

Michigan Occupational Injury and Illness Case and Demographic Data 2008

30,120 injuries and illnesses that required recuperation away from work beyond the day of the incident were reported in private industry workplaces during 2008.

This publication contains Case and Demographic data reported on the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses. This survey is conducted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), U. S. Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Michigan Department of Energy, Labor & Economic Growth, Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration (MIOSHA), Management and Technical Services Division, Management Information Systems Section.

LOST WORKTIME INJURIES AND ILLNESSES: CHARACTERISTICS AND RESULTING TIME AWAY FROM WORK – MICHIGAN 2008

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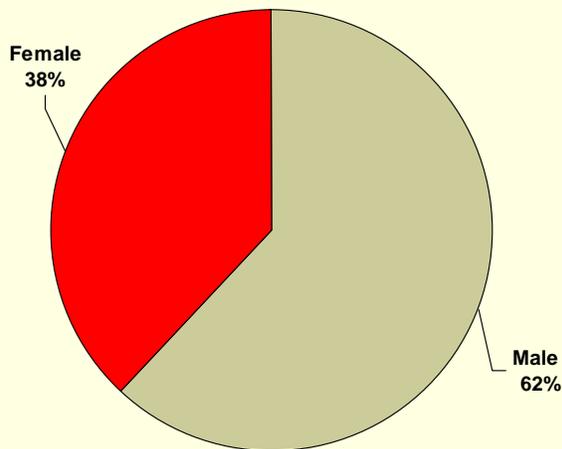
During 2008, a total of 30,120 injuries and illnesses that required recuperation away from work beyond the day of the incident were reported in private industry workplaces in Michigan. Nationally, there were a total of 1.1 million reported.

The following charts give specific details regarding data collected by gender, age, length of service, nature, part, source and event of injuries, as well as the occupations at the time of injuries and illnesses.

WORKER CHARACTERISTICS HIGHLIGHTS

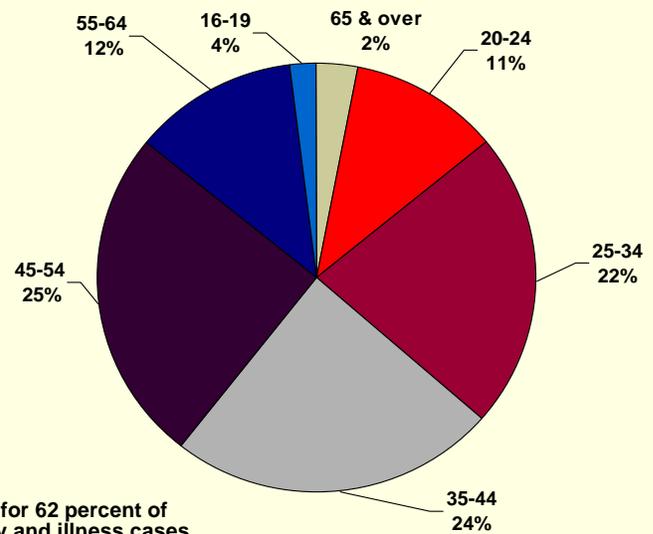
GENDER

Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by gender of worker, Private industry 2008



AGE

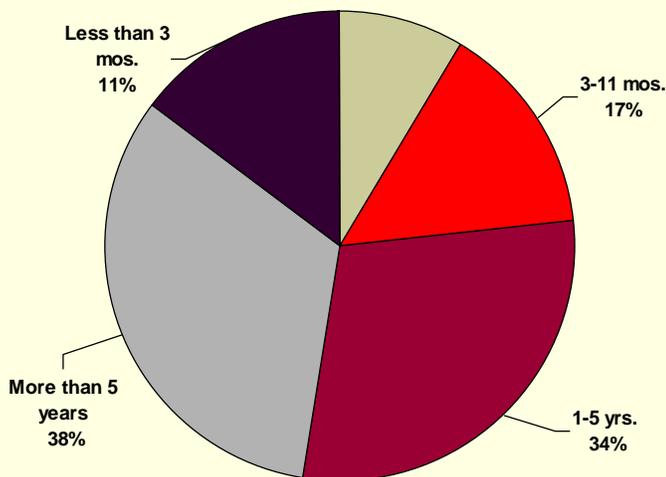
Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by age of worker, Private industry 2008



- Men accounted for 62 percent of the 30,120 injury and illness cases
- Workers between the ages of 35-54 accounted for just under half of the total injury and illness cases.
- Thirty-eight percent of the injury and illness cases involved workers who had been on the job for more than five years.

LENGTH OF SERVICE

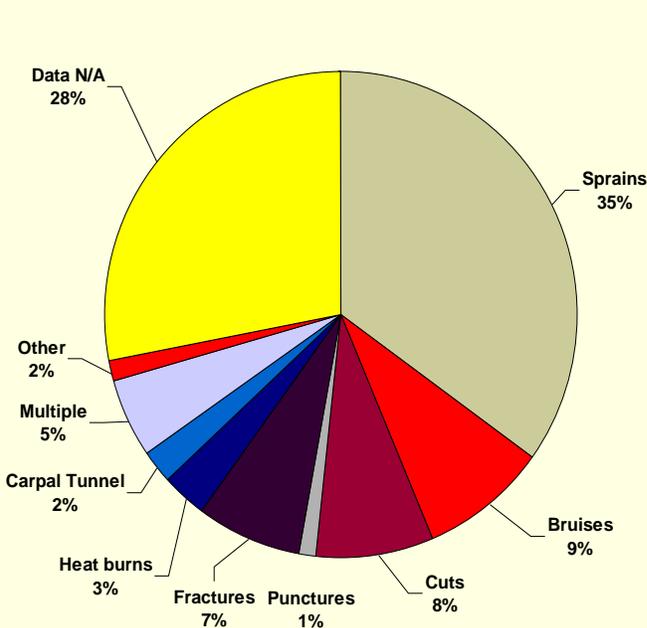
Percent of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by length of service with employer, Private industry 2008



CASE CHARACTERISTICS

NATURE

Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by nature of injury or illness, Private industry 2008

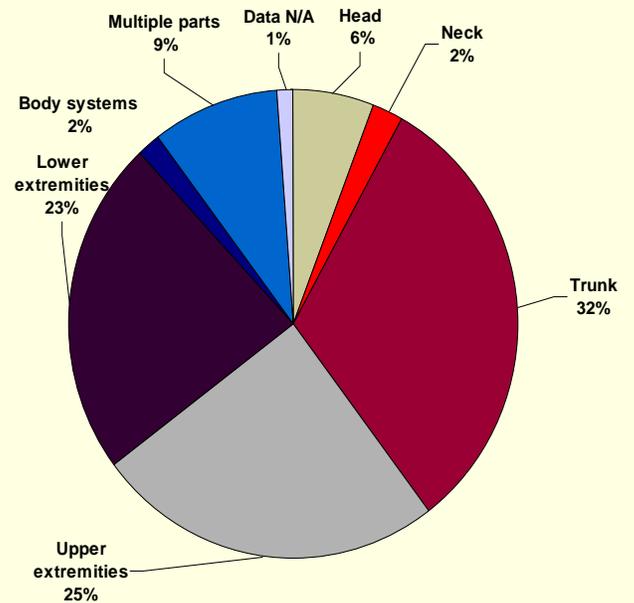


•Sprains, strains made up 35% of all nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses in 2008.

•The trunk (shoulder and back) was injured in 32% of the injury and illness cases reported in 2008.

PART

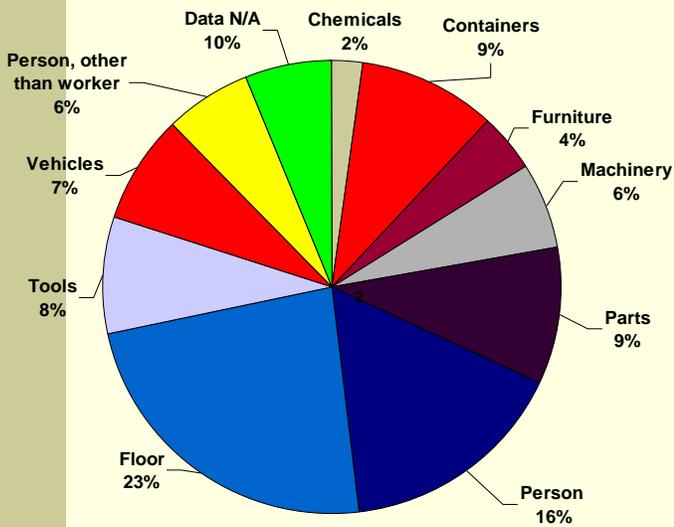
Percent distribution of nonfatal injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by event or exposure, Private industry 2008



CASE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

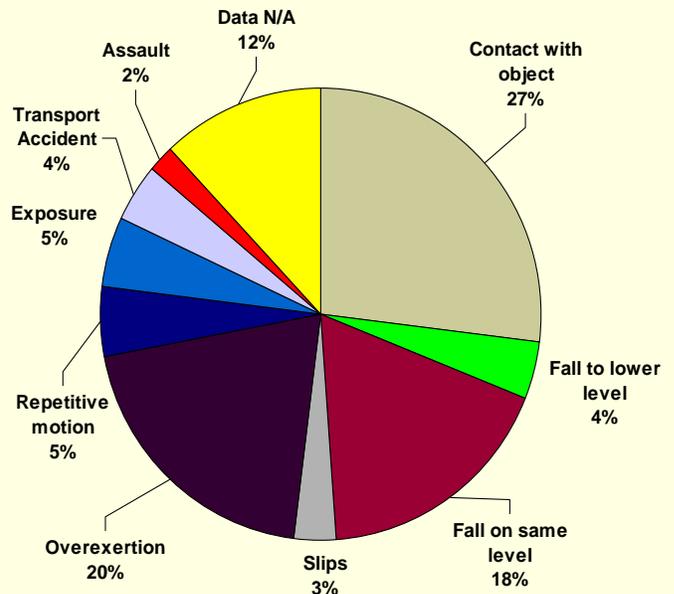
SOURCE

Percent of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by source of injury or illness, Private industry, 2008



EVENT

Percent of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by event or exposure, Private industry, 2008



•Floors, ground surfaces contributed to 23 percent of the occupational injuries and illnesses in 2008.

•The event of Contact with objects, equipment was the leading category involved in over one-fourth of the nonfatal occupational injuries and illness during 2008.

Occupations with the Most Injuries and Illnesses with Days Away From Work, Michigan, Private Industry 2008

