



MICHIGAN LEAD AND COPPER RULES SERVICE LINE MATERIAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

The lead and copper provisions of the administrative rules promulgated under the Michigan Safe Drinking Water Act, 1976 PA 399, as amended, were revised in June 2018. These revisions include requirements for community water supplies to notify the owner(s) and occupants of premises served by a lead service line (LSL) or presumed to be served by an LSL.

Lead Service Line Notification Requirements

Rule R 325.11604(c)(v) of the administrative rules states the following:

Within 30 days of determining a service line contains lead or is presumed to contain lead, the supply shall provide the owner and occupant of the premises with a written notification of the service line material content. The notification shall include language encouraging residential customers to have a home plumbing materials evaluation completed. Any time a new water account is opened at a premises that is known or presumed to be served by a lead service line, the water supply shall provide the owner and occupant of the premises with a written notification of the service line material content.

An LSL is a service line in which any portion contains lead. This includes any portion of the service line, including lead goosenecks or pigtails, that is customer owned or water supply owned.

Who should be notified?

Notification is REQUIRED for all customers served by a service line characterized as follows:

- The service line is known to contain lead.
- The service line is known to be galvanized previously connected to lead (GPCL).
- The service line material is unknown but presumed or likely to contain lead.

Notification is recommended for customers served by a service line of unknown material for which there is no information to suggest whether the service line does or does not contain lead.

When should customers be notified?

Owner(s) and occupants must be notified within 30 days of determining the premises is served by a line that contains lead, GPCL, or is presumed to contain lead. As supplies conduct additional service line identification efforts and/or other activities which determine a building is served by, or presumed to be served by, a lead or GPCL service line, owners and occupants of those premises must be notified within 30 days. In addition, any time a new water account is opened at one of these premises, the owner(s) and occupants must be notified of the service line material.

What must be included in the notification?

The notification must inform the owner(s) and occupants that their service line contains, or is presumed to contain, lead or GPCL. The notice must include language encouraging customers to have a home plumbing evaluation to identify potential sources of lead in premise plumbing. It is highly recommended that the notice also include educational information regarding ways the customer can reduce their exposure to lead.

Where can I get additional information?

Visit [Michigan.gov/LCR](https://www.michigan.gov/LCR) for the following guidance on lead service line notification:

- Service line notification letters/templates
- Information on reducing exposure to lead in drinking water