Attachment 12

Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring Programs

GROUNDWATER AND SURFACE WATER SAMPLING & ANALYSIS PLAN EQ RESOURCE RECOVERY, INC.

Revision 5.2, January 30, 2007

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The following sampling & analysis plan describes the standard protocol for the collection and analysis of ground water and surface water samples at EQ Resource Recovery, Inc. (EQRR). The monitoring activities described in this plan are required by the Operating License issued under Part 111 of Michigan Public Act 451 by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ). This revision was prepared to incorporate constituents identified during Appendix IX analysis groundwater samples and to correct minor technical errors within the original revision. The previous revision was prepared to account for changes in site conditions brought about by the implementation of interim corrective measures along part of the east site boundary. Any deviations to the procedures and protocols contained herein must be approved in advance by MDEQ, and if permanent deviations, be incorporated into a revised plan to be reviewed and approved.

The monitoring program for EQRR consists of three components: site ground water quality monitoring, site ground water level monitoring, and surface water quality monitoring of the Trouton Drain. Groundwater quality is monitored in the saturated portion of a relatively thin layer of silty sand that is found at the ground surface to a depth of around 10 feet over the entire facility property except for part of the east site boundary where this unit was replaced with a clay dike keyed into the underlying clay. This area is shown on Figure 1 of this plan. No groundwater monitoring can be conducted in this area. The areas that will be monitored include locations where the sand unit is present and protected only by an asphalt barrier wall constructed to impede the flow of groundwater along the downgradient portions of the site. The groundwater level monitoring program serves as a means to determine flow directions and head levels at key points in the containment system that was installed to prevent on site groundwater from discharging into Trouton Drain. Surface water is monitored in Trouton Drain, a shallow storm drain that is the discharge area for any shallow groundwater flowing off site. The sampling and field measurements are to be conducted by a trained Environmental Monitoring Technician or equivalent. The monitoring technician is responsible for performing these tasks in accordance with this sampling plan and in accordance with any applicable operating license conditions. The technician is also responsible for maintaining all required records and logs as outlined in Section 10 of this document.

2.0 SAMPLING LOCATIONS

Ground water samples will be collected from five monitoring wells (OW-107, MW-16, OW-22, OW-104 and OW-105) located outside of the asphalt based slurry wall along the east and south site boundary. Enhanced monitoring as identified within the operating permit will additionally be performed at monitoring wells (OW-11R, OW-9, and P-9) that are located on the inside the asphalt based slurry wall along the southeast and south site boundary. These areas are the natural downgradient direction at the site and the likely path of groundwater diverted by the clay dike. All eight of these wells are designated as sampling points on Table 1 and the locations of these wells are shown on Figure 1 Monitoring Well Location Map. The underdrain collection basin will also be sampled for the purpose of tracking the quality of groundwater collected inside the barrier wall.

To monitor the hydraulic conditions in the area of the barrier wall/under drain system, static water level measurements will be collected at the each of the wells, piezometers and manholes listed on Table 1. A description of how data from the wells will be utilized is included on the Table 1 (e.g. some wells are used only to construct water contour maps while others are used to assess gradients across the barrier wall). Well logs (if available) for the monitoring wells and piezometers are included in Appendix A.

Surface water samples will be collected from two permanent locations and one temporary location along Trouton Drain. For the permanent locations, the upstream location, SW-NE, is near the culvert where Trouton Drain passes beneath Van Born Road and the downstream location, SW-SE, is near MW-16 near the southeast corner of the site. These locations are also shown on the Figure 1. Temporarily, a third location, SW-TEMP located just south of the sediment trap at the downstream limit of the clay dike, will be monitored as well. EQRR will petition for removal of this location, if appropriate, when final corrective actions have been formulated.

3.0 SAMPLING FREQUENCY

Groundwater samples will be collected quarterly from the monitoring wells listed on Table 1 and semi-annually from the underdrain sump to monitor the composition of the ground water collected by the underdrain system. Surface water samples will be collected on approximately a quarterly basis as these samples must be collected within 24 hours subsequent to a 24 hour 0.5 inch precipitation event and when sufficient water is present within the drain to collect a sample. Therefore, the timing of sample collection may sometimes become skewed toward the wetter seasons of the year.

Static water levels at all of the wells, piezometers, and manholes listed on Table 1 are to be collected monthly. The data will be evaluated for the following: 1) evidence of outward gradients at any of barrier wall well pairs listed on Table 1, and 2) build-up of head in the area between the old asphalt barrier wall and the new clay dike. This gradient information will be used to assess the performance of the underdrain system and to evaluate the significance of any statistically significant increases found to occur in wells outside the wall. Water levels between the wall and the dike will be monitored to determine if there is a head build up in this area that would warrant head lowering measures.

4.0 MONITORING PARAMETERS

The list of ground water monitoring parameters to be analyzed in each sample is presented on Table 2. This list was developed from a detailed evaluation of on-site contamination. The list is updated by this revision to include 40 CFR Part 264 Appendix IX constituents identified during recent sampling events. During the eight quarters of background data collection, all primary, secondary and tertiary parameters will be analyzed. Following background, the frequency of monitoring for each parameter will be that shown on Table 2. The parameter list for the analysis of surface water samples is included on Table 3 and was developed in a similar fashion. Also, additional parameters from the primary and secondary ground water parameter list may be added to the surface water list if confirmed statistically significant concentrations of additional parameters are found in the ground water samples.

5.0 STATIC WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS AND WELL PURGING

During each water level survey, and prior to well purging during sampling, static water levels will be collected utilizing an electric water level indicator capable of 0.01 ft. precision. Measurements will be made from the surveyed part of the casing top, which is the north side of the casing top, and repeated several times to ensure that a reproducible water level is attained. The top of casings is surveyed relative to permanent USGS datum. Water levels will be measured to the nearest 0.01 ft. The probe and any submerged portion of the cable must be scrubbed with a detergent solution and then rinsed thoroughly with distilled water between each well. Measurements from all of the wells will be collected on the same day.

Well purging prior to sampling will be completed utilizing a disposable bailer. At least 3 well casing volumes of water will be removed prior to sampling, or the well will be purged dry. As all of the wells are 2-inch diameter wells, the volume to be removed can be estimated by the following equation:

Volume Removed (gal) = Height of Water Column (ft) * 0.5

The height of the water column is determined from the static water level and the total well depth. The volume purged will be recorded in a bucket of known volume. The purge water collected will be delivered to one of the manholes for the under drain. If the well purges dry, the recovery rate will be recorded to determine how long the well must recover before sampling. Samples will be collected within 1 day of purging, or sooner if recovery rates allow.

6.0 SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Ground water samples will be collected with disposable bailers composed of inert highdensity polyethylene and equipped with a VOC sample delivery valve. This material has been shown to be suitable for collecting samples containing the parameters included in this program. A new bailer will be used to purge and sample each well and will be discarded after a single use. Samples will be delivered to the appropriate bottles as described on Table 4, which must be provided certified clean by the laboratory with appropriate preservatives. Samples to be analyzed for organic compounds (primary compounds) are collected first followed by metals (secondary parameters) and then indicator parameters (tertiary parameters). In this way the most important samples are collected first in case the sample volume produced by the well is inadequate.

The sample collected for VOC analysis must be delivered to the sample vial while attempting to minimize turbulence to the sample. The vials must be filled to the top leaving no headspace. All sample bottles must be filled carefully with effort made to ensure no dirt or other foreign particulates end up in the sample. Samples collected will be immediately labeled and placed in an iced cooler. Samples to be analyzed for dissolved metals can be field filtered with a 0.45 μ m in-line filter cartridge and preserved with a couple of drops of reagent grade HNO₃ to a pH of less than 2.

Surface water samples can be collected by direct access to the drain. To allow confirmation of an apparent impact to surface water, two sets of samples will be collected during each sampling event. The first set will be collected approximately 2 hours before the second. Only the first set must be analyzed and reported. However, if there is an apparent statistically significant increase, the second sample will be used for confirmation. Samples will be collected within the appropriate containers as described for the ground water samples.

7.0 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Field measurements of pH, specific conductance, and temperature will be collected on both ground water and surface water samples using an YSI Model 3560 water quality monitoring system, or equivalent. A two-point calibration will be used for the pH meter. Measurements will be made on a small volume of sample collected in a clean plastic container. This sample will be discarded with the purge water after the measurements are completed. The instrument will be calibrated prior to each days sampling activities. The calibration step will be logged in the Equipment Inventory, Repair, and Calibration Log maintained by the Environmental Monitoring Technician.

8.0 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

The analytical procedures (referenced) and normally attainable detection limits for the ground water and surface water parameters are listed on Table 5. Some of these detection limits will not be attainable in the samples from the underdrain due to the required amount of sample dilution. The samples will be analyzed by Trimatrix Laboratories of Lansing, Michigan or another comparable lab. Holding times for the various parameters are included on Table 4.

9.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL

Field QA/QC procedures will include the collection of blind duplicate samples and blanks. One blind duplicate sample will be collected annually for the groundwater program and for the surface water monitoring program. At least one trip blank will be maintained for each day of sampling (ground water or surface water) and field blanks for VOC's will be maintained for each sample collected. During each sampling event, the trip blank and one randomly selected field blank will be analyzed.

The laboratory QA/QC procedures are explained in detail in the <u>Quality Assurance</u> <u>Manual</u> for TRIMATRIX included as Appendix B. This manual describes the internal policies, guidelines and procedures of TRIMATRIX. This manual is not intended to describe the specific details of this particular monitoring program. Rather, this document is used as a guideline in evaluating TRIMATRIX's QA/QC and standard operating procedures to ensure that generally acceptable practices are employed.

10. RECORD KEEPING AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY CONTROL

Record keeping during sampling will be conducted at all times. Records will include notes taken in a field notebook, the standard chain of custody form, and the Equipment Inventory, Repair and Calibration Log. The field notebook shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:

1. The identity of all personnel involved in sample collection.

- 2. For each sample collected:
 - The sample location/well designation
 - The date and time each sample was collected
 - The static water level
 - Volume of water purged
 - Field measurements of pH, etc.
 - Visual observations of the condition of the sample
- Any observations regarding the integrity of the monitoring or observation wells. Specifically, well assemblies should be inspected for damage to casings, locks, annular seals, and any evidence of tampering.

In the event that damage to a well is observed, a written report describing the damage and the necessary repairs must be submitted to the Site Manager or designee. With the exception of very minor repairs (e.g. replace a rusted lock, etc.) it may be necessary to notify MDEQ prior to making the repairs and in some cases obtain MDEQ approval prior to initiating the work.

The chain of custody form must be filled to out to provide a complete record of the sample handling from the time of sample collection through the time of laboratory analysis. These forms are to accompany the samples to the laboratory. These forms must be filled out completely with sample information and must identify all persons who have been involved with the collection and shipping of the samples. If the samples change possession, both parties must sign and date the record at the time of the transfer. The lab keeps the original form and the sampler must obtain copies for EQRR files.

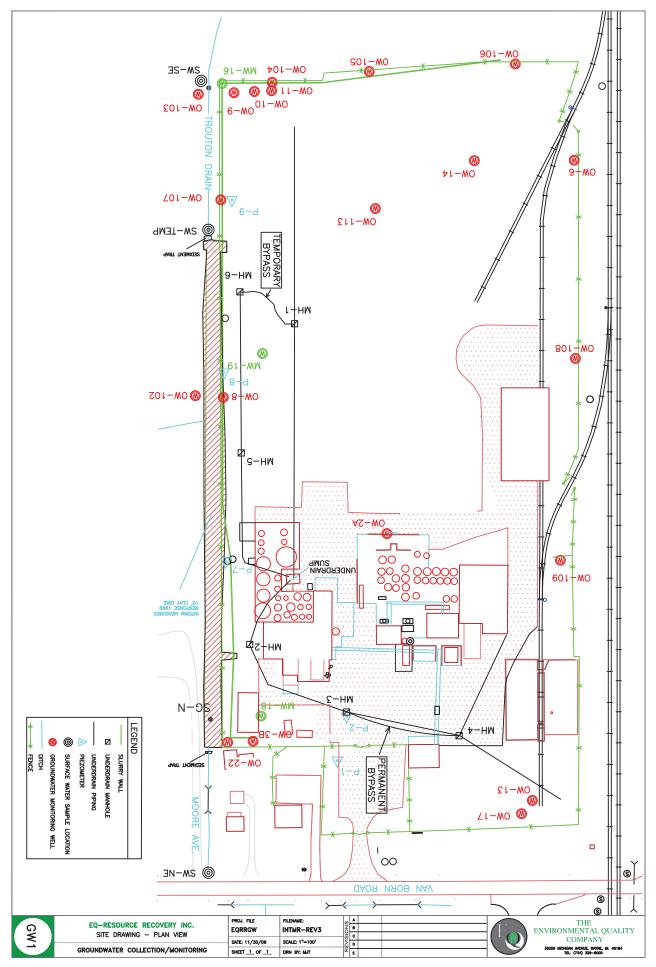
The Equipment Inventory, Repair and Calibration log must be maintained with the field monitoring equipment (e.g. pH meter, SWL meter, etc.) and should include the serial number of all equipment, a record of all equipment repairs or replacement, and a record of the calibrations performed.

11. DATA EVALUATION AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The monitoring program for EQRR requires that reports be submitted to MDEQ on a timely basis for both background data evaluation and for routine monitoring. All groundwater quality analyses must be evaluated for evidence of statistically significant increases utilizing the statistical procedures outlined in Appendix C of this plan. In general, the following reporting requirements must be followed:

- 1. Quarterly ground water and surface water quality monitoring reports including analytical data and statistical analyses will be submitted to the Department within 60 days of the completion of each sampling event. However, if preliminary data from the laboratory suggests there may be organic contaminants within the waters of Trouton Drain, MDEQ will be notified of the results and apprised of any interim measures that EQRR elects to take to address the problem.
- 2. An annual report summarizing all monitoring activities must be submitted to the Department by March 1 of the following year.

Figure GW-1 Site Drawing – Plan View Groundwater Collection/Monitoring



Tables

Well I.D.	Date	тос	Depth (foot)	Paired with	Use
	Installed		(feet)		
DW-2b	4/14/1982	668.19	9		SWL
DW-6	12/16/1975	666.90	7.3		SWL
DW-8		667.30			SWL
2W-9	1/16/1981	664.40	9	MW-16	SWL/HBM/GWQ
DW-10	1/16/1981	664.43	9	1	SWL
2W-11R	1/16/1981	664.26	9	OW-104	SWL/HBM/GWQ
DW-13	6/30/1982	666.89	8	1	
DW-14	6/17/1983	667.66	7.5		SWL
DW-15R	11/1/1993	665.60	9		SWL
WW-16	***	664.19	***	OW-9	SWL/HBM/GWQ
OW-17	***	668.68	***		SWL
MW-18	4/26/1989	667.16	9	OW-22	SWL/HBM
MW-19	4/26/1989	669.78	11		SWL
DW-22	1 1	667.41		MW-18	SWL/HBM/GWQ
P-1	12/5/1990	664.99	7.9		SWL
P-2	12/5/1990	663.60	7.5		SWL
P-7		668.96			SWL
P-8		667.39			SWL
P-9		664.76		OW-107	SWL/HBM/GWQ
OW-102	1 1	664.38			
OW-104	10/25/1994	664.00	8	OW-11R	SWL/HBM/GWQ
OW-105	10/25/1994	664.28	8		SWL/GWQ
OW-106	10/25/1994	665.56	9		SWL
OW-107	10/26/1994	663.38	8	P-9	SWL/HBM/GWQ
OW-108	9/6/1995	666.43	8		SWL
OW-109	9/6/1995	669.00	10		SWL
OW-113		664.20			SWL
MH-1		669.01			SWL
MH-2	1	664.14			SWL
MH-3	1	663.93			SWL
MH-4		664.73			SWL
MH-5		665.44			SWL
MH-6		668.61	·		SWL
Basin		666.26		=	

HBM - Used to monitor performance of hydraulic barrier performance

TBI - To be installed

*** no log available

1

Table 2. Groundwater Monitoring Parameters				
Primary Parameters	Quarterly	Annual	Secondary Parameters	Annual
Acetone	x		Arsenic	x
Benzene	x		* Antimony	x
Chlorobenzene	x		Barium	
1,1-Dichloroethane	x		Cadmium	
1.2-Dichloroethane	x		Cobalt	
1.1-Dichloroethene	x		Chromium	
Chloroethane	x		* Copper	
1.2 Dichloroethene	x		Nickel	
Ethylbenzene	x		Lead	
Methylene Chloride	X		Vanadium	
Tetrachloroethene	x		Selenium	
Trichloroethene	x		Silver	
1,1,1-Trichlroethane	x		Zinc	
Toluene	x			
Total Xylenes	x		Tertiary Parameters]
Vinyl Chloride	x]
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	x		Chloride	X
2-Butanone (MEK)	X		Iron	
Isobutanol	x		Calcium	
* Benzyl Alcohol	x		Sulfate	X
* 2-Hexanone	x		Magnesium	
Benzoic Acid		X	Potassium	x
2,4-Dimethylphenol		X	Sodium	
Napthalene		X	Bicarbonate Alkalinity	X
2-Methylphenol		X	Carbonate Alkalinity	X
3&4 Methylphenol		Х	Phenolics	X
Phenol		X	Total Organic Carbon	X
o-toluidine		X	* Sulfide	X

* Constituents in bold type are updated per Appendix IX analysis of 1/11/2007 samples

	Organic Parameters	
Acetone	1,2 Dichloroethene	Toluene
Benzene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes
2-Butanone (MEK)	Methylene Chloride	Vinyl Chloride
1,1-Dichloroethane	Tetrachloroethene	Chloroethane
Isobutanol	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	Napthalene
1,1-Dichloroethene	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	3&4 Methylphenol
	Indicator Parameters	
Calcium	Sodium	Total Organic Carbon
Sulfate	Bicarbonate Alkalinity	Potassium
Chloride	Iron	,

Constituent(s)	Volume (mL)	Preservation	Container	Holding Time
Chloride	100	none	plastic/glass	28 days
Sulfate	100	cool, 4 degrees C	plastic/glass	28 days
Alkalinity	100	cool, 4 degrees C	plastic/glass	14 days
Total Phenolics	1000	cool, 4 degrees C, H2SO4 pH<2	glass	28 days
Total Organic Carbon	100	cool, 4 degrees C, H2SO4 pH<2	glass	28 days
Dissolved Metals	200	filter 0.45 micron, pH <2 HNO3	plastic/glass	6 months
Volatile Organic Constituents	40 (2)	4 drops HCl, no headspace, cool	glass/teflon septa	14 days
Semi-volatile Organic Constituents	1000	cool, 4 degrees C	glass/teflon septa	7/40 days*

* 7days for extraction and 40 days for analysis

Constituent	Analytical	Target Detection	
	Method	Limit (mg/L)	
Field Parameters			
рН			
Specific Conductance			
Temperature			
Inorganic Parameters			
Chloride	4500/4110Cl	1.0	
Iron	6010/7000	0.02	
Calcium	6010/7000	0.2	
Sulfate	4500/4110SO4	2.0	
Magnesium	6010/7000	0.2	
Potassium	6010/7000	0.2	
Sodium	6010/7000	0.2	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity	2320(B)	10.0	
Carbonate Alkalinity	2320(B)	10.0	
Phenolics	420	0.01	
Total Organic Carbon	5310(C)	0.5	
Sulfide	376.1	2.0	
Antimony	6020(A)	0.001	
Arsenic	6020(A)	0.001	
Barium	6020(A)	0.02	
Cadmium	6020(A)	0.0002	
Chromium	6020(A)	0.02	
Cobalt	6020(A)	0.001	
Copper	6020(A)	0.001	
Lead	6020(A)	0.001	
Selenium	6020(A)	0.001	
Silver	6020(A)	0.0005	
Zinc	6020(A)	0.02	
Our suis Demonstration			
Organic Parameters Acetone	8260(B)	0.01	
Benzene	8260(B)	0.001	
Chlorobenzene	8260(B)	0.001	
1.1-Dichloroethane	8260(B)	0.001	
1,2-Dichloroethane	8260(B)	0.001	
1,1-Dichloroethene	8260(B)	0.001	
1,2 Dichloroethene	8260(B)	0.001	
Ethylbenzene	8260(B)	0.001	
Methylene Chloride	8260(B)	0.005	
Tetrachloroethene	8260(B)	0.001	
Trichloroethene	8260(B)	0.001	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	8260(B)	0.001	
Toluene	8260(B)	0.001	
Total Xylenes	8260(B)	0.003	
Vinyl Chloride	8260(B)	0.005	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	8260(B)	0.05	
2-Butanone (MEK)	8260(B)	0.05	
Isobutanol	8260(B)	1.0	
2-Hexanone	8260(B)	0.025	
3&4 Methylphenol	8270C	0.02	
Napthalene	8270C	0.01	
Benzoic Acid	8270C	0.05	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	8270C	0.01	
2-Methylphenol	8270C	0.01	
Phenol	8270C	0.01	
o-Toluidine	8270C	0.01	
Benzyl Alcohol	8270C	0.005	

Appendix A Monitoring Well Installation Logs

RECK CONSULTING SERVICES, INC.

"Ground Water Specialists"

4813 Dawn Avenue - Ezer Lonsing, Michigan 48423 - (317) 2024-203

AFFENDEX (5.)

SOIL BORING DATA

P

JCB MUREER 416	DATE 12/16/75
CWNER <u>Chamical Recovery Systems</u>	
LOCATION: State <u>Michigan</u> Coun	ty Wayne Twp. Remulus
Section 5 T.	<u>3</u> N.S.; R. 9 E.W.
	section between C & O Reilroad
and Van Born Road	
MENERAL WELL PERMIT NUMBER: 500-752-1	32
AUGER: 4-inch 🗆 6-inch 🗟 Profi	le 🕄 Split-speen 🗆
FLUGGING HETHOD: 🖸 Natural Ma	sterials
🗌 Bentonite	
Cement	
Geologist R. Hilty - G. Henry	Field Ass't
BORING NUMBER 1 TOTAL DEPTH	10' S.W.L.(EGL) 2.45'

 Earple Number
 From to Feet
 Lithologic Description

 0 - 2
 Sand

 2 - 5
 Clay

 5 - 10
 Sand & Gravel

 10 Clay

 Ground Elevation = 110.27 ft (relative)

Piezometer: M Screen 2' Pipe 8' Total Depth (BGL) 8.46'

REERT. EDT	<u> </u>	DATE 12/16/75 PAGE 2
SCRING NOR	BER2	_TOTAL DEPTH11S.W.L.(EGL)2.11'
Sample Number	From_po Feet	Lithologic Description
	0 - 11	Sand
	11 -	Clay
		Ground Elevation = 108.94 ft (relative)
	: 🖾 🕺 Screen	2' Pipe <u>11'</u> Total Depth (EGL) <u>10.56'</u>
LKING NUP		TOTAL DEPTH 12 S.W.L(BGL) 5.22
inple inter	Frcn_to Feet	Lithologic Description
£,	0 - 12	Sand
·	12 -	Clay
		Ground Elevation = 109.29 ft (relative)
Piezometer ORING NUM		<u>2' Pipe 13'</u> Total Depth (BGL) <u>11.56</u> TOTAL DEPTH <u>10'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) <u>2 13'</u>
Sample Number	From to	Lithologic Description
	0 - 8	Send
	8 - 10	Clay
		Ground Elevation: 103.99 ft (relative)

. حاس

BORDIG M	<u>7532 5</u>	_ICTAL EEFTH_ 12'S.W.L.(BOL)2.13/
Sample Humbér	Fron_to Feet	Lithologic Description
	0 - 8	Sand
	8 - 12	Clav
-		Ground Elevation = 106.35 ft (relative)
Piezomete:		
		<u>2'</u> Pipe <u>6'</u> Total Depth (EGL) <u>8.87'</u> TOTAL DEPTH <u>10'</u> S.W.L(BGL) <u>0.71'</u>
Sample		
Muzper Senbre	From to	Lithologic Description
- ¥	0 - 10	Senđ
	10 -	Clay
	· ·	
		Ground Elevation: 107.87 ft (relative)
iezopeter	Screen	2' Pipe 8' Total Depth (BGL) 7,27
DRING NUM		
	······································	COTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L. (BGL) 0
Sample Number	From to Feet	Lithologic Description
;	0 - 8	Send
	8 - 9	Clev
	and any and a state of the stat	
	A.M	Ground Elevation = 103.28 ft (relative)
	•	

Figure B-4

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		ONSULTING SERVICES, INC.	
8.7		Ground Water Specialists"	
4903 Day		East Lansing, Michigan 48823 • (517) 232-8623	
gr , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	~		
	SOU	BORING DATA	
•			
JOB NUMBE		DATE February 7, 1980	
	nemical Recovery S State Michiga		
LOCATION:	Section 5		
MINFRAL WE	ELL PEPMIT NUMB	ER: 051-862-482	
		· ·	
AUGER: 4	-inch 🖸 6-ir	nch 🗆 Profile 🗆 Split-spoen 🗆	
LUGGING N		🖾 Natural Materials	(
⁻ としくチェンド・ 3			
		🖾 Bentonite	
-		🖾 Bentonite	
		□ Cement	
Geologist	C. Stagg/K, Wil	□ Cement	
	C. Stagg/K. Wil MBER	□ Cement	
BORING NU	MBER	Cement Ley Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH 12' S.W.L.(BGL) 3.40	
BORING NU Sample		Cement leyField Ass't	
BORING NU Sample	MBER <u>CN-2</u> From to	Cement LeyField Ass't TOTAL DEPTH_12'S.W.L.(BGL)_3.40 Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel	
BORING NU Sample	MEER <u>a-2</u> From to Feet	Cement Ley Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH <u>12'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) <u>3.40</u> Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crey, strong odor	,
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER <u>CM-2</u> From to Feet 0 - 4	Cement LeyField Ass't TOTAL DEPTH_12'S.W.L.(BGL)_3.40 Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel	,
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER 0x-2 From to Feet 0 - 4 4 - 9	Cement Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH_12'S.W.L.(BGL)_3.40 Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crev, strong odor CLAY TILL: tight, grev	
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER 0x-2 From to Feet 0 - 4 4 - 9	Cement Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH <u>12'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) <u>3.40</u> Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crev, strong odor CLAY TILL: tight, grev Screened from 7-9'	
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER 0x-2 From to Feet 0 - 4 4 - 9	Cement Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH_12'S.W.L.(BGL)_3.40 Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crev, strong odor CLAY TILL: tight, grev	
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER 0x-2 From to Feet 0 - 4 4 - 9	Cement Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH <u>12'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) <u>3.40</u> Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crev, strong odor CLAY TILL: tight, grev Screened from 7-9'	
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER <u>02</u> From to Feet 0 - 4 4 - 9 9 - 12	Cement Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH <u>12'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) <u>3.40</u> Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crev, strong odor CLAY TILL: tight, grev Screened from 7-9'	
BORING NU Sample Number	MBER <u>02</u> From to Feet 0 - 4 4 - 9 9 - 12	Cement Field Ass't TOTAL DEPTH <u>12'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) <u>3.40</u> Lithologic Description FILL: cement, stone, sand, rubbel SAND: med-fine, crev, strong odor CLAY TILL: tight, grev Screened from 7-9'	

	JCE NJYBE	n 909 -	DATE February 7, 1930 PAGE 2
	ORING NU	NEER ON Hest	TOTAL DEPTH 15' S.W.L.(EGL)
	Sample Number	From to Feet	Lithologic Description
	3	1 0 - 3	FILL: Cerent, clay & sand
	1	3 - 13	SAND: Fine w/silt, black-grev, strong ofor, sat
]	<u>i 13 - 15</u>	CAY TILL: ticht, crey, no sample
			Screened from 11-13
		Marine system by the line of the system of the	Sealed with benconite
	}	-	
		ور - مربع المربع الم	
	Piezonete:	Screen	24-7 Pipe 14 Total Depth (BGL)
3	BORING NUM	BER CALL South	TOTAL DEFTH 10' S.W.L(BGL)
	Sample Number ,	From to	Lithologic Description
ł	1	0 - 2	SAND: high organics, silt, black, mist
	2	2 8.5	SAND: medfn, strong odor, black, sat.
		8.5 - 10	CAY TIL
			1
1			Screened from 6.5 - 8.5
			Sealed with bentonite
			1
		l.	
I.	Piezometer	: Screen 9	24-7 Pipe 10' Total Depth (BGL)
-			OTAL DEPTH 10' S.W.L. (BGL)
	Sample	From to Feet	Lithologic Description
	Number		
	Number 1	0 - 2	SANDY ORGANICS: Grey, moist
-	1		SANDY ORGANICS: Grey, moist
		2 - 8.5	SAND: 57silt, grey, strong mor, sat
	<u>1</u> 2		
	<u>1</u> 2	2 - 8.5	SAND: <u>frsilt</u> , <u>grey</u> , <u>strong</u> <u>ofor</u> , <u>set</u>
	<u>1</u> 2	2 - 8.5	SAND: 57silt, grey, strong mor, sat
	<u>1</u> 2	2 - 8.5	SAND: <u>frsilt</u> , <u>grey</u> , <u>strong</u> <u>ofor</u> , <u>set</u>

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Pionenton. I Someon 924-7 Pine 10' Total Newth (mai)

KEC	K CONSULTING SERVICES, INC "Ground Water Specializts"	, 	
1099 Grand River	Williamston, Michigan 48895	(517) 655-4391	;
, ,	DIL BORING DATA	•	•
Jon 1700 170 909	DATE	1/16/81	*
JUB NURBER	al Recovery Systems, Inc.		-
LOCATION: State Mi	chigan County Wayne	Typ. Ranulus	-
Section	5T3N.SK;	R. <u>9</u> E.X.	
			-
			-
HINERAL WELL PERMIT NUN	4BER:		
AUGER: 4-inch 🛛	5-inch 😰 Profile 🕰 S	plit-Spoon	
LUGSING NETHOD	🖾 Natural Materials		(
	I Bentonite		
	RT DENCHTER		

Geologist	J. Sheahan	Field Ass't <u>G. Ryan</u>
BORING NU	MBER OW-8	TOTAL DEPTH 11' S.W.L. (BGL)
Sample Number	From <u>0</u> to <u>ll</u> Feet	Lithologic Description
	0 - 1	SAND; fine, yellow, moist
	1-4	SAND; fine, dk. gray, moist, slight odor
	4 - 5	SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, moist
	5 - 7	SAND; very fine-fine, gray, moist
·····	7-9	SAND; very fine-fine, gray, saturated
	9 - 11	CIAY; tight glacial till, w/angular small pebbles
	-	well screened 7 - 9 feet Bil

grouted w/3 bag bentonite

ч.

11	DOB NUMBE	MBER CH-9	DATEPAGE						
		a boto in a feature for a second s	TOTAL DEPTH 11' S.W.L.(BGL)						
	Sample Number	From 0 to 11 Feet	Lithologic Description						
		0 - 7	SAND; very fine w/minor clay, gray, very moist,						
- 10		1 	decreasing clay w/depth, minor odor & saturation @ 7						
_		، دې د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	fine gray sand						
, 1		7 - 8-5 .	SAND; fine, gray, saturated						
-		8.5 - 11	CIAY; gray, tight, minor sand						
			-						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		no sample						
***		an a	set screened 6.5 - 8.5 feet BIL						
-			hole sealed at surface w/s bag bentonite						
-	ezometer:		124 \$7						
	ապահանգերին էր էր էր էր Դանգերին էր էր էր էր		924 #7 Pipe 10' Total Depth (BGL)						

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EORING NUMBER _____ TOTAL DEPTH _____ S.W.L.(BGL)_____

· · · · ·

Sample Number	From 0 to 10.5 Feet	Lithologic Description
	0-6	SAND; fine, gray, very moist, minor clay
	6 - 9	SAND; fine, gray, saturated & strong odor @ 7'
	9 - 10.5	CLAY; gray, tight, w/minor sand
	•	screen set 7 - 9 feet BIL
		grouted w/% bag bentonite
1		
	·	
		·
	and the formation of the INT Providence of t	

		DATE1/16/61PAGE
BORING NU	MBER	TOTAL DEPTH 11' S.W.L.(BGL)
Sample Number	From 0 to 11 Feet	Lithologic Description
	07	SAND; fine, gray, w/minor clay, moist
	7 - 9.5	SAND; dk. gray, fine-med., strong odor, saturated @ 7*
	9.5 - 11	CLAY; tight, gray, w/minor sand
		screen set 7 - 9 feet BIL
		bole sealed @ surface w/z bag bentonite
)ieromete	Screen_	924 \$7 Pipe 10' Total Depth (EGL)
	•	924 #7 Pipe 10' Total Depth (BGL) TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL)
BORING N Sample	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
BORING N	UMBER <u>Cw-12</u> From 0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL)
BORING N Sample	UMBER $CW-12$ From 0 to 9 Feet 05	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description
BORING N Sample	UMBER $CW-12$ From 0 to 9 Feet 05 5 - 4	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist
BORING N Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ $Feet$ 05 $-5 - 4$ $4 - 5$	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist
BORING N Sample	UMBER Cm-12 $From 0 to 9$ $Feet$ 05 $5 - 4$ $4 - 5$ $5 - 7$	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist
BORING N Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ $Feet$ 05 $-5 - 4$ $4 - 5$	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description PLACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; med-coarse, gray, saturated, trace fine petcle
BORING N Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ Feet 05 $.5 - 4$ $4 - 5$ $5 - 7$ $7 - 8$	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; med-coarse, gray, saturated, trace fine pebble CLAY TILL; tight, gray w/minor small angular pebbles
BORING N Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ Feet 05 $.5 - 4$ $4 - 5$ $5 - 7$ $7 - 8$	TOTAL DEPTH <u>9'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; med-coarse, gray, saturated, trace fine petcle CLAY TILL; tight, gray w/minor small angular petcles pulled bent existing CN-5 well
BORING N Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ Feet 05 $.5 - 4$ $4 - 5$ $5 - 7$ $7 - 8$	TOTAL DEPTH <u>9'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; wery fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; med-coarse, gray, saturated, trace fine pebble CLAY TILL; tight, gray w/minor small angular pebbles pulled bent existing CN-5 well CW-12 is replacement, 2' south of former location
Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ Feet 05 $.5 - 4$ $4 - 5$ $5 - 7$ $7 - 8$	TOTAL DEPTH <u>9'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; wery fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; med-coarse, gray, saturated, trace fine petcle CLAY TILL; tight, gray w/minor small angular petcles pulled bent existing CN-5 well
BORING N Sample	UMBER CW-12 $From 0 to 9$ Feet 05 $.5 - 4$ $4 - 5$ $5 - 7$ $7 - 8$	TOTAL DEPTH <u>9'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description ELACK TOPSOIL SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, yellow, very moist SAND; very fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; wery fine-fine, gray, very moist SAND; med-coarse, gray, saturated, trace fine petcle CLAY TILL; tight, gray w/minor small angular petcles pulled bent existing CN-5 well CW-12 is replacement, 2' south of former location

Second Second

SOIL BORING DATA

JOB NUMB	ER 90	9		DATTE	4/14/82	
CHNER	Chemical	Recovery Sys	stems, In	C.	**************************************	
LOCATION	: State Mich.	igan	County	Wayne	Dvo.	Romulus
	Section	5	7. 3	N.XX;	R9_E)	×
			4. Akarda ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang an		·····	angeneration and a second s
MINERAL V	ELL PERMIT NUMBER				1	
AUGER:	4-inch 🗌 6-	-inch gr	Profile		blit-Spoan	
PLUGGING	METHOD	🗍 Naturi	al Materia	ils		
in the second		DE Bento	:			
		Cement				
Geologist	J. Sheahan		Fie	ld Ass't	G. Rvan	
BORING NU	MBER CM-2 replace-	TOTAL DEPI	тн 9.	5' 5.W	.L. (BGL)	
Sample Number	From 0 to 9.5 Feet		Lithc	logic Des	cription	
	0 - 1	TOPSOIL; d	lk., organ	ic, very n	mist	
	1 - 2.5			States of the second	ack, very mo	ist
	2.5 - 5	SAND; fine			And and the second s	
	5 - 7	SAND; fine			the second s	
	7 - 9	SAND; fine			And an	
	9 - 9.5	CLAY FEEL;				
						······································
		grouted @	water tabl	le & surfa	ce w/4 bag	bentonite eact
		old CH-2 p	ulled - f:	illed w/be	ntonite	
	and the set of the set	well scree			ومحدمه فاللبية منتشف معتمين المتع	м. ₁ . — тар — таба — таба — так и на
	······································					
				······································		

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	KECK	CONSULTING SERVICES, INC.	
N,		"Ground Water Specialists"	• -
1099	Grand River	Williamston , Michigan 48895	(517) 655-4391

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SOIL BORING DATA

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JOB NUMBER	909			DATE	6/30/82	
OWNER	Chemical Recov	very Syste	ms, Inc.			
	State Michig	jan	County			
	Section 5		_ T3	N.B.;	R. <u>9</u> E	XX
	the second s		an a			
	·	, 				
MINERAL WE	LL PERMIT NUMBER:	haaray talaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa aha			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
AUGER: 4	-inch 🖾 6-in	nch 🕂	Profile	s S	plit-Spoon	
PLUGGING H	ETHOD	🖾 Natu	ral_Materia	als		
×.		🖪 Bent	onite			
-		Ceme:	nt			
Geologist	J. Sheahan		Fi	eld Ass't	G. Ryan	
BORING NUM	BER CW-13	TOTAL DE	PTH 91	\$.	W.L. (BGL)	
Sample Number	From 0 to 9 Feet		Lith	ológic De	escription	
	0 - 2	TOPSOIL;	sand loam	, black,	very moist	
	2 - 7.5	SAND; ve	ry fine-fir	ne, tan-g	ray, very m	oist, sat. @
		31				
- •	7.5 - 9	CLAY; ti	ght w/angui	lar fine	gravel & mi	nor very fine
		sand, gr	ay, moist		۰ ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰۰ - ۲۰۰	
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	······	well scr	eened 5.5 ·	- 8 ft. E	<u>त</u>	
0	and the second					
		<u> </u>	رد. مانند می بر ورستارا در از از مار می ورستارا در ا			
	wee your your a start and a start of the start and the plant a	1	<u></u>			
	مەر يېلىرىغان يېلىرىكى يېرىكى يېرى					and a grant of the second s
1 1		4				

J0	E NUME	ER 909	DATE June 17, 1983 PAGE
30	RING, N	NMEER 53-1	TOTAL DEPTH 59' S.W.L.(BGL)
ŝ	ample umber	From Co 59	- Lithologic Description
	1	0 - 2	SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown, saturated at 1.5 f
	···· • vandutume		hgl
	2	2 - 9	SAND; fine-med., silt. gravish-brown, saturated
	1	9 - 59	TILL: clay, silt, fine angular gravel, minor sand,
			gray, moist, tight
			pressure grouted w/neat cement/bentonite grout from
			total depth to ground level
			
and the state of the second			
ezo	meter	Screen_	924/#7 Pipe 10' Total Depth (BGL) 59'
			924/#7 Pipe 10' Total Depth (BGL) 59' TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL)
	NG NUN		
BORI	NG NUN	(EFB_CW-14 From_0_to_9	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description
Sori	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L.(BGL)
BORI	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH <u>9'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl
BORI	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at
EORI Samr	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH <u>9'</u> S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl
Sori	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl one well screened 5.5 - 7.5 feet byl
BORI	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl one well screened 5.5 - 7.5 feet byl
BORI	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl one well screened 5.5 - 7.5 feet byl
BORI	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl one well screened 5.5 - 7.5 feet byl
EORI Samr	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH 9' S.W.L. (BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl one well screened 5.5 - 7.5 feet bgl sealed at water table and ground level w/bentonite
BORI	NG NUN	GFB_CW-14 From_0 to 9 Feet	TOTAL DEPTH S.W.L.(BGL) Lithologic Description SAND; fine-med., silt, lt. brown-gray, saturated at 1.5 ft. bgl one well screened 5.5 - 7.5 feet byl

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}		wil b	oring	5	soil e	evaluation	foundation investigation			<u> </u>	rentation	MEMORI
9	Ground	õurtasz (Elev	}		JOE NO. 14037 PROJECT CHEMICAL RECOVERY				RY SYSTEMS, INC.			
	CLIENT	Ayres	, Le	wis,	Norris	& May, Inc.	Location: Romulus, Startud 9 March 19 Onther B. Mancine	88	Çom		March	1982
	ELEV.	DEPTH IN FEET	5AM		STRATA		CLASSIFICATION		W. L.	W	¥ n	a _u
			LS	1 2	<u>15"</u> 3'0"	Very Loose	Moist Brown Sandy L Wet Brown Extremel ith Trace Of Pebbl			AT CO	ENCOUN	N 3'0"
			LS	3 5 10 10 5 5	<u>4*6</u> " <u>8'0</u> "	Vegetation- Plastic Moi With Trace Clay, Silt, Medium Comp Extremely F	FILL st Brown Sandy Clay Of Topsoil, Oil So Weeds & Pebbles-F act Wet Gray & Blad	y sked ILL sk		21.9	1114	0
				8	12'0"	Fine SAND W	ith Occasional Peb Blue Sandy CLAY W	bles		20.1	115	G
		15 15 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	15	12 14	15'0"	E	ND OF BORING			15.7	134	9030
		25 25						-		-		
		nului.									*	

Figure B-14

	Ŀ		boring	-		l evaluation	foundation investig			ไกรถานเ	nentation	WELSER
Gro	una și,	rtace (Eie	v.]	arritering (1920)			PROJECT CHEMI	CAL REC	OVE	RY SYS	TEMS,	INC.
	NT _	Ayres	;, I&	≥wis,	Norris	& May, Inc.	_ Location	1988	Con		March	1988
ĒĻI	. V . I	OEPTH N FEET	SAN TYPE		STRATA CHANGE	soit	CLASSIFICATION		W. L.	*	¥ n	د _ب
			IS	238	2'6"	Pebbles-FII	Brown & Black F al, Wood Cinders L rown & Black Top	å		AT CON	PLETIO	
			LS LS	7 12 21 12 12	<u>4'0"</u> <u>6'0"</u>	Petroleum O Plastic Moi Clayey Sand Petroleum O	cor Of Possible r Gasoline-FILL st Brown Topsoil With Small Trac	Y e Of	•	21.4	115	971
			LS	21 15 23 24	<u>13'0"</u> 15'0"	Medium Campa SAND Campact Wet Extremely Fi Extremely St CLAY With Tr	Act Wet Brown Fi Brown, Gray, & ne SAND 1ff Moist Blue S ace Of Pebbles D OF SORING	Black		19.0	123	0
	2	111111111										
	30							-			•	

	- soil b				aluation	foundation investigation	and the second se		<i>ىلىلەر مەسىمەر بىرىغى بالدىكار مىلىرى مەسىمە</i>	LENGER
	Surface (Eiev				. 14037	PROJECT CHEMICAL	RECOVER	RY SYST	EMS, IN	C
Datum _					May, Inc.	Location: Romulus, Started 9 March 191 Driller B. Mancine	38		March i	988
ELEV	DEPTH	SAM	PLE	STRATA		CLASSIFICATION	W.	w	8 n	q _y
ELEV	IN FEET	TYPE	איי .	CHANGE	Loose Wet Bl	ack & Gray Fine O & Weeds With Bits	il Of		ENCOUNT	
		LS	3 1 3	2:6"	Debris & Lig Loose Moist Trace Of Veg	ht Petroleum Odor Brown Fine SAND W retation & Petrole	-FILI ith	AFTER 35.9		0
	5	LS	1 2 2	5'0"	Fine SAND	rown & Gray Extrem		21.5	121	0
	10	LS	6 8 9		Medium Compa Fine To Extu	act Wet Brown & Gr remely Fine SAND	≥у .	16.0	118	0
	15	LS	18 19 23		Extremely F. Silt & Blue Extremely S Extremely S Lens Of Gra	tiff Moist Blue andy CLAY With Lau		20.4	123	0
	20									
	25									
	30								e	

	- soil boring.	ſ	soil e	reduction	313) 588-6200 Joundation investigation		instrum.	entation	MEMOTA
				o. <u>14037</u>	PROJECT CHEMICAL P	Contraction of the local division of the loc			NC.
	Surtace (Elev,)			8					
CLIENT	Ayres, Le	wis,	Norris	& May, Inc.	Location Romilius, M. Signed 9 March 1988	.chig	an	Marcin	0.2.0
			1999 - Handa Maria Mangalan Sana Sana Sana Sana Sana Sana Sana		Driller B. Mancine, S		pleted		308
ELEV.	DEPTH SAM		STRATA CHANGE	soit d	LASSIFICATION	W. ٤.	w	¥ n	an
		2	2'0"	Trace Of Pebb Vegetation, 3	Topsoil-FILL		WATER AT COM	ENCOUN PLETIO	15350 24 N 6'8"
	5	3 4 5	6,0	Fine SAND Wit Vegetation-Po	o Wet Brown Extreme h Occasional Trace ssible Fill	1 <u>y</u> 05		117	0
		5 9	8'0"	Trace Of Gray Petroleum Odo			22.4	120	0
	10	10 40 10		Of Brown Extr Petroleum Odo		h	20.8	123	0
		9 13		Fine SAND	t To Dense Wet Gray lue Sancy CLAY With les				
		15	15'0"	EN	O OF BORING	_	14.3	120	6990
	20					•			
	25								
	30								

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		soil boring	-	soil ev		foundation investigation		instrume		MENGER			
8	ORING /	vo. <u></u> # 7		JOB NO	14037	PROJECT CHEMICAL RECOVERY SYSTEMS, INC.							
D	atum								Managana (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (19				
-		AVTES, L	ewis,	Norris &	May, Inc.	Lecruon: Romulus, Mic	higa	en.		·			
¢	LIENT _				ور پر من ماند اور با با اور با با اور با با اور با با اور با ا مربع می اور اور با و	Started 11 March 1988			March	1988			
-	<u></u> ,					Dollar T. Byrnes				·			
			MPLE	STRATA			W.	w	Yn				
	ELEV.	DEPTH SA	E "N"	CHANGE		Dist Brown Clayey SAND	<u>L.</u>		ENCOUNI				
				-	With Pebble	s-Possible Fill							
		LS	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$			Finn Moist Brown & Varigated CLAY With		19.7	121	4170			
			- 5		Trace Of Ve	getation & Occasional avy Ocor-Possible Fill							
		5	6		REDDIE & Le	avy Ocor-rossinie fill							
			- 8	7'0"		LUD OF BORING	-						
					Discontinu	ed Because Of							
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Figure B-19

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4	BORING/WELL Munter	KECK			
JJECTI .Hich	igan Recovery System	WELL/BORING No. WW-18			
LOCATION Romu	lus, Michigan	DATE DRILLEDI 4-26-89			
RILLING METHOD: He	llow Stem Augers	CASING TYPE/DIA: Galvanized Steel/2-inch			
TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED	10 feet bel	TOTAL CASING 9 feet			
GROUND ELEVATION:	N/A	T.O.C. ELEVATION: 667.14			
GROUT TYPE/QUANTIT	Y: Hole plug/1 bag	SCREEN TYPE/LENGTH: 0.007 inch slot stainles			
	l to 4 feet bgl	SCREENED INTERVAL: 6 to 9 feet bgl			
DEPTH TO WATER:	6 feet	GRAVEL PACK TYPE #50 Keck sand			
WATER LEVEL ELEVAT	ON: N/A	GRAVEL PACK INTERVAL: 10 to 4 feet bel			
		STATIC WATER LEVEL: N/A DATE: N/A			
REMARKS	OVA = organic vapor ana	lyzer			
	······································	•			
LOGGED BY	Jamés Gell	SIGNATURE: Arm Gell			
	FORMATION DESCRIPTI				
TH SAMPLE	CLAYEY SAND: dark brown, dry, strong odors, OVA - 10ppm				
-41		dark brown, dry, strong odor, OVA - 10 ppm			
5.5-9'	and the second se	y, saturated at 6 ft., strong odors, OVA - 50pt			
-101	SILTY CLAY: dark gray	, saturated, strong odors, OVA - 15ppm			
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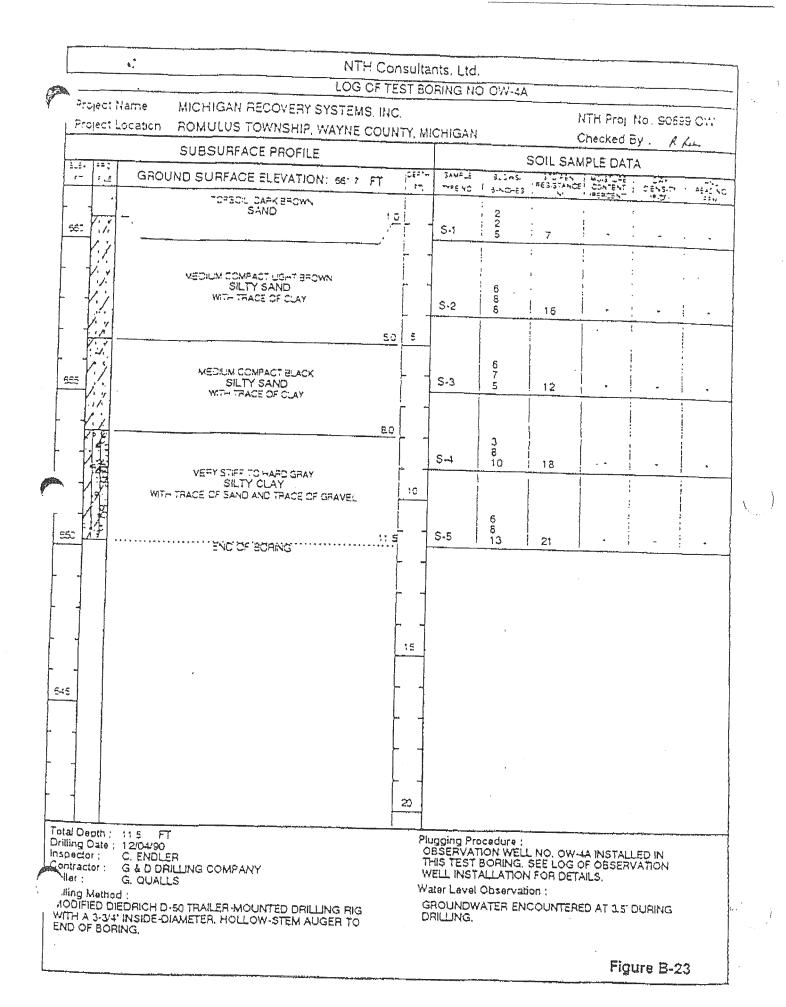
	BORING/WELL	LOG DATA Keck
PROJECTI M	ichigan Recovery System	WELL/BORING No. MW-19
JCATIONI R	omulus, Michigan	DATE DRILLEDI 4-26-89
DRILLING WETHOO:	Hollow Stem Augers	CASING TYPE/DIA: Galvanized Steel/2-inch
TOTAL DEPTH DRILLE	D: 12 feet bgl	TOTAL CASING: 10 feet
GROUND ELEVATION:	N/A	T.O.C. ELEVATION: 669.73
GROUT TYPE/QUANTI	TY: Hole plug/1 bag	SCREEN TYPE/LENGTH: 0.007 inch slot stainless
GROUT INTERVAL(S):	1 to 4 feet bgl	SCREENED INTERVAL: 8 to 11 feet bg1
DEPTH TO WATER:	6.5 feet bgl	GRAVEL PACK TYPE: #50 Keck sand
WATER LEVEL ELEVAT		GRAVEL PACK INTERVAL: 4 to 11 feet bg1
		STATIC WATER LEVEL: N/A DATE N/A
REMARKSI	OVA = organic vapor anla	······································
LOGGED BY	James Gell	SIGNATURE: Ame Gell
CPTH HED/SUIL SAMPLE	FORMATION DESCRIPTION	
U-1.5'	TOPSOIL: sandy, organic	cs, dark brown, dry, no odors, OVA - O
1.5-1'		st, concrete fragments, no odors, OVA - O
4-6.5'	SANDY CLAY: dark gray,	
6.5-11		, black, moist, odors, OVA - 5.0
11-12'	CLAY: trace sand, dark	gray, bdors, moist
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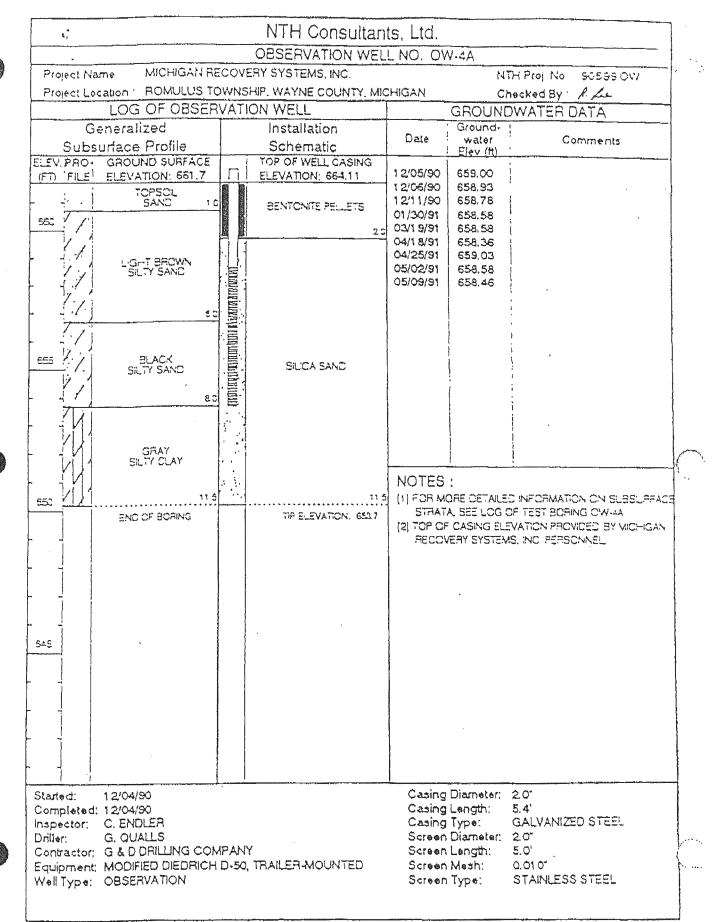
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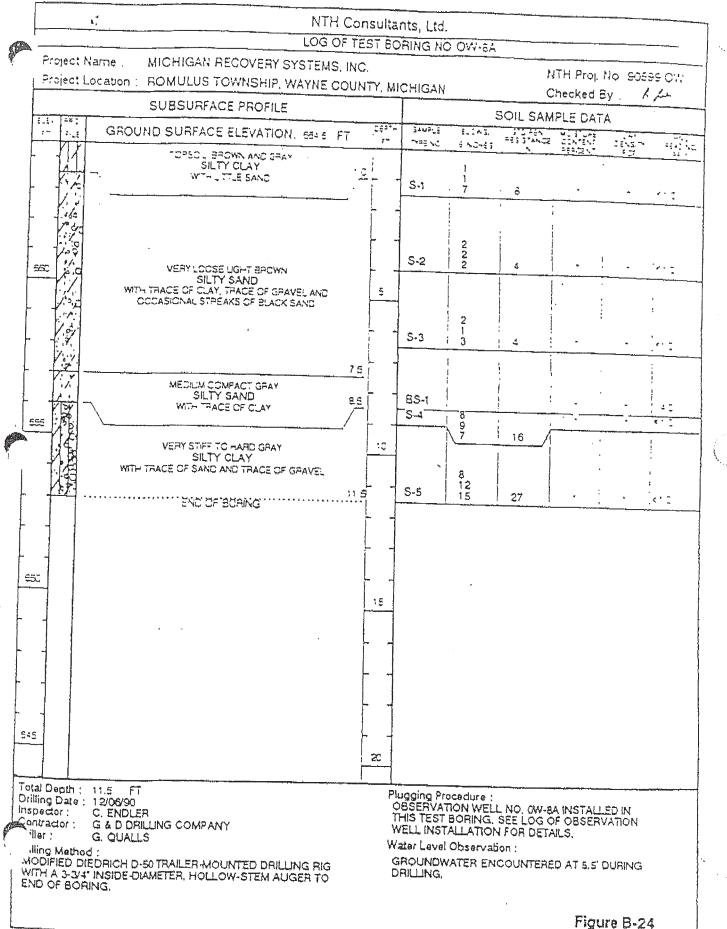
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	BORING/WELL	LOG DATA
	BORING/ Hills	ECK
NO FOTO Nic	higan Recovery System	WELL/BURING NOU MW-15A
	ulus, Michigan	DATE DRILLED: 4-27-89
	ollow Stem Augers	CASING TYPE/DIA: Galvanized Steel/2-inch
TOTAL DEPTH DRILLED		TOTAL CASING 7 Eeet
and the second design of the		T.O.C. ELEVATION: 667.24
GROUND ELEVATION:	N.A.	SCREEN TYPE/LENGTH: 0.007 inch slot stainless
and the second	Y: Hole Plug/2 bags	SCREENED INTERVAL: 4.5 to 7.5 feet bgl
	1 to 4 feet bgl	GRAVEL PACK TYPE: 1150 Keck Sand
DEPTH TO WATER:		GRAVEL PACK INTERVAL: 4 to 7.5 Feet
WATER LEVEL ELEVAT	NON: N/A	STATIC WATER LEVEL: N/A DATE: N/A
	ring backfilled from 9.5 to	
ŶŎ	A = organic vapor analyzer	SIGNATUREI Army Gell
LOGGED BYI Ja	nmes Géll	V SIGHTIONE () (May Gave
PTH SAMPLE	FURNALITHI PRODUCT	
0-3'	TOPSOIL: sand, clay, da	rk brown, red paint sludge, moist, odors,
	OVA - Sppm	which aludan moist, strong odors,
3-4'	CLAYEY SAND: grayish br saturated, OVA - 10	own, paint sludge, moist, strong odors,
	saturated, UVA 10	trace clay, dark grayish brown, scrong odor,
2-7.5	$\Delta U = 3.3$	
7,5-9.51	SILTY CLAY: trace sand,	dark gray, moist, strong odors, OVA - 5.0
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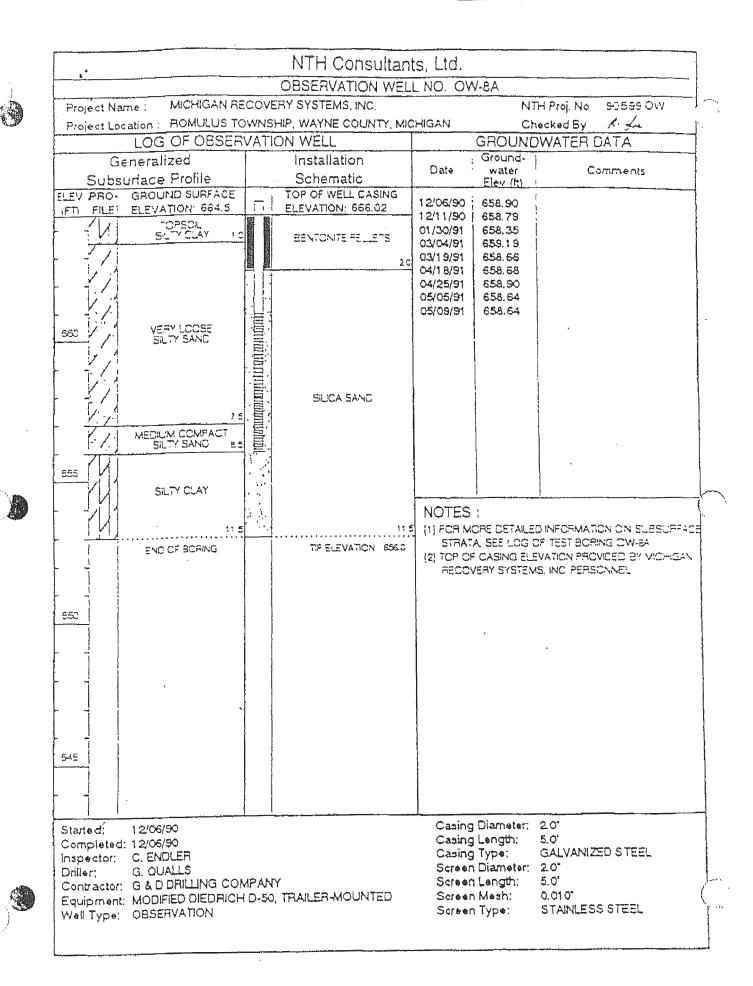




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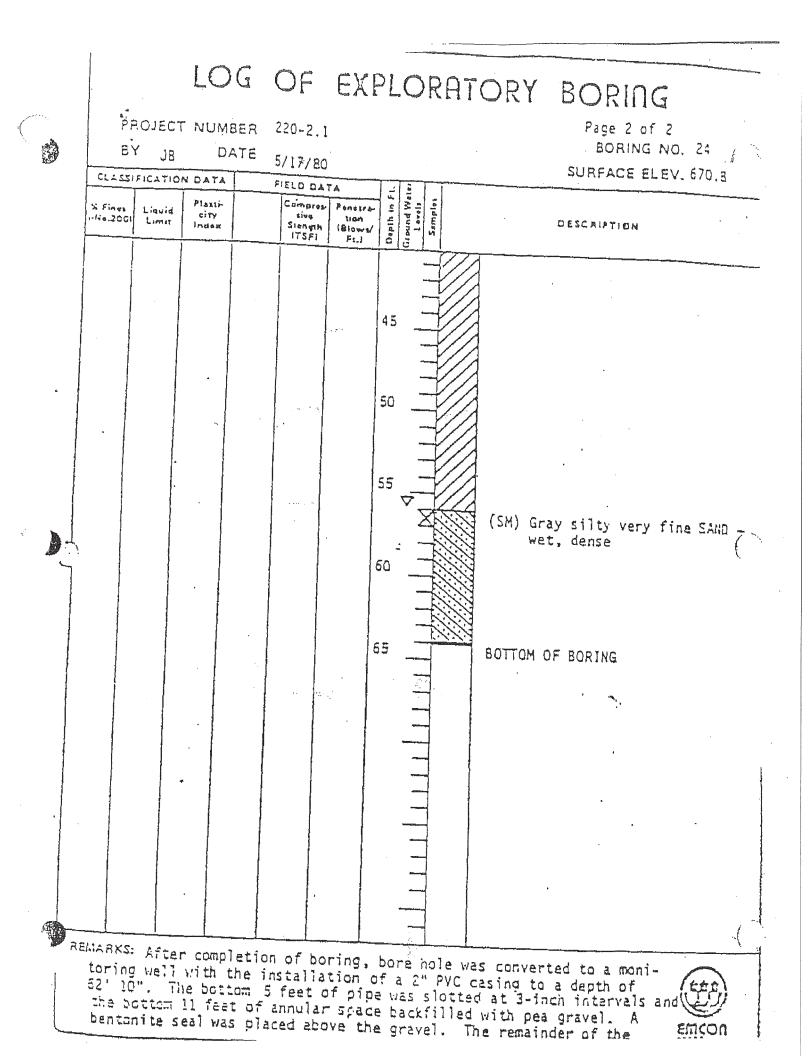


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98_115	Fine SAND on the state	- 6]		
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9¢ 37 7'0" UL 3		4		}]		
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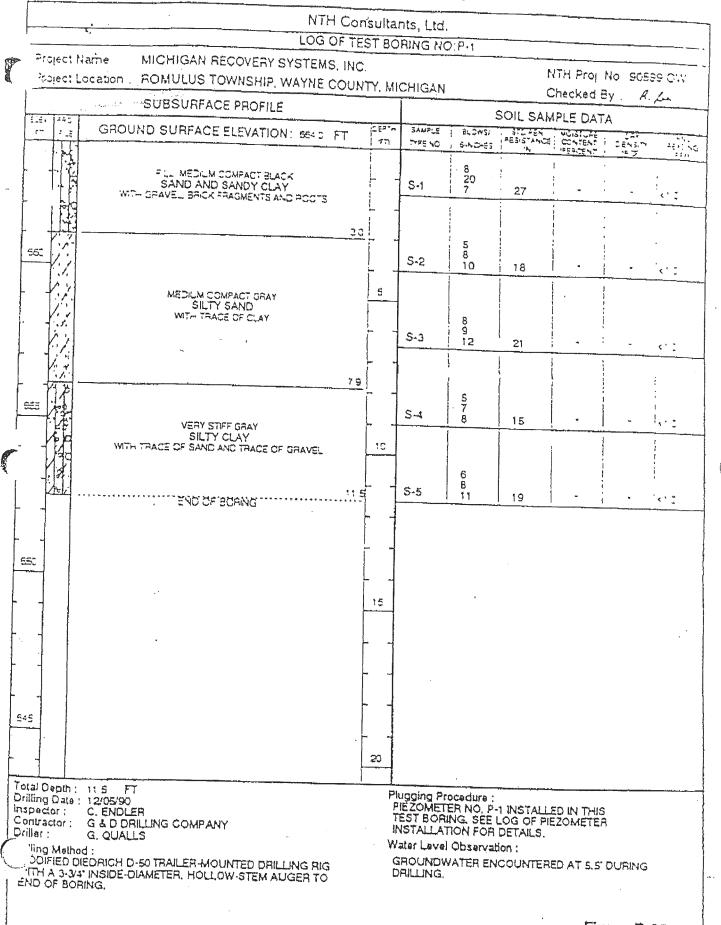
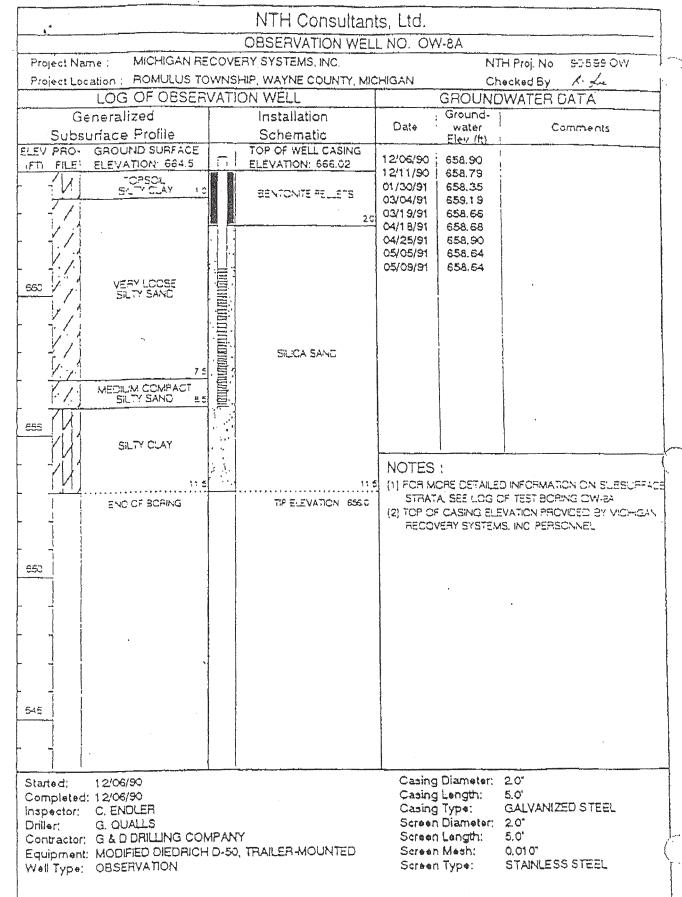


Figure B-25



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Appendix C Statistical Analysis Procedures

Appendix C Statistical Analysis Procedures

<u>Background Statistics</u> - Background statistics for the monitoring program were, or will be calculated from eight quarters of monitoring at each individual well at the facility. The backgrounds calculated are "intrawell" backgrounds based on data from each of the compliance wells at the site. Upon completion of background, the calculated background statistics will be submitted to MDEQ and become part of this monitoring plan.

<u>Interim Statistics for Groundwater Quality Evaluation</u> – Until background is completed, an interim statistical program will be used. For this program, the detection of any organic compound will be considered an apparent statistically significant increase that must be evaluated per license conditions.

<u>Final Statistics for Ground Water Quality Evaluation</u> - For the ground water quality monitoring program, EQRR uses either a combination Shewhart-Cusum control chart or a Non-Parametric Prediction Limit (NPPL) test for determining whether there is evidence of a statistically significant increase. The selection of the statistical method is based on degree of censorship. If the data are less that half BDL, then control charts are selected for that parameter. If the data are 50% or more BDL, then the NPPL test is used. During routine monitoring, statistics are conducted only on the primary parameters and secondary parameters. Tertiary parameters will be used to assist in evaluating apparent increases in primary and secondary parameters.

<u>Control Charts</u> - The combined Shewhart-CUSUM control chart is a powerful statistical technique appropriate for intrawell statistics. The Shewhart limit (U), or upper control limit will be set at 4.5, as recommended in the Interim Final Guidance for Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities (USEPA, 1989). The comparison statistic (Z) for each measured parameter is then calculated by:

$$Z = (x_b - x_m)/s_b$$

Where: xb is the intrawell background mean

 x_m is the measured concentration during detection monitoring s_b is the standard deviation of the intrawell background

The value of Z is then simply compared to U (4.5) and if Z is greater than U then it is concluded that a statistically significant increase has occurred.

If a parameter exceeds the Shewhart limit, then, the well will be resampled in quadruplicate for the offending parameter. The mean of the quadruplicate analysis will be used to confirm whether the Shewhart limit is exceeded. If there is confirmation, then EQRR will conclude that there has been a statistically significant increase and report the results to the Department. If the increase is not confirmed, EQRR will resume normal routine monitoring and the unconfirmed measurement will be dropped from the control chart.

The CUSUM control chart will be constructed utilizing values of k = 1 and h = 5 as recommended by USEPA (1989). In the CUSUM procedure, the cumulative sum of the values for Z - k are tabulated over time, each time a round of samples are analyzed. The value for Z is computed as described above. During each analysis subsequent to background, a value for Z - k is computed and added to the previous total. As long as the cumulative total of Z - k is a negative number; the cumulative sum (S) remains zero. As positive values accumulate, the value for S is compared to the selected value for h, in this case 5.0. If S is greater than h, then, a statistically significant event has occurred and resampling in quadruplicate will be initiated. The mean of the quadruplicate sample will then be used to determine whether this mean value would cause S to exceed h. If S exceeds h a second time, then, the increase is confirmed and appropriate measures will be taken as described above. If the increase is not confirmed, then, the mean of the quadruplicate replaces the result of the initial (unconfirmed) value within the CUSUM statistic.

<u>Non-Parametric Prediction Limits</u> - There are very limited alternatives for statistics for highly censored data. One method, which has been picking up support in RCRA programs, is a test based on non-parametric prediction limits. This approach defines an upper prediction limit and allows retesting as a means of controlling false positive rates. In the case of all BDL data, the upper prediction limit is merely the detection limit. In the case where there are some detectable values in the background, the upper prediction limit is defined as the maximum value measured during background. The number of retests allowed before concluding that there has been a confirmed statistically significant increase is a function of the number of wells and number of parameters and is designed to control the facility-wide type II error rate at no more than 0.05 (or any other desired rate) per sampling event.

<u>Surface Water Quality Evaluation</u> - The statistical monitoring plan for surface water quality is designed to determine whether the surface water downstream of the facility is significantly degraded as compared to upstream surface water at the time of the sampling. To determine the statistical significance of differences in upstream versus downstream water quality, EQRR will use the sign test for inorganic parameters. For organics the test will simply be "is the compound present downstream and not upstream".

For the inorganic parameters, which will generally be present in detectable concentrations, the sign test will be performed at the 0.05 significance level to determine if the number of parameters that are present in the downstream samples in higher concentrations than the upstream sample is statistically significant. To perform the sign test, the downstream concentration of each inorganic monitoring parameter is compared to the upstream concentration for that sampling event. If the downstream concentration is higher, then, a "+" is assigned to that parameter; if the downstream concentration is lower, then, a "-" is assigned for that parameter; and if the concentrations are equal, then, a "0" is assigned for that parameter. The total number of "+" parameters and the total number if "+" and "-" parameters are then used with the binomial probability table shown as Table C-1 to determine if the number of "+" parameters is statistically significant. The table is entered at n, the total number of "+" and "-" parameters and the corresponding value for y is determined for the largest number for alpha that is than or equal to 0.05. This number y is the smallest number of "-" parameters that can be obtained without a statistically significant increase (e.g. if there are any less "-" parameters then there will be too many "+" parameters).

The detection of an organic parameter will be determined to be an apparent statistically significant increase if the parameter is detected downstream but not detected upstream. If an apparent statistically significant increase is indicated, it will be confirmed or refuted by the second sample collected during the sampling event. If it is not confirmed, the initial result will be considered an anomaly and routine monitoring will resume. If the results are repeated then EQRR will conclude that there has been a confirmed statistically significant increase, notify the Department, and attempt to determine the origin of the increase for the purpose of preventing future releases.