Producing: Natural Resources and Mining 10.0 9.6 9.5 Construction 187.4 197.0 209.6 2 Manufacturing 891.7 899.9 888.4 2 Total Goods Producing 1,089.1 1,106.5 1,117.5 1,00 Service-Providing: Private Service-Providing 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 542.5 550.6 559.8 55 Transportation and Utilities: 131.2 134.1 135.4 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 7 Finance and Insurance 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 53.9 53.9 56.6 7 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 253.7 264.1 274.3 2 Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management 272.4 277.9 290.5 2 Educational and Health Services: 51.2 52.1 54.3 447.9 4 Leisure and Hospitality: Acommodation and Food Services 326.6 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4.7%</td>								4.7%
Goods Producing: Natural Resources and Mining 10.0 9.6 9.5 Construction 187.4 197.0 209.6 2 Manufacturing 891.7 899.9 898.4 8 Total Goods Producing 1,089.1 1,106.5 1,117.5 1,0 Service-Providing: Private Service-Providing 1								
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Total Goods Producing 1,089.1 1,106.5 1,117.5 1,0 Service-Providing: Private Service-Providing 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Private Service-Providing Trade, Transportation, and Utilities: 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 542.5 550.6 559.8 5 Transportation and Utilities 131.2 134.1 135.4 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 7 Finance and Insurance 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 53.9 53.9 56.6 Professional and Business Services: 70.8 70.9 70.5 Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management 272.4 277.9 290.5 2 Educational Area and Social Assistance 433.6 439.6 447.9 4 Leisure and Hoopitality: Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other Services 173.0 174.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>206.1</td></td<>								206.1
Service-Providing: Private Service-Providing Trade, Transportation, and Utilities: Wholesale Trade 179.8 Retail Trade 542.5 Transportation and Utilities 131.2 Information 74.1 Financial Activities: 74.1 Finance and Insurance 153.8 Professional and Business Services: 70.8 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 253.7 Zefucational and Health Services: 70.8 Educational Services: 71.2 Educational Services: 51.2 Educational Services: 51.2 Educational Services: 51.2 Educational Services: 51.2 Educational Assistance 433.6 User and Hospitality: 42.5 Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 Other 52.6 Other 52.6 Other 173.0 Trade, Service-Providing 2.769.1 2.811.3 2.878.0 Questional and Food Services 12.6 Services 12.769.1 Zefucat								 823.1
Private Service-Providing Trade, Transportation, and Utilities: Wholesale Trade 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 542.5 550.6 559.8 5 Transportation and Utilities 131.2 134.1 135.4 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 Finance and Insurance 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 53.9 56.6 5 Professional and Business Services: Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 253.7 264.1 274.3 2 Management of Companies and Enterprises 70.8 70.9 70.5 2 2 Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management 272.4 277.9 290.5 2 Educational and Health Services: 51.2 52.1 54.3 447.9 4 Leisure and Hospitality: Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 0 175.3 1 Total Private Service-Providing 2.769.1 <td>Total Goods Producing</td> <td></td> <td>1,089.1</td> <td></td> <td>1,106.5</td> <td></td> <td>1,117.5</td> <td>1,038.5</td>	Total Goods Producing		1,089.1		1,106.5		1,117.5	1,038.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities: Wholesale Trade 179.8 183.6 186.0 1 Retail Trade 542.5 550.6 559.8 5 Transportation and Utilities 131.2 134.1 135.4 1 Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 Financial Activities: 7 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 53.9 53.9 56.6 70.8 70.9 70.5 Professional and Business Services: 70.8 70.9 70.5 2 2 24.1 274.3 2 Management of Companies and Enterprises 70.8 70.9 70.5 2 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3								
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Information 74.1 73.9 76.7 Financial Activities: Finance and Insurance 153.8 153.0 152.8 1 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 53.9 53.9 56.6 1 Professional and Business Services: Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 253.7 264.1 274.3 2 Management of Companies and Enterprises 70.8 70.9 70.5 2 Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management 272.4 277.9 290.5 2 Educational and Health Services: Educational Services 51.2 52.1 54.3 Health Care and Social Assistance 433.6 439.6 447.9 4 Leisure and Hospitality: Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 3 Other Services 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 Total Private Service-Providing 2,769.1 2,811.3 2,878.0 2,8 Government 655.8			542.5		550.6		559.8	548.8
Financial Activities:153.8153.0152.81Finance and Insurance153.8153.0152.81Real Estate and Rental and Leasing53.953.956.6Professional and Business Services:253.7264.1274.32Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services253.7264.1274.32Management of Companies and Enterprises70.870.970.52Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management272.4277.9290.52Educational and Health Services:51.252.154.3447.94Leisure and Hospitality:433.6439.6447.94Leisure and Hospitality:326.4328.8336.43Other52.654.761.8173.0174.0175.31Total Private Service-Providing2.769.12.811.32.878.02.8Government655.8667.4681.46			131.2					132.0
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Real Estate and Rental and Leasing53.953.956.6Professional and Business Services:Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services253.7264.1274.32Management of Companies and Enterprises70.870.970.570.570.5Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management272.4277.9290.52Educational and Health Services:51.252.154.354.3Health Care and Social Assistance433.6439.6447.94Leisure and Hospitality:Accommodation and Food Services326.4328.8336.43Other52.654.761.875.31Other Services173.0174.0175.31Total Private Service-Providing2.769.12.811.32.878.02.8Government655.8667.4681.46								
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Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services253.7264.1274.32Management of Companies and Enterprises70.870.970.5Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management272.4277.9290.52Educational and Health Services:51.252.154.3Educational Services51.252.154.3Health Care and Social Assistance433.6439.6447.94Leisure and Hospitality:Accommodation and Food Services326.4328.8336.43Other52.654.761.80Other Services173.0174.0175.31Total Private Service-Providing2.769.12.811.32.878.02.8Government655.8667.4681.46			53.9		53.9		56.6	55.5
Management of Companies and Enterprises70.870.970.5Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management272.4277.9290.52Educational and Health Services:51.252.154.3Educational Services433.6439.6447.94Leisure and Social Assistance326.4328.8336.43Other52.654.761.861.8Other Services173.0174.0175.31Total Private Service-Providing2.769.12.811.32.878.02.8Government655.8667.4681.46			253.7		264.1		274.3	268.0
Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management272.4277.9290.52Educational and Health Services: Educational Services51.252.154.3Health Care and Social Assistance433.6439.6447.94Leisure and Hospitality: Accommodation and Food Services326.4328.8336.43Other52.654.761.861.8Other Services173.0174.0175.31Total Private Service-Providing2.769.12.811.32.878.02.8Government655.8667.4681.46	Management of Companies and Enterprises							69.1
Educational and Health Services: 51.2 52.1 54.3 Health Care and Social Assistance 433.6 439.6 447.9 4 Leisure and Hospitality: Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 5 175.3 1 175.3 1 175.3 1 175.3 1 2,878.0 2,8 3 6 6 5 6 5 4 3 3 6 3 <td>Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>267.0</td>	Administrative, Support Services, and Waste Management							267.0
Health Care and Social Assistance 433.6 439.6 447.9 4 Leisure and Hospitality: Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 61.8 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 Other Services 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 2,878.0 2,8 Government 655.8 667.4 681.4 6								
Leisure and Hospitality: Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 <td></td> <td></td> <td>51.2</td> <td></td> <td>52.1</td> <td></td> <td>54.3</td> <td>61.2</td>			51.2		52.1		54.3	61.2
Accommodation and Food Services 326.4 328.8 336.4 3 Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 Other Services 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 2,878.0 2,88 Government 655.8 667.4 681.4 6			433.6		439.6		447.9	456.7
Other 52.6 54.7 61.8 Other Services 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 Total Private Service-Providing 2,769.1 2,811.3 2,878.0 2,8 Government 655.8 667.4 681.4 6								
Other Services 173.0 174.0 175.3 1 Total Private Service-Providing 2,769.1 2,811.3 2,878.0 2,8 Government 655.8 667.4 681.4 6			326.4		328.8			332.7
Total Private Service-Providing 2,769.1 2,811.3 2,878.0 2,8 Government 655.8 667.4 681.4 6	+ ···+·							61.6
Government655.8667.4681.46						<u></u>		 176.9
	Total Private Service-Providing		2,769.1		2,811.3		2,878.0	2,840.7
Total Service-Providing 3,424.9 3,478.6 3,559.4 3,5		<u> </u>						 685.0
	Total Service-Providing		3,424.9		3,478.6		3,559.4	 3,525.7
Total Wage and Salary Employment 4,514.0 4,585.2 4,676.9 4,5	Total Wage and Salary Employment		4,514.0	_	4,585.2		4,676.9	4,564.2

NOTES: Calendar year 2007 is the most recent year for which data is available.

Wage and Salary Employment based on North American Industry Classification System.

Components in Wage and Salary Employment may not total due to truncation.

SOURCES:

- (a) U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division
- (b) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (c) Michigan Department of Labor & Economic Growth and U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
10,044	10,075	10,103	10,108	10,102	10,072
287,888	290,448	293,192	295,896	298,755	301,621
\$	\$	\$	\$ 325.3 \$ 10,252.8	\$	\$ 345.9 \$ 11,631.6
\$ 30,214	\$ 31,116	\$ 31,550	\$ 32,182	\$ 32,928	\$ 34,342
\$ 30,821	\$ 31,504	\$ 33,123	\$ 34,650	\$ 36,744	\$ 38,564
6.2%	7.1%	7.1%	6.9%	6.9%	7.2%
5.8%	6.0%	5.5%	5.1%	4.6%	4.6%
8.6	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.0	7.6
199.6	190.6	191.5	189.1	178.0	166.2
<u>763.5</u>	<u>719.7</u>	<u>700.7</u>	<u>680.0</u>	650.8	616.8
971.7	918.4	900.3	877.5	836.9	790.5
175.4	172.6	170.5	170.7	170.6	169.1
530.7	518.7	513.6	506.0	496.0	489.7
128.2	125.8	125.7	128.3	128.4	129.1
73.8	70.3	68.6	67.3	66.1	65.6
159.2	162.3	161.3	161.8	160.9	157.8
55.7	56.0	56.1	56.1	54.9	53.6
257.4	247.9	244.2	246.4	244.9	244.2
69.5	68.6	67.0	64.6	61.7	57.3
267.0	266.4	270.1	277.5	275.1	271.8
63.1	66. 4	70.6	74.8	76.1	78.0
472.0	480.5	490.3	501.0	507.2	517.0
336.2	335.9	339.7	341.9	343.8	341.8
61.7	62.2	62.3	62.6	61.8	62.7
<u>179.3</u>	<u>179.1</u>	<u>179.6</u>	179.6	177.5	<u>176.7</u>
2,829.2	2,812.7	2,819.5	2,838.7	2,824.9	2,814.3
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	657.2
4,487.5	4,416.5	4,399.5	4,390.3	4,327.1	4,262.0

CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

*

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	1999	2000	2001	2002
General Government	6,866	7,183	7,191	7,170
Education	442	403	396	393
Human services	12,836	13,254	13,139	12,554
Public safety and corrections	21,171	21,829	22,506	21,947
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture	4,687	4,768	4,823	4,715
Labor, commerce, and regulatory	5,058	4,898	4,911	4,814
Health services	5,810	5,914	5,838	5,370
Transportation	3,196	3,244	3,253	3,185
Total	60,066	61,493	62,057	60,147

NOTES: Starting in fiscal year 2005, this report reflects classified employees who are full-time, part-time, permanent intermittent, limited term, seasonal, and noncareer in primary positions only, except for the following non-career appointments: student assistant, construction aide-transportation, and state worker.

> Each fiscal year in this schedule also includes approximately 2,000 classifed employees for the business type activities and discretely presented component unit authorities. Although the expenses for the business type activities and component unit authorities are reported separately in the government-wide financial statements, the employee counts were combined in this schedule to ensure consistency with the Civil Service Commission reports and for administrative efficiency.

This schedule includes average employee counts. Employees who job share are divided in half. For this reason, totals may not equal the sum of the employee counts per function.

SOURCE: Michigan Civil Service Commission, Annual Work Force Report.

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2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
7,666	7,645	7,138	7,144	7,264	7,348
298	324	352	367	369	380
10,303	10,104	9,953	9,778	9,759	9,582
20,941	20,385	20,175	20,060	19,948	19,451
4,270	4,459	3,729	3,662	3,586	3,439
4,097	4,126	3,994	4,128	3,967	3,781
4,465	4,577	4,424	4,241	4,225	3,964
2,826	2,956	2,849	2,880	2,895	2,854
54,866	54,573	52,614	52,259	52,013	50,799

s,

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

7,836,022 8,837,524 1,840,167	8,045,023 8,977,693	8,445,431
8,837,524	8,977,693	8,445,431
		9,008,126
	1,997,651	1,923,498
1,696,912	1,701,375	1,705,798
223,667	227,972	232,648
109,700	107,660	109,131
050 007	FOO 000	000 005
,		623,335
,		193,217
,	.,	124,061
-		19,877
•		7,040
,		2,927
5,737	4,084	2,805
638,704	714,138	762,254
109,644	111,666	115.722
18,132,306	,	19,456,634
	. ,	, ,
Unavailable	353	16,785
10,9 1 9	10,926	11,224
901	903	900
, ,	, ,	2,169,161
		1,146,956
•	,	174,574
,		467
3,303,916	1,192,867	2,476,948
19 575	20.263	22,522
		42,664
,	,	53,485
10,010	12,207	00,100
7,521	6,998	5,246
·	,	•
28,368	27,869	23,393
Unavailable	212,269	215,005
1,060,776	1,061,997	1,101,154
		214,952
'	'	28,048
		185,984
70,768	66,146	59,821
	1,696,912 223,667 109,700 653,887 256,750 119,389 19,425 7,492 2,417 5,737 638,704 109,644 18,132,306 Unavailable 10,919 901 2,304,174 1,185,507 288,771 1,122 3,303,916 19,575 53,288 49,915 7,521 28,368 Unavailable	1,696,912 $1,701,375$ $223,667$ $227,972$ $109,700$ $107,660$ $653,887$ $580,308$ $256,750$ $205,600$ $119,389$ $125,777$ $19,425$ $19,365$ $7,492$ $6,925$ $2,417$ $2,775$ $5,737$ $4,084$ $638,704$ $714,138$ $109,644$ $111,666$ $18,132,306$ $19,318,420$ Unavailable 353 $10,919$ $10,926$ 901 903 $2,304,174$ $2,242,607$ $1,185,507$ $1,173,890$ $288,771$ $185,771$ $1,122$ 793 $3,303,916$ $1,192,867$ $19,575$ $20,263$ $53,288$ $49,212$ $49,915$ $42,207$ $7,521$ $6,998$ $28,368$ $27,869$ Unavailable $212,269$ $1,060,776$ $1,061,997$ $215,138$ $213,050$ $20,379$ $24,554$ $205,559$ $190,408$

NOTES:

(1) Monthly average

(2) Total adoptions were completed by the Department of Human Services (DHS) and private agencies under contract with DHS.

(3) The licensing season runs April 1 through March 31. Amounts reported under fiscal year 2008 are for the licensing year ending March 31, 2008.

(4) Processed occupational license renewals are not available for fiscal years 2002 and prior.

(5) The increase in fiscal year 2005 resulted from a project benefiting users of the Detroit Water and Sewerage Department.

(6) Amount estimated

SOURCES: Various State departments.

Michigan

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	-
8,460,529	8,131,481	8,079,995	8,059,355	8,259,132	8,245,905	8,335,760	(6)
9,109,817	9,100,370	8,987,430	8,879,158	8,732,938	8,785,222	8,570,421	
1,728,793	1,899,690	2,018,292	1,913,530	1,724,108	1,875,932	1,915,459	
.,,	.,	,,	, ,	· , · · · , · · · , · · · ·	.,,	.,,	
1,715,153	1,718,286	1,716,511	1,708,585	1,697,936	1,678,579	1,648,769	
241,205	246,205	249,616	250,030	253,020	253,346	254,025	
116,802	125,719	127,717	131,150	133,359	139,219	146,237	(6)
748,421	836,518	943,713	1,047,594	1,133,793	1,204,409	1,262,951	
202,462	200,962	211,569	212,252	217,318	237,102	210,181	
123,054	127,606	124,735	123,519	118,851	109,519	100,673	
19,400	19,566	19,562	19,194	18,811	19,070	18,056	
8,045	9,114	10,058	10,560	10,591	11,015	10,427	
2,833	2,611	2,744	2,883	2,589	2,602	2,744	(6)
2,253	1,905	1,769	1,577	1,371	1,229	1,091	
745,135	758,992	769,462	777,188	764,500	755,201	762,526	
120,804	122,377	122,680	119,845	120,337	123,032	126,216	
18,605,982	15,230,342	15,961,280	16,879,418	17,632,736	14,916,802	17,071,748	
8,861	13,967	34,525	23,099	41,888	30,519	Unavailable	
11,580	11,306	10,917	11,125	11,768	11,862	11,991	
901	900	886	909	902	896	891	
2,138,381	2,104,171	2,053,768	2,004,577	1,950,676	1,981,382	1,964,480	
1,142,539	1,156,130	1,040,368	1,005,437	956,030	929,753	881,040	(6)
157,966	314,918	203,641	3,994,970 (5)	1,046,379	490,298	1,331,867	(0)
561	339	337	265	320	233	159	
667,443	1,751,165	3,215,727	5,942,164	6,081,447	3,736,086	3,645,574	(6)
31,456	205,088	196,440	152,659	164,153	198,430	151,230	
41,573	41,216	39,942	40,662	33,031	26,942	24,025	
47,375	47,339	44,343	41,303	45,921	42,931	47,847	
4,919	4,820	5,301	4,492	5,102	5,001	5,032	
19,839	19,188	20,576	17,621	17,311	16,712	15,781	
231,741	252,338	260,498	281,668	297,662	323,791	334,685	
1,197,086	1,281,397	1,357,546	1,424,831	1,490,384	1,524,299	1,536,853	
215,989	216,684	222,077	226,601	229,770	232,280	239,145	
215,989	27,105	29,105	30,232	30,449	30,898	31,452	
195,552	185,072	187,059	200,424	207,407	213,257	219,228	(6)
56,049	65,584	66,085	69,808	71,175	69,564	69,900	
50,049	00,004	00,000	03,000	71,170	09,004	09,900	(0)

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION - (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	1999	2000	2001
Transportation Annual vehicle miles of travel on			
State Trunkline roads (calendar year) (11)	50,500,000,000	51,300,000,000	51,500,000,000
Miles of intercity bus travel receiving State funding	644.058		1,090,776
Miles of local bus travel receiving State funding	84,131,010	87,178,629	91,827,361
Railroad crossing maintenance/safety inspections	2,671	2,710	2,845
Tax expenditures			
Taxpayers claiming refundable credits (8) (10)	1,144,700	1,168,000	1,264,500
Intergovernmental-revenue sharing			
Township grants	1,241	1,241	1,241
City grants	273	273	273
Village grants	262	262	262
County grants (9)	83	83	83
Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund			
Annual retail liquor licenses issued	16,451	16,314	16,169
Liquor sales volume (cases)	5,187,270	5,350,162	5,377,947
Beer sales volume (barrels)	6,695,898	6,778,789	6,812,301
Wine sales volume (liters)	52,692,089	56,451,428	55,794,094
Pre-mixed spirit drink sales volume (liters)	1,465,144	1,748,304	2,069,203
State Lottery Fund			
Retailers	9,306	9,271	9,217
Winners greater than \$600	36,147	32,563	27,777
Millionaire prizewinners	15	22	18
Michigan Unemployment Compensation Funds			
Individuals receiving benefits (calendar year)	398,900	419,588	615,249

NOTES:

(7) State subsidized service began in the Upper Peninsula during fiscal year 1999.

- (8) Tax credits are reported based on the tax year. Credits claimed during tax year 2004, for example, are reported above in fiscal year 2004.
- (9) County grants were suspended beginning in fiscal year 2005. Instead, each county expends from its revenue sharing reserve fund created by State statute in 2004. Each fiscal year, counties are allowed only to expend from the fund the amount the Department of Treasury certifies them to spend. Once a county has exhausted its revenue sharing reserve fund, the county will return to revenue sharing. One county returned to revenue sharing in fiscal year 2008.
- (10) Amount estimated and rounded to nearest hundred.
- (11) Amount estimated and rounded to nearest one hundred million.

SOURCES: Various State departments.

Michigan

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
52,800,000,000	53,400,000,000	53,700,000,000	52,600,000,000	51,500,000,000	52,000,000,000	51,500,000
1,169,738	1,148,787	1,116,321	1,090,708	1,086,793	1,081,038	1,087,543
98,082,082	97,289,858	93,223,721	88,837,852	92,951,025	94,128,601	98,236,581 (6)
2,927	2,405	2,370	2,898	2,531	2,679	2,586
1,380,400	1,416,100	1,479,300	1,497,900	1,537,500	1,592,300 (6)	Unavailable
1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241
272	272	272	274	274	274	274
261	261	261	259	259	259	259
83	83	83	-	-	-	1
16,130	16,034	16,019	15,964	15,942	15,838	15,763
5,496,879	5,752,264	6,029,155	6,110,122	6,293,797	6,464,739	6,611,415
6,730,138	6,802,658	6,807,147	6,721,468	6,647,438	6,588,385	6,601,138
53,916,859	61,471,699	65,417,883	66,022,306	68,139,758	71,385,503	72,797,847
1,572,937	1,032,309	1,237,451	1,065,146	871,900	1,008,073	811,286
9,160	9,048	10,806	11,076	10,880	10,973	10,969
25,921	44,162	44,962	44,692	52,124	49,585	44,962
16	11	20	21	17	42	37
623,208	617,145	617,134	547,376	569,721	568,841	654,861 (6)

CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

1999 2000 2001 2002 General Government: **Buildings** Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Vehicles Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Education Buildings Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Vehicles Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Human services Unavailable **Buildinas** Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Vehicles Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Public safety and corrections Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Buildings Vehicles Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture **Buildings** Unavailable Unavailable 164 191 Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Vehicles Unavailable Environmental quality air-monitoring instruments Unavailable 73 88 99 Environmental quality lab/analyzing equipment Unavailable 115 120 124 Natural resources acres of land 4,526,062 4,543,728 4,537,232 4,545,628 Harbors 16 16 16 16 6 Hatcheries 6 6 6 State park & recreation areas 96 96 96 96 Labor, commerce, and regulatory Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Buildings Unavailable Vehicles Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Health services Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Buildings Vehicles Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Unavailable Transportation Unavailable Unavailable Buildings Unavailable Unavailable 1,042 946 Vehicles Unavailable 1,242 27,345 27,323 Highway lane miles (calendar year) 27,314 27,423 Heavy equipment owned Unavailable 2,260 2,193 2,128

NOTES: For years prior to 2006, capital assets information was not available by function.

Building and vehicle counts include both owned and leased assets with the exception of transportation vehicles for years prior to fiscal year 2006. Transportation vehicle counts for fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2006 include only owned vehicles.

Acres of land are on a tax year basis rather than a fiscal year basis. The current fiscal year amount is an estimate.

Building counts for 2001 - 2005 in the Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture function represent only those buildings owned by the Department of Natural Resources.

SOURCES: Michigan Departments of Management and Budget, Environmental Quality, Natural Resources and Transportation.

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	281	280	296
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	747	754	756
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	27	27	27
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	28	21	21
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	208	208	210
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	838	844	931
			4 000	4 000	1 400
Unavailable Unavailable	Unavailable Unavailable	Unavailable Unavailable	1,390 3,401	1,390 3,548	1,403 3,605
			- , · - ·	-,-	,
192	203	229	249	300	314
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	3,452	3,763	3,832
116	146	170	188	194	195
110	140	170	100	194	193
129	151	127	131	153	147
4,551,591 16	4,556,233 16	4,557,246 16	4,562,444 16	4,566,708 16	4,574,956 16
6	6	6	6	6	6
97	97	97	97	98	98
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	160	164	158
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	482	482	509
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	239	239	241
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	235	239	287
				107	100
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	437	437	439
1,320 27,460	1,322 27,534	1,448 27,557	1,841 27,521	1,872 27,514	1,777 27,478
2,112	2,129	2,117	2,162	2,184	2,164





IV. OTHER INFORMATION

COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

SOURCE	TOTAL	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
AXES			
Sales	\$ 6,773,276	\$ 1,763,071	\$ 5,010,206
Personal income	8,157,649	6,039,951	2,117,698
Single business and Michigan business	2,482,035	2,141,035	341,000
Use	1,377,077	917,801	459,277
State education (property)	2,079,703		2,079,703
Real estate transfer	169,835	_	169,835
Tobacco products	1,073,650	648,921	424,728
Beer and wine	50,941	50,941	-2-,720
Liquor	111,162	74,247	36,915
•	8,188	8,188	00,910
Horse race wagering	129,684	17,617	110.067
Casino gaming wagering			112,067
Telephone and telegraph company	80,793	80,793	-
Commercial mobile radio service	21,317	21,317	-
Insurance company	223,198	223,198	-
Motor vehicle registration	857,947	2,911	855,036
Gasoline	849,238	-	849,238
Aviation fuel	5,344	-	5,344
Diesel fuel	140,356	-	140,356
Gas and oil severance	99,179	99,179	-
Industrial facilities	86,129	-	86,129
Convention hotel accommodation	19,193	19,193	-
Airport parking	22,627	22,627	-
Quality assurance assessment	1,023,766	1,023,766	-
Penalties and interest	160,939	160,939	-
Other	71,907	55,066	16,842
	26,075,135	13,370,761	12,704,374
ROM FEDERAL AGENCIES			
Department of Health and Human Services	8,040,975	8,039,791	1,184
Department of Education	1,320,499	284,629	1,035,869
Department of Agriculture	2,158,743	1,817,112	341,630
Department of Labor	417,550	281,743	135,808
Department of Housing and Urban Development	10,368	10,368	-
Department of Energy	16,226	16,226	-
Department of Transportation	1,208,620	27,840	1,180,781
Department of Interior	29,085	24,276	4,809
Department of Defense	36,996	36,996	-
Department of Justice	41,861	41,861	-
Environmental Protection Agency	41,886	41,193	693
General Services Administration	64	64	-
Other	109,766	109,392	374
	13,432,638	10,731,491	2,701,147
ROM LOCAL AGENCIES			
Counties	96,146	95,765	381
Cities, villages, and townships	9,188	185	9.003
School districts	3,727	3,727	-
Other	17,488	13,895	3,593
ouror	126,550	113,572	12,978
PECIAL MEDICAID REIMBURSEMENTS	115,797	115,797	•••
	115,797	115,797	

SOURCE	TOTAL	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FROM SERVICES			
Charges for providing vehicle and driver services	\$ 134,518	\$ 131,374	\$ 3,144
Revenue for patient, ward, and inmate care	39,470	39,470	-
Other	117,391	116,946	446
	291,380	287,790	3,590
FROM LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Liquor retailers', manufacturers', and wholesalers'			
licenses	14,124	14,124	-
Motor vehicle operators' and chauffeurs' licenses Examination fees - financial institutions and	51,928	51,462	466
insurance industry	25,832	25,832	-
Concession and privilege fees - State parks	820	-	820
Motor vehicle related	34,872	2,585	32,287
Hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses	47,073	-	47,073
Public utility assessment fees	19,554	19,554	-
Labor and Economic Growth licenses and permits	74,021	66,093	7,928
Auto repair facilities and mechanics licenses and fees	3,873	3,873	-
Corporation franchise fees	20,347	20,347	-
Other	148,963	80,512	68,451
	441,407	284,382	157,024
MISCELLANEOUS			
Income from investments	65,366	14,084	51,282
Tobacco settlement proceeds	290,159	-	290,159
Various fines, fees, and assessments	80,753	49,515	31,238
Court fines, fees, and assessments	294,348	283,993	10,355
Oil and gas royalties, fees, assignments, and rentals	25,379	14,329	11,050
Environmental pollution settlements	19,250	3,675	15,575
Child support	42,415	42,415	-
Other	731,346	350,936	380,410
	1,549,016	758,947	790,069
Total Revenues	42,031,923	25,662,741	16,369,182
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from bond issues and bond anticipation notes	89,957		00 0E7
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	110,838	106,248	89,957
Capital lease acquisitions Proceeds from sale of capital assets	30,388	27,381	4,590 3,006
Transfers From Other Funds:	50,500	27,301	3,000
From Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund	161,730	161,730	_
From State Lottery Fund	752,364	11,628	740,735
From other funds	1,234,922	106,380	1,128,542
Total Other Financing Sources	2,380,198	413,367	1,966,830
Total Revenue and Other Financing			
Sources (GAAP Basis)	\$ 44,412,120	\$ 26,076,108	\$ 18,336,012

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES GENERAL FUND

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

SOURCE		TOTAL		GENERAL PURPOSE	RESTRICTED REVENUES	
TAXES						
Sales	\$	1,763,071	\$	666,725	\$	1,096,34
Personal income		6,039,951		5,008,575		1,031,37
Single business and Michigan business		2,141,035		2,124,032		17,00
Use		917,801		911,658		6,14
Tobacco products		648,921		212,933		435,98
Beer and wine		50,941		50,941		
Liquor		74,247		37,254		36,99
Horse race wagering		8,188		-		8,18
Casino gaming wagering		17,617		15,415		2,20
Telephone and telegraph company		80,793		80,793		
Commercial mobile radio service		21,317		, -		21,31
Insurance company		223,198		223,191		
Motor vehicle registration		2,911		, _		2,91
Gas and oil severance		99,179		97,052		2,12
Convention hotel accommodation		19,193				19,19
Airport parking		22,627		-		22,62
Quality assurance assessment		1,023,766		-		1,023,76
Penalties and interest		160,939		149,737		11,20
Other		55,066		2,025		53,04
Other	<u></u>	13,370,761	·	9,580,332		3,790,43
Department of Agriculture Department of Labor Department of Housing and Urban Development Department of Energy Department of Transportation Department of Interior Department of Defense Department of Justice Environmental Protection Agency General Services Administration Other		1,817,112 281,743 10,368 16,226 27,840 24,276 36,996 41,861 41,193 64 109,392		1,647 452 217 29 1,281 139 80 1,098 1,598 1,658		1,815,46 281,29 10,15 26,55 24,13 36,91 40,76 39,59 6 107,73
		10,731,491		14,812		10,716,67
FROM LOCAL AGENCIES						
FROM LOCAL AGENCIES Counties		95,765		-		95,76
Counties		95,765 185		-		,
Counties Cities, villages, and townships		185		- -		18
Counties Cities, villages, and townships School districts		185 3,727		- - - 115		18 3,72
Counties Cities, villages, and townships		185		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		18 3,72 13,78
Counties Cities, villages, and townships School districts		185 3,727 13,895				95,76 18 3,72 13,78 113,45 115,79

SOURCE		TOTAL		GENERAL PURPOSE	RESTRICTED REVENUES		
FROM SERVICES Charges for providing vehicle and driver services Revenue for patient, ward, and inmate care Other	\$	131,374 39,470 116,946 287,790	\$	3,832 201 14,347 18,381	\$	127,542 39,269 102,599 269,409	
FROM LICENSES AND PERMITS Liquor retailers', manufacturers', and wholesalers' licenses		14,124		-		14,124	
Motor vehicle operators' and chauffeurs' licenses Examination fees - financial institutions and		51,462		25,512		25,950	
insurance industry		25,832		-		25,832	
Motor vehicle related		2,585		55		2,530	
Public utility assessment fees		19,554 66,093		-		19,554	
Labor and Economic Growth licenses and permits Auto repair facilities and mechanics licenses and fees		3,873		9,739		56,355 3,873	
Corporation franchise fees		20,347		1,407		18,940	
Other		80,512		663		79,849	
Oulei		284,382					
		284,382		37,376		247,007	
MISCELLANEOUS				. –			
Income from investments		14,084		1,548		12,536	
Various fines, fees, and assessments		49,515		1,058		48,457	
Court fines, fees, and assessments		283,993		123,569		160,424	
Oil and gas royalties, fees, assignments, and rentals		14,329		-		14,329	
Environmental pollution settlements Child support		3,675 42,415		253		3,675 42,162	
Other		350,936		83,592		267,345	
Guier	······	758,947		210,020		548,927	
Total Revenues		25,662,741		9,861,035		15,801,706	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Capital lease acquisitions		106,248		-		106,248	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		27,381		23,027		4,354	
Transfers From Other Funds:							
From Liquor Purchase Revolving Fund		161,730		159,239		2,490	
From State Lottery Fund		11,628 106,380		10,638 60,068		990	
From other funds				<u> </u>		46,312	
Total Other Financing Sources	<u></u>	413,367	. <u></u>	252,973		160,395	
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources (GAAP Basis)		26,076,108		10,114,007		15,962,101	
BUDGETARY BASIS ADJUSTMENTS Capital lease acquisitions		(106,248)		-		(106,248)	
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources (budgetary basis)	\$	25,969,860	\$	10,114,007	\$	15,855,853	

SOURCE AND DISPOSITION OF GENERAL FUND AUTHORIZATIONS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(In Thousands)

BRANCH AND DEPARTMENT	CURRENT LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION	BUDGETARY TRANSFERS IN/OUT	BUDGETARY ADJUSTMENT	UNEXPENDED FROM PRIOR YEAR	RESTRICTED REVENUE ADDITIONS	LESS: TIMING DIFFERENCES* RESTRICTED REVENUE NOT AUTHORIZED/USED
Legislative Branch	\$ 125,481	\$-	\$ 302	\$ 12,553	\$ 6,141	\$ (22)
Judicial Branch	157,997	-	-	15,040	90,017	(14,847)
Executive Branch:						
Agriculture	31,573	-	-	4,470	53,031	(5,080)
Attorney General	32,037	-	-	2,927	37,806	(2,985)
Civil Rights	12,437	-	-	1	2,078	-
Colleges and Universities Grants	1,986,076	-	-	1,597	111,240	-
Community Health	3,217,758	-	-	64,943	8,754,735	(72,875)
Corrections	1,996,085	-	-	6,969	37,870	(2,834)
Education	41,985	-	-	2,090	54,794	(1,738)
Environmental Quality	42,763	-	-	110,513	153,669	(108,227)
Executive Office	5,317	-	-	-	-	-
History, Arts & Libraries	39,298	(79)	-	1,286	9,032	(29)
Human Services	1,408,332	+	-	5,433	3,291,390	(3,584)
Labor and Economic Growth	48,694	-	-	69,046	762,442	(81,822)
Management and Budget	293,522	•	-	32,691	179,675	(27,847)
Military and Veterans Affairs	40,504	-	-	2,484	82,560	(1,084)
Natural Resources	23,743	-	-	3,590	49,297	(4,197)
State	28,797	-	-	21,057	165,837	(14,916)
State Police	277,029		•	24,933	216,517	(23,098)
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury	272,182	79	253	73,131	2,389,407	(64,733)
Intrafund expenditure reimbursement	S				·····	
TOTAL	\$ 10,081,612	\$	\$ 555	\$ 454,754	\$ 16,447,539	\$ (429,918)

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* Timing differences are subtracted from Gross Spending Authority in order to show an annualized Budget that is comparable to the current year's Actual uses. Timing differences consist of unused authorizations for multi-year projects (capital outlay and work projects) and restricted revenue not authorized/used, which includes Revenues that by statute, are restricted for use to a particular program or activity. Generally, the expenditure of the restricted revenue is subject to annual legislative appropriation. However, the restricted revenue may also be used in subsequent years to finance expenditures in multi-year appropriations and for encumbrances carried forward.

Restricted revenue balances authorized in the Variances category represent restricted revenue carry-overs that could have been used in the current period but were not.

For budgetary purposes, encumbrance authorization are considered use of spending authority in the year the State incurs an obligation.

NOTE: This schedule was prepared on the Statutory/Budgetary basis.

		"BUDGET"	"ACT	UAL"	"VARIANCES"					
GROSS SPENDING AUTHORITY	LESS: TIMING DIFFERENCES* MULTI-YEAR PROJECTS	AS PRESENTED	EXPENDED/ TRANSFERRED	ENCUMBERED BALANCES FORWARD	RESTRICTED REVENUE BALANCES AUTHORIZED	LAPSES	OVEREXPENDED			
\$	\$ (13,577) -	\$ 130,877 248,207	\$ 130,282 247,401	\$ 220 135	\$ 80 330	\$ 295 341	\$			
83,994 69,784 14,517 2,098,913 11,964,561 2,038,090 97,131 198,718 5,317 49,508 4,701,572 798,361 478,041 124,463 72,433 200,775	(195) (3,528) (180) (180) (7,944) (2,361) (2,361) (8,059)	83,994 69,784 14,517 2,098,718 11,961,033 2,038,090 96,951 198,718 5,317 49,508 4,693,628 798,361 475,680 124,463 72,433 192,716	83,655 68,591 13,849 2,098,191 11,884,936 2,020,088 91,055 198,327 5,170 47,831 4,602,876 795,818 463,722 122,405 72,292 189,968	323 693 42,812 5,494 32 331 19,240 1,294 2,465 419 77 145	- - - 1,177 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$ \begin{array}{r} 17\\ 500\\ 667\\ 527\\ 33,285\\ 11,331\\ 5,896\\ 359\\ 147\\ 138\\ 71,512\\ 681\\ 9,492\\ 686\\ 64\\ 2,497\\ \end{array} $				
495,381 2,670,321 \$ 26,554,542	(4,223) 	495,381 2,666,098 (591,687) \$ 25,922,788	490,088 2,626,056 (591,687) \$ 25,660,914	1,938 - 19,097 - \$ 94,717	4,903 	4,725 - 16,042 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(1,370) - - \$ (1,370)			
Prior Year encumb	prances	(27,822) \$ 25,894,966	(27,822) \$ 25,633,092	\$ 94,717	\$ 9,323	\$ 159,203	<u>\$ (1,370)</u>			

SOURCE AND DISPOSITION OF GENERAL FUND/GENERAL PURPOSE AUTHORIZATIONS APPROPRIATION YEAR 2008 FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

BRANCH AND DEPARTMENT	CURRENT LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION*		LEGISLATIVE TRANSFERS		BUDGETARY ADJUSTMEN	
Legislative Branch	\$	125,481	\$	-	\$	298
Judicial Branch	•	157,997		-	•	-
Executive Branch:		,				
Agriculture		31,573		-		-
Attorney General		32,037		-		-
Civil Rights		12,437		-		-
Colleges and Universities Grants		1,986,076		·_		-
Community Health		3,217,758		-		-
Corrections		1,996,085		-		-
Education		41,985		-		-
Environmental Quality		42,763		-		-
Executive Office		5,317		-		-
History, Arts & Libraries		39,298		(79)		-
Human Services		1,408,332		-		-
Labor and Economic Growth		48,694		-		-
Management and Budget		293,522		-		-
Military and Veterans Affairs		40,504		-		-
Natural Resources		23,743		-		-
State		28,797		-		-
State Police		277,029		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-
Treasury		272,182		79		252
TOTAL	\$	10,081,612	\$	-	\$	550

* The amounts in the "Current Legislative Appropriation" column include certain appropriations that do not appear as line-item appropriations in the budget bills. These appropriations are authorized in narrative "boilerplate" language in the budget bills. "Boilerplate" appropriations include interfund borrowing, interest on general obligation notes and bonds, and certain interfund transfers.

"Boilerplate" appropriations accounted for \$100.8 million of the "Current Legislative Appropriation" for the Appropriation Year 2008.

				H	ACTUAL"			"VARI	ANCES*		
	GROSS SPENDING AUTHORITY		EXPENDED/ TRANSFERRED		JMBERED _ANCES RWARD	PR BAI	TI-YEAR OJECT _ANCES RWARD	L/	APSES	OVEREX	KPENDED
\$	125,779	\$	117,988	\$	179	\$	7,391	\$	221	\$	-
	157,997		157,580		96		-		321		-
	04 570		01.010		0.4.4				47		
	31,573		31,313		244		-		17		-
	32,037		31,391		320		-		326		-
	12,437		11,770		-		-		667		-
	1,986,076		1,985,547		-		2		527		-
	3,217,758		3,138,572		42,485		3,528		33,173		-
	1,996,085		1,980,588		4,609		-		10,887		-
	41,985		35,951		-		180		5,854		~
	42,763		42,381		24		-		358		-
	5,317		5,170		-		-		147		-
	39,219		38,759		322		-		138		-
	1,408,332		1,309,850		19,138		7,944		71,399		-
	48,694		46,719		1,294		-		681		-
	293,522		281,886		1,452		822		9,362		-
	40,504		39,489		418		-		597		-
	23,743		23,656		43		-		44		-
	28,797		23,511		39		2,750		2,497		-
	277,029		271,047		1,258		-		4,725		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
<u> </u>	272,514		247,310	<u></u>	4,993		4,223	<u></u>	15,988		
\$	10,082,162	\$	9,820,479	\$	76,913	\$	26,840	\$	157,929	\$	_

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REVENUE, BOND PROCEEDS, AND CAPITAL LEASE ACQUISITIONS GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

SOURCE	1999	2000	2001	2002	
SOURCE TAXES: Sales Personal Income (net of tax expenditures) Amount reported as tax expenditures Single Business and Michigan Business Use State Education (Property) Real Estate Transfer Liquor, Beer, Wine, and Tobacco Products Casino Gaming Wagering Telephone and Telegraph Company Insurance Company Motor Vehicle and Fuel Quality Assurance Assessment Other	\$ 5,901,733 6,907,933 486,100 2,360,533 1,283,017 1,273,459 261,696 739,972 - 150,334 199,463 1,784,970 -	\$ 6,277,498 7,144,211 502,100 2,324,868 1,355,389 1,381,420 257,093 736,859 - 149,206 191,946 1,829,979 - 714,899	\$ 6,352,306 6,749,373 532,800 2,022,882 1,333,607 1,489,552 252,894 732,673 75,415 152,523 200,756 1,852,964 -	\$ 6,439,894 6,095,989 615,100 1,983,795 1,306,365 1,583,660 253,075 808,225 91,915 137,343 227,081 1,917,481	
TOTAL TAXES	21,958,875	22,865,469	22,405,023	22,070,408	
FEDERAL AGENCIES	7,902,699	8,571,625	9,566,353	10,202,344	
LOCAL AGENCIES	183,822	173,882	227,996	248,867	
SPECIAL MEDICAID REIMBURSEMENTS	690,799	1,059,343	1,155,374	1,109,233	
SERVICES	113,415	110,294	115,346	121,849	
LICENSES AND PERMITS	383,778	393,006	391,655	408,746	
MISCELLANEOUS	769,236	1,032,248	1,281,281	1,150,187	
TOTAL REVENUE	32,002,624	34,205,867	35,143,027	35,311,635	
PROCEEDS FROM BOND ISSUES AND BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES	-	82,099	854,240	424,472	
CAPITAL LEASE ACQUISITIONS	57,609	22,330	23,014	237,272	
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	-	-		-	
TOTAL REVENUE, BOND PROCEEDS, CAPITAL LEASE ACQUISITIONS, AND PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 32,060,233	\$ 34,310,295	\$ 36,020,281	\$ 35,973,378	

NOTES: (1) Beginning in fiscal year 2004, the State began reporting quality assurance assessment revenue as a tax revenue, rather than as miscellaneous revenue. Amounts for years prior to 2004 are not available.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2005, the State began reporting charges for providing vehicle and driving services as revenue from services, rather than licenses and permits. Amounts for years prior to 2005 are not available.

(3) Effective January 1, 2008, the State replaced the single business tax with the Michigan business tax.

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 6,422,64 5,811,84 707,80 1,843,07 1,229,83 2,127,51 2,75,51 1,035,32 90,94 124,16	3 5,873,365 0 702,700 2 1,841,010 8 1,316,504 3 1,824,493 3 317,480 2 1,142,217 5 99,455	\$ 6,599,138 6,108,924 815,300 1,907,190 1,402,399 1,914,629 313,548 1,330,759 145,811 99,149	\$ 6,638,110 6,226,304 834,000 1,886,168 1,413,758 2,003,527 297,680 1,324,189 155,461 83,533	\$ 6,552,240 6,442,678 883,400 1,786,213 1,380,375 2,080,977 237,483 1,288,335 159,363 87,282	 \$ 6,773,276 7,226,049 931,600 2,482,035 1,377,077 2,079,703 169,835 1,235,753 129,684 80,793
231,07 1,946,22 580,00 22,425,95	5 2,015,567 - 325,188 1 536,839	249,524 1,942,450 509,857 598,285 23,936,964	219,538 1,932,043 676,923 507,690 24,198,924	223,754 1,909,146 827,776 511,861 24,370,884	223,198 1,852,884 1,023,766 489,479 26,075,135
10,812,85		11,974,006	12,160,022	12,655,930	13,432,638
230,72 932,65		262,875 467,970	124,101 93,621	139,429 102,670	126,550 115,797
121,19	8 148,140	264,957	269,593	284,370	291,380
417,78		423,501	437,560	444,841	441,407
1,390,00 36,331,18		1,371,999 38,702,270	1,457,623 38,741,444	1,510,134 39,508,257	1,549,016 42,031,923
352,25	4 405,881	182,441	1,004,778	1,026,769	89,957
16,05		6,778	34,059	20,906	110,838
1999 - 1997 - 17 - 17 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 19	- 11,513	10,340	3,989	5,318	30,388
\$ 36,699,48	5 \$ 37,574,362	\$ 38,901,829	\$ 39,784,271	\$ 40,561,251	\$ 42,263,105

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - STATE FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (In Thousands)

	<u> </u>	1999		2000	2001			2002	
Current:									
General government	\$	1,072,735	\$	1,071,643	\$	1,270,363	\$	1,541,175	
Education		11,827,226		12,436,812		13,975,247		14,547,772	
Human services		3,229,377		3,336,835		3,596,001		3,791,373	
Public safety and corrections		1,908,871		1,983,001		2,155,735		2,132,401	
Conservation, environment, recreation, and agriculture		482,901		564,738		617,703		638,615	
Labor, commerce, and regulator	Labor, commerce, and regulatory			740,687		881,069		891,817	
Health services		7,100,795		7,692,354		8,525,435		8,891,480	
Transportation		1,645,123		1,663,318		2,058,191		2,117,153	
Tax expenditures		486,100		502,100		532,800		615,100	
Capital outlay		1,144,575		1,196,211		1,267,158		1,232,479	
Intergovernmental - revenue sharin	g	1,410,400		1,494,016		1,555,799		1,517,303	
Debt service:									
Bond interest and fiscal charges		-		-		2,219		1,240	
Capital lease payments		59,287		52,027	48,820			51,387	
Total Expenditures	\$	31,087,460	\$	32,733,741	\$	36,486,541	\$	37,969,296	

Michigan

 2003	 2004	2005		 2006	 2007	 2008
\$ 1,207,672	\$ 1,116,072	\$	1,303,070	\$ 1,632,416	\$ 1,584,117	\$ 1,547,722
14,624,856	14,305,112		14,488,870	14,710,682	14,572,261	15,029,489
3,875,371	3,932,475		4,122,779	4,341,774	4,447,992	4,609,481
2,112,194	2,118,888		2,284,674	2,453,297	2,465,362	2,614,768
581,168	571,909		598,930	626,879	553,033	580,293
891,644	902,903		924,876	952,921	957,023	966,091
9,270,484	9,676,268		10,126,544	9,958,104	10,741,285	11,588,207
2,080,361	2,211,490		2,163,688	2,082,685	2,178,922	2,338,905
707,800	702,700		815,300	834,000	883,400	931,600
1,085,686	1,046,339		1,229,534	1,253,535	1,296,053	1,177,576
1,451,374	1,305,146		1,112,931	1,103,625	1,071,104	1,076,445
-	-		-	174	-	-
 67,723	 50,840		49,530	 49,183	 46,074	 50,176
\$ 37,956,335	\$ 37,940,143	\$	39,220,726	\$ 39,999,276	\$ 40,796,626	\$ 42,510,753

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