## DETAILED TABLE OF CONTENTS

### PART 15. COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY INSTALLATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5701</td>
<td>Purpose and scope</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5703</td>
<td>Definitions</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5705</td>
<td>CT operators</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5707</td>
<td>Medical physicist</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5709</td>
<td>Equipment requirements</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5711</td>
<td>Enclosures</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5713</td>
<td>Conditions of operation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5715</td>
<td>Report and notification of CT medical event</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5717</td>
<td>Quality control program</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5719</td>
<td>Initial and annual medical physicist performance evaluations</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R 333.5721</td>
<td>Records and report retention</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PART 15. COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY INSTALLATIONS

R 333.5701 Purpose and scope.

Rule 701. (1) This part establishes requirements governing the use of computed tomography (CT) scanners by, or on behalf of, a health practitioner licensed under article 15 of the act, MCL 333.1101 to 333.25211.

(2) This part applies to all registrants who use a CT scanner for the intentional exposure of humans for diagnostic imaging.

(3) A CT scanner is exempt from this part if the scanner meets 1 of the following:
   (a) Generates a peak power of 5 kilowatts or less as certified by the manufacturer.
   (b) Is used only for attenuation corrections and anatomical markers as part of a positron emission tomography (PET/CT) or single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT/CT) study.
   (c) Is used as a simulator solely for treatment planning purposes in conjunction with a megavoltage radiation therapy unit.
   (d) Is used solely for intra-operative guidance tomography.

(4) In addition to the requirements of this part, all registrants are subject to applicable parts of these rules and the certificate of need review standards for computed tomography scanner services.


R 333.5703 Definitions.

Rule 703. (1) As used in this part the definitions in 21 C.F.R. 1020.33, “Computed tomography (CT) equipment” (June 10, 2005), are adopted by reference. Copies of these regulations are available for no cost from either of the following sources:
   (a) The website of the Michigan department of licensing and regulatory affairs, radiation safety section at http://www.michigan.gov/rss.

(2) As used in this part the following definitions apply:
   (a) "Computed tomography (CT)" means the production of a tomogram by the acquisition and computer processing of x-ray transmission data. Computed tomography includes the capability of producing axial tomograms.
   (b) "CT medical event" means an unintended event where a physician determines that actual damage has occurred to an organ or a physiological system of an individual due to or suspected to be due to exposure to diagnostic radiation from a CT scanner.
   (c) "CT scanner" means a CT machine capable of performing CT scans of the head, other body parts, or full body patient procedures including PET/CT and SPECT/CT scanner hybrids if used for CT only procedures.
   (d) "Medical physicist" means an individual trained in evaluating the performance of CT scanners, related equipment, and facility quality assurance programs and who meets the requirements in R 333.5707.
   (e) "Positron emission tomography (PET)" means an imaging technique that uses positron-emitting radionuclides to produce 3-dimensional images of functional processes in the body.
   (f) "Radiologic technologist" means an individual specifically trained in the use of radiographic equipment and the positioning of patients for radiographic examinations and who meets the requirements in R 333.5705.
   (g) "Single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT)" means an imaging technique that uses radionuclides to produce 3-dimensional images of functional processes in the body.
   (h) "Tomogram" means the depiction of the attenuation properties of a section through a body.


R 333.5705 CT operators.

Rule 705. All CT examinations shall be performed by a radiologic technologist who meets all of the following requirements or by a physician or osteopathic physician licensed under article 15 of the act.

(a) Initial qualifications. Before beginning to perform CT examinations independently, a technologist shall meet both of the following:
   (i) Be currently registered by the American registry of radiologic technologists (ARRT), the Canadian association of medical radiation technologists (CAMRT), or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification Board (NMTCB).
   (ii) Document at least 20 hours of training and experience in operating CT equipment, radiation physics, and radiation protection or have the advanced certification in computed tomography from the ARRT.
(b) Continuing education. A technologist shall be in compliance with the ARRT requirements for continuing education for the imaging modality in which he or she performs services. The
medical physicist shall meet all of the following:

Rule 707. A registrant with 1 or more CT scanners shall employ or contract with a medical physicist to review the quality and safety of the operation of the CT scanner. The medical physicist shall meet all of the following:

(a) Initial qualifications. Before beginning to independently provide consultation to a CT facility, a medical physicist shall meet 1 of the following:

(i) Be certified in diagnostic radiological physics or radiological physics by the American board of radiology, or in diagnostic imaging physics by the American board of medical physics, or in diagnostic radiology physics by the Canadian college of physicists in medicine.

(ii) Have a graduate degree in medical physics, radiological physics, physics, or other relevant physical science or engineering discipline from an accredited institution and have formal coursework in the biological sciences with at least 1 course in biology or radiation biology and 1 course in anatomy, physiology, or similar topics related to the practice of medical physics, and have 3 years of documented experience in a clinical CT environment. An accredited institution is a college or university accredited by a regional accrediting organization that has been recognized either by the U.S. department of education (USDE) or by the council for higher education accreditation (CHEA) or both. Individuals with non-U.S. degrees shall provide documentation that their foreign degrees are equivalent to those granted from an approved institution in the U.S. and that the granting institution is equivalent to a regionally accredited institution in the U.S.

(b) Continuing experience. Within 24 months following the date when the requirements of subdivision (a) of this rule were completed, the medical physicist shall have evaluated at least 2 CT scanners in the prior 24-month period.

(c) Continuing education. Within 36 months following the date when the requirements of subdivision (a) of this rule were completed, the medical physicist shall have earned at least 15 continuing medical education units, at least half shall be category 1, in the prior 36-month period. The continuing education shall include credits pertinent to CT.

Reestablishing qualifications. A medical physicist who fails to maintain the required continuing experience or continuing education requirements shall reestablish his or her qualifications before resuming the independent evaluation of CT scanners and facilities, as follows:

(i) A medical physicist who fails to meet the continuing experience requirements of subdivision (b) of this rule shall evaluate a sufficient number of CT scanners, under the supervision of a medical physicist, to meet the requirements of subdivision (b) of this rule.

(ii) A medical physicist who fails to meet the continuing education requirements of subdivision (c) of this rule shall obtain a sufficient number of additional continuing education credits to meet the requirements of subdivision (c) of this rule.

Rule 709. (1) The regulations in 21 C.F.R. 1020.33(c), (d), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j), “Computed tomography (CT) equipment” (June 10, 2005), are adopted by reference. Copies of these regulations are available for no cost from either of the following sources:

(a) The website of the Michigan department of licensing and regulatory affairs, radiation safety section at http://www.michigan.gov/rss.


(2) CT equipment shall be maintained in compliance with the requirements of subrule (1) of this rule.

Rule 711. (1) A fixed CT scanner enclosure shall be a permanent part of the building or equipment. Portable shields shall not be used for permanent installations.

(2) The degree of protection required for a CT scanner enclosure shall be determined by the workload, use and occupancy factors, and the tube potential, tube current, mechanical movement, and distance. The design shall be subject to approval by the department.

(3) Protective barriers shall be provided in the ceiling, floor, and walls of a fixed CT scanner enclosure.

(4) The control panel for a fixed CT scanner shall be shielded by a protective barrier which cannot be removed
from a protective position between the operator and the radiation source during machine operation.

(5) Movable barriers with electrical interlocks shall not be approved in place of compliance with subrule (4) of this rule.

(6) The operator of a fixed CT scanner shall be able to see and communicate with the patient from a shielded position at the control panel. When an observation window is provided, it shall have a lead equivalence at least equal to that required of the control barrier in which it is installed.

(7) Mobile or portable CT scanners used routinely in 1 location shall be considered a fixed installation and shall meet the requirements of subrules (1) to (6) of this rule.


R 333.5713 Conditions of operation.

Rule 713. (1) The CT facility shall establish scanning protocols in consultation with the medical physicist.

(2) The CT operator shall check the display panel before and after performing each scan to make sure the amount of radiation delivered is appropriate for the technique and individual patient. This may be accomplished by reviewing dose indicator devices, if available, or dose indices such as the technique factors. Dose indicators or indices outside of expected values shall be documented and reviewed by an interpreting physician or medical physicist.

(3) A fixed CT scanner shall be operated from a shielded position behind a protective barrier pursuant to R 333.5711(4).

(4) Staff personnel routinely working with or around radiation sources shall not be required by the registrant to restrain patients during CT examinations. If the procedure is permitted personnel exposure shall not exceed the limits in R 333.5057 to R 333.5059 or the procedure is prohibited.

(5) When a patient must be held in position for CT, mechanical supporting or restraining devices shall be used unless contraindicated. If the patient is held by an individual, this individual shall wear protective gloves and a protective apron of 0.5 millimeter minimum lead equivalence and be so positioned that no part of his or her body is struck by the useful beam and that his or her body is as far as possible from the edge of the useful beam.

(6) Only individuals whose presence is necessary are allowed in a fixed CT scanner room during exposure. Each individual, except the patient, shall be protected by at least 0.5 millimeter lead equivalent aprons or a whole body protective barrier.

(7) Personnel monitoring is required in controlled areas for each individual occupationally exposed to ionizing radiation from CT scanner equipment. Individual monitoring devices shall be permanently assigned to each occupationally exposed individual. Monitoring shall be continuous during employment as a radiation worker.

(8) Personnel exposure records shall be kept on permanent available file at the facility where the exposure occurs.

(9) Monitoring devices used to estimate whole body exposure shall normally be worn on the chest or abdomen. Monitoring of all other body parts shall meet the requirements of R 333.5065.

(10) Monitoring devices worn to estimate personnel occupational exposure shall not be worn by the individual when he or she is exposed as a patient for a medical or dental reason.

(11) A CT scanner shall not be left unattended without locking the apparatus, room, or building in some manner which prevents use of the apparatus by unauthorized persons.


R 333.5715 Report and notification of CT medical event.

Rule 715. (1) A CT facility shall report all CT medical events.

(2) The registrant shall submit a written report to the department within 15 days after a physician of the CT facility discovers the CT medical event or within 15 days after the CT facility is notified of the CT medical event by another physician, whichever comes first.

(3) The written report shall include all of the following:
   (a) The registrant’s name, address, facility registration number, and machine registration tag number as they appear on the registration certificate.
   (b) The name of the physician who determined a CT medical event occurred.
   (c) The dates of occurrence and discovery of the CT medical event.
   (d) A narrative description of the CT medical event.
   (e) The cause of the CT medical event.
   (f) The effect on the individual who received the exposure.
   (g) A narrative detailing corrective action taken or planned to prevent a recurrence.
   (h) Certification that the registrant notified the individual or the individual’s responsible relative or guardian and, if not, why not.
   (i) The name and signature of the person preparing the report.

(4) The report shall not contain the name of the individual who is the subject of the CT medical event or
any other information that could lead to identification of the individual.

(5) The registrant shall provide notification of the CT medical event to the referring physician and shall notify the individual who is the subject of the CT medical event not later than 1 week after its discovery, unless the referring physician personally informs the registrant that he or she will inform the individual or that, based on medical judgment, telling the individual would be harmful. The notification of the individual who is the subject of the CT medical event may be made instead to that individual’s responsible relative or guardian. The registrant is not required to notify the individual without first consulting the referring physician. If the referring physician or the affected individual cannot be reached within 1 week, the registrant shall notify the individual as soon as possible thereafter. The registrant shall not delay appropriate medical care for the individual, including all necessary remedial care as a result of the CT medical event, because of a delay in notification. If a verbal notification is made, the registrant shall inform the individual or appropriate responsible relative or guardian that a written description of the CT medical event can be obtained from the registrant upon request. The registrant shall provide a written description if requested.


R 333.5717 Quality control program.

Rule 717. (1) A CT facility shall establish and implement a quality control program under the supervision of the medical physicist. The documented program shall include evaluation of all of the following:
   (a) Image quality.
   (b) Patient radiation dose.
   (c) Personnel radiation protection.
   (d) Compliance with the provisions of this part.
   (e) Ongoing quality control.

(2) Evaluations and tests shall be performed following written procedures and methods. Corrective action shall be taken and documented according to instructions provided by the medical physicist if the results of an evaluation or test fall outside the control limits.

(3) The medical physicist shall determine the frequency of each test and who may perform the test. An on-site CT radiologic technologist shall be identified to be responsible for the ongoing quality control testing. The tests shall be performed by this technologist or by other personnel qualified by training and experience following written procedures and methods under subrule (2) of this rule.


R 333.5719 Initial and annual medical physicist performance evaluations.

Rule 719. (1) A medical physicist shall complete an initial performance evaluation of the CT scanner before use on human patients and annually thereafter.

(2) A calibrated dosimetry system shall be used to measure the radiation output of a CT scanner. Calibration of the dosimetry system shall be within the preceding 24 months and shall be traceable to a national standard as specified in R 333.5012(1).

(3) A performance evaluation should include the following:
   (a) Alignment light accuracy.
   (b) Alignment of table to gantry.
   (c) Table and gantry tilt.
   (d) Slice localization from scanned projection radiograph.
   (e) Table increment accuracy.
   (f) Slice thickness.
   (g) Image quality, including the following:
      (i) High-contrast resolution.
      (ii) Low-contrast resolution.
      (iii) Image uniformity.
      (iv) Noise.
      (v) Artifact evaluation.
   (h) CT number accuracy and linearity.
   (i) Dosimetry, including the following:
      (i) Dose indicator such as computed tomography dose index (CTDI).
      (ii) Patient radiation dose for representative examinations.
   (j) Safety evaluation, including the following:
      (i) Visual inspection.
      (ii) Audible and visual signals.
      (iii) Posting requirements.
      (iv) Scattered radiation measurements.
   (k) Review of the ongoing quality control program, including test results and corrective action.

(4) The medical physicist shall prepare a report that includes all of the following:
   (a) A summary of the performance evaluation required under subrule (1) of this rule.
   (b) Recommendations for necessary improvements.
   (c) Type of dosimetry system used, including the date of the last calibration.

(5) The report required under subrule (4) of this rule shall be provided to the CT facility within 30 days after completion of the evaluation.


R 333.5721 Records and report retention.

Rule 721. A CT facility shall maintain records and reports on file and shall make the records and reports available for review by the department as follows:
(a) Records of personnel no longer employed by the CT facility shall be kept on file until the next inspection following the employee’s termination has been completed and the department has determined that the facility is in compliance with the CT personnel requirements.

(b) A report of a CT medical event required under R 333.5715 shall be maintained on file for at least 7 years.

(c) Initial and annual medical physicist performance evaluation reports required under R 333.5719(4) shall be maintained on file for at least 5 years.

(d) Records of the results from the ongoing quality control evaluation required under R 333.5717 shall be maintained on file for at least 2 years.