









Michigan K-12 Computer Science Standards

Public Information Session February 6, 2019 Kalamazoo RESA

Agenda

- Introduction Sli.do audience participation
- What is computer science
- Urgency and Equity
 - John Vancil, Open Systems Technologies/West Michigan Tech Talent
- Standards Overview
- Computer Science Implementation
 - Anne Thorp
 - Matt Schultz
- Question and Answer Segment Sli.do



Sli.do

- Open browser on your phone and type in sli.do
- Type in U294 and press return or enter
- We will now activate the poll what is your role
- As the presentation continues,
 - Type in your question (name is optional) and press send
 - Vote on questions you like to bring them up to the top of the queue
 - We also have notecards for those who would like to use them











What is Computer Science?



Computer Science Is Changing Everything



Computer Science is:

- a theory and practice that allows you to program a computing device to do what you want it to
- a tool that helps to tell a story or make something happen with technology
- a discipline that emphasizes
 persistence in problem solving a
 skill that is applicable across
 disciplines, driving job growth and
 innovation across all sectors of the
 workforce
- a skill that teaches students how to use computers to create, not just consume

Computer Science is **not**:

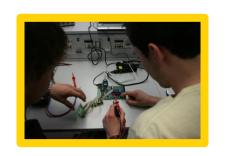
- learning how to type or use a mouse
- learning to use word processing, spreadsheet, or presentation software (e.g., Word, PowerPoint, Google Docs & Drive)
- learning how to build or repair computers
- playing video games
- skills to facilitate online assessment taking











Urgency and Equity: Setting the Stage



Urgency

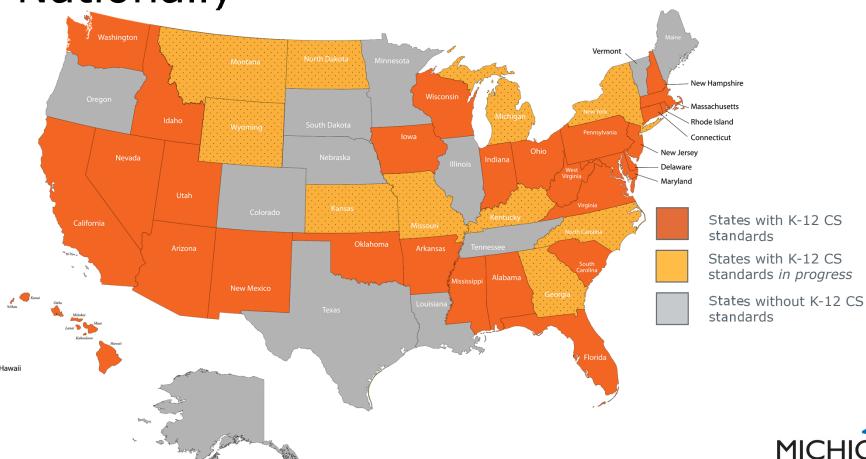
Michigan High- Demand, High- Wage Careers	Projected Annual Job Openings	Hourly Wage Range	Job Growth from 2016 to 2026	Typical Education and Training*
Computer and Information System Managers	830	\$46-\$73	12.3%	Bachelor's degree, plus work experience
Computer Systems Analysts	1,200	\$31-\$49	8.5%	Bachelor's degree
Computer User Support Specialists	1,790	\$17-\$29	11.0%	Some college, no degree
Software Developers, Applications	2,160	\$33-\$53	31.0%	Bachelor's degree
Software Developers, Systems Software	1,000	\$33-\$52 Source: Bureau of Lab	15.2% or Market Information a	Bachelor's degree

National Outlook

- Computer and information technology occupations are projected to grow 13% from 2016 to 2026
- Growth is faster than the average for all occupations
- Approximately 557,100 new jobs will be added
- Demand will stem from greater emphasis on cloud computing, collection and storage of big data, and data security
- Median annual wage was \$84,580 in May 2017, higher than median annual wage for all occupations of \$37,690



Computer Science Standards Adoption Nationally



Computer Science and Other Career Pathways

- Computer science foundation will equip students with ability to explore other interests
- Succeed in any career they choose
- Use computer science skills to solve problems and be productive citizens
- Apply computational thinking to all industries



Equity

- Computer science learning opportunities are not widely available for all learners and teachers
 - 90% of students and parents agree that people who work in computer science have the opportunity to work on fun and exciting projects and make things that help improve lives (Google & Gallup, 2015)
 - Most Americans believe computer science is as important to learn as reading, writing, and mathematics (Horizon Media, 2015)
- An analysis of 2015 National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) survey showed that only 44% of 12th graders attend high schools that offer any computer science courses (Change the Equation, 2016)
 - Students with the least access are Native American, African American, and Latino, from lower income backgrounds, and rural areas



AP Computer Science

Only 153* schools in Michigan – 23% of Michigan schools with AP programs – offered an AP Computer Science course in 2017-2018

2,931 AP computer science exams taken in 2018:

- 26% were female students
- 114 were taken by Hispanic or Latino students
- 71 were taken by black students
- 5 were taken by American Indian/Alaska Native students
- 2 exams were taken by Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander students



AP Course Correlation with a Greater Likeliness for Post-Secondary Pursuit

All students are SIX
TIMES more likely to
major in computer
science than students
who did not take AP CS

African American students are SEVEN TIMES more likely to major in computer science than students who did not take AP CS

Female students are *TEN TIMES* more likely to major in computer science than students who did not take AP CS

Hispanic/Latino students are *EIGHT* and a HALF TIMES more likely to major in computer science than students who did not take AP CS











Urgency and Equity: Business and Industry Perspective

John Vancil

Open Systems Technologies/West Michigan Tech Talent

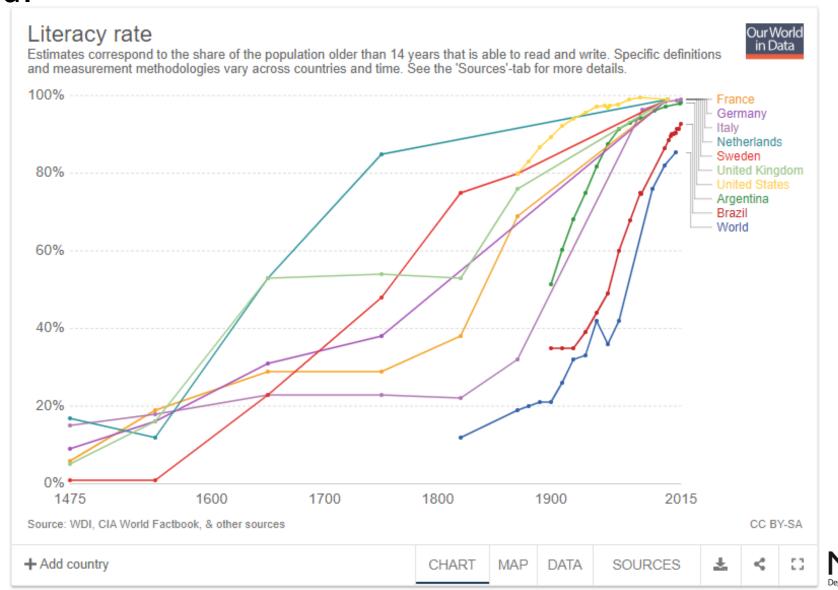


Who Am I and Why Am I Here?



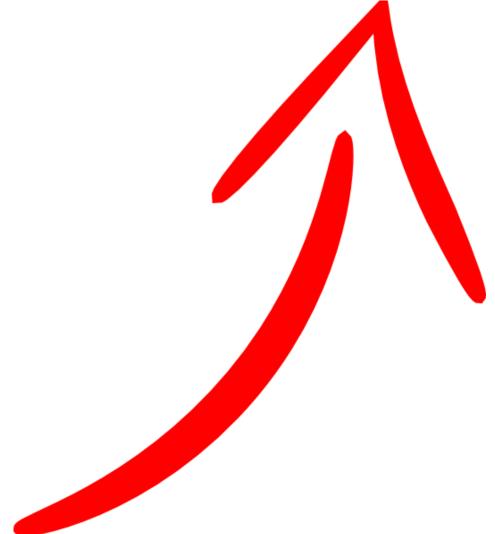


"If I don't learn about coding it would be like I didn't learn how to read."



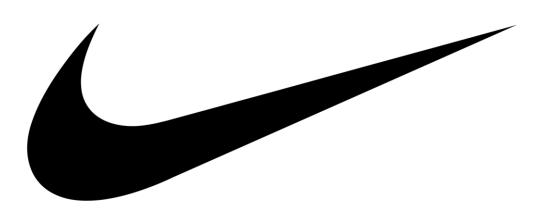
We have a constantly accelerating rate of change... and we are

behind the curve.





"At Nike we are first a marketing company, then a technology company, and then we are a manufacturer of shoes." – Chief Marketing Officer, Nike





"We came to the realization that ultimately we are a technology company operating in the financial services business." – Peter Jacobs, CIO ING





"We are disrupting ourselves, we're not trying to preserve a model of yesterday." – Mary Barra – CEO, General Motors





So what does this all mean?

- Michigan needs workers who can understand and leverage digital tools
- Michigan needs workers who can imagine how digital tools can solve problems better than traditional tools
- Michigan needs workers who can solve complex problems with critical thinking and a human centered approach
- Michigan needs workers who can imagine, develop, maintain and extend digital tools
- None of this happens at the scale we need unless we drive Computer Science and STEM into our schools









Standards Overview



Process

 Brought together 45 individuals representing over 35 stakeholder groups in May 2018

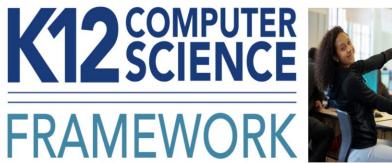
 Convened seven inperson meetings

Professional Associations Michigan State Department Government of Education K-12 Higher Education Educators Business Nonprofit and Industry **Associations Partners**



Agreed Upon Foundation

- Build upon K-12 Computer Science Framework which provides
 - Overarching, high-level guidance per grade bands
 - One primary input for standards development















ast updated on October 19, 2016



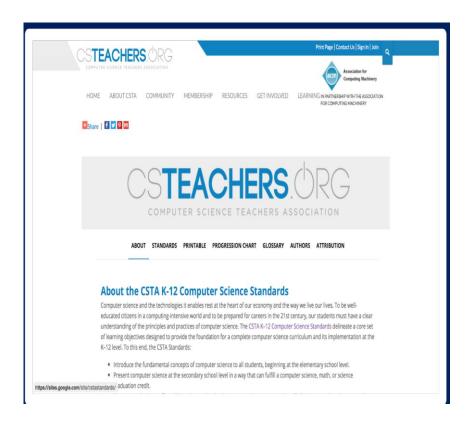
Guiding Principles

- Ensure that all students and teachers have equitable access to and participation in computer science
- Focus on essential standards that allow for expansion within context
- Use research and best practice to drive development and implementation
- Align to nationally-recognized standards and frameworks
- Enable teachers to implement the curriculum in ways that engage and inspire students and support the learning

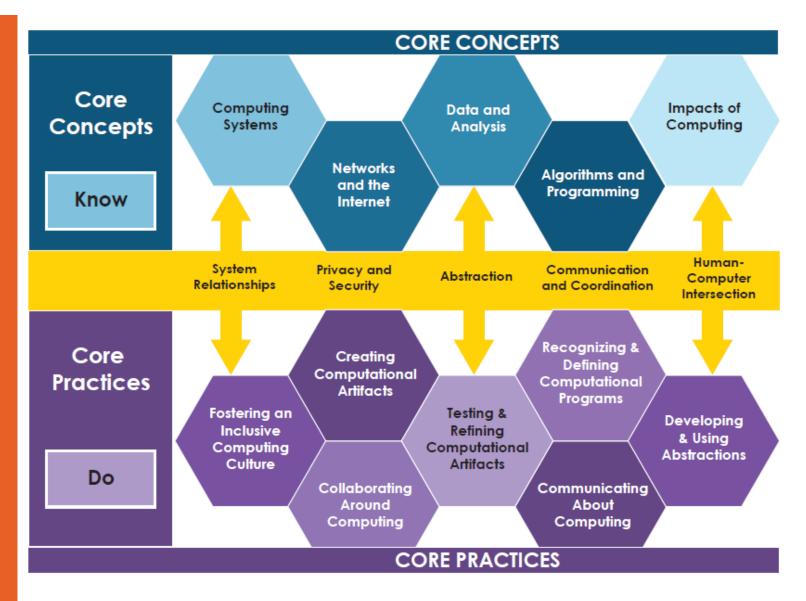


Agreed Upon Foundation

- Computer Science Teachers Association (CSTA) Computer Science Standards
 - Delineate a core set of learning objectives designed to provide the foundation for a complete computer science foundation grades K-12
 - Provide detailed, measurable student performance expectations









Core Concepts

- Computing Systems
- Networks and the Internet
- Data and Analysis
- Algorithms and Programming
- Impacts of Computing



Computing Systems

- Devices many everyday objects contain computational components. Students learn about connected systems
- Hardware and Software Computing systems use hardware and software to communicate and process information in digital form
- Troubleshooting When computing systems do not work as intended, troubleshooting strategies help people solve the problem



Networks and the Internet

- Network Communication and Organization Computing devices communicate with each other across networks to share information
- Cybersecurity Transmitting information securely across networks requires appropriate protection



Data and Analysis

- Collection Data is collected with both computational and noncomputational tools and process
- Storage Core functions of computers are storing, representing, and retrieving data
- Visualization and Transformation Data is transformed throughout the process of collection, digital representation, and analysis
- Inference and Models Computer science and science use data to make inferences, theories, or predictions based upon data collected from users or simulations



Algorithms and Programming

- **Algorithms** Sequence of steps designed to accomplish a specific task
- Variables A symbolic name used to keep track of a value that can change while a program is running
- Control The use of elements of programming code to direct which actions take place and the order in which they do
- Modularity Characteristic of a software/web application that have been divided (decomposed) into smaller modules
- Program Development A set of instructions a computer executes to achieve a particular objective, developed through a design process



Impacts of Computing

- Culture Computing culture including belief systems, language, relationships, technology, and institutions – and culture shapes how people engage with and access computing
- Social Interactions Computing can support new ways of connecting people, communicating information, and expressing ideas
- Safety, Law, and Ethics Legal and ethical considerations of using computing devices influence behaviors that can affect the safety and security of individuals and society



Core Practices

- 1. Fostering an Inclusive Computing Culture
- 2. Collaborating Around Computing
- 3. Recognizing and Defining Computational Programs
- 4. Developing and Using Abstractions
- 5. Creating Computational Artifacts
- 6. Testing and Refining Computational Artifacts
- 7. Communicating About Computing



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DRAFT



Michigan K-12 Standards Computer Science



January 2019





STANDARDS BACKGROUND AND ORGANIZATION

CONNECTION TO THE K-12 COMPUTER SCIENCE FRAMEWORK

When the Michigan CS Standards stakeholder group began the process of considering the need for standards for students in Michigan, it studied the K-12 Computer Science Framework (k12cs.org) developed by a cross-sector team that convened for similar purpose. The CS Framework has been taken up by other states across the nation as a reliable, representative compilation of the concepts and practices encompassed by the computer science field. After reviewing the CS Framework and talking with national experts involved in its development, the Michigan stakeholders determined that the CS Framework would serve as a foundation to Michigan CS Standards.

CONNECTION TO THE CSTA K-12 COMPUTER SCIENCE STANDARDS

Built upon the K-12 Computer Science Framework, a set of standards were created by the Computer Science Teachers Association, which have served as a model for adoption by other states. After studying models from other states, engaging in conversation among the experts in computer science, K-12 and high education, government, business, and industry, the Michigan stakeholder group unanimously supported the recommendation to adopt the CSTA Standards for Michigan.

THE CSTA STANDARDS:

- Introduce the fundamental concepts of computer science to all students, beginning at the elementary school level.
- Present computer science at the secondary school level in a way that can fulfill a computer science, math, or science graduation credit.
- Encourage schools to offer additional secondary-level computer science courses that will allow interested students to study facets of computer science in more depth and prepare them for entry into the work force or college.
- Increase the availability of rigorous computer science for all students, especially those who are members of underrepresented groups.

The standards have been written by educators to be coherent and comprehensible to teachers, administrators, and policy makers.

SECTION LABELING / CODING

Levels 1A, 1B, 2, and 3A are the computer science standards for ALL students. The Level 3B standards are intended for students who wish to pursue the study of computer science in high school beyond what is required for all students (specialty or elective courses.

Coding for each section references back to the Concepts and Practices of the K-12 CS Framework and is illustrated below:

Identifier	Standard	Subconcept	Practice
1A-CS-01	Select and operate appropriate software to perform a variety of tasks, and recognize that users have different needs and preferences for the technology they use.	Devices	1.1
1A-CS-02	Use appropriate terminology in identifying and describing the function of common physical components of computing systems (hardware).	Hardware & Software	7.2
1A-CS-03	Describe basic hardware and software problems using accurate terminology.	Troubleshooting	6.2, 7.2

Standards Adoption for Michigan

Level	Label	Grade Span	Details
1A	Lower Elementary	K - 2	CS standards for ALL students
1B	Upper Elementary	3 - 5	
2	Middle School	6 - 8	
3A	High School	9 - 10	
3B	High School - Specializing	11 - 12	For students who wish to pursue the study of CS in high school beyond what is required for all students











Computer Science Implementation

K-8 Integration Educator Perspective

Anne Thorp, Ph.D.
Instructional Technologist
Ottawa Area ISD, REMC 7 Director



K-8 Computer Science Implementation

- Teacher PD through shoulder to shoulder model teaching and co-teaching in classrooms
- Unplugged activities to start/introduce
 - Relate to 'real life' of students
 - Code your day
 - If/Then statements
 - Binary bracelet or necklace
 - Wood building using planks
- Industry and career conversations



K-8 Computer Science Implementation, continued

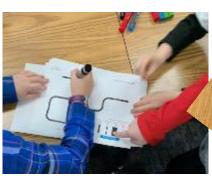
- Hands on computing
 - REMC Association <u>Maker Project</u>
 - iPads
 - Robots
 - Code.org
 - Color coding robots
- Incorporating standards
- Change in practice
- Reflections of teachers and students



Engaged students (they love challenges!)







1 - 2 Spanish Immersion



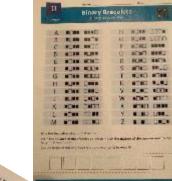


6th grade

5-6



YAS



Unplugged











Computer Science Implementation

Secondary Educator Perspective

Matt Schultz, MBA, MA, BS Accounting, Marketing, Business, Robotics, and Computer Science Teacher Climax-Scotts Junior/Senior High School



Background

- Not a "traditional" teaching path
 - General RV Center
 - Farmers Insurance
 - Small Business Investments
- Education
 - Bachelor Degree in Business Management
 - Masters Degree in Business Administration
 - Masters Degree in Career & Technical Education



Computer Science Training

- Code.org
 - 2017 Philadelphia Teachercon
 - 4 Additional Workshops Throughout the adjoining school year
- Code.org Facilitor



Classroom Environment: AP CSP

Not a lecture & note taking AP course

Emphasis on Problem Solving

Students Creating their own Solutions



Placeholder for Matt's Slides



How to Provide Feedback

- Public Comment available January 14 February 20, 2019
- www.Michigan.gov/mde-cs

The Proposed K-12 Computer Science Standards is available for review. The Online Public Comment Survey is open through February 20, 2019

Questions? Email wartellar@michigan.gov



Question and Answer Segment

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 - Type in your question (name is optional) and press send
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