### **DRAFT SCIENCE ALTERNATE EXPECTATIONS: GRADE 3**

# **Topic Bundle: Forces and Interactions**

Target Alternate Evnectation	Michigan Range of Complexity			
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range	
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-PS2-1. Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object.				
EE.3-PS2-1: Participate in an investigation to provide evidence of how motion (starting, stopping or direction) of an object will change due to an outside force (a push or pull).	<b>EE.3-PS2-H.1:</b> Participate in an investigation to provide evidence of how motion (starting, stopping or direction) of an object will change due to an outside force (a push or pull).	<b>EE.3-PS2-M.1:</b> Use observations to compare how a change in outside forces (push or pull) will cause a change in motion (starting, stopping, or direction) of an object.	<b>EE.3-PS2-L.1:</b> After observing a force (push or pull), identify whether or not a change in motion occurred.	

## **Topic Bundle: Forces and Interactions**

T	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-PS2-2: Make observations and/or measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future motion.			
EE.3-PS2-2: Use observations and/or measurements of an object's repeated motion to identify the pattern and use the pattern to predict the future motion of the object.	<b>EE.3-PS2-H.2:</b> Use observations and/or measurements of an object's repeated motion to identify the pattern and use the pattern to predict the future motion of the object.	<b>EE.3-PS2-M.2:</b> Use observations and/or measurements of an object's repeated motion to identify the pattern of the object's motion.	<b>EE.3-PS2-L.2:</b> Use observations of a repeated motion of an object to match the pattern of motion to an object in motion or one that is not.

## **Topic Bundle: Forces and Interactions**

Target Alternate Expectation	Michigan Range of Complexity				
	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range		
Michigan K-12 Science Content St	tandards: 3-PS2-3 and 3-PS2-4				
<b>3-PS2-3.</b> Ask questions to determin each other.	3-PS2-3. Ask questions to determine cause and effect relationships of electric or magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.				
3-PS2-4. Define a simple design pro	3-PS2-4. Define a simple design problem that can be solved by applying scientific ideas about magnets.*				
EE.3-PS2-3-4: Identify a question to ask to determine cause and effect relationships of magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.	<b>EE.3-PS2-H.3-4:</b> Identify a question to ask to determine cause and effect relationships of magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.	<b>EE.3-PS2-M.3-4:</b> Use observations to identify cause and effect relationships of magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.	<b>EE.3-PS2-L.3-4:</b> Recognize magnetic attraction (pull) between two objects or a magnet and an object.		

Township Street Street Street	Michigan Range of Complexity			
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range	
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-LS2-1. Construct an argument that some animals form groups that help members survive.				
EE.3-LS2-1: Use evidence to explain how living in groups helps some animals survive. (e.g., obtain food, defend themselves, cope with environmental changes).	<b>EE.3-LS2-H.1:</b> Use evidence to explain how living in groups helps some animals survive (e.g., obtain food, defend themselves, cope with environmental changes).	<b>EE.3-LS2-M.1:</b> Identify the benefits of living in a group that help some animals survive (e.g., obtain food, defend themselves, cope with environmental changes).	<b>EE.3-LS2-L.1:</b> Given an animal group, identify one benefit of living in the group that helps some of the animals survive.	

Township Supership	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-LS4-1. Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.			
EE.3-LS4-1: Use observations to provide evidence that fossils represent plants, animals, and the environments where they lived long ago.	<b>EE.3-LS4-H.1:</b> Use observations to provide evidence that fossils represent plants, animals, and the environments where they lived long ago.	<b>EE.3-LS4-M.1:</b> Given examples of fossils, classify them as plants and animals or based on their environments where they lived long ago.	<b>EE.3-LS4-L.1:</b> Recognize a fossil is evidence of a plant or animal from long ago.

Toward Albamanta Francisco	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-LS4-3. Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.			
EE.3-LS4-3: Use evidence to determine that certain habitats meet the needs of plants and animals better than other habitats.	<b>EE.3-LS4-H.3:</b> Use evidence to determine that certain habitats meet the needs of plants and animals better than other habitats.	<b>EE.3-LS4-M.3:</b> Use evidence to identify which plants or animals would survive best in a given habitat.	<b>EE.3-LS4-L.3:</b> Match the appropriate plant or animal to the habitat that would best meet its needs for survival.

Township Street Street Street	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-LS4-4. Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.*			
EE.3-LS4-4: Use evidence to determine how a solution to a given environmental change or problem affects the types of plants and animals that live there.	<b>EE.3-LS4-H.4:</b> Use evidence to determine how a solution to a given environmental change or problem affects the types of plants and animals that live there.	<b>EE.3-LS4-M.4:</b> Identify what happens to plants and animals when a major environmental change occurs (e.g., forest fires, floods, deforestation).	<b>EE.3-LS4-L.4:</b> Distinguish between a minor and major change in an environment (e.g., campfire vs. a forest fire, a typical rainstorm vs. a flooding event).

## **Topic Bundle: Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits**

Tamak Alkamata Famakatian	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-LS1-1. Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.			
EE.3-LS1-1: Participate in developing a model to describe or compare the pattern of life cycles in organisms.	<b>EE.3-LS1-H.1:</b> Participate in developing a model to describe or compare the pattern of life cycles in organisms.	<b>EE.3-LS1-M.1:</b> Use a life cycle model to identify the next stage in an organism's life cycle when given a particular stage.	<b>EE.3-LS1-L.1:</b> Use a life cycle model to differentiate between the infant/baby and adult stage of the life cycle of an organism.

## **Topic Bundle: Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits**

Townsh Albamasta Formastation	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-LS3-1. Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.			
EE.3-LS3-1: Analyze and classify evidence that plants and animals have traits similar to their parents and siblings.	<b>EE.3-LS3-H.1:</b> Analyze and classify evidence that plants and animals have traits similar to their parents and siblings.	<b>EE.3-LS3-M.1:</b> Use evidence to show how offspring have similar physical traits to their parents.	<b>EE.3-LS3-L.1:</b> Match the parents and offspring to one another.

## **Topic Bundle: Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits**

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Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standards: 3-LS3-2 and 3-LS4-2 3-LS3-2. Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment. 3-LS4-2. Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.			
EE.3-LS3-2-4-2: Use evidence to determine how an organism's observable traits can be affected or changed by the environment.	<b>EE.3-LS3-H.2-4-2:</b> Use evidence to determine how an organism's observable traits can be affected or changed by the environment.	<b>EE.3-LS3-M.2-4-2:</b> Identify environmental factors that would influence a specified trait of an organism.	<b>EE.3-LS3-L.2-4-2:</b> Identify the environmental factor that influenced the observable change in an organism's trait.

## **Topic Bundle: Weather and Climate**

Toward Altowards Francistation	Michigan Range of Complexity			
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range	
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-ESS2-1. Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.				
EE.3-ESS2-1: Create a graphical representation to organize typical weather conditions expected during a particular season in Michigan. (their local area.)	<b>EE.3-ESS2-H.1:</b> Create a graphical representation to organize typical weather conditions expected during a particular season in Michigan. (their local area.)	<b>EE.3-ESS2-M.1:</b> Use graphical representations to identify typical weather conditions expected during a particular season in Michigan.	<b>EE.3-ESS2-L.1:</b> Identify a typical weather condition expected during a given season in Michigan.	

## **Topic Bundle: Weather and Climate**

Tamak Alkamata Famatakian	Michigan Range of Complexity		
Target Alternate Expectation	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-ESS2-2. Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world.			
EE.3-ESS2-2: With guidance and support, obtain information to describe characteristics of climates in different regions of the world.	<b>EE.3-ESS2-H.2:</b> With guidance and support, obtain information to describe characteristics of climates in different regions of the world.	<b>EE.3-ESS2-M.2:</b> Given information, compare typical characteristics between two climates.	<b>EE.3-ESS2-L.2:</b> Match a characteristic that is typical to a specific climate.

## **Topic Bundle: Weather and Climate**

Target Alternate Expectation	Michigan Range of Complexity				
	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range		
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-ESS3-1. Make a claim about the merit of a design solution that reduces the impacts of a weather-related hazard.*					
EE.3-ESS3-1: Use evidence to determine the effectiveness of a solution that reduces the impact of a weather-related safety hazard.	<b>EE.3-ESS3-H.1:</b> Use evidence to determine the effectiveness of a solution that reduces the impact of a weather-related safety hazard.	<b>EE.3-ESS3-M.1:</b> Identify an appropriate solution to a weather-related hazard.	<b>EE.3-ESS3-L.1:</b> Recognize/or identify weather-related hazards.		

## **Topic Bundle: Engineering Design**

Target Alternate Expectation	Michigan Range of Complexity				
	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range		
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes a specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.					
EE.3-5-ETS1-1: Determine a simple solution to a design problem that reflects a need or want.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-H.1:</b> Determine a simple solution to a design problem that reflects a need or want.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-M.1:</b> Identify appropriate materials for a given solution to a design problem.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-L.1:</b> Participate in activities that demonstrate finding a solution to a simple design problem (in order) to identify one action/material.		

## **Topic Bundle: Engineering Design**

Target Alternate Expectation	Michigan Range of Complexity				
	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range		
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.					
EE.3-5-ETS1-2: Given a simple problem generate and/or compare possible solutions to the problem based on how well each solution is likely to meet the specified desired results.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-H.2:</b> Given a simple problem generate and/or compare possible solutions to the problem based on how well each solution is likely to meet specified desired results.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-M.2:</b> Given a simple problem, compare multiple solutions to identify the solution that meets specified desired results.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-L.2:</b> Participate in testing and comparing two solutions to a simple problem to identify the solution that best meets specified desired results.		

## **Topic Bundle: Engineering Design**

Target Alternate Expectation	Michigan Range of Complexity					
	High Range	Medium Range	Low Range			
Michigan K-12 Science Content Standard: 3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.						
EE.3-5-ETS1-3: Describe changes needed to a given design to improve the design's ability to meet the desired results.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-H.3:</b> Describe changes needed to a given design to improve the design's ability to meet the desired results.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-M.3:</b> Determine whether or not an engineering design product meets the desired results.	<b>EE.3-5-ETS1-L.3:</b> Identify whether a specific product is working (broken) or not.			