

TABLE 1. Demographic Information on Prevalent HIV/AIDS Cases Living in OTTAWA CO. at Diaanosis

	<i>EST PREV*</i>	<i>REPORTED PREVALENCE †</i>						<i>CENSUS 2006 ESTIMATES</i>	
		<i>HIV, not AIDS</i>		<i>AIDS</i>		<i>Total</i>		<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent</i>		
<i>RACE/ ETHNICITY ¶</i>									
White	90	28	(70%)	40	(71%)	68	(71%)	30.2	225,292 (87%)
Black	10	<5	**	7	(13%)	11	(11%)	348.8	3,154 (1%)
Hispanic	20	6	(15%)	7	(13%)	13	(14%)	65.1	19,968 (8%)
Asian/PI	10	0	(0%)	<5	**	<5	**	**	6,068 (2%)
Am Indian/AN	0	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	**	806 (<1%)
Multi/Unk	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	2,383 (1%)
<i>SEX & RACE</i>									
Males	110	35	(88%)	47	(84%)	82	(85%)	64.7	126,785 (49%)
White Males	80	25	(63%)	37	(66%)	62	(65%)	56.3	110,205 (43%)
Black Males	10	<5	**	<5	**	8	(8%)	---	1,656 (1%)
Hispanic Males	10	5	(13%)	5	(9%)	10	(10%)	95.3	10,488 (4%)
Other Males	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	**	4,436 (2%)
Females	20	5	(13%)	9	(16%)	14	(15%)	10.7	130,886 (51%)
White Females	10	<5	**	<5	**	6	(6%)	---	115,087 (45%)
Black Females	10	0	(0%)	<5	**	<5	**	**	1,498 (1%)
Hispanic Fmls	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	**	9,480 (4%)
Other Females	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	**	4,821 (2%)
<i>RISK*</i>									
Male-Male Sex	80	25	(63%)	31	(55%)	56	(58%)	N/A	N/A N/A
Injection Drug Use	10	<5	**	6	(11%)	8	(8%)	N/A	N/A N/A
MSM/IDU	10	<5	**	<5	**	5	(5%)	N/A	N/A N/A
Blood Products	10	0	(0%)	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	N/A N/A
Heterosexual	20	<5	**	10	(18%)	13	(14%)	N/A	N/A N/A
HRH	10	<5	**	7	(13%)	9	(9%)	N/A	N/A N/A
PH-Female	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	N/A N/A
Perinatal	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	N/A N/A
Undetermined	10	6	(15%)	5	(9%)	11	(11%)	N/A	N/A N/A
PH-Male	10	<5	**	<5	**	6	(6%)	N/A	N/A N/A
Unknown	10	<5	**	<5	**	5	(5%)	N/A	N/A N/A
<i>AGE AT HIV DIAGNOSIS</i>									
0 - 12 years	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	N/A N/A
13 - 19 years	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	N/A N/A
20 - 24 years	10	<5	**	6	(11%)	10	(10%)	N/A	N/A N/A
25 - 29 years	30	7	(18%)	12	(21%)	19	(20%)	N/A	N/A N/A
30 - 39 years	60	19	(48%)	24	(43%)	43	(45%)	N/A	N/A N/A
40 - 49 years	20	<5	**	10	(18%)	14	(15%)	N/A	N/A N/A
50 - 59 years	10	<5	**	<5	**	5	(5%)	N/A	N/A N/A
60 years and over	0	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	N/A	N/A N/A
Unspecified	0	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	N/A	N/A N/A
TOTAL	130	40	(100%)	56	(100%)	96	(100%)	37	257,671 (100%)

*See page 4 for descriptions of prevalence estimate calculations and new risk category groupings. Risk categories used in Michigan are newly defined as of the July 2007 quarter.

† Includes reports that contain patient name or are otherwise unduplicated. <5 and ** = 1, 2, 3, or 4 cases.

§ To calculate "1 out of x" statements, divide the census number by total reported prevalence. For example, for non-Hispanic whites: 225,292 / 68 = 3,313. Thus, 1 out of every 3,313 non-Hispanic white persons in OTTAWA CO. are living with HIV. Rates and "1 out of x" statements are not reliable for <10 cases. Thus, rates for <10 cases are shown as "---".

¶ In this report, persons described as white, black, Asian/Pacific Islander (PI), or American Indian/Alaska Native (AN) are all non-Hispanic; persons described as Hispanic might be of any race.

TABLE 2. Sex, Race, and Risk Among Prevalent HIV/AIDS Cases in OTTAWA CO.

MALES	White	Black	Hispanic	Other or Unknown	Male Subtotal
Male-Male sex	47 (76%)	<5 **	6 (60%)	<5 **	56 (68%)
Injecting Drug Use	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	6 (7%)
Male-Male Sex/IDU	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	5 (6%)
Blood Products	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Heterosexual*	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Perinatal	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Undetermined	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	9 (11%)
<i>PH-Male</i>	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	6 (7%)
<i>Unknown</i>	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **	<5 **
Male Subtotal	62 (76%)	8 (10%)	10 (12%)	<5 **	82 (100%)
FEMALES	White	Black	Hispanic	Other or Unknown	Female Subtotal
Injecting Drug Use	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Blood Products	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Heterosexual	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	10 (71%)
<i>HRH</i>	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	6 (43%)
<i>PH-Female</i>	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **
Perinatal	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Undetermined*	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Female Subtotal	6 (43%)	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	14 (100%)
TOTAL	White	Black	Hispanic	Other or Unknown	Risk Total
Male-Male sex	47 (69%)	<5 **	6 (46%)	<5 **	56 (58%)
Injecting Drug Use	6 (9%)	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	8 (8%)
Male-Male Sex/IDU	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	5 (5%)
Blood Products	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Heterosexual	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	13 (14%)
<i>HRH</i>	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	9 (9%)
<i>PH-Female</i>	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **
Perinatal	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **
Undetermined	6 (9%)	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	11 (11%)
<i>PH-Male</i>	<5 **	<5 **	<5 **	0 (0%)	6 (6%)
<i>Unknown</i>	<5 **	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<5 **	5 (5%)
RACE TOTAL	68 (71%)	11 (11%)	13 (14%)	<5 **	96 (100%)

*In the male subset all cases in the heterosexual category are HRH because the PH-Female category is not applicable to males and, likewise, in the female subset, all cases in the undetermined category are of unknown risk because the PH-Male category is not applicable to females. See page 4 for additional details about the changes to Michigan's risk categories.

TABLE 3. New Diagnoses, Deaths, and Prevalence of HIV/AIDS in OTTAWA CO. by Year

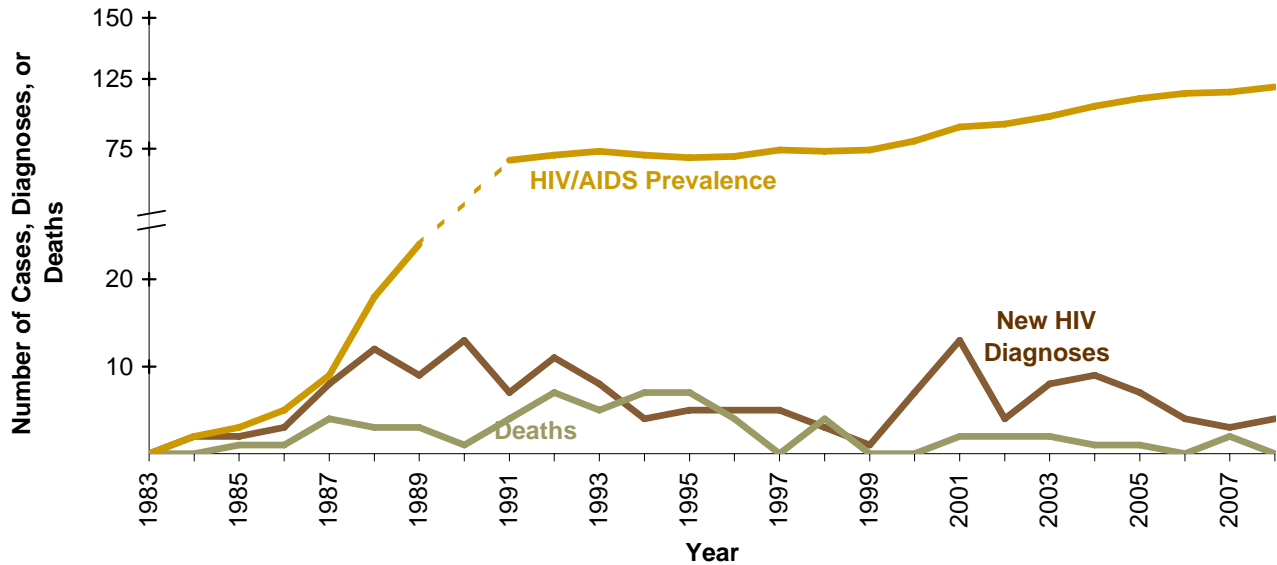
Year	<i>HIV/AIDS</i>			<i>AIDS</i>		
	New HIV Diagnoses	Deaths	Prevalence	New AIDS Diagnoses	Deaths	Prevalence
1983	0	0	0	0	0	0
1984	2	0	2	2	0	2
1985	2	1	3	1	1	2
1986	3	1	5	1	1	2
1987	8	4	9	3	4	1
1988	12	3	18	6	3	4
1989	9	3	24	2	3	3
1990	13	1	36	9	1	11
1991	7	4	39	6	4	13
1992	11	7	43	11	6	18
1993	8	5	46	8	5	21
1994	4	7	43	9	7	23
1995	5	7	41	5	7	21
1996	5	4	42	4	4	21
1997	5	0	47	3	0	24
1998	3	4	46	1	4	21
1999	1	0	47	1	0	22
2000	7	0	54	6	0	28
2001	13	2	65	11	2	37
2002	4	2	67	2	2	37
2003	8	2	73	6	2	41
2004	9	1	81	5	1	45
2005	7	1	87	4	1	48
2006	4	0	91	3	0	51
2007	3	2	92	4	2	53
2008	4	0	96	3	0	56
TOTAL	157	61		116	60	

The prevalence of HIV in Michigan has steadily increased, since persons with HIV are living longer. This is largely due to improved anti-retroviral therapy.

The increase in HIV prevalence is also reflected in Figure 1 on page 4, which shows that the number of persons diagnosed, while stable for the last several years, is greater than the number of deaths each year. This directly contributes to the increase in prevalence. The current reported prevalence of HIV/AIDS in OTTAWA CO. is 96. The prevalence of AIDS, which is a subset of HIV/AIDS prevalence, is 56.

As implied, the HIV/AIDS section displays data on all persons with HIV, including those with AIDS, as well as those who have not been diagnosed with AIDS. Thus, persons represented in the AIDS section are also represented in the HIV/AIDS section. The number of reported deaths includes deaths directly attributable to presence of HIV/AIDS as well as deaths due to other causes.

NOTE: Reporting for recent years may not be complete. Data are not adjusted to account for reporting delays.

FIGURE 1. New Diagnoses, Deaths, and Prevalence of HIV/AIDS in OTTAWA CO. by Year**TABLE 4. Comparison of HIV/AIDS Prevalence in OTTAWA CO. to State of Michigan**

<i>Residence at Diagnosis</i>	<i>Estimated Prevalence</i>	<i>Reported Prevalence</i>				<i>Cumulative AIDS</i>
		<i>HIV, not AIDS</i>	<i>AIDS</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Rate</i>	
Ottawa Co.	130	40	56	96	37	116
Michigan Total	18,000	6,423	7,371	13,794	137	16,071

ADDITIONAL NOTES

Prevalence Estimate Calculations

HIV prevalence estimates include all persons living in OTTAWA CO. at diagnosis of HIV or AIDS and incorporates an approximation of those not reported or not yet diagnosed. All estimates are rounded to the nearest ten, and the minimum estimate given is 10. Prevalence estimates were most recently revised in January 2008, so the estimates in this report may vary in comparison to reports published before the revision.

Risk Groups

In June 2007, the CSTE issued a position statement proposing the creation of a "presumed heterosexual" category. As a result, the following changes were made to Michigan's HIV risk categories.

Heterosexual risk is made up of two sub-categories, (1) HRH [High Risk Heterosexual]: Males and females whose sexual partners are known to be HIV-infected or at high risk for HIV. The partners meet one of the following criteria: a history of sexual contact with bi-sexual males (for females), IDU, hemophiliacs, HIV+ transfusion recipients or other HIV+ persons of unknown risk and (2) PH [Presumed Heterosexual]-female: Females who are not injection drug users and whose only reported risk is heterosexual contact, but their male partners' risk and HIV status are unknown.

Undetermined risk is made up of two sub-categories, (1) PH [Presumed Heterosexual]-Male: Males whose only reported risk is heterosexual contact, and their female partners' risk and HIV status are unknown and (2) Unknown: Males and Females with no identified risk.



Michigan Department of Community Health
HIV/STD/VH/TB Epidemiology Section
Division of Communicable Disease
Bureau of Epidemiology

Jennifer M. Granholm, Governor
Janet Olszewski, Director
<http://www.michigan.gov/hivstd>

Lansing Office 201 Townsend St., 5th Floor
Lansing, MI 48913
517-335-8165

Detroit Office 1151 Taylor St., Room 211B
Detroit, MI 48202
313-876-0353