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# 2017 MICHIGAN ELK HUNTER SURVEY

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## ABSTRACT

Elk hunters were contacted after the 2017 hunting season to estimate hunter participation, hunter satisfaction, and elk seen and harvested. In 2017, an estimated 198 hunters spent about 996 days afield hunting elk. Hunters reported 5,360 elk observations ( $\bar{x} = 27.2$  elk seen /hunter), and they harvested 162 elk. About 82% of hunters harvested an elk in 2017. The average number of days required to harvest an elk was 6.2 days. About 81% of hunters rated their overall hunting experience as very good or good. About 79% of elk hunters (155) had a hunting guide assist with their hunt, and most of these hunters (88%) indicated guides increased the quality of their elk hunt. The average elk hunter devoted 3.3 hunting trips to hunt elk in 2017. Elk hunters took an estimated 599 hunting trips. Hunters spent an average of \$810 per year on hunting trips. Collectively, elk hunters spent about \$160,470 on hunting trips to hunt elk.

#### INTRODUCTION

Elk (*Cervus canadensis*) were extirpated from Michigan in about 1875 (Murie 1951). The current elk herd was the result of a release of seven animals in various city parks and public institutions in 1918 about three miles southeast of Wolverine (Stephenson 1942). The herd grew steadily with estimates of 300 to 400 in 1939 (Shapton 1940) and 900 to 1,000 in 1958 (Moran 1973). During 1964-1965, 477 elk were harvested during limited elk hunting seasons to reduce crop damage; however, annual hunting seasons were not initiated until 1984. The objectives of the annual elk hunts were to balance elk numbers and distribution with ecological, economic, and social concerns. The Natural Resources Commission (NRC) and the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) annually set license quotas for hunts with a goal of maintaining an elk population between 500 and 900 animals during the winter in the NLP (Michigan DNR 2012).



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For information or assistance on this publication, contact Michigan Department of Natural Resources, Wildlife Division, P.O. Box 30444, MI 48909. This publication is available in alternative formats upon request. A limited number of hunters have been allowed to hunt elk in Michigan each year since 1984. Between 1984 and 2004, applicants for hunts each year had the same probability of being selected for a license (i.e., simple random selection among eligible applicants). In 2005, a random weighted lottery system was adopted. This gave people applying for many years a higher probability of being selected than people applying fewer years, although licensees were selected by region of residence in the same proportion as applications were received. This system was designed to provide some advantage to multi-year applicants while continuing to provide an opportunity for new applicants. This system assigned applicants a chance (opportunity to be selected) each year they had applied. Thus, a person applying in 2015, 2016, and 2017 would have three chances to be selected in the 2017 drawing, while someone only applying in 2017 would have just one chance. Applicants also had the option to purchase a chance rather than applying for a license, thus increasing the probability of being selected in future drawings.

Two types of elk hunting licenses (Any Elk and Antlerless Only) were allocated among applicants using two separate drawings (one drawing for each license type) in 2017. Only Michigan residents that were at least 10 years of age or youth (<10 years old) that were licensed under the Mentored Youth Hunting Program could apply for licenses. When individuals applied for an elk license, they indicated whether they were willing to harvest only an antlered bull elk (male elk) or whether they were willing to harvest either an antlered bull or antlerless elk (female elk or calf). The first drawing (drawing for an Any Elk license) included all applicants. Applicants successful in the Any Elk license drawing could purchase a license entitling them to take either an antlered bull or antlerless elk. The second drawing (Antlerless Only license drawing) allocated antlerless elk. Those successful in the Antlerless Only license drawing could only harvest an antlerless elk. A person issued an antlerless-only elk license was ineligible for an elk license for 10 years, while a person issued an any-elk license was ineligible for any type of elk hunting license during the remainder of their life.

The Pure Michigan Hunt (PMH) is a special multi-species hunting opportunity that was offered in Michigan for the first time in 2010. Individuals could purchase an unlimited number of applications for the PMH. Three individuals were randomly chosen from all applications, and winners received elk, bear, spring turkey, fall turkey, and antlerless deer hunting licenses and could participate in a reserved waterfowl hunt on a managed waterfowl area. The elk hunting licenses were valid for all areas open for hunting elk and during all elk hunting periods. Furthermore, the PMH license holder could hunt during any season until their elk harvest tag was filled.

After the drawings for Any Elk and Antlerless Only licenses were conducted, the DNR assigned successful applicants to a hunt period and elk management unit, except elk hunters assigned to hunt in elk management units F or G could also hunt in Elk Management Unit X (Figure 1). All successful applicants were required to attend a half-day orientation session prior to their hunt. Upon completion of this training, each successful applicant was issued their elk license along with other pertinent hunt information. In 2017, seven different types of elk licenses were available, corresponding to the different combinations of type of elk, elk management units, and hunt periods for which applicants could be drawn (Table 1).

In 2017, the DNR allocated 200 licenses among 36,139 eligible applicants, excluding the PMH drawing (Table 1). Licenses were valid on all land ownership types. Hunters could only harvest one elk, and hunters with an antlerless-only license could not take an elk with antlers. Elk could be harvested with a firearm, crossbow, or archery equipment. Hunters could not use bait (e.g., grain, fruit, vegetables) to attract elk. Successful hunters were required to take their elk to an official checking station within 24 hours of taking an elk.

The DNR has the authority and responsibility to protect and manage elk in Michigan while the NRC has the authority to regulate the taking of elk (Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, Public Act 451 of 1994). Harvest surveys are one of the management tools used to accomplish the DNR's statutory responsibility. Estimating harvest, hunting effort, and hunter satisfaction are among the primary objectives of these surveys. Estimates derived from harvest surveys, as well as harvest reported by hunters at mandatory checking stations, and other indices, are used to monitor elk populations and establish harvest regulations.

## **M**ETHODS

Following the 2017 elk hunting season, a questionnaire (Appendix A) was sent to everyone who obtained an elk hunting license for the 2017 hunting season (199 licensees). License buyers receiving the questionnaire were asked to report whether they hunted, number of days spent afield, hunt location, the number of elk seen, whether they harvested an elk, and the type of hunting equipment used. Hunters also reported whether other hunters caused interference during their hunt. Successful hunters were asked to report harvest location, sex of the elk taken, and type of hunting equipment used. Hunters also were asked to report how satisfied they were with the number of elk seen, number of opportunities they had to take an elk, and their overall elk hunting experience.

Although estimating harvest, hunter numbers, and hunting effort were the primary objectives of the harvest survey, it also provided an opportunity to collect information about management issues. Questions were added to determine how much money was spent hunting elk, how frequently hunters were assisted by hunting guides, and what services were provided by these guides. Additionally, hunters were asked about satisfaction with the hunter orientation session and hunting guides.

Estimates were calculated using a stratified random sampling design that included seven strata (Cochran 1977). Hunters were stratified based on their license type and the hunt period and unit for which their license was valid (Table 1). The estimate of the mean number of days required to harvest an elk was calculated using a different ratio for each stratum (i.e., separate ratio estimator). The number of elk registered from each stratum was used as an auxiliary variate to improve the precision of ratio estimates.

A 95% confidence limit (CL) was calculated for each estimate. The CL can be added and subtracted from the estimate to calculate the 95% confidence interval. The confidence interval is a measure of the precision associated with the estimate and implies that the true value would be within this interval 95 times out of 100. Unfortunately, there are several other possible sources of error in surveys that are probably more serious than theoretical

calculations of sampling error. They include the failure of participants to provide answers (nonresponse bias), question-wording, and question order. It is very difficult to measure these biases; thus, estimates were not adjusted for these possible biases.

Statistical tests are used routinely to determine the likelihood that the differences among estimates are larger than expected by chance alone. The overlap of 95% confidence intervals was used to determine whether estimates differed. Non-overlapping 95% confidence intervals was equivalent to stating that the difference between the means was larger than would be expected 95 out of 100 times if the study had been repeated (Payton et al. 2003).

Questionnaires were mailed initially during early January 2017, and up to two follow-up questionnaires were mailed to nonrespondents. One hundred sixty-seven of the 199 people sent a questionnaire returned it, yielding an 84% response rate.

#### RESULTS

In 2017, 203 licenses (including the Pure Michigan Hunt) were available for purchase, which was the same number of licenses available in 2016. In 2017, 199 elk hunting licenses were purchased (Table 1), compared to 201 licenses sold in 2016 (Figure 3). Most of the people buying a license in 2017 were men (89%), and the average age of the license buyers was 53 years (Figure 2). About 5% of the license buyers (10) were younger than 17 years old. Among the license buyers that hunted elk in 2017, the average number of years they had hunted in Michigan was  $38 \pm 1$  years. In addition,  $34 \pm 3\%$  of these hunters had hunted elk (including outside of Michigan) prior to 2017.

All but one license buyer hunted elk in 2017 (198 hunters, Table 2). These hunters spent 996 days afield ( $\bar{x} = 5.0$  days/hunter). Although three fewer license buyers went afield in 2017, the total number of days spent hunting in 2017 was significantly greater by 15% than in 2016 (Figure 3). In addition, the number of days hunted per elk hunter was significantly greater in 2017 (5.0 versus 4.3 days hunted per hunter).

In 2017, hunters reported 5,360 elk observations ( $\bar{x} = 27.1$  elk seen/hunter), and they harvested an estimated 162 elk. Elk seen does not represent different animals seen because elk could be double counted and reported by multiple hunters. The number of elk seen increased significantly by 32%, but the number of elk harvested in 2017 declined significantly by 8% from 2016.

Otsego, Montmorency, and Cheboygan counties had the highest number of elk hunters and elk harvested during 2017 (Table 3). The average number of days hunted per harvested elk for all hunts was 6.2 days in 2017 (Table 2, Figure 4), which was significantly greater by 17% than reported in 2016 (4.9 days).

About 18% of the elk hunters hunted on private lands only in 2017, 26% hunted on public lands only, and 55% hunted on both private and public lands (Table 4). Elk hunters spent 141 days afield on private land only, 254 days hunting on public land only, and 601 days hunting on both private and public lands (Table 5). Of the estimated 162 elk harvested in 2017,

57% of these elk (92) were taken on private land (Table 6). About 43% of harvested elk (69) were taken on public land.

Of the elk harvested, 39% were antiered bulls (63) and 61% were antierless cows or calves (99, Table 7). Overall, 82% of hunters harvested an elk in 2017 (Table 2). Hunter success ranged from 65-100% among the hunt periods (Table 2). Hunter success in 2017 was significantly lower than in 2016 (82% versus 87%, Figure 3).

All hunters used firearms exclusively while hunting elk. About  $46 \pm 3\%$  of successful hunters helped move their elk from the kill site to a vehicle. While  $52 \pm 3\%$  of the hunters received assistance from a hunting companion;  $74 \pm 3\%$  of the hunters had assistance from a hunting guide;  $12 \pm 2\%$  of the hunters had assistance from a landowner, and  $8 \pm 2\%$  of the hunters received assistance from a DNR employee.

About 67% of elk hunters rated the number of elk seen during the 2017 hunting season as very good or good, and 19% rated elk seen as poor or very poor (Table 8). The proportion of hunters with a favorable opinion about the number of elk seen in 2017 declined significantly from 2016 (67% versus 74%). About 60% of hunters rated the number of chances they had to take an elk during the 2017 hunting season as very good or good, and 22% rated their chances as poor or very poor (Table 9). The proportion of hunters with a favorable opinion about their chances to take an elk was significantly lower in 2017 than in 2016 (60% versus 68%).

About 81% of hunters rated their hunting experiences as very good or good, and 10% rated their hunting experiences as poor or very poor (Table 10). The proportion of hunters with a favorable opinion about their hunting experiences in 2017 declined significantly from 2016 (81% versus 90%, Figure 3).

Hunter satisfaction was affected by many factors such as hunting success and whether hunting activities were completed without interference (Figure 5). In 2017, 11% of the hunters reported that interference was a major problem; 21% experienced minor levels of interference, and 59% reported no interference (Table 11). The proportion of hunters that reported that interference was a major problem in 2017 was significantly greater than in 2016 (11% versus 5%). Among hunters reporting interference (major and minor interference combined) in 2017, the most common source of interference was another elk hunter ( $62 \pm 5\%$ ); while  $26 \pm 4\%$  of interfered hunters reported interference from other types of hunters.

About 79% of elk hunters (155) had a hunting guide assist with their hunt (Table 12). Most hunters using a guide (56  $\pm$  3%) reported their guide was always with them when they were hunting elk. Another 21  $\pm$  3% of hunters with guides indicated their guide was present 75-99% of the time while hunting, and 6  $\pm$  2% of hunters reported their guide accompanied them 50-74% of the time. In contrast, about 13  $\pm$  2% of hunters using guides reported their guide was with them in the field less than 50% of the time.

Among the hunters using a hunting guide, 77% of hunters (121) paid for the services provided by a guide (Table 12). Hunters using guides most frequently (59%) paid between \$101 and \$1,000 for the guide services. Hunting guides most frequently selected the hunt area (91%),

provided hunting advice (87%), and helped remove elk from the field (76%, Table 13).

The ability to provide a hunt area having elk (92%) and providing an area with a good chance of taking an elk (90%) were among the most important services wanted by hunters that had used a guide (Table 14). In addition, hunters using guides wanted their guide to use ethical hunting methods (97%). Having a guide with access to private lands was also important to most hunters (54%). Guide services such as providing hunting equipment (e.g., off-road vehicles), lodging, and food were generally not important factors for most hunters using a guide.

Overall, most hunters using a guide indicated that their guide had either greatly increased  $(64 \pm 4\%)$  or had increased  $(24 \pm 3\%)$  the quality of their elk hunt. In contrast,  $7 \pm 2\%$  were neutral with their guide's service, and  $2 \pm 1\%$  of hunters indicated that their guide had decreased or greatly decreased the quality of their hunt.

Most hunters using a guide were satisfied by their guides' ability to provide a hunting area having elk (91%) and to provide an area where they had a chance to harvest an elk (88%, Table 15). In addition, most hunters (92%) indicated that their hunting guide used ethical hunting methods.

Most hunters indicated they were satisfied by the content of the DNR orientation session (92%, Table 16). Furthermore, most hunters ( $\geq$ 86%) were satisfied by the facilities where the session occurred, the session length, and the handouts provided at the session.

The average elk hunter devoted  $3.3 \pm 0.2$  hunting trips to hunt elk in 2017. The trips included hunts that took place during a single day and hunts that required an overnight stay away from home. Elk hunters took an estimated  $599 \pm 34$  hunting trips. Among hunters that reported their expenditures, active hunters spent an average of  $\$810 \pm \$61$  per year on hunting trips. Expenditures on long trips included the costs of food, travel, and lodging, while short trips may have only included the cost of fuel. Collectively, elk hunters spent about  $\$160,470 (\pm \$12,097)$  on elk hunting trips during fall 2017.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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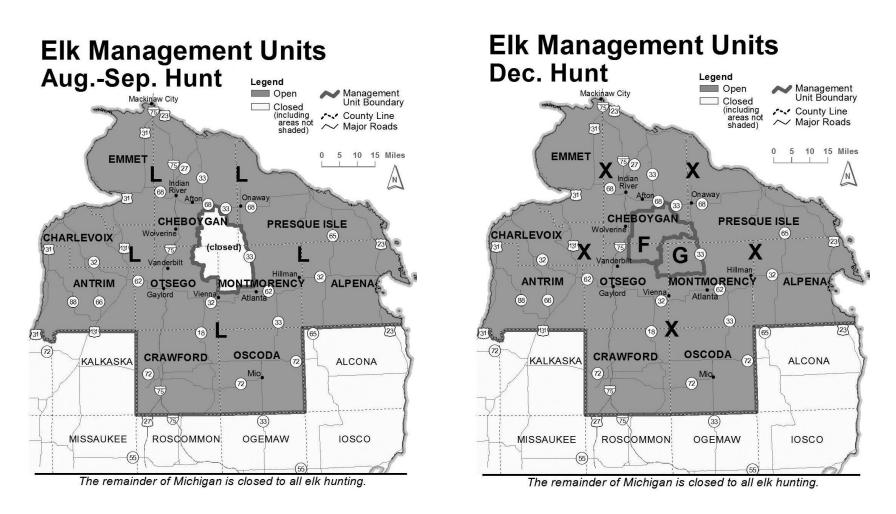


Figure 1. Elk management units open to hunting in Michigan, 2017.

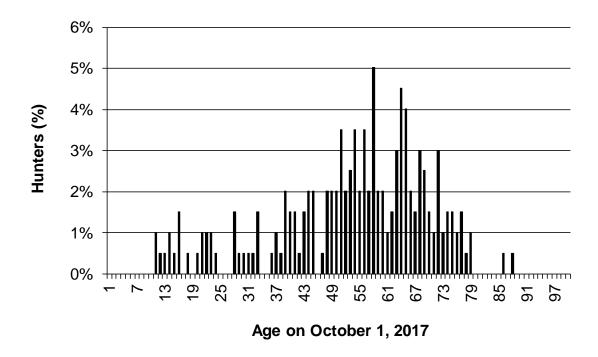


Figure 2. Age of people that purchased an elk hunting license in Michigan for the 2017 hunting season ( $\bar{x} = 54$  years). Licenses were purchased by 199 people.

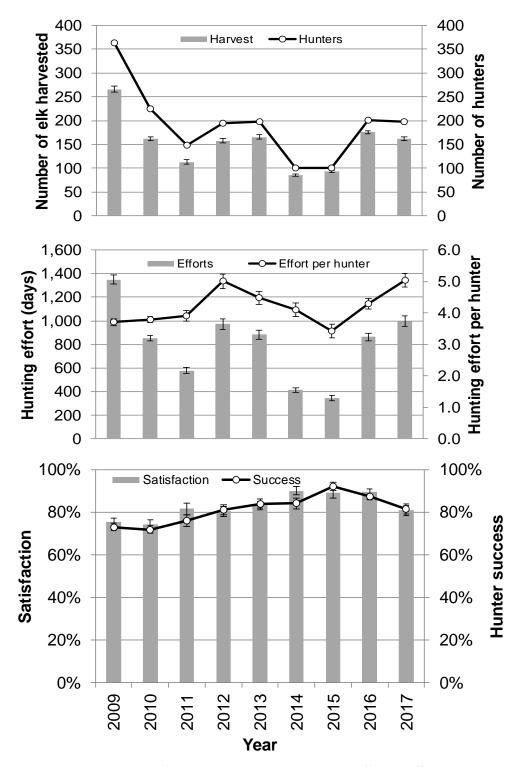


Figure 3. Estimated number of hunters, harvest, hunting efforts, effort per hunter, hunter satisfaction, and hunter success during the Michigan elk hunting season, 2009-2017.

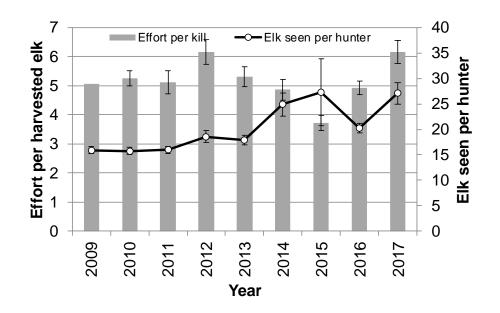


Figure 4. Estimated number of days hunted per elk harvested and elk seen per hunter during the Michigan elk hunting season, 2009-2017.

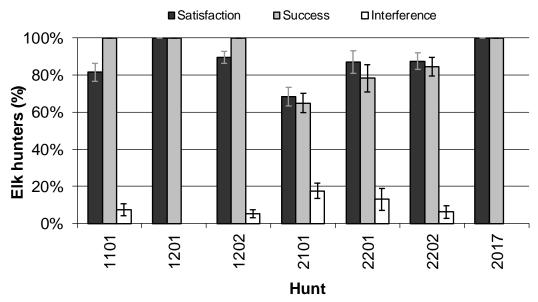


Figure 5. Estimated hunter satisfaction, hunting success, and level of hunter interference in Michigan's management units during the 2017 elk hunting season. Satisfaction measures the proportion of hunters rating their hunting experiences as very good or good. Interference was the proportion of hunters that reported major interference. Error bars represent the 95% confidence limit.

License	Elk type <sup>a</sup>	Management unit <sup>b</sup>	Hunt dates	License quota	Licenses sold <sup>c</sup>
1101	Any elk	L	Aug. 29-Sep. 1, Sep. 15- 18, & Sep. 29-Oct. 2	30	30
1201	Any elk	F, X	Dec. 9-17	10	10
1202	Any elk	G, X	Dec. 9-17	20	20
2101	Antlerless elk	L	Aug. 29-Sep. 1, Sep. 15- 18, & Sep. 29-Oct. 2	70	69
2201	Antlerless elk	F, X	Dec. 9-17	30	28
2202	Antlerless elk	G, X	Dec. 9-17	40	39
2017	Pure Michigan Hunt <sup>d</sup>	All	All dates	3	3

Table 1. The number of people purchasing hunting licenses for the 2017 Michigan elk hunting seasons, summarized by license.

<sup>a</sup>Hunters selected for an Any Elk license or Pure Michigan Hunt could harvest either an antlered bull elk or an antlerless elk. Hunters selected for an Antlerless Elk license could harvest an antlerless elk only. <sup>b</sup>See Figure 1 for the location of management units.

<sup>c</sup>Fewer licenses were sold than the number available because some successful applicants failed to purchase a license.

<sup>d</sup>Pure Michigan Hunt licenses were valid in all seasons and areas open for hunting elk.

Table 2. Estimated number of hunters, harvest, hunter success, hunting effort, and mean days hunted during the 2017 Michigan elk hunting season, summarized by license type and unit.

	Hunt	ters	Har	vest		inter cess	Huntir	ng effort	,	hunted hter $(\overline{x})$	per hary	hunted vested elk $\overline{x}$
License – Unit <sup>a</sup>	No.	95% CL <sup>b</sup>	No.	95% CL <sup>♭</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>b</sup>	Days	95% CL <sup>♭</sup>	Days	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	Days	95% CL <sup>♭</sup>
1101 – L	30	0	30	0	100	0	206	17	6.9	0.6	6.9	0.6
1201 – F	10	0	10	0	100	0	23	10	2.3	1.0	2.3	1.1
1202 – G	20	0	20	0	100	0	82	5	4.1	0.2	4.1	0.3
2101 – L	69	0	45	4	65	5	436	32	6.3	0.5	9.7	1.3
2201 – F	28	0	22	2	78	7	112	13	4.0	0.5	5.1	1.0
2202 – G	38	1	32	2	84	5	132	14	3.5	0.4	4.1	0.5
2017 – All	3	0	3	0	100	0	5	2	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.6
All hunts <sup>c</sup>	198	1	162	5	82	2	996	43	5.0	0.2	6.2	0.4

<sup>a</sup>Either an antlered bull elk or an antlerless elk could be taken in hunts 1101-1202 and 2017, while only antlerless elk could be taken in hunts 2101-2202. <sup>b</sup>95% confidence limits.

<sup>c</sup>Column totals may not equal totals for all hunts because of rounding error.

Table 2 (continued). Estimated number of elk seen, average number of elk seen per hunter, hunter satisfaction, and proportion of	
hunters reporting interference while hunting during the 2017 Michigan elk hunting season, summarized by license type and unit.	

	Elk s	oon <sup>a</sup>		or buptor $(\overline{x})$	Huntor o	atisfaction <sup>b</sup>	Interfered hunters <sup>c</sup>		
License –		een	Eik seen p	er hunter ( $\overline{x}$ )			nunters		
Unit	No.	95% CL <sup>d</sup>	No.	95% CL <sup>d</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>d</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>d</sup>	
1101 – L	522	69	17.4	2.3	81	5	7	3	
1201 – F	342	114	34.2	11.4	100	0	0	0	
1202 – G	1,026	117	51.3	5.9	89	3	5	2	
2101 – L	807	93	11.7	1.3	68	5	18	4	
2201 – F	1,124	154	40.1	5.5	87	6	13	6	
2202 – G	1,468	328	38.8	8.6	88	5	6	3	
2017 – All	71	22	23.5	7.4	100	0	0	0	
All hunts <sup>e</sup>	5,360	415	27.1	2.1	81	2	11	2	

<sup>a</sup>Elk seen does not represent different animals seen because elk could be double counted and reported by multiple hunters. <sup>b</sup>Satisfaction measures the proportion of hunters rating their hunting experiences as very good or good. <sup>c</sup>Interference was the proportion of hunters that reported major interference.

<sup>d</sup>95% confidence limits.

<sup>e</sup>Column totals may not equal totals for all hunts because of rounding error.

	Hur	Hunters		rvest	Hunte	r success	Hunting effort	
County	No. <sup>a</sup>	95% CL <sup>b</sup>	No. <sup>c</sup>	95% CL <sup>b</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>b</sup>	Days <sup>c</sup>	95% CL <sup>b</sup>
Alpena	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Antrim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charlevoix	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cheboygan	49	5	28	4	57	6	231	30
Crawford	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Emmet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Montmorency	89	6	56	6	63	4	407	37
Oscoda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Otsego	91	6	71	6	78	4	277	27
Presque Isle	19	3	7	2	37	9	71	19
Unknown	4	2	0	0	0	0	8	6

Table 3. Estimated number of hunters, harvest, hunter success, and hunting effort during the 2017 Michigan elk hunting season, summarized by county.

<sup>a</sup>Column totals may not equal totals for all hunts because hunters could hunt in multiple counties. <sup>b</sup>95% confidence limits.

<sup>c</sup>Column totals may not equal totals for all hunts because of rounding error.

Table 3 (continued). Estimated hunter satisfaction, hunt interference, elk seen, and average number of elk seen per hunter during the 2017 Michigan elk hunting season, summarized by county.

<u> </u>		Hunter satisfaction <sup>a,b</sup>		erfered		a a a a a.d	Elk seen per		
-	sausia		Hur	nters <sup>a,c</sup>	EIK	seen <sup>a,d</sup>	nur	hunter $(\overline{x})$	
County	% 95% CL <sup>e</sup>		%	95% CL <sup>e</sup>	No.	95% CL <sup>e</sup>	No.	95% CL <sup>e</sup>	
Alpenat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Antrim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Charlevoix	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Cheboygan	88	4	15	4	794	222	16.1	4.3	
Crawford	0	0	0	0	24	18	20.0	0.0	
Emmet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Montmorency	77	4	9	3	2,357	388	26.6	3.9	
Oscoda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Otsego	87	3	10	3	2,354	272	25.9	2.5	
Presque Isle	49	9	38	9	130	33	6.9	1.3	
Unknown	34	22	0	0	13	7	3.7	1.0	

<sup>a</sup>Column totals may not equal totals for all hunts because of rounding error.

<sup>b</sup>Satisfaction measures the proportion of hunters rating their hunting experiences as very good or good.

<sup>c</sup>Interference was the proportion of hunters that reported major interference.

<sup>d</sup>Elk seen does not represent different animals seen because elk could be double counted and reported by multiple hunters.

<sup>e</sup>95% confidence limits.

<sup>f</sup>No hunters reported hunting elk in this county.

								Lar	nd type							
									Both	private	and p	ublic				
	Pr	ivate la	and or	nly	I	Public la	and onl	у		lanc	ls			Unkno	wn Ian	d
License –		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%
Unit	Total	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	Total	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	Total	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	Total	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>
1101 – L	2	1	7	3	6	1	19	5	22	2	74	5	0	0	0	0
1201 – F	5	3	50	28	2	2	17	21	3	3	33	26	0	0	0	0
1202 – G	5	1	26	5	3	1	16	4	12	1	58	5	0	0	0	0
2101 – L	11	3	16	4	16	3	23	5	41	4	60	5	1	1	2	1
2201 – F	4	2	13	6	12	2	43	9	12	2	43	9	0	0	0	0
2202 – G	7	2	19	5	12	2	31	6	18	3	47	7	1	1	3	2
2017 – All	2	2	50	57	2	2	50	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All hunts	36	5	18	3	52	6	26	3	36	6	55	3	2	1	1	1

Table 4. Estimated number and proportion of hunters hunting on private and public lands during the 2017 elk hunting season, summarized by license type and unit.

				Land typ	е				
					Both pr	ivate and			
License –	Privat	e lands	Publi	c lands	publi	c lands	Unknown		
Unit	Days	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	Days	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	Days	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	Days	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	
1101 – L	38	9	44	9	123	17	0	0	
1201 – F	5	3	2	2	17	13	0	0	
1202 – G	18	4	15	3	49	6	0	0	
2101 – L	59	13	116	24	260	36	0	0	
2201 – F	5	2	50	12	57	15	0	0	
2202 – G	14	5	24	6	95	17	0	0	
2017 – All	2	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	
All hunts	141	17	254	29	601	48	0	0	

Table 5. Estimated number of days of hunting effort on private and public lands during the 2017 Michigan elk hunting season, summarized by license type and unit.

<sup>a</sup>95% confidence limits.

Table 6. Land type when elk were harvested during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan, summarized by license type and unit.

		Land type											
		Private	and			Public land				Unknown			
License –		95% Elk 95%				95%	Elk	95%		95%	Elk	95%	
Unit	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	taken	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	taken	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	taken	CL <sup>a</sup>	
1101 – L	59	6	18	2	41	6	12	2	0	0	0	0	
1201 – F	83	21	8	2	17	21	2	2	0	0	0	0	
1202 – G	53	5	11	1	47	5	9	1	0	0	0	0	
2101 – L	68	6	30	4	32	6	15	3	0	0	0	0	
2201 – F	44	10	10	2	56	10	12	2	0	0	0	0	
2202 – G	44	7	14	3	56	7	18	3	0	0	0	0	
2017 – All	50	57	2	2	50	57	2	2	0	0	0	0	
All hunts	57	3	92	6	43	3	69	6	0	0	0	0	

			1	ype of elk	harvested					
		Antlered	l bull elk		Antlerless elk					
License –		95%		95%		95%		95%		
Unit <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>b</sup>	No.	CL <sup>b</sup>	%	CL <sup>b</sup>	No.	CL <sup>♭</sup>		
1101 – L	100	0	30	0	0	0	0	0		
1201 – F	100	0	10	0	0	0	0	0		
1202 – G	100	0	20	0	0	0	0	0		
2101 – L	0	0	0	0	100	0	45	4		
2201 – F	0	0	0	0	100	0	22	2		
2202 – G	0	0	0	0	100	0	32	2		
2017 – All	100	0	3	0	0	0	0	0		
All hunts	39	1	63	0	61	1	99	5		

Table 7. Proportion and number of elk harvested by type of animal during the 2017 elk hunting
season in Michigan, summarized by license type and unit.

<sup>a</sup>Either an antiered bull elk or an antierless elk could be taken in hunts 1101-1202 and 2017, while only antlerless elk could be taken in hunts 2101-2202. <sup>b</sup>95% confidence limits.

Table 8. Hunters' level of satisfaction with the number of elk seen during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan, summarized by license type and unit.

				Satisfaction I	evel				
_	Very	good or			P	oor or	No answer or		
	g	ood	N	eutral	ve	ry poor	not applicable		
License – Unit	%	<u> </u>		95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	
1101 – L	63	6	11	4	19	5	7	3	
1201 – F	83	21	17	21	0	0	0	0	
1202 – G	84	4	5	2	11	3	0	0	
2101 – L	46	5	16	4	35	5	4	2	
2201 – F	78	7	9	5	13	6	0	0	
2202 – G	84	5	13	5	3	2	0	0	
2017 – All	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
All hunts	67	3	12	2	19	2	2	1	

				Satisfaction I	evel			
_	Very	good or			Р	oor or	No a	answer or
	g	ood	N	eutral	ve	ry poor	not a	applicable
License – Unit	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>
1101 – L	67	6	0	0	22	5	11	4
1201 – F	83	21	17	21	0	0	0	0
1202 – G	79	4	11	3	11	3	0	0
2101 – L	42	5	16	4	33	5	9	3
2201 – F	57	9	17	7	22	7	4	4
2202 – G	72	6	13	5	13	5	3	2
2017 – All	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All hunts	60	2	12	2	22	2	6	1

Table 9. Hunters' level of satisfaction with their opportunities to harvest an elk during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan, summarized by license type and unit.

<sup>a</sup>95% confidence limits.

Table 10. Hunters' level of satisfaction with their overall hunting experience during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan, summarized by license type and unit.

				Satisfaction I	evel			
	Very	good or			P	oor or	No a	answer or
	g	ood	Ne	eutral	vei	ry poor	not a	applicable
License – Unit	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>
1101 – L	81	5	11	4	4	2	4	2
1201 – F	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1202 – G	89	3	5	2	5	2	0	0
2101 – L	68	5	9	3	19	4	4	2
2201 – F	87	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
2202 – G	88	5	3	2	6	3	3	2
2017 – All	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All hunts	81	2	6	1	10	2	3	1

			L	evel of interfe	erence			
-	Major	problem	Minor	problem	No	oroblem	No	answer
License – Unit	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>
1101 – L	7	3	26	5	67	6	0	0
1201 – F	0	0	17	21	83	21	0	0
1202 – G	5	2	42	5	53	5	0	0
2101 – L	18	4	33	5	46	5	4	2
2201 – F	13	6	13	6	74	8	0	0
2202 – G	6	3	31	6	63	7	0	0
2017 – All	0	0	50	57	50	57	0	0
All hunts <sup>b</sup>	11	2	29	3	59	3	1	1

Table 11. The proportion of hunters reporting interference from other people during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan, summarized by license type and unit.

<sup>a</sup>95% confidence limits.

<sup>b</sup>Row totals may equal more than 100% because of rounding error.

Table 12. Proportion and number of hunters using guides and amount paid for guide services during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan.

		Elk hu	unters	
ltem	%	95% CL <sup>a</sup>	Number	95% CL <sup>a</sup>
Used a guide	79	3	155	5
Paid for guide <sup>b</sup>	77	2	120	6
Amount paid for guide <sup>b</sup>				
\$1-100	1	1	1	1
\$101-500	16	3	19	3
\$501-1,000	43	4	52	5
\$1,001-2,000	33	4	40	5
\$2,001-3,000	0	0	0	0
More than \$3,000	0	0	0	0
Unknown	7	2	8	2

<sup>a</sup>95% confidence limits.

<sup>b</sup>Estimates for hunters that reported using a hunting guide.

		Elk hu	nters <sup>a</sup>	
Service provided by the guide	%	95% CL <sup>⊳</sup>	Number	95% CL <sup>b</sup>
Hunting advice	87	2	135	6
Food	21	2	32	4
Lodging	18	3	28	4
Equipment	18	2	28	4
Selected hunt area	91	2	142	6
Removed elk from field	76	3	118	6
Delivered elk to a meat processor	22	3	35	4
Processed meat	2	1	4	2

Table 13. Proportion and number of hunters reporting various services from hunting guides during the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan.

<sup>a</sup>Estimates for hunters that reported using a hunting guide.

<sup>b</sup>95% confidence limits.

Table 14. The proportion of elk hunters indicating various services were important when selecting an elk hunting guide in Michigan, 2017.

					portance				
Ver	У	Som	ewhat	Ν	lot				No
impor	tant	impo	ortant	imp	ortant	Not	t sure	ar	nswer
	95%		95%		95%		95%		95%
%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>
92	2	4	1	0	0	2	1	2	1
90	2	6	2	1	1	2	1	2	1
54	4	30	3	8	2	5	1	3	1
4	1	7	2	78	3	6	2	5	2
					-	-			_
6	1	12	2	70	3	7	2	5	2
24	3	36	3	30	3	6	2	3	1
18	3	21	3	51	4	6	2	5	1
97	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1
	impor % 92 90 54 4 6 24 18	%         CL <sup>a</sup> 92         2           90         2           54         4           4         1           6         1           24         3           18         3	important       important         95%       %         92       2         90       2         54       4         30         4       1         7         6       1         18       3	Very         Somewhat           95%         95%           %         CL <sup>a</sup> 92         2           90         2           54         4           30         3           4         1           7         2           6         1           36         3           18         3         21	Very important         Somewhat important important         N           95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         95%         92         92         2         4         1         0         90         2         6         2         1         0         90         2         6         2         1         0         90         2         6         2         1         0         90         2         6         2         1         0         90         2         6         2         1         0         90         3         8         4         1         7         2         78         6         1         12         2         70         24         3         36         3         30         18         3         21         3         51         3         51         3         30         3<	Very importantSomewhat importantNot important95% $95\%$ 95% $95\%$ 95% $95\%$ 92241090262154430382417278361122703243363303183213514	Very importantSomewhat importantNot importantNot important $95\%$ $95\%$ $95\%$ $95\%$ $95\%$ 	Very importantSomewhat importantNot importantNot sure $95\%$ 95% % $95\%$ % $95\%$ % $95\%$ % $95\%$ % $95\%$ %922410021902621121544303825141727836261122703722433633036218321351462	Very importantSomewhat importantNot importantNot sure $95\%$ ar $95\%$ 95% %CLa%CLa%Not sure $95\%$ ar $95\%$ 92241002129026211212902621121254430382513417278362561122703725243363303623183213514625

					Satisfac	tion level				
								lot		No
	Satis	sfied	Ne	utral	Dissa	atisfied	appl	icable	ar	nswer
Service provided		95%		95%		95%		95%		95%
by the guide	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>	%	CL <sup>a</sup>
Area with good chance to see	01	0	F	0	0	4	4	4	4	4
an elk	91	2	5	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Area with good chance to take		-	_				-			
an elk	88	2	7	2	3	1	2	1	1	1
Food	21	3	20	3	2	1	52	3	5	1
Lodging	20	3	16	2	3	1	55	4	5	2
Equipment (e.g., horses, ORV,										
etc.)	55	4	10	2	5	1	29	3	2	1
Process elk	32	3	12	2	4	1	47	4	5	2
Ethical hunting		•	•	•					•	
<sup>a</sup> 95% confidence limits	92	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	1

Table 15. The proportion of elk hunters satisfied with their hunting guide's ability to provide various services during their 2017 elk hunt in Michigan.

<sup>a</sup>95% confidence limits.

Table 16. Hunters' level of satisfaction with the hunter orientation session held before the 2017 elk hunting season in Michigan.

			Sa	tisfaction	level <sup>a</sup>			
	Satis	sfied	Ne	utral	Dissa	atisfied	No	answer
-		95%		95%		95%		95%
Session item	%	CL <sup>b</sup>	%	CL <sup>b</sup>	%	CL <sup>b</sup>	%	CL <sup>b</sup>
Session content	92	2	4	1	2	1	2	1
Facilities	89	2	6	1	2	1	3	1
Session length	86	2	9	2	4	1	1	1
Usefulness of handouts	91	2	6	2	2	1	1	1

<sup>a</sup>Row totals may equal more than 100% because of rounding error.

Appendix A

2017 Michigan Elk Harvest Questionnaire

Michigan Department of Natural Resources – Wildlife Division PO Box 30030 Lansing MI 48909-7530



2017 MICHIGAN ELK HUNTING SURVEY

This information is requested under the authority of Part 435, 1994 PA 451, M.C.L. 324.43539.



Our survey provides you with a unique opportunity elk in Michigan. It is important that you comp you did not hunt or harvest an elk in M	lete thi	s ques	tionna	aire eve		nt of
General Hunting Questions						
1. About how many years have you hunted in Michigan	?				Years	3
2. About how many years have you hunted elk prior to 2 outside of Michigan)?	2017 (in	cluding	J 		Years	6
Elk Hunter Orientation Program Questions						
<ol> <li>How satisfied were you with the elk hunter orientation session?</li> <li>(Select one answer for each item listed below.)</li> </ol>	Very Satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Not Applicable
a. Session Content.	1	2	3	4	5	6
b. Facilities.	1	2	3	4	5	6
c. Length of session.	1	2	3	4	5	6
d. Usefulness of handouts (informational flyers, maps, etc.).	1	2	3	4	5	e 📃
Elk Hunting Questions						
4. Did you hunt elk in Michigan during the 2017 sease	on?					
<sup>1</sup> Yes <sup>2</sup> No, you are done with the sur	vey.					

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Continued on next page

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5. Please report the number of days for each county that you hunted elk and the number of elk seen during your hunt period in the following table.

COUNTY HUNT	NUMBER ( DAYS HUN1 ED IN SEASO	FED (Record lan	<b>PE OF LAND</b> d ownership ty nting occurred	ype where	NUMBEF OF ELK SEEN
		<sup>1</sup> 🔲 Private	<sup>2</sup> Public	<sup>3</sup> Both	
		<sup>1</sup> Private	<sup>2</sup> Public	<sup>3</sup> 🔲 Both	
		<sup>1</sup> Private	<sup>2</sup> Public	<sup>3</sup> 🔲 Both	
		<sup>1</sup> Private	<sup>2</sup> Public	<sup>3</sup> 🔲 Both	
		<sup>1</sup> Private	<sup>2</sup> Public	<sup>3</sup> 🔲 Both	
<b>)id you hunt with</b> select all that apply	a firearm, crossbov ⁄)	w, or bow during	the 2017 elk s	season?	
Firearm	<sup>2</sup> Crossbow	з 📃 Bow (r	ecurve, compo	ound, or lor	ng bow)
Did vou take an e	elk and put your kill	I tag on the elk?	(If no. please s	skip to aues	stion 9)
<sup>1</sup> Yes	<sup>2</sup> No, skip to	_	(·····, /·····		,
	g was put on a elk,		ne following:		
<ul> <li>a. What was th</li> </ul>	e type of elk taken'	?			
	e type of elk taken´	_		v or colf)	
a. What was th		_	s elk (e.g., cov	v or calf)	
<sup>1</sup> Antlered		<sup>2</sup> Antierless		v or calf)	
<sup>1</sup> Antlered	d bull	<sup>2</sup> Antierless		v or calf)	
<sup>1</sup> Antlered	d bull	<sup>2</sup> Antlerless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i>		v or calf)	
<sup>1</sup> Antlered	d bull nty was it harveste	<sup>2</sup> Antlerless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i>	e county name)	v or calf)	
<sup>1</sup> Antlered b. In what cou c. On what typ <sup>1</sup> Private	d bull nty was it harvested e of land was the el	<sup>2</sup> Antierless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i> Ik harvested? <sup>3</sup> Not su	e county name)	v or calf)	
<sup>1</sup> Antlered b. In what cou c. On what typ <sup>1</sup> Private	d bull nty was it harvested e of land was the el 2 Public e was used to harve	<sup>2</sup> Antierless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i> Ik harvested? <sup>3</sup> Not su est your elk?	e county name)		g bow)
<ul> <li><sup>1</sup> Antlered</li> <li>b. In what cou</li> <li>c. On what typ</li> <li><sup>1</sup> Private</li> <li>d. What device</li> <li><sup>1</sup> Firearm</li> </ul>	d bull nty was it harvested e of land was the el 2 Public e was used to harve	<sup>2</sup> Antierless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i> Ik harvested? <sup>3</sup> Not su est your elk? <sup>3</sup> Bow (re	e county name) re ecurve, compo	ound, or lon	• /
<ul> <li><sup>1</sup> Antlered</li> <li>b. In what cou</li> <li>c. On what typ</li> <li><sup>1</sup> Private</li> <li>d. What device</li> <li><sup>1</sup> Firearm</li> </ul>	d bull nty was it harvester e of land was the el <sup>2</sup> Public e was used to harve <sup>2</sup> Crossbow	<sup>2</sup> Antierless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i> Ik harvested? <sup>3</sup> Not su est your elk? <sup>3</sup> Bow (re	e county name) re ecurve, compo	ound, or Ion ect all that app ₅ □	• /
<ul> <li>1 Antlered</li> <li>b. In what cou</li> <li>c. On what typ</li> <li>1 Private</li> <li>d. What device</li> <li>1 Firearm</li> <li>e. Who helped</li> <li>1 Myself</li> </ul>	d bull nty was it harvester e of land was the el <sup>2</sup> Public e was used to harve <sup>2</sup> Crossbow move your elk from <sup>2</sup> Hunting	<sup>2</sup> Antierless d? ( <i>Please write in the</i> Ik harvested? <sup>3</sup> Not su est your elk? <sup>3</sup> Bow (re n the kill site to a <sup>3</sup> Guide	e county name) re ecurve, compo vehicle? (Sele 4 DNR employe	ound, or lon ect all that ap; 5 ee	o <i>l</i> y) Landowner

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10.	If you experienced interference, what was (Select all that apply)	s the source c	of the interfe	rence?	
	<sup>1</sup> Other elk hunters <sup>2</sup> Other hunters, not including elk hunters	<sup>3</sup> DNR emple	oyees		
	<sup>4</sup> Other (Please specify				_)
11.	How would you rate the following for you 2017 elk hunting season: _(Select one choice per item.)	л Very Good	Good Neutral	Poor V <del>er</del> y Poor	Not Applicable
	a. Number of elk you saw.	1	2 3	4 5	6
	b. Number of opportunities you had to take a	n elk. 🕴 🔲	2 3	4 5	6
	c. Your overall elk hunting experience.	1	2 3	4 5	6
trij wh	at require an overnight stay away from hon os can vary greatly. On a long trip you may ille on a short trip you may only spend mo How many trips did you take primarily to l	y spend mone ney for gas.	ey for food, t		
12.	How many trips did you take primarily to i	iunt eik durin	g 2017 ?		
	Trips				
13.	How much did an average trip cost you due elk (for example, fuel, food, lodging, amm		en you went	primarily to h	unt
	6 per trip				
Elk	Hunting Guide Questions				
14.	Did you have a guide help you during a portion or your entire elk hunt?	<sup>1</sup> Yes	2 [	No, you are with the surv	
15.	Did you pay the guide for their help?	<sup>1</sup> Yes	2	No, skip to ≠	<b>#</b> 17
16.	What did you pay your hunting guide for	their help?			
	<sup>1</sup> <b>\$1-100</b> <sup>2</sup> <b>\$101-500</b>	з 🔲 \$501-1,0	<b>00</b> <sup>4</sup>	\$1,001-2,000	
	<sup>5</sup> 🔲 \$2,001-3,000 <sup>6</sup> 📃 More than \$3,000	7 🔲 Other (pl	ease specify:		)

17.	If you used a hunting guide, please indicate what (Select all that apply)	t service	es were	prov	ided b	y the <u>c</u>	juide?
	<sup>1</sup> Hunting advice <sup>2</sup> Food <sup>3</sup> Lodg	ging		4	Equipme	ent	
		vered elk i cessor	to meat	8	Process	ed meat	
18.	What percentage of your time did the guide accord	mpany	you wh	ile el	k hunti	ng?	
	<sup>1</sup> 0% <sup>2</sup> 1-24% <sup>3</sup> 25-49% <sup>4</sup> 50	0-74%	5	75-99%	<b>6</b> 6	<u> </u>	%
19.	How important to you are each of the following w selecting a hunting guide for elk in Michigan? (Select one answer for each item listed below.)	/hen		very Important	Somewhat Important	Not at all Important	Not sure
	a. Guide has access to hunt area with good chance of s	seeing el	<b>k</b> . 1		2	3	4
	b. Guide has access to hunt area with good chance of ta	aking an	elk. 1		2	3	4
	c. Guide provided access to private land.		1		2	3	4
	d. Guide provides food during hunt.		1		2	3	4
	e. Guide provides lodging during hunt.		1		2	3	4
	f. Guide provides equipment for hunt (horses, off-road v	vehicles).	. 1		2	3	4
	g. Guide helps process the harvested animal.		1		2	3	4
	h. Guide uses legal and ethical hunting methods.		1		2	3	4
		σ					
20.	How satisfied were you with your guide's ability to provide the following services during your elk hunt in Michigan? (Select one answer for each item listed below.) a. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of	Very Satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Not Applicable
20.	to provide the following services during your elk hunt in Michigan? (Select one answer for each item listed below.)	Very Satisfied	<sup>5</sup> Somewhat satisfied	∾ Neutral	<sup>5</sup> Somewhat Dissatisfied	∞ Very Dissatisfied	<ul> <li>Not</li> <li>Applicable</li> </ul>
20.	to provide the following services during your elk hunt in Michigan? (Select one answer for each item listed below.) a. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of			_	_	_	_
20.	<ul> <li>to provide the following services during your elk hunt in Michigan?</li> <li>(Select one answer for each item listed below.)</li> <li>a. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of seeing elk.</li> <li>b. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of</li> </ul>	1	2	3	4	5	6
20.	<ul> <li>to provide the following services during your elk hunt in Michigan? (Select one answer for each item listed below.)</li> <li>a. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of seeing elk.</li> <li>b. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of taking an elk.</li> </ul>	1	2	3	4	5	6
20.	<ul> <li>to provide the following services during your elk hunt in Michigan? (Select one answer for each item listed below.)</li> <li>a. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of seeing elk.</li> <li>b. Guide provided a hunt area with good chance of taking an elk.</li> <li>c. Guide provided food during hunt.</li> </ul>	1	2	3	4	5	6
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