Preventing Intimate and Sexual Violence in Michigan

Prevention Plan Highlights for 2010–2015

Executive Report of the Michigan Domestic and Sexual Violence Prevention Steering Committee
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Intimate partner and sexual violence are critical issues that call for community-oriented approaches to stopping violence before it can begin. In a two-year process, the Michigan Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence (MCADSV), the Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH), the Michigan Domestic Violence Prevention and Treatment Board (MDVPTB), and a multidisciplinary group of experienced prevention practitioners, stakeholders, and advocates formed a Prevention Steering Committee that conducted a statewide needs and resources assessment from which three goals (and priority populations) were developed to prevent the first-time occurrence of intimate partner and sexual violence.

These goals are highlighted in this Executive Report. The full version of the Statewide Prevention Plan, including a summary of the needs and resources assessment, and references, is available at www.mcadsv.org. Michigan’s plan uses a public health approach to benefit the largest group possible and emphasizes building the capacity of individuals, organizations and systems to more effectively identify, implement, and evaluate prevention strategies, especially those that prevent first-time perpetration.
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Primary Prevention reduces the incidence of intimate partner and sexual violence by changing the societal norms, practices and behaviors that support the perpetration of abuse. The emphasis of primary prevention efforts is on preventing new cases of abuse from occurring. While there are many ways to prevent violence, the focus of this plan is on primary prevention. A focus on preventing perpetration is a new concept for some individuals and agencies that have previously relied on risk reduction strategies that focus on potential victims. Although these approaches may help reduce the recurrence of abuse, it is only by preventing perpetration that violence is prevented. It is important to note that while this plan focuses on primary prevention, there is a continued need to fund and provide resources for both primary prevention and intervention/crisis services. Prevention and intervention are complimentary approaches for keeping our communities and families safe.

Intimate Partner Violence (IPV) is a pattern of coercive and controlling behaviors that one person uses against a partner in order to gain or maintain power in a current or former marital, cohabitating, or dating relationship. These behaviors may include but are not limited to physical assault, sexual assault, emotional abuse, isolation, economic coercion, threats, stalking or intimidation. Intimate partner violence can occur among heterosexual and same-sex couples.

Sexual Violence (SV) is any sexual act that is forced against someone’s will. These acts can be physical, verbal, or psychological. Sexual violence includes intentional touching of the genitals, anus, groin or breast against a victim’s will or when a victim is unable to consent, as well as voyeurism, exposure to exhibitionism, or undesired exposure to pornography. The perpetrator of sexual violence may be a stranger, friend, family member, or intimate partner.

Universal Population efforts focus on an entire population, without regard to whether or not an individual may have experienced or perpetrated abuse. The goal is often to prevent the onset of abuse by providing skills and knowledge.

Selected Population efforts focus on subsets of the population considered at risk by virtue of their membership in a particular segment of the population. Selected population efforts target the entire subgroup regardless of the degree of risk of any individuals in the group.
While there are many ways to prevent intimate partner and sexual violence, the focus of this plan is on primary prevention. Many secondary and tertiary prevention efforts will reduce the recurrence and negative effects of abuse (e.g., programs for children who have witnessed abuse, healthcare providers’ intervention with victims, and batterer intervention programs). However, the purpose of this plan is to frame current statewide planning efforts to prevent intimate partner and sexual violence from ever occurring. Therefore, the focus of the recommendations included in this plan is on primary prevention programs and efforts.

**Objective 1.1:** MCADSV, MDCH, and MDVPTB will define and determine primary prevention needs, components essential for meeting needs, optimal funding levels, and resources for comprehensive IPV/SV primary prevention efforts in Michigan by April 2010.

**Measurement:** MCADSV, MDCH, and MDVPTB will engage in a process which puts the values of empowerment, transparency and consensus at the center of decision-making regarding prevention resources.

**Potential Action Steps:**
- Assess current funding levels and sources
- Identify and/or develop mechanisms for collecting information about resources and how to access them
- Evaluate gaps in resources, including technology gaps
- Identify critical partnerships
- Encourage Michigan funders to consider requirements for community partnerships in funding opportunities
Objective 1.2: The capacity of state and local partners to identify, access, understand and utilize data to demonstrate need for and efficacy of primary prevention activities will increase by December 2012.

Measurement: MCADSV will conduct a state and local capacity survey in 2010 and 2012.

Potential Action Steps:
- Train local communities to conduct needs/resource assessments for strategic prevention planning
- Train local communities to conduct evaluation of primary prevention efforts
- Promote participation in and use of Michigan Profile for Healthy Youth (MiPHY) throughout the state

Objective 1.3: The number of IPV/SV agencies and community partners utilizing core competencies for primary prevention will increase by 2013.

Measurement: MCADSV will conduct a biannual survey of members and partners.

Potential Action Steps:
- Identify and agree upon core competencies. \textit{(examples might include:} promotion of prevention team concept, formalized job descriptions, training standards, and policy issues\textit{)}
- Promote and provide training on core competencies
- Promote Michigan Resource Center on Domestic and Sexual Violence primary prevention materials
- Establish a web-based primary prevention resource for agencies and communities by December 2010
- Links to local data, evidence-based strategies and programs, research and listing of available trainings
- Create directory of communities implementing primary prevention strategies and activities with contact information to facilitate information sharing

Local IPV/SV prevention programs that encourage comprehensive social change will serve as the catalysts for social change in communities. IPV/SV movement leaders will provide the leadership in communities necessary to bring \textit{Michigan’s Prevention Plan} into reality.
Objective 2.1: By the end of each legislative session, legislators and policy makers will have access to information and be provided with opportunities intended to promote increased recognition and understanding of the importance of the primary prevention of IPV/SV.

Potential Action Steps:
- Provide an educational opportunity for legislators, state level policy makers and their staff biannually (at the start of each legislative session)
- Develop the content and approach for the educational opportunity
- Track support for development and implementation of strategies and initiatives

Objective 2.2: By 2011, MCADSV, MDCH, and MDVPTB, working with statewide stakeholders, will develop policy priorities and strategies to support those priorities.

Potential Action Steps:
- Conduct regular meetings with statewide stakeholders
- Develop and advance a culturally relevant media campaign promoting primary prevention concepts to Michigan citizens/constituents

“Primary prevention must involve multiple levels of service providers and government. If violence against women is viewed as a societal and community issue, strategies targeted only at individuals and families are insufficient to address the problem”

- Hyman et al., 2000: 288

Elevate Primary Prevention
“Prevention efforts across the world that are at a societal-level, rather than just individual level, have an important influence on rates of abuse and should be the focus of policy and prevention initiatives. Violence against women is a worldwide phenomenon that is not explained entirely by any one of the theories of etiology presented in Western cultures. Therefore, prevention efforts must address the cultural factors (including the economic and political status of women) that drive violence against women.”

- Campbell, 1999

Cultural Relevancy

Cultural relevancy is a key value of the movement to end violence against women and integrates into this IPV/SV prevention plan at every level and within each objective. To ensure relevancy to Michigan’s diverse communities, specific focus must be given ensuring that communities of color are involved in the development of any programming or campaign. Ensuring that the voices of communities of color and other marginalized groups are valued and central to the process of violence against women prevention planning and implementation is fundamental to its success.

“It is essential that local response agencies have the capacity to respond to any increase in demand for services due to the increased awareness of IPV/SV in their local communities. MCADSV and statewide partners will continue to provide training and assistance to support local capacity building as necessary to meet any increased demands for service.”

- Mary Keefe, Executive Director, Michigan Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence
Objective 3.1: By December 2012, increase the number of communities that employ comprehensive and evidence-based primary prevention mechanisms and solutions for ending IPV/SV.

Measurement: Using methods such as membership surveys and quality assurance documents, communities will report utilizing strategies and activities that a) address multiple levels of the social ecology, especially beyond the individual level, b) include action and mobilization components leading to social change, with special emphasis on preventing first-time perpetration, c) are consistent, reinforced, and integrated across multiple settings and environments.

Potential Action Steps:

• Develop and make available criteria to consider in choosing primary prevention strategies
• To enlist community leaders and key societal influencers to address and change norms, practices and behaviors necessary to end IPV/SV
• Strengthen partnerships with school health colleagues within the Michigan Departments of Community Health and Education and other stakeholders in order to discuss enhancement of IPV/SV prevention components of the Michigan Model for Health®
• Identify and utilize resources (such as the MCADSV Media Toolkits) that will help communities more effectively utilize media to broaden impact of prevention efforts

Each community must determine what partnerships are appropriate and necessary for prevention. There is no single model for community collaboration, although it will be important to involve stakeholders who are familiar with and invested in the idea of preventing IPV/SV. Community members should determine if it is appropriate to join an existing collaborative body or create new committees or groups. Particular attention should be paid to circumstances that either promote or inhibit full participation by all groups in a community.
In both the academic and popular literature there are limited reviews of effective strategies for preventing intimate partner and sexual violence. Reviews of empirically evaluated prevention programs exist; however, we are still learning what prevention strategies work for different populations. Certain ways of doing prevention have been shown to be effective. By following the principles of prevention we can build prevention strategies that have the most promise of being effective.

**Objective 3.2:** By 2014, increase the number of Michigan communities that have access to and participate in socio-culturally relevant education strategies and activities appropriate for Michigan’s diverse populations.

**Measurement:** Communities report utilizing strategies that:
- Are audience-specific and relevant (audiences may be broader than schools and traditional criminal justice partners, such as businesses, civic groups, and professional organizations)
- Are available across the lifespan
- Incorporate the principles of effective prevention programming in primary prevention strategies and activities (see below)

**Potential Action Steps:**
- Promote the use of community networks to enhance and develop locally appropriate mechanisms to build community ownership for solutions and actions to end IPV/SV
- Encourage youth-created, youth-focused messages and strategies (such as popular media outlets and social networking sites)

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**Principles Of Effective Prevention Programs**

*(Nation, et al. 2003)*

**Comprehensive:** Strategies should include multiple components and affect multiple settings to address a wide range of risk and protective factors of the target problem

**Varied Teaching Methods:** Strategies should include multiple teaching methods, including some type of active, skills-based component

**Sufficient Dosage:** Participants need to be exposed to enough of the activity for it to have an effect

**Theory-Driven:** Preventive strategies should have a scientific justification or logical rationale

**Positive Relationships:** Programs should foster strong, stable, positive relationships between children and adults

**Appropriately Timed:** Program activities should happen at a time (developmentally) that can have maximal impact in a participant’s life

**Socioculturally Relevant:** Programs should be tailored to fit within cultural beliefs and practices of specific groups as well as local community norms

**Outcome Evaluation:** A systematic outcome evaluation is necessary to determine whether a program or strategy worked

**Well-Trained Staff:** Programs need to be implemented by staff members who are sensitive, competent, and have received sufficient training, support, and supervision. Followup (booster) training and technical assistance to staff are critical.
Statement of Endorsement

The Michigan Domestic and Sexual Violence Primary Prevention Steering Committee is pleased to launch this statewide strategic plan for the primary prevention of intimate partner and sexual violence.

Intimate partner and sexual violence are serious issues that require community-oriented multi-level approaches. The statewide strategic plan is the product of more than two years of extensive work by a diverse group of state and community-based public, nonprofit, health care, faith-based, and education professionals and individuals.

The group examined sexual and intimate partner violence from a public health perspective and determined recommendations based on priority populations, and key risk and protective factors. By building the power of individuals, families, organizations, and systems to stop first-time perpetration of intimate partner and sexual violence, these recommendations are the foundation that will lead to healthier outcomes for all Michigan citizens.

As state-wide stakeholders, we are committed to providing guidance to local communities in assessing availability of evidence-based strategies and/or promising practices and will work with these communities to increase capacity to implement appropriate primary prevention strategies and activities.

As state-wide stakeholders, we will work together to implement this state plan and review progress toward its objectives. Because no two Michigan communities are alike, we are also committed to providing guidance to local communities in assessing the utility of evidence-based strategies and/or promising practices and will work closely with these communities to increase their capacity to implement appropriate primary prevention strategies and activities.

We know that successful implementation of the plan requires commitment from and the mobilization of many Michigan individuals, organizations, communities, and policy makers. We look forward to continued involvement with current partners and strongly encourage others to join this collective effort to end intimate partner and sexual violence in our state.

Sincerely,

The Michigan Domestic and Sexual Violence Primary Prevention Steering Committee
This Plan Is Endorsed By The Following Organizations

YWCA West Central Michigan
(Grand Rapids)

Center For Women in Transition
(Holland)

Clergy Women of Detroit
(Ypsilanti)

Diane Peppler Resource Center
(Sault Ste. Marie)

Michigan Domestic Violence Prevention and Treatment Board (Lansing)

Michigan State Police
(East Lansing)

HAVEN
(Pontiac)

St. Clair County Child Abuse and Neglect Council
(Port Huron)

Michigan Victims of Crime Commission
(Lansing)

The Evaluation Team
(Coldwater)

Dial Help
(Houghton)

Women’s Resource Center of Northern Michigan
(Petoskey)

Kent County Health Department
(Grand Rapids)

Sexual Assault Services of Calhoun County
(Battle Creek)

Serenity Services
(Detroit)

Turning Point, Inc.
(Mt. Clemens)

Uniting Three Fires Against Violence
(Sault Ste. Marie)

Prosecuting Attorney’s Association of Michigan
(Lansing)

Women’s Information Services, Inc. –WISE
(Big Rapids)

First Step
(Plymouth)

Victim’s Assistance Program
Hannahville Indian Community (Wilson)

LAVIDA: Southwest Detroit Partnership to Prevent Intimate Partner Violence Against Latina Women (Detroit)

Michigan Department of Community Health
(Lansing)

New Visions: Alliance to End Violence in Asian/Asian American Communities (Ann Arbor)

Sexual Assault Center
(Saginaw)

Underground Railroad
(Saginaw)

Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe Behavioral Health Program
(Mt. Pleasant)

Batterer Intervention Services Coalition of Michigan
(Okemos)

Arab Community Center for Economic and Social Services
(Dearborn)

Women’s Aid Service
(Mt. Pleasant)

Michigan Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence
(Okemos)

Michigan Department of Education, Coordinated School Health and Safety Programs (Lansing)

Lakeshore Alliance Against Domestic and Sexual Violence
(Ottawa County, MI)

Advocacy Resource Center
(Sault Ste. Marie)
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Creating the social change needed to ensure that our children and grandchildren will inherit a world where fear does not exist and where domestic violence and sexual assault are unthinkable.

Inspired by the vision statement of Looking for My Sister, a domestic violence agency serving survivors in Detroit.