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lusiness Un						(201)	Green	Ū
Executive/Director Name: Jeri Ann Sherry, Deputy Des Director, BOA			cription: Budget and Operations Administration (BOA)					>= 75% - 90% of target
Reporting Period: Mar 2019							Red	<75% of target
			1_					Approved: 4/15/2019
Metric ID	Metric	Status	Progress	Target	Current	Previous	Frequency	Metric Definition
V3 - Sound	Management, Proven Fiscal Practices, Outcome-Oriented S	trategies	r	r	.	r	1	
BOA-18	General Fund / General Purpose Budgetary Appropriation Lapse - % Lapse	Yellow	₽ ₽	0.5%	0.6% AY 2018 Data	0.3%	FY Annually	Although the GF/GP lapse is measured annually, the curre year projected balance is looked at monthly and provides guidance for hitting an annual target which guides the management of the department's budget. Having a manageably small lapse is a good measure of budget management. Measure is the percentage of lapsed funds t overall GF/GP appropriation. Below the low threshold may difficult and risky to manage considering the department ha approximately 90 line items the lapse may be spread into. Notesometimes, the State Budget Office will require a lap of at least a certain amount. In these instances, the target may need to be reassessed.
BOA-19	Legislative transfers made as a percentage of original appropriations - % of appropriations	Green	. 2	1.00%	0.66% AY 2019 Data	0.43%	FY Annually	Legislative transfers made as a percentage of the original appropriations is a good measure of whether the enacted budget was well planned. This is a good indicator of up-fro budgeting transparency and helps to build credibility with th legislature.
BOA-20	Spending Plans Approved on-time and at or under budget - # of days between submission and approval	Green	<u>_</u>	35	9 FY 2019 Spending Plan	12	FY Annually	In order to help improve the management of individual appropriation spending plans, it is important to complete timely approved spending plans back to individual program Measure would be the average number of days between th date of submission of spending plan requests from program to the date a spending plan is approved.
BOA-21	Regular (Non-Holiday) Overtime as a percentage of overall department salary and wages - % of overall	Red	∿	5.0%	6.8% FY 2019, 2nd Quarter	9.2%	Quarterly	A higher percentage of overtime usage can signal problem to management such as high vacancies, high sick leave usage, etc. Although some level of overtime usage is cost- effective in 24/7 operations, higher percentage usage is no cost-effective and can result in staff burnout. Q1= Oct, Nov Dec. Q2= Jan, Feb & March. Q3= April, May & June. Q4= July, Aug & Sept. DELAY DUE TO SIGMA
BOA-22	Facility Energy/Utility Costs (1 year Rolling Aggregate) - Percentage Cost Increase	Green	=	2.5%	0.0% FY 2017, ON HOLD (SIGMA ISSUE)	0.0%	Monthly	This figure is the yearly percentage cost increase for water sewer, electricity, natural and LP gas, and other fuels necessary for the operations of the Michigan Department of Corrections. It is calculated as a rolling percentage cost increase for the previous 12 months. This figure includes fu and utility costs for the entire department, except Michigan State Industries. With ever-rising utility rates, lower costs reflect the Department's continuous efforts to reduce its energy consumption.
BOA-23	Facility Utility Water Usage in Dollars for Ionia Complex - \$ Spent	Green	•7	\$160750	\$117136 FY 2019, 2nd Qtr	\$116686	Quarterly	In order to show a cost savings associated with water usage through the implementation of Energy Performance Contra (EPC) facility hardware and/or systems upgrades. EPC hardware and/or systems installed to increase energy efficiency, reducing usage, creating a cost savings. This

								measure is followed in the Ionia Complex: Michigan Reformatory (RMI), Ionia Correctional Facility (ICF), Bellamy Creek Correctional Facility (IBC) and Richard Handlon Correctional Facility (MTU). A good measure is whether the cost associated with water usage falls into the annual target range. The measure is the cost of water in dollars within the Ionia Complex. This measure can reveal whether or not EPC's should be implemented state-wide as cost saving upgrades. Q1= Oct, Nov & Dec. Q2= Jan, Feb & March. Q3= April, May & June. Q4= July, Aug & Sept. Information will be available Feb 2018.
BOA-24	Percentage of procurement card eligible transactions processed on procurement cards - % processed	Green		90.0%	88.0% CY 2018 Data HOLD SIGMA issue	86.0%	CY Annually	According to the 2012 Benchmark Study Comparison of Procurement Results, the cost to MDOC per transaction processed on procurement cards was \$2.58. The cost per standard department purchase orders was \$45. Increasing the use of procurement cards to process purchases is more cost effective and will promote timely payments. Transaction statistics are related to GVP and excludes CFA correctional facilities as they currently process their own transactions.
V4 - Hire, Tr BOA-09	ain, Equip, Support & Mentor High Quality Staff at Highest F Correctional Officer Vacancies (Budget Enhancement Metric) - # Vacancies	Red	I Standards	550	697 FY 2019, March	640	Monthly	The Michigan Department of Corrections (MDOC) has a highly senior staff, and this metric is to inform Leadership about MDOC needs based upon projected correctional officer attrition. The metric will enable the Department to monitor trends in officer attrition, as a very useful strategic planning tool. Otherwise, the rate of attrition could accelerate without the Department being aware in time to take appropriate operational and budgetary action. This metric tracks the monthly number of officer vacancies, adjusted for the impact of temporarily closed housing units (if any) and New Employee Schools that have begun. A higher number of vacancies results in a greater use of overtime hours and its costs, in order to ensure adequate coverage of essential correctional officer positions.