

Annual Administrative Code Supplement
2013 Edition

INSURANCE BUREAU
PRELICENSURE EDUCATION

R 500.1
Source: 1988 AACS.

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DISCLOSURE OF MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

R 500.51
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REFUND OF UNEARNED PREMIUM ADJUSTMENT

R 500.351
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ELECTRONIC DATA PROCESSING EQUIPMENT DEFINITION

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PROXIES, CONSENTS, AND AUTHORIZATIONS OF DOMESTIC STOCK COMPANIES

R 500.451
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INSIDER TRADING OF EQUITY SECURITIES OF DOMESTIC STOCK INSURANCE COMPANIES

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R 500.501
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R 500.503
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REGULATIONS UNDER SECTION 5283 OF THE ACT

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STANDARDS FOR SAFEGUARDING CUSTOMER INFORMATION

R 500.551
Source: 2004 AACS.

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Source: 2004 AACS.

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REPLACEMENT OF LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES

R 500.601
Source: 1984 AACS.

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R 500.606
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DISCRETIONARY GROUP LIFE INSURANCE AND GROUP LIFE INSURANCE

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Source: 1997 AACS.

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VARIABLE CONTRACTS

R 500.621
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.622
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- R 500.623**
Source: 1979 AC.
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- R 500.632**
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- R 500.637**
Source: 1979 AC.

**SUSPENSION OR MODIFICATION OF FILING REQUIREMENTS
BY THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE**

- R 500.641**
Source: 1981 AACS.

ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE ADVERTISING

- R 500.651**
Source: 1991 AACS.
- R 500.652**
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- R 500.653**
Source: 1979 AC.

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R 500.654
Source: 1991 AACS.

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R 500.655a
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R 500.667
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.668
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 500.669
Source: 1997 AACS.

LOSS RATIOS APPLICABLE TO INDIVIDUAL OR FAMILY EXPENSE COVERAGE

R 500.801
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.802
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Source: 1979 AC.

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PERSONAL PROTECTION INSURANCE

R 500.811
Source: 1979 AC.

EXCESS LOSS INSURANCE FOR MULTIPLE EMPLOYER WELFARE ARRANGEMENTS (MEWAS)

R 500.821
Source: 1990 AACS.

R 500.822
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R 500.823
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R 500.824
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SALVAGE AND SUBROGATION RECOVERIES

R 500.831
Source: 1998-2000 AACS.

LIFE INSURANCE CONTRACTS ON VARIABLE BASIS

R 500.841
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 500.843
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 500.844
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 500.845
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 500.845a
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 500.846
Source: 1979 AC.

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- R 500.847**
Source: 1979 AC.
- R 500.848**
Source: 1988 AACS.
- R 500.849**
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- R 500.849a**
Source: 1988 AACS.
- R 500.850**
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- R 500.851**
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- R 500.852**
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- R 500.853**
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- R 500.854**
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- R 500.855**
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- R 500.856**
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- R 500.861**
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- R 500.863**
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- R 500.864**
Source: 1988 AACS.
- R 500.865**
Source: 1988 AACS.
- R 500.866**
Source: 1979 AC.

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**ACTUARIAL OPINION AND MEMORANDUM
UNDER STANDARD VALUATION LAW**

R 500.881
Source: 2006 AACS.

R 500.882
Source: 2006 AACS.

R 500.883
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R 500.884
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R 500.996
Source: 2006 AACS.

R 500.997
Source: 2006 AACS.

**STANDARDS FOR RATE FILINGS FOR PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS PROFESSIONAL
LIABILITY INSURANCE**

R 500.901
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.902
Source: 1979 AC.

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R 500.903
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.904
Source: 1979 AC.

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Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.906
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.907
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R 500.908
Source: 1979 AC.

R 500.909
Source: 1979 AC.

DECLARATORY RULINGS

R 500.1041
Source: 1985 AACS.

R 500.1042
Source: 1985 AACS.

R 500.1043
Source: 1985 AACS.

UNIFORM TRADE PRACTICES - INDEPENDENT HEARING OFFICER

R 500.1051
Source: 1983 AACS.

R 500.1053
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R 500.1055
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R 500.1057
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R 500.1059
Source: 1983 AACS.

CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE

R 500.1121
Source: 1996 AACS.

R 500.1122

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Source: 1996 AACS.

R 500.1123

Source: 1996 AACS.

R 500.1124

Source: 2011 AACS.

R 500.1125

Source: 1996 AACS.

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Source: 1996 AACS.

R 500.1128

Source: 1996 AACS.

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Source: 1996 AACS.

CASUALTY INSURANCE RATES

R 500.1201

Source: 1980 AACS.

R 500.1202

Source: 1980 AACS.

R 500.1203

Source: 1980 AACS.

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Source: 1980 AACS.

R 500.1205

Source: 1980 AACS.

R 500.1206

Source: 1980 AACS.

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Source: 1980 AACS.

R 500.1208

Source: 1980 AACS.

R 500.1209

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R 500.1210

Source: 1980 AACS.

1980 CSO AND 1980 CET UNISEX MORTALITY TABLES

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R 500.1221
Source: 1984 AACS.

R 500.1222
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R 500.1223
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R 500.1224
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R 500.1225
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PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY RESERVES

R 500.1231
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R 500.1232
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R 500.1233
Source: 1982 AACS.

R 500.1234
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MORTALITY TABLE FOR INDIVIDUAL ANNUITY VALUATION

R 500.1241
Source: 1984 AACS.

SURPLUS LINES INSURANCE FEES

R 500.1251
Source: 1981 AACS.

FIRE INSURANCE - WITHHOLDING

R 500.1261
Source: 1982 AACS.

R 500.1262
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R 500.1263
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R 500.1266
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SMOKER AND NONSMOKER MORTALITY TABLES

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R 500.1284
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R 500.1285
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MORTALITY TABLE FOR GROUP ANNUITY VALUATION

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FIRE AND INLAND MARINE INSURANCE RATES

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R 500.1302
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R 500.1303
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WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE

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R 500.1371
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R 500.2102
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R 500.2142
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CLARIFICATION OF REASONABLE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM UNDER INSURANCE CODE

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R 500.2152
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INSURANCE POLICY FORMS - DISCRETIONARY CLAUSES

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R 500.2202
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INSURANCE POLICY FORMS - SHORTENED LIMITATION OF ACTION CLAUSES

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R 500.2212
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INSURANCE POLICY FORMS - NONCONFORMING CLAUSES

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R 500.2232
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GENERAL RULES

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R 501.152
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R 501.154—R 501.156
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 501.157
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R 501.158
Source: 1997 AACS.

FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

R 501.201
Source: 1979 AC.

PETITION REQUESTING PROMULGATION, AMENDMENT, OR RESCISSION OF RULES

R 501.351
Source: 1979 AC.

R 501.352
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R 501.353
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R 501.354
Source: 1979 AC.

**PROCEDURES FOR INFORMAL MANAGERIAL-LEVEL CONFERENCES
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R 550.101
Source: 1986 AACS.

R 550.102
Source: 1986 AACS.

R 550.103
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R 550.104
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R 550.105
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R 550.106
Source: 1986 AACS.

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R 550.107
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R 550.108
Source: 1986 AACS.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
OFFICE OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE SERVICES
CERTIFICATES - DISCRETIONARY CLAUSES

R 550.111
Source: 2007 AACS.

R 550.112
Source: 2007 AACS.

CREDIT INSURANCE RATES, FORMS, AND STANDARDS

R 550.201
Source: 1995 AACS.

R 550.202
Source: 1995 AACS.

R 550.203
Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.204
Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.205
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R 550.206
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R 550.210
Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.211
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R 550.212
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Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.214

Source: 1987 AACS.

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Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.216

Source: 1987 AACS.

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Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.218

Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.219

Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.220

Source: 1987 AACS.

R 550.221

Source: 1987 AACS.

CREDIT INSURANCE POLICY FORMS – DISCRETIONARY CLAUSES

R 550.301

Source: 2007 AACS.

R 550.302

Source: 2007 AACS.

DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY

HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIMS ASSESSMENT ACT

GENERAL RULES

R 550.402 Collection of assessment by carrier or third-party administrator.

Rule 2. (1) Neither a carrier nor a third-party administrator is required to collect the assessment levied under this Act from an individual, employer, or group health plan pursuant to Section 3a of the Act; the collection of the assessment from these parties by carriers and third-party administrators is permissive.

(2) However, if a carrier or third-party administrator determines to collect the assessment from an individual, employer, or group health plan, such collection may only be undertaken pursuant to the methodology requirements set forth in Section 3a. For purposes of this rule, “Act” means the Health Insurance Claims Assessment Act, 2011 PA 142, MCL 550.1731 et seq.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 11, 2013.

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R 550.403 Recordkeeping; examination of documents.

Rule 3. (1) The department, through its field auditors and other employees, may examine the books, records and papers of any person liable for the assessment.

(2) Every person subject to the assessment must keep and preserve suitable and adequate records to enable such person, as well as the state, to determine the correct amount of the assessment for which the person is liable. Failure to produce and keep records for the purpose of examination by the department will be considered willful noncompliance with a tax law.

(3) A person subject to the assessment must retain all quarterly worksheets as well as all source documents used in the preparation of the quarterly worksheets and the annual returns filed pursuant to the Act. Source documents may include, but are not limited to, documents and records maintained in the ordinary course of business containing claims-related information and statements or billings for medical services.

(4) A person subject to the assessment must also retain all documents and records used to determine eligibility for, and the amount of, each of the exclusions from the assessment indicated on the quarterly worksheets and annual returns, including, but not limited to, documents and records supporting recoveries against claims, claims-related expenses, claims paid for non-residents, claims paid for services not performed in Michigan, reimbursements made to individuals under federally authorized health spending accounts, and claims paid pursuant to accident, disability, long-term care, automobile, workers' compensation, or property and casualty coverage.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 11, 2013.

R 550.404 Michigan resident; domicile.

Rule 4. (1) For purposes of the Act, a Michigan "resident" is an individual who is domiciled in the state of Michigan on the date that the service in question is performed.

(2) "Domicile" means the place where an individual has his or her fixed, permanent and principal home to which he or she returns or intends to return. An individual's domicile in one place continues until a different domicile is established.

(3) A rebuttable presumption shall exist that an individual's home address, as maintained in the ordinary business records of a carrier or third-party administrator, indicates the domicile of that individual under this definition. Example: An individual who is domiciled in Michigan, but attends college in another state, is a Michigan resident for purposes of the Act. If that individual obtains health services in Michigan while home between semesters, a "paid claim" for the performance of those services will be subject to the assessment under the Act.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 11, 2013.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

BUREAU OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

SHARING HEALTH CARE INFORMATION

R 550.501

Source: 2010 AACS.

R 550.502

Source: 2010 AACS.

R 550.503

Source: 2010 AACS.

R 550.504

Source: 2010 AACS.

R 550.505

Source: 2010 AACS.

CORPORATION AND SECURITIES BUREAU

LIVING CARE

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PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R 554.1
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.2
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Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.4
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R 554.5
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.6
Source: 1991 AACS.

PART 2. REGISTRATION

R 554.21
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.22
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R 554.23
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R 554.24
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R 554.25
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.26
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.27
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.28
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.29
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PART 3. ESCROW

R 554.31
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.32
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.33
Source: 1991 AACS.

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R 554.34
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.35
Source: 1991 AACS.

PART 4. BOOKS AND RECORDS

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R 554.42
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PART 5. ADVERTISING

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PART 6. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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R 554.70
Source: 1991 AACS.

R 554.71
Source: 1991 AACS.

FARMLAND AND OPEN SPACE PRESERVATION

R 554.701 Definitions.

Rule 1. (1) "Act" means 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.101 to 324.90106.

(2) "Department" means the department of agriculture and rural development.

(3) "Clerk" means the clerk of the local governing body or the person fulfilling the duties of the clerk.

(4) "Designated open space" means those open space lands as defined by section 36101(j)(i) of the act.

(5) "Gross annual income" means an average computed from 2 of the 3 tax years immediately preceding the year of application from the raising or harvesting of any agricultural commodities.

(6) "Has been devoted primarily to an agricultural use" means all land for which an application for a farmland development rights agreement has been filed shall have been under agricultural use, as defined in section 36101(b) of the act, for at least 1 year during the 36-month period immediately preceding filing the application.

(7) "Local open space" means those open space lands as defined by section 36101(j)(ii) of the act.

(8) "Specialty farm" means those enterprises of 15 or acres in size which meet the income requirements of section 36101(h)(iii) of the act, produce agricultural, horticultural or floricultural commodities or are engaged in the business of breeding or husbanding animals, rendering services, or yielding products customarily associated with agricultural operations.

(9) "State" means a major state department or agency thereof in agreement with the state land use agency.

(10) "Totally and permanently disabled" means the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

PART 2. ELIGIBLE LANDS

R 554.721 Rescinded.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.722 Rescinded.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.723 Local open space development rights easement.

Rule 23 If an application for a local open space development rights easement is denied by the local governing body and is appealed to the state land use agency, the appeal may only be considered if the land covered by the application meets all of the following criteria:

(a) Is 15 acres or more in size.

(b) Does not contain any residential, commercial, or industrial structures.

(c) Is not operated as a commercial facility.

(d) Bears significant importance to the public interest of more than local concern as a valuable land resource.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

PART 3. APPLICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS AGREEMENT OR EASEMENT

R 554.731 Application.

Rule 31. (1) The application shall be submitted to the clerk of the local governing body with the jurisdictional responsibility for the property cited in the application except that in those townships not having a duly adopted zoning ordinance pursuant to the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, 2006 PA 110, MCL 125.3101 to 125.3702, the application shall be submitted to the clerk of the governing body of the county.

(2) The application shall contain a map which includes the following information:

(a) All significant natural features, including but not limited to swamps, bogs, marshes, lakes, ponds, rivers, streams, woodlots, known mineral deposits and formations and sand dunes.

(b) All physical improvements including but not limited to buildings, roads, feedlots, or any improvements under construction at the time of application.

(c) All acreage under active agricultural use by type of use.

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(3) A copy of the most recent property tax assessment notice or tax bill shall accompany the application along with a statement by the applicant certifying the name of the owner of record, the legal description of the property and all liens, covenants, and other encumbrances affecting the title to the land.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.732

Source: 1979 AC.

R 554.733 Review.

Rule 33. (1) In reviewing an application for a farmland development rights agreement or a designated open space development rights easement, the local governing body shall consider first the ability of the land cited in the application to meet the eligibility requirements of the act, sections 324.36101(h) and (j)(i)(A) to (C) respectively. The local governing body may then take into consideration the following:

(a) The physical resource characteristics for agricultural or designated open space use.

(b) Any encumbrance on the property.

(c) The relationship of the property to the entire farm operation if the application is for only a portion of the farm operation.

(d) The percentage of the land cited in the application which actually meets the definition for farmland or designated open space.

(e) Any other criteria which the local governing body can demonstrate as being relevant to the application.

(2) In reviewing an application for a farmland development rights agreement or a designated open space development rights easement, the state land use agency shall reject an application only if it is in nonconformance with the eligibility requirements in the act, sections 324.36101(h) and (j)(i)(A) to (C) respectively. In reviewing an application on appeal for a farmland development rights agreement or a designated open space development rights easement, the state land use agency shall consider the ability of the land cited in the application to meet the eligibility requirements of the act, sections 324.36101(h) and (j)(i)(A) to (C) respectively. The state land use agency may then take into consideration the following:

(a) The physical resource characteristics for agricultural or designated open space use.

(b) Any encumbrance on the property.

(c) The relationship of the property to the entire farm operation if the application is for only a portion of the farm operation.

(d) The percentage of the land cited in the application which actually meets the definition for farmland or designated open space.

(e) Any other criteria which the local governing body has demonstrated as being relevant to the application.

(3) In reviewing an application for a local open space development rights easement, the local governing body shall first consider the ability of the land cited in the application to meet the eligibility requirements of the act, section 324.36101(j)(ii). The local governing body may then take into consideration the following:

(a) The physical resource characteristics for open space use.

(b) Any encumbrance on the property.

(c) The percentage of the land cited in the application which actually meets the definition for local open space.

(d) Any other criteria which the local governing body can demonstrate as being relevant to the application.

(4) In reviewing an application for a local open space development rights easement on appeal, the state land use agency shall consider the ability of the land cited in the application to meet the eligibility requirements of R 554.723.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.734 Approval or rejection.

Rule 34. (1) Approval or rejection of an application shall be by vote of the local governing body.

(2) The vote may be taken at either a regularly scheduled meeting of the local governing body or a special meeting called for the purpose of acting on the application. In each case the applicant shall be notified in writing by the clerk at least 5 days before the meeting of the time and place of the meeting.

(3) The clerk shall certify the results and date of the vote on the application.

(4) Within 10 days of the date the vote was taken, the clerk shall notify the applicant of the local governing body's decision. If rejected, the local governing body shall provide the applicant with a written statement citing the reasons for rejection.

(5) A locally approved application for a farmland development rights agreement or for a designated open space development rights easement, together with supporting materials, shall be forwarded to the state land use agency within 10 days of the date of approval by the local governing body.

(6) A copy of a locally approved application for a local open space development rights easement, together with copies of the supporting materials, shall be forwarded to the state land use agency for informational purposes within 30 days of the date of approval by the local governing body.

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(7) The 60-day review period as provided in sections 36104 and 36106 of the act begins with receipt of the application or appeal request by the state land use agency.

(8) The applicant shall be notified within 15 days of the date of approval or rejection by the state land use agency. If rejected, the state land use agency shall provide the applicant with a written statement citing the reasons for rejection.

(9) All open space development rights easement applications approved by the state land use agency shall be submitted to the legislature under the provisions of section 36105(3) of the act.

(10) Upon approval of a farmland development rights agreement by the state land use agency or designated open space development rights easement by the legislature, the applicant shall have 30 days from date of receipt of the agreement or easement to execute the agreement or easement unless an extension is granted in writing by the state land use agency.

(11) Upon approval of a local open space development rights easement by the local governing body, the applicant shall have 90 days from the date of receipt of the local open space development rights easement to execute the easement unless an extension is granted in writing by the local governing body.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.735

Source: 1979 AC.

R 554.736 Reapplication.

Rule 36. The 1-year waiting period for reapplication as provided in sections 36104 and 36106 of the act shall be from the date of notification of the last rejection permitted under the act, or if the applicant chooses not to appeal, from the date of expiration of the appeal period.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.737 Assessments.

Rule 37. (1) A copy of the state tax commission appraisal under sections 36105 and 36106 of the act shall be transmitted to the local assessor for the basis of the first assessment for the land covered by a farmland development rights agreement or an open space development rights easement. Subsequent assessments shall be reviewed annually by the local assessor in the same manner as other real property assessments. A copy of the termination appraisal by the state tax commission shall be transmitted to the local assessor.

(2) Subsequent to the execution of a farmland development rights agreement, the local assessing officer shall specify the state equalized valuation and the ad valorem taxes levied on the description and shall forward such information to the state land use agency by February 15 of each year until the agreement is terminated.

(3) Subsequent to the approval of a local open space development rights easement application by the legislature and execution of the easement by the applicant, the local assessing officer shall specify the state equalized valuation of the description exclusive of open space development rights, the state equalized valuation of the open space development rights and the ad valorem taxes not paid on the open space development rights and shall forward such information to the state land use agency by February 15 of each year until the easement is terminated.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

PART 4. TERMINATION OF A DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS AGREEMENT OR EASEMENT

R 554.741 Application.

Rule 41. (1) The application shall be made on forms prescribed by the department and shall contain all requested information.

(2) The application shall be submitted to the clerk of the local governing body with the jurisdictional responsibility for the property cited in the application except that in those cases of townships not having a duly adopted zoning ordinance pursuant to the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, 2006 PA 110, MCL 125.3101 to 125.3702, the application shall be submitted to the clerk of the governing body of the county.

(3) The application shall contain a map which includes all significant changes to the natural features of the land cited in the original application.

(4) A land owner or his heirs qualifying under section 11(2) of the act, death or total and permanent disability, at his option, may request termination of a development rights agreement or easement. The request shall be made to the holder of the development rights by certified mail stating the reasons for termination request and shall include a doctor's statement of health or a copy of the death certificate.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

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R 554.742 Certification and review.

Rule 4242. (1) The clerk shall certify the date of receipt of the application if the application meets the requirements of R 554.741 and the information contained in the application is accurate to the best of the clerk's knowledge.

(2) The clerk shall provide a copy of the certification to the applicant.

(3) The clerk shall forward copies of the application to the reviewing agencies as required under section 36104 of the act for farmland and designated open space and section 36106 of the act for local open space. Notification shall include the final date for the acceptance of comments, 30 days from the date of receipt of the application by the clerk.

(4) The clerk shall present the application at the next scheduled meeting of the local governing body and shall on the application certify the date of presentation.

(5) The 45-day review period for the local governing body shall commence when the application is presented to that body by the clerk.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.743 Review.

Rule 43. (1) In reviewing a termination application for a farmland development rights agreement or a designated open space development rights easement, the local governing body or the state land use agency shall consider the following:

(a) That the agreement or easement imposes continuing economic inviability causing hardships through the prevention of necessary improvements to the land. Economic inviability consists of continued uneconomic operation because of the restrictions in the agreement or easement and not merely the existence of uses of the land that allow higher returns.

(b) Other factors set forth in section 36111(1)(a) of the act.

(2) In reviewing a termination application for a local open space development rights easement, the local governing body shall consider the following:

(a) That the easement imposes continuing economic inviability causing hardships through the prevention of necessary improvements to the land. Economic inviability consists of continued uneconomic operation because of the restrictions in the easement and not merely the existence of uses of the land that allow higher returns.

(b) Surrounding conditions or significant natural physical changes in the land which are generally irreversible in nature and permanently affect the land.

(3) If a termination application is for a local open space development rights easement which was appealed to the state land use agency and concurred in by the legislature, the application shall be forwarded to the state land use agency for review and recommendation to the legislature for final determination. The state land use agency shall consider the following:

(a) That the easement imposes continuing economic inviability causing hardships through the prevention of necessary improvements to the land. Economic inviability consists of continued uneconomic operation because of the restrictions in the easement and not merely the existence of uses of the land that allow higher returns.

(b) Surrounding conditions or significant natural physical changes in the land which are generally irreversible in nature and permanently affect the land.

(c) That the property cited in the easement no longer bears significant importance to the public interest.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.744 Approval or rejection.

Rule 44. (1) Approval or rejection of a termination application shall be by vote of the local governing body.

(2) The vote may be taken at either a regularly scheduled meeting of the local governing body or a special meeting called for the purpose of acting on the application. In each case the applicant shall be notified in writing by the clerk at least 5 days prior to the meeting of the time and place of the meeting.

(3) The clerk shall certify the results and date of the vote on the application.

(4) Within 10 days of the date the vote was taken, the clerk shall notify the applicant of the local governing body's decision. If rejected the local governing body shall provide the applicant with a written statement citing the reasons for rejection.

(5) A locally approved termination application for a farmland development rights agreement or for a designated open space development rights easement, together with supporting materials, shall be forwarded to the state land use agency within 10 days of the date of approval by the local governing body.

(6) A copy of a locally approved termination application for a local open space development rights easement, together with copies of the supporting materials, shall be forwarded to the state land use agency for informational purposes within 30 days of the date of approval by the local governing body.

(7) The 60-day review period as provided in sections 36104 and 36106 of the act begins with receipt of the termination application or appeal request by the state land use agency.

(8) The applicant shall be notified within 15 days of the date of approval or rejection by the state land use agency. If rejected, the state land use agency shall provide the applicant with a written statement citing the reasons for rejection.

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(9) All open space development rights termination applications approved by the state land use agency shall be submitted within 30 days to the clerk of the house of representatives and secretary of the senate. Copies shall be forwarded to all of the following:

- (a) Chairman of the house taxation committee and chairman of the senate taxation committee.
- (b) Chairmen of the appropriations committees.
- (c) Directors of the house fiscal agency and senate fiscal agency.

(10) An applicant shall be notified by the state land use agency within 15 days of the date of approval or rejection by the legislature.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.745

Source: 1979 AC.

R 554.746 Reapplication.

Rule 46. The 1-year waiting period for reapplication as provided in sections 36104 and 36106 of the act shall be from the date of notification of the last rejection permitted under the act, or if the applicant chooses not to appeal, from the date of expiration of the appeal period.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.747 Rescinded.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.748

Source: 1979 AC.

R 554.749

Source: 1979 AC.

R 554.750 Purchase of development rights or acquisition of agricultural conservation easements determination of value.

Rule 50. When a development rights easement or an agricultural conservation easement is being acquired under section 36111b of the act and the land considered for acquisition is encumbered by a farmland development rights agreement under the act, enrollment in the development rights agreement shall not be used in determining the fair market value under section 36111b(4) of the act.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

R 554.751 Oil and gas exploration and extraction on land enrolled in development rights easement or development rights agreement.

Rule 51. The exploration and extraction of oil and gas on land covered by a development rights easement or development rights agreement is permitted provided the exploration and extraction operations does not substantially hinder the open space character or farming operations. Exploration and extraction activities may not commence until both of the following occur:

- (a) The state land use agency has been notified, by certified mail, of the intended activity which shall include a site plan for the proposed facilities.
- (b) The state land use agency has made a determination that the exploration or extraction operation, or both, does not substantially hinder the farming operation.

History: 1979 AC; 2013 MR 9, Eff. May 13, 2013.

CONDOMINIUMS

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

R 559.101

Source: 1985 AACS.

R 559.102

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR & ECONOMIC GROWTH

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION CODES

OFFICE OF LAND SURVEY AND REMONUMENTATION

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R 791.1105
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R 791.1115
Source: 1989 AACS.

PART 2. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF DEPARTMENT

R 791.2201
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.2205
Source: 1993 AACS.

R 791.2210
Source: 1989 AACS.

R 791.2215
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.2220
Source: 1993 AACS.

R 791.2225
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.2230
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.2235
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.2240
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.2245
Source: 1997 AACS.

PART 3. PRISONER HEARING PROCEDURES

R 791.3301
Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.3305
Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.3310
Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.3315
Source: 1987 AACS.

R 791.3320

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Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.3325

Source: 1997 AACS.

PART 4. PRISONER CLASSIFICATION AND TRANSFER

R 791.4401

Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.4405

Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.4410

Source: 2003 AACS.

R 791.4415

Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.4420

Source: 1993 AACS.

R 791.4425

Source: 1993 AACS.

R 791.4430

Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.4435

Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.4440

Source: 1997 AACS.

PART 5. PRISONER MISCONDUCT

R 791.5501

Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.5505

Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.5510

Source: 2002 AACS.

R 791.5513

Source: 1998-2000 AACS.

R 791.5515

Source: 1998-2000 AACS.

PART 6. PRISONER RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

R 791.6601

Source: 1997 AACS.

EMERGENCY RULES

FINDING OF EMERGENCY

- R 791.6603**
Source: 2002 AACS.
- R 791.6605**
Source: 1998-2000 AACS.
- R 791.6607**
Source: 1995 AACS.
- R 791.6609**
Source: 1995 AACS.
- R 791.6611**
Source: 1995 AACS.
- R 791.6613**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6614**
Source: 1995 AACS.
- R 791.6615**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6617**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6619**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6621**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6623**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6625**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6627**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6629**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6631**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6633**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6635**
Source: 1997 AACS.
- R 791.6637**
Source: 1997 AACS.

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R 791.6638
Source: 1995 AACS.

R 791.6639
Source: 1993 AACS.

R 791.6641
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.6643
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.6645
Source: 1997 AACS.

PART 7. PAROLE, REPRIEVE, AND COMMUTATION OF SENTENCE

R 791.7701
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.7705
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.7710
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.7715
Source: 1996 AACS.

R 791.7716
Source: 1996 AACS.

R 791.7720
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.7725
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.7730
Source: 1996 AACS.

R 791.7735
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 791.7740
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 791.7745
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 791.7750
Source: 1988 AACS.

R 791.7755
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.7760
Source: 1996 AACS.

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R 791.7765
Source: 1996 AACS.

R 791.7770
Source: 1997 AACS.

PART 8. YOUTHFUL TRAINEES

R 791.8801
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.8810
Source: 1997 AACS.

R 791.8820
Source: 1997 AACS.

PART 9. PROBATION

R 791.9910
Source: 1993 AACS.

R 791.9930
Source: 1993 AACS.

PART 10. INTERSTATE COMPACT ON PAROLE AND PROBATION

R 791.10001
Source: 1997 AACS.

MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM

TAX TRIBUNAL RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

SUBPART A. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

R 792.10201 Scope.

Rule 201. (1) These rules govern practice and procedure in all proceedings before the tribunal. These rules shall be construed so as to secure a fair, efficient, and impartial determination of the issues presented in all proceedings before the tribunal. To the extent there is a conflict between these rules and other administrative hearing rules promulgated by the Michigan administrative hearing system (mahs), these rules shall govern.

(2) These rules shall be known and shall be referred to as the “tax tribunal rules” and may be cited as “TTR.”

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10203 Definitions.

Rule 203. As used in these rules:

(a) “Act” means 1973 PA 186, MCL 205.701 to 205.779.

(b) “Administrative law judge” means any person assigned by mahs to preside over and hear a tribunal proceeding including, but not limited to, tribunal members and hearing officers.

(c) “Administrator” means the tribunal chair or a tribunal member who has been delegated the authority to render a final decision in a tribunal proceeding.

(d) “Authorized representative” means a person, other than an attorney, who is selected by a party to appear on the party’s behalf before the tribunal.

(e) “Clerk” means the chief clerk or a deputy clerk of the tribunal.

(f) “Entire tribunal” means the hearing division of the tribunal other than the small claims division.

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(g) “Non-property tax appeal” means any proceeding, other than a property tax appeal, over which the tribunal has jurisdiction.

(h) “Proceeding” means a contested case in which a determination of the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a named party or parties is required by law to be made after an opportunity for a hearing.

(i) “Property tax appeal” means any proceeding relating to real and personal property assessments, valuations, rates, special assessments, refunds, allocation, or equalization or any other proceeding brought before the tribunal under the state’s property tax laws.

(j) “Referee” means a contractual small claims hearing referee whose powers are limited to those provided by the tribunal.

(k) “Small claims division” means the residential property and small claims division created by section 61 of the act, MCL 205.761.

(l) “Tribunal member” means an individual who is appointed by the governor as a tribunal judge with quasi-judicial powers as provided in the act.

(m) The terms defined in the act and in 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.155, have the same meanings when used in these rules.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10205 Payment of fees or charges.

Rule 205. Tribunal fees or charges shall be paid separately for each proceeding in cash or by check, money order, or other draft payable to the order of “State of Michigan.” Payments shall be mailed or delivered to the clerk of the tribunal at the tribunal’s office. Tribunal fees or charges may also be paid separately for each proceeding electronically, if provided for by the tribunal.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10207 Records; removal; public access; electronic signatures.

Rule 207. (1) The original record for each proceeding, including all pleadings and documents filed and exhibits offered in the proceeding, shall not be taken from a hearing room or the tribunal’s office except as authorized by the tribunal.

(2) The printed copy of any pleading, document, or exhibit submitted through the tribunal’s e-filing system shall be a paper representation of that electronic pleading, document or exhibit and shall be included in the original record for that proceeding in the order in which the electronic pleading, document, or exhibit was received through the tribunal’s e-filing system, as provided in section 7 of 2000 PA 305, MCL 450.837.

(3) After the time for appeal has expired, the clerk shall make each party’s exhibits available for return to the party. If an exhibit is not claimed within 90 days after the exhibit is made available for return, then the clerk may dispose of the exhibits at his or her discretion.

(4) Except upon order of the tribunal for good cause shown or as otherwise provided by law, all public records of the tribunal are available for inspection. Copies may be obtained from the clerk upon payment of the charge provided in R 792.10217 and R 792.10267.

(5) Pleadings and documents submitted through the tribunal’s e-filing system shall be “signed” by typing “/s/ John Smith Attorney,” “/s/ John Smith Authorized Representative” or “/s/ John Smith”, if a party is appearing on his or her own behalf on the signature line of the pleading or document or by applying a graphic representation of the signature to the pleading or document.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10209 Costs.

Rule 209. (1) The tribunal may, upon motion or its own initiative, award costs in a proceeding, as provided by section 52 of the act, MCL 205.752.

(2) If costs are awarded, a bill of costs shall be filed and served within 21 days of the entry of the order awarding costs, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal. A party may file a response objecting to the bill of costs or any item in the bill within 14 days after service of the copy of the bill, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal. Failure to file an objection to the bill of costs within the 14-day period or as otherwise provided by the tribunal shall constitute a waiver of any right to object to the bill.

(3) The bill of costs shall state separately each item claimed and the amount claimed, and shall be verified by affidavit of the party or the party’s attorney or authorized representative, if any. The affidavit shall state that each item is correct and was necessarily incurred.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10211 Form, effective date, content, correction of clerical mistakes, and service of decisions and orders.

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Rule 211. (1) Decisions and orders shall be stated in writing and shall be effective when officially entered by the clerk at which time the clerk shall transmit the decision or order, as provided by this rule.

(2) A decision shall include a concise statement of facts and conclusions of law stated separately and, upon order of the tribunal, shall be officially reported and published.

(3) Clerical mistakes arising from an oversight or omission in a decision or order or in the records of any proceeding may be corrected by order of the tribunal at any time upon motion or the tribunal's own initiative.

(4) Service of decisions and orders entered in a proceeding shall be made on each party at that party's last known mailing or e-mail address. If an attorney or authorized representative is appearing on behalf of that party, then service shall be made on the attorney or authorized representative at his or her last known mailing or e-mail address, as provided in section 52 of the act, MCL 205.752. Service by mail or e-mail on an attorney or authorized representative shall constitute service on his or her office.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10213 Appeals.

Rule 213. An appeal from a decision of the tribunal shall be taken in accordance with section 53 of the act, MCL 205.753. If an appeal is taken to the court of appeals, then the appellant shall file a copy of the claim of appeal or application for leave to appeal with the clerk of the tribunal together with the appropriate filing fee, as provided in R 792.10217 and R 792.10267.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

SUBPART B. MATTERS BEFORE ENTIRE TRIBUNAL.

R 792.10215 Scope.

Rule 215. The rules in subpart a and in this subpart shall govern practice and procedure in all proceedings pending in the entire tribunal and shall be known as the entire tribunal rules. If an applicable entire tribunal rule does not exist, the 1995 Michigan rules of court, as amended, and sections 71 to 87 of the administrative procedures act (apa), MCL 24.271 to 24.287, and sections 121 to 128 of the apa, MCL 24.321 to 24.328, shall govern.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10217 Fees and charges.

Rule 217. The following fees shall be paid to the clerk in all entire tribunal proceedings upon filing, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal:

(a) The fee for filing property tax appeal petitions:	Filing fee
(i) Allocation, apportionment, and equalization appeals.....	\$250.00.
(ii) Valuation appeals.	
Value in contention*	Filing fee**
\$100,000 or less.....	\$250.00.
\$100,000.01 to \$500,000.....	\$400.00.
More than \$500,000.....	\$600.00.

*Value in contention is the difference between the assessed value as established by the board of review and the state equalized value contended by the petitioner or the difference between the taxable value as established by the board of review and the taxable value contended by the petitioner, whichever is greater.

**The filing fee for multiple, contiguous parcels owned by the same person is the filing fee for the parcel that has the largest value in contention, plus \$25.00 for each additional parcel, not to exceed a total filing fee of \$2,000.00.

(b) The fee for filing a motion to amend a property tax appeal petition to add a subsequent year assessment is equal to 50% of the fee provided in subdivision (a)(ii) of this rule for the assessment to be added.

(c) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting a special assessment or a non-property tax appeal petition is \$250.00.

(d) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting the classification of property is \$150.00.

(e) The fee for filing a stipulation for entry of consent judgment instead of a property tax appeal or non-property tax appeal petition is \$50.00.

(f) If a petition has been filed, the fee for filing a stipulation for entry of consent judgment is \$50.00.

(g) The fee for filing a motion for immediate consideration or a motion for summary disposition or partial summary disposition is \$100.00.

(h) The fee for filing a motion to withdraw a petition is \$0.00.

(i) The fee for the filing of a stipulation or motion by an attorney or authorized representative who has entered an appearance in a proceeding to withdraw from or be substituted for in that proceeding is \$0.00.

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(j) The fee for the filing of all other motions is \$50.00.

(k) The fee for the filing of multiple motions in a single document is the largest fee that would have been charged if each motion had been filed separately.

(l) The fee for the certification of the record on appeal to the court of appeals is \$100.00.

(m) The fee for copies of pleadings and other documents is \$.50/page.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10219 Commencement of proceedings; election of small claims division and entire tribunal; motions to amend to add a subsequent tax year; other filings.

Rule 219. (1) The party who commences a proceeding shall be designated as the petitioner and the adverse party as the respondent. Parties may be added or dropped by order of the tribunal on its own initiative or on motion of any interested person at any stage of the proceedings and according to terms that are just.

(2) A proceeding is commenced by mailing or delivering a petition to the tribunal with the appropriate filing fee within the time periods prescribed by statute. A proceeding may also be commenced with the tribunal by electronic submission of a petition within the time periods prescribed by statute, if provided for by the tribunal.

(3) A motion to amend a property tax appeal petition to include an assessment in a subsequent tax year is considered to be filed within the time periods prescribed by statute if it has been mailed, delivered, or submitted electronically to the tribunal with appropriate filing fee on or before the expiration of the applicable time period, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(4) A petitioner, who files a defective petition and the tribunal is unable to determine the division of the tribunal in which the proceeding is being filed, will be presumed to have elected to have the matter heard in the small claims division. If a motion to transfer is filed after the scheduling of the hearing and the motion is granted by the tribunal, the petitioner shall pay all entire tribunal filing fees and any costs incurred by the respondent as a result of the transfer, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(5) Pleadings, motions, and documents shall be considered to be filed upon mailing or delivery, as provided by rule 2.107 of the Michigan court rules. Pleadings, motions, and documents may also be submitted through the tribunal's e-filing system, if provided for by the tribunal. Pleadings, motions, and documents submitted through the tribunal's e-filing system shall be considered to be filed upon successful submission of the pleading, motion, or document. Unsuccessful submissions through the tribunal's e-filing system due to a system-wide outage shall be considered timely if filed on the following business day.

(6) Submissions by mail shall be considered to have been filed on the date indicated by the U.S. postal service postmark on the envelope containing the submissions. Submissions by commercial delivery service shall be considered to have been filed on the date the submissions were given to the commercial service for delivery to the tribunal as indicated by the receipt date on the package containing the submissions. Submissions by personal service shall be considered to have been filed on the date the submissions were received. Submissions through the tribunal's e-filing system by 11:59 p.m. on a business day shall be considered to have been filed on that business day. Submissions on a Saturday, a Sunday, or a holiday shall be considered to have been filed on the following business day, as provided by section 35a of the act, MCL 205.735a.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10221 Pleadings; amended and supplemented pleadings; content of pleadings, motions, and documents; service of pleadings, motions, and documents.

Rule 221. (1) An application for review or any other document initiating a proceeding is considered to be a petition. A document raising an affirmative defense or allegations in response to a petition is considered to be an answer. The petition and answer are pleadings and no other pleadings shall be allowed, except that an answer may be made to petitions filed by parties who are later substituted for or joined in a proceeding. A petition or answer may be amended or supplemented by leave of the tribunal only. With the exception of amendments to include a prior or subsequent tax year assessment in property tax appeal, leave to amend or supplement shall be freely given when justice so requires. Amendments to include a prior or subsequent tax assessment in a property tax appeal must be filed as required by law. See section 35a of the act, MCL 205.735a and section 53a of 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.53a.

(2) All pleadings and motions filed with the tribunal shall contain all of the following information:

(a) The caption "Michigan Tax Tribunal."

(b) The title of the appeal.

(c) The docket number of the appeal after it is assigned by the tribunal.

(d) A designation showing the nature of the pleading or motion.

(3) All documents, other than pleadings and motions, shall contain all of the following information:

(a) The docket number of the appeal after it is assigned by the tribunal.

(b) A designation showing the nature of the document.

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(4) The petition shall note the docket number assigned by the tribunal and be served as provided for in this rule within 45 days of the issuance of the notice of docket number, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal. Failure to serve the petition within 45 days of the issuance of the notice of docket number shall result in the dismissal of the proceeding, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(5) The petition, if it is a property tax appeal petition other than a property tax petition contesting a special assessment, shall be served by a petitioner, other than a unit of government, in the following manner:

(a) Mailed by certified mail or delivered by personal service to the following officials at their last known address:

(i) The certified assessor or board of assessors of the unit of government that established the assessment being appealed.

(ii) The city clerk, in the case of cities.

(iii) The township supervisor or clerk, in the case of townships.

(b) Mailed by first-class mail or delivered by personal service to the following officials at their last known address:

(i) The county equalization director for any county affected.

(ii) The county clerk for any county affected.

(iii) The secretary of the local school board.

(iv) The treasurer of the state of Michigan.

(6) The petition, if it is a property tax appeal petition other than a property tax appeal petition contesting a special assessment, shall be served by a petitioner that is a unit of government by certified mail or by personal service on the party or parties-in-interest with respect to the property or properties at issue. The petition shall also be served by first-class mail or by personal service on the following officials at their last known address:

(a) The county equalization director for any county affected.

(b) The county clerk for any county affected.

(c) The secretary of the local school board.

(d) The treasurer of the state of Michigan.

(7) The petition, if it is a property tax appeal petition contesting a special assessment, shall be served by certified mail or by personal service on the clerk of the unit of government, authority, or body levying the special assessment being appealed at the clerk's last known address.

(8) The petition, if it is a non-property tax appeal petition, shall be served by certified mail or by personal service on either of the following officials at their last known address:

(a) The treasurer of the state of Michigan, if the tax was levied by the department of treasury.

(b) The clerk of the local unit of government, if the tax was levied by the local unit of government.

(9) Proof of service shall be submitted within 45 days of the issuance of the notice of docket number establishing by either a written acknowledgment receipt of the petition that is dated and signed by the persons authorized under these rules to receive it or by certification stating the facts of service. Failure to submit the proof of service may result in the dismissal of the proceeding.

(10) Proof of service shall be submitted with all answers, motions, and documents establishing by either a written acknowledgment receipt of the answer, motion, or document that is dated and signed by the person authorized under these rules to receive it or by certification stating the facts of service. Failure to submit the proof of service may result in the holding of a party or parties in default, as prescribed in R 792.10231.

(11) All answers, motions, and documents filed with the tribunal shall be served by first-class mail or personal service concurrently on each of the parties' attorneys or authorized representatives or, if there is no attorney or authorized representative, on the party at his or her last known address, as provided in R 792.10223(4) and in rule 2.107 of the Michigan court rules. All answers, motions, and documents filed with the tribunal may also be served electronically, if provided for by the tribunal, on each of the parties' attorneys or authorized representatives or, if there is no attorney or authorized representative, on the party as provided in R 792.10223(4).

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10223 Appearance and representation; amicus curiae.

Rule 223. (1) An attorney or authorized representative may appear on behalf of a party in a proceeding by signing the petition or other document initiating the participation of that party in the proceeding or by filing an appearance. The tribunal may require an attorney or authorized representative to provide a written statement of authorization signed by the party on whose behalf the attorney or authorized representative is appearing.

(2) If a petition or other document initiating the participation of a party is signed by an attorney or authorized representative, that petition or document shall state the name of the party on whose behalf the attorney or authorized representative is appearing; the attorney or authorized representative's name; the name of their firm, if any; and the firm's mailing and e-mail addresses and telephone number. If there is no firm, the attorney or authorized representative shall state the attorney or authorized representative's mailing and e-mail addresses and telephone number. The attorney or authorized representative

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shall promptly inform the clerk and all parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives in writing of any change in that information.

(3) An appearance filed by an attorney or authorized representative shall state the name of the party or parties on whose behalf the attorney or authorized representative is appearing; the attorney or authorized representative's name; the name of their firm, if any; and the firm's mailing and e-mail addresses and telephone number or, if there is no firm, the attorney or authorized representative's mailing and e-mail addresses and telephone number. The attorney or authorized representative shall promptly inform the clerk and all parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives in writing of any change in that information.

(4) An attorney or authorized representative may withdraw from a proceeding or be substituted for by stipulation or order of the tribunal. The stipulation shall be signed by the party or parties, the attorney or authorized representative, and the new attorney or authorized representative, if any. If the stipulation is signed by a new attorney or authorized representative, the new attorney or authorized representative shall also submit an appearance, as provided by this rule. If the stipulation is not signed by a new attorney or authorized representative, the stipulation shall indicate the mailing and e-mail addresses for the service of notices, orders, and decisions and the telephone number for contacting that party.

(5) In the absence of an appearance by an attorney or authorized representative, a party is considered to appear for himself, herself, or itself. If a party is appearing for himself, herself, or itself, that party shall promptly inform the clerk and all parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives in writing of any change in that party's mailing and e-mail addresses and telephone number.

(6) Upon a change or transfer of interest, the proceeding may be continued by or against the original party in his, her, or its original capacity unless the tribunal directs that person to whom the interest is transferred to be substituted in the proceeding for the original party, joined with the original party, or made a party in another capacity.

(7) The tribunal may, upon motion, order a person or, upon motion or its own initiative, order a state or local governmental unit to appear as amicus curiae or in another capacity as the tribunal considers appropriate.

(8) A party, attorney, or authorized representative appearing before the entire tribunal shall conduct himself or herself with decorum.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10225 Motions.

Rule 225. (1) All requests to the tribunal requiring an order in a proceeding shall be made by written motion filed with the clerk and accompanied by the appropriate fee, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal. Motions may be amended or supplemented by leave of the tribunal only and leave to amend or supplement shall be freely given when justice so requires.

(2) If the motion is not accompanied by the appropriate fee or the tribunal is unable to determine whether the appropriate fee was paid, the tribunal shall issue a notice of no action. If the appropriate fee is paid within 21 days of the issuance of the notice of no action or as otherwise provided by the tribunal, action shall be taken on the motion. If the appropriate fee is not paid within 21 days of the issuance of the notice of no action or as otherwise provided by the tribunal, the motion shall be re-filed with appropriate filing fee.

(3) Motions shall be served concurrently on all other parties of record unless an attorney or authorized representative has filed an appearance on behalf of those parties and then service shall be made on the attorney or authorized representative and proof of service shall be filed with the clerk.

(4) Written opposition to motions, other than motions for which a motion for immediate consideration has been filed or motions for reconsideration, shall be filed within 21 days after service of the motion, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(5) Written opposition to motions, for which a motion for immediate consideration has been filed, shall be filed within 7 days after service of the motion for immediate consideration, if the motion for immediate consideration includes a statement verifying that the party filing the motion has notified all parties of the filing of the motion for immediate consideration and indicating whether the parties will be filing a response to the motion or motions for which the motion of immediate consideration was filed. If the motion for immediate consideration does not include that statement, written opposition to those motions shall be filed within 21 days after service of the motion for immediate consideration, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(6) Pleading on motions shall be limited to the motion and a brief in support of the motion and a single response to the motion and a brief in support of the response. A brief in support of a motion or response, if any, shall be filed concurrently with the motion or response.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10227 Petitions.

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Rule 227. (1) A petition shall contain a statement of facts, without repetition, upon which the petitioner relies in making its claim for relief. The statement shall be made in separately designated paragraphs. The contents of each paragraph shall be limited, as far as practicable, to a statement of a single fact. Each claim shall be stated separately when separation facilitates the clear presentation of the matters set forth.

(2) A petition shall not cover more than 1 assessed parcel of real property, except as follows:

(a) A single petition involving real property may cover more than 1 assessed parcel of real property if the real property is contiguous and within a single assessing unit.

(b) A single petition involving personal property may cover more than 1 assessed parcel of personal property located on the same real property parcel within a single assessing unit.

(c) A single petition involving personal property may cover personal property located on different real property parcels if the property is assessed as 1 assessment and is located within a single assessing unit.

(d) A single petition may include both real and personal property, if the personal property is located on the real property parcel or parcels at issue within a single assessing unit.

(3) Each petition shall contain all of the following information:

(a) The petitioner's name, legal residence or, in the case of a corporation, its principal office or place of business, mailing address, if different than the address for the legal residence or principal place of business, e-mail address, and telephone number.

(b) The name of the opposing party or parties.

(c) A description of the matter in controversy, including the type of tax, the year or years involved, and, in a property tax appeal, all of the following information:

(i) The present use of the property, the use for which the property was designed, and the classification of property.

(ii) Whether the matter involves any of the following:

(A) True cash value.

(B) Taxable value.

(C) Uniformity.

(D) Exemption.

(E) Classification.

(F) A combination of the areas specified in subparagraphs (A) to (E) of this paragraph.

(G) Special assessment.

(H) Non-property taxes, interest, and penalties.

(iii) For multifamily residential property, whether the property is subject to governmental regulatory agreements and a subsidy and the type of subsidy involved.

(d) A statement of the amount or amounts in dispute, which shall include the following, as applicable:

(i) In taxable value proceedings, a statement indicating whether there is a dispute relative to the value of an addition or a loss.

(ii) In non-property tax appeals, a statement of the portion of the tax admitted to be correct, if any, and a copy of the assessment or other notice being appealed attached to the petition.

(e) In true cash value, taxable value, uniformity, exemption, classification, or special assessment proceedings, a statement as to whether the matter in controversy has been protested, the date of the protest and, if applicable, the date of receipt of the disputed tax bill.

(f) A clear and concise statement of the facts upon which the petitioner relies, except for facts that the opposing party has the burden of proving.

(g) The relief sought.

(h) The signature of the petitioner or petitioner's attorney or authorized representative.

(4) In equalization, allocation, and apportionment proceedings, the petition shall be sworn to and be in compliance with applicable statutes.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10229 Answers.

Rule 229. (1) The respondent shall have 28 days from the date of service of the petition to file an answer or responsive motion. Failure to file an answer or responsive motion within 28 days may result in the holding of the respondent in default and the conducting of a default hearing, as provided in R 792.10231.

(2) The answer shall be written to fully advise the petitioner and the tribunal of the nature of the defense and shall contain a specific admission or denial of each material allegation in the petition. If the respondent is without knowledge or information

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sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of an allegation, then the answer shall so state and the statement shall have the effect of a denial. If the respondent intends to qualify or deny only a part of an allegation, then the answer shall specify so much of the allegation as is true and shall qualify or deny only the remainder. In addition, the answer shall contain a clear and concise statement of every ground on which the respondent relies and has the burden of proof. Paragraphs of the answer shall be designated to correspond to paragraphs of the petition to which they relate.

(3) An answer may assert as many defenses as the respondent may have against a petitioner. A defense is not waived by being joined with 1 or more other defenses. All defenses not asserted in either the answer or by appropriate motion are waived, except for either the following defenses:

(a) Lack of jurisdiction.

(b) Failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.

(4) In a special assessment proceeding, the answer shall specify the statutory authority under which the special assessment district was created.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10231 Defaults; “default hearing” defined; dismissals; withdrawals; transfers.

Rule 231. (1) If a party has failed to plead, appear, or otherwise proceed as provided by these rules or the tribunal, the tribunal may, upon motion or its own initiative, hold that party in default. A party held in default shall cure the default as provided by the order holding the party in default and, if required, file a motion to set aside the default accompanied by the appropriate fee within 21 days of the entry of the order holding the party in default or as otherwise provided by the tribunal. Failure to comply with an order of default may result in the dismissal of the case or the conducting of a default hearing as provided in this rule.

(2) For purposes of this rule, “default hearing” means a hearing at which the defaulted party is precluded from presenting any testimony, submitting any evidence, and examining the other party’s witnesses, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(3) A petition may be withdrawn upon motion filed by the petitioner before the answer or first responsive motion has been filed with the tribunal. Once the answer or first responsive motion has been filed, a petition may be withdrawn upon motion filed by petitioner only if the other party or parties do not object to the withdrawal.

(4) Failure of a party to properly prosecute the proceeding, comply with these rules, or comply with an order of the tribunal is cause for dismissal of the proceeding or the conducting of a default hearing for respondent. Upon motion made within 21 days of the entry of the order, as provided by R 792.10255 of these rules, an order of dismissal may be set aside by the tribunal for reasons it considers sufficient.

(5) By stipulation of the parties or by a petitioner’s motion and notice to the respondent, the tribunal may transfer a matter to the small claims division by order.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10233 Applicability of discovery procedures to equalization, allocation, and apportionment proceedings.

Rule 233. For equalization, allocation, and apportionment proceedings, the prehearing and discovery procedures fixed by R 792.10237 to R 792.10247 do not apply, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10237 Valuation disclosure; witness list.

Rule 237. (1) For purposes of this rule and R 792.10253, “valuation disclosure” means documentary or other tangible evidence in a property tax proceeding that a party relies upon in support of the party’s contention as to the true cash value of the subject property or any portion thereof and contains the party’s value conclusions and data, valuation methodology, analysis, or reasoning.

(2) A party’s valuation disclosure in a property tax proceeding shall be filed with the tribunal and exchanged with the opposing party as provided by the tribunal. However, a party may, if the party has reason to believe that the opposing party may not exchange a valuation disclosure as provided by the tribunal, submit a valuation disclosure to the tribunal together with a motion and appropriate filing fee requesting the tribunal’s leave to withhold the valuation disclosure until the opposing party exchanges a valuation disclosure with that party.

(3) A party shall submit to the tribunal and the other party or parties a prehearing statement, as required by R 792.10247. The prehearing statement shall provide the other party or parties and the tribunal with the name and address of any person who may testify and with a general summary of the subject area of the testimony. A person who is not disclosed as a witness shall not be permitted to give testimony, unless, for good cause shown, the tribunal permits the testimony to be taken.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10239 Interrogatories to parties.

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Rule 239. (1) A party to a proceeding may serve upon all adverse parties written interrogatories to be answered by the party to whom the interrogatories are directed.

(2) Interrogatories shall be answered separately and fully in writing under oath. If an interrogatory is objected to, the reasons for objection shall be stated in place of an answer. The answers shall be signed by the person making them and shall contain information that is available to the party served or that could be obtained by the party from its employees, agents, representatives, or persons who may testify on the party's behalf. The party to whom the interrogatories are directed shall serve a copy of the answers on the party or the party's attorney or authorized representative submitting the interrogatories and on all other parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives within 28 days after service of the interrogatories.

(3) If any of the interrogatories have not been answered within the time specified under subrule (2) of this rule, then the tribunal, on motion and for good cause shown, may issue an order compelling a response. A party who fails to answer interrogatories pursuant to an order of the tribunal may be placed in default as provided by R 792.1023.

(4) To the extent that answers are admissible as evidence before the tribunal, answers to interrogatories may be used against the party making them, and an adverse party may introduce an answer that has not been previously offered in evidence by a party.

(5) A person who answers interrogatories is not the witness of the party who submits the interrogatories.

(6) By tribunal order, interrogatories may be limited, as justice requires, to protect the answering party from annoyance, expense, embarrassment, oppression, or violation of a privilege.

(7) A party who has given a response that was complete when made is not under a duty to supplement the response to include information thereafter acquired, unless provided by the tribunal, except as follows:

(a) To supplement the response with respect to any question directly addressed to the identity and location of persons having knowledge of discoverable matters, or the identity of each person expected to be called as a witness at the hearing, the subject matter on which the witness is expected to testify, and the substance of the witness's testimony.

(b) To amend a prior response that the party knows was incorrect when made based on information obtained by the party, or to amend a prior response that was correct when made, but that is no longer true and failing to amend the response is, in substance, a knowing concealment.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10241 Depositions.

Rule 241. Parties may stipulate to take depositions or may, by written motion, request to take the testimony of any person, including a party, by deposition for the purpose of discovery or for use as evidence in the proceeding, or for both purposes, and the tribunal, in its discretion, may order the taking of depositions.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10243 Requests for production of documents and tangible things for inspection, copying, or photographing; inspection of property.

Rule 243. (1) A party to a proceeding may serve upon another party a request to produce or permit the inspection and copying or photographing, by or on behalf of the requesting party, of any designated documents, papers, books, records, accounts, letters, photographs, objects, or tangible things, which are not privileged, which come within the scope of discovery permitted by rule 2.302(B) of the Michigan court rules, and which are in the party's possession, custody, or control.

(2) A party to a proceeding may serve upon another party a request to permit entry and inspection of the property under appeal by or on behalf of the requesting party.

(3) A party upon whom a request is served under subrule (1) or (2) of this rule shall serve a copy of the response to the request on the party or party's attorney or authorized representative submitting the request and on all other parties within 28 days of service of the request.

(4) If a party upon whom a request is served under subrule (1) or (2) of this rule does not comply with the request, then the tribunal may, upon motion or its own initiative, order the party to do either of the following:

(a) Produce or permit the inspection and copying or photographing, by or on behalf of the requesting party, of any designated documents, papers, books, records, accounts, letters, photographs, objects, or tangible things, which are not privileged and come within the scope of discovery permitted by rule 2.302(B) of the Michigan court rules, and which are in the party's possession, custody, or control.

(b) Permit entry and inspection of the property under appeal.

(5) The order may specify the time, place, and manner of making the production or permitting the inspection and copying or photographing of any designated documents, papers, books, records, accounts, letters, photographs, objects, or tangible things or entry and inspection of the property under appeal. The order may prescribe other terms and conditions as are just.

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(6) The tribunal may order a person who has been served with a subpoena duces tecum under R 792.10253 to produce or permit the inspection and copying or photographing of designated documents or other tangible things relevant to the subject matter of the pending proceeding and within the scope of discovery.

(7) If the party or person claims that the item is not in his, her, or its possession or control or that he, she, or it does not have information calculated to lead to discovery of the item's whereabouts, then he, she, or it may be ordered to submit to examination before a tribunal member or to other means of discovery regarding the claim.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10245 Consequences of refusal to make discovery.

Rule 245. If a party refuses to comply with an order issued under R 792.10239(3) or R 792.10243(4), then the tribunal may issue other orders in regard to the refusal as justice requires or as provided in R 792.10231.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10247 Prehearing conference; joint hearing and consolidation.

Rule 247. (1) Except as provided by R 792.10233 or as otherwise provided by the tribunal, a prehearing conference shall be held in all proceedings before the entire tribunal for scheduling a hearing in the proceeding.

(2) Not less than 14 days before the prehearing conference or as otherwise provided by the tribunal, each party shall file and exchange a prehearing statement in a form determined by the tribunal.

(3) The purposes of the prehearing conference are as follows:

(a) To specify, in a property tax appeal, the present use of the property, the use for which the property was designed, and the classification of the property.

(b) To specify all sums in controversy and the particular issues to which they relate.

(c) To specify the factual and legal issues to be litigated.

(d) To consider the formal amendment of all petitions and answers or their amendment by prehearing order, and, if desirable or necessary, to order that the amendments be made.

(e) To consider the consolidation of petitions for hearing, the separation of issues, and the order in which issues are to be heard.

(f) To consider admissions of fact to avoid unnecessary proofs, including the level of assessment and authenticity of documents, such as statutes, ordinances, charters, and regulations.

(g) To identify all witnesses.

(h) To identify all exhibits in support of the main case or defense and admit the authenticity of exhibits if possible.

(i) To estimate the time required for hearing.

(j) To discuss the possibility of settlement, including settlement efforts to date.

(k) To consider all other matters that may aid in the disposition of the proceeding.

(4) The administrative law judge who conducts the prehearing conference shall inquire of the parties as to whether or not all claims arising out of the appealed finding, ruling, determination, decision, or order have been joined. The answers to the inquiry and each finding, ruling, determination, decision, or order pertaining to the claims shall be included in the summary of the results of the conference.

(5) The administrative law judge who conducts the prehearing conference shall prepare, and cause to be served upon the parties or their representatives, not less than 14 days in advance of hearing, an order summarizing the results of the conference specifically covering each of the items stated in the rule. The summary of results controls the subsequent course of the proceeding unless modified at or before the hearing by the tribunal to prevent manifest injustice.

(6) When a proceeding is ready for prehearing as determined by the tribunal, the clerk shall schedule the matter for a prehearing conference at a time and place to be designated by the tribunal or shall place the proceeding on a prehearing general call.

(7) Notice of the date, time, and place of the prehearing conference shall be provided to the parties not less than 28 days before the date of the prehearing conference, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(8) The clerk shall send notice of the prehearing general call and scheduling order to all parties whose case is placed on the prehearing general call not less than 28 days before the commencement of the prehearing general call, unless otherwise ordered by the tribunal. The notice shall set forth the time period in which the prehearing conference will be held and the dates for the filing and exchange of valuation disclosures, prehearing statements, and the closure of discovery.

(9) The tribunal may direct the parties or the parties' attorney or authorized representative to furnish it with a prehearing brief as to the legal issues involved in the proceeding and designate the manner and time for filing and serving of the briefs.

(10) Failure to appear at a duly scheduled prehearing conference may result in the dismissal of the appeal or the scheduling of a default hearing as provided in R 792.10231(4).

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(11) Discovery shall not be conducted after completion of the prehearing conference, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(12) If proceedings pending before the tribunal involve substantial and controlling common questions of fact or law, the tribunal may do 1 or all of the following:

(a) Order a joint hearing for the proceedings on any or all matters at issue.

(b) Order the consolidation of the proceedings.

(c) Issue other orders concerning the proceedings as necessary to facilitate the efficient administration of justice.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10249 Stipulations.

Rule 249. A consent judgment may be entered upon submission of a stipulation with appropriate fee, if the stipulation is signed by all parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives and the stipulation is found to be acceptable to the tribunal. The stipulation shall be on a form made available by the tribunal or shall be in a written form that is in substantial compliance with the tribunal's form.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10251 Hearings.

Rule 251. (1) When a proceeding is ready for hearing, the clerk shall schedule the matter for a hearing at a time and place to be designated by the tribunal. The clerk shall send notice of the time, date, and place of a hearing to all parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives not less than 28 days before the hearing, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(2) The tribunal may, on motion or its own initiative, adjourn a hearing.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10253 Subpoenas.

Rule 253. (1) On written request of a party to a proceeding, the tribunal, through the clerk, shall issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and, if appropriate, the production of evidence at hearing or deposition, including, but not limited to, books, records, correspondence, and documents in their possession or under their control.

(2) A party may serve a subpoena by mailing or delivery as provided by rule 2.105 of the Michigan court rules. However, a party may not serve a subpoena less than 3 business days before a scheduled hearing, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(3) A witness to whom a subpoena has been issued may file a motion under R 792.10225 of these rules to revoke the subpoena if the evidence sought to be produced does not relate to a matter in issue, if the subpoena does not describe the evidence sought with sufficient particularity, or if the subpoena is invalid for any legal reason.

(4) Proceedings to enforce a subpoena may be commenced in the circuit court for the county in which the hearing is held.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10255 Conduct of hearings.

Rule 255. (1) All hearings before the entire tribunal shall be recorded either electronically or stenographically, or both, in the discretion of the tribunal.

(2) Without leave of the tribunal, a witness may not testify as to the value of property without submission of a valuation disclosure signed by that witness and containing that witness' value conclusions and the basis for those conclusions. This does not preclude an expert witness from rebutting another party's valuation evidence. The expert witness may not, however, testify as to the value of the property at issue unless the expert witness submitted a valuation disclosure signed by that expert witness.

(3) If a witness is not testifying as to the value of property or as an expert witness, then his or her testimony in the form of opinions or inferences shall be limited to opinions or inferences that are rationally based on the perception of the witness and that are helpful to a clear understanding of his or her testimony or the determination of a fact in issue, as provided in rule 701 of the Michigan rules of evidence.

(4) The tribunal may direct the parties or the parties' attorney or authorized representative to furnish the tribunal with a post-hearing brief containing proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, post-hearing arguments, or any combination thereof and designate the manner and time for filing and serving the briefs.

(5) The tribunal may admit and give probative effect to evidence of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their affairs. The Tribunal may exclude irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence. Effect shall be given to the rules of privilege recognized by law.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

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R 792.10257 Rehearings or reconsideration.

Rule 257. (1) The tribunal may order a rehearing or reconsideration of any decision or order upon its own initiative or the motion of any party filed within 21 days of the entry of the decision or order sought to be reheard or reconsidered. The filing of a motion for rehearing or reconsideration tolls the appeal period and any party shall have 21 additional days after a decision or denial of the motion for rehearing or reconsideration to appeal the decision or order to which the motion related.

(2) No response to the motion may be filed and there is no oral argument, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10259 Witness fees.

Rule 259. A witness who is summoned to a hearing or other proceeding, or whose deposition is taken, shall receive the same fees and mileage as witnesses in the circuit courts of the state. A witness shall not be required to testify until the fees and mileage provided for have been tendered to him or her by the party at whose instance he or she has been subpoenaed.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

SUBPART C. MATTERS BEFORE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION.

R 792.10261 Scope.

Rule 261. The rules in subpart a and this subpart govern practice and procedure in all proceedings pending in the small claims division and shall be known as the small claims rules. If an applicable small claims rule does not exist, then the entire tribunal rules shall govern, except for R 792.10257 and rules that pertain to discovery, which, in the small claims division, is by leave of the tribunal only.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10263 Jurisdiction.

Rule 263. (1) A property tax appeal petition contesting a property's state equalized or taxable value may be heard in the small claims division if any 1 of the following properties is exclusively involved:

(a) Real property classified as residential.

(b) Real property that has a principal residence exemption, as provided in section 7cc of 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7cc.

(c) Real property classified as agricultural.

(d) Real property with less than 4 rental units.

(e) Any other property where the value in contention is not more than the amount provided by section 62 of the act, MCL 205.762.

(2) A non-property tax appeal petition may be heard in the small claims division if the amount of tax in dispute is not more than the amount provided by section 62 of the act, MCL 205.762, exclusive of interest and penalty charges.

(3) A property tax appeal petition contesting a special assessment may be heard in the small claims division if the amount of the special assessment in dispute is not more than the amount provided by section 62 of the act, MCL 205.762.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10265 Records.

Rule 265. (1) A formal transcript shall not be taken for any proceeding conducted in the small claims division, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

(2) An informal transcript of a proceeding conducted in the small claims division is not a record of the proceeding, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10267 Fees.

Rule 267. (1) There is no fee for the filing of a property tax appeal petition, a motion, or a stipulation for entry of consent judgment in a small claims division proceeding contesting a property's state equalized or taxable value, if the property has, at the time of the filing of the petition, a principal residence exemption of at least 50% for all tax years at issue.

(2) There is no fee for the filing of a property tax appeal petition, a motion, or a stipulation for entry of consent judgment in a small claims division proceeding contesting the denial of a poverty exemption only.

(3) For all other small claims appeals, the following fees shall be paid to the clerk upon filing:

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- (a) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting a property's state equalized or taxable value for property classified as residential real is 50% of the filing fee provided in R 792.10217(a). If the petition contains multiple, contiguous parcels of property owned by the same person, there shall be an additional \$25.00 fee for each additional parcel, not to exceed a total filing fee of \$1,000.00.
 - (b) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting a property's state equalized or taxable value for property that is not classified as residential real is the fee provided in R 792.10217(a).
 - (c) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting the denial of a principal residence or qualified agricultural exemption is \$25.00.
 - (d) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting a special assessment or a non-property tax appeal petition is \$100.00.
 - (e) The fee for filing a property tax appeal petition contesting the classification of property is \$75.00.
 - (f) The fee for filing a stipulation for entry of consent judgment instead of a property tax appeal or non-property tax appeal petition is \$25.00.
 - (g) If a petition has been filed, the fee for filing a stipulation for entry of consent judgment is \$25.00.
 - (h) The fee for filing a motion for immediate consideration or a motion for summary disposition or partial summary disposition is \$50.00.
 - (i) The fee for filing a motion to withdraw a petition is \$0.00.
 - (j) The fee for the filing of a stipulation or motion by an attorney or authorized representative who has entered an appearance in a proceeding to withdraw from or be substituted for in that proceeding is \$0.00.
 - (k) The fee for the filing of all other motions is \$25.00.
 - (l) The fee for the filing of multiple motions in a single document is the largest fee that would have been charged if each motion had been filed separately.
 - (4) The fee for the certification of the record on appeal to the court of appeals is \$100.00.
 - (5) The fee for copies of pleadings and other documents is \$.50/page.
- History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10269 Petitioner's election of small claims division.

- Rule 269. (1) A petitioner who wishes to have a matter heard in the small claims division shall elect to do so.
- (2) A petitioner who files a defective petition with the tribunal and the tribunal is unable to determine the division of the tribunal in which the appeal is being filed will be presumed to have elected to have the matter heard in the small claims division, as provided in R 792.10219.
- History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10271 Protest to local board of review; subsequent year assessments.

- Rule 271. (1) For an assessment dispute as to the valuation or exemption of property classified as commercial personal property, industrial personal property, or utility personal property, the property's assessment shall be protested to the local board of review unless the statement of assessable personal property is filed, as required by section 19 of 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.19, prior to the commencement of the board of review, as provided by section 35a of the act, MCL 205.735a.
- (2) For an assessment dispute as to the valuation or exemption of property classified as agricultural real or personal, residential, real or timber-cutover real, the property's assessment shall be protested to the local board of review, unless otherwise excused by law.
- (3) The appeal for each subsequent year for which an assessment has been established is added automatically to the petition for an assessment dispute as to the valuation or exemption of property at the time of hearing. For this subrule, an assessment has been established once the board of review has confirmed the assessment roll at the statutorily required March board of review meeting.
- (4) The tribunal may, on request and for good cause shown, exclude subsequent years from consideration at the time of hearing, if the subsequent years can be handled more expeditiously in a subsequent proceeding.
- History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10273 Transfers.

- Rule 273. (1) A party may, by motion and notice to the opposing party or parties, request a transfer of the proceeding from the small claims division to the entire tribunal.
- (2) If the motion is filed with the tribunal after the notice of hearing in the proceeding has been issued by the tribunal, the parties shall appear at the hearing and be prepared to conduct the hearing, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.
- (3) If the request is granted, the moving party shall pay all entire tribunal filing fees and any reasonable costs incurred by the opposing party or parties as a result of the transfer, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal.

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(4) With the permission of the petitioner, the tribunal may refer a proceeding properly pending in the small claims division to the entire tribunal.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10275 Appearance and representation.

Rule 275. (1) Petitioner's failure to appear or be represented at a scheduled hearing may result in a dismissal of the proceeding.

(2) The tribunal may, upon request of a party filed with the tribunal before the hearing scheduled in that proceeding, conduct a hearing in the absence of a party. If a hearing is conducted with a party being absent, then the tribunal shall render a decision based on the testimony provided by the opposing party or parties, if any, and all pleadings and written evidence properly submitted by all parties not less than 21 days before the date of the scheduled hearing or as otherwise provided by the tribunal under R 792.10287(1).

(3) A party, attorney, or authorized representative who appears before the small claims division shall conduct himself or herself with decorum.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10277 Commencement of proceedings.

Rule 277. (1) An appeal is commenced by mailing or delivering a petition to the tribunal with the appropriate filing fee within the time periods prescribed by statute and R 792.10219. An appeal may also be commenced by submitting a petition electronically to the tribunal within the time periods prescribed by statute, if provided for by the tribunal.

(2) The petition shall be on a form made available by the tribunal or shall be in a written form that is in substantial compliance with the tribunal's form.

(3) The petition shall set forth the facts upon which the petitioner relies in making petitioner's claim for relief.

(4) For property tax proceedings, a copy of the notice or action taken by the local board of review shall be attached, if available. For special assessment proceedings, a copy of the resolution confirming the special assessment roll shall be attached, if available. For non-property tax proceedings, a copy of the final assessment notice or other order being appealed shall be attached, if available.

(5) Any evidence attached to or submitted with a petition shall be served on the opposing party or parties or their attorney or authorized representative, as required by R 792.10287(1). Evidence not served on the opposing party or parties or their attorney or authorized representative may be excluded, as provided by R 792.10287(1).

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10279 Answers.

Rule 279. (1) An answer to a petition shall be filed with the tribunal and served on the opposing party or parties within 28 days after the tribunal serves the notice of docket number and a copy of the petition on the respondent. Failure to file and serve the answer as required by this rule may result in the holding of respondent in default, as prescribed in R 792.10231 of these rules.

(2) The answer shall be on a form made available by the tribunal or shall be in the form of a written response that is in substantial compliance with the tribunal's form.

(3) The answer shall set forth the facts upon which the respondent relies in defense of the matter.

(4) For property tax proceedings, a copy of the notice or action taken by the local board of review and the property record card or cards for the assessments being appealed shall be attached. For special assessment proceedings, the answer shall specify the statutory authority under which the special assessment district was created and a copy of the resolution confirming the special assessment roll shall be attached. For non-property tax proceedings, a copy of the final notice of assessment or other order being appealed shall be attached.

(5) Any evidence attached to or submitted with the answer must be served on the opposing party or parties or their attorney or authorized representative, as provided by R 792.10287(1). Evidence not served on the opposing party or parties or their attorney or authorized representative may be excluded, as provided by R 792.10287(1).

(6) Service of the answer and any evidence filed with the answer shall be made on the opposing party or parties unless an attorney or authorized representative has entered an appearance in the proceeding on behalf of that opposing party or parties and then service shall be made on the attorney or authorized representative.

(7) The party who files the answer shall also file with the tribunal a statement attesting to the service of the answer on the opposing party or parties or their attorney or authorized representative. The statement shall specify who was served with the answer and the date and method by which the answer was served. Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

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R 792.10281 Stipulations.

Rule 281. A consent judgment may be entered upon submission of a stipulation with appropriate fee, if the stipulation is signed by all parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives and the stipulation is found to be acceptable to the tribunal. The stipulation shall be on a form made available by the tribunal or shall be in a written form that is in substantial compliance with the tribunal's form.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10283 Hearing sites; accessibility; accommodations.

Rule 283. (1) For property tax proceedings, the hearing may be conducted telephonically, by video conferencing, or in-person. If the hearing is in-person, the hearing shall be conducted in the county in which the property is located or in a county contiguous to the county in which the property is located or at a site agreed upon by the parties and approved by the tribunal. A rehearing by a tribunal member shall be at a site to be determined by the tribunal.

(2) For non-property tax proceedings, the hearing may be conducted telephonically, by video conferencing or in-person. If the hearing is in-person, the hearing shall be conducted at a site to be determined by the tribunal.

(3) For all proceedings, a video conference or in-person hearing shall be conducted in a location that is accessible to mobility-impaired individuals. Accessible parking shall also be available.

(4) A person who has a disability and who needs to be accommodated for effective participation in a hearing shall contact the tribunal in writing or telephonically not less than 7 days before the scheduled hearing date.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10285 Notice of hearing.

Rule 285. Notice shall be sent to the parties or their attorneys or authorized representatives of the time and date of the hearing, if telephonic, and the time, date, and place of the hearing, if by video conference or in-person, not less than 45 days before the hearing, unless otherwise ordered by the tribunal.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10287 Evidence.

Rule 287. (1) A copy of all evidence to be offered in support of a party's contentions shall be filed with the tribunal and served upon the opposing party or parties not less than 21 days before the date of the scheduled hearing, unless otherwise provided by the tribunal. Failure to comply with this subrule may result in the exclusion of the valuation disclosure or other written evidence at the time of the hearing because the opposing party or parties may have been denied the opportunity to adequately consider and evaluate the valuation disclosure or other written evidence before the date of the scheduled hearing.

(2) Service of the evidence shall be made on the opposing party or parties unless an attorney or authorized representative has entered an appearance in the proceeding on behalf of that opposing party or parties and then service shall be made on the attorney or authorized representative.

(3) The tribunal may admit and give probative effect to evidence of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their affairs. Irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence may be excluded. Effect shall be given to the rules of privilege recognized by law.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.

R 792.10289 Exceptions; filing of exceptions; "good cause" defined; service of exceptions; location of rehearing.

Rule 289. (1) A party may submit exceptions to a decision by a referee or an administrative law judge, other than tribunal member, by filing the exceptions with the tribunal and serving a copy on the opposing party or parties within 20 days of the entry of the decision. The exceptions are limited to the evidence submitted prior to or otherwise admitted at the hearing and any matter addressed in the proposed opinion and judgment and shall demonstrate good cause as to why the decision should be adopted, modified, or a rehearing held. For purposes of this subrule, "good cause" means error of law, mistake of fact, fraud, or any other reason the tribunal considers sufficient and material.

(2) The opposing party or parties may file and serve a response to the exceptions within 14 days of the service of the exceptions on that party.

(3) Service of the exceptions or response shall be made on the opposing party or parties unless an attorney or authorized representative has entered an appearance in the proceeding on behalf of that opposing party or parties and then service shall be made on the attorney or authorized representative.

(4) The party who files exceptions or a response shall also file with the tribunal, or include as a part of the exceptions or response, a statement attesting to the service of the exceptions or response on the opposing party or parties or their attorney or

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authorized representative. The statement shall specify who was served with the exceptions or response and the date and method by which the exceptions or response was served.

(5) A rehearing, if held, shall be conducted by a tribunal member in a manner to be determined by the tribunal and may be limited to the evidence considered at the hearing.

History: 2013 MR 6, Eff. March 20, 2013.