# PREPARING FOR EMERGENCIES

Why, Where, When and Who

## Objectives

- By the end of this course, the attendee will be able to:
  - Discuss why emergency preparedness is necessary
  - List two resources to assist with facility emergency planning
  - Outline the fundamental features of Incident Command
  - Understand the purpose of:
    - Job Action Sheets
    - Incident Planning and Response Guides
    - NHICS forms

## Why

## Why Prepare?



- "Disasters can happen at any time, often with little to no warning. The mass destruction can leave you cutoff from the outside world for days. Emergency rescuers will soon be there to help following a disaster, but it may take time before they are able to get to you."
- "Having an emergency plan and a disaster survival supply kit will help you through almost every kind of crisis, whether natural or caused by humans. However, each type of event requires different kinds of preparation and action."

City of Evanston Emergency Preparedness and Response

## Why Prepare?

- "Disasters disrupt hundreds of thousands of lives every year. Each disaster has lasting effects, both to people and property."
- "You should know how to respond to severe weather or any disaster that could occur in your area – hurricanes, earthquakes, extreme cold, flooding, or terrorism."
- "You should also be ready to be self-sufficient for at least three (3) days. This may mean providing for your own shelter, first aid, food, water and sanitation."

<u>Why Prepare</u>



## What are the Threats?

#### Natural Hazards

- Floods
- Thunderstorms & Lightening
- Winter Storms & Extreme Cold
- Extreme Heat
- Fires
- Wildfires
- Other (earthquake, landslide, hurricane, etc.)

#### Technological Hazards

- Hazardous materials incident
- Household chemical emergency
- Nuclear power plant emergency

#### Terrorism

- Chemical
- Biological
- Radiolgic
- Nuclear
- Explosive

## Recovery Isn't Simple Either

- Health and Safety Guidelines
- Returning Home
- Seeking Disaster Assistance
- Coping with Disaster
- Helping Others



## Where

## Where to Prepare

• How many facilities have a plan?



• How often is the plan exercised?

• How often is the plan updated?

• What emergencies are highest threat?

### Tools Available

- Hazard Vulnerability Analysis:
  - http://www.ahcancal.org/facility\_operations/disaster\_planning/ Documents/Copy%20of%20Your%20Facility's%20Hazard%20 %20Vulnerability.xlsx
- California Association of Health Facilities Nursing Home Incident Command System
  - http://cahfdisasterprep.com/NHICS/GuidebookTools.aspx
  - http://www.ahcancal.org/facility\_operations/disaster\_planning/ Documents/NHICSGuidebook\_Final2011.pdf
- State of Michigan Nursing Home Incident Command System Job Action Sheets
  - www.michigan.gov/documents/mdch/Nursing\_Home\_ICS\_Job\_ Sheets1\_2\_452083\_7.pdf

Tools listed above are included with presentation

## Incident Planning

- Incident Planning Guides available on the California Association of Health Facilities website:
  - Infectious Disease Outbreak
  - Natural Disaster: Major Earthquake
  - Natural Disaster: Severe Weather
  - Internal Flooding
  - Fire
  - Man Made Disaster: Loss of Power

## When

## When to Prepare

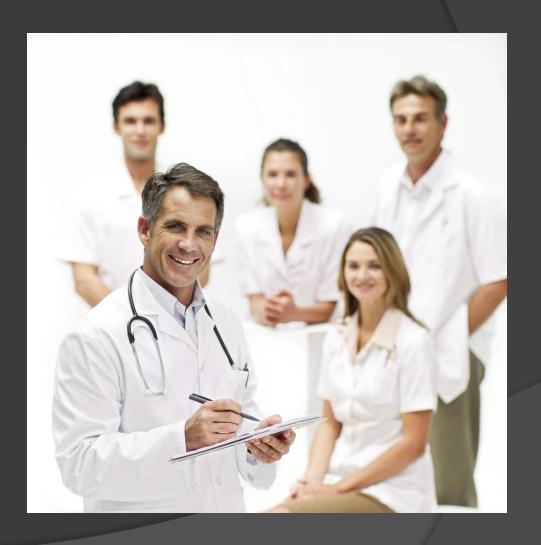
- BEFORE ANYTHING HAPPENS!
- Meet people and organizations
   BEFORE need help
- Establish when (triggers) to activate & demobilize
- Establish what supplies are available & supply gaps

## Who

## Who Plans?

Administration

Staff



### Who Plan For?

Residents

Staff & family

- Check out:
  - http://www.cahfdownload.com/cahf/dpp/NHI
     CS\_2011\_CompleteGuidebook/NHICS\_Atta
     chment\_G\_to\_K\_TrainingModules/NHICS\_A
     ttachment\_G\_Module1.pdf

## Who Manages?

Incident Command System required



### What is Incident Command?

 A standardized, all-hazard approach to incident management; usable to manage all types of emergencies, routine or planned events, by establishing a clear chain of command

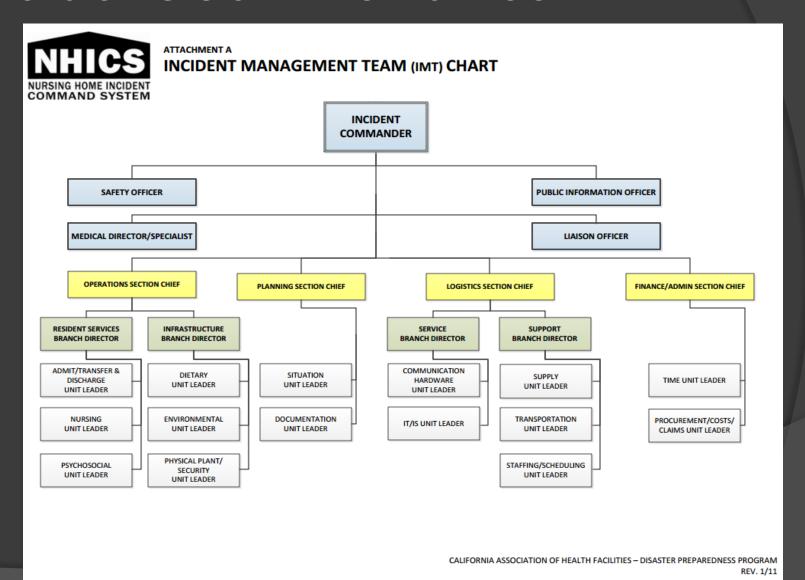
#### ICS ensures

- Safety of responders and others
- Achievement of tactical objectives
- Effective use of resources

### Fundamentals of ICS

- Common terminology
- Modular organization
- Management by objectives
- Reliance on an Incident Action Plan (IAP)
- Manageable span of control
- Pre-designated incident locations/facilities
- Resource management
- Integrated communications
- Common command structure

## Incident Command Team



## Who Does What?

Position	Job Responsibilities	Staff Level
Incident Commander	<ul> <li>Responsible for all incident activities including development of incident objectives, strategies and tactics and release of resources</li> <li>Overall responsibility and authority</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Director or Division Director</li> <li>Someone with leadership skills and an understanding of ICS</li> <li>Is ultimately accountable</li> </ul>
Safety Officer	<ul> <li>Monitors and assesses safety hazards, unsafe hazards or situations</li> <li>Develops measures for ensuring personnel safety</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Someone with an understanding of the safety issues associated with the incident and the authority to intervene and/or stop processes that are unsafe.</li> </ul>
Liaison Officer	Coordinates with representatives from cooperating and assisting agencies	<ul> <li>Knowledge and/or working relationship with outside agencies. This could be specific to the incident.</li> </ul>
Public Information Officer	<ul> <li>Interfaces with press to deliver messages to the public.</li> <li>Provides concise and pertinent (coordinated) information to the media</li> </ul>	Training in media relations

## Who Does What?

Position	Job Responsibilities	Staff Level
Operations Chief	<ul> <li>Manages all incident tactical activities and implements the Incident Action Plan (IAP)</li> <li>Direct involvement in preparation of IAP for period of responsibility</li> </ul>	Leadership role with knowledge/expertise in the processes associated with the implementation of the response to the incident
Logistics Chief	<ul> <li>Provides resources and services to support the incident/operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leadership role</li> <li>Knows the procedures necessary to acquire the services/products to accomplish operation's objectives/IAP.</li> </ul>
Planning Chief	<ul> <li>Collects, evaluates and disseminates operational information as it relates to the incident.</li> <li>In larger incidents, develops the Incident Action Plan (IAP) in the planning meeting (based on commander's incident objectives)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leadership role</li> <li>Organized individual who is able to think ahead about what's needed or may be needed during all phases of incident</li> <li>Able to quickly gather necessary information to formulate and communicate an initial plan</li> <li>Updates plan as incident and information unfolds</li> </ul>
Finance/ Administration Chief	<ul> <li>Monitors cost related to the incident, provides accounting, procurement, time recording and cost analyses</li> </ul>	Experience with administrative and accounting procedures for the facility

## Position Cross Walk

NHICS POSITION	NURSING HOME POSITION
Incident Commander	Administrator
Medical Director/Specialist	Medical Director/Nurse Consultant
Public Information Officer	Media Relations/Administrator
Liaison Officer	Assistant Administrator
Safety Officer	Maintenance
Operations Section Chief	Director of Nursing
Resident Services Branch Director	Director of Staff Development
Nursing Unit Leader	Charge Nurse
Psychosocial Unit Leader	Activities Director
Admit/Transfer & Discharge Unit Leader	Charge Nurse or Rehab Director
Infrastructure Branch Director	Housekeeping supervisor
Dietary Unit Leader	Cook
Environmental Unit	Housekeeper
Physical Plant/Security Unit Leader	Maintenance
Planning Section Chief	Assistant/Associate Administrator
Situation Unit Leader	Director of Admitting
Documentation Unit Leader	Medical Records Staff
Logistics Section Chief	Assistant/Associate Administrator/Director of Dietary Services
Service Branch Director	Accounts Manager
Communication Hardware Unit Leader	Maintenance Staff/Rehab Director
IT/IS Unit Leader	Business Office Staff
Support Branch Director	Director of Social Services
Supply Unit Leader	Housekeeping or Central Supply
Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader	Lead CNA
Transportation Unit Leader	Maintenance or Activity Staff
Finance/Admin Section Chief	Business/Finance Director
Time Unit Leader	Payroll/Biller
Procurement /Costs / Claims Unit Leader	Risk Manager / Quality Management

### Where to Learn More:

- California Hospital Association Emergency Preparedness (<a href="http://www.calhospitalprepare.org/">http://www.calhospitalprepare.org/</a>)
- California Association of Health Facilities Nursing Home Incident Command System (<a href="http://cahfdisasterprep.com/NHICS/GuidebookTools.aspx">http://cahfdisasterprep.com/NHICS/GuidebookTools.aspx</a> and <a href="http://www.ahcancal.org/facility\_operations/disaster\_planning/Documents/NHICSGuidebook\_Final2011.pdf">http://www.ahcancal.org/facility\_operations/disaster\_planning/Documents/NHICSGuidebook\_Final2011.pdf</a>)
- Center for HICS Education (<u>www.hicscenter.org</u>)
- Centers for Disease Control & Prevention (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>)
- State of Michigan Nursing Home Incident Command System Job Action Sheets (<u>www.michigan.gov/documents/mdch/Nursing\_Home\_ICS\_Job\_Sheets1\_2\_452083\_7.pdf</u>)
- City of Evanston (<a href="http://www.cityofevanston.org/fire/emergency-preparedness-response/">http://www.cityofevanston.org/fire/emergency-preparedness-response/</a>)
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (<u>www.fema.gov</u>)

## Questions?



















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#### Disclaimers

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#### I PREFACE

Since September 11, 2001, the healthcare community has moved to the forefront in emergency preparedness and response. Issues related to terrorism, natural disasters, public health emergencies, and failures in technology have impacted the ability of healthcare facilities to not only maintain daily operations but to respond to the surge in medical care needs of the community.

The use of an Incident Command System (ICS) in emergency response has been well established in military, public, and private sector entities for decades. In 2006, the Hospital Emergency Incident Command System was revised to ensure consistency with established ICS concepts, allowing greater connectivity of hospitals with public safety and emergency management partners. The 2006 revision project yielded new tools for hospitals to use in the development and enhancement of emergency management programs. These tools, including incident planning and response guides and the development of healthcare based ICS forms; provide planners with additional resources to augment their current plans. A key element of the overall healthcare emergency management program is the planning with community partners, including other nursing home and long-term care facilities. These critical resources play an integral role in a successful response through enhancement of the community medical surge capacity and capabilities.

In 2004, Homeland Security Presidential Directive-5 directed the development and implementation of the National Incident Management System (NIMS). The overarching goal within NIMS is the development of a consistent national template for preparedness and response, allowing government and nongovernment agencies to work together. This was a major development in emergency management, as there is now a federal mechanism for ongoing collaboration based on best practices and lessons learned. Use of an ICS is a component of NIMS, paving the road for collaboration among a variety of agencies, disciplines, and providers within the critical healthcare and public safety infrastructure.

Through the leadership of the California Association of Healthcare Facilities (CAHF), this guidebook and its toolkit were developed to provide nursing home and other long-term care facilities with the planning and response guidance to refine their emergency management programs through the use of a nursing home incident command system. This guidebook utilizes materials developed in the 2006 HICS revision project along with the nursing home ICS guidance developed by the State of Florida Health Care Association. In addition, the best practices identified by the Center for HICS Education and

Training were used in the research and development of these materials In the year following the release of NHICS in California, the American Health Care Association Disaster Preparedness Committee accepted the task of integrating the Florida Health Care Association NHICS Job Action sheets and Incident management team chart into CAHF's NHICS materials in an effort to improve the national applicability of the materials. The result of their hard work is reflected in this 2011 edition of the NHICS Guidebook.

Every significant incident or event, whether large or small, and whether it is defined as an emergency, requires certain management functions to be performed. This guidebook is intended to explain in a clear and concise manner the critical components of the Nursing Home Incident Command System (NHICS) as well as the suggested manner for using the accompanying materials.

NHICS is intended to be used by nursing homes and other long-term care facilities regardless of size or resident care capabilities, and to assist with their emergency planning and response efforts for all hazards. By embracing the concepts of incident command design outlined in NHICS, a nursing home is positioned to be consistent with NIMS and to participate in a system that promotes national standardization in terminology, response concepts, and procedures.

The primary beneficiaries of NHICS will be facility administrators, department heads, physicians, nurses, and other personnel in long-term care facilities in the United States and internationally who will assume command roles during an incident. Students preparing for a career in medicine, nursing, and hospital administration, whose education should include understanding emergency preparedness principles and practices, will also find the material useful.

Other community response partners need to understand the role of nursing homes and long-term care facilities, including the response activities and the needs that facilities will have during various types of incidents. Therefore, local/tribal, state, and federal public safety, emergency management, and public health officials will also benefit from reading this manual.

The guidebook has not been written to be the definitive text on emergency preparedness or to comprehensively teach the principles of incident command. Rather, the reader should find the short-paragraph and bulleted-information format helpful in quickly understanding vitally important tenets of response planning, incident command, and effective response.

Neither has this guidebook been written to become the Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) for any facility. However, the principles detailed and concepts contained within will be helpful in revising or writing an EOP and can be integrated into a facility's Emergency Management Program where appropriate. This guidebook serves as an adjunct to existing texts and operations manuals as well as regulatory guidance documents available through state and federal agencies. When applicable, reference to these resources will be identified throughout the guidebook.

Users of this guidebook are encouraged to review the medical mutual aid system within their region and state, as well as the emergency operations plan for their jurisdiction. Information on the Hospital Incident Command System, including the history of its development and revision, can be found in the HICS Guidebook, available at <a href="https://www.hicscenter.org">www.hicscenter.org</a>.

The goals in developing a Nursing Home Incident Command System include the following:

- Customization of a well-developed and tested incident management system for use by non-traditional health care partners
- Incorporation of assets and resources of the nursing home community into all-hazard emergency management
- Development of nursing-home-specific planning and response tools for emergency management
- Introduction to and utilization of incident action planning for nursing homes
- Development and implementation guidance for use of an incident management system that promotes collaboration and interoperability

It is recognized that nursing homes, whether the distinction is long-term, residential care, skilled nursing facility, or other, come in a variety of sizes and delivery services. Therefore the NHICS guidance is developed with the acknowledgment that limited resources are sometimes available for response. Given such, users are encouraged to customize the positions and job action sheets to reflect their unique settings.

#### II ICS in Healthcare

In this section, the history of the Incident Command System will be discussed, as well as those characteristics of the system that make it applicable and beneficial across a variety of facilities.

The Incident Command System (ICS) was developed in the 1970s by an interagency task force working in a cooperative local, state, and federal effort called FIRESCOPE (**Fi**refighting **Re**sources of **C**alifornia **O**rganized for **P**otential **E**mergencies) to combat wildland fires. Prior to the development of ICS, research into response to major incidents revealed weaknesses in a number of areas:

- Inadequate communication because of conflicting terminology or inefficient or improper use of technology
- Lack of a standardized management structure that would allow integration, command and control, and workload efficiency
- Lack of personnel accountability
- Lack of a systematic planning process

As a result of these and other failures, incidents of all sizes and types were often mismanaged, resulting in health and safety risks, unnecessary damage, ineffective resource management, and economic losses.

ICS is designed to meet these challenges by:

- Being effectual in managing all emergency, routine, or planned events, of any size or type, and by establishing a clear chain of command
- Allowing personnel from different agencies or departments to be integrated into a common structure that can effectively address issues and delegate responsibilities
- Provide needed logistical and administrative support to operational personnel
- Ensure key functions are covered and eliminate duplication

The fundamental features of ICS include:

#### 1. Common terminology/clear text

The use of common terminology provides for a clear message and sharing of information. It avoids the use of codes, slang, or discipline-specific nomenclature that may not be clearly understood by all planning and response partners. A common terminology helps to define the common organizational structure: as an example, the identification of sections, section chiefs, and branch directors. Another

key benefit of common terminology is the ability to share resources in the response, such as personnel to oversee incident management or operations. By using consistent terminology, the opportunity to develop memorandums or agreements to share personnel is enhanced.

#### 2. Modular organization

The ICS structure begins from the top and expands as needed by the event. Positions within the structure are activated as dictated by the incident size or complexity. As complexity increases, the ICS organization expands. Only those functions or positions necessary for an incident are activated. This will be clearly demonstrated in subsequent sections that detail the incident management team along with their roles and responsibilities.

#### 3. Management by objectives

The Incident Commander initiates the response and sets the overall command and control objectives. The mission of the response is defined for all members of the response team through a clear understanding of the organization's policy and direction. This includes an assessment of the incident from the current situation to projected impacts. To meet the overall mission, or command objectives, individual sections will establish incident objectives as well as the strategies to achieve these objectives through clear tactics. Because emergency response is not "business as usual," clearly defined objectives will allow staff to focus on the roles in the response, avoiding duplication of efforts or omission of critical actions.

#### 4. Incident Action Planning

The development of objectives is documented in the Incident Action Plan (IAP). A written plan provides personnel with direction for taking actions based on the objectives identified in the IAP and reflects the overall strategy for incident management while providing measurable strategic operations for the operational period. To ease this process, ICS forms are designed and developed for nursing homes and are contained within the NHICS guidebook.

#### 5. Manageable span of control

A key concept in ICS is maintaining a span of control that is both effective and manageable. Because emergency events are not business as usual situations, the span of control for operations that are not routine should be kept at an effective number. Within ICS, the optimum span of control is one supervisor to five reporting personnel. If the number falls outside these ratios, the incident management team should be expanded or consolidated.

#### 6. Pre-designated incident locations/facilities

In the planning stages, planners should determine the location of their response and coordination sites, including the coordination and command sites. Within ICS, sites are identified for both scene and regional coordination, such as helicopter landing zones, staging areas, command posts, and emergency operations centers. Planners within the nursing home or long-term care facility should identify sites for ICS management, staging areas for receipt of supplies and equipment, evacuation sites if the infrastructure is unsafe, and so on.

#### 7. Resource management

Resources used in the response are categorized as *tactical* and *support*. Tactical resources include personnel and major equipment available or potentially available for use in the response. Support resources are all other resources to support the incident, including food, equipment, communications, supplies, vehicles, etc. It is critical in the response to understand the availability and status of both tactical and support resources. It is important to have a clear picture of current and needed resources when working within the medical mutual aid system in the jurisdiction of state, allowing those providing the response support to provide the necessary assets through a clear understanding of current capability.

#### 8. Integrated communications

There are three elements within integrated communications: modes, plans and networks. The modes include the hardware systems that transfer information, such as radios, cell phones, and pagers. Plans should be developed in advance on how to best use the available modes through a clear and concise communication policy and plans (for example, determining who can use radios and what information should be communicated). The networks identified within the jurisdiction will determine the procedures and processes for transferring information internally and externally.

#### 9. Common command structure

The ICS provides for a common command structure that identifies core principles for an efficient chain of command. *Unity of Command* dictates that each person within the response structure reports to only one supervisor. A *single command* exists when a single agency or discipline responds to an event; for example, the fire service at a warehouse fire is commanded by a fire captain or chief. When multiple agencies or disciplines are working together at a scene, there is a *unified command* structure that allows for coordination in response

actions. For nursing homes, this may occur when the facility is the scene of the incident, such as a fire. The nursing home administration and the fire command work together in a unified command structure.

#### III Incident Management Team for Nursing Homes

#### **Incident Management Functions**

It is important to understand that ICS is a management system-not an organizational chart. It is predicated on a number of principal tenets:

- Every incident or event requires that certain management functions be performed. The problem encountered is evaluated, a plan to remedy the problem is identified and implemented, and the necessary resources assigned. Management by Objectives (MBO) is thus a critically important component to the successful implementation of an incident command system and involves the inclusion of both control and operational period objectives.
- The ICS organization frequently does not correlate to the daily administrative structure of the agency or nursing home. This practice is purposeful and done to reduce role and title confusion. Those positions activated in the response come together to serve as the *Incident Management Team (IMT)*, whose purpose is to respond to and recover from the event through coordinated objectives and tactics.
- Position titles within the IMT should remain unchanged; this promotes interoperability between response partners, allowing for sharing of personnel resources among organizations.
- The IMT structure consists of the command, general, branch and unit staff, with sections clearly identified by the roles and responsibilities they carry out.
  - The *Incident Commander* is the only position always activated in an incident regardless of its nature. In addition to Command, which sets the objectives, devises strategies and priorities, and maintains overall responsibility for managing the incident, there are four other management functions.
  - Operations conducts the tactical operations (e.g., resident services, clean-up) to carry out the plan using defined objectives and directing all needed resources.
  - Planning collects and evaluates information for decision support, maintains resource status information, prepares documents such as the Incident Action Plan, and maintains documentation for incident reports.
  - Logistics provides support, resources, and other essential services to meet the operational objectives set by Incident Commander.
  - o **Finance** monitors costs related to the incident while providing accounting, procurement, time recording, and cost analyses.

On small-scale incidents, the Incident Commander may be able to accomplish all five management functions alone, but on larger incidents effective management may require that the Incident Commander establish one or more of the four other functions and appoint Section Chiefs.

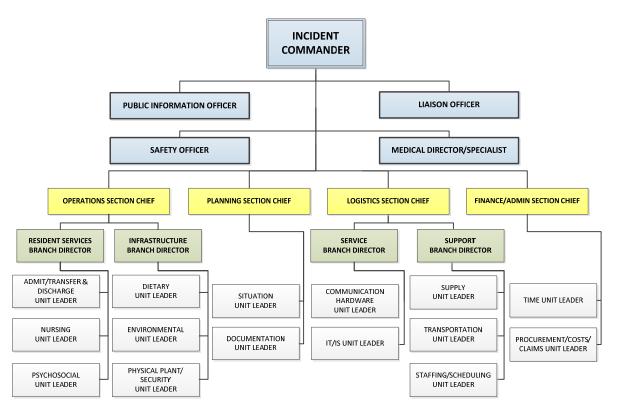
#### **Building the IMT**

The development of the IMT is based on the essential elements of ICS. The system is scalable and flexible, and uses a modular organization to respond to the event. As previously stated, **the Incident Commander is the only position that is always activated.** Activating additional positions is considered when the event duration increases, when situational information provides insight on the possible impact to the facility and when the span of control is exceeded. Management tools have been developed to help determine the need for activating additional positions; these tools (Job Action Sheets, Forms, and Incident Response Guides) should be customized by individual facilities based on their staffing and possible response actions.

Position titles within the IMT define the role and the tasks assigned to that role. Titles identify the hierarchy within the chain of command. These titles include:

- **Commander:** there is only one commander position during the incident response, this being the Incident Commander.
- Officers: officers are part of the command section. In NHICS, the officer roles are the Liaison Officer, Public Information Officer, Medical Director/Specialist and Safety Officer. Each of these positions report directly to the Incident Commander.
- Chiefs: oversight for the section is provided by a Section Chief.
- Directors: branches may be activated under the sections to maintain the chain of command and provide specific duties and actions as identified by the position title. For example, within the Operations Section, there is a Resident Services Branch and an Infrastructure Branch, with oversight provided by Directors.
- **Leaders:** units may be activated within a branch when there is a specialized but complex set of duties that relate to a specific assignment. The person assuming responsibility for a Unit is a Leader.

The NHICS incident management team chart illustrates how authority and responsibility is laid out during an activation of the emergency plan. In traditional Incident Command, there are five sections: Command, Operations, Planning, Logistics, and Finance. The Incident Commander position is the only one that is always activated in an emergency and in small scale incidents, the Incident Commander may be able to accomplish all five management functions without the activation of additional positions. For large incidents additional positions may be activated, with the overall goal to maintain the span of control and meet the needs of the facility based on the available resources. An important feature of the incident command system is its scalability. NHICS positions are assigned to personnel as indicated by the situation, and may be activated or deactivated as the incident unfolds and the needs change or become more clearly defined.



Within the Incident Management Team chart, positions are demonstrated for optimal staffing. When positions cannot be activated due to staffing, the roles and responsibilities are rolled into the highest position activated. For example, if the position of Liaison Officer cannot be activated, the tasks for that position become the responsibility of the Incident Commander.

#### **NHICS Incident Management Team: Command**

The **Incident Commander** is the only position that is always activated. The Incident Commander activates and directs the response through the development of command objectives to direct the response. In many cases, the Incident Commander may be the only position that is activated. A critical responsibility of the Incident Commander is the decision to evacuate the facility. Based on the incident hazard that causes evacuation, this can be a difficult decision and is based on overall situational information, the projected impact, the threat to life and property, and the capability for safe evacuation.

The **Safety Officer** within the Command Staff is responsible for overall safety of the response actions, modifying or suspending operations if the conditions are unsafe to continue. For example, a nursing home may be forced to evacuate all or part of the facility due to an earthquake. The Safety Officer should evaluate the site where residents are moved to, ensuring that this location is free of hazards.

The **Liaison Officer** serves as the link for the nursing home with external partners. This position provides information to external response agencies such as public health authorities, emergency management officials, and other agencies as identified by the facility during planning and response.

The Medical Director/Specialist is the person with specific expertise in clinical areas such as infectious disease, trauma management, and medical ethics who may be asked to provide the Incident Command staff with needed advice and coordination assistance. This role may be filled by persons outside of the facility but ideally will be filled by the facility's Medical Director/Specialist who has familiarity with the resident population, and the disaster plan for the facility. In the IMT illustrated in the beginning of this chapter, the Medical Director/Specialist reports to the Incident Commander; however, in actual event, this specialist may work directly with operations personnel providing advice or guidance in the response activities.

#### **NHICS Incident Management Team: Operations**

Many incidents that occur involve altered conditions of care for the residents. There could be environmental changes such as loss of power and/or poor air quality that will require emergency measures to protect residents from harm. There also could be injured or ill residents and staff who will require first aid and/or an environment that needs immediate cleaning or repair. These critical actions become the responsibility of the Operations Section who will be responsible for managing the tactical objectives outlined by the Incident Commander.

The **Operations Section** is considered the "doers" and consists of nine positions. Oversight of the Section is by a Chief. Additional positions include a Resident Services Branch Director, and an Infrastructure Branch Director. Under these two branches, the unit positions of Nursing, Psychosocial, Admit/Transfer & Discharge, Dietary, Environmental, and Physical Plant/Security may be activated depending on the situation.

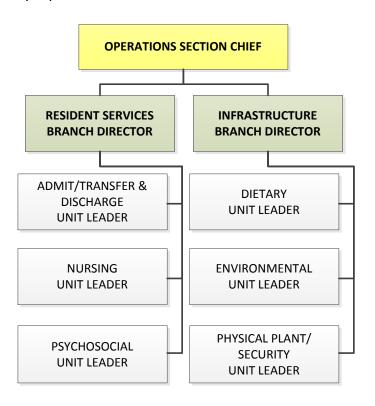
The **Operations Section Chief** oversees all tactical operations carried out within the response. He/she will activate the additional positions based on the needs of the event, as well as the availability of qualified personnel to fill the positions. Remember that if a position is needed but there is insufficient staffing to fill that position, the functions of that position are assumed by the highest position activated in that section.

The **Resident Services Branch Director** is responsible for the continuation of resident services as well as the provision of care to residents, staff and visitors who are injured or become ill due to the incident. The **Resident Services Branch Director** may assign staff to ensure continuation of resident services, including rehabilitation and vocational services as provided by the facility. The Resident Services Branch Director must also ensure that residents are accounted for and tracked, and that services needed to sustain operations are identified and provided.

The Infrastructure Branch Director is responsible for the continuation of those services that support the care in the facility including dietary, housekeeping, power, lighting, water, sewage, and other essential services. The Infrastructure Branch Director may also be required to assess the structural soundness of the facility in the event of an assault on the building such as from an earthquake, tornado, or fire, and then advise the Operations Section Chief on the capacity of the structure to sustain occupancy.

The **Physical Plant/Security Unit Leader** under the Infrastructure Branch is responsible for ensuring that the nursing home and the surrounding grounds are secure during the response. This may include traffic control as well as lockdown of the facility due to security threats, structural damage or infectious disease outbreaks. Planning should address the use of facility personnel to perform this role but also the integration of local law enforcement and/or private security firms if needed.

Within these established positions in the IMT, staff in day-to-day positions may continue their tasks and actions, reporting their status to the applicable branches. For example: the facility housekeeper(s) may report observed damages after an earthquake to the Infrastructure Branch Director. Those personnel who provide resident services, such as physical or occupational therapy, may report their status to the Resident Services Branch Director.



**NHICS IMT: Operations Section** 

#### **NHICS Incident Management Team: Logistics**

The Logistics Section is considered the "getters" for the response. Logistics provides the necessary services and support to sustain operations during the emergency response. This section identifies and inventories current resources including supplies, equipment, and personnel, and obtains those additional items needed to support operations.

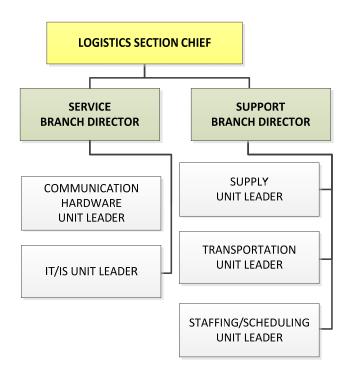
The **Logistics Section Chief** oversees the provision of services and support to sustain current operations and the operational response to the incident. It consists of eight positions including the Chief, the Service and Support Branch Directors, and the Communication/Hardware, IT/IS, Supply, Staffing/Scheduling, and Transportation Units. This section's responsibilities include personnel/manpower, supplies, equipment, pharmaceuticals, and vehicles. The Logistics Section works closely with the Operations Section, responding to supply requests and their acquisition based on the needs of the response. During pre-event planning, a staging area (or areas) should be established and identified in the Emergency Operations Plan (EOP). The staging area will be a central location, large enough to allow for the collection of personnel, vehicles, and equipment/supplies needed in the response. The Logistics Section Chief, with the assistance of the Support Branch Director provides oversight and direction at the staging area(s), maintaining an inventory of those supplies.

There are two branches within the **Logistics Section:** Service and Support. The **Service Branch** will ensure the preservation of those essential services; of communications and information technology. Under the Service Branch Director, the Communications and IT/IS Unit Leaders may be activated to assist with this function. The Logistics Section **Support Branch** organizes and maintains the facility's supplies, equipment, transportation and labor pool in support of the residents, staff, and staff dependents in accordance with facility policy. The Support Branch must also account for those resources used and requested for operations. Under the Support Branch Director, the Supply, Staffing/Scheduling, and Transportation Unit Leaders may be activated to assist with this function.

Pre-incident planning should identify critical items that may be needed for various responses based on annual completion of a Hazard Vulnerability Analysis. The on-hand inventory documentation should be kept current and readily available for use when needed.

During a response, needed items that are not "in-house" may be obtained from off the shelf stores or through standard ordering procedures, emergency

procurement contracts, mutual aid agreements between facilities, corporate support, and/or requests to the local Emergency Operations Center – Emergency Support Function #8-Health and Medical Services.



**NHICS IMT: Logistics Section** 

#### **NHICS Incident Management Team: Planning**

When sufficient staff are available, and when the impact of the event is sustained, the **Planning Section** or "thinkers" may be activated. The role of the Planning Section within the NHICS Incident Management Team is to gather and validate information from both internal and external sources. The **Planning Section** must also gather, analyze, and track situational response data, providing up-to-date and accurate information regarding residents, staff, supplies, and equipment and other resources, and projecting the ability to sustain operations based on the current and future status. This section consists of three positions.

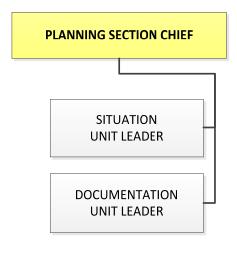
The **Planning Section Chief** oversees the section and determines the need for activation of the **Situation Unit** and **Documentation Unit**. As outlined in NIMS, the Planning Section will "collect, evaluate, and disseminate incident situation information and intelligence to Incident Command." They will also be

responsible for preparing status reports, displaying various types of information, and developing the Incident Action Plan (IAP). The effectiveness of the Planning Section has a direct impact on the availability of information needed for the critical, strategic decision-making done by the Incident Commander and the other General Staff positions.

The **Situation Unit Leader** will be responsible for writing and maintaining incident updates based on internal and external events, including those related to patient tracking and bed tracking. The status of supplies and equipment, both those available and in use for the response will be tracked by the Situation Unit Leader.

Multiple types of information should be documented during an incident. This information may originate from the incident scene, in one of the nursing home's operating service areas, or from the (facility) Command Center. The Planning Section will take the lead in coordinating documentation efforts. The role of the **Documentation Unit Leader** is to work with other members of the incident management team to document the incident. They also are responsible for archiving the documents created during the response.

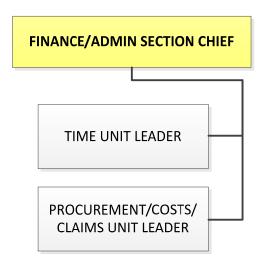
Multiple methods of documentation will likely be used during an incident. Written documentation will be the primary method of information recording. Each Incident Management Team position is tasked with maintaining their own log of issues, actions, and outcomes (See Attachment E: NHICS Forms).



NHICS IMT: Planning Section

#### **NHICS Incident Management Team: Finance/Administration**

The Finance/Administration Section Chief oversees the costs and expenditures incurred by the response actions, including the purchasing of supplies and equipment. The Finance/Administration Section must also account for lost revenue associated with the response and recovery and ensure thorough investigation and documentation of incident-related claims. Additionally, the Finance/Administration Section Chief must assist in the screening of volunteers who will be assigned to duties during the response. This section consists of three positions.



NHICS IMT: Finance/Administration

The **Time Unit Leader** ensures that all staff and volunteers who are utilized in the response efforts account for their hours and assists with the screening of volunteers or newly recruited staff if possible before they are assigned to any resident areas.

The **Procurement/Claims/Costs Unit Leader** works closely with the Logistics Section to obtain those supplies and equipment needed for the response. The costs of items procured in the response will be documented, with projections for ongoing costs that may be incurred in the response and recovery phases. The position is also responsible for coordinating all claims and compensations related to response and recovery efforts. These may include insurance and government claims related to the response as well as compensation claims related to employee, visitor, or resident injury or illness.

#### **Position Crosswalk**

To further explain the roles within the IMT, suggested nursing home positions that may fill the IMT roles have been identified. The identification of traditional nursing home positions to fill the IMT roles provides a source of discussion in the planning stage. A key step in this process is to review the roles and responsibilities of the position as identified in the Job Action Sheet, and identify the most skilled person to fill the role.

The following chart is a list of <u>suggested</u> persons to fill the IMT roles.

NHICS POSITION	NURSING HOME POSITION
Incident Commander	Administrator
Medical Director/Specialist	Medical Director/Nurse Consultant
Public Information Officer	Media Relations/Administrator
Liaison Officer	Assistant Administrator
Safety Officer	Maintenance
Operations Section Chief	Director of Nursing
Resident Services Branch Director	Director of Staff Development
Nursing Unit Leader	Charge Nurse
Psychosocial Unit Leader	Activities Director
Admit/Transfer & Discharge Unit Leader	Charge Nurse or Rehab Director
Infrastructure Branch Director	Housekeeping supervisor
Dietary Unit Leader	Cook
Environmental Unit	Housekeeper
Physical Plant/Security Unit Leader	Maintenance
Planning Section Chief	Assistant/Associate Administrator
Situation Unit Leader	Director of Admitting
Documentation Unit Leader	Medical Records Staff
Logistics Section Chief	Assistant/Associate Administrator/Director of Dietary Services
Service Branch Director	Accounts Manager
Communication Hardware Unit Leader	Maintenance Staff/Rehab Director
IT/IS Unit Leader	Business Office Staff
Support Branch Director	Director of Social Services
Supply Unit Leader	Housekeeping or Central Supply
Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader	Lead CNA
Transportation Unit Leader	Maintenance or Activity Staff
Finance/Admin Section Chief	Business/Finance Director
Time Unit Leader	Payroll/Biller
Procurement /Costs / Claims Unit Leader	Risk Manager / Quality Management

#### Adapting the IMT to Large and Small Facilities

In the planning stages, nursing home administrators and managers should determine the availability of on-site staff to fill IMT positions. This should include identification of staff on all shifts; those persons readily available to fill positions during the day may not be immediately available during the night or on weekends. The IMT chart should be kept current and accessible.

For smaller facilities or during off hours for any facility, it may be necessary for administrators/managers who are working and still on-site to initially assume multiple roles until additional personnel arrive. Job Action Sheets for each position that an individual completes should be reviewed and used separately or combined into a blended JAS – this should be done as part of the planning process and not attempted during the response.

The use of NHICS and common training conducted by all of the nursing homes in a community will help to insure that these facilities can help one another, especially when the problem is isolated to one facility. Those not impacted may be able to share IMT trained personnel as well as other equipment and supplies.

Integrating response planning and training with the local hospital(s) can also provide the opportunity to assist one another during an emergency, including sharing of IMT personnel.

#### IV Job Action Sheets

Job Action Sheets are generic forms used in all response and recovery efforts. Each Job Action Sheet (JAS) identifies the position by title followed by a mission statement that reinforces the roles and responsibilities assigned to that position.

An information box is found at the top of each JAS, allowing for documentation of the position assignment and key response information, including location and contact data.

The Job Action Sheet provides a chronological list of tasks to consider in the response. This serves not only as a response guide but also as a documentation tool. The design allows for recording what action was taken, by whom, the time, and other pertinent details

On the JAS for Command and General (Section Chiefs) staff, actions are grouped into four time periods:

On the JAS for Branch and Unit staff, the actions are grouped into two time periods:

Immediate ...... 0-2 Hours
On-Going ...... Ongoing until told to resume normal duties

The JAS also includes a list of job tools: those additional items that will facilitate the response. These may include copies of specific forms, communication tools such as radios, and response-generated paperwork. As with other sections of the JAS, this area may be revised to include those response tools that will aid the person assigned to the position.

The Job Action Sheet should be customized to the individual nursing home. This can be done in the planning stage, allowing qualified persons who are identified to fill the positions to review the tasks, recommending changes to better explain the actions and incorporate additional tasks specific to the facility. In the after-action phase, the Job Action Sheets should be reviewed, noting if tasks were completed, the time of completion, and any additional actions undertaken not currently on the JAS. This will allow for revision of the JAS with the resulting enhancement and customization of the guide. Job Action Sheets for all positions identified on the IMT have been developed (See Attachment D: Job Action Sheets).

#### V Incident Planning and Response Guides

An additional tool that can be used in all phases of the nursing home's emergency management program are the Incident Planning and Response Guides. Each Incident Planning Guide (IPG) begins in the planning and mitigation phase, identifying those actions that may be considered to lessen the impact of the event (mitigation) as well as those actions that may be undertaken in the planning stage, including the development of policies and procedures that will be used in the response. IPGs also include consideration of activities for the response and recovery phase. The IPG is intended to provide guidance in evaluating a plan that may be already written for a particular situation or may be used to write a plan for that situation.

Incident Response Guides (IRGs) detail those actions to be addressed in the response and demobilization (recovery) phases. As with the Job Action Sheets, the actions are organized into the four time periods of Immediate, Intermediate, Extended, and Demobilization. The IRG should be reviewed and customized by the nursing home, incorporating facility-specific information such as contact information, policies and reporting structures.

Incident Planning and Response Guides have been developed for events most likely to impact a nursing home. These are: Biologic-Pandemic Influenza, Fire, Major Earthquake, Internal Flooding, Severe Weather, and Man Made Disaster: Loss of Power.

#### **Differentiating Job Action Sheets and Incident Response Guides**

The Job Action Sheets are developed as guidance and documentation tools for the actions assigned to the position and the person filling the position. The Job Action Sheets are "generic," meaning that the actions and tasks are applicable for all events, regardless of size or cause. The Incident Response Guides are a complementary tool, identifying actions to be considered based on the event that triggers the activation. As an example, the Operations Section Chief will first review then carry out the actions listed on the Job Action Sheet. The Incident Response Guide (IRG) will then list actions to undertake specific to the incident, such as implementing the fire response plan.

The Incident Planning and Response Guides are contained in Attachment F.

#### VI Incident Action Planning and Incident Command System Forms

In developing the response to the event, certain steps should be taken to guide the response. These steps are part of the Incident Action Planning. The incident planning process is a core concept of ICS and takes place regardless of the incident size or complexity. This planning involves six essential steps:

#### 1. Understanding the nursing home's policy and direction

The command and general staff, in developing the response actions to undertake, must first understand the facility policy and purpose. For example, the nursing home may be active in community medical disaster planning and have developed plans to provide first aid services during the emergency. This policy should be established in written policy and be clearly understood by the Incident Management Team as an established response action.

#### 2. Assessing the situation

Situational intelligence is critical in developing the response actions, providing insight to the impact, and projecting the span of the event. Nursing homes should have access to established mechanisms and systems within the community (city, county, regional, or state) that will provide and verify situational information. Another component in assessing the situation is determining the potential impact on the facility itself, based on current resident and employee status, the status of the building(s) and grounds, and the ability to maintain resident services.

#### 3. Establishing incident objectives

The Incident Commander sets the overall command objectives for the response. He/she sets the direction for the response actions, setting the mission of the nursing home in the emergency response. For example, in an incident involving power failure, ensuring the safety of the residents and employees is the highest priority. The Incident Response Guides provide examples of objectives that apply to the response based on the cause. These may be used in the Incident Action Planning process.

#### 4. Determining appropriate strategies to achieve the objectives

After the Incident Commander has set the command objectives, the section chiefs then determine the appropriate strategies to undertake

in the response. This provides a plan of action for each section, clearly identifying actions and duties while ensuring that there is no duplication of efforts. Objectives should be developed that provide clear direction and clearly define what is to be done. For example, assessing the building for structural damage after an earthquake is a clear objective to be carried out.

#### 5. Giving tactical direction and ensuring that it is followed

Tactical directions provide the responders with the actions to be taken, and identifies the resources needed to complete the task. For example, assessing the facility after an earthquake will require the necessary tools such as protective equipment, checklists to document the assessment, etc. Actions undertaken should be assessed for their effectiveness, with the objectives and directions adapted if they are unsuccessful.

#### 6. Providing necessary back-up

When tactical direction is initiated, support is needed to meet the objectives. This may include revision of the actions taken in the response, the assignment of additional resources (personnel, supplies and equipment) as well as the revision of tactical objectives.

#### **Management by Objectives**

The foundation of healthcare incident action planning is Management by Objectives (MBO). The Incident Commander sets the overall command objectives for the response and recovery. Through this process, staff within operations, logistics, and planning are given a clear direction to follow and will then develop strategies for their respective sections. Consider the following example that demonstrates the application of command objectives and strategies. A community-wide infectious disease outbreak impacts the nursing home through illness of residents and staff. The outbreak must be contained, and local health authorities advise restrictions on visitations to nursing homes, hospitals, long-term care, and residential facilities. At the nursing home, the emergency operations plan has been activated, as over 50% of the residents and almost 35% of the facility staff are ill. The Incident Commander identifies the command objectives for this response as:

- 1. Ensure the safety of residents, visitors, and staff
- 2. Continuation of essential resident services and provision of medical care as needed

For the Operations Section (those who provide care to residents and maintain the facility infrastructure) the strategies and tactics that meet the command objectives include:

- 1. Command Objective: Ensure the safety of residents, visitors, and staff
  - a. Strategy: Restriction of visitors to residents
    - i. Tactic: Notify residents and family members of restricted visitation to prevent possible spread of infectious disease
    - ii. Tactic: Post signage of restricted visitation
    - iii. Tactic: Consolidate all entry into facility to one portal to control visitors
- 2. Command Objective: Continuation of essential resident services and provision of medical care as needed
  - a. Strategy: Cancellation of nonessential services in order to utilize available staff for essential resident services
    - Tactic: Identify nonessential services that can be cancelled or postponed; reassign staff to essential services or to an on-site labor pool

For the Logistics Section, whose role is to provide the necessary supplies and equipment to support Operations, the strategies and tactics may include:

- 1. Command Objective: Ensure the safety of residents, visitors, and staff
  - a. Strategy: Provide infection control supplies as needed and directed
    - i. Tactic: Inventory all available infection control supplies, including gloves and masks, currently available

## Documenting the Objectives, Strategies and Tactics: The Incident Action Plan (IAP)

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has developed ICS forms that can be utilized in Incident Action Planning. In 2006, the Hospital Emergency Incident Command System was revised, with the inclusion of ICS forms included in the project. The forms provide a documentation tool that directs the response and archives the objectives, strategies, and tactics. It is also used as a method for documenting the personnel, supplies, and equipment used in response and recovery phases.

#### Key information on the NHICS forms

Incident Name: The event that triggers the activation of the emergency operations plan and the incident management team structure is given a specific name that is then recorded on all ICS forms. If the event affects only the nursing home, the Incident Commander will identify the name. For example, a fire at the facility may be named Nursing Home Fire. If the incident occurs outside of the nursing home, the lead agency or local emergency management will name the incident. This name will be widely communicated, and allow for all response and recovery actions to be tracked under one name. For example, if there is a wildfire that triggers the evacuation of the nursing home, the incident name will come from the lead agency (the fire service) for the response. This incident name should be used on all ICS forms produced by the nursing home, providing clear documentation of the evacuation in response to the external event.

*Operational Period*: This refers to the amount of time it is projected to take to meet the strategies and tactics identified in the response. The operational period does not need to correspond to shift hours. The operational period may be revised to a longer or shorter period based on the incident, the response actions, and the evaluation of efforts undertaken. There is one Incident Commander for the operational period. Turnover of incident management team positions and new strategies and tactics signals a new operational period. It is the role of the Incident Commander to set the operational period.

**Recording of time and date:** The time used on all forms is based on a 24-hour clock. For example, 10 o'clock in the morning is documented at 1000 while 10 o'clock at night is documented at 2200. Standardizing everyone's watches and clocks at the outset of an operational period will help to insure reporting time accuracy.

Dates are expressed in a year / month / day format. For example, June 18, 2009 is written as 2009-06-18.

**Names and Titles**: Position titles have been identified for NHICS that are consistent with standard incident command system terminology. These include Commander, Section Chiefs, Branch Directors, and Unit Leaders. This allows for positions to be shared with other organizations, and also enhance

communication among response partners through the use of common terminology.<sup>1</sup>

In documenting the response on the NHICS forms, the names of persons filling the IMT positions should include the full name.

**Prepared by:** Each form identifies the position within the Incident Management Team responsible for completing the form. This task is also reflected on the Job Action Sheet for each position.

**Facility Name:** The name of the nursing home or long-term care facility that is utilizing the form is documented. This allows for information to be shared with other response partners or with other facilities that may be part of a larger consortium.

**Approved by**: On some forms, the completion of the form for accuracy and applicability may be reviewed by another position within the IMT. This will be noted on each form, with space provided for signatory approval.

**Purpose and Copies**: In the footer section of each form there is guidance provided on the purpose of each form and the routing or distribution of each form. Nursing homes may elect in the planning stage to review the routing of forms, providing customization in the distribution.

**Legibility**: As with all documentation in healthcare, writing should be legible. Beyond guiding the response, ICS forms may be used in recovery, review of the response, and financial reimbursement. The documentation should be legible, providing a clear message for all response partners internal and external of the nursing home.

#### **NHICS Incident Action Planning Forms**

For use in Incident Action Planning by nursing homes, 18 forms have been adapted. Each form has a specific purpose in both directing and documenting the response.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The use of common terminology is one of the foundational characteristics of the Incident Command System, as defined within the National Incident Management System (NIMS).

#### NHICS Form 201: Incident Briefing and Operational Log

The Incident Briefing contains the initial overview of the event, including the cause, the initial impact, the actions taken, and other critical information. This form is completed by the Incident Commander and should provide a clear and succinct overview of the situation to incident management team members. Then, this form can be used for the Command and General staff as their Operational Log to document assignments and key actions taken in their section/branch during the event. Each person with a Command or General staff assignment should complete an operational log, documenting their assignment, actions taken, critical information received, and other key information and decisions as determined by the individual. This critical chronology of information serves multiple functions: as a record of the work performed during the operational period; as a personnel log to assist with reimbursement; as a guide for the after-action review; and as a resource tool for personnel assuming the same position in follow-up operational periods.

#### NHICS Form 202: Incident Objectives

As previously noted, the Incident Commander sets the overall command objectives for the response. These are documented on NHICS form 202. The incident name and operational period, as first identified on NHICS form 201, are repeated on NHICS form 202. Weather conditions are documented on this form, in consideration of any operations that may be impacted by inclement weather, such as heat, rain, extreme cold, etc. As an example of the importance of weather conditions, consider a nursing home evacuation due to power failure. If there is extremely hot weather predicted for the next 12 hours, it may not be safe to move residents to an external location to await transportation. The Logistics Section may be required to provide shelter from the heat if residents must wait outside for prolonged periods.

General safety information is also reflected on NHICS form 202. In the example above, safety information may include use of tents or overhead shelters for staging of residents, directions to drink water and watch for signs of heat exposure to residents and staff.

A separate section is available to indicate any attachments to the form; some examples are contained but there is opportunity here for customization. For example, if a local health alert is issued in response to an infectious disease outbreak, the guidance from the health officer may be attached here. This is a key reference document in the development of strategies and tactics identified for the event response.

The Incident Commander will approve all information contained on NHICS form 202. The Planning Chief has the responsibility for completing the

form; if this role has not been activated or cannot be filled, the Incident Commander assumes the responsibility.

#### NHICS Form 203: Organization Assignment List

This form provides a documentation tool that reflects those positions on the Incident Management Team chart that are activated in the response, and the nursing home personnel currently assigned to the position. In larger facilities, a representative from the nursing home may respond to the (external) Emergency Operations Center (EOC) within the jurisdiction. This position should be documented on the form.

#### NHICS Form 205: Incident Communications Plan

Communications are an integral element of the response, and are most often cited as a failure in the response. This form allows for clear assignment of available technology, including radios, telephones, pagers, and other devices. Facilities may elect in the planning stage to complete this form with the systems and technology currently available. Decisions may also be made in the planning stage concerning the assignment of response specific to technology and tools. For example, if the nursing home has 4 two-way radios available for use in the response, these may be indicated on the form along with the IMT position to which each radio is assigned.

#### NHICS Form 206: Staff Injury Plan

In some cases, the care of ill or injured employees must be considered. If there is infrastructure damage to the facility that causes injuries to staff or if there is an infectious disease outbreak that requires assessment and prophylaxis of employees, the nursing home may need to care for its staff. NHICS form 206 documents these actions, providing clear direction as to the location of occupational health services and accountability for protection of employees.

#### NHICS Form 207: Organizational Chart

Similar to the information contained on NHICS form 203, position assignments are documented in a visual organization chart / incident management team format that can be distributed to appropriate personnel.

#### NHICS Form 213: Incident Message Form

Clear documentation of messages received and sent in activation is important both for ensuring critical information flow and follow-up actions taken. The person sending the message should document legibly the request being made, including the need for follow-up of actions taken. Persons receiving messages should use the form to document actions taken as requested and provide answers to messages. This form may also be used for documentation of telephone or radio messages received, again serving as a tool to record

requests and actions. The NHICS form 213 may be produced on NCR (non-carbon) paper, allowing for multiple copies of the messages to be routed accordingly. When used effectively, this allows for message archive without the use of a copy machine.

#### NHICS Form 251: Facility System Status Report

This form can and should be customized to the individual nursing home. Used when there is structural damage (power failure, earthquake, severe weather, and fire) key information is gathered on the infrastructure of the facility. This will aid in determining the capability of the facility to sustain operations, as well as provide clues to system recovery for engineers.

#### NHICS Form 252: Section Personnel Time Sheet

This form is used when an alternative staff time tracking system is needed due to power failure or other incident related conditions. This form can also be used to document the persons assigned to IMT positions, facilitating cost projections and financial reimbursement when possible.

#### NHICS Form 253: Volunteer Staff Registration

This form is used to document those non-nursing home personnel who respond and are assigned to the nursing home in support of operations. This form is used to document the screening of volunteers through reference or criminal background checks and/or credentialing if feasible, and then is used to track these persons to facilitate financial reimbursement when possible.

#### NHICS Form 254: Master Emergency Admit Tracking Form

In the event the nursing home receives residents or other individuals from the response or as transfers from another facility or hospital, this form is used to document those persons received.

#### NHICS Form 255: Master Resident Evacuation Tracking Form

This form provides documentation for tracking of nursing home patients who are evacuated from the facility in response to a disaster. This form may be customized during the planning stage to provide greater specificity to the resident requirements and special considerations of the individual nursing home.

#### NHICS Form 256: Procurement Summary Report

This form is used by the Finance/Administration Section to track all supplies and equipment procured in the response and recovery phase, providing an ongoing cost assessment tool for current and projected operations.

#### NHICS Form 257: Resource Accounting Record

A major component in a successful response that utilizes outside resources is the ability to track and account for supplies and equipment used. This form provides a tracking tool for those items, allowing for rapid identification of what is being used in the response and what is still needed.

#### NHICS Form 258: Facility Resource Directory

The resource directory can be customized in the planning stage to identify those current resource partners, such as transportation services and supply vendors, as well as those resources that may only be used in an emergency such as emergency management officials, health officials, and repair services. It is critical during the response to have accurate contact information, with redundancies of information. This data can be collected well in advance of an event, and may serve to identify those response partners within the jurisdiction of the nursing home that can be engaged in planning.

#### NHICS Form 259: Master Facility Casualty and Fatality Report

In the event of resident injury or death, this form may be used to report to local health and emergency management officials, as defined within the jurisdiction. In planning, the release of information should be discussed, identifying those agencies or individuals to whom potentially confidential information will and will not be released.

#### NHICS Form 260: Individual Resident Evacuation Tracking Form

This form is used for individual resident evacuation, providing a clear and concise overview of individual needs that will be communicated to the receiving nursing home, hospital, or shelter site. NHICS form 260 may be produced on NCR (non-carbon) paper, allowing for copy to keep and a copy to send to the receiving facility without the use of a copy machine.

#### NHICS Form 261: Incident Action Safety Analysis

All Incident Action Plans contain a safety analysis. This form directs the Safety Officer to identify those potential hazards and direct mitigation efforts to lessen the risk of injury or illness. For example, in a power failure it may be advised to restrict all residents to their rooms to prevent falls in areas where lighting is limited. This is information that would be documented, with the assignment of restriction of resident movement assigned to branches.

#### VII Facility Command Center

It will be important that an area be designated within the nursing home to serve as the Facility or Nursing Home Command Center. Conference rooms are often used for this purpose. The room ideally should be in a secure location and suitable in size to accommodate the anticipated number of personnel filling IMT positions who will operate from this area. Access to phones, computers with internet capability, printers, fax machine, and general supplies (paper, pencils, etc.) will be important. Having a large whiteboard for documentation and projection capability may be helpful. Convenient access to bathrooms and food will also be important.

Space should be organized so each command position has a desk area and access to available technology. Persons assuming a command role should be easily identified by use of vests or other suitable clothing item (i.e. hat, armband).

If staffing allows, assigning persons to serve as assistants to those in charge has been shown to be invaluable. They can assist by answering phones and documenting key pieces of information.

#### VIII Overview of Educational Materials

Educational materials have been developed for assistance in the use of the Nursing Home Incident Command System. Each module will contain core materials that will allow individual nursing homes to first review the module concepts and then customize the materials to the individual facility. The core concepts within each module include:

Learning objectives: Module-specific learning objectives to be achieved in both instruction and learning will be defined. Nursing homes that elect to add additional concepts to the module should ensure that objectives are developed to address these changes.

Key information: Basic, foundational knowledge will be included in each module. Key concepts or information will be highlighted throughout.

*Instructor notes*: Each module will contain slide instructor notes, reviewing the core concepts that should be emphasized within the training as well as recommendations to enhance the learning.

Module summary: A summary slide will close each module.

*References*: When applicable, references for further information will be included at the conclusion of the module.

*Post-test:* Each module contains a brief post-test to allow learners to test their knowledge based on the identified objectives.

#### **Educational Modules**

Five modules have been developed for use in the introduction of the NHICS and the toolkit materials. Modules may be used to introduce the NHICS concepts, discuss the application of the system, and advance the overall emergency management response of the nursing home.

#### Module I: Personal Emergency Preparedness

The importance of personal preparedness for employees and their families is critical to a successful response. In this module, the following objectives will be addressed:

- Understand the importance of personal emergency planning
- Create a family emergency plan
- · Prepare an emergency kit

<u>Module II</u>: Introduction to the Incident Command System
This module will introduce planners to the Incident Command System (ICS) and its application to nursing homes. Objectives include:

Discuss ICS and the three purposes of the Incident Command System (ICS)

- Outline the fundamental features of ICS
- Describe the five management functions
- Define ICS terminology
- Describe the six steps of the incident planning process

#### Module III: Applying ICS in Nursing Homes

This module will introduce the additional tools that can be used in both the planning and response stages. Objectives include:

- Understand how general Incident Command principles apply to Nursing Homes
- Understand why and incident management team is implemented, including Command and General Staff roles and responsibilities
- Demonstrate how to build and implement a Nursing Home incident management team

#### Module IV: NHICS Tool Kit

In this module, the specific tools developed or customized for use in Nursing Homes will be discussed. Objectives include:

- Review the tools developed for NHICS planning and response to emergencies
- Discuss the Incident Planning and Response Guides and their applicability
- Understand the purpose of Job Action Sheets
- Review the Incident Action Planning forms customized for use in Nursing Homes

#### Module V: Implementing NHICS Into Your Facility

In this module, guidance on how to take the NHICS into your facility will be discussed. Objectives include:

- Be familiar with administrative steps for NHICS implementation
- Describe how to adopt NHICS materials
- Discuss creating a Command kit for each IMT role
- Outline key elements of a FCC
- Identify how staff can be trained on NHICS
- Discuss conducting an exercise

## IX Acronyms

EMP Emergency Management Program
EOC Emergency Operations Center
EOP Emergency Operations Plan
FCC Facility Command Center
HICS Hospital Incident Command System
IAP Incident Action Plan
ICS Incident Command System
IMT Incident Management Team
IPG Incident Planning Guide
IRG Incident Response Guides
JAS Job Action Sheet
LTC Long-term Care
NH Nursing Home
NHCC Nursing Home Command Center
NHICS Nursing Home Incident Command System
NIMS National Incident Management System
SNF Skilled Nursing Facility
SO Safety Officer

## FIRE INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



#### **INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE**

#### DOES YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING ISSUES?

MITIGATION & PREPAREDNESS	
	Does your fire alarm and overhead announcement sound loudly enough to be heard in all locations?
	Does your fire alarm system include both audible and visual systems (e.g., alarm tone and flashing strobe lights)?
	Does your nursing home have lighted emergency exits in all areas?
	Does your fire alarm automatically notify the local fire department?
	Does your nursing home have a fire plan that includes closing and securing all doors and windows?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to immediately shut off valves that control oxygen, other medical gases, natural/propane or other facility operation gasses?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to evaluate all areas of the nursing home for smoke or fire damage? Does your nursing home conduct periodic inspection and maintenance of fire protection systems and equipment (e.g., standpipes, fire extinguishers, sprinkler systems, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home include the local fire department in emergency response planning?
	Does your nursing home conduct regular fire drills and evaluate staff performance and take corrective actions as indicated?
	Does your nursing home provide staff instruction on when and how to use a fire extinguisher?
	Does your Emergency Operations Plan include triggers or criteria for activation of the Emergency Operations Plan, incident command and the command center?
	Does your nursing home have a process for regularly assessing the status of the facility, repair, resident services, system restoration and staffing and adjusting the Incident Action Plan and operations accordingly? Does the process include regularly updating the Incident Action plan and reviewing decisions made/actions taken to accomplish the mission?
	Does your nursing home have procedures and forms to track costs, expenses and provide reports?
	Does your nursing home have procedures with clear routes of communication to gather and confirm situation reports and status updates from local emergency management? Is there a plan to communicate with the local EOC (emergency management, public health) about the situation status, critical issues, and resident health status and request assistance?

# FIRE INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



	Does your nursing home have a plan to notify and maintain communications (primary and back-up systems) and exchange appropriate information with the following?
	<ul> <li>Internal experts, including infection control, engineering/facilities, physician(s).</li> <li>External experts, including local, regional and state public health, EOC/emergency management, fire, police, regulatory agencies.</li> <li>Other local facilities and hospitals.</li> </ul>
	Does your nursing home have procedures to provide accurate and timely situation and safety information (in cooperation with local Joint Information Center) to staff, residents, and families and a back-up system if primary communication systems fail?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to determine the status of communication systems outside of the facility in order to communicate with local emergency management, regulatory agencies, police, and fire within the city, county, and operational area?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to conduct regular media briefings in collaboration with local emergency management, local EOC, and the local Joint Information Center?
RESPO	NSE & RECOVERY
	Does the nursing home have a procedure to obtain a detailed damage assessment of any area in the nursing home and officially documenting the damage for insurance purposes, including:    Direct fire damage   Smoke damage   Equipment damaged   Supplies lost   Injuries/fatalities   Water run-off   Other operational damage/needs
	Does your nursing home have a plan to evaluate the environment and air quality of nearby affected areas and determine the need for evacuation of the areas or temporary relocation of residents?
	Does the nursing home have a plan for the activation of alternate care sites, if needed?
	Does the nursing home have a procedure for securing unsafe/damaged areas of the nursing home and salvaging equipment, as possible?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to evaluate the need for additional staff, augment staffing levels or manage with staff available? Is there a plan to modify contingency staff utilization and provide staff support (i.e., alternate shifts and staffing, childcare contingency plan for staff, staff transportation needs, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to provide rest/sleep, nutrition and hydration to staff?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for shelter in place vs. partial evacuation vs. complete evacuation of the nursing home to protect residents and staff?
	Does your nursing home have a process to assess residents for early discharge to decrease occupancy?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need to limit resident visitation?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to secure the nursing home, including adequate personnel to assure security?

# FIRE INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



Does your nursing home have a process to assess damage to building structure and infrastructure (HVAC, water, sewage, lighting, power, information systems, communications, medical gases and hazardous materials)?
Does your nursing home have protocols to manage, treat (or refer for treatment) and report injuries to residents, staff, families and visitors? Is there a process to prepare a report of all residents, staff, families and visitors evaluated, treated, and discharged from the facility?
Does your nursing home have a process to inventory available supplies, medications, equipment and personnel for both short and long-term operations? Does this include a process for obtaining supply and equipment supplementation?
Does your nursing home have a process for determining food and water needs for residents, visitors, families and staff for 96-hours and a plan for obtaining needed supplies?
Does your nursing home have procedures to track residents and beds in the event of an evacuation?
Does your nursing home have, if not evacuating, a plan to maintain continuity of operations including trash, food, linen, laundry, etc.?
Does your nursing home have a plan to access outside resources through a medical mutual aid system?
Does your nursing home have a plan to establish alternate care sites and relocate services provided if transfer is not feasible?
Does your nursing home have a plan to keep resident/staff families notified of current situation, location, condition and safety measures taken to protect them?
Does your nursing home have a plan for demobilization and system recovery that is activated during emergency response? Does this include a procedure for prioritizing service restoration activities, including restoring medical care operations, visitation and non-essential operations (i.e., social activities, meetings, etc.)?
Does your nursing home have procedures for repatriation of patients that were transferred or evacuated?
Does your nursing home have a process for reporting all injuries, system failures and long-term damage to state licensing and certification authorities as required?
Does your nursing home have a plan for providing mental health support and stress management services to staff, residents and families?
Does your nursing home have procedures for reordering, restocking and returning borrowed supplies, equipment, medications and personnel?
Does your nursing home have procedures for after action reporting and developing an improvement plan based on lessons learned? Is there a plan to participate in after-action review with local emergency management and community partners?
Does your nursing home have criteria to confirm restoration of the facility to normal function?
Does your nursing home have a process for submitting cost for disaster reimbursement from insurance carriers, local, state and FEMA disaster relief?
Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for canceling non-essential services (i.e., social gatherings, meetings, etc.)?

# Nursing Home Incident Command System Job Action Sheets Contents

These 36 Job Action Sheets were written in 2008 to correspond with the Nursing Home Incident Command System. Florida Health Care Association and the Florida Department of Health utilized the work begun in the Hospital Incident Command System, adapting the tasks for the nursing home environment.

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Incident Command
Job Action Sheet
Command Team
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

### **Incident Command**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	CEO/Other Oversight Management Str	ucture:
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize and direct the facility's emergency operations. Give overall direction for facility operations and make evacuation and sheltering in place decisions.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Assume role of Incident Commander and activate the Nursing Home Incident Command
	System (NHICS)
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of the incident activation of NHICS.
	Determine the following prior to the initial NHICS team meeting. (This will comprise the first
	components of the facility's Incident Action Plan).
	1. Nature of the problem (incident type, injury/illness type, etc.)
	2. Safety of staff, residents and visitors
	3. Risks to personnel and need for protective equipment
	4. Risks to the facility
	5. Need for decontamination
	6. Estimated duration of incident
	7. Need for modifying daily operations
	8. NHICS team required to manage the incident
	9. Need to open up the facility's Incident Command Center (ICC) location
	10. Overall community response actions being taken
	11. Need to communicate with state licensing agency
	12. Status of local, county, and state Emergency Operations Centers (EOC)
	Determine need for and appropriately appoint Command Staff and Section Chiefs, or
	Branch/Unit/Team leaders as needed; distribute corresponding Job Action Sheets and position
	identification.
	Brief all appointed staff of the nature of the problem, immediate critical issues and initial
	plan of action. Designate time for next briefing.
	Assign clerical personnel to function as the ICC recorder(s). Document all key activities,
	actions, and decisions on a continual basis.
	Communicate to Command Staff and Section Chiefs how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Determine if Finance/Administration has any special preferences for submission at this time.
	Define and document specific existing or potential safety risks and hazards, which Section or
	Branch may be affected, and steps to mitigate the threat. This is the first step in an ongoing
	process continued by the Safety Officer and included in the subsequent briefing meetings.

Incident Command
Job Action Sheet
Command Team
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive status reports from and develop an Incident Action Plan with Section Chiefs and
	Command Staff to determine appropriate response and recovery levels. During initial
	briefing/status reports, the following information may be needed:
	Initial facility damage survey report across sections.
	• Evaluate the need for evacuation. As appropriate to the incident, verify transportation plans.
	• Obtain resident census and status and request a projection report for 4, 8, 12, 24 & 48 hours
	from time of incident onset. Adjust projections as necessary. Assign to Planning Section
	Chief.
	Identify the operational period and ICC shift change.
	• As appropriate to the incident, authorize a resident prioritization assessment for the purposes
	of designating appropriate early discharge (e.g. dialysis, vent –dependent).
	• Ensure that appropriate contact with outside agencies has been established and facility status
	and resource information provided through the Liaison Officer.
	• Seek information from Section Chiefs regarding on-hand resources of medical equipment,
	supplies, medications, food, and water as indicated by the incident.
	Assess generator function and fuel supply.
	• Review security and facility surge capacity as appropriate, especially if serving as a host site or
	in case the local emergency management office requests beds.
	Oversee and approve revision of the Incident Action Plan developed by the Planning
	Section Chief. Ensure that the approved plan is communicated to all Command Staff and
	Section Chiefs.
	Communicate facility and incident status and the Incident Action Plan to CEO or designee,
	or to other executives and/or Board of Directors members on a need-to-know basis.
	Draft initial message for Public Information Officer (PIO) for notification to family members,
	responsible parties, and/or other interested persons regarding facility and resident status.

Ongoing	
	Ensure staff, resident, and media briefings are being conducted regularly.
	Evaluate overall nursing home operational status, and ensure critical issues are addressed.
	Ensure incident action planning for each operational period and a reporting of the Incident
	Action Plan at each shift change and briefing.
	Review /revise the Incident Action Plan with the Planning Section Chief for each operational
	period.
	Ensure continued communications with local, regional, and state response coordination centers
	through the Liaison Officer and others.
	Authorize resources as needed or requested by Section Chiefs.
	Set up routine briefings with Section Chiefs to receive status reports and update the action plan
	regarding the continuance and termination of the action plan.
	Approve media releases submitted by PIO.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Human Resources. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.

Liaison Officer
Job Action Sheet
Command Team
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

## **Liaison Officer**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Incident Command:	
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Function as the incident contact person in the nursing home for representatives from other agencies, such as the local emergency management office, police, and the licensing agency.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.
	Obtain briefing from Emergency Incident Commander and note time for next meeting.
	Establish contact with local, county and/or state emergency organization agencies to share
	information on current status, appropriate contacts, and message routing.
	Communicate information obtained and coordinate with Public Information Officer.
	Obtain initial status and information from the Planning Section Chief to provide as
	appropriate to external stakeholders and local and/or county Emergency Operations Center
	(EOC)EOC, upon request:
	• Resident Care Capacity – The number of residents that can be received and current census.
	• Nursing Home's Overall Status – Current condition of facility structure, security, and utilities.
	• Any current or anticipated shortage of critical resources including personnel, equipment,
	supplies, medications, etc.
	• Number of residents and mode of transportation for residents requiring transfer to hospitals or
	receiving facilities, if applicable.
	• Any resources that are requested by other facilities (e.g., personnel, equipment, supplies).
	Media relations efforts being initiated, in conjunction with the PIO.
	Establish communication with other nursing homes as appropriate, the local EOC, and/or local
	response agencies (e.g., public health department). Report current facility status.
	Keep local EOC liaison officer updated as to critical issues and unmet resource needs.
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.

Liaison Officer Job Action Sheet Command Team Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Attend all command briefings and Incident Action Planning meetings to gather and share
	incident and facility information. Contribute inter-facility information and community response
	activities and provide Liaison goals to the Incident Action Plan.
	Request assistance and information as needed through the facility's network or from the local
	and/or regional EOC.
	Obtain the following information from the Planning Section Chief and be prepared to report to
	appropriate authorities the following data:
	Number of new residents admitted and level of care needs.
	Current resident census
	• Number of residents hospitalized, discharged home, or transferred to other facilities
	Number dead
	Communicate with Logistics Section Chief on status of supplies, equipment and other resources
	that could be mobilized to other facilities, if needed or requested.

Public Information Officer
Job Action Sheet
Command Team
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

### **Public Information Officer**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Incident Command:	
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Serve as the conduit for information to internal and external stakeholders, including staff, visitors and families, and the news media, as approved by the Incident Commander.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.
	Obtain briefing from Emergency Incident Commander and note time for next briefing.
	Decide where a media briefing area might be located if needed (away from the facility's
	Incident Command Center and the resident care activity areas). Coordinate designation of such
	areas with Safety Officer.
	Contact external Public Information Officers from community and governmental agencies
	and/or their designated websites to determine public information and media messages developed
	by those entities to ensure consistent messages from all entities.
	Develop public information and media messages to be reviewed and approved by the
	Incident Commander before release to families, news media, and the public. Identify appropriate
	spokespersons to contact families or to deliver press briefings as needed.
	Assess the need to activate a staff and/or family member "hotline" for recorded information
	concerning the incident and facility status and establish the "hotline" if needed.
	Attend all command briefings and incident action planning meetings to gather and share
	incident and nursing home information.
	Monitor incident/response information through the internet, radio, television and newspapers.
	Establish communication with other nursing homes as appropriate, local Emergency Operations
	Center (EOC), and/or local response agencies (e.g., public health department). Report current
	facility status.
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.

Public Information Officer
Job Action Sheet
Command Team
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Coordinate with the Operations→Resident Services Branch regarding:
	• Receiving and screening inquiries regarding the status of individual patients.
	• Release of appropriate information to appropriate requesting entities.
	Continue to attend all Command briefings and incident action planning meetings to gather and
	share incident and nursing home information. Contribute media and public information
	activities and goals to the Incident Action Plan.
	Continue dialogue with external community and governmental agencies to get public
	information and media messages. Coordinate translation of critical communications into
	languages for residents as appropriate.
	Continue to develop and revise public information and media messages to be reviewed and
	approved by the Incident Commander before release to the news media and the public.
	Develop regular information and status update messages to keep staff informed of the incident,
	community, and facility status. Assist in the development and distribution of signage as needed.

Safety Officer
Job Action Sheet
Command Team
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Safety Officer**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Incident Command:	
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Ensure safety of staff, patients, and visitors, monitor and correct hazardous conditions. Have authority to halt any operation that poses immediate threat to life and health.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
Immediate	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.
	Determine safety risks of the incident to personnel, the physical plant, and the environment.
	Advise the Incident Commander and Section Chiefs of any unsafe condition and corrective
	recommendations.
	Communicate with the Logistics Chief to procure and post non-entry signs around unsafe areas.
	Ensure the following activities are initiated as indicated by the incident/situation:
	Evaluate building or incident hazards and identify vulnerabilities
	• Specify type and level of Personal Protective Equipment to be utilized by staff to ensure their
	protection, based upon the incident or hazardous condition
	Monitor operational safety of decontamination operations if needed
	<ul> <li>Contact and coordinate safety efforts with the Operations→Infrastructure Branch→</li> </ul>
	Environmental Services Unit and Maintenance Unit to identify and report all hazards and
	unsafe conditions to the Operations Section Chief.
	Work with Incident Command staff in designating restricted access areas and providing signage.
	Assess nursing home operations and practices of staff, and terminate and report any unsafe
	operation or practice, recommending corrective actions to ensure safe service delivery.
	Ensure implementation of all safety practices and procedures in the facility.
	Initiate environmental monitoring as indicated by the incident or hazardous condition.
	Attend all command briefings and Incident Action Planning meetings to gather and share
	incident and facility safety requirements.
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.

Ongoing	
	Continue to assess safety risks of the incident to personnel, the facility, and the environment.  Advise the Incident Commander and Section Chiefs of any unsafe condition and corrective recommendations.
	Ensure proper equipment needs are met and equipment is operational prior to each operational period.
	Continue to attend all command briefings and incident action planning meetings to gather and share incident and facility information. Contribute safety issues, activities and goals to the Incident Action Plan.

Operations
Job Action Sheet
General Staff Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

### **Operations**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Incident Command:	
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Organize and direct activities relating to the Operations Section. Carry out directives of the Incident Commander. Coordinate and supervise the branches within the Operations Section. Oversee the direct implementation of resident care and services, dietary services, and environmental services. Contribute to the Incident Action Plan.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain packet containing Section's Job Action
	Sheets.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.
	Obtain briefing from Emergency Incident Commander and designate time for next meeting.
	Assess need to appoint Branch Directors:
	Resident Services
	Infrastructure
	Transfer the corresponding Job Action Sheets to Branch Director. If a Branch Director is not
	assigned, the Planning Chief keeps the Job Action Sheet and assumes that function.
	Brief Branch Directors on current situation and develop the section's initial projection/status
	report. Establish the Operations Section chain of command and designate time and location for
	next section briefing. Share resident census and condition information gained at initial
	Command briefing. Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Establish Operations Section Center (in proximity to Incident Command area, if possible).
	Serve as primary contact with nursing home Medical Director.
	<ul> <li>Meet with Resident Services Branch Director and Nursing Services Unit Leader and</li> </ul>
	communicate with Medical Director to plan and project resident care needs.
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.

Job Action Sheet General Staff Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	From information reported by Branch Directors, inform Incident Command of facility's
	internal factors which may contribute to the decision to evacuate or shelter in place:
	Resident acuity
	Physical structure
	Implement resident evacuation at the direction of the Incident Commander with support of
	Branch Directors and other Section Chiefs.
	Meet regularly with the Incident Commander, Command Staff and other Section Chiefs to
	update status of the response and relay important information to Operations Section's Staff.
	As the incident requires, in preparation for movement of residents within the facility or to a
	staging area, work with Logistics—Supply Branch—Transportation Unit to assist in the
	gathering and placement of transport equipment (wheelchairs, canes, stretchers, walkers, etc).
	Designate times for briefings and updates with Branch Directors to develop and update
	section's projection/status report.
	Coordinate personnel needs with Supply Branch→Staffing/Scheduling Unit.
	Coordinate supply and equipment needs with the Supply Branch→Central Supply Unit Leader.
	Provide situation reports and projections to the Planning Section within stated time frames.
	Coordinate financial issues with the Finance/Administration Section.
	Ensure that this Section's branches are adequately staffed and supplied.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Human Resources. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.

Resident Services Branch Director Job Action Sheet Operations Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Resident Services Branch Director**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Operations Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location: Telephone:		Telephone:

Mission:

Coordinate and supervise all aspects of resident care, services, and movement into and out of the facility. Coordinate Unit Leaders under Resident Services Branch. Participate in developing facility's Incident Action Plan.

Immediate		
	Receive appointment from Operations Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets and position	
	identification garments.	
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.	
	Obtain a briefing from Operations Chief.	
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.	
	Assess need for Unit Leaders within this Branch:	
	Nursing Services	
	<ul> <li>Psychosocial</li> </ul>	
	Transfer & Discharge	
	Distribute the Job Action Sheets associated with the groups as well as the position identification	
	garments. If a Unit Leader is not assigned, Resident Services Branch Director keeps the Job	
	Action Sheets from that unit and assumes all functions.	
	Meet with Unit Leaders to brief them on the incident and the following:	
	1. Initial Status Report:	
	a. Share resident census and condition information gained at briefing with Operations	
	Section Chief. Direct unit leaders to contribute to the accuracy of this resident	
	census and condition information as they work with the direct care staff and residents.	
	b. Determine immediate staffing situation across units.	
	Set Objectives and Assign Responsibilities:	
	a. Decide and document point of contact(s) for Medical Director.	
	b. Assign a prioritization assessment (triage) of residents with information which is	
	currently known.	
	c. Schedule a review of individual residents as needed for consideration of special	
	needs and possible early admission to a higher level of care environment.	
	d. Arrange for the provision of critical medical services, such as dialysis and oxygen	
	therapy.	
	e. Assign who will make contact with each resident's physician as needed to secure	
	up to date orders, special instructions, and prescriptions.	
	f. Assign Nursing Services Unit Leader to assess stock of medications for resident	
	support for 7-10 days and to communicate needs with dispensing pharmacy.	
	g. Instruct unit leaders to assess and report staffing needs and projections.	
	h. Determine how care and services will continue as routinely as possible.	
	i. Discuss/document the objectives and who is responsible for each	

Job Action Sheet
Operations Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Immediate		
	3. General:	
	a. Develop initial projection/status report.	
	b. Review the Resident Service Branch chain of command.	
	c. Communicate the operational period and set time and location for next meeting.	
	d. Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.	
	e. Communicate how equipment, supplies, and personnel are to be ordered.	
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.	
	Establish and maintain contact with Logistics Section Chief to ensure ordering and delivery of	
	personnel and resources as needed.	
	Ensure the Transfer & Discharge Unit Leader and Nursing Services Unit Leader are managing	
	emergency discharges for at-risk residents.	

Ongoing		
	Meet routinely with Unit Leaders to evaluate status and projected needs.	
	Meet as scheduled with Operations Section Chief and Unit Leaders to evaluate Operations	
	Section status and project needs. These meetings may include the Unit Leaders from the	
	Infrastructure Branch at the discretion of the Operations Section Chief. Update Operations	
	Chief on resident census and condition.	
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.	
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Nursing Services Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Operations Section→Resident Services Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

# **Nursing Services Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Resident Services Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Organize and direct nursing services, including management of high acuity and special needs residents as well as routine nursing services including medication passes. Organize and direct activities of daily living for residents. Coordinate and supervise direct care staff. Evaluate supplies, equipment, and medication levels to support resident care needs.

Immediate		
	Receive appointment from Resident Services Branch Director.	
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.	
	Put on position identification garment or cap.	
	Obtain a briefing from Resident Services Branch Director.	
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.	
	Assess staffing needs for continuation of routine ADL services and restorative services.	
	Meet with and brief direct care staff on their assignments. Update direct care staff on incident	
	status and facility plans. Instruct them as to the message they are to share with residents.	
	Schedule next meeting with direct care staff.	
	Assess availability of necessary nursing supplies and equipment to provide resident care for 7-	
	10 days. Communicate shortfalls with Resident Services Branch Director.	
	Assess stock of medications for resident support for a period of 7-10 days.	
	Communicate pharmaceutical needs with the dispensing pharmacy immediately.	

Ongoing		
	Manage the provision of routine nursing services.	
	Manage the provision of medication passes in keeping with resident schedules.	
	Monitor direct care staff work performance.	
	Ensure the provision of routine hygienic and nutritional care for residents.	
	Meet routinely with Resident Services Branch Director, Psychosocial Unit Leader, and as	
	needed with Operations Section Chief to evaluate status and project needs.	
	Establish a staff rest and nutritional area in cooperation with Staffing/Scheduling.	
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.	
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Transfer & Discharge Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section→Resident Services Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Transfer & Discharge Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Resident Services Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Organize and direct resident transfer and discharge according to facility polices and procedures. Implement and monitor the facility's resident identification and tracking system for either incoming residents who are sheltering in place or for facility residents evacuating in part or in whole to an offsite destination. Supervise staff within Transfer & Discharge Unit.

Immediate		
	Receive appointment from Resident Services Branch Director: Obtain packet containing	
	Group's Job Action Sheets.	
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.	
	Put on position identification garment or cap.	
	Obtain a briefing from Resident Services Branch Director and other Unit Leaders.	
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.	
	Meet with Nursing Services Unit Leader to assist in resident priority assessment to designate	
	residents for early discharge.	
	Process transfer and discharges in accordance with facility's procedures.  Coordinate communication with resident family members regarding transfer or discharge though Psychosocial Unit Leader or a Social Services Manager if one has been designated.  Review facility's resident identification and tracking system.	
	• Evaluate supplies needed to implement the resident I.D. and tracking system and communicate any shortfalls with Transfer & Discharge Group Supervisor.	
	• Prepare tracking system tools if new residents are coming in to shelter-in-place.	
	Prepare resident identification tools.	
	• Coordinate with Nursing Services Unit Leader to provide resident identification in accordance with facility procedures.	
	Coordinate the transfer of medical records in accordance with facility procedures.	
	Coordinate the transfer of medications in accordance with facility procedures.	

Ongoing		
	Oversee transfers & discharges, document, and prepare report for next operational period.	
	Continue to coordinate communication with family members with Psychosocial Unit.	
	Monitor the implementation of the Resident I.D. & Tracking system.	
	Meet routinely with Resident Services Branch Director, Psychosocial Unit Leader, and as	
	needed with Operations Section Chief to evaluate status and project needs.	
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.	
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.	
	Communicate any unexpected problems and unresolved issues to the Operations Section Chief	
	immediately.	

Psychosocial Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section→Resident Services Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Psychosocial Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Resident Services Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Or

Organize, direct, and supervise those services associated with the social and psychological needs of the residents, staff, and dependents. Supervise the provision and conservation of ancillary clinical services.

Immediate				
minediate	Receive appointment from R	esident Services Branch Directo	or Obtain this position's Joh Action	
	Receive appointment from Resident Services Branch Director. Obtain this position's Job Action Sheets.			
		Read this entire Job Action Sheet and put on position identification garment or cap.		
	Obtain a briefing from Resid		eation garment of cap.	
		of your emergency incident assi	gnment	
		<u> </u>	ervices branch director to assess	
	and project support services		ervices branch director to assess	
	Assess need for managers in			
	0 10 1	these areas.		
	Rehabilitative			
	• Activities	4:6:4:		
	Distribute the associated Job Action Sheets and position identification garments. If a manager not assigned, keep the Job Action Sheet and assume that function.  Assess the capabilities, human resource requirements, and needs for ancillary services:			
	*			
	Laboratory	• Pharmacy	Activities	
	Radiology	Rehabilitative	Social Services	
			ment system for contacting resident	
	family members regarding transfer and discharge. Assign to Social Services Manager is one			
	assigned.  Establish and coordinate team of mental health personnel and clergy to support the psychological needs of staff, residents, and dependents.			
			l clergy to support the psycho-	
			oup intervention may take place.	
	Coordinate with Safety Office			
			sident and non-resident areas and	
	advise them to document the	ir contacts.		

Psychosocial Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Operations Section→Resident Services Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing		
	Verify the ordering and receiving of needed supplies for ancillary services as appropriate.	
	Meet regularly with Resident services branch director to evaluate Psychosocial Unit status	
	and to project needs.	
	Coordinate with the Public Information Officer in establishing and updating a staff	
	information/status board (situation, emergency update, facility activities).	
	Ensure coordination with Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader and Dependent Care Unit Leader	
	to assess need for psychosocial support of staff or dependents sheltering at the facility.	
	Schedule and post the dates and times for critical stress debriefing sessions during and after	
	the immediate disaster period.	
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.	
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Social Services Manager
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section→Resident Services Branch→Psyschosocial Unit
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Social Services Manager**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Psychosocial Unit Leader:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Assure the medically related emotional and social needs of residents are maintained. Communicate transfer and discharge actions with residents' family members.

Immediate		
	Receive appointment from Psychosocial Unit Leader.	
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.	
	Put on position identification garment or cap.	
	Obtain a briefing from Psychosocial Unit Leader.	
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.	
	Assess residents for psychosocial and mental health needs.	
	Direct mental health professional and/or clergy to residents with specific behavioral or	
	situational needs.	
	Contact and bring in psychologist or psychiatrist as needed.	
	Implement communication with resident family members regarding transfer and discharge	
	actions.	

Ongoing	
	Record interventions.
	Manage provisions of psychosocial assessments and follow-ups.
	Meet routinely with Psychosocial Unit Leader to give a status report for the social services
	activities and to project extended needs.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Rehabilitative Manager
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section→Resident Services Branch→Psyschosocial Unit
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Rehabilitative Manager**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Psychosocial Unit Leader:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Assure that residents receive necessary specialized rehabilitative services as determined by their comprehensive assessment and care plan to prevent avoidable deterioration and to assist them in maintaining their highest practicable level of care.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Psychosocial Unit Leader.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Psychosocial Unit Leader.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Assess the capabilities, human resource requirements, and needs for therapy services:
	Physical Therapy
	Speech-language Pathology
	Rehabilitative Services
	Occupational Therapy
	Restorative Therapy
	Based on the capabilities, human resource requirements, and needs, establish and coordinate team of qualified rehabilitative personnel to support the specialized needs of residents.
	Meet with rehabilitative team members to assess and project service needs. Schedule follow up meetings.

Ongoing		
	Record interventions.	
	Manage provisions of rehabilitative services and follow-ups.	
	Meet routinely with rehabilitative services team members to evaluate unit status and project	
	needs.	
	Meet routinely with Psychosocial Unit Leader to give a status report for rehabilitative activities	
	and to project extended needs.	
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.	
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Activities Manager
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section→Resident Services Branch→Psyschosocial Unit
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Activities Manager**

POSITION	ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:		Psychosocial Unit Leader:	
Operations (	Center Location:		Telephone:
Mission:	are designed to a Psychosocial Uni	tions and scope of the incident, involve reppeal to their interests, promote self-ester it Leader updated messages to communic formation possible about the incident. Oving Unit Leader.	em, and are pleasurable. Obtain from eate to residents to ensure they are
Immediate			
		ent from Psychosocial Unit Leader.	
	Read this entire Jo		
		entification garment or cap.	
		from Psychosocial Unit Leader.	
		supervisor of your emergency incident a fing from the Psychosocial Unit Leader, of	
	will be able to cor	ntinue person-appropriate activities and in the by the incident.	
	-	or assistants and appoint. Brief assistants	and schedule next meeting.
		s and give assignments to assistants as ap	· ·
		priate activities performed by volunteers.	
		th Logistics—Staffing/Scheduling Unit I	
	•	ave all needed adaptive equipment based	on their clinical assessment. This
	includes glasses a	nd hearing aids	
Ongoing			
ongoing	Record activities	provided.	
	Manage provision		
		on the status of the incident and the facil	ity's plan.
		ith assistants to evaluate unit status and p	
		ith Psychosocial Unit Leader to give a sta	atus report for the activities function
	and to project ext		
		f, volunteers, and residents for signs of	
	- ^	to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff	-

Infrastructure Branch Director Job Action Sheet Operations Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Infrastructure Branch Director**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to: Operations Section Chief:		
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Organize and manage the services required to sustain and repair the nursing home's infrastructure operations, including: power/lighting, water/sewer, HVAC, buildings and grounds, medical gases, medical devices, structural integrity, environmental services, and food services.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Operations Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets and position
	identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Operations Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Assess need for Group Supervisors within this Branch:
	Dietary Services
	Environmental Services
	Maintenance
	Security
	Distribute the Job Action Sheets associated with the groups as well as the position identification
	garments. If a Group Supervisor is not assigned, Infrastructure Branch Director keeps the Job
	Action Sheets from that group and assumes all functions.
	Meet with Group Supervisors and brief them on the incident:
	• Share resident census and condition information gained at briefing with Operations Chief.
	Discuss/document the groups' objectives for the next operational period.
	Develop initial projection/status report.
	Review the Infrastructure Branch chain of command.
	Set time and location for next meeting.
	Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Direct Group Supervisors to evaluate on-hand equipment, supply, and nutrition/hydration
	inventories and staff needs.
	Communicate how equipment, supplies, and personnel are to be ordered.
	Assess Infrastructure Branch capacity to deliver needed:
	Nutrition/Hydration
	Facility heating and air conditioning
	• Power
	Telecommunications
	Potable and non-potable water
	Medical gas delivery
	Sanitation
	Road clearance
	Damage assessment and repair

Infrastructure Branch Director
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Immediate	
	Facility cleanliness
	Vertical transport/Airlift
	Facility access
	Ensure Branch personnel comply with safety policies and procedures.
	Meet regularly with the Operations Section Chief to discuss plan of action and staffing.
	Initiate facility damage assessment in collaboration with Logistic Section's Facility Supply Unit,
	if warranted; repair problems encountered, and update the Operations Section Chief.
	Establish and maintain contact with Logistics Section Chief to ensure ordering and delivery of
	personnel and resources as needed.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.

Ongoing	
	Maintain knowledge of the number of persons being maintained in the facility, including
	residents, staff, and dependents. Communicate these numbers with Dietary Services Unit.
	Direct the Dietary Services Unit Leader to coordinate with Logistics Section's Support Branch
	to provide food service support as needed to residents, employees, and dependents as
	appropriate.
	Continue coordinating facility support services.
	Ensure prioritization of problems when multiple issues are presented.
	Coordinate use of external resources to assist with maintenance and repairs.
	Report equipment needs to the Support Branch Director.
	Develop and submit a Branch action plan to the Operations Section Chief when requested.
	Meet routinely with Group Supervisors to evaluate status and projected needs.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Dietary Services Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section—Infrastructure Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Dietary Services Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Infrastructure Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize, provide, and safeguard food and water stores to allow for the facility's self-sufficiency for at least one week. Implement the facility's emergency menu. Provide Incident Command with inventory levels and projected needs. Supervise dietary personnel.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Operations Chief or Infrastructure Branch Director. Obtain this
	position's Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Operations Chief or Branch Director.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Meet with and brief Dietary Services staff.
	Determine when the emergency menu will be implemented.
	Estimate the number of meals which can be served utilizing existing food stores.
	Inventory the current emergency drinking water supply and estimate time when re-supply will
	be necessary.
	Report inventory levels of emergency drinking water and food stores to Infrastructure Branch
	Director or Operations Section Chief, as appropriate.
	Place order for additional nutritional supplies as needed.
	Print resident tray cards.
	In an evacuation scenario:
	• Supervise the movement and separation of food and water stores to staging area.
	<ul> <li>Prepare and pack snacks and drinks for residents and staff during the trip.</li> </ul>
	• Supervise the closing of the kitchen, storing all equipment, and securing the area.

Ongoing	
	Provide quality nutritional services on a daily basis.
	Maintain a clean, safe, and sanitary dietary department.
	Meet with Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader to discuss location of personnel refreshment and nutritional break areas.
	Meet with Dependent Care Unit Leader to discuss location of nutritional break areas for staff dependents.
	Secure nutritional and water inventories with the assistance of the Safety Officer.
	Meet regularly with Infrastructure Branch Director to evaluate Dietary Services Unit status and project needs.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.  Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Job Action Sheet Operations Section→Infrastructure Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Environmental Services Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Infrastructure Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Ensure proper cleaning and disinfection of nursing home environment. Supervise housekeeping activities and laundry department.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Operations Chief or Infrastructure Branch Director. Obtain this
	position's Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Operations Chief or Branch Director.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Meet with and brief Environmental Services Unit staff.
	Ensure the safety and health of environmental services personnel; provide personal protective
	equipment to appropriate staff and review their response to exposures.
	Ensure disinfection of reusable equipment, according to the appropriate method of equipment
	disinfection, per its intended use, manufacturer's recommendations, and existing facility
	policies.
	Inventory supply of laundry/linen and report on adequacy to meet the needs of the residents.
	Ensure prioritization of problems when multiple issues are presented.
	Determine need for additional staff and request additional staffing according to instructions
	given by Branch Director.
	Report resource issues and needs to the Logistics Section's Unit Leaders and
	Infrastructure Branch Director.
	If evacuating the building, ensure clean linen is prepared and organized for transport sufficient
	to meet the needs of the residents.

Ongoing	
	Continue to ensure the facility is maintained in a clean and comfortable manner to the extent
	possible.
	Continue to monitor supply of laundry/linen and cleaning supplies to meet the needs of the
	residents.
	Meet regularly with Infrastructure Branch Director to evaluate Environmental Services Unit
	status and project needs.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Maintenance Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Operations Section→Infrastructure Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Maintenance Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Infrastructure Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Maintain power and lighting to the nursing home facilities. Ensure adequate generator fuel. Evaluate and monitor the integrity of existing water, sewage, and sanitation systems. Enact preestablished alternate methods of waste disposal if necessary. Organize and manage the services required to sustain and repair the facility's buildings and grounds.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Operations Chief or Infrastructure Branch Director. Obtain this
	position's Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Operations Chief or Branch Director.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Meet with and brief Maintenance Unit staff.
	Ensure the safety and health of environmental services personnel; provide personal protective
	equipment to appropriate staff and review their response to exposures.
	Ensure security of generator in conjunction with Safety Officer.
	Inspect, evaluate, and communicate to the Infrastructure Branch Director the operational status:
	Power/lighting
	Water and sewer system
	HVAC system
	Place emergency repair order(s) for power/lighting, water/sewer, and HVAC as indicated;
	advise Infrastructure Branch Director of issues.
	Establish and communicate the status of the buildings and grounds to the Infrastructure Branch
	Director.
	Provide power/lighting support to resident care areas and alternate care sites.
	Repair/correct hazards, leaks or contamination with the assistance of the Safety Officer.
	Provide HVAC support to resident care areas, alternate treatment sites, and other critical areas.
	Anticipate air flow response needs for internal and external environmental hazards
	(e.g., climate, air plume, spills, etc.)
	Anticipate immediate and short-term events and subsequent impacts to facility status
	(e.g., storm surge, earthquake after shocks).
	Coordinate supply needs with Logistics Section's Support Branch Director or Facility Supply
	Unit Leader, as appropriate.
	Coordinate with Liaison Officer for contacting external authorities (e.g. public health, water or
	environmental services), as appropriate.
	Coordinate with Infrastructure Branch Director to request external resource assistance.

Maintenance Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Operations Section→Infrastructure Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Prepare for the possibility of evacuation and/or the relocation/expansion of clinical services
	outside of existing structure, if appropriate.
	Implement pre-established alternative waste disposal/collection plan, if necessary.
	Inform all Sections and areas of the nursing home when implementing the alternative waste
	disposal/collection plan.
	Position portable toilets in accessible areas; away from resident care and food preparation, as
	needed.
	Ensure an adequate number of hand washing areas are operational near resident care/food
	preparation areas, and adjacent to portable toilet facilities.
	Coordinate internal repair activities, consulting when needed with external experts.
	Continue to monitor and evaluate power/lighting usage and supply.
	Anticipate and react to recognized shortage/failure using appropriate emergency procedure(s).
	Meet regularly with the Infrastructure Branch Director for status reports, and relay important
	information to Unit personnel.
	Advise Infrastructure Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not
	able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Security Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Operations Section→Infrastructure Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

# **Security Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Infrastructure Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Coordinate all of the activities related to personnel and facility security such as access control, crowd and traffic control, and law enforcement interface.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Operations Chief or Infrastructure Branch Director. Obtain this
	position's Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Operations Chief or Branch Director.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Meet with and brief Security Unit staff.
	Establish Security Command Post.
	Obtain contact information for police with local jurisdiction. Depending on the nature of the
	event, make initial contact just to touch base.
	Identify and secure all facility pedestrian and traffic points of entry, as appropriate.
	Consider need for the following, and report findings to the Infrastructure Branch Director and/or
	the Operations Section Chief and the Safety Officer:
	Emergency lockdown
	Security/bomb sweep of designated areas
	Providing urgent security-related information to all personnel
	Need for security personnel to use personal protective equipment
	Removing unauthorized persons from restricted areas
	• Security of the facility, common areas, resident care, morgue, and other sensitive or strategic
	areas from unauthorized access
	Rerouting of vehicle entry and exit as needed
	Security posts in any operational decontamination area
	Patrol of parking and shipping areas for suspicious activity  To Compare the suspicious activity  To Compare the suspicion activity  To Compare the sus
	Traffic Control
	Coordinate immediate security personnel needs from current staff, surrounding resources
	(police, sheriff, or other security forces), and communicate need for additional external
	resources through Operations Section Chief to the Liaison Officer.
	Document communication and key decisions.

Job Action Sheet Operations Section→Infrastructure Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Onssins	
Ongoing	
	Meet regularly with the Infrastructure Branch Director for status reports, and relay important
	information to Unit personnel.
	Communicate the need and take actions to secure unsafe areas; post non-entry signs.
	Ensure Security Unit staff identify and report all hazards and unsafe conditions.
	Ensure resident valuables are secure.
	Coordinate activities with local, state, and federal law enforcement, as appropriate; coordinate
	with the Liaison Officer.
	Confer with Public Information Officer to establish areas for the media.
	Ensure vehicular and pedestrian traffic control measures are working effectively.
	Consider security protection for the following, as indicated based on the nature/severity
	of the incident:
	• Food
	• Water
	Medical resources
	Pharmaceutical resources
	Personnel and visitors
	Prepare and maintain records and reports, as appropriate.
	Advise Infrastructure Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not able to
	correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Planning Job Action Sheet General Staff Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

# **Planning**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Incident Command:	
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Gather and analyze incident-related information. Obtain status and resource projections from all section chiefs for long range planning and conduct planning meetings. From these projections, compile and distribute the facility's Incident Action Plan. Coordinate and supervise the units within the Planning Section.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)	
	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain packet containing Section's Job Action	
	Sheets.	
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.	
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).	
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.	
	Obtain briefing from Emergency Incident Commander and designate time for next meeting.	
	Assess need for the following Unit Leaders and appoint as needed:	
	Situation-Status     Documentation	
	Transfer the corresponding Job Action Sheets to Unit Leader. If a unit leader is not assigned, the	
	Planning Chief keeps the Job Action Sheet and assumes that function.	
	Brief all unit leaders on current situation and develop the section's initial projection/status report.	
	Designate time and location for next section briefing. Communicate how personnel time is to be	
	recorded.	
	Establish a Planning/Information Section Center.	
	Facilitate and conduct incident action planning meetings with Command Staff, Section Chiefs,	
	and other key personnel as needed to plan for the next operational period.	
	Coordinate preparation and documentation of the Incident Action Plan and distribute copies to	
	the Incident Commander and all Section Chiefs.	
	Call for status and resource projection reports from all Section Chiefs for scenarios 4, 8, 24 & 48	
	hours from time of incident onset. Adjust time for receiving these reports as necessary.	
	Direct Situation Unit Leader to document and update projection/status reports from all sections.	
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.	

Ongoing	
	Meet regularly with the Incident Commander, Command Staff and other Section Chiefs to
	update status of the response and relay important information to Planning Section's Staff.
	Ensure that personnel and equipment are being tracked.
	Designate times for briefings and updates with group supervisors to develop and update
	section's projection/status report.
	Ensure that this Section's groups are adequately staffed and supplied.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Human Resources. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.

Situation Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Planning Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Situation Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Planning Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Collect, process, and organize ongoing situation information; prepare situation summaries; and develop projections and forecasts of future events related to the incident. Prepare maps and gather and disseminate information and intelligence for use in the Incident Action Plan (IAP).

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Planning Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets and position
	identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Planning Section Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Appoint Managers as appropriate:
	Resident Tracking Manager
	Bed Tracking Manager
	Obtain status report on Information Technology/Information systems from IT/IS Unit Leader
	and Business Continuity Unit Leader.
	Establish a Planning Information center in the facility Incident Command Center location with a
	status/condition board and post information as it is received. Assign a recorder/documentation
	aide to keep the board updated with current information.
	Receive and record status reports as they are received from other Sections.
	Assure the status updates and information provided to Command Staff and Section Chiefs is
	accurate, complete, and current.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.

Ongoing	
	Meet regularly with the Planning Section Chief, Section Chiefs and Branch Directors to obtain
	situation and status reports, and relay important information to unit members.
	Ensure backup and protection of existing data for main and support computer systems,
	in coordination with IT/IS Unit and Business Continuity Unit.
	Publish an internal incident situation status report for employees to remain informed of
	incident, facility, residents, and anticipated response and recovery actions. Post or
	communicate every 4 hours or as indicated by Planning Section Chief. Collaborate with Public
	Information Officer and Support Branch Director, and Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader to
	develop and distribute the internal incident situation report.
	Ensure the security and prevent the loss of written and electronic NHICC response
	documentation. Collaborate with the Security Officer and IT/IS Unit Leader as appropriate.
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Planning Section Chief when requested.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Documentation Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Planning Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Documentation Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Planning Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Maintain accurate and complete incident files, including a record of the Nursing Home Command Center's response and recovery actions and decisions; provide duplication services to incident personnel; and file, maintain, and store incident files for legal, analytical, and historical purposes.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Planning Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets and position
	identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Planning Section Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Coordinate with IT/IS Unit to ensure access to IT systems with e-mail/intranet communication
	to increase communication and document sharing with all Sections (if available).
	Prepare a system to receive documentation and completed forms from all Sections over the
	course of the Nursing Home Command Center activation.
	Provide duplicates of forms and reports to authorized facility requestors (Section Chiefs,
	Incident Command Team members, for example).
	Prepare incident documentation for the Planning Section Chief when requested.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.
	Document all communications (internal and external):
	<ul> <li>Transcribe complete, concise and specific content of message.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note any actions taken in response to message.</li> </ul>
	Provide a copy of the Incident Message Form to the Documentation Unit.

Ongoing	
	Regularly meet with all Section Chiefs regarding incident and Section status, steps taken
	to resolve critical issues, and projected actions and needs for the next operational period.
	Continue to accept and organize all documentation and forms submitted to the Documentation
	Unit.
	Check the accuracy and completeness of records submitted. Correct errors or omissions by
	contacting appropriate Section Chiefs or Incident Command Team members.
	Maintain all historical information and record consolidated plans related to the incident.
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Planning Section Chief when requested.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Logistics
Job Action Sheet
General Staff Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# Logistics

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Incident Command:	
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize and direct those operations associated with maintenance of the physical environment, and adequate levels of personnel, food, and supplies to support the incident objectives.

Coordinate and supervise the branches within the Logistics Section. Contribute to the Incident Action Plan.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain packet containing Section's Job Action
	Sheets.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.
	Obtain briefing from Emergency Incident Commander and designate time for next meeting.
	Assess need to appoint Branch Directors and/or Unit Leaders and distribute corresponding Job
	Action Sheets. Refer to Nursing Home Incident Command System organizational chart.
	Transfer the corresponding Job Action Sheets to persons appointed.
	• If a function is not assigned, the Logistics Chief keeps the Job Action Sheet and assumes
	that function.
	Brief Branch Directors on current situation and develop the section's initial projection/status
	report. Establish the Logistics Section chain of command and designate time and location for
	next section briefing. Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Establish Logistics Center.
	Maintain communications with Operations Section Chief and Branch Directors to assess critical
	issues and resource needs.
	Ensure resource ordering procedures are communicated to appropriate Sections and their
	requests are timely and accurately processed.
	Attend damage assessment meeting with Incident Commander, Environmental Services Unit
	Leader, and the Safety Officer.
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.

Job Action Sheet General Staff Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	From information reported by Branch Directors, inform Incident Command of facility's
	internal factors which may contribute to the decision to evacuate or shelter in place:
	Transportation and Status of Destination Locations
	• Supplies
	Access to Staff
	Meet regularly with the Incident Commander, Command Staff and other Section Chiefs to
	update status of the response and relay important information to Logistics Section's Staff.
	Obtain needed material and fulfill resource requests with the assistance of the
	Finance/Administration Section Chief and Liaison Officer.
	Ensure the following resources are obtained and tracked:
	• Staff
	Resident care supplies
	Communication hardware
	Food and water
	Obtain information and updates regularly from Branch Directors and Unit Leaders.
	Ensure that this Section's groups are adequately staffed and supplied.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Human Resources. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.

Service Branch Director
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

#### **Service Branch Director**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Logistics Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize and manage the services required to maintain the nursing home's communication system and information technology/systems. Participate in developing facility's Incident Action Plan.

	Tiun.
Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Logistics Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets and position
	identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Logistics Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Assess need for Unit Leaders within this Branch:
	Communication Hardware
	IT/IS Unit
	Distribute the Job Action Sheets associated with the units as well as the position identification
	garments. If a Unit Leader is not assigned, Service Branch Director keeps the Job Action Sheets
	from that unit and assumes all functions.
	Meet with Unit Leaders and brief them on the incident:
	Discuss/document the groups' objectives for the next operational period.
	Develop initial projection/status report.
	Review the Service Branch chain of command.
	Set time and location for next meeting.
	Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Communicate how equipment, supplies, and personnel are to be ordered.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.
	Assess the Service Branch's capacity to deliver needed:
	Internal and external communication capability
	Information technology hardware, software and support
	Meet regularly with the Logistics Section Chief to discuss status, plan of action, critical issues
	and staffing in Service Branch.
	Instruct Unit Leaders to:
	• Immediately set-up the communications and IT systems at the facility's Incident Command
	Center location to ensure connectivity
	Evaluate on-hand communications equipment required for response and project need for
	repair and expanded inventory
	Work with Business Continuity Unit to assess and evaluate IT/IS capability, and determine
	need for repair or expansion of service and support
	Inventory and assessment of communications equipment and project need for repair and
	expanded inventory
	Report inventories and needs to Logistics Section's Support Branch Supply Unit Leader
	Assess problems and needs in each Service Branch area; coordinate resource management.

Job Action Sheet Logistics Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Ensure prioritization of problems when multiple issues are presented.
	Continue coordinating the Service Branch's ability to provide needed communication and IT/IS
	support services.
	Coordinate use of external resources to assist with equipment, software and hardware
	maintenance and repairs.
	Advise Logistics Section Chief immediately of any issue you are not able to correct or resolve.
	Continue to meet regularly with the Logistics Section Chief for status reports and relay
	important information to Unit Leaders.
	Report equipment needs to Supply Unit Leader.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Communication Hardware Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Logistics Section—Service Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

### **Communication Hardware Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Service Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize and coordinate internal and external communications connectivity.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Service Branch Director.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Service Branch Director.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Set up and maintain communication equipment and provide ongoing support for the facility's
	Incident Command Center location.
	Inventory and assess all available on-hand radios and report to the Service Branch Director and
	Support Branch's Supply Unit Leader.
	Determine radio channels for response and make radio assignments. Distribute two- way radios
	to pre-designated areas.
	Prepare for radio checks from personnel that are assigned hand-held radios and other portable
	communications equipment.
	Assess status of all on-site communications equipment, including two-way pagers, satellite
	phones, public address systems, data message boards, and inter and intra-net connectivity.
	Initiate repairs per the standard operating procedures.
	Evaluate status of internal and external telephone/fax systems and report to Service Branch.
	Request the response of assigned amateur radio personnel to the facility, if indicated.
	Establish contact with the Liaison Officer.

Ongoing	
	Expand communication network capability and equipment as required to meet the needs
	of the nursing home response.
	Ensure communication equipment maintains proper functioning.
	If primary communications systems fail, establish mechanism to alert Resident Services Branch
	Director and Safety Officer to respond to internal resident and/or physical emergencies
	(e.g., cardiac arrest, fire, etc.)
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Service Branch Director when requested.
	Receive and archive all documentation related to internal and external facility communication
	systems.
	Advise Service Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not able to
	correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

IT/IS Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section→Service Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

### IT/IS Unit Leader

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Service Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location: Telephone:		Telephone:

Mission: Provide computer hardware, software and infrastructure support to staff.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Service Branch Director.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.
	Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Service Branch Director.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Assign staff to the facility's Incident Command Center (ICC) location to provide IT/IS support
	and maintain system. Respond immediately to requests for assistance from the ICC.
	Establish priorities for use of available IT/IS systems, as needed.
	Coordinate IT/IS activities with the Finance/Administration Section's Business Continuity Unit
	Leader.
	As time and the emergency event allows, take immediate steps to protect the facility's hard
	drives, monitors, cords, etc. from damage.
	Inventory IT systems, hardware and software; identify potential needs and work with the
	Supply Unit Leader to obtain equipment and supplies.
	Expand IT capability to pre-designated or additional/new areas per direction from Service
	Branch Director.
	Make external requests for assistance in collaboration with the Supply Unit Leader, as needed;
	notify the Service Branch Director of all critical issues and requests.

Ongoing		
	Assess status and integrity of data back-up systems. For restoration activities see	
	Operations Section Business Continuity Branch.	
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Service Branch Director when requested.	
	Advise Service Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not able to	
	correct or resolve.	
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.	
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Support Branch Director
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Support Branch Director**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Logistics Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location: Telephone:		Telephone:

Mission: Coordinate the provision of personnel, supplies, and equipment across all departments to support resident care and services. This includes support services to staff and dependents in accordance with facility policy. Participate in developing facility's Incident Action Plan.

	accordance with facility policy. Farticipate in developing facility's incident Action Flan.
Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Logistics Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets and position
	identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Logistics Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Assess need for Unit Leaders within this Branch:
	Facility Supply
	Central Supply
	Staffing/Scheduling
	Dependent Care
	Transportation
	Distribute the Job Action Sheets associated with the units as well as the position identification
	garments. If a Unit Leader is not assigned, Support Branch Director keeps the Job Action Sheets
	from that unit and assumes all functions.
	Meet with Unit Leaders and brief them on the incident:
	Discuss/document the groups' objectives for the next operational period.
	Develop initial projection/status report.
	Review the Support Branch chain of command.
	Set time and location for next meeting.
	Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Communicate how equipment, supplies, and personnel are to be ordered.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.
	Assess the Support Branch's capacity to deliver needed:
	Staffing and scheduling management
	Supplemental personnel if needed
	Family support to staff
	Medical equipment and supplies
	General equipment and supplies
	Internal and external transportation
	Instruct Unit Leaders to evaluate on-hand personnel, equipment, supply, and medication
	inventories; report status at designated time.
	Report to Logistics Section Chief the number of staff (by specialty) expected for the operational
	period, the number of units of transportation, and identify types and quantities of medication and
	supplies. This data will go to Planning Section and/or Situation Unit for integrating in the
	facility's Incident Action Plan.

Job Action Sheet Logistics Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)	
	Receive, coordinate and forward requests for personnel to the Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader	
	and supplies to the Central Supply Unit Leader.	
	In collaboration with the Safety Officer and the Operations Section, determine need for staff	
	personal protective equipment; implement protective actions as required.	
	Meet regularly with the Logistics Section Chief to discuss status, plan of action, critical issues	
	and staffing in Support Branch.	
	Assess problems and needs in each Service Branch area; coordinate resource management.	

Ongoing	
	Continue assessing and coordinating Support Branch's ability to provide needed personnel and
	support services.
	Ensure prioritization of problems when multiple issues are presented.
	Assign mental health personnel to visit resident care areas and evaluate staff needs; in
	coordination with the Operations Section's Mental Health Unit Leader and report issues
	to the Logistics Section Chief.
	Implement dependent care service support as situation warrants and resources allow.
	Continue to meet regularly with the Logistics Section Chief for status reports and relay
	important information to Unit Leaders.
	Advise Logistics Section Chief immediately of any issue you are not able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.

Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Logistics Section→Support Branch Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

# Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Support Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Organize and inventory available staff. Make contact with off-duty staff as appropriate for scheduling. Receive requests and assign available staff as needed. Maintain adequate numbers of both medical and non-medical personnel. Assist in the maintenance of staff morale and well-being.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)	
	Receive appointment from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Obtain packet	
	containing Group's Job Action Sheets.	
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.	
	Put on position identification garment or cap.	
	Obtain a briefing from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Note time for next meeting.	
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.	
	Meet with Operations Chief and Support Branch Director to assess and project both non-nursing	
	and nursing staff needs for the immediate and upcoming operational periods.	
	Assess need for an assistant ("Staffing/Scheduling Manager"). If appointed, brief on situation	
	and objectives.	
	Establish Staffing/Scheduling area and enlist help from Service Branch if needed for	
	communication or computer support.	
	Inventory the number and classify staff presently available:	
	1. Nursing Personnel	
	a. Nurse Practitioner, DON, ADON, Risk Manager, etc.	
	b. RN and LPN, charge nurses, nurse supervisors, treatment nurse	
	c. Certified Nursing Assistants	
	2. Support Services	
	a. Social Services: Activities Personnel, Dependent Care Personnel, Social Worker	
	b. Therapy Services: Physical, Occupational, Speech	
	c. Activities: Director, Assistant Director, Aides	
	3. Non-medical personnel	
	a. Engineering/maintenance/materiel management	
	b. Environmental services/housekeeping/nutritional services	
	c. Business/financial	
	d. Volunteers	
	e. Others	
	In an evacuation scenario, work with Support Branch Director and Section Chiefs as needed to	
	assign and verify personnel going to all receiving facilities.	

Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section—Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Ongoing		
	Notify staff when to report to the facility.	
	Coordinate management of staff rest areas.	
	Coordinate referrals to in-house Psychosocial Group under Resident Services Branch to treat staff that needs psychological support. Anticipate increased staff needs created by increased numbers of residents, longer working hours, and concerns about family welfare and initiate actions to meet the needs.	
	Meet regularly with Support Branch Director and other Unit Leaders to evaluate Branch status and project needs.	
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Support Branch Director when requested.	
	Advise Support Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not able to correct or resolve.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Facility Supply Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section→Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

# **Facility Supply Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Support Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize, manage and support building systems, equipment and supplies. Ensure proper cleaning and disinfection of nursing home environment.

T 1' '	(O / 1D 100H )			
Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)			
	Receive appointment from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Obtain packet			
	containing Group's Job Action Sheets.			
Read this entire Job Action Sheet.  Put on position identification garment or cap.  Obtain a briefing from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Note time for next Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.				
				Receive a comprehensive facility status report as soon as possible from the Infrastructure
				Branch Director (may also include the Maintenance Unit Leader and the Environmental
				Services Unit Leader) to learn what supplies/services may need to be ordered to effect repairs.
	Determine what functions of the facility are:			
	• Fully functional 100% operable with no limitations			
	Partially functional Operable or somewhat operable with limitations			
	Non-functional Out of commission			
	Document location, reason, and time/resource estimates for necessary repair of any system that			
	is not fully operational.			
	Determine on hand inventory of the following:			
	Gasoline and other fuels			
	Medical gases			
	Power generators			
	Water (non-drinkable)			
	Extension cords			
	• Flashlights			
	• Batteries			
	• Fans			
	Garbage bags			
	Coordinate activities and inventories with the Maintenance and Environmental Services Unit			
	Leaders within the Operations Section.			
	Place emergency orders for the above items, or other critical supplies and equipment with the			
	Central Supply Unit Leader, as needed. Notify the Support Branch Director.			

Facility Supply Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section—Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Ongoing		
	Work through the Support Branch Director, Logistics Section Chief and Liaison Officer to	
	request assistance with external resource acquisition.	
	Closely monitor building system status, equipment and supply usage.	
	Restock facility management and support areas per request and at least every 8 hours.	
	Receive updated reports from the Infrastructure Branch.	
	Advise the Support Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not	
	able to correct or resolve.	
	Meet regularly with Support Branch Director and other Unit Leaders to evaluate Branch status	
	and project needs.	
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Support Branch Director when requested.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Central Supply Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section→Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

#### **Central Supply Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:	O:	
Reporting to:	Support Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Acquire, inventory, maintain, and provide medical and non-medical care equipment, supplies, and pharmaceuticals.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)		
	Receive appointment from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Obtain the Job Action		
	Sheet for this position.		
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.		
	Put on position identification garment or cap.		
	Obtain a briefing from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Note time for next meeting.		
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.		
	Determine on hand inventory of the following, based on the type of event. May include, but is		
	not limited to:		
	Blankets, bath towels, washcloths	IV equipment and supplies	
	Pillows, sheets	Sterile scrub brushes, normal saline, anti-	
	Biohazard management supplies	microbial skin cleanser	
	Medication cups and straws	Waterless hand cleaner and gloves	
	Disposable briefs     Fracture immobilization, splinting and		
	Plastic draw sheets	sling materials	
	Sterile soaps	Wheelchairs, Walkers/canes	
	Catheter kits	Bedside commodes	
	Nasogastric tubes and Gastrostomy tubes	Backboard, rigid stretchers	
	Tube feedings and pumps	Non-rigid transporting devices (litters)	
	Lancets for blood sugar	Oxygen, administration masks, ventilators	
	Dressings/bandages	and suction devices	
	Oxygen, administration masks, ventilators	Personal protective clothing/equipment/	
	and suction devices	masks/respirators.	
	Disposable washcloths	Body bags w/tags in case of decedents	
	Plastic bags	while normal services are interrupted	
	Place emergency orders for the above items, or		
	Notify the Support Branch Director of items ordered in response to or in preparation of an event.  Record any expenses related to the emergency event for the Procurement Unit within the		
	Finance/Administration Section.	1 /1 /2 1 12 /2 1 12 /2	
		es, and other critical supplies. Track and dispatch	
	arriving supplies.		

Central Supply Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section—Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Ongoing		
	Work through the Support Branch Director, Logistics Section Chief and Liaison Officer to	
	request external resource acquisition assistance.	
	Closely monitor equipment and supply usage.	
	Notify Safety Officer to insure control of equipment and supplies, as needed.	
	Restock supply closets and carts per request and at least every 8 hours.	
	Advise the Support Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not able to	
	correct or resolve.	
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Support Branch Director when requested.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Dependent Care Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section→Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

#### **Dependent Care Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Support Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Initiate and direct the sheltering and feeding of staff dependents. Contribute to overall staff morale and efficacy by providing a safe, engaging environment for their dependents.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)		
	Receive appointment from Support Branch Director or Logistics Section Chief. Obtain the Job		
	Action Sheet for this position.		
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.		
	Put on position identification garment or cap.		
	Obtain a briefing from Support Branch Director. Note time for next meeting.		
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.		
	Assess current capability to provide logistical, mental health care and day care to staff member's		
	families. Project immediate and prolonged capacities to provide services based on current		
	information and situation.		
	Working with Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader, help develop special instructions to give to		
	employees coming in to work. If there is an existing employee letter which is given out upon		
	hire that addresses dependent care during an emergency, ensure the developed special		
	instructions are consistent with said letter. Public Information Officer may assist with message		
	development.		
	Establish a controlled, comfortable Dependent Care Area removed from any resident care areas		
	where dependents may wait for their return home when circumstance allow.		
	Establish and communicate checking in procedures.		

Ongoing			
	Coordinate provision of needed support to family members (physical, emotional,		
	refreshment, food and water).		
	Communicate with Dietary Services in organizing and providing food, snacks, and hydration.		
	Monitor the area continuously for safety and dependant needs with a minimum of two facility		
	employees.		
	Implement a positive I.D. system for all children cared for under age of 10 years of age.		
	Provide matching I.D. for retrieving guardian to show upon release of child.		
	Evaluate family members for medical needs, including medications, medical care and nutrition		
	Notify the Support Branch Director of needs.		
	Document all personnel in the area and any incidents.		
	Communicate with the Safety Officer as needed.		
	Meet routinely with Support Branch Director to give a status report for the dependent care unit		
	and to project extended needs.		

Dependent Care Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section—Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Arrange for Social Services Unit Leader or designee to make routine contact with dependents
	in the shelter, as well as responding when necessary. The purpose of the visits is to provide
	psychological support to dependents.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling Unit. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Transportation Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Logistics Section→Support Branch
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

#### **Transportation Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Support Branch Director:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Organize and coordinate the transportation of all ambulatory and non-ambulatory residents within or without the facility. Arrange for the transportation of human and material resources within or without the facility.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)		
	Receive appointment from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Obtain the Job Action		
	Sheet for this position.		
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet.		
	Put on position identification garment or cap.		
	Obtain a briefing from Logistics Chief or Support Branch Director. Note time for next meeting.		
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.		
	Assess need and availability of an assistant ("Transportation Manager"). If appointed, brief on		
	situation and objectives.		
	Inventory available out of facility transportation resources (buses, shuttles, ambulances, etc.)		
	Coordinate request for private sector transportation with vendor(s) per existing response plans		
	and agreements, or, as a last resort, with the Liaison Officer to the local EOC for public sector		
	support.		
	Coordinate delivery and assignment of needed vehicles.		
	Evaluate vehicular needs; report status to Supply Branch Director and/or Logistics Chief.		
	Report vehicle resource inventories to Planning Section's Situation Unit Leader.		
	For movement of residents within the facility or to a staging area, request staff from the		
	Staffing/Scheduling Unit or across departments through the Logistics Chief to assist in the		
	gathering and placement of transport equipment. Work with Resident Services Branch Director		
	to monitor status of resident movement by staff from that branch.		
	Establish resident/staff and material loading area in cooperation with the Safety Officer and		
	Operations Section Chief.		

Ongoing		
	Continue coordination of transportation of resources/shipments into and out of the facility with	
	the vendor by phone/radio or local EOC.	
	In the event of a nursing home evacuation and/or the relocation of resident services outside of	
	existing structure, anticipate and prepare for transportation needs.	
	Request special transport equipment needs from the Supply Unit Leader (walkers, canes, etc.)	
	Address health and safety issues related to volume/location of transport vehicles with	
	the Safety Officer.	
	Advise the Support Branch Director immediately of any operational issue you are not able to	
	correct or resolve.	
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Support Branch Director when requested.	
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.	

Finance/Administration
Job Action Sheet
General Staff
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

#### Finance/Administration

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:	D:	
Reporting to: Incident Command:		
Command Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Monitor the utilization of financial assets and the accounting for financial expenditures.

Supervise the documentation of expenditures and cost reimbursement activities. Coordinate and

supervise the units within the Finance/Admin Section. Contribute to the Incident Action Plan.

Immediate	(Operational Period 0-2 Hours)
	Receive appointment from Incident Commander. Obtain packet containing Section's Job Action
	Sheets.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet and review emergency organizational chart.
	Put on position identification (garment, vest, cap, etc.).
	Notify your usual supervisor of your NHICS assignment.
	Obtain briefing from Incident Commander and designate time for next meeting.
	Assess need for the following Unit Leaders and appoint as needed:
	1. Procurement
	2. Cost
	3. Employee Time
	4. Compensation/Claims
	5. Business Continuity
	Transfer the corresponding Job Action Sheets to Unit Leaders. If a unit leader is not assigned,
	the Finance/Admin Chief keeps the Job Action Sheet and assumes that function.
	Brief unit leaders on current situation and develop the section's initial projection/status report.
	Designate time for next section briefing. Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	Discuss with Employee Time Unit Leader how to document facility-wide personnel work hours
	worked relevant to the emergency.
	Assess the need to obtain cash reserves in the event access to cash is likely to be restricted as an
	outcome of the emergency incident.
	Participate in Incident Action Plan preparation, briefings, and meetings as needed:
	Provide cost implications of incident objectives
	Ensure Incident Action Plan is within financial limits established by Incident Command
	Determine if any special contractual arrangements/agreements are needed
	Identify and document insurance company requirements for submitting damage/claim reports.
	Document all key activities, actions, and decisions on a continual basis.

Job Action Sheet General Staff Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Coordinate emergency procurement requests with Logistics→Supply Branch.
	Maintain cash reserves on hand.
	Consult with state and federal officials regarding reimbursement regulations and requirements; ensure required documentation is prepared accordingly.
	Meet regularly with the Incident Commander, Command Staff and other Section Chiefs to update status of the response and relay important information to Finance/Admin Section Staff.
	Approve and submit to Incident Command a "cost-to-date" incident financial status report every 8 hours (prepared by the Cost Unit Leader, if appointed) summarizing financial data relative to personnel, supplies, and miscellaneous expenses.
	Ensure that required financial and administrative documentation is properly prepared.
	Process invoices received.
	Maintain routine, non-incident related administrative oversight of financial operations.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.  Report concerns to Human Resources. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.

Business Continuity Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Finance/Administration Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Business Continuity Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Finance/Administration Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Ensure business functions are maintained, restored or augmented to meet recovery objectives. Limit interruptions to continuity of essential business operations to the extent possible.

Immediate	
IIIIIIcalate	Receive appointment from Finance/Administration Chief. Obtain Job Action Sheet.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Finance/Administration Section Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Appoint Unit members, as appropriate. Brief Unit members:
	Discuss current situation and the unit's objectives for the next operational period.
	Develop initial projection/status report.
	Review the Finance/Administration Section's chain of command.
	Set time and location for next meeting.
	Communicate how personnel time is to be recorded.
	• Direct unit members to evaluate on-hand equipment, supply, and staff needs.
	Communicate how equipment, supplies, and personnel are to be ordered.
	Evaluate Business Continuity Branch capacity to:
	Determine ability to meet recovery objectives for all impacted business functions
	Ascertain continuity of business functions including assessment of impacted areas
	Acquire access to essential business records (resident records, purchasing contracts, etc.)
	Support needed movement or relocation to alternate business operation sites
	Evaluate status of:
	Nursing Home records
	Business/financial records
	Billing records
	Resident Medical Records, including Minimum Data Set (MDS) records
	Initiate protection or move/relocate records, as appropriate; activate off-site storage plans.
	Contact external contractors for record protection or recovery, as appropriate.
	Identify appropriate alternative work sites for business operational needs. Coordinate with
	Service and Support Branch Directors and Unit Leaders within Logistics, as appropriate.
	Identify priorities for system restoration for service maintenance/resumption.
	Assess problems and needs in Branch area; coordinate resource management with Logistics.
	Receive, coordinate, and forward requests for IT and communications support to the
	Communications Hardware Unit Leader and IT/IS Unit Leader within Logistics Section.
	Meet regularly with the Finance/Admin Section Chief to discuss plan of action and staffing.
	Maintain contact with Logistics Section Chief to ensure ordering and delivery of personnel and
	resources as needed.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.

Business Continuity Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Finance/Administration Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

Ongoing	
	Identify specific activities or resources needed to preserve and/or transport facility records.
	Initiate restoration of records, as appropriate.
	Continue coordinating the Business Continuity unit's ability to maintain or recover impacted
	business functions.
	Meet regularly with Finance/Administration Section Chief for status reports, and relay
	important information to unit members.
	Identify activities or resources needed to ensure timely resumption of business functions.
	Coordinate with the Service Branch Director or Communications Hardware Unit Leader and
	the IT/IS Unit Leader to share strategies for returning to normal business operations.
	Advise the Finance/Administration Section Chief immediately of any recovery issue you are
	not able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Procurement Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Finance/Administrative Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
Reviewed:

#### **Procurement Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Finance/Administration Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Responsible for administering accounts receivable and payable to contract and non-contract vendors.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Finance/Administration Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets
	and position identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Finance/Administration Section Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Ensure the separate accounting of all contracts specifically related to the emergency incident and
	of all purchases within the enactment of the emergency incident management plan.
	Establish a line of communication with the Support Branch Director to insure resource
	coordination.
	Obtain authorization to initiate and finalize purchases from the Finance/Administration
	Section Chief, or authorized representative.
	Interpret and initiate contracts/agreements to minimize costs (when possible) and
	resolve disputes.
	Establish and document emergency agreements for the sharing, transfer of material,
	supplies, etc., to other entities.
	Meet regularly with the Finance/Admin Section Chief to discuss plan of action and staffing.
	Establish and maintain contact with Logistics Section Chief to ensure ordering and delivery of
	personnel and resources as needed.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.

Ongoing	
	Meet regularly with Finance/Administration Section Chief for status reports, and relay
	important information to unit members.
	Maintain log of all purchases related to the incident:
	List purchases by purchase order or other reference number.
	Record date and time of purchase. Describe item or service.
	Identify vendor name.
	Record total cost of purchase.
	Use proper name to identify requestor and department.
	Use proper name of person who approved purchase.
	Record date and time item or service was received.
	Collect invoices and other records to reconcile them with the procurement agreements before
	forwarding them to the Cost Unit Leader.
	Forward a summary accounting of incident-related purchases to the Cost Unit Leader every

Procurement Unit Leader
Job Action Sheet
Finance/Administrative Section
Nursing Home Incident Command System
Revised:
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Ongoing	
	eight hours, or as determined by the Cost Unit Leader.
	Coordinate with the Support Branch's Unit Leaders to ensure that procurements meet the needs
	of the requestors.
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Finance/Administration Section Chief when
	requested.
	Advise the Finance/Administration Section Chief immediately of any recovery issue you are
	not able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Cost Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Finance/Administrative Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Cost Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Finance/Administration Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Responsible for providing cost analysis data for the declared emergency incident and maintenance of accurate records of incident cost.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Finance/Administration Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets
	and position identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Finance/Administration Section Chief.
	Notify your usual supervisor of your emergency incident assignment.
	Establish cost reporting procedures, including proper coding.
	Implement third-party billing procedures.
	Implement procedures for receiving and depositing funds.
	Ensure that all key activities, actions, and decisions are being documented on a continual basis.

Ongoing	
	Meet routinely with the Finance/Administration Section Chief for status reports, and relay
	important information to Unit members.
	Maintain cost tracking and analysis.
	Collect copies, summaries, or original documentation of costs from all cost centers.
	Prepare a cost-to-date summary report for submission to the Finance/Administration Section
	Chief every eight hours and as requested.
	Inform Section Chiefs of pertinent cost data at the direction of the Finance/Administration
	Section Chief or Incident Commander.
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Finance/Administration Section Chief when
	requested.
	Advise the Finance/Administration Section Chief immediately of any recovery issue you are
	not able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Employee Time Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Finance/Administrative Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Employee Time Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Finance/Administration Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission: Responsible for the documentation of personnel time records. Monitor and report on regular and overtime hours worked/volunteered.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Finance/Administration Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets
	and position identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Finance/Administration Section Chief.
	With Finance/Administration Section Chief, decide if the facility needs to process payroll early
	or in advance of an impending event. Do so if action is approved.
	At the onset of an impending emergency event, obtain printed time sheets for a 14-day run.
	Ensure the documentation of personnel hours worked and volunteer hours worked in all areas
	relevant to the nursing home's emergency incident response.
	Make sure all Section Chiefs and/or Unit Leaders are following these protocols when submitting
	a list of personnel/volunteers who worked outside of their regularly scheduled hours in response
	to the emergency incident:
	Use proper names to list personnel and indicate employee or volunteer
	Record employee number, if applicable, and indicate assigned function or job
	Work start and end times for each employee
	Employee/volunteer should sign
	Calculate total hours
	Assist Staffing/Scheduling Unit Manager in accounting for facility staff.

Ongoing	
	Meet routinely with the Finance/Administration Section Chief for status reports, and relay
	important information to Unit members.
	Collect all Section personnel time sheets from each work area for recording and tabulation
	every eight hours, or as specified by the Finance/Administration Section Chief.
	Forward tabulated Section personnel time sheets to the Cost Unit Leader every eight hours or as
	requested.
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Finance/Administration Section Chief when
	requested.
	Advise the Finance/Administration Section Chief immediately of any recovery issue you are
	not able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.

Compensation/Claims Unit Leader Job Action Sheet Finance/Administration Section Nursing Home Incident Command System Revised: Reviewed:

#### **Compensation/Claims Unit Leader**

POSITION ASSIGNED TO:		
Reporting to:	Finance/Administration Section Chief:	
Operations Center Location:		Telephone:

Mission:

Responsible for receiving, investigating and documenting all claims reported to the nursing home during the emergency incident, which are alleged to be the result of an accident or action on nursing home property.

Immediate	
	Receive appointment from Finance/Administration Chief. Obtain Group's Job Action Sheets
	and position identification garments.
	Read this entire Job Action Sheet. Put on position identification garment or cap.
	Obtain a briefing from Finance/Administration Section Chief.
	Receive, investigate and document claims issued by employees and non-employees.
	Use photographs or video documentation when appropriate.
	Obtain statements as quickly as possible from all claimants and witnesses.
	Enlist the assistance of the Safety Officer, Section Chief, and Staffing/Scheduling Unit Leader,
	as needed.
	Document all communications (internal and external):
	Transcribe complete, concise and specific content of message.
	Note any actions taken in response to message.

Ongoing	
	Meet routinely with the Finance/Administration Section Chief for status reports, and relay
	important information to Unit members.
	Inform the Finance/Administration Section Chief of all claims as they are reported.
	Document claims on facility risk/loss forms. Coordinate with facility Risk Management.
	Ensure that records required by insurers, government and other agencies for loss recovery are
	accurately compiled, maintained, and available.
	Develop and submit an action plan to the Finance/Administration Section Chief when
	requested.
	Advise the Finance/Administration Section Chief immediately of any recovery issue you are
	not able to correct or resolve.
	Observe all staff, volunteers, and residents for signs of stress and inappropriate behavior.
	Report concerns to Staffing/Scheduling. Provide for staff rest periods and relief.
	Report unexpected problems and unresolved issues immediately.



#### **INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE**

#### DOES YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING ISSUES?

MITIGAT	MITIGATION & PREPAREDNESS	
	Does your nursing home provide information and education to staff on infection control precautions, personal protective equipment, exposure prophylaxis and family/dependent care options?	
	Does your nursing home have a procedure to provide personal protective equipment (PPE), including respirators, to designated work locations?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to implement control measures in the face of a rapid spread/surge of infectious residents? Does the plan include the following?    Monitoring residents for signs of illness.   Policies regarding self-screening and denying access to ill persons, respiratory etiquette and the use of hand sanitizer and masks for visitors entering the facility.   Rapid identification, triage, and isolation practices.   Expanding isolation capability (cohorting, portable HEPA filtration, etc.).   Integration with local hospitals, clinics, public health and emergency management.	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to manage dispensing antiviral medications to staff (mass vaccination/mass prophylaxis plan) and in administering vaccines (when available)?	
	Does your nursing home have a procedure to limit nursing home access to a small number of monitored entrances so that residents and visitors entering the nursing home can be screened for illness (e.g., temperature checks)?	
	Does your nursing home have a procedure to monitor staff and volunteers for symptoms and a policy for "fitness for duty" procedures?	
	Does your nursing home plan for ensuring safe transportation routes and infection control procedures (e.g., residents wearing masks) when transferring residents though the nursing home?	
	Does your nursing home have a policy to determine appropriate amounts of PPE and hand hygiene/washing supplies available and to supplement those supplies as required?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to include just-in-time fit testing and training on PPE use?	
	Does your nursing home have a policy to determine appropriate numbers of essential personnel (e.g., medical, nursing, environmental services, facilities, nutrition and food services, administrative, ancillary clinical staff respiratory therapy, rehabilitation staff, activities staff, medical records) that would be priority for receiving prophylaxis, vaccine and PPE to protect those staff most at risk and to ensure the continuation of essential services in the event of a pandemic?	



	Does your nursing home maintain stockpiles or have Memorandums of Understanding (MOUs) established with pharmaceutical vendors for antiviral medications and antibiotics to treat bacterial complications to treat or provide prophylaxis to staff, residents and volunteers?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for increasing capability to perform specific screening tests for designated pathogens?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for safely packaging, identifying, and transferring lab specimens to external testing sites, including local, state, and federal labs?
	Does your nursing home have the capability of handling the need for increased specimen collection, documentation, and transportation of specimens to the testing facility?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for relaying laboratory results to external partners (public health, acute care facilities, other)?
	Does your Emergency Operations Plan include triggers or criteria for activation of the Emergency Operations Plan, Incident Command, and the Command Center?
	Does your nursing home have a process for regularly assessing the status of the nursing home supplies and staffing, and adjusting the Incident Action Plan and operations accordingly? Does the process include regularly updating the Incident Action Plan and reviewing decisions made/actions taken to accomplish the mission?
	Does your nursing home have procedures and forms to track cost expenditures and provide reports?
	Does your nursing home have procedures with clear routes of communication to gather and confirm situation reports and status updates from local emergency management? Is there a plan to communicate with the local Emergency Operations Center (emergency management, public health, regulatory agencies) about the situation status, critical issues, and resident health status, and to request assistance?
П	Does your nursing home have a plan to notify and maintain communications (primary and back-up systems) and exchange appropriate information with the following?  ☐ Internal experts, including infection control, engineering/facilities, physician(s).
	<ul> <li>External experts, including local, regional and state public health, EOC/emergency management, fire, police, regulatory agencies.</li> <li>Other local facilities and hospitals.</li> </ul>
	Does your nursing home have procedures to provide accurate and timely situation and safety information (in cooperation with local Joint Information Center) to staff, residents and families, regulatory agencies and a backup system if primary communication systems fail?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to determine the status of communication systems outside of the nursing home in order to communicate with local emergency management, police, & fire within the city, county and operational area?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for posting illness outbreak and instruction signs in public places in the facility.



	Does your nursing home have a plan to conduct regular media briefings, in collaboration with local emergency management, local EOC and the local Joint Information Center?	
RESPONSE & RECOVERY		
	Does your nursing home have a policy to monitor the health status and absenteeism of staff during the disease outbreak/pandemic?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to track resident census and symptoms?  Stop new admissions.  Communicate with family/legal representatives re: nature of disease outbreak, restrictions on visitations, and estimated potential duration of response activities.	
	Does your nursing home have triggers to implement the infectious patient surge capacity plan?    Expansion of isolation capabilities.   Cohabitation of infected residents.	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to manage mass fatalities and address fatality issues in conjunction with law enforcement/medical examiner/coroner/local EOC?	
	Does your nursing home monitor medical care issues for residents and exposed or ill staff?	
	Does your nursing home monitor safe and consistent use of PPE?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to maintain nursing home security?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to adjust staff schedules to meet the needs of the response including the following?  Reassigning staff who have recovered from flu to care for flu residents (such as a pandemic event?).  Reassigning staff at high risk for complications of flu (e.g., pregnant women, immunocompromised persons) to low risk duties (e.g., no flu patient care or administrative duties only).	
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for canceling nonessential services (social gatherings, meetings, etc.)?	
	Does your nursing home have procedures to evaluate need for additional staff, augment staffing levels, or manage with staff available? Is there a plan to modify contingency staff utilization and provide staff support (alternate shifts and staffing, childcare contingency plan for staff, staff transportation needs, etc.)?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to provide rest/sleep, nutrition, and hydration to staff?	
	Does your nursing home have a process to assess residents for early discharge to decrease occupancy?	
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need to limit resident visitation?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to secure the nursing home, including adequate personnel to assure security?	



Does your nursing home have protocols to manage, treat (or refer for treatment), and report injuries to residents, staff, families, and visitors? Is there a process to prepare a report of all residents, staff, families, and visitors evaluated, treated, and discharged from the facility?
Does your nursing home have a process to inventory available supplies, medications, equipment, and personnel for both short and long-term operations? Does this include a process for obtaining supply and equipment supplementation?
Does your nursing home have a process for determining food and water needs for residents, visitors, families and staff for 96-hours and a plan for obtaining needed supplies?
Does your nursing home have a plan to maintain continuity of operations including delivery of essential supplies, trash, food, linen, laundry, etc.?
Does your nursing home have a plan to access outside resources through a medical mutual aid system?
Does your nursing home have a plan to keep resident/staff families notified of current situation, location, condition, and safety measures taken to protect them?
Does your nursing home have a plan to establish alternate care sites and relocate services provided if transfer is not feasible?
Does your nursing home have a plan for demobilization and system recovery that is activated during emergency response? Does this include a procedure for prioritizing service restoration activities, including restoring medical care operations, visitation, and nonessential operations (social activities, meetings, etc.)?
Does your nursing home have a process for reporting all injuries, system failures, and long-term damage to state licensing and certification authorities as required?
Does your nursing home have a plan for providing mental health support and stress management services to staff, residents, and families?
Does your nursing home have procedures for reordering, restocking, and returning borrowed supplies, equipment, and medications and returning personnel on loan during the incident?
Does your nursing home have procedures for after-action reporting and developing an improvement plan based on lessons learned? Is there a plan to participate in after-action review with local emergency management and community partners?
Does your nursing home have criteria to confirm restoration of the facility to normal function?
Does your nursing home have a process for submitting cost for disaster reimbursement from insurance carriers, local, state and federal disaster relief?

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### INTERNAL FLOODING INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



#### **INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE**

#### DOES YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING ISSUES?

MITIGATION & PREPAREDNESS		
	Does your nursing home have a plan to address flooding on the grounds and measures to prevent water from flowing into the facility (sandbags, pumps, etc.)?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to address possible loss of water/pressure, water contamination, sewer back-up, power failure, and loss of operations due to area or facility flooding?	
	Does your nursing home have procedures to communicate situation and safety information to staff and residents that are not in the flooded/potentially flooded areas?	
	Does your nursing home have an alternate staffing plan and a process to support on-duty staff should they be unable to leave the facility due to flooding?	
	Does your nursing home have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOUs) with fuel suppliers to ensure a supply of fuel for emergency generators and vehicles?	
	Does your nursing home have a plan to maintain water and sanitation systems, including providing personal hygiene/sanitation supplies (i.e., hand wipes, portable toilets, potable water)?	
	Does your nursing home consider relocating hazardous materials/chemical agents to prevent contamination in case of flooding?	
	Does your nursing home regularly monitor pre-event weather forecasts and projections?	
	Does your nursing home participate in pre-event local response planning with emergency management officials?	
	Does your nursing home identify and/or have MOUs with contractors that can perform repairs after the flooding?	
	Does your nursing home have plans to protect or recover lost data or wet/damaged documents?	
	Does your Emergency Operations Plan include triggers or criteria for activation of the Emergency Operations Plan, Incident Command, and the Command Center?	
	Does your nursing home have a process for regularly assessing the status of the facility, repair, resident services, and system restoration and for staffing and adjusting the Incident Action Plan and operations accordingly? Does the process include regularly updating the Incident Action Plan and reviewing decisions made/actions taken to accomplish the mission?	
	Does your nursing home have procedures and forms to track cost expenditures and provide reports?	
	Does your nursing home have procedures with clear routes of communication to gather and confirm situation reports and status updates from local emergency management and regulatory agencies? Is there a plan to communicate with the local EOC (emergency management, public health, regulatory agencies) about the situation status, critical issues, and resident health status and to request assistance?	

## INTERNAL FLOODING INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



	Does your nursing home have a plan to notify and maintain communications (primary and back-up systems) and exchange appropriate information with:
	<ul> <li>Internal experts, including infection control, engineering/facilities, physician(s).</li> <li>External experts, including local, regional and state public health, EOC/emergency management, fire, police, regulatory agencies.</li> </ul>
	☐ Other local facilities and hospitals.
	Does your nursing home have procedures to provide accurate and timely situation and safety information (in cooperation with local Joint Information Center) to staff, residents, and families and a back-up system if primary communication systems fail?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to determine the status of communication systems outside of the facility in order to communicate with local emergency management, regulatory agencies, police, and fire within the city, county, and operational area?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to conduct regular media briefings in collaboration with local emergency management, local EOC, and the local Joint Information Center?
RESPO	NSE & RECOVERY
	Does your nursing home have procedures to perform damage assessment (interior and exterior), report nursing home damage to the Incident Commander, and initiate appropriate repairs during and after the storm(s) and flooding of the facility?
	Does your nursing home have plans for decontamination and clean-up of the nursing home including bacteriological surveillance and potable water supply sanitation?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for canceling nonessential services (social gatherings, meetings, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to evaluate need for additional staff, augment staffing levels, or manage with staff available? Is there a plan to modify contingency staff utilization and provide staff support (alternate shifts and staffing, childcare contingency plan for staff, staff transportation needs, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to provide rest/sleep, nutrition, and hydration to staff?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for shelter-in-place vs. partial evacuation vs. complete evacuation of the nursing home to protect residents and staff?
	Does your nursing home have criteria or triggers to move residents from flooded areas to other locations within the facility (partial evacuation)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for complete evacuation of residents, including transport of critical records and supplies, arrangements with receiving facilities and transportation assets, staffing en route and in the relocation site?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to track residents and beds in the event of an evacuation?
	Does your nursing home's evacuation transportation plan include the use of assets other than local EMS for transporting residents?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to establish alternate care sites and relocate services provided if transfer is not feasible?

## INTERNAL FLOODING INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



Does your nursing home have, if not evacuating, a plan to maintain continuity of operations including trash, food, linen, laundry, etc.?
Does your nursing home have a process to assess residents for early discharge to decrease occupancy?
Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need to limit resident visitation?
Does your nursing home have a plan to secure the nursing home, including adequate personnel to assure security?
Does your nursing home have a process to assess damage to building structure and infrastructure (HVAC, water, sewage, lighting, power, information systems, communications, medical gases, and hazardous materials)?
Does your nursing home have protocols to manage, treat (or refer for treatment), and report injuries to residents, staff, families and visitors? Is there a process to prepare a report of all residents, staff, families, and visitors evaluated, treated, and discharged from the facility?
Does your nursing home have a process to inventory available supplies, medications, equipment and personnel for both short and long-term operations? Does this include a process for obtaining supply and equipment supplementation?
Does your nursing home have a process for determining food and water needs for residents, visitors, families, and staff for 96-hours and a plan for obtaining needed supplies?
Does your nursing home have a plan to access outside resources through a medical mutual aid system?
Does your nursing home have a plan to keep resident/staff families notified of current situation, location, condition, and safety measures taken to protect them?
Does your nursing home have a plan for demobilization and system recovery that is activated during emergency response? Does this include a procedure for prioritizing service restoration activities, including restoring medical care operations, visitation, and nonessential operations (social activities, meetings, etc.)?
Does your nursing home have procedures for repatriation of patients that were transferred or evacuated?
Does your nursing home have a process for reporting all injuries, system failures, and long-term damage to state licensing and certification authorities as required?
Does your nursing home have a plan for providing mental health support and stress management services to staff, residents, and families?
Does your nursing home have procedures for reordering, restocking, and returning borrowed supplies, equipment, and medications, and returning personnel on loan during the incident?
Does your nursing home have procedures for after-action reporting and developing an improvement plan based on lessons learned? Is there a plan to participate in after-action review with local emergency management and community partners?
Does your nursing home have criteria to confirm restoration of the facility to normal function?
Does your nursing home have a process for submitting cost for disaster reimbursement from insurance carriers, local, state and federal disaster relief?



#### **INCIDENT RESPONSE GUIDE**

**Mission:** To safely manage the operations of the nursing home during response to internal flooding and system restoration.

DIRECTIONS	
	Read this entire response guide and review Incident Management Team Chart.
	Use this response guide as a checklist to ensure all tasks are addressed and completed.
ОВЈ	ECTIVES
	Prevent or minimize impact of nursing home flooding.
	Ensure safe resident care and medical management.
	Communicate situation to staff, residents, media, community officials, and regulatory agencies.
	Evacuate the nursing home (partial or complete) as required.
IMI	MEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)
	(Incident Commander):  Activate the Nursing Home Emergency Operations.  Activate Command Staff and Section Chiefs, as appropriate.  Establish operational period and incident objectives; develop the Incident.  Notify local emergency management and regulatory agencies of situation and immediate actions.  Communicate with other health care facilities to determine:  Situation Status  Surge Capacity  Resident transfer/bed availability  Ability to loan needed equipment, supplies, medications, personnel, etc.  Inform staff, residents, and families of situation and actions underway to prevent/limit flooding.  Prepare media staging area.  Conduct regular media briefings, in collaboration with the local Emergency Operations Center/Joint Information Center.
	Conduct safety assessment of low-lying flooded areas and assess risks and impacts to residents, staff, and families.
	NOTE: Section duties and responsibilities remain the responsibility of the Incident Commander unless delegated.



IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	OPERATIONS
	<ul> <li>□ Activate the nursing home's internal (or external) flooding plan.</li> <li>□ Ensure continuation of resident care and essential services.</li> <li>□ Consider partial or complete evacuation of the nursing home or relocation of residents and services into safe areas of the nursing home.</li> <li>□ Ensure the operations of alternate power supplies (i.e., back-up generators).</li> <li>□ Maintain communications systems; activate alternate/redundant communications systems as needed.</li> <li>□ Evaluate the flooded area(s) and identify safety issues.</li> <li>□ Institute measures to prevent flooding and protect nursing home resources, as appropriate.</li> <li>□ Secure the nursing home and limit access and egress.</li> <li>□ Implement business continuity planning and protection of resident records.</li> <li>□ Assess nursing home damage and projected impact of rising flood waters on the nursing home.</li> </ul>
	PLANNING
	Establish operational period and incident objectives; develop the Incident Action Plan in collaboration with the Incident Commander.
	☐ Gather and validate situational information and projected impact. ☐ Implement resident and staff tracking, as appropriate.
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>□ Maintain utilities and activate alternate systems as needed.</li> <li>□ Investigate and provide recommendations for auxiliary power (battery powered lights, etc.).</li> <li>□ Provide for water, food, and rest periods for staff.</li> <li>□ Obtain supplies to maintain function of emergency generators (fuel, parts, etc.).</li> <li>□ Obtain supplemental staffing, as needed.</li> <li>□ Prepare for transportation of evacuated residents.</li> <li>□ Validate and/or activate the back-up communications systems.</li> </ul>



INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)	
	COMMAND
	<ul> <li>Establish a resident information center to notify resident families of situation and resident locations.</li> <li>Notify local emergency management, emergency operations center, and regulatory agencies of situation status, critical needs, and plans for evacuation, if appropriate.</li> </ul>
	OPERATIONS
	<ul> <li>□ Continue essential resident care management.</li> <li>□ Initiate clean-up operations, as appropriate.</li> <li>□ Reassess need for, or prepare for, evacuation.</li> <li>□ Continue to maintain utilities.</li> <li>□ Provide mental health support to residents and families as needed.</li> <li>□ Continue to secure the nursing home, including unsafe areas.</li> <li>□ Activate business continuity plans, including protection of records and possible relocation of business functions.</li> <li>□ Continue to evaluate nursing home integrity and safety of flooded areas. Initiate clean-up, as appropriate.</li> </ul>
	PLANNING
	<ul> <li>□ Continue resident and personnel tracking, as needed.</li> <li>□ Update and revise the Incident Action Plan and distribute to Command Staff and Section Chiefs.</li> </ul>
	LOGISTICS
	☐ Provide additional staffing and resources as required.
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION
	<ul> <li>□ Track cost expenditures and estimate cost of nursing home damage and lost revenue.</li> <li>□ Initiate documentation of any injuries or nursing home damage.</li> <li>□ Facilitate the procurement of supplies, equipment, medications, and contracting for nursing home clean up or repair.</li> </ul>



EXT	EXTENDED (OPERATIONAL PERIOD BEYOND 12 HOURS)		
	COMMAND		
	(Incident Commander):		
	<ul> <li>Update and revise the Incident Action Plan and prepare for demobilization.</li> <li>Continue to update internal leaders on the situation status.</li> <li>Continue with briefings and situation updates with staff, residents, and families.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Continue resident information center operations.</li> <li>Continue to notify local emergency operations center and regulatory agencies of situation status.</li> <li>Continue resident information center operations in collaboration with Public Information Officer.</li> </ul>		
	(Safety Officer):		
	☐ Continue to evaluate flooded areas and nursing home integrity for safety, and take immediate corrective actions.		
	OPERATIONS		
	<ul> <li>□ Continue essential resident care management and services.</li> <li>□ Continue to evaluate nursing home damage/integrity and initiate clean-up/repair activities.</li> <li>□ Continue repair and clean-up operations, as appropriate.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Continue evacuation of the nursing home, if implemented. Ensure the transfer of residents' belongings, medications, and records, when evacuated.</li> <li>Continue to maintain utilities.</li> </ul>		
	<ul><li>Continue to secure the nursing home, including unsafe areas.</li><li>Continue business continuity activities and relocation of business services, if appropriate.</li></ul>		
	Prepare for demobilization and system recovery.		
	PLANNING		
	Revise and update the Incident Action Plan. Initiate demobilization and system recovery plan.		
	LOGISTICS		
	☐ Provide supplemental staffing as needed.		
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION		
	<ul><li>☐ Continue to track cost expenditures.</li><li>☐ Continue to facilitate contracting for nursing home repair and clean up.</li></ul>		



DEN	DEMOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY	
	COMMAND	
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>□ Determine nursing home status and declare termination of the incident.</li> <li>□ Conduct final media briefing and assist with updating staff, residents, families, and others of the termination of the event.</li> <li>□ Communicate final nursing home status and termination of the incident to local emergency operations center, area facilities, officials, and regulatory agencies.</li> <li>□ Assist with the repatriation of transferred residents.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>□ Ensure nursing home safety and restoration of normal activities.</li> <li>□ Ensure nursing home repairs are completed in conjunction with the Operations and Logistics Sections.</li> </ul>	
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>□ Restore normal resident care operations.</li> <li>□ Ensure restoration of utilities and communications.</li> <li>□ Complete a nursing home damage report, progress of repairs, and estimated timelines for restoration of nursing home to pre-event condition.</li> </ul>	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>□ Complete a summary of operations, status, and current census.</li> <li>□ Conduct after-action reviews and debriefings.</li> <li>□ Develop the after-action report and improvement plan for approval by the Incident Commander.</li> </ul>	
	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>□ Restock supplies, equipment, medications, food, and water.</li> <li>□ Ensure communication and IT/IS operations return to normal.</li> <li>□ Provide stress management and mental health support to staff.</li> </ul>	
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION	
	<ul> <li>Compile a final report of response and nursing home repair costs for approval by the Incident Commander.</li> <li>Work with local, state, and federal emergency management to begin reimbursement procedures for cost expenditures related to the event.</li> <li>Contact the insurance carriers to assist in documentation of structural and infrastructure damage and initiate reimbursement and claims procedures.</li> </ul>	



DO	DOCUMENTS AND TOOLS	
	Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan	
	Nursing Home Evacuation Plan	
	Flood Response Plan	
	Utility Failure Plan	
	Nursing Home Business Continuity Plan	

### MAN-MADE DISASTER: LOSS of POWER INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



#### **INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE**

#### DOES YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING ISSUES?

MITIGATION & PREPAREDNESS	
	Is your nursing facility identified with the local power providers as a "Priority Restore" user due to the medically compromised people that you serve?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to conduct the following?
	<ul> <li>□ Verify all emergency generators start and are accommodating the nursing home's emergency power load.</li> <li>□ Verify that the exhaust fans and air handlers supplied by emergency power are operating.</li> <li>□ Evaluate for and verify that only essential equipment is plugged into emergency power outlets throughout the nursing home.</li> <li>□ Contact the utility company's operations center to ascertain scope and length of service interruption.</li> <li>□ Evaluate critical areas to determine emergency power needs and supply; and provide alternative light sources (i.e., battery powered lights, flashlights).</li> <li>□ Acquire generator fuel and needed repairs to maintain emergency power.</li> <li>□ Prioritize emergency power allocation to critical infrastructure (i.e., HVAC units, morgue, elevators, patient monitors, electronic medication dispensing systems, IT/IS systems).</li> <li>□ Evaluate the power system for load shedding potential.</li> <li>□ Identify equipment or areas in the nursing home that do not have emergency power capability and will be unavailable for use.</li> </ul>
	Does your Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan include triggers or criteria for activation and how to activate the Emergency Operations Plan, Incident Command and the Command Center?
	Does your nursing home have a process for regularly assessing the status of the facility, repair, resident services, system restoration, and staffing and for adjusting the Incident Action Plan and operations accordingly? Does the process include regularly updating the Incident Action Plan and reviewing decisions made/actions taken to accomplish the mission?
	Does your nursing home have procedures and forms to track costs, expenses and provide reports (i.e., Incident Action Plan, After-Action Report)?
	Does your nursing home have procedures with clear routes of communication to gather and confirm situation reports and status updates from local emergency management? Is there a plan to communicate with the local emergency operations center (emergency management, public health, regulatory agencies) about the situation status, critical issues, and resident health status and request assistance?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to notify and maintain communications (primary and back-up systems) and exchange appropriate information with the following?  Internal experts, including infection control, engineering/facilities, physician(s).  External experts, including local, regional, and state public health, emergency operations center/emergency management, fire, police, regulatory agencies.  Other local facilities and hospitals.

## MAN-MADE DISASTER: LOSS of POWER INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



	Does your nursing home have procedures to provide accurate and timely situation and safety information (in cooperation with local Joint Information Center) to staff, residents and families, and a back-up system if primary communication systems fail?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to determine the status of communication systems outside of the facility in order to communicate with local emergency management, police, and fire within the city, county, and operational area?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to conduct regular media briefings, in collaboration with local emergency management, local emergency operations center, and the local Joint Information Center?
RESPONS	E & RECOVERY
	Does your nursing home have procedures for obtaining situation reports and utility status updates from the local emergency management agency and utility company?
	Does your nursing home have a process to assess damage to building structure and infrastructure (HVAC, water, sewage, lighting, power, information systems, communications, medical gases, and hazardous materials)?
	Does your nursing home have a power reallocation protocol to address power load transfer?
	Does your nursing home have a mechanism for regularly evaluating generator and electrical system performance?
	Does your nursing home have a process to evaluate the short and long-term impact of the loss of HVAC on the residents, staff, and nursing home?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for canceling nonessential services (social gatherings, meetings, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to evaluate need for additional staff, augment staffing levels, or manage with staff available? Is there a plan to modify contingency staff utilization and provide staff support (alternate shifts and staffing, childcare contingency plan for staff, staff transportation needs, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to provide rest/sleep, nutrition, and hydration to staff?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for shelter-in-place vs. partial evacuation vs. complete evacuation of the nursing home to protect residents and staff?
	Does your nursing home have criteria or triggers to move residents from damaged or unsafe areas to other locations within the nursing home (partial evacuation)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for complete evacuation of residents, including transport of critical records and supplies, arrangements with receiving facilities and transportation assets, staffing en route and at the relocation site?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to track residents and beds in the event of an evacuation?
	Does your nursing home's evacuation transportation plan include the use of assets other than local EMS for transporting residents?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to establish alternate care sites and relocate services provided if transfer is not feasible?
	Does your nursing home have, if not evacuating, a plan to maintain continuity of operations including trash, food, linen, laundry, etc.?

## MAN-MADE DISASTER: LOSS of POWER INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE



Does your nursing home have a process to assess residents for early discharge to decrease occupancy?
Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need to limit resident visitation?
Does your nursing home have a plan to secure the nursing home, including adequate personnel to assure security?
Does your nursing home have protocols to manage, treat (or refer for treatment), and report injuries to residents, staff, families, and visitors? Is there a process to prepare a report of all residents, staff, families, and visitors evaluated, treated, and discharged from the facility?
Does your nursing home have a process to inventory available supplies, medications, equipment, and personnel for both short and long-term operations? Does this include a process for obtaining supply and equipment supplementation?
Does your nursing home have a process for determining food and water needs for residents, visitors, families, and staff for 96-hours and a plan for obtaining needed supplies?
Does your nursing home have a plan to access outside resources through a mutual aid system?
Does your nursing home have a plan to keep resident/staff families notified of current situation, location, condition, and safety measures taken to protect them?
Does your nursing home have a plan for demobilization and system recovery that is activated during emergency response? Does this include a procedure for prioritizing service restoration activities, including restoring medical care operations, visitation, and nonessential operations (social activities, meetings, etc.)?
Does your nursing home have procedures for repatriation of residents who were transferred or evacuated?
Does your nursing home have a process for reporting all injuries, system failures, and long-term damage to regulatory agencies as required?
Does your nursing home have a plan for providing mental health support and stress management services to staff, residents, and families?
Does your nursing home have procedures for reordering, restocking, and returning borrowed supplies, equipment and medications, and returning personnel on loan during the incident?
Does your nursing home have procedures for after-action reporting and developing an improvement plan based on lessons learned? Is there a plan to participate in after-action review with local emergency management and community partners?
Does your nursing home have criteria to confirm restoration of the facility to normal function?
Does your nursing home have a process for submitting cost for disaster reimbursement from insurance carriers, local, state, and federal disaster relief?



#### **INCIDENT RESPONSE GUIDE**

**Mission:** To safely manage the operations of the nursing home during a power outage and its restoration.

ECTIONS	
Read this entire response guide and review Incident Management Team Chart.	
Use this response guide as a checklist to ensure all tasks are addressed and completed.	
ECTIVES	
Maintain emergency power systems.	
Maintain resident care management and safety.	
Minimize impact on nursing home operations.	
Evacuate residents to other facilities, if appropriate.	
Communicate situation to staff, residents, the media, community officials, and regulatory agencies, and receive information.	
IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
COMMAND	
<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Activate the Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan.</li> <li>Activate Command Staff and Section Chiefs, as appropriate.</li> <li>Notify local emergency management/emergency operations center/regulatory agencies of nursing home situation status, and obtain incident information and estimated timelines for restoration of power (if cause of power failure is external to the nursing home).</li> <li>Notify local EMS and ambulance providers about the situation and possible need to evacuate.</li> <li>Communicate with other Local/Regional Medical Coordinators to determine:         <ul> <li>Situation status /impact on healthcare facilities</li> <li>Patient transfer/bed availability</li> <li>Ability to loan needed equipment, supplies, medications, personnel, etc.</li> <li>Inform staff, residents, and families of situation and measures to provide power and protect life.</li> <li>Prepare media staging area as indicated; coordinate with local joint information system.</li> <li>Conduct regular media briefings in collaboration local emergency management, as appropriate.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(Safety Officer):         <ul> <li>Evaluate safety of residents, family, staff, and nursing home, and recommend protective and corrective actions to minimize hazards and risks.</li> </ul> </li> <li>NOTE: Section duties and responsibilities remain the responsibility of the Incident Commander unless delegated.</li> </ul>	



IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)		
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>□ Evaluate the emergency power supply and appropriate usage within the nursing home.</li> <li>□ Initiate power conservation measures.</li> <li>□ Assess residents for risk and prioritize care and resources, as appropriate.</li> <li>□ Secure the nursing home and implement limited visitation policy.</li> <li>□ Ensure continuation of resident care and essential services.</li> <li>□ Consider partial or complete evacuation of the nursing home, or relocation of residents and services within the nursing home.</li> <li>□ Maintain communications systems and other utilities, and activate redundant (back-up) systems, as appropriate.</li> <li>□ Investigate and provide recommendations for auxiliary power (battery-powered lights, etc.).</li> <li>□ Implement business continuity plans and protection of records.</li> </ul>	
	PLANNING	
	<ul><li>☐ Gather and validate situational information and projected needs and impact.</li><li>☐ Prepare for resident and personnel tracking in the event of evacuations.</li></ul>	
	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>☐ Maintain other utilities and activate alternate systems as needed.</li> <li>☐ Provide for water, food, and rest periods for staff.</li> <li>☐ Obtain supplies to maintain functioning of emergency generators (fuel, parts, etc.).</li> <li>☐ Obtain supplemental staffing, as needed.</li> <li>☐ Prepare for transportation of evacuated residents.</li> <li>☐ Validate and/or activate the back-up communications systems.</li> </ul>	
INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)		
	COMMAND	
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>□ Continue to update external partners and authorities on the situation status.</li> <li>□ Monitor evacuation of nursing home.</li> <li>□ Continue with briefings and situation updates with staff, residents, and families.</li> <li>□ Continue patient information center operations.</li> <li>□ Continue to update local emergency operations center/regulatory agencies of situation status and critical issues, and request assistance, as needed.</li> <li>□ Continue to communicate with local utilities concerning incident details and duration estimates.</li> <li>□ Continue communications with area healthcare facilities and facilitate patient transfers.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>□ Continue to evaluate nursing home operations for safety and hazards and take immediate corrective actions.</li> </ul>	



INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)		
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>Continue evaluation of residents and resident care services.</li> <li>□ Determine if any equipment can be taken off emergency power to minimize load on generators. Prepare the staging area for resident transfer/evacuation.</li> <li>□ Continue or implement resident evacuation.</li> <li>□ Ensure the transfer of resident's belongings, equipment, medications, and records upon evacuation.</li> <li>□ Continue evaluation and provision of emergency power.</li> <li>□ Continue provision of emergency power to critical areas.</li> <li>□ Ensure nursing home security and restricted visitation (if imposed).</li> <li>□ Ensure provision of water and food to residents, visitors, and families.</li> <li>□ Continue to maintain other utilities.</li> <li>□ Monitor residents for adverse effects on health and psychological stress.</li> <li>□ Prepare demobilization and system recovery.</li> </ul>	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>□ Continue resident, bed, and personnel tracking.</li> <li>□ Continue to gather and validate situational information.</li> <li>□ Prepare the demobilization and system recovery plans.</li> <li>□ Plan for resident repatriation.</li> <li>□ Ensure documentation of actions, decisions, and activities.</li> </ul>	
	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>□ Contact vendors to schedule regular deliveries of fuel to maintain emergency power.</li> <li>□ Contact vendors on availability of supplies and fresh food.</li> <li>□ Continue to provide staff for resident care and evacuation.</li> <li>□ Monitor staff for adverse effects of health and psychological stress.</li> <li>□ Monitor, report, follow-up on, and document staff or resident injuries.</li> <li>□ Continue to provide transportation services for internal operations and evacuation.</li> </ul>	
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION	
	<ul> <li>□ Continue to track costs, expenditures, and lost revenue.</li> <li>□ Continue to facilitate contracting for emergency power and other services.</li> </ul>	



DEMOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY		
	COMMAND	
	(Incident Commander):	
	<ul> <li>Determine nursing home status and declare restoration of normal power and termination of the incident.</li> <li>Notify regulatory agencies of sentinel event.</li> <li>Communicate final nursing home status and termination of the incident to local emergency operations center, area nursing homes, officials, and regulatory agencies.</li> <li>Assist with the repatriation of transferred residents.</li> <li>Conduct final media briefing and assist with updating staff, residents, families, and others of the termination of the event.</li> </ul>	
	(Safety Officer):	
	☐ Ensure nursing home safety and restoration of normal operations.	
	OPERATIONS	
	Restore normal resident services and operations. Ensure restoration of power and services. Repatriate evacuated residents. Perform evaluation and preventative maintenance on emergency generators and ensure their readiness. Discontinue visitor limitations. Ensure business continuity of operations and return to normal services.	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>□ Complete a summary of operations, status, and current census.</li> <li>□ Conduct after-action reviews and debriefings.</li> <li>□ Write after-action report and improvement plan for approval by the Incident Commander.</li> </ul>	
	LOGISTICS	
	Restock supplies, equipment, medications, food, and water. Ensure communications and computer operations return to normal.	
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION	
	<ul> <li>Compile a final report of response costs and expenditures and lost revenue for approval by the Incident Commander.</li> <li>Contact insurance carriers to assist in documentation of structural and infrastructure damage and initiate reimbursement and claims procedures.</li> </ul>	



DOCUMENTS AND TOOLS		
	Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan	
	Nursing Home Evacuation Plan	
	Emergency Power Plan	
	Emergency Communications Plan	



#### **INCIDENT PLANNING GUIDE**

#### DOES YOUR EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING ISSUES?

MITIGATION & PREPAREDNESS	
	Does your nursing home regularly monitor pre-event weather forecasts and projections?
	Does your nursing home participate in pre-event local severe storm response planning with emergency management officials?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to initiate severe storm nursing home hardening actions (e.g., protect windows; secure outside loose items; test backup generators; obtain supplemental supplies of essential items such as food, water, medications, lighting); protect basement high risk areas; relocate at-risk items to higher levels; activate amateur radio operators; top-off fuel tanks)?
	Does your nursing home have plans for loss of power or loss of other utilities and services?
	Does your nursing home have a plan for responding to extreme heat and initiating necessary cooling measures? Does this plan contain contingency cooling measures if power is lost? Does this plan include complete facility evacuation if safe care, including resident cooling, is not able to be established?
	Does your nursing home have a surge capacity plan that includes triggers and criteria for activation?
	Does your nursing home have Memorandums of Understanding (MOUs) with fuel suppliers to ensure a supply of fuel for emergency generators and vehicles, if needed?
	Does your nursing home identify and/or have MOUs with contractors that can perform repairs after the storm?
	Does your nursing home consider relocating hazardous materials/chemical agents to prevent contamination in case of flooding?
	Does your Emergency Operations Plan include triggers or criteria for activation of the Emergency Operations Plan, Incident Command and the Command Center?
	Does your nursing home have a process for regularly assessing the status of the facility, repair, resident services, system restoration, and staffing and for adjusting the Incident Action Plan and operations accordingly? Does the process include regularly updating the Incident Action Plan and reviewing decisions made/actions taken to accomplish the mission?
	Does your nursing home have procedures and forms to track costs, expenses, and provide reports?
	Does your nursing home have procedures with clear routes of communication to gather and confirm situation reports and status updates from local emergency management and regulatory agencies? Is there a plan to communicate with the local EOC (emergency management, public health, regulatory agencies) about the situation status, critical issues, and resident health status and request assistance?



	Does your nursing home have a plan to notify and maintain communications (primary and backup systems) and exchange appropriate information with:  Internal experts, including infection control, engineering/facilities, physician(s)?  External experts, including local, regional and state public health, EOC/emergency management, fire, police, regulatory agencies.  Other local facilities and hospitals.
	Does your nursing home have procedures to provide accurate and timely situation and safety information (in cooperation with local Joint Information Center) to staff, residents and families, and a back-up system if primary communication systems fail?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to determine the status of communication systems outside of the facility in order to communicate with local emergency management, police, and fire within the city, county, and operational area?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to conduct regular media briefings in collaboration with local emergency management, local EOC, and the local Joint Information Center?
RESPO	NSE & RECOVERY
	Does your nursing home have a plan to transport staff and their families living in potentially flooded areas or without transportation to the nursing home to ensure staffing?
	Does your nursing home have procedures (or a contract) to perform damage assessment (interior and exterior), evaluate infrastructure operation needs, initiate repair plan, contract for needed repair assistance, and re-evaluate need for evacuation (partial or complete)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to manage staff/resident family members seeking refuge?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to monitor environmental issues (bio waste disposal) and water safety?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for canceling nonessential services (social gatherings, meetings, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have procedures to evaluate the need for additional staff, augment staffing levels, or manage with staff available? Is there a plan to modify contingency staff utilization and provide staff support (alternate shifts and staffing, childcare contingency plan for staff, staff transportation needs, etc.)?
	Does your nursing home have a plan to provide rest/sleep, nutrition, and hydration to staff?
	Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need for shelter-in-place vs. partial evacuation vs. complete evacuation of the nursing home to protect residents and staff?
	Does your nursing home have a process to evaluate the need for further evacuation (partial/complete) of areas of the nursing home as a result of structural damage, flooding, or loss of other essential services (e.g., resident cooling in extreme heat) during severe weather?
	Does your nursing home have criteria or triggers to move residents from flooded areas to other locations within the nursing home (partial evacuation)?



Does your nursing home have a plan for complete evacuation of residents, including transport of critical records and supplies, arrangements with receiving facilities and transportation assets, staffing en route and at the relocation site?
Does your nursing home have procedures to track residents and beds in the event of an evacuation?
Does your nursing home's evacuation transportation plan include the use of assets other than local EMS for transporting residents?
Does your nursing home have a plan to establish alternate care sites and relocate services provided if transfer is not feasible?
Does your nursing home have, if not evacuating, a plan to maintain continuity of operations including trash, food, linen, laundry, etc.?
Does your nursing home have a process to determine the need to limit resident visitation?
Does your nursing home have a plan to secure the nursing home, including adequate personnel to assure security?
Does your nursing home have a process to assess damage to building structure and infrastructure (HVAC, water, sewage, lighting, power, information systems, communications, medical gases, and hazardous materials)?
Does your nursing home have protocols to manage, treat (or refer for treatment), and report injuries to residents, staff, families, and visitors? Is there a process to prepare a report of all residents, staff, families, and visitors evaluated, treated, and discharged from the facility?
Does your nursing home have a process to inventory available supplies, medications, equipment, and personnel for both short and long-term operations? Does this include a process for obtaining supply and equipment supplementation?
Does your nursing home have a process for determining food and water needs for residents, visitors, families, and staff for 96-hours and a plan for obtaining needed supplies?
Does your nursing home have a plan to access outside resources through a medical mutual aid system?
Does your nursing home have a plan to keep resident/staff families notified of current situation, location, condition and safety measures taken to protect them?
Does your nursing home have a plan for demobilization and system recovery that is activated during emergency response? Does this include a procedure for prioritizing service restoration activities, including restoring medical care operations, visitation and non-essential operations (social activities, meetings, etc.)?
Does your nursing home have procedures for repatriation of patients that were transferred or evacuated?
Does your nursing home have a process for reporting all injuries, system failures and long-term damage to regulatory agencies as required?
Does your nursing home have a plan for providing mental health support and stress management services to staff, residents and families?



Does your nursing home have procedures for reordering, restocking, and returning borrowed supplies, equipment, and medications and returning personnel on loan during the incident?
Does your nursing home have procedures for after-action reporting and developing an improvement plan based on lessons learned? Is there a plan to participate in after-action review with local emergency management and community partners?
Does your nursing home have criteria to confirm restoration of the facility to normal function?
Does your nursing home have a process for submitting cost for disaster reimbursement from insurance carriers, local, state and federal disaster relief?



#### **INCIDENT RESPONSE GUIDE**

Mission:

To safely manage the operations of the nursing home (including providing for the safety of residents, visitors, and staff) during a severe weather emergency such as an ice storm, snowstorm, rain, flooding, etc.

DIR	DIRECTIONS	
	Read this entire response guide and review Incident Management Team Chart.	
	Use this response guide as a checklist to ensure all tasks are addressed and completed.	
ОВ.	JECTIVES	
	Account for all residents, visitors, and staff.	
	Minimize impact on nursing home operations.	
	Communicate situation to staff, residents, media, community officials, and regulatory agencies.	
	Maintain resident care management and safety.	
	Restore normal operations as soon as feasible.	
IMI	MEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	COMMAND	
	Activate the facility Emergency Operations Plan.   Activate Command Staff and Section Chiefs, as appropriate.   Communicate with local emergency management and regulatory agencies regarding nursing home situation status, critical issues, and resource requests.   Communicate with local EMS, ambulance providers, and alternate transportation resources regarding the situation and possible need to evacuate or relocate residents.   Communicate with other health care facilities to determine:   Situation Status   Surge Capacity   Resident transfer/bed availability   Ability to loan needed equipment, supplies, medications, personnel, etc.   Monitor weather conditions, structural integrity, and nursing home security.   Inform staff, residents, and families of situation status and provide regular updates.   Prepare media staging area.   Conduct regular media briefings in collaboration local emergency management, as appropriate.   (Safety Officer):   Evaluate safety of residents, family, staff and nursing home and recommend Protective and corrective actions to minimize hazards and risks.   NOTE: Section duties and responsibilities remain the responsibility of the Incident Commander unless delegated.	



IMI	IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>□ Assess residents for risk, and prioritize care and resources, as appropriate.</li> <li>□ Secure the nursing home and implement limited visitation policy.</li> <li>□ Ensure continuation of resident care and essential services.</li> <li>□ Prepare to implement emergency plans and procedures as needed (e.g., loss of power, cooling, water, HVAC, communications) including severe weather staffing plan.</li> <li>□ Consider partial or complete evacuation of the nursing home, or relocation of residents and services within the nursing home.</li> <li>□ Maintain communications systems and other utilities and activate redundant (back-up) systems, as appropriate.</li> <li>□ Designate an area(s) to accommodate resident/staff family members seeking shelter in severe weather including those who may be electrically dependent or have medical needs.</li> <li>□ Distribute appropriate equipment throughout the nursing home (e.g., portable lights), as needed.</li> </ul>	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>Establish operational periods and incident objectives, and develop the Incident Action Plan in collaboration with Nursing Home Incident Commander. Gather and validate situational information and projected impact.</li> <li>Initiate tracking system for residents and arriving community boarders and visitors who will remain in the</li> </ul>	
	nursing home during the storm.	
	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>□ Maintain utilities and communications and activate alternate systems as needed.</li> <li>□ Obtain supplies, equipment, medications, food, and water to sustain operations.</li> <li>□ Obtain supplemental staffing, as needed.</li> <li>□ Prepare for transportation of evacuated residents, if activated.</li> <li>□ Provide for water, food, and rest periods for staff.</li> </ul>	



INT	INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)	
	COMMAND	
	(Incident Commander):	
	<ul> <li>Continue to update external partners, authorities, and regulatory agencies regarding situation status.</li> <li>Update and revise the Incident Action Plan and prepare for demobilization.</li> <li>Monitor nursing home evacuation, if activated.</li> <li>Continue to monitor weather reports and conditions.</li> <li>Continue with briefings and situation updates with staff, residents, and families.</li> <li>Continue resident information center operations. Assist with notification of residents' families about situation and evacuation, if activated.</li> <li>Continue to communicate with local EOC and regulatory agencies regarding situation status and critical issues, and request assistance as needed.</li> <li>Continue resident information center operations, in collaboration with PIO.</li> <li>Continue communications with area nursing homes and facilitate resident transfers, if activated.</li> </ul>	
	(Safety Officer):	
	Continue to evaluate nursing home operations for safety and hazards, and take immediate corrective actions.	
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>Continue evaluation of residents and maintain resident care.</li> <li>Prepare the staging area for resident transfer/evacuation.</li> <li>Regularly perform nursing home damage assessments and initiate appropriate repairs.</li> <li>Ensure the function of emergency generators and alternative power/light resources, if needed.</li> <li>Continue or implement resident evacuation.</li> <li>Ensure the transfer of residents' belongings, medications, and records upon evacuation.</li> <li>Ensure provision of water and food to residents, visitors, and families.</li> <li>Maintain nursing home security and restricted visitation.</li> <li>Continue to maintain utilities and communications.</li> <li>Monitor residents for adverse effects of psychological stress on resident health.</li> <li>Prepare demobilization and system recovery plans.</li> </ul>	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>Continue resident, bed, and personnel tracking.</li> <li>Continue to gather and validate situation information.</li> <li>Prepare the demobilization and system recovery plans.</li> <li>Plan for repatriation of residents.</li> <li>Ensure documentation of actions, decisions, and activities.</li> </ul>	



INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)	
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>□ Contact vendors on availability of needed supplies, equipment, medications, food, and water.</li> <li>□ Continue to provide staff for resident care and evacuation.</li> <li>□ Monitor staff for adverse effects of psychological stress on health.</li> <li>□ Monitor, report, follow-up on, and document staff or resident injuries.</li> <li>□ Continue to provide transportation services for internal operations and resident evacuation.</li> </ul>
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION
	<ul> <li>□ Continue to track costs and expenditures and lost revenue.</li> <li>□ Continue to facilitate contracting for emergency repairs and other services.</li> </ul>
DEN	MOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY
	COMMAND
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Determine nursing home status, and declare restoration of normal services and termination of the incident.</li> <li>Notify regulatory agencies of sentinel event.</li> <li>Communicate final nursing home status and termination of the incident to local EOC, area nursing homes, officials, and regulatory agencies.</li> <li>Assist with the repatriation of residents transferred.</li> <li>Conduct final media briefing and assist with updating staff, residents, families, and others of the termination of the event.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>Ensure nursing home safety and restoration of normal operations.</li> </ul>
	OPERATIONS
	Restore normal resident care operations. Ensure integrity of and/or restoration of utilities and communications. Ensure nursing home repairs and restoration of utilities. Repatriate evacuated residents. Discontinue visitor limitations. Ensure business continuity of operations and return to normal services.



DEN	DEMOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>☐ Finalize the Incident Action Plan and demobilization plan.</li> <li>☐ Complete a summary of operations, status, and current census.</li> <li>☐ Conduct after-action reviews and debriefing.</li> <li>☐ Write after-action report and corrective action plan for approval by Nursing Home Incident Commander.</li> </ul>	
	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>□ Restock supplies, equipment, medications, food and water.</li> <li>□ Ensure communications and computer operations return to normal.</li> <li>□ Conduct stress management and after-action debriefings and meetings, as necessary.</li> </ul>	
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION	
	<ul> <li>Compile a final report of response costs and expenditures and lost revenue for approval by the Nursing Home Incident Commander.</li> <li>Contact insurance carriers to assist in documentation of structural and infrastructure damage and initiate reimbursement and claims procedures.</li> </ul>	
DO	CUMENTS AND TOOLS	
	Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan	
	Severe Weather Emergency Procedure	
	Business Continuity Plan	
	Emergency Communications Plan	
	Emergency Power Plan	



#### **INCIDENT RESPONSE GUIDE**

Mission:

To effectively and efficiently identify, triage, isolate, treat, and track a surge of potentially infectious residents and staff; and to manage the uninjured/asymptomatic persons, family members, and the

DIR	DIRECTIONS	
	Read this entire incident response guide and review the Incident Management Team Chart.	
	Use this Incident Response Guide as a checklist to ensure all tasks are addressed and completed.	
ОВЈ	ECTIVES	
	Identify, triage, isolate, and treat infectious residents.	
	Accurately track residents throughout the nursing home.	
	Assure safety and security of the staff, residents, visitors, and nursing home.	
IMN	MEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	COMMAND	
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Activate the appropriate Medical Director/Specialist or Technical Specialists to assess the incident.</li> <li>Activate Command staff and Section Chiefs.</li> <li>Implement regular briefing schedule for Command staff and Section Chiefs.</li> <li>Implement the infectious residents surge plan and other Emergency Operations Plans, as indicated.</li> <li>Communicate with public health officials, local emergency management, and other external agencies (e.g., health department, regulatory agencies) to identify infectious agent and communicate situation status and projected needs.</li> <li>Communicate with Public Health to determine the potential number of infectious residents.</li> <li>Communicate regularly with Section Chiefs regarding operational needs and integration of nursing home functions with local EOC.</li> <li>Monitor media outlets for updates on the pandemic and possible impacts on the nursing home. Communicate information via regular briefings to Section Chiefs and Incident Commander.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>Conduct ongoing analysis of existing response practices for health and safety issues related to staff, residents, and nursing home, and implement corrective actions to address.</li> </ul>	



IMI	IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	COMMAND (continued)	
	(Medical Director/Specialist – Biological/disease outbreak/pandemic):  Verify and collaborate with Public Health officials, and report the following information to the Incident Commander:  Number and condition of residents affected, including the worried well  Type of biological/infectious disease involved (case definition)  Medical problems present in addition to biological/infectious disease involved  Measures taken (e.g., cultures, supportive treatment)  Potential for and scope of communicability  Implement appropriate PPE and isolation precautions  Coordinate with the Operations Section Chief to verify from the Medical Director/Specialist, in collaboration with regional officials, and report the following information to the Incident Commander and Section Chiefs:  Number and condition of residents affected, including the asymptomatic  Medical problems present besides infectious disease involved  Measures taken (e.g., cultures, supportive treatment)  Potential for and scope of communicability	
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>□ Provide just-in-time training for both clinical and non-clinical staff regarding the status of the event, precautions they should take, and rumor control.</li> <li>□ Monitor residents for signs of illness.</li> <li>□ Ensure proper implementation of infectious residents surge plan, including:         <ul> <li>○ Staff implementation of infection precautions, and higher level precautions for high risk procedures</li> <li>○ Proper monitoring of isolation procedures</li> <li>○ Limit resident movement within nursing home for essential purposes only</li> <li>○ Restrict number of clinicians and ancillary staff providing care to infectious residents</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ Evaluate and determine health status of all persons prior to nursing home entry.</li> <li>□ Ensure safe collection, transport, and processing of laboratory specimens.</li> <li>□ Report actions/information to Command staff/Section Chiefs/IC regularly, according to schedule.</li> <li>□ Conduct nursing home census and determine if discharges and appointment cancellations are required.</li> <li>(Security):</li> <li>□ Consider nursing home lockdown to prevent infectious residents from entering the nursing home except through designated route. Report regularly to Operations Section Chief.</li> </ul>	



IMI	IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	PLANNING	
	<ul> <li>Establish operational periods and develop Incident Action Plan:         <ul> <li>Engage all necessary departments</li> <li>Share Incident Action Plan through Incident Commander with these areas</li> <li>Provide instructions on needed documentation including completion detail and deadlines</li> </ul> </li> <li>Implement resident/staff/equipment tracking protocols.</li> <li>Report actions/information to Incident Commander, Command Staff, and Section Chiefs regularly.</li> </ul>	
	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>Implement distribution of plans for mass prophylaxis/immunizations for employees, their families, and others as recommended from public health and emergency preparedness officials (pandemic event).</li> <li>Anticipate an increased need for medical supplies (i.e., antivirals, pharmaceuticals, oxygen, ventilators, suction equipment, respiratory protection/PPE), and respiratory therapists, transporters and other personnel.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Implement distribution of PPE to high risk employees as recommended by public health and emergency preparedness officials.</li> <li>Prepare for receipt of external pharmaceutical cache(s).</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>□ Determine staff supplementation needs and communicate to Liaison Officer.</li> <li>□ Report actions/information to Command staff/Section Chiefs/IC regularly, according to schedule.</li> </ul>	
INT	ERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)	
	COMMAND	
	(Incident Commander):	
	<ul> <li>□ Activate and implement Emergency Operations Plans, as indicated, including mass fatality plan if needed.</li> <li>□ Continue regular briefing of Command staff/Section Chiefs and regulatory agencies.</li> <li>□ Establish a resident information center; coordinate with local emergency management/public health/EMS.</li> <li>Regularly brief local EOC, nursing home staff, residents, and media.</li> <li>□ Ensure integrated response with local EOC/ JIC.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>□ Communicate to local EOC personnel/equipment/supply needs identified by Operations.</li> <li>□ Keep Public Health advised of any health problems/trends identified, in cooperation with infection control.</li> <li>□ Integrate outside personnel assistance into Command Center and hospital operations.</li> <li>□ Discuss operational status with other area facilities/hospitals.</li> <li>□ Brief Command staff/Section Chiefs regularly with information from outside sources.</li> </ul>	



INT	INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)		
	OPERATIONS		
	<ul> <li>□ Conduct disease surveillance, including number of affected residents/personnel.</li> <li>□ Continue isolation activities as needed.</li> <li>□ Consult with infection control for disinfection requirements for equipment and nursing home.</li> <li>□ Continue patient management activities, including patient cohorting and resident/staff/visitor medical care issues.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>□ With Logistics, coordinate the implementation of mass vaccination/mass prophylaxis plan.</li> <li>□ Determine scope and volume of supplies/equipment/personnel required and report to Logistics.</li> <li>□ Implement local mass fatality plan (including temporary morgue sites) in cooperation with local/state public health, emergency management, and medical examiners. Assess capacity for refrigeration/security of deceased residents.</li> </ul>		
	PLANNING		
	<ul> <li>Continue resident tracking.</li> <li>Document Incident Action Plan as developed by IC and Section Chiefs, and distribute appropriately.</li> <li>Collect information regarding situation status and report to IC/Command staff/Section Chiefs regularly.</li> <li>Plan for termination of incident.</li> <li>Revise security plan and family visitation policy, as needed.</li> </ul>		
	LOGISTICS		
	<ul> <li>Coordinate activation of staff vaccination/prophylaxis plan with Operations (pandemic event).</li> <li>Monitor the health status of staff who are exposed to infectious residents.</li> <li>Consider reassigning staff recovering from flu to care for flu residents; reassign staff at high risk for complications of flu (e.g., pregnant women, immunocompromised persons) to low risk duties (i.e., no flu patient care or administrative duties only).</li> </ul>		
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION		
	<ul> <li>□ Track response expenses and report regularly to Command staff and Section Chiefs.</li> <li>□ Track and follow up with employee illnesses and absenteeism issues.</li> </ul>		
EXT	ENDED (OPERATIONAL PERIOD BEYOND 12 HOURS)		
	COMMAND		
	(Incident Commander):		
	<ul><li>Continue regular briefing of Command staff/Section Chiefs. Address issues identified.</li><li>Continue resident information center, as necessary. Coordinate efforts with local/state public health</li></ul>		
	resources/JIC.  Continue to ensure integrated response with local EOC/JIC.		
	<ul> <li>□ Continue to communicate personnel/equipment/supply needs to local EOC.</li> <li>□ Continue to keep public health advised of any health problems/trends identified.</li> <li>□ Keep regulatory agencies apprised of nursing home status.</li> </ul>		



EXTENDED (OPERATIONAL PERIOD BEYOND 12 HOURS)	
	OPERATIONS
	<ul> <li>Continue patient management and nursing home monitoring activities. Communicate personnel/equipment/supply needs to local EOC.</li> <li>Ensure proper disposal of infectious waste, including disposable supplies/equipment.</li> </ul>
	PLANNING
	Revise and update the IAP and distribute to IC, Command Staff and Section Chiefs.
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>□ Continue monitoring the health status of staff exposed to infectious residents.</li> <li>□ Continue addressing behavioral health support needs for residents/visitors/staff.</li> <li>□ Continue providing equipment/supply/personnel needs.</li> </ul>
	FINANCE
	☐ Continue to track response expenses and employee injury/illness and absenteeism.
DEN	MOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY
	COMMAND
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Provide briefings as needed to residents/visitors/staff/media, in cooperation with JIC.</li> <li>Prepare a summary of the status and location of infectious residents. Disseminate to Command staff/Section Chiefs and to public health/EOC, regulatory agencies as appropriate.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Provide briefings as needed to residents/visitors/staff/media, in cooperation with JIC.</li> <li>Prepare a summary of the status and location of infectious residents. Disseminate to Command staff/Section</li> </ul>
	(Incident Commander):  ☐ Provide briefings as needed to residents/visitors/staff/media, in cooperation with JIC. ☐ Prepare a summary of the status and location of infectious residents. Disseminate to Command staff/Section Chiefs and to public health/EOC, regulatory agencies as appropriate.
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Provide briefings as needed to residents/visitors/staff/media, in cooperation with JIC.</li> <li>Prepare a summary of the status and location of infectious residents. Disseminate to Command staff/Section Chiefs and to public health/EOC, regulatory agencies as appropriate.</li> </ul> OPERATIONS



DEMOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY	
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>□ Conduct stress management and after-action debriefings and meetings as necessary.</li> <li>□ Monitor health status of staff.</li> <li>□ Inventory all EOC and nursing home supplies and replenish as necessary.</li> <li>□ Restore/repair/replace broken equipment.</li> <li>□ Return borrowed equipment after proper cleaning/disinfection.</li> <li>□ Restore normal nonessential services.</li> </ul>
	FINANCE
	<ul> <li>Compile time, expense, and claims reports and submit to IC for approval.</li> <li>Distribute approved reports to appropriate authorities for reimbursement.</li> </ul>
DO	CUMENTS AND TOOLS
	Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan, including:  Infectious patient surge plan  Mass vaccination/mass prophylaxis plan (pandemic event)  Risk communication plan  Nursing home security plan  Patient/staff/equipment tracking procedure  Behavioral health support for staff/residents plan  Mass fatalities plan (pandemic event)
	Infection control plan.
	Employee health monitoring/treatment plan.
	All other relevant protocols/guidelines relating to biological/infectious disease/mass casualty incidents.
	Nursing Home Incident Command Forms.
	Nursing Home Job Action Sheets.
	Nursing Home Incident Management Team Chart.
	Television/radio/internet to monitor news.
	Telephone/cell phone/radio/satellite phone/internet for communication.



#### **INCIDENT RESPONSE GUIDE**

**Mission:** To safely manage the operations of the facility during response to an internal fire incident.

DIR	ECTIONS
	Read this entire response guide and review incident management team chart.
	Use this response guide as a checklist to ensure all tasks are addressed and completed.
ОВЈ	ECTIVES
	Confine the fire/reduce the spread of the fire.
	Rescue and protect residents and staff.
	Implement internal Emergency Operations Plan- fire.
	Implement partial/full evacuation.
	Investigate and document incident details.
IMI	MEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)
	<ul> <li>COMMAND</li> <li>(Incident Commander):         <ul> <li>Activate the nursing home emergency operations plan and the Incident Command structure.</li> <li>Establish Incident Action Plan and operational periods in collaboration with Planning Section.</li> <li>Appoint Command Staff and Section Chiefs.</li> <li>Consider the formation of a unified command with nursing home and fire officials.</li> <li>Determine need for and type of evacuation.</li> <li>Establish a media staging area.</li> <li>Conduct regular media briefings to update situation status and provide appropriate resident and employee information</li> <li>Oversee resident family notifications of incident and evacuation/relocation, if ordered.</li> <li>Notify and regularly communicate with local emergency management agency, Fire, EMS and law enforcement about nursing home status.</li> <li>Communicate with other healthcare facilities (or Medical and Health Operational Area Coordinator) to determine:</li></ul></li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Evaluate safety of residents, family, staff and nursing home and recommend protective and corrective actions to minimize hazards and risks.</li> <li>NOTE: Section duties and responsibilities remain the responsibility of the Incident Commander unless delegated.</li> </ul>



IMMEDIATE ACTIONS (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 0-2 HOURS)	
	OPERATIONS
	<ul> <li>Implement fire response plan and conduct extinguishing/rescue operations, if needed and/or if possible.</li> <li>Evaluate need for evacuation or temporary relocation of nearby areas damaged from smoke or fire.</li> <li>Evaluate safety of involved structure after obtaining damage assessment from fire department.</li> <li>Secure the nursing home and deny entry of non-essential and unauthorized personnel.</li> <li>Follow up on injured employees and residents and document condition.</li> </ul>
	PLANNING
	<ul> <li>□ Conduct an immediate count of nursing home residents and their locations.</li> <li>□ Initiate resident tracking procedures.</li> <li>□ Account for on-duty staff by name and location.</li> <li>□ Establish operational periods, incident objectives and develop Incident Action Plan, in collaboration with the Incident Commander.</li> </ul>
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>□ Assist with nursing home damage assessment.</li> <li>□ Perform salvage operations in damaged laboratory areas, if possible.</li> <li>□ Ensure communications systems and IT/IS is functioning.</li> <li>□ Initiate follow up and documentation on injured employees, and assist with notification of family members.</li> <li>□ Call back additional staff to assist with operations and possible evacuation, as needed.</li> </ul>
INT	ERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)
	COMMAND
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Meet regularly with Command Staff and Section Chiefs to review overall impact of the fire on the nursing home and reevaluate the need for evacuation or temporary relocation of resident care area and services.</li> <li>Continue to communicate with area nursing home facilities and local emergency management to update on situation status and request assistance.</li> <li>Establish the resident information center, in collaboration with the PIO.</li> <li>Continue briefings for staff, residents and the media.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>Conduct ongoing analysis of existing response practices for health and safety issues related to staff, residents, and nursing home, and implement corrective actions.</li> </ul>



INTERMEDIATE (OPERATIONAL PERIOD 2-12 HOURS)	
	OPERATIONS
	<ul> <li>Continue resident care and management of activities.</li> <li>Relocate or evacuate residents from damaged/impacted areas, as appropriate.</li> <li>Ensure notification of resident's families of incident and resident condition</li> <li>Ensure critical infrastructure services to essential area.</li> <li>Initiate nursing home clean up procedures.</li> <li>Initiate nursing home repairs.</li> <li>Continue nursing home security and secure all unsafe areas.</li> <li>Ensure that business continuity operations were not damaged and are fully functional.</li> </ul>
	PLANNING
	<ul> <li>□ Continue resident and personnel tracking.</li> <li>□ Update and revise the Incident Action Plan.</li> <li>□ Ensure documentation of actions, decisions, and activities.</li> </ul>
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>Continue to salvage operations, as appropriate.</li> <li>Provide mental health support for staff.</li> <li>Provide for staff food, water and rest periods.</li> <li>Continue to monitor condition of injured employees and report to Incident Commander.</li> <li>Order supplies and equipment as needed to facilitate resident care and recovery operations.</li> <li>Arrange transportation for relocated or evacuated residents.</li> <li>Assist with re-establishment of laboratory services through relocation or contracted services.</li> <li>Continue to provide supplemental staffing, as needed.</li> </ul>
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION
	<ul> <li>□ Track response and recovery costs and expenditures, including estimates of lost revenue.</li> <li>□ Initiate documentation and claims for injured employees and residents, if any.</li> <li>□ Facilitate procurement of supplies, equipment, medications, contracted services and staff needed for effective response and recovery.</li> </ul>



EXTENDED (OPERATIONAL PERIOD BEYOND 12 HOURS)	
	COMMAND
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Meet with Command Staff and Section Chiefs to update situation status and resident relocation/evacuation progress.</li> <li>Continue to brief staff, residents, families and the media on the situation status and appropriate resident information.</li> <li>Continue resident information center, as needed.</li> <li>Continue to update local emergency management, Fire, EMS and law enforcement officials on situation status and evacuation progress.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>Continue ongoing evaluation of evacuation practices for health and safety issues related to staff, residents, and nursing home, and implement corrective actions.</li> </ul>
	OPERATIONS
	<ul> <li>□ Continue resident care and management activities.</li> <li>□ Ensure safe resident relocation/evacuation, if necessary.</li> <li>□ If residents are evacuated to other facilities, ensure resident records, medications and belongings are transferred with the resident.</li> <li>□ Continue to assess nursing home damage and services.</li> <li>□ Provide food and water for residents, families and visitors.</li> <li>□ Continue security of the nursing home and unsafe areas within the nursing home.</li> </ul>
	PLANNING
	<ul> <li>□ Plan for demobilization of incident and system recovery.</li> <li>□ Update and revise the Incident Action Plan.</li> <li>□ Ensure documentation of actions, decisions and activities.</li> <li>□ Continue resident and personnel tracking.</li> </ul>
	LOGISTICS
	<ul> <li>□ Provide mental health support and debriefings to staff.</li> <li>□ Continue to provide food, water and rest periods for staff.</li> <li>□ Continue to monitor the condition of injured employees and report to the Incident Commander.</li> <li>□ Replace or reorder damaged supplies and equipment to provide laboratory services as soon as possible.</li> <li>□ Provide additional staffing as needed.</li> </ul>
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION
	<ul> <li>Continue to track and report response costs and expenditures and lost revenue.</li> <li>Complete claims/risk management reports on injured employees or residents.</li> </ul>



DEN	DEMOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY	
	COMMAND	
	<ul> <li>(Incident Commander):</li> <li>Assess if criteria for partial or complete reopening of areas within the nursing home is met, and order reopening and repatriation of residents.</li> <li>Oversee restoration of normal nursing home operations.</li> <li>Provide appreciation and recognition to solicited and non-solicited volunteers, staff, state and federal personnel that helped during the incident.</li> <li>Conduct final media briefing providing situation status, appropriate resident information and termination of the incident.</li> <li>Notify local emergency management, fire and EMS of termination of the incident and reopening of the nursing home.</li> <li>(Safety Officer):</li> <li>Oversee the safe return to normal operations and repatriation of residents.</li> </ul>	
	OPERATIONS	
	<ul> <li>□ Restore resident care and management activities.</li> <li>□ Repatriate evacuated residents.</li> <li>□ Re-establish visitation and non-essential services.</li> <li>□ Provide mental health support and information about community services to residents and families, as needed.</li> </ul>	
	PLANNING	
	Finalize the Incident Action Plan and demobilization plan.  Prepare a summary of the status and location of residents. Disseminate to Command Staff and Section Chiefs and to other requesting agencies, as appropriate.  Compile a final report of the incident and nursing home response and recovery operations.  Ensure appropriate archiving of incident documentation.  Write an after-action report and improvement plan to include the following:  Summary of actions taken  Summary of the incident  Actions that went well  Area for improvement  Future response actions  Corrective actions	
ì	LOGISTICS	
	<ul> <li>□ Provide mental health support and conduct stress management debriefings, as needed.</li> <li>□ Monitor health status of staff.</li> <li>□ Restock and resupply equipment, medications, food and water, and supplies to normal levels.</li> <li>□ Itemize all damaged equipment and supplies and submit to Finance/Administration Section.</li> <li>□ Return borrowed equipment after proper cleaning/disinfection.</li> </ul>	



DEMOBILIZATION/SYSTEM RECOVERY	
	FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION
	<ul> <li>Compile final response and recovery of cost and expenditure and estimated lost revenues summary and submit to the Incident Commander for approval.</li> <li>Contact insurance carriers to assist in documentation of structural and infrastructure damage and initiate reimbursement and claims procedures.</li> </ul>
DOCUMENTS AND TOOLS	
	Nursing Home Emergency Operations Plan
	Fire Emergency Response Plan
	Nursing Home Resident Evacuation Plan
	Resident Tracking Form
	Nursing Home Damage Assessment Procedures Forms
	Job Action Sheets
	Nursing Home Organization Chart
	Nursing Home Business Continuity Plans