



CHEMICAL UPDATE WORKSHEET

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Chemical Name: | Acenaphthene |
| CAS #: | 83-32-9 |
| Revised By: | RRD Toxicology Unit |
| Revision Date: | September 24, 2015 |

(A) Chemical-Physical Properties

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Reference Source | Comments |
|--|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------|
| Molecular Weight (g/mol) | 154.2 | 154.21 | EPI | EXP |
| Physical State at ambient temp | Solid | Solid | MDEQ | |
| Melting Point (°C) | 368 | 93.40 | EPI | EXP |
| Boiling Point (°C) | 279 | 279.00 | EPI | EXP |
| Solubility (ug/L) | 4240 | 3.9E+03 | EPI | EXP |
| Vapor Pressure (mmHg at 25°C) | 0.00228 | 2.15E-03 | EPI | EXP |
| HLC (atm-m³/mol at 25°C) | 1.55E-4 | 1.84E-04 | EPI | EXP |
| Log Kow (log P; octanol-water) | 3.92 | 3.92 | EPI | EXP |
| Koc (organic carbon; L/Kg) | 7140 | 5027 | EPI | EST |
| Ionizing Koc (L/kg) | | NR | NA | NA |
| Diffusivity in Air (Di; cm²/s) | 0.0421 | 5.06E-02 | W9 | EST |
| Diffusivity in Water (Dw; cm²/s) | 7.69E-6 | 8.33E-06 | W9 | EST |
| Soil Water Partition Coefficient (Kd; inorganics) | NR | NR | NA | NA |

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Reference Source | Comments |
|--|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------|
| Flash Point (°C) | NA | 135 | PC | EXP |
| Lower Explosivity Level (LEL; unit less) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Critical Temperature (K) | | 8.03E+02 | EPA2004 | EXP |
| Enthalpy of Vaporization (cal/mol) | | 1.22E+04 | EPA2004 | EXP |
| Density (g/mL, g/cm ³) | | 1.222 | CRC | EXP |
| EMSOFT Flux Residential 2 m (mg/day/cm ²) | 2.51E-06 | 6.88E-06 | EMSOFT | EST |
| EMSOFT Flux Residential 5 m (mg/day/cm ²) | 2.51E-06 | 8.71E-06 | EMSOFT | EST |
| EMSOFT Flux Nonresidential 2 m (mg/day/cm ²) | 3.01E-06 | 8.71E-06 | EMSOFT | EST |
| EMSOFT Flux Nonresidential 5 m (mg/day/cm ²) | 3.01E-06 | 8.71E-06 | EMSOFT | EST |

(B) Toxicity Values/Benchmarks

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Source/Reference/ Date | Comments/Notes /Issues |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Reference Dose (RfD) (mg/kg/day) | 1.8E-1 | 6.0E-2 | IRIS, 1994 | |
| RfD details | Mouse oral subsonic study, NOAEL = 175 mg/kg-d UF = 1000**, Critical Effect = hepatotoxicity (U.S. EPA 1989) *Adjusted to 2 significant figures. **EPA applied an additional uncertainty factor of 3 to account for lack of data in a 2nd species, additional uncertainty factor not applied for criteria derivation per MDEQ policy. CCD/RRD date: 11/15/1989 | Tier 1 Source: IRIS: Basis: This value is the only chronic reference dose available. IRIS (1994) RfD = 6.0E-2 mg/kg-day. Critical Study: U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency). (1989) Subchronic toxicity study in mice with acenaphthene (unpublished draft final report). Prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc., Rockville, MD (HLA Study No. 2399-127). 627088. (USEPA, 1989) Method(s): CD-1 mice (20/sex/group) were exposed to 0, 175, 350, or 700 mg/kg/day acenaphthene by gavage for 90 days. Critical effect: Liver weight changes with hepatocellular hypertrophy and increased cholesterol levels. End point or Point of Departure (POD): LOAEL = 350 mg/kg/day Uncertainty Factors: UF = 3,000 (10 each for intraspecies variability, interspecies extrapolation and use of a subchronic study, and 3 for database inadequacies) Source and date: IRIS, Last revision date - 4/01/1994 Tier 2 Sources: PPRTV: PPRTV (4/6/2011) refers to the IRIS chronic RfD. A subchronic-pRfD = 2.0E-1 was derived as follows: Critical Study: U.S. EPA, 1989 (See IRIS RfD section) Critical effect: increased relative liver weight in female mouse End point or Point of Departure (POD): BMDL ₁₀ = 161 mg/kg/day Uncertainty Factors: UF = 1,000 (10 each for intraspecies variability, interspecies extrapolation and database inadequacies) MRL: Per ATSDR MRL List (12/2014), no oral chronic MRL value at this time. An oral intermediate MRL = 0.6 mg/kg-day based on hepatic effects and UF = 300 was derived on 8/1995. A Toxicological Profile is not available. | Complete | |

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Source/Reference/ Date | Comments/Notes /Issues |
|---|---|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Tier 3 Source: MDEQ: Per CCD/RRD (11/15/1989), RfD = 1.8E-1 mg/kg-day. See Part 201 RfD details. | | |
| Oral Cancer Slope Factor (CSF) (mg/kg-day)⁻¹ | -- | NA | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| CSF details | NA | Carcinogen Weight-of-Evidence (WOE) Class: "Inadequate Information to Assess Carcinogenic Potential." IRIS WOE Basis: No carcinogenicity studies in animals by oral or inhalation routes have been found. The carcinogenicity of acenaphthene after dermal exposure in mice has been investigated in two studies, but both studies were determined to be unsuitable for carcinogenicity risk determination due to a lack of control animals or poor survival. Source and Date: PPRTV, 4/06/2011. Tier 1 and 2 Sources: IRIS: Per IRIS (5/01/1993), no value at this time. PPRTV: Per PPRTV (4/6/2011), no value at this time. MRL: MRLs are for non-cancer effects only. Tier 3 Source: MDEQ: Per DEQ-CCD, no value at this time. | | Complete |
| Reference Concentration (RfC) or Initial Threshold Screening Level (ITSL) (ug/m³) | 2.1E+2 | 2.1E+2 | MDEQ, 1993 | |
| RfC/ITSL details | ITSL based on EPA's RfD of 0.06 mg/kg from an unpublished 90 day mouse gavage | Tier 3 Source: MDEQ: Basis: No Tier 1 or 2 values available. MDEQ selected because a justification is available. Although the justification is dated 1993, the RfC is similar to the 2015 CALEPA value which is also based on a route to route extrapolation. See details | | Complete |

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Source/Reference/ Date | Comments/Notes /Issues |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | study. The NOAEL for hepatotoxicity was identified as 175 mg/kg (Wolfe 1989). CCD/AQD Date: 7/19/1993 | <p>below.</p> <p>Tier 1 and 2 Sources: IRIS: Per IRIS (4/1/1994), no value at this time. PPRTV: Per PPRTV (4/6/2011), no value at this time. MRL: Per ATSDR (12/2014), no inhalation MRL at this time.</p> <p>Tier 3 Sources: MDEQ: Basis: MDEQ-ITSL (1993) = $2.1\text{E}+2 \text{ ug/m}^3$ is based on a route to route extrapolation of the IRIS RfD of 0.06 mg/kg-day with 24 hour time averaging. Critical Study: Wolfe, (1989) Subchronic toxicity study in mice with acenaphthene (unpublished draft final report). Prepared by Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc., Rockville, MD (HLA Study No. 2399-127). 627088. (USEPA, 1989) Critical effect: Liver weight changes with hepatocellular hypertrophy and increased cholesterol levels. End point or Point of Departure (POD): LOAEL = 350 mg/kg/day Uncertainty Factors: UF = 3,000; (10 each for intraspecies variability, interspecies and subchronic-to-chronic extrapolation, and 3 for database deficiency). Source and date: MDEQ-AQD; 7/19/1993</p> <p>California DTSC (05/2015): RfC= $2.4\text{E}+2 \text{ ug/m}^3$ based on route to route extrapolation from an RfD. The basis of the RfD is not immediately available for evaluation.</p> <p>New Jersey DEP (08/2011): Benchmark concentration = $9.1\text{E}-1 \text{ ug/m}^3$. The basis of this value is not immediately available for evaluation. Additionally, it is unclear as to whether this "benchmark concentration" is equivalent to an RfC.</p> <p>New York DEC (02/2005): RfC = 210 ug/m^3 Based on route to route extrapolation from the EPA IRIS RfD value of 0.06 mg/kg/d, assuming a 70 kg adult breathing 20 m^3 of air per day.</p> | | |

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Source/Reference/ Date | Comments/Notes /Issues |
|--|----------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Other Tier 3: No value is available at this time from these Tier 3 sources/databases: HEAST, NTP ROC, health and environmental agencies of Massachusetts, Minnesota and Texas, WHO (IARC), WHO (IPCS/INCHEM), Canada, ECHA (REACH) and OECD HPV. | | |
| Inhalation Unit Risk Factor (IURF) (($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)⁻¹) | -- | NA | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| IURF details | NA | <p>Carcinogen Weight-of-Evidence (WOE) Class: "Inadequate Information to Assess Carcinogenic Potential."</p> <p>IRIS WOE Basis: No carcinogenicity studies in animals by oral or inhalation routes have been found. The carcinogenicity of acenaphthene after dermal exposure in the mouse has been investigated in two studies, but both studies were determined to be unsuitable for carcinogenicity risk determination due to a lack of control animals or poor survival.</p> <p>Source and Date: PPRTV, 4/06/2011.</p> <p>Tier 1 and 2 Sources: IRIS: Per IRIS (5/01/1993), no value at this time. PPRTV: Per PPRTV (4/6/2011), no value at this time. MRL: MRLs are for non-cancer effects only.</p> | | Complete |
| Mutagenic Mode of Action (MMOA)? (Y/N) | -- | NO | USEPA, 2015 | |
| MMOA Details | -- | <p>NA</p> <p>Not listed as a carcinogen with mutagenic MOA in the USEPA OSWER List.</p> | | |
| Developmental or Reproductive Effector? (Y/N) | No | No, the RfD or RfC/ITSL is not based on a reproductive-developmental effect. | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| Developmental or Reproductive Toxicity Details | NA | NA | | |
| State Drinking Water Standard (SDWS) (ug/L) | -- | NO | SDWA, 1976 | |

| | Part 201 Value | Updated Value | Source/Reference/ Date | Comments/Notes /Issues |
|--|----------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| SDWS details | NA | MI Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) 1976 PA 399 | | |
| Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL) (ug/L) | -- | NO | SDWA, 1976 and USEPA SMCL List | |
| SMCL details | NA | MI Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) 1976 PA 399 and USEPA SMCL List | | |
| Is there an aesthetic value for drinking water? (Y/N) | NO | Not evaluated. | NA | |
| Aesthetic Value details | NA | NA | | |
| Phytotoxicity Value? (Y/N) | NO | Not evaluated. | NA | |
| Phytotoxicity details | NA | NA | | |
| Others | | | | |

(C) Chemical-specific Absorption Factors

| | Part 201 Value | Update | Source/Reference/ Dates | Comments/Notes /Issues |
|--|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Gastrointestinal absorption efficiency value (ABS _{gi}) | --- | 8.33E-06 | MDEQ, 2015/USEPA RAGS- E | |
| ABS _{gi} details | | RAGS E (EPA, 2004) Default Value | | |
| Skin absorption efficiency value (AE _d) | --- | 0.1 | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| AE _d details | | | | |
| Ingestion Absorption Efficiency (AE _i) | | 1.0 | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| AE _i Details | | | | |
| Relative Source Contribution for Water (RSC _w) | | 0.2 | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| Relative Source Contribution for Soil (RSC _s) | | 1.0 | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| Relative Source Contribution for Air (RSC _a) | | 1.0 | MDEQ, 2015 | |
| Others | | | | |

(D) Rule 57 Water Quality Values and GSI Criteria

| | |
|--|-----|
| Current GSI value (µg/L) | 38 |
| Updated GSI value (µg/L) | 38 |
| Rule 57 Drinking Water Value (µg/L) | 580 |

| | Rule 57 Value (µg/L) | Verification Date |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Human Non-cancer Values- Drinking water source (HNV-drink) | 580 | 3/1999 |
| Human Non-Cancer Values- Non-drinking water sources (HNV-Non-drink) | 890 | 3/1999 |
| Wildlife Value (WV) | NA | |
| Human Cancer Values for Drinking Water Source (HCV-drink) | NA | |
| Human Cancer values for non-drinking water source (HCV-Non-drink) | NA | |
| Final Chronic Value (FCV) | 38 | 6/2002 |
| Aquatic maximum value (AMV) | 100 | 6/2002 |
| Final Acute Value (FAV) | 200 | 6/2002 |

Sources:

1. MDEQ Surface Water Assessment Section Rule 57 [website](#)
2. MDEQ Rule 57 [table](#)

(E) Target Detection Limits (TDL)

| | Value | Source |
|--|----------|------------|
| Target Detection Limit – Soil (µg/kg) | 330 | MDEQ, 2015 |
| Target Detection Limit – Water (µg/L) | 5 | MDEQ, 2015 |
| Target Detection Limit – Air (ppbv) | 3.30E+01 | MDEQ, 2015 |
| Target Detection Limit – Soil Gas (ppbv) | 1.10E+03 | MDEQ, 2015 |

CHEMICAL UPDATE WORKSHEET ABBREVIATIONS:

CAS # - Chemical Abstract Service Number.

Section (A) Chemical-Physical Properties**Reference Source(s):**

| | |
|-----------|---|
| CRC | Chemical Rubber Company Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, 95th edition, 2014-2015 |
| EMSOFT | USEPA Exposure Model for Soil-Organic Fate and Transport (EMSOFT) (EPA, 2002) |
| EPA2001 | USEPA (2001) Fact Sheet, Correcting the Henry's Law Constant for Soil Temperature. Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Washington, D.C. |
| EPA4 | USEPA (2004) User's Guide for Evaluating Subsurface Vapor Intrusion into Buildings. February 22, 2004. |
| EPI | USEPA's Estimation Programs Interface SUITE 4.1, Copyright 2000-2012 |
| HSDB | Hazardous Substances Data Bank |
| MDEQ | Michigan Department of Environmental Quality |
| NPG | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards |
| PC | National Center for Biotechnology Information's PubChem database |
| PP | Syracuse Research Corporation's PhysProp database |
| SCDM | USEPA's Superfund Chemical Data Matrix |
| SSG | USEPA's Soil Screening Guidance: Technical Background Document, Second Edition, 1996 |
| USEPA/EPA | United States environmental protection agency's Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment). July, 2004. |

W9

USEPA's User Guide for Water9 Software, Version 2.0.0, 2001

Basis/Comments:

| | |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| EST | estimated |
| EXP | experimental |
| EXT | extrapolated |
| NA | not available or not applicable |
| NR | not relevant |

Section (B) Toxicity Values/Benchmarks**Sources/References:**

| | |
|-------------|--|
| ATSDR | Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry |
| CALEPA | California Environmental Protection Agency |
| CAL DTSC | California Department of Toxic Substances Control |
| CAL OEHHHA | CAEPA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment |
| CCD | MDEQ Chemical Criteria Database |
| ECHA | European Chemicals Agency (REACH) |
| OECD HPV | Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development HPV Database |
| HEAST | USEPA's Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables |
| IRIS | USEPA's Integrated Risk Information System |
| MADEP | Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection |
| MDEQ/DEQ | Michigan Department of Environmental Quality |
| DEQ-CCD/AQD | MDEQ Air Quality Division |
| DEQ-CCD/RRD | MDEQ Remediation and Redevelopment Division |
| DEQ-CCD/WRD | MDEQ Water Resources Division |
| MNDOH | Minnesota Department of Health |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| NJDEP | New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection |
| NYDEC | New York State Department of Environmental Conservation |
| OPP/OPPT | USEPA's Office of Pesticide Programs |
| PPRTV | USEPA's Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Values |
| RIVM | The Netherlands National Institute of Public Health and the Environment |
| TCEQ | Texas Commission on Environmental Quality |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| USEPA OSWER | USEPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response |
| USEPA MCL | USEPA Maximum Contaminant Level |
| WHO | World Health Organization |
| WHO IPCS | International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS/INCHEM) |
| WHO IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancers |
| NA | Not Available. |
| NR | Not Relevant. |

Toxicity terms:

| | |
|-------------|---|
| BMC | Benchmark concentration |
| BMCL | Lower bound confidence limit on the BMC |
| BMD | benchmark dose |
| BMDL | Lower bound confidence limit on the BMD |
| CSF | Cancer slope Factor |
| CNS | Central nervous system |
| IURF or IUR | Inhalation unit risk factor |
| LOAEL | Lowest observed adverse effect level |
| LOEL | Lowest observed effect level |
| MRL | Minimal risk level (ATSDR) |
| NOAEL | No observed adverse effect level |
| NOEL | No observed effect level |

| | |
|-------|-------------------------|
| RfC | Reference concentration |
| RfD | Reference dose |
| p-RfD | Provisional RfD |
| aRfD | Acute RfD |
| UF | Uncertainty factor |
| WOE | Weight of evidence |

Section (C) Chemical-specific Absorption Factors

| | |
|--------------|---|
| MDEQ | Michigan Department of Environmental Quality |
| USEPA RAGS-E | United States Environmental Protection Agency's Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment). July, 2004. |

Section (D) Rule 57 Water Quality Values and GSI Criteria

| | |
|-----|---|
| GSI | Groundwater-surface water interface |
| NA | A value is not available or not applicable. |
| ID | Insufficient data to derive value |
| NLS | No literature search has been conducted |