

APPENDIX B**“ALTERATION OF RIVERS” LAWS**

Construction on Streams (Act 156, 1951): Authorizes county commissioners to permit or prohibit the construction of dams or bridges on navigable streams. They can also provide for the removal of obstructions.

Construction of Dams in Streams (Part 315 of PA 451): Prohibits dam building on a stream or river impounding more than five acres without a permit from the Department of Natural Resources.

Inland Lakes and Streams Act of 1972 (Part 301 of PA 451): Authorizes the Department of Natural Resources to regulate structures, fills, dredgings and other such actions on waterfronts.

Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Act of 1972 (Part 91 of PA 451): Control of soil erosion for the identified land uses of an area to prevent sedimentation of the waters of this state.

Regulate Alteration of Floodplain and Floodways (Act 167, 1968): Authorizes the Water Resources Commission to control alteration of the water courses and the floodplains of all rivers and streams, and to prohibit the obstruction of the floodways of rivers and streams of the state.

Goemaere-Andreson Wetland Protection Act (Part 303 of PA 451): Authorizes the Department of Natural Resources to regulate dredging, filling, draining and other such actions to wetlands, including those contiguous to Michigan rivers (effective October 1, 1980).

RIVER USE LAWS

Marine Safety Act (Part 801 of PA 451): Sets forth general regulations for the use of vessels on waters of the state. Department of Natural Resources may, via hearings and adoption of rules by local governments, further regulate the use of such waters by special regulation.

Pending Canoe Registration Act: Would require registering of canoes that are intended for use in public waters of the state.

POLLUTION LAWS AND PROGRAMS

Water Resources Commission (Act 245, 1929): Commission must establish “pollution standards for waters of the state in relation to the use to which they are or may be put.” Has the authority to make regulations and issue orders and permits restricting the polluting content of discharges into state surface and ground waters. Act prohibits discharges of any substance into water which are or may become injurious to public health, safety, welfare; domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational or other uses of water; value or utility of riparian lands; to livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, aquatic life or plants, etc. Prohibits structures that will unduly restrict the capacity of the floodway.

Environmental Protection Act (Act 127, 1970): Allows the Attorney General, any public body, and private body or person to sue to enjoin the pollution or likely pollution of any natural resource or obtain relief with respect to such actions.

Clean Water Boding Act (Act 76, 1968 implemented by Act 329, 1966, as amended): For sewage treatment facilities eligible for federal aid, the Water Resources Commission may grant up to 25 percent of the project cost providing that the sum of state and federal aid shall not exceed 80 percent of the project cost.

RELATED & GENERAL LAWS APPLICABLE TO NATURAL RIVERS PROGRAM

Shorelands Protection and Management Act (Act 245, 1970): The Great Lakes counterpart of the Natural River Act.

Farmland and Open Space Preservation Act (Act 116, 1974): Provides tax relief for certain property owners signing nondevelopment agreements with the state.

Subdivision Control Act (Act 288, 1967): Regulates the subdivision of land; requires that the land be suitable for building sites and public improvements, and that there be adequate drainage thereof; to control residential building development within floodplain areas, etc.

State Constitution (Act IV, s.52): Legislature must provide for the protection of natural resources.

Department of Conservation (Act 17, 1921): Department must protect and conserve the natural resources of the State of Michigan.

Natural Beauty Roads (Act 150, 1970): Such roads may be established by county road commission upon local petition. After establishment, commission may enact regulations to preserve native vegetation in the road right-of-way.

Safety Zones (Act 61, 1968): Prohibits discharge of firearms within 150 yards of an occupied dwelling.

Reckless Use of Firearms Act (Act 45, 1952):

Recreational Trespass Act (Act 323, 1976): Must have written permission to be on an individual's property, and prohibits possession or discharge of a firearm within the limits of a right-of-way on certain public roads.

RIVER PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS

Local River Management Act (Act 253, 1964): Authority to establish both a watershed council (like a planning or advisory board) and a river management district and board (planning a development agency).

Intermunicipality Study Committee (Act 200, 1957): Two or more municipalities may establish an intermunicipality study committee to study area problems and formulate recommendations to their governing bodies.