MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (MDHHS) CERTIFICATE OF NEED (CON) COMMISSION MEETING

Thursday, June 14, 2018

South Grand Building 333 S. Grand Ave 1st Floor, Grand Conference Room Lansing, MI 48933

APPROVED MINUTES

I. Call to Order & Introductions

Chairperson Falahee called the meeting to order at 9:32a.m. and introduced Commissioners Wang and McKenzie. Chairperson also acknowledged and thanked former Commissioners Mukherji and Keshishian for their service.

A. Members Present:

James B. Falahee, Jr., JD, Chairperson Thomas Mittelbrun, Vice-Chairperson Denise Brooks-Williams Tressa Gardner, DO Debra Guido-Allen, RN Robert Hughes Melanie LaLonde Amy McKenzie, MD Stewart Wang, MD

B. Members Absent:

Luis Tomatis, MD Gail J. Clarkson, RN

C. Department of Attorney General Staff:

Joseph Potchen

D. Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Staff Present:

Tulika Bhattacharya Matt Lori Beth Nagel Tania Rodriguez

II. Review of Agenda

Motion by Commissioner Brooks-Williams, seconded by Commissioner Hughes to approve the agenda as presented. Motion carried.

III. Declaration of Conflicts of Interests

None.

IV. Review of Minutes of March 27, 2018

Motion by Commissioner Mittlebrun, seconded by Commissioner Guido-Allen to approve the minutes as presented. Motion carried.

V. Open Heart Surgery (OHS) Services – Public Hearing Summary

Ms. Nagel gave an overview of the public hearing and the Department's recommendations (Attachment A).

A. Public Comment

- 1. Tracy Dietz Henry Ford Health System
- 2. David Walker Spectrum Health System
- 3. Marlena Hendershot Sparrow Health System

B. Commission Discussion

None.

C. Commission Action

Motion by Commissioner Mittlebrun, seconded by Commissioner Brooks-Williams to take proposed action on the language (Attachment B) as presented (including proposed amendments) and move forward to the Joint Legislative Committee (JLC) and for Public Hearing. Motion carried in a vote of 9 - Yes, 0 - No, and 0 - Abstained.

VI. Cardiac Catheterizations Services – Public Hearing Summary

Ms. Nagel gave an overview of the public hearing and the Department's recommendations (Attachment C).

A. Public Comment

- 1. Marlena Hendershot Sparrow Health System
- 2. Elias Kassab Michigan Outpatient Vascular Institute (Attachment D)

B. Commission Discussion

Discussion followed.

C. Commission Action

Motion by Commissioner Brooks-Williams, seconded by Commissioner Mittlebrun to take proposed action on the language (Attachment E) as presented with (including proposed amendments provided before and at the meeting) and move forward to the JLC and for Public Hearing. Motion carried in a vote of 9 - Yes, 0 - No, and 0 - Abstained.

VII. Hospital Beds – Public Hearing Summary

Ms. Nagel gave an overview of the public hearing and the Department's recommendations (Attachment F).

A. Public Comment

None.

B. Commission Discussion

None.

C. Commission Action

Motion by Commissioner Mittlebrun, seconded by Commissioner Hughes to take final action on the language (Attachment G) as presented and move forward to the JLC and Governor for the 45-day review period. Motion carried in a vote of 9 - Yes, 0 - No, and 0 - Abstained.

VIII. Legislative Report

Mr. Lori provided an update.

IX. Administrative Update

A. Planning & Access to Care Section Update

Ms. Nagel provided an update.

B. CON Evaluation Section Update

Ms. Bhattacharya provided an update on the following items:

1. Compliance Report (Attachment H)

2. Quarterly Performance Measures (Attachment I)

X. Legal Activity Report

Mr. Potchen provided an update on the CON legal activity.

XI. Future Meeting Dates: September 20, 2018 & December 6, 2018

XII. Public Comment

None.

XIII. Review of Commission Work Plan

Ms. Nagel provided an overview of the changes to the Work Plan (Attachment J).

A. Commission Discussion

None.

B. Commission Action

Motion by Commissioner Mittlebrun, seconded by Commissioner Hughes to accept the Work Plan as presented with updates from today's meeting. Motion carried in a vote of 9 - Yes, 0- No, and 0- Abstained.

XIV. Adjournment

Motion by Commissioner Gardner, seconded by Commissioner Mittlebrun to adjourn the meeting at 10:10 a.m. Motion Carried in a vote of 9 - Yes, 0 - No, and 0 - Abstained.

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS or Department) MEMORANDUM Lansing, MI

Date: May 15, 2018

TO: The Certificate of Need (CON) Commission

FROM: Brenda Rogers, Special Assistant to the CON Commission, Office of

Planning, CON Policy, MDHHS

RE: Summary of Public Hearing Comments on Open Heart Surgery (OHS)

Services Standards

Public Hearing Testimony

Pursuant to MCL 333.22215 (3), the Certificate of Need (CON) Commission "...shall conduct a public hearing on its proposed action." The Commission took proposed action on the OHS Services Standards at its March 27, 2018 meeting. Accordingly, the Department held a Public Hearing to receive testimony on the proposed OHS Services Standards on April 26, 2018. Written testimony was accepted for an additional seven days after the hearing. Testimony was received from four organizations.

Written Testimony:

- 1.) Tracey Burke, MBA, MSA, RVT, RDMS, Spectrum Health
 - Does not agree with and recommends the removal of the provision that would exempt programs from having to meet the minimum volume requirements in order to qualify for replacement if it is part of a full hospital replacement as it has the potential to allow low volume programs to be replaced at the highest cost.
 - Recommends a five (5) mile replacement zone in a metropolitan county and a ten (10) mile replacement zone in a micropolitan or rural county as it is more appropriate for patient care and consistent with other CON standards.
- 2.) Barbara Bressack, Henry Ford Health System (HFHS)
 - Recommends the proposed new site is within the same planning area and
 within a 5-mile radius of the existing site for a metropolitan statistical area
 county or within a 10-mile radius for a rural or micropolitan statistical area
 county. This is to ensure that a gap is not created in a region of the planning
 area and that access issues are not created due to the move of a program
 entirely out of the area currently being served.
 - Recommends removing the language "unless the OHS service being replaced is part of the replacement of an entire hospital to a new geographic

site" from the subsection. Meeting minimum volumes should be required even if the replacement is for the entire hospital.

- 3.) Marlena Hendershot, Sparrow Health System
 - Recommends a 5 or 10 mile replacement zone as the proposed replacement zone is too large. This is to ensure that the services are provided to the same market.
 - Recommends that the minimum volume requirement be maintained across the board and remove the exception for OHS programs being replaced as part of a full hospital replacement.
- 4.) Bret Jackson, Economic Alliance of Michigan (EAM)
 - Recommends a tighter geographical area when allowing the CC/OHS standards to be replaced/relocated within a hospital system to prevent any future issues from occurring possibly aligning with the hospital bed standards.

Department Recommendation:

The Department supports the language as presented at the March 27, 2018 CON Commission meeting but is not opposed to a reduction in the relocation zone. Further, the Department recommends two technical edits for clarity: In Section 4(1)(d), changing "...AN existing OHS service is located." to "...THE existing OHS service is located." In Section 4(1)(e), changing "...replacement of AN entire hospital..." to "...replacement of THE entire hospital..."

1
2
3

CERTIFICATE OF NEED (CON) REVIEW STANDARDS FOR

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

OPEN HEART SURGERY (OHS) SERVICES

(By the authority conferred on the CON Commission by Section 22215 of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, and sections 7 and 8 of Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, as amended, being sections 333.22215, 24.207, and 24.208 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.)

Section 1. Applicability

 Sec. 1. (1) These standards are requirements for approval of the initiation or acquisition of OHS services, and delivery of these services under Part 222 of the Code. Pursuant to Part 222 of the Code, OHS is a covered clinical service. The Department shall use these standards in applying Section 22225(1) of the Code, being Section 333.22225(1) of the Michigan Compiled Laws and Section 22225(2)(c) of the Code, being Section 333.22225(2)(c) of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 2. Definitions

Sec. 2. (1) For purposes of these standards:

(a) "Adult OHS" means OHS offered and provided to individuals age 15 and older as defined in subsection (i).

(b) "Cardiac surgical team" means the designated specialists and support personnel who consistently work together in the performance of OHS.

- (c) "Certificate of Need Commission" or "Commission" means the Commission created pursuant to Section 22211 of the Code, being Section 333.22211 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (d) "Code" means Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being Section 333.1101 \underline{et} \underline{seq} . of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (e) "Department" means the Michigan Department of Community Health AND HUMAN SERVICES (MDCHHS).
 - (f) "Hospital" means a health facility licensed under Part 215 of the Code.
- (g) "Medicaid" means title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396g and 1396 ito 1396u.
- (h) "Michigan inpatient data base" or "MIDB" means the data base compiled by the Michigan Health and Hospital Association or successor organization. The data base consists of inpatient discharge records from all Michigan hospitals and Michigan residents discharged from hospitals in border states for a specific calendar year.
- (i) "Open heart surgery" means any cardiac surgical procedure involving the heart and/or thoracic great vessels (excluding organ transplantation) that is intended to correct congenital and acquired cardiac and coronary artery disease and/or great vessels and often uses a heart-lung pump (pumps and oxygenates the blood) or its equivalent to perform the functions of circulation during surgery. These procedures may be performed off-pump (beating heart), although a heart-lung pump is still available during the procedure.
- (j) "Open heart surgical case" means a single visit to an operating room during which one or more OHS procedures are performed. The list of OHS procedures shall be maintained by the Department.
- (k) "OHS service" means a hospital program that is staffed with surgical teams and other support staff for the performance of open heart surgical procedures. An OHS service performs OHS procedures on an emergent, urgent and scheduled basis.
- (I) "Pediatric OHS" means OHS offered and provided to infants and children age 14 and younger, and to other individuals with congenital heart disease as defined by the ICD-9-CM codes of 745.0 through 747.99 (See Appendix C for ICD-10-CM Codes).
 - (m) "Planning area" means the groups of counties shown in Section 4011.

CON Review Standards for OHS Services
For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018
Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue
Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

55

56

57 58

59 60 61

62 63 64

69 70 71

72

73 74 75

76 77 78

79 80 81

> 83 84 85

82

91 92 93

90

94 95 96

97 98 99

100

102

101

Section 3. Requirements to initiate OHS services

(2) The definitions in Part 222 shall apply to these standards.

- Sec. 3. (1) An applicant proposing to initiate either adult or pediatric OHS as a new service shall be a hospital and operating or approved to operate a diagnostic and therapeutic adult or pediatric cardiac catheterization service, respectively.
- (2) A hospital proposing to initiate OHS as a new service shall have a written consulting agreement with a hospital which has an existing active OHS service performing a minimum of 400 open heart surgical cases per year for 3 consecutive years. The agreement must specify that the existing service shall, for the first 3 years of operation of the new service, provide the following services to the applicant hospital:
- (a) Receive and make recommendations on the proposed design of surgical and support areas that may be required;
- (b) Provide staff training recommendations for all personnel associated with the new proposed service:
 - (c) Provide recommendations on staffing needs for the proposed service; and
- (d) Work with the medical staff and governing body to design and implement a process that will annually measure, evaluate, and report to the medical staff and governing body the clinical outcomes of the new service, including: (i) Mortality rates, (ii) Complication rates, (iii) Success rates, and (iv) Infection rates.
- (3) An applicant proposing to initiate adult OHS as a new service shall demonstrate 300 adult open heart surgical cases based on the methodology set forth in Section 89.
- (4) An applicant proposing to initiate pediatric OHS as a new service shall demonstrate 100 pediatric open heart surgical cases based on the methodology set forth in Section 910.

SECTION 4. REQUIREMENTS TO REPLACE AN EXISTING OHS SERVICE

- SEC. 4. REPLACE AN EXISTING ADULT OR PEDIATRIC OHS SERVICE MEANS RELOCATING AN EXISTING ADULT OR PEDIATRIC OHS SERVICE TO A NEW GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF AN EXISTING LICENSED HOSPITAL. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE THE REPLACEMENT OF AN EXISTING OHS SERVICE AT THE SAME SITE. AN APPLICANT REQUESTING TO REPLACE AN EXISTING OHS SERVICE SHALL DEMONSTRATE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING, AS APPLICABLE TO THE PROPOSED PROJECT.
- (1) AN APPLICANT PROPOSING TO REPLACE AN EXISTING OHS SERVICE SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) THE EXISTING OHS SERVICE TO BE REPLACED HAS BEEN IN OPERATION FOR AT LEAST 36 MONTHS AS OF THE DATE AN APPLICATION IS SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT
- (b) THE PROPOSED NEW SITE IS A HOSPITAL THAT IS OWNED BY, IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL OF, OR HAS A COMMON PARENT AS THE APPLICANT HOSPITAL.
- (c) THE APPLICANT IS SIMULTANEOUSLY REPLACING ITS OHS SERVICE AND ITS CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE TO THE PROPOSED NEW SITE.
- (d) THE PROPOSED NEW SITE IS WITHIN THE SAME PLANNING AREA OF THE SITE AT WHICH ANTHE EXISTING OHS SERVICE IS LOCATED AND WITHIN 5 MILES OF THE EXISTING OHS
- SERVICE LOCATION IF LOCATED IN A METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA COUNTY, OR WITHIN 10 MILES

OF THE EXISTING O	HS SERVICE LOCATION II	F LOCATED IN A RURA	L OR MICROPOLITAN	STATISTICAL AREA
COUNTY <mark>.</mark>				

- (e) THE EXISTING OHS SERVICE TO BE RELOCATED PERFORMED AT LEAST THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM NUMBER OF OPEN HEART SURGICAL CASES SET FORTH IN SECTION 8 AS OF THE DATE AN APPLICATION IS DEEMED SUBMITTED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNLESS THE OHS SERVICE BEING REPLACED IS PART OF THE REPLACEMENT OF ANTHE ENTIRE HOSPITAL TO A NEW GEOGRAPHIC SITE.
- (f) THE CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION AND OHS SERVICES SHALL CEASE OPERATION AT THE ORIGINAL SITE PRIOR TO BEGINNING OPERATION AT THE NEW SITE.

Section 45. Requirements to acquire an existing open heart surgery service

Sec. 45. An applicant proposing to acquire a hospital that has been approved to perform OHS services may also acquire the existing OHS service if it can demonstrate that the proposed project meets all of the following:

(1) An application for the first acquisition of an existing OHS service after February 25, 2008 shall not be required to be in compliance with the applicable volume requirements on the date of acquisition. The OHS service shall be operating at the applicable volume requirements set forth in Section 7-8 of these standards in the second 12 months after the date the service is acquired, and annually thereafter.

(2) Except as provided for in subsection (1), an application for the acquisition of an existing OHS service after February 25, 2008 shall be required to be in compliance with the applicable volume requirements, as set forth in the project delivery requirements, on the date an application is submitted to the Department.

(3) The applicant agrees to operate the OHS service in accordance with all applicable project delivery requirements set forth in Section 7–8 of these standards.

Section 56. Requirements for Medicaid participation

Sec. <u>56</u>. An applicant shall provide verification of Medicaid participation. An applicant that is a new provider not currently enrolled in Medicaid shall certify that proof of Medicaid participation will be provided to the Department within six (6) months from the offering of services if a CON is approved.

Section 67. Requirements for MIDB data commitments

Sec. <u>67</u>. In order to use MIDB data in support of an application for either adult or pediatric OHS services, an applicant shall demonstrate or agree, as applicable, to all of the following:

(1) A hospital(s) whose adult MIDB data is used in support of a CON application for adult OHS services shall not use any of its adult MIDB data in support of any other application for adult OHS services prior to 7 years after the initiation of the OHS service for which MIDB data were used to support. After the 7-year period, a hospital(s) may only commit its adult MIDB data in support of another application for adult OHS services if they have experienced an increase from the previously committed MIDB data. Only that additional increase in MIDB data can be committed to another applicant to initiate OHS services.

(2) A hospital(s) whose pediatric MIDB data is used in support of a CON application for pediatric OHS services shall not use any of its pediatric MIDB data in support of any other application for pediatric OHS services prior to 7 years after the initiation of the OHS service for which MIDB data were used to

support. After the 7-year period, a hospital(s) may only commit its pediatric MIDB data in support of another application for pediatric OHS services if they have experienced an increase from the previously committed MIDB data. Only that additional increase in MIDB data can be committed to another applicant to initiate OHS services.

(3) The hospital(s) committing MIDB data does not currently operate an adult or pediatric OHS service or have a valid CON issued under Part 222 to operate an adult or pediatric OHS service.

(4) The hospital(s) committing MIDB data is located in the same planning area as the hospital to which MIDB data is being proposed to be committed.

(5) The hospital(s) committing MIDB data to a CON application has completed the departmental form(s) which (i) authorizes the Department to verify the MIDB data, (ii) agrees to pay all charges associated with verifying the MIDB data, and (iii) acknowledges and agrees that the commitment of the MIDB data is for the period of time specified in subsection (1) or (2), as applicable.

(6) The hospital(s) committing MIDB data to an application is regularly admitting patients as of the date the Director makes the final decision on that application, under Section 22231 of the Code, being Section 333.22231 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 78. Project delivery requirements and terms of approval for all applicants

Sec. 78. An applicant shall agree that, if approved, the OHS services shall be delivered in compliance with the following terms of CON approval:

(1) Compliance with these standards.

(2) Compliance with the following quality assurance standards:(a) Each physician credentialed by the hospital to perform adult OHS cases, as the attending

 surgeon, shall perform a minimum of 50 adult OHS cases per year. The annual case load for a physician means adult OHS cases performed by that physician, as the attending surgeon, in any hospital or combination of hospitals.

(b) The service shall have the cardiac surgical team available on call for emergency cases 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

 (c) The applicant hospital shall participate with the Society of Thoracic Surgeons (STS) National Database and the Michigan Society of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgeons (MSTCVS) Quality Collaborative and Database or a designee of the Department that monitors quality and risk adjusted outcomes.

(3) Compliance with the following access to care requirements:

 (a) The service shall accept referrals for OHS from all appropriately licensed practitioners.(b) The applicant hospital shall participate in Medicaid at least 12 consecutive months within the first two years of operation and annually thereafter.

(c) The applicant hospital shall not deny OHS services to any individual based on the ability to pay or source of payment.

Compliance with selective contracting requirements shall not be construed as a violation of this term.

(d) The operation of and referral of patients to the OHS services shall be in conformance with 1978 PA 368, Sec. 16221, as amended by 1986 PA 319; MCL 333.1621; MSA 14.15 (16221).

(4) Compliance with the following monitoring and reporting requirements:

(a) The OHS service shall be operating at an annual level of 150 adult open heart surgical cases or 100 pediatric open heart surgical cases, as applicable, as submitted to the STS Database, by the end of the third 12 full months of operation, and annually thereafter.

- (b) The applicant hospital shall prepare and present to the medical staff and governing body reports describing activities in the OHS service including complication rates and other morbidity and mortality data.
- (c) The applicant hospital shall participate in a data collection network established and administered by the Department or its designee. The data may include but is not limited to annual budget and cost information, operating schedules, patient demographics, diagnostic, morbidity and mortality information, and the volume of care provided to patients from all payor sources. The applicant hospital shall provide the required data in a format established by the Department and in a mutually agreed upon media. The Department may elect to verify the data through on-site review of appropriate records.
- (d) The applicant hospital shall participate in a data registry administered by the Department or its designee as a means to measure quality and risk adjusted outcomes within OHS programs. The Department shall use the STS Composite Star Rating System which currently includes coronary artery bypass graft composite (CABG), aortic valve replacement composite, and plans to add additional cardiac surgical composites each year. The Department or its designee shall require that the applicant hospital submit a summary report as specified by the Department. The applicant hospital shall provide the required data in a format established by the Department or its designee. The applicant hospital shall be liable for the cost of data submission and on-site reviews in order for the Department to verify and monitor volumes and assure quality. The applicant hospital shall become a member of the data registry specified by the Department upon initiation of the service and continue to participate annually thereafter for the life of that service. The outcomes database must undergo statewide auditing.
- (e) The applicant hospital shall utilize and report the STS Composite Star Rating System for all procedures as follows:
- (i) If the program receives a one-star rating in any composite metric, they shall submit a report to the Department explaining the reason(s) for the unsatisfactory rating.
- (ii) If the program receives two one-star ratings in a row in the same composite metric, they shall submit an action plan to the Department detailing specific actions to rectify the program deficiencies.
- (iii) If the program receives two one-star ratings within the same composite metric, the program may have two years to obtain a minimum two-star rating within that composite metric. Upon receipt of a two-star or higher rating, the program may be considered in compliance.
- (f) The applicant hospital shall provide the Department with timely notice of the proposed project implementation consistent with applicable statute and promulgated rules.
- (5) Nothing in this section prohibits the Department from taking compliance action under MCL 333.22247.
- (6) The agreements and assurances required by this section shall be in the form of a certification agreed to by the applicant or its authorized agent.

Section 89. Methodology for computing the number of adult open heart surgical cases

- Sec. 89. (1) The weights for the adult principal and non-principal diagnoses tables found in Appendix A are calculated using the following methodology. For these two tables, only the MIDB data from licensed hospitals that have operational OHS programs in Michigan will be used. Using the hospitals' actual inpatient discharge data, as specified by the most recent MIDB data available to the Department, the discharges that were from patients aged 15 years and older shall be identified. These discharges shall be known as the "adult discharges."
 - (a) To calculate the weights for the principal diagnosis, the following steps shall be taken:
- (i) For each diagnostic group in the principal weight table, the discharges having a primary diagnosis matching any diagnosis in the diagnostic group are identified. The number of discharges is counted.

CON Review Standards for OHS Services
For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018
Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue
Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

- (ii) For the discharges identified in subsection 89(1)(a)(i), any occurrence of an open heart procedure code will be considered as a single OHS case. For each diagnostic group, the number of OHS cases is counted.
- (iii) The number of OHS cases for each diagnosis category identified in subsection 89(1)(a)(ii) will be divided by the number of discharges identified in subsection 89(1)(a)(i). This will be the weight for that diagnostic group. This number should show six decimal positions.
- (iv) All discharges utilized for the computation of the principal weight table are to be removed from subsequent analyses.
- (b) To calculate the weights for the non-principal diagnosis table, the following steps shall be taken, separately, in the sequence of the group order found in the non-principal diagnosis table:
- (i) Each remaining discharge will be examined for any mention of the diagnostic codes from that group. If a match is found, that discharge is assigned to that diagnostic group and removed from subsequent analyses. The number of discharges in each diagnostic group is counted.
- (ii) For each diagnostic group taken separately, in the sequence shown, any occurrence of an open heart procedure code for each discharge will be counted as a single OHS case. If a match is found, the discharge will be considered as an open heart surgical case for that diagnostic group and removed from subsequent analyses. The number of open heart surgical cases in each diagnostic group is counted.
- (ii) The number of OHS cases for each non-principal diagnosis category identified in subsection 89(1)(b)(ii) will be divided by the number of discharges identified in subsection 89(1)(b)(i). This will result in the non-principal weight for that diagnostic group. This number should show six decimal positions.
- (2) An applicant shall apply the methodology set forth in this section for computing the projected number of adult open heart surgical cases using both the principal and non-principal diagnosis tables. The following steps shall be taken in sequence:
- (a) For each diagnostic group in the principal weight table in Appendix A, identify the corresponding number of discharges.
- (b) Multiply the number of discharges for each diagnostic group by their respective group weight to obtain the projected number of OHS cases for that group. All discharges identified in subsection 89(2)(a) are removed from subsequent analysis.
- (c) The non-principal weight table identifies the sequence that must be followed to count the discharges for the appropriate group. An applicant shall start with the first diagnostic group and shall count the number of discharges with any mention of a non-principal diagnosis corresponding to that specific diagnostic group. When a discharge that belongs in the specific non-principal diagnostic group is identified, it is assigned to that group. This discharge is then removed from the data before counting discharges for the next diagnostic group. The discharges counted for each group will be used only with the non-principal diagnosis weight table in Appendix A and will be entered into its respective diagnostic group. Multiply the number of discharges for each diagnostic group by their respective group weight to obtain the projected number of OHS cases for that group.
- (d) The total number of projected open heart cases is then calculated by summing the projected number of open heart cases from both principal and non-principal weight tables.
- (3) The major ICD-9-CM groupings (See Appendix D for ICD-10-CM Codes) and Open Heart utilization weights in Appendix A are based on the work of the Bureau of Policy and Planning, Michigan Department of Community Health, utilizing the most current MIDB data available to the Department.
- (a) The Department shall update the open heart utilization weights every 3 years, beginning with the year 2007, according to the methodology described in subsection (1) above, utilizing the most current MIDB data available to the Department.
- (b) Updates to the utilization weights made pursuant to this subsection shall not require standard advisory committee action, a public hearing, or submittal of the standard to the legislature and governor in order to become effective.
- (c) The Department shall notify the Commission when the updates are made and the effective date of the updated utilization weights.

312 313

314 315 316

317

337

> 347 348

342

359

(d) The updated open heart utilization weights established pursuant to this subsection shall supercede the weights shown in Appendix A and shall be included as an amended appendix to these standards.

(4) Each applicant shall provide access to verifiable hospital-specific data and documentation using a format established by the Department and a mutually agreed upon media.

Section 910. Methodology for computing the number of pediatric open heart surgical cases

Sec. 910. (1) The weights for the pediatric diagnosis table found in Appendix B are calculated using the following methodology. Only the MIDB data from licensed hospitals that have operational OHS programs in Michigan will be used.

- (a) Using the hospitals' actual inpatient discharge data, as specified by the most recent MIDB data available to the Department, the discharges that were from patients of any age that have a diagnosis (any mention) of the ICD-9-CM codes (See Appendix E for ICD-10-CM Codes) listed in the "Congenital Anomalies" category in Appendix B shall be counted. Each identified record shall be counted only once so that no record is counted twice. An applicant shall remove these cases from subsequent analyses.
- (b) For those discharges identified in subsection \$10(1)(a), any occurrence of an open heart procedure code will be considered as a single OHS case. The number of open heart surgical cases is counted.
- (c) The number of OHS cases for the "Congenital Anomalies" category identified in subsection 9(1)(b) will be divided by the number of discharges identified in subsection \$10(1)(a). This will be the weight for the "Congenital Anomalies" diagnostic group. This number should show six decimal positions.
- (d) Using the hospitals' remaining inpatient discharges, the discharges that were from patients aged 14 years and younger shall be identified. These discharges shall be known as the "pediatric discharges."
- (e) Using the "pediatric discharges" identified in subsection \$\frac{910}{10}(1)(d), the number of discharges that have a diagnosis (any mention) of the ICD-9-CM codes (See Appendix E for ICD-10-CM Codes) listed in the "All Other Heart Conditions" category in Appendix B shall be counted. Discharge records which do not have one or more of the "All Other Heart Conditions" codes listed in Appendix B shall not be used. Each identified record shall be counted only once so that no record is counted twice.
- (f) For those discharges identified in subsection 910(1)(e), any occurrence of an open heart procedure code will be considered as a single OHS case. The number of open heart surgical cases is counted.
- (g) The number of OHS cases for the "All Other Heart Conditions" category identified in subsection 910(1)(f) will be divided by the number of discharges identified in subsection 910(1)(e). This will be the weight for the "All Other Heart Conditions" diagnostic group. This number should show six decimal positions.
- (2) An applicant shall apply the methodology set forth in this section for computing the projected number of pediatric open heart surgical cases. In applying discharge data in the methodology, each applicable inpatient record is used only once. This methodology shall utilize only those inpatient discharges that have one or more of the cardiac diagnoses listed in Appendix B. In applying this methodology, the following steps shall be taken in sequence:
- (a) Using a hospital's actual inpatient discharge data, as specified by the most recent MIDB data available to the Department, an applicant shall count the discharges that were from patients of any age that have a principal diagnosis or any of the first four non-principal diagnoses of the ICD-9-CM codes (See Appendix E for ICD-10-CM Codes) listed in the "Congenital Anomalies" category in Appendix B. Each identified record shall be counted only once so that no record is counted twice. An applicant shall remove these cases from the discharge data.
- (b) Using a hospital's remaining inpatient discharges, an applicant shall identify the discharges that were from patients aged 14 years and younger. These discharges shall be known as the "pediatric discharges."

- (c) Using the "pediatric discharges" identified in Subdivision (b), an applicant shall count the number of discharges with a principal diagnosis or any of the first four non-principal diagnoses of the ICD-9-CM codes (See Appendix E for ICD-10-CM Codes) listed in the "All Other Heart Conditions" category in Appendix B. Discharge records which do not have one or more of the "All Other Heart Conditions" codes listed in Appendix B shall not be used. Each identified record shall be counted only once so that no record is counted twice.
- (d) An applicant shall multiply the count for the "Congenital" and "All Other Heart Conditions" categories by the corresponding Pediatric Open Heart Utilization Weight and add the products together to produce the number of pediatric open heart surgical cases for the applicant.
- (3) The major ICD-9-CM groupings (See Appendix E for ICD-10-CM Codes) and Pediatric Open Heart Utilization Weights in Appendix B are based on the work of the Bureau of Policy and Planning, Michigan Department of Community Health, utilizing the most current MIDB data available to the Department.
- (a) The Department shall update the open heart utilization weights every 3 years, beginning with the year 2007, according to the methodology described in subsection (1) above, utilizing the most current MIDB data available to the Department.
- (b) Updates to the utilization weights made pursuant to this subsection shall not require standard advisory committee action, a public hearing, or submittal of the standard to the legislature and governor in order to become effective.
- (c) The Department shall notify the Commission when the updates are made and the effective date of the updated utilization weights.
- (d) The updated open heart utilization weights established pursuant to this subsection shall supercede the weights shown in Appendix B and shall be included as an amended appendix to these standards.
- (4) Each applicant must provide access to verifiable hospital-specific data and documentation using a format established by the Department and in a mutually agreed upon media.

Section <u>1011</u>. Planning Areas

390

391 392

432 433

> 434 435

436 437

> 438 439

> 440 441

Sec. <u>1011</u>. Counties assigned to each planning area are as follows:

1372	Occ. 1011. Oddinics	assigned to each planning	area are as rollows.	
393 394	PLANNING AREA		COUNTIES	
395 396 397	1	LIVINGSTON MACOMB	MONROE OAKLAND	ST. CLAIR WASHTENAW
398 399		WAYNE	1111 ODALE	IA OKOONI
400 401 402	2	CLINTON EATON	HILLSDALE INGHAM	JACKSON LENAWEE
403 404 405	3	BARRY BERRIEN BRANCH	CALHOUN CASS KALAMAZOO	ST. JOSEPH VAN BUREN
406 407 408 409	4	ALLEGAN IONIA KENT	MASON MECOSTA MONTCALM	NEWAYGO OCEANA OSCEOLA
410 411 412 413	5	LAKE GENESEE	MUSKEGON LAPEER	OTTAWA SHIAWASSEE
413 414 415 416 417 418 419	6	ARENAC BAY CLARE GLADWIN GRATIOT	HURON IOSCO ISABELLA MIDLAND OGEMAW	ROSCOMMON SAGINAW SANILAC TUSCOLA
420 421 422 423 424 425	7	ALCONA ALPENA ANTRIM BENZIE CHARLEVOIX CHEBOYGAN	CRAWFORD EMMET GD TRAVERSE KALKASKA LEELANAU MANISTEE	MISSAUKEE MONTMORENCY OSCODA OTSEGO PRESQUE ISLE WEXFORD
426 427 428 429 430 431	8	ALGER BARAGA CHIPPEWA DELTA DICKINSON	GOGEBIC HOUGHTON IRON KEWEENAW LUCE	MACKINAC MARQUETTE MENOMINEE ONTONAGON SCHOOLCRAFT

Section 4412. Effect on prior planning policies; comparative reviews

Sec. <u>1112</u>. (1) These CON Review Standards supersede and replace the CON Review Standards for OHS Services approved by the CON Commission on <u>September 17, 2013 MARCH 18, 2014</u> and effective on <u>November 15, 2013 JUNE 2, 2014</u>.

(2) Projects reviewed under these standards shall not be subject to comparative review.

CON Review Standards for OHS Services
For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018
Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue
Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

APPENDIX A

DIAGNOSIS GROUPINGS FOR ADULT OPEN HEART SURGICAL CASES PRINCIPAL DIAGNOSIS (See Appendix D for ICD-10-CM Codes)

GROUP	MAJOR ICD-9-CM CODE GROUP	CATEGORY	ADULT OPEN HEART UTILIZATION WEIGHTS
A	394 - 397.9 421 - 421.9 424 - 424.99	Valves	.622129
В	441.01, 441.03 441.1, 441.2 441.6, 441.7	Aortic Aneurysm	.678981
С	745 – 747.99	Congenital Anomalies	.467532
D	414 – 414.99	Other Chronic Ischemic	.294728
E	410 – 410.99	Acute Myocardial Infarct	.089600
F	212.7 398 - 398.99 411 - 411.99 423 - 423.9 425 - 425.9 427 - 427.9 428 - 428.9 901 - 901.9 996.02, 996.03	All Other Heart Conditions	.012813

NON-PRINCIPAL DIAGNOSES

GROUP	MAJOR ICD-9-CM CODE GROUP	CATEGORY	ADULT OPEN HEART UTILIZATION WEIGHTS
Α	745 – 747.99	Congenital Anomalies	.017280
В	441.01, 441.03 441.1, 441.2 441.6, 441.7	Aortic Aneurysm	.028159
С	410 – 410.99	Acute Myocardial Infarct	.012194
D	394 - 397.9 421 - 421.9 424 - 424.99	Valves	.007711

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

E	414 – 414.99	Other Chronic Ischemic	.001633
			APPENDIX A continued
F	212.7 398 - 398.99 411 - 411.99 423 - 423.9 425 - 425.9 427 - 427.9 428 - 428.9 901 - 901.9 996.02, 996.03	All Other Heart Conditions	.001222

Source: Calculated based on the 2014 Michigan Inpatient Data Base Amended and Effective September 1, 2016

APPENDIX B

DIAGNOSIS GROUPINGS FOR PEDIATRIC OPEN HEART SURGICAL CASES (See Appendix E for ICD-10-CM Codes)

MAJOR ICD-9-CM CODE GROUP	CATEGORY	PEDIATRIC OPEN HEART UTILIZATION WEIGHTS
745.0 – 747.99	Congenital Anomalies	.179681
164.1, 212.7 390 – 429.99 441.01, 441.03 441.1, 441.2 441.6, 441.7 785.51 786.5-786.59 901.0 – 901.9 996.02	All Other Heart Conditions	.013025

Source: Calculated based on the 2014 Michigan Inpatient Data Base Amended and Effective September 1, 2016

APPENDIX C

ICD-9-CM TO ICD-10-CM CODE TRANSLATION FOR CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
745.0	Congenital	P29.3	Persistent Fetal Circulation
through 747.99	Heart Disease	Q20.0-Q28.9	Congenital Malformations of the Circulatory System

"ICD-9-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification of Diseases - 9TH Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, prepared by the Commission on Professional and Hospital Activities for The U.S. National Center for Health Statistics.

"ICD-10-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification</u> of <u>Diseases - 10th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, National Center for Health Statistics.

APPENDIX D

ICD-9-CM TO ICD-10-CM CODE TRANSLATION FOR APPENDIX A

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
394 - 397.9	Valves	105.0-108.9	Rheumatic Valve Diseases
		109.0-109.89	Other Rheumatic Heart Diseases
421 - 421.9	Valves	A01.02	Typhoid Fever with Heart Involvement
		133.0-133.9	Acute and Subacute Endocarditis
		139	Endocarditis and Heart Valve Disorders In Diseases Classified Elsewhere
424 -	Valves	A18.84	Tuberculosis of Heart
424.99		134.0-137.9	Nonrheumatic Valve Disorders
		138	Endocarditis, Valve Unspecified
		139	Endocarditis and Heart Valve Disorders in Diseases Classified Elsewhere
		142.0-143	Cardiomyopathies
		M32.11	Endocarditis in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus
441.01,	Aortic	171.01, 171.03	Dissection of
441.03	Aneurysm		Thoracic/Thoracoabdominal Aorta
441.1,	Aortic	I71.1, I71.2	Thoracic Aortic Aneurysm,
441.2	Aneurysm Aortic	l71.5, l71.6	Ruptured/Without Rupture Thoracoabdominal Aortic
441.7	Aneurysm	177.3, 177.0	Aneurysm, Ruptured/without Rupture
745 –	Congenital	P29.3	Persistent Fetal Circulation
747.99	Anomalies	Q20.0-Q28.9	Congenital Malformations of the Circulatory System
414 – 414.99	Other Chronic Ischemic	125.10-125.9 (EXLUDING 125.2 OLD MI)	Chronic Ischemic Heart Disease
410 – 410.99	Acute Myocardial Infarct	121.01-122.9	Stemi And Nstemi Mi
212.7	All Other Heart Conditions	D15.1	Benign Neoplasm of Heart
398 -	All Other	109.0	Rheumatic Myocarditis
398.99	Heart Conditions	109.81-109.9	Other/Unspecified Rheumatic Heart Diseases
411 -	All Other	120.0	Unstable Angina
411.99	Heart		
	Conditions	124.0-124.9	Other Acute Ischemic Heart
L	l	I	· ·

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

	Disease

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
411 - 411.99 Continued	All Other Heart Conditions Continued	125.110, 125.700, 125.710, 125.720, 125.730, 125.750, 125.760, 125.790	Atherosclerosis with Unstable Angina Pectoris
423 - 423.9	All Other Heart Conditions	131.0-131.9	Other Diseases of Pericardium
425 - 425.9	All Other Heart	A18.84	Tuberculosis of Heart
	Conditions	142.0-143	Cardiomyopathies
427 - 427.9	All Other Heart	146.2-146.9	Cardiac Arrest
	Conditions	147.0-147.9	Paroxysmal Tachycardia
		148.0-148.92	Atrial Fibrillation and Flutter
		149.01-149.9	Other Cardiac Arrhythmias
		R00.1	Bradycardia, Unspecified
428 - 428.9	All Other Heart Conditions	150.1-150.9	Heart Failure
901 - 901.9	All Other Heart Conditions	S25.00XA	Unspecified Injury of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.01XA	Minor Laceration of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.02XA	Major Laceration of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.09XA	Other Specified Injury of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.101A	Unspecified Injury of Right Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.102A	Unspecified Injury of Left Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.109A	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.111A	Minor Laceration of Right Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.112A	Minor Laceration of Left Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.119A	Minor Laceration of Unspecified Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.121A	Major Laceration of Right Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901 - 901.9	All Other	S25.122A	Major Laceration of Left
Continued	Heart		Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
	Conditions		Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.129A	Major Laceration of Unspecified
			Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.191A	Other Specified Injury of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.192A	Other Specified Injury of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.199A	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Innominate or
			Subclavian Artery, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.20XA	Unspecified Injury of Superior
			Vena Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.21XA	Minor Laceration of Superior Vena
			Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.22XA	Major Laceration of Superior Vena
			Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.29XA	Other Specified Injury of Superior
			Vena Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.301A	Unspecified Injury of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.302A	Unspecified Injury of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.309A	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		005.0444	Initial Encounter
		S25.311A	Minor Laceration of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		005.0404	Initial Encounter
		S25.312A	Minor Laceration of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		COE 240A	Initial Encounter
		S25.319A	Minor Laceration of Unspecified
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		C25 221 A	Initial Encounter
		S25.321A	Major Laceration of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		C25 222 A	Initial Encounter
		S25.322A	Major Laceration of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein, Initial Encounter
		1	illitial Elicounter

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901 - 901.9	All Other	S25.329A	Major Laceration of Unspecified
Continued	Heart		Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
	Conditions		Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.391A	Other Specified Injury of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.392A	Other Specified Injury of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.399A	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Innominate or
			Subclavian Vein, Initial Encounter
		S25.401A	Unspecified Injury of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.402A	Unspecified Injury of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.409A	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.411A	Minor Laceration of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.412A	Minor Laceration of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.419A	Minor Laceration of Unspecified
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.421A	Major Laceration of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.422A	Major Laceration of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		005 4004	Encounter
		S25.429A	Major Laceration of Unspecified
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		0.05 4.04 A	Encounter
		S25.491A	Other Specified Injury of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		C25 402 A	Encounter Other Specified Injury of Left
		S25.492A	Other Specified Injury of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		COE 400 A	Encounter
		S25.499A	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Pulmonary Blood
			Vessels, Initial Encounter

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901 - 901.9 Continued	All Other Heart Conditions	S25.501A	Unspecified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Right Side, Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.502A	Unspecified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		\$25.509A	Unspecified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.511A	Laceration of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.512A	Laceration of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.519A	Laceration of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.591A	Other Specified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		\$25.592A	Other Specified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.599A	Other Specified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.801A	Unspecified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.802A	Unspecified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.809A	Unspecified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.811A	Laceration of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.812A	Laceration of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.819A	Laceration of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.891A	Other Specified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Right

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

	Side, Initial Encounter

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901 –	All Other	S25.892A	Other Specified Injury of Other
901.9	Heart		Blood Vessels of Thorax, Left
Continued	Conditions		Side, Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.899A	Other Specified Injury of Other
			Blood Vessels of Thorax,
			Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.90XA	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified
			Blood Vessel of Thorax, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.91XA	Laceration of Unspecified Blood
			Vessel of Thorax, Initial Encounter
		S25.99XA	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Blood Vessel of
			Thorax, Initial Encounter
996.02,	All Other	T82.01XA	Breakdown (Mechanical) of Heart
996.03	Heart		Valve Prosthesis, Initial Encounter
	Conditions	T82.02XA	Displacement of Heart Valve
			Prosthesis, Initial Encounter
		T82.03XA	Leakage of Heart Valve
			Prosthesis, Initial Encounter
		T82.09XA	Other Mechanical Complication of
			Heart Valve Prosthesis, Initial
			Encounter
		T82.211A	Breakdown (Mechanical) of
			Coronary Artery Bypass Graft,
			Initial Encounter
		T82.212A	Displacement of Coronary Artery
			Bypass Graft, Initial Encounter
		T82.213A	Leakage of Coronary Artery
			Bypass Graft, Initial Encounter
		T82.218A	Other Mechanical Complication of
			Coronary Artery Bypass Graft,
			Initial Encounter

"ICD-9-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification of Diseases - 9th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, prepared by the Commission on Professional and Hospital Activities for The U.S. National Center for Health Statistics.

"ICD-10-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification</u> <u>of Diseases - 10th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, National Center for Health Statistics.

APPENDIX E

ICD-9-CM TO ICD-10-CM CODE TRANSLATION FOR APPENDIX B

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
745.0 -	Congenital	P29.3	Persistent Fetal Circulation
747.99	Anomalies	Q20.0-Q28.9	Congenital Malformations of the Circulatory System
164.1	All Other	C38.0	Malignant Neoplasm of Heart
	Heart Conditions	C45.2	Mesothelioma of Pericardium
212.7	All Other Heart Conditions	D15.1	Benign Neoplasm of Heart
390 - 429.99	All Other Heart	A01.02	Typhoid Fever with Heart Involvement
	Conditions	A18.84	Tuberculosis of Heart
		100-109.9	Rheumatic Fever/Heart Diseases
		I10-I15.9	Hypertensive Diseases
		120.0-125.9	Ischemic Heart Diseases
		126.01-128.9	Pulmonary Heart Disease/Pulmonary Circulation Diseases
		130.0-152	Other Forms of Heart Disease
		197.0-197.191	Intraoperative/Postprocedural Cardiac Complications
		N26.2	Page Kidney
		R00.1	Bradycardia, Unspecified
		T80.0XXA	Air Embolism Following Infusion, Transfusion and Therapeutic Injection, Initial Encounter
		T81.718A	Complication of Other Artery Following a Procedure, Not Elsewhere Classified, Initial Encounter
		T81.72XA	Complication of Vein Following a Procedure, not Elsewhere Classified, Initial Encounter
		T82.817A	Embolism of Cardiac Prosthetic Devices, Implants and Grafts, Initial Encounter
		T82.818A	Embolism of Vascular Prosthetic Devices, Implants and Grafts, Initial Encounter
441.01	All Other Heart Conditions	171.01	Dissection of Thoracic Aorta
441.03	All Other Heart	171.03	Dissection of Thoracoabdominal

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

Conditions	Aorta

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
441.1	All Other Heart Conditions	171.1	Thoracic Aortic Aneurysm, Ruptured
441.2	All Other Heart Conditions	171.2	Thoracic Aortic Aneurysm, without Rupture
441.6	All Other Heart Conditions	171.5	Thoracoabdominal Aortic Aneurysm, Ruptured
441.7	All Other Heart Conditions	171.6	Thoracoabdominal Aortic Aneurysm, Without Rupture
785.51	All Other Heart Conditions	R57.0	Cardiogenic Shock
786.5- 786.59	All Other Heart Conditions	R07.1-R07.9	Chest Pain
901.0 - 901.9	All Other Heart	S25.00XA	Unspecified Injury of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
	Conditions	S25.01XA	Minor Laceration of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.02XA	Major Laceration of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.09XA	Other Specified Injury of Thoracic Aorta, Initial Encounter
		S25.101A	Unspecified Injury of Right Innominate Or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.102A	Unspecified Injury of Left Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.109A	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.111A	Minor Laceration of Right Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.112A	Minor Laceration of Left Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.119A	Minor Laceration of Unspecified Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter
		S25.121A	Major Laceration of Right Innominate or Subclavian Artery, Initial Encounter

CON Review Standards for OHS Services
For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018
Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue
Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901.0 -	All Other	S25.122A	Major Laceration of Left
901.0 -	Heart	323.122A	Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
Continued	Conditions		Initial Encounter
Oontinaca	Continued	S25.129A	Major Laceration of Unspecified
	Continued	023.123K	Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.191A	Other Specified Injury of Right
		02011017	Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.192A	Other Specified Injury of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Artery,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.199A	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Innominate or
			Subclavian Artery, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.20XA	Unspecified Injury of Superior
			Vena Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.21XA	Minor Laceration of Superior Vena
			Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.22XA	Major Laceration of Superior Vena
			Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.29XA	Other Specified Injury of Superior
			Vena Cava, Initial Encounter
		S25.301A	Unspecified Injury of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		005.0004	Initial Encounter
		S25.302A	Unspecified Injury of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
		S25.309A	Initial Encounter Unspecified Injury of Unspecified
		323.309A	Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.311A	Minor Laceration of Right
		323.311A	Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.312A	Minor Laceration of Left
		020.0127	Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.319A	Minor Laceration of Unspecified
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.321A	Major Laceration of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.322A	Major Laceration of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter

CON Review Standards for OHS Services
For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018
Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue
Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901.0 -	All Other	S25.329A	Major Laceration of Unspecified
901.9	Heart		Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
Continued	Conditions		Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.391A	Other Specified Injury of Right
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.392A	Other Specified Injury of Left
			Innominate or Subclavian Vein,
			Initial Encounter
		S25.399A	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Innominate or
			Subclavian Vein, Initial Encounter
		S25.401A	Unspecified Injury of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.402A	Unspecified Injury of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.409A	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.411A	Minor Laceration of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.412A	Minor Laceration of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.419A	Minor Laceration of Unspecified
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.421A	Major Laceration of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
			Encounter
		S25.422A	Major Laceration of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		007 1001	Encounter
		S25.429A	Major Laceration of Unspecified
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		005 404 5	Encounter Other Consists of Digital Prints
		S25.491A	Other Specified Injury of Right
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		COE 400A	Encounter Other Specified Injury of Left
		S25.492A	Other Specified Injury of Left
			Pulmonary Blood Vessels, Initial
		COE 400A	Encounter Other Specified Injury of
		S25.499A	Other Specified Injury of
			Unspecified Pulmonary Blood
			Vessels, Initial Encounter

CON Review Standards for OHS Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901.0 - 901.9 Continued	All Other Heart Conditions	S25.501A	Unspecified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Right Side, Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.502A	Unspecified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.509A	Unspecified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.511A	Laceration of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.512A	Laceration of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.519A	Laceration of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.591A	Other Specified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.592A	Other Specified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.599A	Other Specified Injury of Intercostal Blood Vessels, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.801A	Unspecified Injury of Other Blood Vessels Of Thorax, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.802A	Unspecified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.809A	Unspecified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.811A	Laceration of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Right Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.812A	Laceration of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Left Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.819A	Laceration of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.891A	Other Specified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Right

CON Review Standards for OHS Services
For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018
Proposed Technical Amendments Highlighted in Blue
Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Gray

Side Initial Encounter		

ICD-9 CODE	DESCRIPTION	ICD-10 CODE	DESCRIPTION
901.0 - 901.9 Continued	All Other Heart Conditions	S25.892A	Other Specified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Left Side, Initial Encounter
	Continued	S25.899A	Other Specified Injury of Other Blood Vessels of Thorax, Unspecified Side, Initial Encounter
		S25.90XA	Unspecified Injury of Unspecified Blood Vessel of Thorax, Initial Encounter
		S25.91XA	Laceration of Unspecified Blood Vessel of Thorax, Initial Encounter
		S25.99XA	Other Specified Injury of Unspecified Blood Vessel of Thorax, Initial Encounter
996.02	All Other Heart Conditions	T82.01XA	Breakdown (Mechanical) of Heart Valve Prosthesis, Initial Encounter
		T82.02XA	Displacement of Heart Valve Prosthesis, Initial Encounter
		T82.03XA	Leakage of Heart Valve Prosthesis, Initial Encounter
		T82.09XA	Other Mechanical Complication of Heart Valve Prosthesis, Initial Encounter

[&]quot;ICD-9-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification of Diseases - 9th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, prepared by the Commission on Professional and Hospital Activities for the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics.

[&]quot;ICD-10-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification</u> of <u>Diseases - 10th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, National Center for Health Statistics.

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS or Department) MEMORANDUM Lansing, MI

Date: May 15, 2018

TO: The Certificate of Need (CON) Commission

FROM: Brenda Rogers, Special Assistant to the CON Commission, Office of

Planning, CON Policy, MDHHS

RE: Summary of Public Hearing Comments on Cardiac Catheterization

Services Standards

Public Hearing Testimony

Pursuant to MCL 333.22215 (3), the Certificate of Need (CON) Commission "...shall conduct a public hearing on its proposed action." The Commission took proposed action on the Cardiac Catheterization Services Standards at its March 27, 2018 meeting. Accordingly, the Department held a Public Hearing to receive testimony on the proposed Cardiac Catheterization Services Standards on April 26, 2018. Written testimony was accepted for an additional seven days after the hearing. Testimony was received from five organizations.

Written Testimony:

- 1.) Tracey Burke, MBA, MSA, RVT, RDMS, Spectrum Health
 - Recommends a five (5) mile replacement zone in a metropolitan county and a ten (10) mile replacement zone in a micropolitan or rural county as it is more appropriate for patient care and consistent with other CON standards.
- 2.) Barbara Bressack, Henry Ford Health System (HFHS)
 - Recommends the proposed new site is the same site where the existing OHS
 service is to be located and is within a 5-mile radius of the existing site for a
 metropolitan statistical area county or within a 10-mile radius for a rural or
 micropolitan statistical area county. This is to ensure that a gap is not created
 in a region of the planning area and that access issues are not created due to
 the move of a program entirely out of the area currently being served.
- 3.) Marlena Hendershot, Sparrow Health System
 - Recommends a 5 or 10 mile replacement zone as the proposed replacement zone is too large. This is to ensure that the services are provided to the same market.

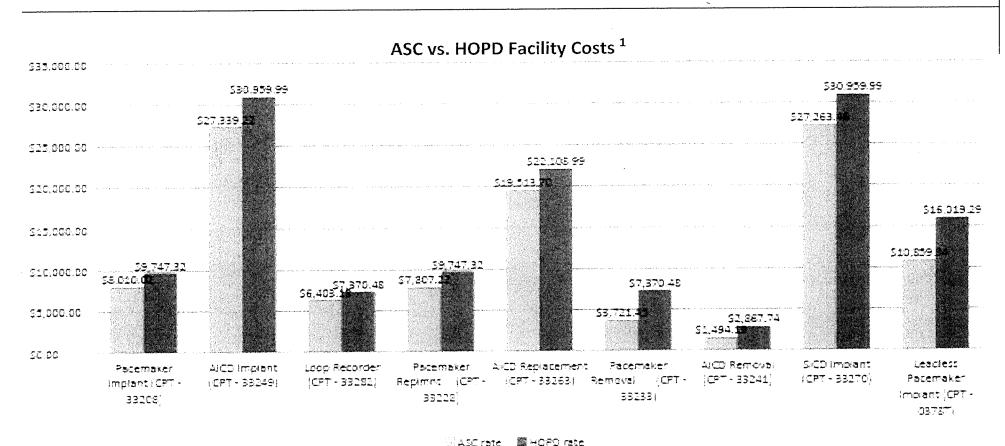
- 4.) Marty Taglauer, RN, Surgical Care Affiliates
 - Recommends that Permanent Pacemakers (PPM) and Internal Cardiac Defibrillators (ICD) to be allowed to be implanted in an Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC) in the state of Michigan as this was approved by CMS in 2013.
- 5.) Bret Jackson, Economic Alliance of Michigan (EAM)
 - Recommends a tighter geographical area when allowing the CC/OHS standards to be replaced/relocated within a hospital system to prevent any future issues from occurring possibly aligning with the hospital bed standards.

Department Recommendation:

The Department supports the language as presented at the March 27, 2018 CON Commission meeting but is not opposed to a reduction in the relocation zone if that change is made in the OHS standards.

Physician Engagement: ASC Value Prop

ASCs Generate up to **49**% in savings for Cardiac Rhythm Management Device procedures vs the Hospital

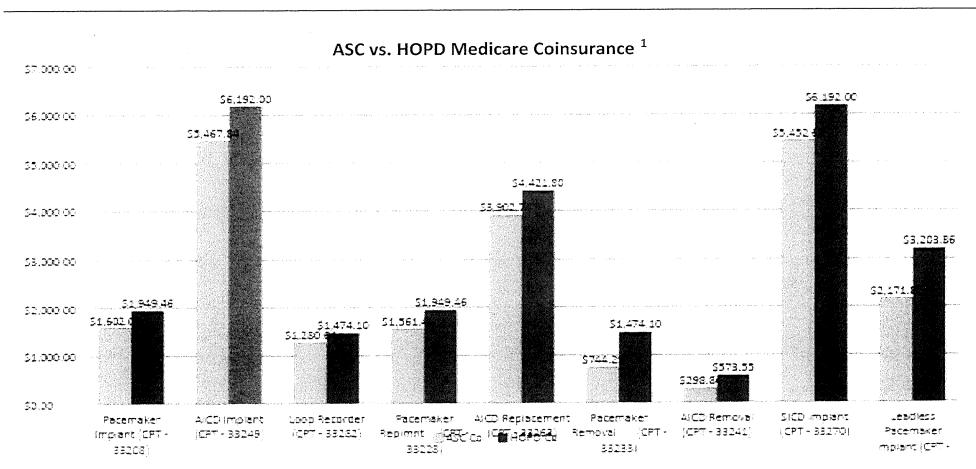


^{1.} Payments are based on Medicare rates by calculating weighted averages of services performed at Premier Surgery Center of Michigan. Commercial rates generally follow a multiple of Medicare. However, actual rates between ASCs and HOPDs paid by commercial health plans may fluctuate more or less compared to Medicare rates.



Patient Engagement: ASC Value Prop (2/2)

ASCs save patients up to 49% in out of pocket expenses vs. hospitals for the same procedures

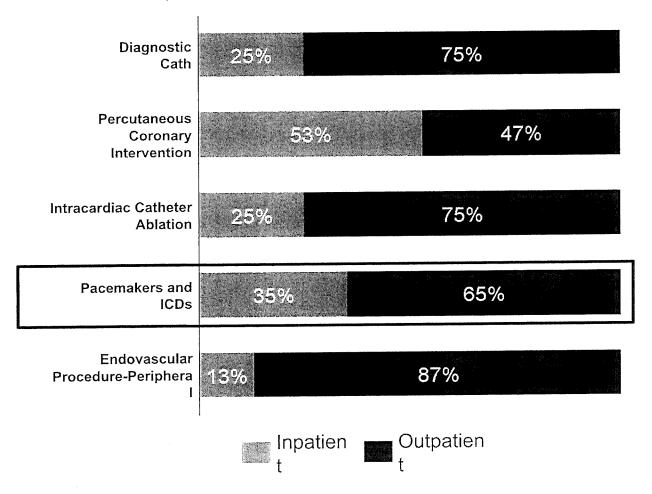


^{1.} Medicare patient coinsurance payments are estimates based on calculating weighted averages of services performed at Premier Surgery Center of Michigan. Patient coinsurance payments assume a standard Medicare Part B coinsurance rate of 20%. However, actual coinsurance amounts paid by patients may be higher or lower than dictated by the 20% coinsurance rate.



Sg2 Study Shows that Majority of CRM Device Procedures are being Performed in an OP Setting Today

Percent of Procedure Volume in the Inpatient vs. Outpatient Setting* US Market, 2015 (current State)



- CRM device
 procedures have been
 approved by Medicare
 for reimbursement in
 an ASC setting since
 2008.
- The majority of CRM procedures are already done in an outpatient setting today

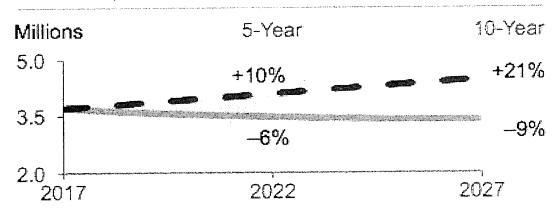
^{*}Sg2 provides market data and analytics to healthcare clients, and is considered the industry's largest comprehensive commercial claims database. It sources outpatient claims data from Blue Health Intelligence.



In-patient declines in CV continues

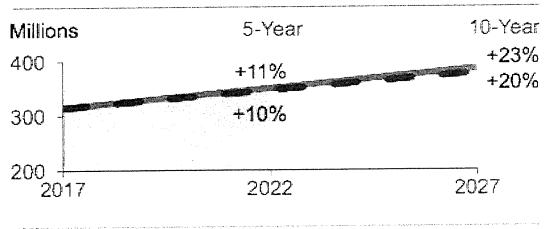
Cardiovascular Inpatient Discharges

US Market, 2017-2027



Cardiovascular Outpatient Volumes

US Market, 2017-2027



💹 Sg2 IP Forecast 💹 Population-Based Forecast 💹 Sg2 OP Forecast

Cardiovascular trends

- IP discharges fall, with growth limited to cardiac surgeries such as heart valves and CABG
- Strong OP shift continues for all other procedures including CRM and Cardiac Cath
- Ongoing advances in technology and technique (eg, radial artery catheterization) are enabling safe performance
- Higher customer satisfaction, lower costs and better clinical outcomes associated with OP care





CRM volume at SCA 2013 – April 2018

CPT Code	Category	Sub Case	Comment	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
33206	Implant	PM System	PPM - Implant Single Atrial	1		2		1		4
33207	Implant	PIM System	PPM - Implant Single Vent	4	11	4	1	1		21
33208	Implant	PM System	PPM - Implant Dual - Most common primary PM Implant service	23	33	28	16	28	14	142
33210	Temp PIM	PM System	Temp PM - Single (very rare - normally bundled)					1		1
33212	Gen to Existing Leads - Leads in place (RARE)	PM Generator Only	PPM - Generator only (not w/remove) Single (rare)			2	2	1		5
33213	Gen to Existing Leads - Leads in place (RARE)	PIM Generator Only	PPM - Generator only (notw/remove) Dual (rare)			12	5	2		19
33214	Gen Change	PM Generator and New Lead	PPM - Upgrade to Dual			1				1
33216	Lead Insertion, Repair and Revision	CRM Misc - Leads/Revisions	PPM/AICD - Insert electrodes - Single		1					1
33221	Gen to Existing Leads - Leads in place (RARE)	PM Generator Only	PPM - Generator only (not w/remove) Multiple (rare)	3		1	1			5
33222	Relocation ONLY	CRM Misc - Leads/Revisions	PPM - Relocate pocket	3	2	3				8
33227	Gen Change	PM Generator Only	PPM - Replacement Single	18	13	14	14	9	3	71
33228	Gen Change	PM Generator Only	PPM - Replacement Dual	\$2	81	80	71	62	20	396
33229	Gen Change	PM Generator Only	PPM - Replacement Multiple	2	2	1	3	б		14
33230	Gen to Existing Leads - Leads in place (RARE)	AICD Generator Only	AICD - Generator only (notw/remove) Dual (rare)	1						1
33231	Gen to Existing Leads - Leads in place (RARE)	AICD Generator Only	AICD - Generator only (notw/remove) Multiple (rare)				1			1
33233	Gen Removal		PPM - Removal of PM Gen only	2	3	0		1		6
33234	Lead Removal	CRM Misc - Leads/Revisions	PPM - Remove 1 lead only (rare)		1		İ			1
33240	Gen to Existing Leads - Leads in place (RARE)	AICD Generator Only	AICD - Generator only (not w/remove) Single (rare)				1			1
33241		CRM Misc - Leads/Revisions	AICD - Removal of ICD Gen Only				1		1	1
33249	Implant	AICD System	AICD - Implant Dual or Single - Most common primary ICD Implant service	4	9	4	7	6	12	42
33262	Gen Change	AICD Generator Only	AICD - Replacement Single	1	4	1	7	18	5	36
33263	Gen Change	AICD Generator Only	AICD - Replacement Dual	24	14	9	9	25	13	94
33264	Gen Change	AICD Generator Only	AICD - Replacement Mutiple	18	26	10	11	14	13	92
33273	Sub Q AICD Implants	AICD - SubQ	SICD - Reposition lead				1			1
33282	Implant	Cardiac Event	CEM - Implant Monitor / Loop implant	55	100	145	244	336	203	1,083
33284	Gen Removal	Cardiac Event	CEM - Removal Monitor / Loop	6	13	29	24	31	24	127
92960	CRM - EPS	EPS - Diagnostic	None		3		4	2		9
Total				247	316	346	422	544	308	2,183

	MCRE Schedule		edule	
	7074 10			
PPM - Implant Dual - Most common primary PM implant service	\$	8,010.02	\$	9,747.32
PPM - Implant Single Vent	\$	7,831.96	\$	9,747.32
PPM - Implant Single Atrial	\$	7,778.45	\$	9,747.32
AICD - Implant Dual or Single - Most common primary ICD implant service	\$	27,339.22	\$	30,959.99
CEM - Implant Monitor / Loop implant	\$	6,403.18	\$	7,370.48
PPM - Replacement Dual	\$	7,807.22	\$	9,747.32
PPM - Replacement Multiple	\$	12,780.50	\$	17,584.32
PPM - Replacement Single	\$	5,857.19	\$	7,370.48
PPM - Upgrade to Dual	\$	7,774.85	\$	9,747.32
AICD - Replacement Dual	\$	19,513.70	\$	22,108.99
AICD - Replacement Mutiple	\$	27,390.21	\$	30,959.99
AICD - Replacement Single	\$	19,386.97	\$	22,108.99
AICD / PPM - Most common for bi-V lead; links to Implant category	\$	i de des es e	\$	-
AICD / PPM - Rarely billed	\$	7,869.28	\$	9,747.32
PPM - Removal of PM Gen only	\$	3,721.45	\$	7,370.48
AICD - Removal of ICD Gen Only	\$	1,494.19	\$	2,867.74
CEM - Removal Monitor / Loop	\$		\$	572.81
SICD - Reposition lead	\$	to the control of the second section of the second of	\$	2,867.74
SICD - Remove lead	\$		\$	2,867.74
SICD - Implant electrode w/lead	\$		\$	7,370.48
SICD - Implant - Primary Code for Implant		27,263.46	\$	30,959.99
LPPM - Implant - Primary Code for Implant	-	10,859.34	\$	16,019.29
LPPM - Removal PM	\$		\$	2,492.57
PPM - Generator only (not w/remove) Multiple (rare)	Ś	12,819.30	\$	17,584.32
PPM - Generator only (not w/remove) Single (rare)	\$	•	<i>.</i> \$	7,370.48
PPM - Generator only (not w/remove) Dual (rare)	, \$	•	\$	9,747.32
AICD - Generator only (not w/remove) Single (rare)		20,001.62	\$	22,108.99
AICD - Generator only (not w/remove) Dual (rare)		19,715.42	\$	22,108.99
AICD - Generator only (not w/remove) Multiple (rare)		27,817.08	\$	30,959.99
PPM - Relocate pocket	, \$		\$	1,568.32
AICD - Relocate pocket	\$		\$	1,568.32
AICD - Remove leads only (rare)	\$	the second contract of the second contract of	\$	2,867.74
PPM - Remove leads only (rare)	\$		\$	2,867.74
PPM - Remove 1 lead only (rare)	\$		\$	2,867.74
PPM/AICD - Reposition LV lead	\$		\$	2,492.57
PPM/AICD - Repair electrodes - Dual	\$	· ·	\$	2,867.74
PPM/AICD - Repair electrodes - Single	\$		\$	2,867.74
PPM/AICD - Insert electrodes - Juai	\$	•	\$	7,370.48
PPM/AICD - Insert electrodes - Buai	\$	· ·	\$	7,370.48
PPM/AICD - Insert electrodes - Single PPM/AICD - Reposition Lead	\$		\$	2,492.57
Temp PM - Single (very rare - normally bundled)	\$ \$		ب \$	7,370.48
Temp PM - Dual (very rare - normally bundled)	\$		۶ \$	7,370.48
remprivir Dual (very rate - normally bulluleu)	- - -	0,042.01	Ą	7,370.40

8 9 10

11 12

13

14

15 16 17 18 19

20 21 22

23 24 25 26 27

28 29 30 31 32 33

40

47 48 49

46

51 52

50 53

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

CERTIFICATE OF NEED (CON) REVIEW STANDARDS FOR CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICES

(By authority conferred on the CON Commission by Section 22215 of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, and sections 7 and 8 of Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, as amended, being sections 333.22215, 24.207 and 24.208 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.)

Section 1. Applicability

Sec. 1. (1) These standards are requirements for approval of the initiation, replacement, expansion, or acquisition of cardiac catheterization services, and the delivery of these services under Part 222 of the Code. Pursuant to Part 222 of the Code, cardiac catheterization services are a covered clinical service. The Department shall use these standards in applying Section 22225(1) of the Code, being Section 333.22225(1) of the Michigan Compiled Laws and Section 22225(2)(c) of the Code, being Section 333.22225(2)(c) of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Section 2. Definitions

- Sec. 2. (1) For purposes of these standards:
- (a) "ADULT CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE" MEANS PROVIDING CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICES ON AN ORGANIZED, REGULAR BASIS TO PATIENTS AGE 18 AND ABOVE, AND FOR ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY PROCEDURES TO PATIENTS AGE 15 AND OLDER.
- (b) "Cardiac catheterization laboratory" or "laboratory" means an individual radiological room equipped with a variety of x-ray machines and devices such as electronic image intensifiers, high speed film changers and digital subtraction units to assist in performing diagnostic or therapeutic cardiac catheterizations or electrophysiology studies.
- (bc) "Cardiac catheterization procedure" means any cardiac procedure, including diagnostic, therapeutic, and electrophysiology studies, performed on a patient during a single session in a laboratory. Cardiac catheterization is a medical diagnostic or therapeutic procedure during which a catheter is inserted into a vein or artery in a patient; subsequently the free end of the catheter is manipulated by a physician to travel along the course of the blood vessel into the chambers or vessels of the heart. X-rays and an electronic image intensifier are used as aides in placing the catheter tip in the desired position. When the catheter is in place, the physician is able to perform various diagnostic studies and/or therapeutic procedures in the heart. This term does not include "float catheters" that are performed at the bedside or in settings outside the laboratory or the implantation of cardiac permanent pacemakers and implantable cardioverter defibrillators (ICD) devices that are performed in an interventional radiology laboratory or operating room IN A LICENSED HOSPITAL.
- (ed) "Cardiac catheterization service" means the provision of one or more of the following types of procedures: adult diagnostic cardiac catheterizations; adult therapeutic cardiac catheterizations; and pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterizations.
- (e) "CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION" MEANS A CONTINUOUS TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH A PATIENT MAY UNDERGO ONE OR MORE DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC OR PERIPHERAL PROCEDURES IN A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION LABORATORY. THE TERM SESSION APPLIES TO BOTH ADULT AND PEDIATRIC/CONGENITAL CATHETERIZATIONS.
- (df) "Certificate of Need Commission" or "Commission" means the Commission created pursuant to Section 22211 of the Code, being Section 333.22211 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (eg) "Code" means Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being Section 333.1101 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (h) "COMPLEX THERAPEUTIC SESSION" MEANS A CONTINUOUS TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH A PATIENT UNDERGOES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES:
 - (i) PCI FOR CHRONIC TOTAL OCCLUSION

(ii) TAVR, MITRAL/PULMONARY/TRICUSPID VALVE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT, PARAVALVULAR LEAK CLOSURE

- (iii) ABLATION FOR ATRIAL FIBRILLATION (AF) OR VENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (VT), PACEMAKER OR ICD LEAD EXTRACTION
- (fi) "Department" means the Michigan Department of Community Health AND HUMAN SERVICES (MDCHHS).
- (j) "DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURE" INCLUDES RIGHT HEART CATHETERIZATION, LEFT HEART CATHETERIZATION, CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY, CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS GRAFT ANGIOGRAPHY, INTRACORONARY ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS, FRACTIONAL FLOW RESERVE (FFR), INTRA-CORONARY IMAGING SUCH AS INTRAVASCULAR ULTRASOUND (IVUS), OPTICAL COHERENCE TOMOGRAPHY (OCT), OR NEAR-INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY (NIRS) WHEN PERFORMED WITHOUT A THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE, CARDIAC BIOPSY, INTRA-CARDIAC ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY, AND ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY STUDY.
- (gk) "Diagnostic cardiac catheterization service" means providing diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures on an organized, regular basis in a laboratory to diagnose anatomical and/or physiological problems in the heart. Procedures include the intra coronary administration of drugs; left heart catheterization; right heart catheterization; coronary angiography; diagnostic electrophysiology studies; and cardiac biopsies (echo-guided or fluorescopic). A hospital that provides diagnostic cardiac catheterization services may also perform implantations of cardiac permanent pacemakers and ICD devices IMPLANTATION (THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES).
- (I) "DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION" MEANS A CONTINUOUS TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH A PATIENT MAY UNDERGO ONE OR MORE DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURES.
- (m) "DIAGNOSTIC PERIPHERAL PROCEDURE" INCLUDES ANGIOGRAPHY OR HEMODYNAMIC MEASUREMENTS IN THE ARTERIAL OR VENOUS CIRCULATION (EXCLUDING THE HEART).
- (n) "DIAGNOSTIC PERIPHERAL SESSION" MEANS A CONTINUOUS TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH A PATIENT MAY UNDERGO ONE OR MORE DIAGNOSTIC PERIPHERAL PROCEDURES IN A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION LABORATORY.
- (<u>ho</u>) "Elective percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)" means a PCI procedure performed on a non-emergent basis.
- (ip) "Elective PCI services without on-site open heart surgery (OHS)" means performing PCI_T percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), and coronary stent implantation on an organized, regular basis in a hospital having a diagnostic cardiac catheterization service and a primary PCI service but not having OHS on-site and adhering to patient selection as outlined in the SCAI/ACC/AHA Expert Consensus Document: 2014 Update on PCI Without On-Site Surgical Backup and published in circulation Circulation 2014, 129:2610-2626 and its update or further guideline changes. A HOSPITAL THAT PROVIDES ELECTIVE PCI WITHOUT ON-SITE OHS MAY ALSO PERFORM RIGHT-SIDED CARDIAC ABLATION PROCEDURES INCLUDING RIGHT ATRIAL FLUTTER, AV REENTRY, AV NODE REENTRY, RIGHT ATRIAL TACHYCARDIA, AND AV NODE ABLATION.
- (jg) "Electrophysiology study" means a study of the electrical conduction activity of the heart and characterization of atrial and ventricular arrhythmias obtained by means of a cardiac catheterization procedure. The term also includes the implantation of permanent pacemakers and ICD devices.
 - (kr) "Hospital" means a health facility licensed under Part 215 of the Code.
- (Is) "Medicaid" means title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396g and 1396i to 1396u.
- (mt) "Pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization service" means providing cardiac AND ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY catheterization services on an organized, regular basis to infants and children ages 18 and below, except for electrophysiology studies that are offered and provided to infants and children ages 14 and below, and others PATIENTS BORN with congenital heart disease as defined by the ICD-9-CM codes (See Appendix B for ICD-10-CM Codes) of 426.7 (anomalous atrioventricular excitation), 427.0 (cardiac dysrythmias), and 745.0 through 747.99 (bulbus cordis anomalies and anomalies of cardiac septal closure, other congenital anomalies of heart, and other congenital anomalies of circulatory system).

- 107 (u) "PERCUTANEOUS CORONARY INTERVENTION" (PCI) MEANS A THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC
 108 CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURE TO RESOLVE ANATOMIC AND/OR PHYSIOLOGIC PROBLEMS IN
 109 THE CORONARY ARTERIES OF THE HEART. A PCI SESSION MAY INCLUDE SEVERAL
- PROCEDURES INCLUDING BALLOON ANGIOPLASTY, ATHERECTOMY, LASER, STENT

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136 137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148 149

- 111 IMPLANTATION AND THROMBECTOMY. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE THE INTRACORONARY
 112 ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS, FFR OR IVUS WHERE THESE ARE THE ONLY PROCEDURES
- PERFORMED.

 (v) "PERIPHERAL CATHETERIZATION SESSION" MEANS A CONTINUOUS TIME PERIOD

 DURING WHICH A PATIENT MAY UNDERGO ONE OR MORE DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC

 PROCEDURES IN THE ARTERIAL OR VENOUS CIRCULATION (EXCLUDING THE HEART) WHEN

 PERFORMED IN A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION LABORATORY.
 - (<u>nw</u>) "Primary percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)" means a PCI performed on an <u>EMERGENT</u> <u>BASIS ON A acute myocardial infarction (AMI)</u> patient with <u>confirmed_ST-SEGMENT</u> elevation, <u>or</u> new left bundle branch block<u>on an emergent basis</u>, <u>ECG EVIDENCE OF TRUE POSTERIOR MI, OR CARDIOGENIC SHOCK</u>.
 - (ex) "Primary PCI service without on-site OHS" means performing primary PCI on an emergent basis in a hospital having a diagnostic cardiac catheterization service. A HOSPITAL THAT PROVIDES PRIMARY PCI WITHOUT ON-SITE OHS MAY ALSO PERFORM RIGHT-SIDED CARDIAC ABLATION PROCEDURES INCLUDING RIGHT ATRIAL FLUTTER, AV REENTRY, AV NODE REENTRY, RIGHT ATRIAL TACHYCARDIA, AND AV NODE ABLATION.
 - (py) "Procedure equivalent" means a unit of measure that reflects the relative average length of time one patient spends in one session in a <u>CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION</u> laboratory based on the type of procedures being performed. IF A <u>DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE IS PERFORMED IN THE SAME SESSION, THE HIGHER PROCEDURE EQUIVALENT WEIGHTING WILL BE USED TO EVALUATE UTILIZATION.</u>
 - (z) "STRUCTURAL HEART PROCEDURE" MEANS A THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURE TO RESOLVE ANATOMIC AND/OR PHYSIOLOGIC PROBLEMS OF THE HEART VALVES OR CHAMBERS. PROCEDURES INCLUDE: BALLOON VALVULOPLASTY, BALLOON ATRIAL SEPTOSTOMY, TRANSCATHETER VALVE REPAIR, TRANSCATHETER VALVE IMPLANTATION, PARAVALULAR LEAK CLOSURE, LEFT ATRIAL APPENDAGE OCCLUSION, PFO/ASD/VSD/PDA CLOSURE, ALCOHOL ABLATION OF CARDIAC TISSUE, EMBOLIZATION OF CORONARY FISTULAE AND ABNORMAL VASCULAR CONNECTIONS IN THE HEART.
 - (qaa) "Therapeutic cardiac catheterization service" means providing therapeutic cardiac catheterizations on an organized, regular basis in a laboratory to treat and resolve anatomical and/or physiological problems in the heart. Procedures include PCI, PTCA, atherectomy, stent, laser, cardiac valvuloplasty, balloon atrial septostomy, catheter ablation, cardiac permanent pacemaker, ICD device implantations, transcatheter valve, other structural heart disease procedures, PTCA with coronary stent implantation and left sided arrhythmia therapeutic procedures. The term does not include the intra coronary administration of drugs where that is the only therapeutic intervention.
 - (bb) "THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION" MAY INCLUDE: PCI (ELECTIVE, EMERGENT), PERICARDIOCENTESIS, PERMANENT PACEMAKER IMPLANTATION, ICD IMPLANTATION (ENDOVASCULAR OR SUBCUTANEOUS), PACEMAKER OR ICD GENERATOR CHANGE, PACEMAKER OR ICD LEAD REVISION, CARDIAC ABLATION, AND/OR STRUCTURAL HEART PROCEDURE. THIS ALSO INCLUDES IMPLANTATION OF A CIRCULATORY SUPPORT
- DEVICE SUCH AS IABP, IMPELLA, ECMO OR TANDEMHEART WHERE THIS IS THE ONLY
- 152 THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE. WHEN PCI IS PERFORMED IN MORE THAN ONE CORONARY
- 153 ARTERY DURING THE SAME SETTING, THIS IS COUNTED AS ONE SESSION.
- 154 (cc) "THERAPEUTIC PERIPHERAL PROCEDURE" MEANS A THERAPEUTIC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURE TO RESOLVE ANATOMIC AND/OR PHYSIOLOGIC PROBLEMS IN THE ARTERIAL OR
- 156 VENOUS CIRCULATION (EXCLUDING THE HEART), PROCEDURES MAY INCLUDE
- 157 PERCUTANEOUS TRANSLUMINAL ANGIOPLASTY (PTA), ATHERECTOMY, DRUG ELUTING
- 158 BALLOON, LASER, STENT IMPLANTATION, IVC FILTER IMPLANTATION OR RETRIEVAL,
- 159 CATHETER-DIRECTED ULTRASOUND/THROMBOLYSIS, AND THROMBECTOMY.

1	
160	(dd) "THERAPEUTIC PERIPHERAL SESSION" MEANS A CONTINUOUS TIME PERIOD DURING
161	WHICH A PATIENT MAY UNDERGO ONE OR MORE THERAPEUTIC PERIPHERAL PROCEDURES IN
	A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION LABORATORY.
163	(ee) "THERAPEUTIC PEDIATRIC/CONGENITAL CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION" MAY
164	INCLUDE: STRUCTURAL HEART PROCEDURE (AS LISTED ABOVE), PULMONARY ARTERY
165	ANGIOPLASTY/STENT IMPLANTATION, PULMONARY VALVE PERFORATION,
166	ANGIOPLASTY/STENT IMPLANTATION FOR AORTIC COARCTATION, CARDIAC ABLATION,

(2) Terms defined in the Code have the same meanings when used in these standards.

Section 3. Requirements to initiate cardiac catheterization services

PACEMAKER/ICD IMPLANTATION, AND PCI.

Sec. 3. An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to initiate cardiac catheterization services shall demonstrate the following, as applicable to the proposed project.

(1) An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to initiate an adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization service shall demonstrate the following as applicable to the proposed project:

(a) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to initiate a diagnostic cardiac catheterization service with a single laboratory in a rural or micropolitan statistical area county shall project a minimum of 500 procedure equivalents including 300 procedure equivalents in the category of diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures based on data from the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

(b) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to initiate a diagnostic cardiac catheterization service with a single laboratory in a metropolitan statistical area county shall project a minimum of 750 procedure equivalents that includes 300 procedure equivalents in the category of diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures based on data from the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

(c) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to initiate a diagnostic cardiac catheterization service with two or more laboratories shall project a minimum of 1,000 procedure equivalents per laboratory that includes 300 procedure equivalents in the category of diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures based on data from the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

(2) An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to initiate an adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization service shall demonstrate the following:

(a) The applicant HOSPITAL provides, is approved to provide, or has applied to provide adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization services at the hospital. The applicant HOSPITAL must be approved for adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization services in order to be approved for adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization services.

(b) An applicant HOSPITAL operating an adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization service has performed a minimum of 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult diagnostic cardiac catheterizations during the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department if the service has been in operation more than 24 months.

(c) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> has applied to provide adult OHS services at the hospital. The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> must be approved for an adult OHS service in order to be approved for an adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization service.

(d) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall project a minimum of 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult therapeutic cardiac catheterizations based on data from the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

(3) An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to initiate a pediatric/<u>CONGENITAL</u> cardiac catheterization service shall demonstrate the following:

- (a) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> has a board certified pediatric cardiologist with training in pediatric/CONGENITAL catheterization procedures to direct the pediatric catheterization laboratory.
- (b) The applicant HOSPITAL has standardized biplane equipment as defined in the most current American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and American College of Cardiology Foundation (ACCF)/Society for Cardiovascular Angiography and Interventions (SCAI) guidelines for pediatric cardiovascular centers.
- (c) The applicant HOSPITAL has on-site pediatric and neonatal ICU as outlined in the most current AAP and ACCF/SCAI guidelines above.
- (d) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> has applied to provide pediatric OHS services at the hospital. The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> must be approved for a pediatric OHS service in order to be approved for pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization services.
- (e) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> has on-site pediatric extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) capability as outlined in the most current ACCF/SCAI guidelines.
- (f) A pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization service shall have a quality assurance plan as outlined in the most current ACCF/SCAI guidelines.
- (g) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall project a minimum of 600 procedure equivalents in the category of pediatric/<u>CONGENITAL</u> cardiac catheterizations based on data from the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

Section 4. Requirements to initiate primary or elective PCI Services without on-site OHS services

- Sec. 4. An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to initiate primary or elective PCI services without on-site OHS services shall demonstrate the following:
- (1) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> operates an adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization service that has performed a minimum of 500 procedure equivalents that includes 400 procedure equivalents in the category of cardiac catheterization procedures during the most recent 12 months preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.
- (2) The applicant HOSPITAL has at least two interventional cardiologists to perform the PCI procedures and each cardiologist has performed at least 50 PCI sessions annually as the primary operator during the most recent 24-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.
- (3) The nursing and technical catheterization laboratory staff: are experienced in handling acutely ill patients and comfortable with interventional equipment; have acquired experience in dedicated interventional laboratories at an OHS hospital; and participate in an un-interrupted 24-hour, 365-day call schedule. Competency shall be documented annually.
- (4) The laboratory or laboratories are equipped with optimal imaging systems, resuscitative equipment, and intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP) support, and stocked with a broad array of interventional equipment.
- (5) The cardiac care unit nurses are adept in hemodynamic monitoring and IABP management. Competency shall be documented annually.
 - (6) A written agreement with an OHS hospital that includes all of the following:
- (a) Involvement in credentialing criteria and recommendations for physicians approved to perform PCI procedures.
- (b) Provision for ongoing cross-training for professional and technical staff involved in the provision of PCI to ensure familiarity with interventional equipment. Competency shall be documented annually.
- (c) Provision for ongoing cross training for emergency department, catheterization laboratory, and critical care unit staff to ensure experience in handling the high acuity status of PCI patient candidates. Competency shall be documented annually.
 - (d) Regularly held joint cardiology/cardiac surgery conferences to include review of all PCI cases.

- (e) Development and ongoing review of patient selection criteria for PCI patients and implementation of those criteria.
- (f) A mechanism to provide for appropriate patient transfers between facilities and an agreed plan for prompt care.
- (g) Written protocols, signed by the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> and the OHS hospital, for the immediate transfer within 60 minutes travel time from the cardiac catheterization laboratory to evaluation on site in the OHS hospital, of patients requiring surgical evaluation and/or intervention 365 days a year. If the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> meets the requirements of subsection (13)(c), then the OHS hospital can be more than 60 minutes travel time from the proposed site. The protocols shall be reviewed and tested on a quarterly basis.
- (h) Consultation on facilities, equipment, staffing, ancillary services, and policies and procedures for the provision of interventional procedures.
- (7) A written protocol must be established and maintained for case selection for the performance of PCI.
- (8) A system to ensure prompt and efficient identification of potential primary PCI patients and rapid transfer from the emergency department to the cardiac catheterization laboratory must be developed and maintained so that door-to-balloon targets are met.
- (9) At least two physicians credentialed to perform PCI must commit to functioning as a coordinated group willing and able to provide this service at the hospital on a 24-hour per day, 365 day per year call schedule, with ability to be on-site and available to operate within 30 minutes of identifying the need for primary PCI. These physicians must be credentialed at the facility and actively collaborate with administrative and clinical staff in establishing and implementing protocols, call schedules, and quality assurance procedures pertaining to PCI designed to meet the requirements for this certification and in keeping with the current guidelines for the provision of PCI without on-site OHS services promulgated by the American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association.
- (10) The applicant hospital shall participate in a data registry administered by the Department or its designee as a means to measure quality and risk adjusted outcomes within PCI services without on-site OHS services, and the applicant hospital shall identify a physician point of contact for the data registry.
- (11) Cath lab facility requirements and collaborative cardiologists-heart surgeon relationship requirements shall conform to all SCAI/ACC Guidelines for PCI Services Without On-Site OHS including the SCAI/ACC/AHA Expert Consensus Document. The applicant hospital shall be liable for the cost of demonstrating compliance with these criteria in their application.
- (12) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall project the following based on data from the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department, as applicable.
- (a) If the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> is applying for a primary PCI service without open heart surgery, the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall project a minimum of 36 primary PCI procedures per year.
- (b) If the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> is applying for an elective PCI service without on-site OHS, the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall project a minimum of 200 PCI procedures per year.
- (13) If the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> is applying for an elective PCI service without on-site OHS, the applicant HOSPITAL also shall demonstrate the following:
- (a) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> operated a primary PCI service for at least one year prior to the date of application.
- (b) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> submitted data to a data registry administered by the Department or its designee and been found to have acceptable performance as compared to the registry benchmarks for the most recent 12 months prior to the date of application.
- (c) If the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> was not approved as a primary PCI service prior to September 14, 2015, then, in addition, the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall demonstrate that there is no PCI or OHS service within 60 radius miles or 60 minutes travel time from the proposed site.

332

333

338

349

350

344

361

356

370 371 372

373

374

(14) If the applicant HOSPITAL is currently providing OHS services and therapeutic cardiac catheterization services and is proposing to discontinue OHS services and therapeutic cardiac catheterization services, then the applicant HOSPITAL shall apply to initiate primary or elective PCI services without on-site OHS using this section. The applicant HOSPITAL shall demonstrate all of the requirements in this section except for subsection (13) and is subject to all requirements in Section 10.

Section 5. Requirements to replace an existing cardiac catheterization service or laboratory

- Sec. 5. Replacing a cardiac catheterization laboratory means a change in the angiography x-ray equipment or a relocation of the service to a new site. The term does not include a change in any of the other equipment or software used in the laboratory. An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to replace a cardiac catheterization laboratory or service shall demonstrate the following as applicable to the proposed project:
- (1) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to replace cardiac catheterization laboratory equipment shall demonstrate the following:
- The existing laboratory or laboratories to be replaced are fully depreciated according to generally accepted accounting principles or demonstrates either of the following:
- The existing angiography x-ray equipment to be replaced poses a threat to the safety of the patients.
- The replacement angiography x-ray equipment offers technological improvements that enhance quality of care, increases efficiency, and reduces operating costs.
- The existing angiography x-ray equipment to be replaced will be removed from service on or before beginning operation of the replacement equipment.
- (2) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to replace a cardiac catheterization service to a new site shall demonstrate the following:
 - (a) The proposed project is part of an application to replace the entire hospital.
- (b) The applicant HOSPITAL has performed the following during the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department as applicable to the proposed project:
- (i) A minimum of 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (ii) A minimum of 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (iii) A minimum of 600 procedure equivalents in the category of pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (iv) A minimum of 500 procedure equivalents for a hospital in a rural or micropolitan county with one laboratory.
- (v) A minimum of 750 procedure equivalents for a hospital in a metropolitan county with one laboratory.
- (vi) A minimum of 1,000 procedure equivalents per cardiac catheterization laboratory for a hospital with two or more laboratories.
- (c) The existing cardiac catheterization service has been in operation for at least 36 months as of the date the application has been submitted to the Department.
- (3) AN APPLICANT HOSPITAL PROPOSING TO REPLACE A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE TO A NEW SITE SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH AN OPEN HEART SURGERY SERVICE SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) THE EXISTING CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE TO BE REPLACED HAS BEEN IN OPERATION FOR AT LEAST 36 MONTHS AS OF THE DATE AN APPLICATION IS SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT.

- (b) THE PROPOSED NEW SITE IS A HOSPITAL THAT IS OWNED BY, IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL OF, OR HAS A COMMON PARENT AS THE APPLICANT HOSPITAL.
 - (c) THE PROPOSED NEW SITE IS THE SAME SITE WHERE THE EXISTING OHS SERVICE IS TO BE LOCATED WHICH IS WITHIN THE SAME PLANNING AREA AS THE OHS SERVICE AND WITHIN 5 MILES OF THE EXISTING OHS AND CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE IF LOCATED IN A METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA COUNTY OR WITHIN 10 MILES OF THE EXISTING OHS AND CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE IF LOCATED IN A RURAL OR MICROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA COUNTY.
 - (d) THE EXISTING CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE TO BE RELOCATED PERFORMED AT LEAST THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM NUMBER OF CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION CASES SET FORTH IN SECTION 10 AS OF THE DATE AN APPLICATION IS DEEMED SUBMITTED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

Section 6. Requirements to expand a cardiac catheterization service

- Sec. 6. An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to add a laboratory to an existing cardiac catheterization service shall demonstrate the following:
- (1) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> has performed the following during the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department as applicable to the proposed project:
- (a) A minimum of 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (b) A minimum of 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (c) A minimum of 600 procedure equivalents in the category of pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (2) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> has performed a minimum of 1,400 procedure equivalents per existing and approved laboratories during the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

Section 7. Requirements to acquire a cardiac catheterization service

- Sec. 7. Acquiring a cardiac catheterization service and its laboratories means obtaining possession and control by contract, ownership, lease or other comparable arrangement or renewal of a lease for existing angiography x-ray equipment. An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to acquire a cardiac catheterization service or renew a lease for equipment shall demonstrate the following as applicable to the proposed project:
- (1) An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to acquire a cardiac catheterization service shall demonstrate the following:
 - (a) The proposed project is part of an application to acquire the entire hospital.
- (b) An application for the first acquisition of an existing cardiac catheterization service after February 27, 2012 shall not be required to be in compliance with the applicable volume requirements in Section 10. The cardiac catheterization service shall be operating at the applicable volumes set forth in the project delivery requirements in the second 12 months of operation of the service by the applicant HOSPITAL and annually thereafter.
- (c) For any application proposing to acquire an existing cardiac catheterization service, except the first application approved pursuant to subsection (b), an applicant HOSPITAL shall be required to document that the cardiac catheterization service to be acquired is operating in compliance with the volume requirements set forth in section 10 of these standards applicable to an existing cardiac catheterization service on the date the application is submitted to the Department.

CON Review Standards for Cardiac Catheterization Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Blue

(2) An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> proposing to renew a lease for existing angiography x-ray equipment shall demonstrate the renewal of the lease is more cost effective than replacing the equipment.

Section 8. Requirements for a hybrid operating room/cardiac catheterization laboratory (OR/CCL)

- Sec. 8. A hybrid OR/CCL means an operating room located on a sterile corridor and equipped with an angiography system permitting minimally invasive procedures of the heart and blood vessels with full anesthesia capabilities. An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to add one or more hybrid OR/CCLs at an existing cardiac catheterization service shall demonstrate each of the following:
- (1) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> operates an OHS service which is in full compliance with the current CON Review Standards for OHS Services.
- (2) The applicant operates a therapeutic cardiac catheterization program which is in full compliance with section \$53(2) AND 10(4) of these standards.
- (3) If the hybrid OR/CCL(s) represents an increase in the number of cardiac catheterization laboratories at the facility, the applicant HOSPITAL is in compliance with Section 6 of these standards.
- (4) If the hybrid OR/CCL(s) represents conversion of an existing cardiac catheterization laboratory(s), the applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> is in compliance with the provisions of Section 5, if applicable.
- (5) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> meets the applicable requirements of the CON Review Standards for Surgical Services.
- (6) Each case performed in a hybrid OR/CCL shall be included either in the surgical volume or the therapeutic cardiac catheterization volume of the facility. No case shall be counted more than once.
- (7) For each hybrid OR/CCL, a facility shall have 0.5 excluded from its inventory of cardiac catheterization laboratories for the purposes of computing the procedure equivalents per room. A facility will not be limited to the number of hybrid ORCCLs within a single licensed facility.

Section 9. Requirement for Medicaid participation

Sec. 9. An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall provide verification of Medicaid participation at the time the application is submitted to the Department. An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> that is initiating a new service or is a new provider not currently enrolled in Medicaid shall certify that proof of Medicaid participation will be provided to the Department within six (6) months from the offering of services if a CON is approved.

Section 10. Project delivery requirements and terms of approval for all applicants

- Sec. 10. An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall agree that, if approved, the cardiac catheterization service and all existing and approved laboratories shall be delivered in compliance with the following terms of approval:
 - (1) Compliance with these standards.
 - (2) Compliance with the following quality assurance standards:
- (a) Cardiac catheterization procedures shall be performed in a cardiac catheterization laboratory located within a hospital, and have within, or immediately available to the room, dedicated emergency equipment to manage cardiovascular emergencies.
- (b) The service shall be staffed with sufficient medical, nursing, technical and other personnel to permit regular scheduled hours of operation and continuous 24-hour on-call availability.

(c) The medical staff and governing body shall receive and review at least annual reports describing the activities of the cardiac catheterization service including complication rates, morbidity and mortality, success rates and the number of procedures performed.

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493

494

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

521

522

523

524

525

526

527

528

529

530

531

532

533

534

535

- (d) EACH PHYSICIAN CREDENTIALED BY A HOSPITAL TO PERFORM DIAGNOSTIC LEFT-HEART CATHETERIZATION AND/OR CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY MUST PERFORM, AS THE PRIMARY OPERATOR, AN AVERAGE OF AT LEAST 50 DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSIONS INVOLVING A LEFT-HEART CATHETERIZATION OR CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY PER YEAR AVERAGED OVER THE MOST RECENT 2 YEARS STARTING IN THE SECOND 12 MONTHS AFTER BEING CREDENTIALED. THIS TWO YEAR AVERAGE WILL BE EVALUATED ON A ROLLING BASIS ANNUALLY THEREAFTER. THE ANNUAL CASE LOAD FOR A PHYSICIAN MEANS A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION IN WHICH THAT PHYSICIAN PERFORMED, AS THE PRIMARY OPERATOR, AT LEAST ONE LEFT-HEART CATHETERIZATION OR CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY, IN ANY COMBINATION OF HOSPITALS. PHYSICIANS FALLING BELOW THIS VOLUME REQUIREMENT MUST BE PLACED ON A FOCUSED PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE EVALUATION (FPPE) PLAN, WHICH MUST INCLUDE AN INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF ALL DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSIONS BY AN APPROPRIATE DESIGNEE, TO ENSURE QUALITY OUTCOMES ARE MAINTAINED. IN THE EVENT A PHYSICIAN DOES NOT PERFORM CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURES ON A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT BASIS FOR A PERIOD OF 3 MONTHS OR MORE, THE PHYSICIAN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE VOLUME WILL BE ANNUALIZED ON THE 24 MONTH PERIOD PRECEDING THE ABSENCE. WHEN A DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION AND AD HOC THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION ARE PERFORMED TOGETHER, DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC SESSIONS ARE COUNTED SEPARATELY FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION. IF A PHYSICIAN IS DOING RIGHT HEART ONLY PROCEDURES, THEN THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO MEET THIS VOLUME REQUIREMENT. PHYSICIANS WHO ARE CREDENTIALED BY A HOSPITAL TO PERFORM ADULT THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURES ARE NOT REQUIRED TO MEET THE VOLUME REQUIREMENT FOR DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSIONS.
- (e) Each physician credentialed by a hospital to perform adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures shall perform, as the primary operator, aN minimum-AVERAGE of AT LEAST 50 adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures-SESSIONS per year AVERAGED OVER THE MOST RECENT TWO YEARS STARTING in the second 12 months after being credentialed. THIS TWO YEAR AVERAGE WILL BE EVALUATED ON A ROLLING BASIS to and annually thereafter. The annual case load for a physician means adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization precedures SESSIONS performed by that physician in any combination of hospitals. PHYSICIANS FALLING BELOW THIS VOLUME REQUIREMENT MUST BE PLACED ON A FOCUSED PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE EVALUATION (FPPE) PLAN, WHICH MUST INCLUDE AN INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF ALL THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSIONS BY AN APPROPRIATE DESIGNEE, TO ENSURE QUALITY OUTCOMES ARE MAINTAINED. IN THE EVENT A PHYSICIAN DOES NOT PERFORM CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION PROCEDURES ON A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT BASIS FOR A PERIOD OF 3 MONTHS OR MORE, THE PHYSICIAN THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE VOLUME WILL BE ANNUALIZED ON THE 24 MONTH PERIOD PRECEDING THE ABSENCE. WHEN A DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION AND AD HOC THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION ARE PERFORMED TOGETHER, DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC SESSIONS ARE COUNTED SEPARATELY FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION (THIS INCLUDES INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGISTS AND ELECTROPHYSIOLOGISTS). FOR INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGISTS, THE THERAPEUTIC SESSION VOLUME EXCLUDES PACEMAKER AND ICD IMPLANTATION. FOR ELECTROPHYSIOLOGISTS, PACEMAKER AND ICD IMPLANTS PERFORMED IN AN OPERATING ROOM MAY ALSO BE COUNTED TOWARD THE PHYSICIAN THERAPEUTIC VOLUME.
- (ef) Each physician credentialed by a hospital to perform pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterizations shall perform, as the primary operator, and minimum AVERAGE of AT LEAST 50 pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization procedures SESSIONS per year AVERAGED OVER THE MOST RECENT 2 YEARS STARTING in the second 12 months after being credentialed. THIS TWO

CON Review Standards for Cardiac Catheterization Services

CON-210

For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018

- (fg) An adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization service shall have a minimum of two appropriately trained physicians on its active hospital staff MEETING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA. The Department may accept other evidence or shall consider it appropriate training if the staff physicians:
 - (i) are trained consistent with the recommendations of the American College of Cardiology;
 - (ii) are credentialed by the hospital to perform adult diagnostic cardiac catheterizations; and
- (iii) have each performed a minimum of 100 adult diagnostic cardiac catheterizations <u>SESSIONS</u> in the preceding 12 months. <u>THE ANNUAL CASE LOAD FOR A PHYSICIAN MEANS A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION IN WHICH THAT PHYSICIAN PERFORMED, AS THE PRIMARY OPERATOR, AT LEAST ONE DIAGNOSTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION, IN ANY COMBINATION OF HOSPITALS.</u>
- (gh) An adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization service shall have a minimum of two appropriately trained physicians on its active hospital staff MEETING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA. The Department may accept other evidence or shall consider it appropriate training if the staff physicians:
 - (i) are trained consistent with the recommendations of the American College of Cardiology;
 - (ii) are credentialed by the hospital to perform adult therapeutic cardiac catheterizations; and
- (iii) have each-performed a minimum of 50 adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures <u>SESSIONS</u> in the preceding 12 months. <u>THE ANNUAL CASE LOAD FOR A PHYSICIAN MEANS A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SESSION IN WHICH THAT PHYSICIAN PERFORMED, AS THE PRIMARY OPERATOR, AT LEAST ONE THERAPEUTIC CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION, IN ANY COMBINATION OF HOSPITALS.</u>
- (hi) A pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization service shall have an appropriately trained AT LEAST ONE physician on its active hospital staff MEETING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA. The Department may accept other evidence or shall consider it appropriate training if the staff physician:
 - (i) is board certified or board eligible in pediatric cardiology by the American Board of Pediatrics;
 - (ii) is credentialed by the hospital to perform pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterizations; and
 - (iii) has trained consistently with the recommendations of the American College of Cardiology.
- (ij) A pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization service shall maintain a quality assurance plan as outlined in the most current ACCF/SCAI Guidelines.
- (jk) A cardiac catheterization service shall be directed by an appropriately trained physician. The Department shall consider appropriate training of the director if the physician is board certified in cardiology, cardiovascular radiology or cardiology, adult or pediatric, as applicable. The director of an adult cardiac catheterization service shall have performed at least 100 catheterizations per year during each of the five preceding years. The Department may accept other evidence that the director is appropriately trained.
- (kl) A cardiac catheterization service shall be operated consistently with the recommendations of the American College of Cardiology.
- (Im) The applicant hospital providing therapeutic cardiac catheterization services, primary PCI services without on-site OHS service, or elective PCI services without on-site OHS service shall participate with a data registry administered by the Department or its designee that monitors quality and risk adjusted outcomes.
 - (3) Compliance with the following access to care requirements:
- (a) The service shall accept referrals for cardiac catheterization from all appropriately licensed practitioners.

CON Review Standards for Cardiac Catheterization Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Blue

- 590
- 591 592 593
- 594 595 596 597
- 598 599 600
- 602 603 604

601

- 606 607 608
- 609 610
- 611 612 613 614 615
- 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623

- 636 637
- 638 639 640 641

642

624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 (a) The requirements set forth in Section 4. 632 633 634 635

643 For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018

- (b) The service shall participate in Medicaid at least 12 consecutive months within the first two years of operation and annually thereafter.
- (c) The service shall not deny cardiac catheterization services to any individual based on ability to pay or source of payment.
- (d) The operation of and referral of patients to the cardiac catheterization service shall be in conformance with 1978 PA 368, Sec. 16221, as amended by 1986 PA 319; MCL 333.1621; MSA 14.15 (16221).
 - (4) Compliance with the following monitoring and reporting requirements:
- (a) The service shall be operating at or above the applicable volumes in the second 12 months of operation of the service, or an additional laboratory, and annually thereafter:
 - (i) 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (ii) 300 procedure equivalents in the category of adult therapeutic cardiac catheterization procedures.
- (iii) 600 procedure equivalents in the category of pediatric/CONGENITAL cardiac catheterization procedures.
 - (iv) 500 procedure equivalents for a hospital in a rural or micropolitan county with one laboratory.
 - (v) 750 procedure equivalents for a hospital in a metropolitan county with one laboratory.
 - (vi) 1,000 procedure equivalents per cardiac catheterization laboratory for two or more laboratories.
 - (vii) 36 adult primary PCI cases for a primary PCI service without on-site OHS service.
 - (viii) 200 adult PCI procedures for an elective PCI service without on-site OHS service.
- (b) The applicant hospital shall participate in a data collection network established and administered by the Department or its designee. Data may include, but is not limited to, annual budget and cost information, operating schedules, patient demographics, morbidity and mortality information, and payor. The Department may verify the data through on-site review of appropriate records.
- (c) The applicant hospital providing therapeutic cardiac catheterization services, primary PCI services without on-site OHS service, or elective PCI services without on-site OHS service shall participate in a data registry administered by the Department or its designee as a means to measure quality and risk adjusted outcomes within cardiac catheterization services. The Department or its designee shall require that the applicant hospital submit summary reports as specified by the Department. The applicant hospital shall provide the required data in a format established by the Department or its designee. The applicant hospital shall be liable for the cost of data submission and on-site reviews in order for the Department to verify and monitor volumes and assure quality. The applicant hospital shall become a member of the data registry specified by the Department upon initiation of the service and continue to participate annually thereafter for the life of that service.
- (d) the applicant hospital shall provide the department with timely notice of the proposed project implementation consistent with applicable statute and promulgated rules.
- (5) Compliance with the following primary and elective PCI requirements for hospitals providing therapeutic cardiac catheterization services, primary PCI services without on-site OHS service, or elective PCI services without on-site OHS service, if applicable:
- (b) The hospital shall immediately report to the Department any changes in the interventional cardiologists who perform the primary PCI procedures.
- (c) The hospital shall maintain a 90-minute door-to-balloon time or less in at least 75% of the primary PCI sessions (EXCLUDING PATIENTS WITH CARDIOGENIC SHOCK).
- (d) The applicant hospital shall participate in a data registry administered by the Department or its designee as a means to measure quality and risk adjusted outcomes within PCI services by service level. The Department or its designee shall require that the applicant hospital submit all consecutive PCI cases performed within the hospital and meet data submission timeliness requirements and threshold requirements for PCI data submission, accuracy and completeness established by a data registry administered by the Department or its designee. The applicant hospital shall provide the required data in a format established by the Department or its designee. The applicant hospital shall be liable for the cost of data submission and on-site reviews in order for the Department to verify and monitor volumes and CON Review Standards for Cardiac Catheterization Services CON-210

assure quality. The applicant hospital shall become a member of the data registry specified by the Department upon initiation of the service and continue to participate annually thereafter for the life of that service. At a minimum, the applicant hospital shall report the following:

- (i) the number of patients treated with and without STEMI,
- (ii) the proportion of PCI patients with emergency CABG or required emergent transfer,
- (iii) risk and reliability adjusted patient mortality for all PCI patients and a subset of patients with STEMI.
 - (iv) PCI appropriate use in elective non-acute MI cases, and
 - (v) rates of ad-hoc multi-vessel PCI procedures in the same session.
 - (e) The applicant hospital shall maintain a physician point of contact for the data registry.
- (f) FOR PRIMARY PCI SERVICES WITHOUT ON-SITE OHS SERVICE AND ELECTIVE PCI SERVICES WITHOUT ON-SITE OHS SERVICE, Catheterization catheterization lab facility requirements and collaborative cardiologists-heart surgeon relationship requirements shall conform to all SCAI/ACC Guidelines for PCI including the SCAI/ACC/AHA Expert Consensus Document. The applicant hospital shall be liable for the cost of demonstrating compliance with these criteria.
- (g) The Department shall use these thresholds and metrics in evaluating compliance: performance at a level above the 50th percentile of the statewide performance on each metric listed under subsection (d)(ii) (v) or another level provided by the data registry designee and accepted by the Department.
- (h) The Department shall notify those hospitals who fail to meet any of the minimally acceptable objective quality metric thresholds including those under subsection (d)(ii) (v). The Department shall require these hospitals to:
 - (i) submit a corrective action plan within one month of notification and
- (ii) demonstrate that performance has improved to meet or exceed all applicable objective quality metric thresholds, including those under subsection (d)(ii) (v), within 12 months of notification.
- (i) The applicant hospital initiating elective PCI without on-site OHS services shall have Accreditation for Cardiovascular Excellence (ACE) accreditation or an equivalent body perform an on-site review within 3, 6, and 12 months after implementation. The applicant hospital shall submit the summary reports of the on-site review to the Department AND MAINTAIN ON-GOING ACCREDITATION.
- (6) Nothing in this section prohibits the Department from taking compliance action under MCL 333.22247.
- (7) The agreements and assurances required by this section shall be in the form of a certification agreed to by the applicant HOSPITAL or its authorized agent.

Section 11. Methodology for computing cardiac catheterization equivalents

Sec. 11. The following shall be used in calculating procedure equivalents and evaluating utilization of a cardiac catheterization service and its laboratories:

Procedure Type	DESCRIPTION	Procedure equivalent	
		<mark>Adult</mark>	Pediatric
Diagnostic cardiac	RIGHT HEART CATHETERIZATION, LEFT HEART	<mark>1.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>
catheterization/peripheral	CATHETERIZATION, CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY,		
<mark>sessions </mark>	CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS GRAFT		
	ANGIOGRAPHY, INTRACORONARY		
	ADMINISTRATION OF DRUGS, FRACTIONAL		
	FLOW RESERVE (FFR), INTRA-CORONARY		
	IMAGING (INTRAVASCULAR ULTRASOUND		
	(IVUS), OPTICAL COHERENCE TOMOGRAPHY		
	(OCT)) WHEN PERFORMED WITHOUT A		
	THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE, CARDIAC BIOPSY,		
	INTRA-CARDIAC ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY (ICE),		

Procedure Type	DESCRIPTION	Procedure	e equivalent
		Adult	Pediatric
	DIAGNOSTIC ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY STUDY,		
	ANGIOGRAPHY IN THE PERIPHERAL ARTERIAL		
	OR VENOUS CIRCULATION		
Therapeutic cardiac	PCI, PERICARDIOCENTESIS, PACEMAKER	<mark>2.7</mark>	4.0
catheterization/peripheral	IMPLANTATION, ICD IMPLANTATION		
session s	(ENDOVASCULAR OR SUBCUTANEOUS),		
	PACEMAKER/ICD GENERATOR CHANGE,		
	PACEMAKER/ICD LEAD REVISION, CARDIAC		
	ABLATION (EXCLUDING AF/VT), AND/OR		
	STRUCTURAL HEART PROCEDURE (EXCLUDING		
	THOSE LISTED BELOW), AND IABP, IMPELLA,		
	ECMO, OR TANDEMHEART WHEN THIS IS THE		
	ONLY THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURE		
THERAPEUTIC	PERCUTANEOUS TRANSLUMINAL ANGIOPLASTY	2.7	4.0
PERIPHERAL SESSION	(PTA), ATHERECTOMY, LASER, STENT		
	IMPLANTATION, IVC FILTER IMPLANTATION OR		
	RETRIEVAL, CATHETER-DIRECTED		
	ULTRASOUND/THROMBOLYSIS,		
	THROMBECTOMY		
Complex percutaneous	PCI FOR CHRONIC TOTAL OCCLUSION (CTO),	<mark>4.0</mark>	<mark>7.0</mark>
valvular THERAPEUTIC	TAVR, MITRAL/PULMONARY/TRICUSPID VALVE		
session s*	REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT, PARAVALVULAR		
	LEAK CLOSURE, ABLATION FOR ATRIAL		
	FIBRILLATION (AF) OR VENTRICULAR		
	TACHYCARDIA (VT), PACEMAKER OR ICD LEAD		
	<u>EXTRACTION</u>		
PROLONGED	CARDIAC THERAPEUTIC SESSION >6 HOURS	<u>6.0</u>	<u>7.0</u>
THERAPEUTIC			
SESSION			

*Complex percutaneous valvular sessions includes, but is not limited to, procedures performed percutaneously or with surgical assistance to repair or replace aertic, mitral and pulmonary valves such as transcatheter aertic valvular implantation (Tavi) procedures. These sessions can only be performed at hospitals approved with OHS services. PROCEDURE EQUIVALENTS FROM PERIPHERAL DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES COUNT TOWARD THE VOLUME REQUIREMENT FOR INITIATION OF CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICES (SECTION 3) AND EXPANSION OF A CARDIAC CATHETERIZATION SERVICE (SECTION 6).

Section 12. Documentation of projections

684 685

686 687

688

689 690

691

692

693 694

695

696

697

Sec. 12. An applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> required to project volumes shall demonstrate the following as applicable to the proposed project:

- (1) The applicant <u>HOSPITAL</u> shall specify how the volume projections were developed. Specification of the projections shall include a description of the data source(s) used and assessment of the accuracy of the data. The Department shall determine if the projections are reasonable.
- (2) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to initiate a primary PCI service shall demonstrate and certify that the hospital treated or transferred 36 ST segment elevation AMI cases during the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department. Cases may include thrombolytic eligible patients documented through pharmacy records showing the number of doses of

CON Review Standards for Cardiac Catheterization Services For CON Commission Final Action on June 14, 2018 Proposed Substantive Amendment Highlighted in Blue

717

718

707

725

thrombolytic therapy ordered and medical records of emergency transfers of AMI patients to an appropriate hospital for a primary PCI procedure.

- (3) An applicant HOSPITAL proposing to initiate an elective PCI service without on-site OHS services shall demonstrate and certify that the hospital shall treat 200 or more patients with PCI annually using data during the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department as follows:
 - (a) All primary PCIs performed at the applicant hospital.
 - (b) All inpatients transferred from the applicant hospital to another hospital for PCI.
- (c) 90% of patients who received diagnostic cardiac catheterizations at the applicant hospital and received an elective PCI at another hospital within 30 days of the diagnostic catheterization (based on physician commitments).
- (d) 50% of the elective PCI procedures performed by the committing physician at another hospital within 120 radius miles or 120 minutes travel time from the applicant hospital for patients who did not receive diagnostic cardiac catheterization at the applicant hospital (based on physician commitments).
- (e) An applicant HOSPITAL with current OHS services and therapeutic cardiac catheterization services that is proposing to discontinue OHS services and therapeutic cardiac catheterization services and is applying to initiate primary or elective PCI services without on-site OHS services may count all primary and elective PCI at the applicant hospital within the most recent 12-month period preceding the date the application was submitted to the Department.

Section 13. Comparative reviews; Effect on prior CON Review Standards

Sec. 13. Proposed projects reviewed under these standards shall not be subject to comparative review. These CON Review Standards supercede and replace the CON Review Standards for Cardiac Catheterization Services approved by the CON Commission on March 18, 2014 JUNE 11, 2015 and effective on June 2, 2014 SEPTEMBER 14, 2015.

726 727				APPENDIX A			
728 729	Rural Michigan counties are as	follows:					
730	Alcona	Gogebic	Ogemaw				
731	Alger	Huron	Ontonagon				
732	Antrim	losco	Osceola				
733	Arenac	Iron	Oscoda				
734	Baraga	Lake	Otsego				
735	Charlevoix	Luce	Presque Isle				
736	Cheboygan	Mackinac	Roscommon				
737	Clare	Manistee	Sanilac				
738	Crawford		Schoolcraft				
739		Montmorency					
	Emmet	Newaygo	Tuscola				
740	Gladwin	Oceana					
741							
742							
743	Micropolitan statistical area Mic	higan counties are as follows:					
744							
745	Allegan	Hillsdale	Mason				
746	Alpena	Houghton	Mecosta				
747	Benzie	Ionia	Menominee				
748	Branch	Isabella	Missaukee				
749	Chippewa	Kalkaska	St. Joseph				
750	Delta	Keweenaw	Shiawassee				
751	Dickinson	Leelanau	Wexford				
752	Grand Traverse	Lenawee					
753 754	Gratiot	Marquette					
755 756	Metropolitan statistical area Mic	higan counties are as follows:					
757	Barry	Jackson	Muskegon				
758	Bay	Kalamazoo	Oakland				
759	Berrien	Kent	Ottawa				
760	Calhoun	Lapeer	Saginaw				
761	Cass	Livingston	St. Clair				
762	Clinton	Macomb	Van Buren				
763	Eaton	Midland	Washtenaw				
764	Genesee	Monroe	Wayne				
765	Ingham	Montcalm					
766							
767	Source:						
768							
769	75 F.R., p. 37245 (June 28, 201	0)					
770	Statistical Policy Office	-,					
771	Office of Information and Regula	atory Affairs					
772	United States Office of Management and Budget						
773	Timbe States Silles of Mariago						

APPENDIX B

ICD-9-CM TO ICD-10-CM Code Translation

ICD-9 Code	Description	ICD-10 Code	Description
426.7	Anomalous Atrioventricular Excitation	145.6	Pre-Excitation Syndrome
427	Cardiac Dysrythmias	147.0-147.9	Paroxysmal Tachycardia
		148.0-148.92	Atrial Fibrillation and Flutter
		149.01-149.9	Other Cardiac Arrhythmias
		R00.1	Bradycardia, Unspecified
745.0 through 747.99	Bulbus Cordis Anomalies and Anomalies of Cardiac Septal Closure, Other	P29.3	Persistent Fetal Circulation
	Congenital Anomalies of Heart, and other Congenital Anomalies of Circulatory System	Q20.0-Q28.9	Congenital Malformations of the Circulatory System

778 779 780

781

782

783

"ICD-9-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification of</u>
<u>Diseases - 9th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, prepared by the Commission on Professional and Hospital
Activities for the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics.

784 785 786

787 788 "ICD-10-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification</u> of Diseases - 10th Revision - Clinical Modification, National Center for Health Statistics.

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS or Department) MEMORANDUM Lansing, MI

Date: May 15, 2018

TO: The Certificate of Need (CON) Commission

FROM: Brenda Rogers, Special Assistant to the CON Commission, Office of

Planning, CON Policy, MDHHS

RE: Summary of Public Hearing Comments on Hospital Bed Standards

Public Hearing Testimony

Pursuant to MCL 333.22215 (3), the Certificate of Need (CON) Commission "...shall conduct a public hearing on its proposed action." The Commission took proposed action on the Hospital Bed Standards at its March 27, 2018 meeting. Accordingly, the Department held a Public Hearing to receive testimony on the proposed Hospital Bed Standards on April 26, 2018. Written testimony was accepted for an additional seven days after the hearing. No testimony was received.

Department Recommendation:

The Department supports the language as presented at the March 27, 2018 CON Commission meeting.

4

5 6 7

8 9 10

11 12 13 14

15

16

17 18 19

20 21 22

23 24 25

26 27

28

29 30

31 32

33 34 35

36 37 38 39

40

41

42 43 44

46 47 48

49

45

50 51

52 53 54

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

CERTIFICATE OF NEED (CON) REVIEW STANDARDS FOR HOSPITAL BEDS

(By authority conferred on the CON Commission by sections 22215 and 22217 of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, and sections 7 and 8 of Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, as amended, being sections 333.22215, 333.22217, 24.207, and 24.208 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.)

Section 1. Applicability

- Sec. 1. (1) These standards are requirements for approval under Part 222 of the Code that involve (a) beginning operation of a new hospital or (b) replacing beds in a hospital or physically relocating hospital beds from one licensed site to another geographic location or (c) increasing licensed beds in a hospital licensed under Part 215 or (d) acquiring a hospital. Pursuant to Part 222 of the Code, a hospital licensed under Part 215 is a covered health facility. The Department shall use these standards in applying Section 22225(1) of the Code, being Section 333.22225(1) of the Michigan Compiled Laws and Section 22225(2)(c) of the Code, being Section 333.22225(2)(c) of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (2) An increase in licensed hospital beds is a change in bed capacity for purposes of Part 222 of the Code.
- (3) The physical relocation of hospital beds from a licensed site to another geographic location is a change in bed capacity for purposes of Part 222 of the Code.
- (4) An increase in hospital beds certified for long-term care is a change in bed capacity for purposes of Part 222 of the Code and shall be subject to and reviewed under the CON Review Standards for Long-Term-Care Services.

Section 2. Definitions

- Sec. 2. (1) As used in these standards:
- (a) "Acquiring a hospital" means the issuance of a new hospital license as the result of the acquisition (including purchase, lease, donation, or other comparable arrangements) of a licensed and operating hospital and which does not involve a change in bed capacity.
 - (b) "Adjusted patient days" means the number of patient days when calculated as follows:
- (i) Combine all pediatric patient days of care and obstetrics patient days of care provided during the period of time under consideration and multiply that number by 1.1.
- (ii) Add the number of non-pediatric and non-obstetric patient days of care, excluding psychiatric patient days, provided during the same period of time to the product obtained in (i) above. This is the number of adjusted patient days for the applicable period.
- (c) "Alcohol and substance abuse hospital" means a licensed hospital within a long-term (acute) care (LTAC) hospital that exclusively provides inpatient medical detoxification and medical stabilization and related outpatient services for persons who have a primary diagnosis of substance dependence covered by DRGs 433 - 437.
 - (d) "Average adjusted occupancy rate" shall be calculated as follows:
- (i) Calculate the number of adjusted patient days during the most recent, consecutive 36-month period, as of the date of the application, for which verifiable data are available to the Department.
- (ii) Calculate the total licensed bed days for the same 36-month period as in (i) above by multiplying the total licensed beds by the number of days they were licensed.
- (iii) Divide the number of adjusted patient days calculated in (i) above by the total licensed bed days calculated in (ii) above, then multiply the result by 100.
 - (d) "Base year" means the most recent year that final MIDB data is available to the Department.
- (e) "Certificate of Need Commission" or "Commission" means the Commission created pursuant to Section 22211 of the code, being Section 333.22211 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

- 59 60
- 62 63 64 65 66

72

- 73 74 75 76
- 78 79

77

- 80 81 82
- 83 84 85 86
- 87 88 89 90 91

92

- 99 100 101 102
- 103 104 105
- 106 107
- 108

- "Close a hospital" means an applicant will demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department that a hospital licensed under Part 215, and whose licensed capacity for the most recent 24 months prior to submission of the application was at least 80 percent for acute care beds, will close and surrender its acute care hospital license upon completion of the proposed project.
- (g) "Code" means Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being Section 333.1101 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (h) "Common ownership or control" means a hospital that is owned by, is under common control of, or has a common parent as the applicant hospital.
- (i) "Compare group" means the applications that have been grouped for the same type of project in the same hospital group and are being reviewed comparatively in accordance with the CON rules.
- (j) "Department" means the Michigan Department of Community-Health AND HUMAN SERVICES (MDCHHS).
- (k) "Department inventory of beds" means the current list maintained for each hospital group on a continuing basis by the Department of (i) licensed hospital beds and (ii) hospital beds approved by a valid CON issued under either Part 221 or Part 222 of the Code that are not yet licensed. The term does not include hospital beds certified for long-term-care in hospital long-term care units.
- (I) "Disproportionate share hospital payments" means the most recent payments to hospitals in the special pool for non-state government-owned or operated hospitals to assure funding for costs incurred by public facilities providing inpatient hospital services which serve a disproportionate number of low-income patients with special needs as calculated by the Medical Services Administration within the Department.
 - (m) "Excluded hospitals" means hospitals in the following categories:
 - (i) Critical access hospitals designated by CMS pursuant to 42 CFR 485.606
 - (ii) Hospitals located in rural or micropolitan statistical area counties
 - (iii) LTAC and Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility (IRF) hospitals
 - (iv) Sole community hospitals designated by CMS pursuant to 42 CFR 412.92
 - (v) Hospitals with 25 or fewer licensed beds
- (n) "Existing hospital beds" means, for a specific hospital group, the total of all of the following: (i) hospital beds licensed by the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs (LARA) or its successor; (ii) hospital beds with valid CON approval but not yet licensed; (iii) proposed hospital beds under appeal from a final decision of the Department; and (iv) proposed hospital beds that are part of a completed application under Part 222 (other than the application under review) for which a proposed decision has been issued and which is pending final Department decision.
- (o) "Gross hospital revenues" means the hospital's revenues as stated on the most recent Medicare and Michigan Medicaid forms filed with the Medical Services Administration within the Department.
 - (p) "Health service area" or "HSA" means the groups of counties listed in Appendix A.
- "Hospital bed" means a bed within the licensed bed complement at a licensed site of a hospital licensed under Part 215 of the Code, excluding (i) hospital beds certified for long-term care as defined in Section 20106(6) of the Code and (ii) unlicensed newborn bassinets.
- (r) "Hospital" means a hospital as defined in Section 20106(5) of the Code being Section 333.20106(5) of the Michigan Compiled Laws and licensed under Part 215 of the Code. The term does not include a hospital or hospital unit licensed or operated by the Department of Mental Health.
- (s) "Hospital group" means a cluster or grouping of hospitals based on geographic proximity and hospital utilization patterns. The list of hospital groups and the hospitals assigned to each hospital group will be posted on the State of Michigan CON web site and will be updated pursuant to Section 3.
- (t) "Hospital long-term-care unit" or "HLTCU" means a nursing care unit, owned or operated by and as part of a hospital, licensed by the Department, and providing organized nursing care and medical treatment to 7 or more unrelated individuals suffering or recovering from illness, injury, or infirmity.
- (u) "Host hospital" means a licensed and operating hospital, which delicenses hospital beds, and which leases patient care space and other space within the physical plant of the host hospital, to allow an LTAC hospital, IRF hospital, or alcohol and substance abuse hospital, to begin operation.
- (v) "INPATIENT REHABILITATION FACILITY BED" OR "IRF BED" MEANS A LICENSED HOSPITAL BED WITHIN AN IRF HOSPITAL OR UNIT THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE TITLE XVIII (MEDICARE) PROGRAM AS A PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM (PPS) EXEMPT INPATIENT REHABILITATION HOSPITAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH 42 CFR PART 412 SUBPART P.

109 (<u>vw</u>) "Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility hospital" or "IRF hospital" means a hospital that has been approved to participate in the Title XVIII (Medicare) program as a prospective payment system (PPS) exempt Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital in accordance with 42 CFR Part 412 Subpart P.

- 112 (wx) "Licensed site" means the location of the facility authorized by license and listed on that licensee's certificate of licensure.
 - (xy) "Limited access area" means those underserved areas with a patient day demand that meets or exceeds the state-wide average of patient days used per 50,000 residents in the base year and as identified ON THE STATE OF MICHIGAN CON WEB SITE in Appendix D. Limited access areas shall be redetermined when a new hospital has been approved or an existing hospital closes.
 - (YZ) "Long-term (acute) care hospital" or "LTAC hospital" means a hospital has been approved to participate in the Title XVIII (Medicare) program as a prospective payment system (PPS) exempt hospital in accordance with 42 CFR Part 412 Subpart O.
- 121 (<u>zaa</u>) "Medicaid" means title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 1396 to 1396g and 1396 to 1396u.
- 123 (aabb) "Medicaid volume" means the number of Medicaid recipients served at the hospital as stated on the most recent Medicare and Michigan Medicaid forms filed with the Medical Services Administration within the Department.
- 126 (bbcc) "Michigan Inpatient Data Base" or "MIDB" means the data base compiled by the Michigan Health
 127 and Hospital Association or successor organization. The data base consists of inpatient discharge
 128 records from all Michigan hospitals and Michigan residents discharged from hospitals in border states for
 129 a specific calendar year.
 - (eedd) "New beds in a hospital" means hospital beds that meet at least one of the following: (i) are not currently licensed as hospital beds, (ii) are currently licensed hospital beds at a licensed site in one hospital group which are proposed for relocation in a different hospital group as determined by the Department pursuant to Section 3 of these standards, (iii) are currently licensed hospital beds at a licensed site in one hospital group which are proposed for relocation to another geographic site which is in the same hospital group as determined by the Department, but which are not in the replacement zone, or (iv) are currently licensed hospital beds that are proposed to be licensed as part of a new hospital in accordance with Section 6(2) of these standards.
 - (ddee) "New hospital" means one of the following: (i) the establishment of a new facility that shall be issued a new hospital license, (ii) for currently licensed beds, the establishment of a new licensed site that is not in the same hospital group as the currently licensed beds, (iii) currently licensed hospital beds at a licensed site in one hospital group which are proposed for relocation to another geographic site which is in the same hospital group as determined by the Department, but which are not in the replacement zone, or (iv) currently licensed hospital beds that are proposed to be licensed as part of a new hospital in accordance with section 6(2) of these standards.
 - (eeff) "Obstetrics patient days of care" means inpatient days of care for patients in the applicant's Michigan Inpatient Data Base data ages 15 through 44 with DRGs 370 through 375 (obstetrical discharges).
- 148 (ffgg) "Overbedded hospital group" means a hospital group in which the total number of existing hospital beds in that hospital group exceeds the hospital group needed hospital bed supply.
- 150 (gghh) "Pediatric patient days of care" means inpatient days of care for patients in the applicant's Michigan Inpatient Data Base data ages 0 through 14 excluding normal newborns.
 - (hhii) "Planning year" means five years beyond the base year for which hospital bed need is developed.
 - (iij) "Qualifying project" means each application in a comparative group which has been reviewed individually and has been determined by the Department to have satisfied all of the requirements of Section 22225 of the code, being section 333.22225 of the Michigan Compiled Laws and all other applicable requirements for approval in the Code or these Standards.
 - (jjkk) "Relocate existing licensed hospital beds" for purposes of sections 6(3) and 8 of these standards, means a change in the location of existing hospital beds from the existing licensed hospital site to a different existing licensed hospital site within the same hospital group or HSA. This definition does not apply to projects involving replacement beds in a hospital governed by Section 7 of these standards.
- 161 (kkll) "Remaining patient days of care" means total inpatient days of care in the applicant's Michigan Inpatient Data Base data minus obstetrics patient days of care and pediatric patient days of care.

- 163 (#mm) "RENEWAL OF LEASE" MEANS EXECUTION OF A LEASE BETWEEN THE LICENSEE AND A
 164 REAL PROPERTY OWNER IN WHICH THE TOTAL LEASE COSTS EXCEED THE CAPITAL
 165 EXPENDITURE THRESHOLD.
 - (nn) "Replace beds" means a change in the location of the licensed hospital, the replacement of a portion of the licensed beds at the same licensed site, or the one-time replacement of less than 50% of the licensed beds to a new site within 250 yards of the building on the licensed site containing more than 50% of the licensed beds, which may include a new site across a highway(s) or street(s) as defined in MCL 257.20 and excludes a new site across a limited access highway as defined in MCL 257.26. The hospital beds will be in new physical plant space being developed in new construction or in newly acquired space (purchase, lease, donation, etc.) within the replacement zone.
 - (oo) "REPLACE IRF BEDS" MEANS A CHANGE IN THE LOCATION OF ALL IRF BEDS FROM AN EXISTING SITE TO A NEW SITE WITHIN THE REPLACEMENT ZONE FOR IRF BEDS.

 (mmpp) "Replacement zone" means a proposed licensed site that is (i) in the same hospital group as the existing licensed site as determined by the Department in accord with Section 3 of these standards and (ii) on the same site, on a contiguous site, or on a site within 2 miles (5 MILES FOR IRF BEDS) of the existing licensed site if the existing licensed site is located in a county with a population of 200,000 or more, or on a site within 5 miles (10 MILES FOR IRF BEDS) of the existing licensed site if the existing licensed site is located in a county with a population of less than 200,000.
 - (nngq) "Uncompensated care volume" means the hospital's uncompensated care volume as stated on the most recent Medicare and Michigan Medicaid forms filed with the Medical Services Administration within the Department.
 - (eerr) "Underserved area" means those geographic areas not within 30 minute drive time of an existing licensed acute care hospital with 24 hour/7 days a week emergency room services utilizing the most direct route using the lowest speed limits posted as defined by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT).
 - (ppss) "Use rate" means the number of days of inpatient care per 1,000 population during a one-year period.
 - (2) The definitions in Part 222 shall apply to these standards.

Section 3. Hospital groups

- Sec. 3. Each existing hospital is assigned to a hospital group pursuant to subsection (1).
- (1) These hospital groups and the assignments of hospitals to hospital groups shall be updated by the Department every five years or at the direction of the Commission. The methodology described in "New Methodology for Defining Hospital Groups" by Paul I. Delamater, Ashton M. Shortridge, and Joseph P. Messina, 2011 shall be used as follows:
- (a) For each hospital, calculate the patient day commitment index (%C a mathematical computation where the numerator is the number of inpatient hospital days from a specific geographic area provided by a specified hospital and the denominator is the total number of patient days provided by the specified hospital using MIDB data) for all Michigan zip codes using the summed patient days from the most recent three years of MIDB data. Include only those zip codes found in each year of the most recent three years of MIDB data. Arrange observations in an origin-destination table such that each hospital is an origin (row) and each zip code is a destination (column) and include only hospitals with inpatient records in the MIDB.
- (b) For each hospital, calculate the road distance to all other hospitals. Arrange observations in an origin-destination table such that each hospital is an origin (row) and each hospital is also a destination (column).
- (c) Rescale the road distance origin-destination table by dividing every entry in the road distance origin-destination table by the maximum distance between any two hospitals.
- (d) Append the road distance origin-destination table to the %C origin-destination table (by hospital) to create the input data matrix for the clustering algorithm.

- Group hospitals into clusters using the k-means clustering algorithm with initial cluster centers 216 provided by a wards hierarchical clustering method. Iterate over all cluster solutions from 2 to the number 217 218 of hospitals (n) minus 1. 219
 - (i) For each cluster solution, record the group membership of each hospital, the cluster center location for each of the clusters, the r² value for the overall cluster solution, the number of single hospital clusters, and the maximum number of hospitals in any cluster.
 - (ii) "k-means clustering algorithm" means a method for partitioning observations into a user-specified number of groups. It is a standard algorithm with a long history of use in academic and applied research. The approach identifies groups of observations such that the sum of squares from points to the assigned cluster centers is minimized, i.e., observations in a cluster are more similar to one another than they are to other clusters. Several k-means implementations have been proposed; the bed need methodology uses the widely-adopted Hartigan-Wong algorithm. Any clustering or data mining text will discuss kmeans; one example is B.S. Everitt, S. Landau, M. Leese, & D. Stahl (2011) Cluster Analysis, 5th Edition. Wiley, 346 p.
 - (iii) "Wards hierarchical clustering method" means a method for clustering observations into groups. This method uses a binary tree structure to sequentially group data observations into clusters, seeking to minimize overall within-group variance. In the bed need methodology, this method is used to identify the starting cluster locations for k-means. Any clustering text will discuss hierarchical cluster analyis, including Ward's method; one example is: G. Gan, C. Ma, & J. Wu (2007) Data Clustering: Theory, Algorithms, and Applications (Asa-Siam Series on Statistics and Applied Probability). Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics (Siam), 466 p.
 - Calculate the incremental F score (F_{inc}) for each cluster solution (i) between 3 and n-1 letting: $r_i^2 = r^2$ of solution i $r^2_{i-1} = r^2$ of solution i-1 k_i = number of clusters in solution i
 - k_{i-1} = number of clusters in solution i-1 n = total number of hospitals

221

222

223

224

225

226 227

228 229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236 237

238

239

240

241 242

243

244

245 246

247

248

249 250

251 252

253

254

255

256 257

258

259

260 261

262

263

where:
$$F_{inci} = \frac{\left(\frac{r_i^2 - r_{i-1}^2}{k_i - k_{i-1}}\right)}{\left(\frac{1 - r_i^2}{n - (k_i - 1)}\right)}$$

- (g) Select candidate solutions by finding those with peak values in f_{inc} scores such that $f_{inc,i}$ is greater than both $f_{inc, i-1}$ and $f_{inc, i+1}$.
- (h) Remove all candidate solutions in which the largest single cluster contains more than 20 hospitals.
- (i) Identify the minimum number of single hospital clusters from the remaining candidate solutions. Remove all candidate solutions containing a greater number of single hospital clusters than the identified minimum.
- (j) From the remaining candidate solutions, choose the solution with the largest number of clusters (k). This solution (k clusters) is the resulting number and configuration of the hospital groups.
 - (k) Rename hospital groups as follows:
- (i) For each hospital group, identify the HSA in which the maximum number of hospitals are located. In case of a tie, use the HSA number that is lower.
 - (ii) For each hospital group, sum the number of current licensed hospital beds for all hospitals.
- (iii) Order the groups from 1 to k by first sorting by HSA number, then sorting within each HSA by the sum of beds in each hospital group. The hospital group name is then created by appending number in which it is ordered to "hg" (e.g., hg1, hg2, ... hgk).
- (iv) Hospitals that do not have patient records in the MIDB identified in subsection (1)(a) are designated as "ng" for non-groupable hospitals.
- (2) For an application involving a proposed new licensed site for a hospital (whether new or replacement), the proposed new licensed site shall be assigned to an existing hospital group utilizing the

- methodology described in "A Methodology for Defining Hospital Groups" by Paul L. Delamater, Ashton M. Shortridge, and Joseph P. Messina, 2011 as follows:
- (a) Calculate the road distance from proposed new site (s) to all existing hospitals, resulting in a list of n observations (s_n).
- (b) Rescale s_n by dividing each observation by the maximum road distance between any two hospitals identified in subsection (1)(c).
- (c) For each hospital group, subset the cluster center location identified in subsection (1)(e)(i) to only the entries corresponding to the road distance between hospitals. For each hospital group, the result is a list of n observations that define each hospital group's central location in relative road distance.
 - (d) Calculate the distance $(d_{K,S})$ between the proposed new site and each existing hospital group where: $d_{k,s} = \sqrt{\left(HG_{k,1} s_1\right)^2 + \left(HG_{k,2} s_2\right)^2 + \left(HG_{k,3} s_3\right)^2 + ... + \left(HG_{k,n} s_n\right)^2}$
- (e) Assign the proposed new site to the closest hospital group (HGk) by selecting the minimum value of dks.
- (f) If there is only a single applicant, then the assignment procedure is complete. If there are additional applicants, then steps (a) (e) must be repeated until all applicants have been assigned to an existing hospital group.
- (3) The Department shall amend the hospital groups to reflect: (a) approved new licensed site(s) assigned to a specific hospital group; (b) hospital closures; and (c) licensure action(s) as appropriate.
- (4) As directed by the Commission, new hospital group assignments established according to subsection (1) shall supersede the previous subarea/hospital group assignments and shall be posted on the State of Michigan CON web site effective on the date determined by the Commission.

Section 4. Determination of the needed hospital bed supply

- Sec. 4. (1) The determination of the needed hospital bed supply for a hospital group for a planning year shall be made using the MIDB and the methodology detailed in "New Methodology for Determining Needed Hospital Bed Supply" by Paul L. Delamater, Ashton M. Shortridge, and Joseph P. Messina, 2011 as follows:
- (a) All hospital discharges for normal newborns (DRG 391 prior to 2008, DRG 795 thereafter) and psychiatric patients (ICD-9-CM codes 290 through 319, see Appendix E-D for ICD-10-CM Codes, as a principal diagnosis) will be excluded.
- (b) For each county, compile the monthly patient days used by county residents for the previous five years (base year plus previous four years). Compile the monthly patient days used by non-Michigan residents in Michigan hospitals for the previous five years as an "out-of-state" unit. The out-of-state patient days unit is considered an additional county thereafter. Patient days are to be assigned to the month in which the patient was discharged. For patient records with an unknown county of residence, assign patient days to the county of the hospital where the patient received service.
- (c) For each county, calculate the monthly patient days for all months in the planning year. For each county, construct an ordinary least squares linear regression model using monthly patient days as the dependent variable and months (1-60) as the independent variable. If the linear regression model is significant at a 90% confidence level (F-score, two tailed p value ≤ 0.1), predict patient days for months 109-120 using the model coefficients. If the linear regression model is not significant at a 90% confidence level (F-score, two tailed p value > 0.1), calculate the predicted monthly patient day demand in the planning year by finding the monthly average of the three previous years (months 25-60).
- (d) For each county, calculate the predicted yearly patient day demand in the planning year. For counties with a significant regression model, sum the monthly predicted patient days for the planning year. For counties with a non-significant regression model, multiply the three year monthly average by 12.
- (e) For each county, calculate the base year patient day commitment index (%c) to each hospital group. Specifically, divide the base year patient days from each county to each hospital group by the total number of base year patient days from each county.

320 321

322

323

324

- (f) For each county, allocate the planning year patient days to the hospital groups by multiplying the planning year patient days by the %c to each hospital group from subsection (e). (g) For each hospital group, sum the planning year patient days allocated from each county.
- (h) For each hospital group, calculate the average daily census (ADC) for the planning year by dividing the planning year patient days by 365. Round each ADC value up to the nearest whole number.
- For each hospital group, select the appropriate occupancy rate from the occupancy table in Appendix C.
- For each hospital group, calculate the planning year bed need by dividing the planning year ADC by the appropriate occupancy rate. Round each bed need value up to the nearest whole number.

325 326 327

328 329

330

331

332

333

334

335 336

337

338

339 340

341

342 343

344

345

- (2) The determination of the needed hospital bed supply for a limited access area shall be made using the MIDB and the methodology detailed in "A Methodology for Determining Needed Hospital Bed Supply" by Paul L. Delamater, Ashton M. Shortridge, And Joesph P. Messina, 2011 as follows:
- (a) All hospital discharges for normal newborns (DRG 391 prior to 2008, DRG 795 thereafter) and psychiatric patients (ICD-9-CM codes 290 through 319, see Appendix E-D for ICD-10-CM Codes, as a principal diagnosis) will be excluded.
- (b) Calculate the average patient day use rate of Michigan residents. Sum total patient days of Michigan residents in the base year and divide by estimated base year population for the state (population data available from US Census Bureau).
- (c) Calculate the minimum number of patient days for designation of a limited access area by multiplying the average patient day use rate by 50,000. Round up to the nearest whole number.
- (d) Follow steps outlined in Section 4(1)(b) (d) to predict planning year patient days for each underserved area. Round up to the nearest whole number. The patient days for each underserved area are defined as the sum of the zip codes corresponding to each underserved area.
- (e) For each underserved area, compare the planning year patient days to the minimum number of patient days for designation of a limited access area calculated in (c). Any underserved area with a planning year patient day demand greater than or equal to the minimum is designated as a limited access area.
- (f) For each limited access area, calculate the planning year bed need using the steps outlined in Section 4(1)(h) – (j). For these steps, use the planning year patient days for each limited access area.

346 347 348

Section 5. Bed Need

349 350 351

Sec. 5. (1) The bed-need numbers shall apply to projects subject to review under these standards, except where a specific CON review standard states otherwise.

353 354 355

352

(2) The Department shall re-calculate the acute care bed need methodology in Section 4 every two years, or as directed by the Commission.

356 357 358

359

(4) New bed-need numbers established by subsections (2) and (3) shall supersede previous bedneed numbers and shall be posted on the State Of Michigan CON web site as part of the hospital bed inventory.

(3) The effective date of the bed-need numbers shall be established by the Commission.

360 361 362

(5) Modifications made by the Commission pursuant to this section shall not require standard advisory committee action, a public hearing, or submittal of the standard to the legislature and the governor in order to become effective.

364 365 366

363

Section 6. Requirements for approval -- new beds in a hospital

367 368 369

Sec. 6. (1) An applicant proposing new beds in a hospital, except an applicant meeting the requirements of subsection 2, 3, 4, or 5 shall demonstrate that it meets all of the following:

- (a) The new beds in a hospital shall result in a hospital of at least 200 beds in a metropolitan statistical area county or 25 beds in a rural or micropolitan statistical area county. This subsection may be waived by the Department if the Department determines, in its sole discretion, that a smaller hospital is necessary or appropriate to assure access to health-care services.
- (b) The total number of existing hospital beds in the hospital group to which the new beds will be assigned does not currently exceed the needed hospital bed supply. The Department shall determine the hospital group to which the beds will be assigned in accord with Section 3 of these standards.
- (c) Approval of the proposed new beds in a hospital shall not result in the total number of existing hospital beds, in the hospital group to which the new beds will be assigned, exceeding the needed hospital bed supply. The Department shall determine the hospital group to which the beds will be assigned in accord with Section 3 of these standards.
- (2) An applicant proposing to begin operation as a new LTAC hospital, IRF hospital or alcohol and substance abuse hospital within an existing licensed, host hospital shall demonstrate that it meets all of the requirements of this subsection:
- (a) If the LTAC or IRF hospital applicant described in this subsection does not meet the Title XVIII requirements of the Social Security Act for exemption from PPS as an LTAC or IRF hospital within 12 months after beginning operation, then it may apply for a six-month extension in accordance with R325.9403 of the CON rules. If the applicant fails to meet the Title XVIII requirements for PPS exemption as an LTAC or IRF hospital within the 12 or 18-month period, then the CON granted pursuant to this section shall expire automatically.
- (b) The patient care space and other space to establish the new hospital is being obtained through a lease arrangement and renewal of a lease between the applicant and the host hospital. The initial, renewed, or any subsequent lease shall specify at least <u>all</u> of the following:
- (i) That the host hospital shall delicense the same number of hospital beds proposed by the applicant for licensure in the new hospital or any subsequent application to add additional beds.
- (ii) That the proposed new beds shall be for use in space currently licensed as part of the host hospital.
- (iii) That upon non-renewal and/or termination of the lease, upon termination of the license issued under Part 215 of the act to the applicant for the new hospital, or upon noncompliance with the project delivery requirements or any other applicable requirements of these standards, the beds licensed as part of the new hospital must be disposed of by one of the following means:
- (A) Relicensure of the beds to the host hospital. The host hospital must obtain a CON to acquire the LTAC or IRF hospital. In the event that the host hospital applies for a CON to acquire the LTAC or IRF hospital [including the beds leased by the host hospital to the LTAC or IRF hospital] within six months following the termination of the lease with the LTAC or IRF hospital, it shall not be required to be in compliance with the hospital bed supply if the host hospital proposes to add the beds of the LTAC or IRF hospital to the host hospital's medical/surgical licensed capacity and the application meets all other applicable project delivery requirements. The beds must be used for general medical/surgical purposes. Such an application shall not be subject to comparative review and shall be processed under the procedures for non-substantive review (as this will not be considered an increase in the number of beds originally licensed to the applicant at the host hospital);
 - (B) Delicensure of the hospital beds; or

- (C) Acquisition by another entity that obtains a CON to acquire the new hospital in its entirety and that entity must meet and shall stipulate to the requirements specified in Section 6(2).
- (c) The applicant or the current licensee of the new hospital shall not apply, initially or subsequently, for CON approval to initiate any other CON covered clinical services; provided, however, that this section is not intended, and shall not be construed in a manner which would prevent the licensee from contracting and/or billing for medically necessary covered clinical services required by its patients under arrangements with its host hospital or any other CON approved provider of covered clinical services.
 - (d) The new licensed hospital shall remain within the host hospital.
 - (e) The new hospital shall be assigned to the same hospital group as the host hospital.
- (f) The proposed project to begin operation of a new hospital, under this subsection, shall constitute a change in bed capacity under Section 1(2) of these standards.

- (g) The lease will not result in an increase in the number of licensed hospital beds in the hospital group.
 - (h) Applications proposing a new hospital under this subsection shall not be subject to comparative review.

- (3) An applicant proposing to add new hospital beds, as the receiving licensed hospital under Section 8, shall demonstrate that it meets all of the requirements of this subsection and shall not be required to be in compliance with the needed hospital bed supply if the application meets all other applicable CON review standards and agrees and assures to comply with all applicable project delivery requirements.
- (a) The approval of the proposed new hospital beds shall not result in an increase in the number of licensed hospital beds as follows:
 - (i) In the hospital group pursuant to Section 8(2)(a), or
 - (ii) in the HSA pursuant to Section 8(2)(b).
- (b) Where the source hospital was subject to Section 8(3)(b), the receiving hospital shall have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above.
- (c) Where the source hospital was subject to Section 8(3)(b), the addition of the proposed new hospital beds at the receiving hospital shall not exceed the number determined by the following calculation:
- (i) As of the date of the application, calculate the adjusted patient days for the most recent, consecutive 36-month period where verifiable data is available to the Department, and divide by .40.
- (ii) Divide the result of subsection (i) by 1095 (or 1096, if the 36-month period includes a leap year) and round up to next whole number or 25, whichever is larger. This is the maximum number of beds that can be licensed at the receiving hospital.
- (iii) Subtract the receiving hospital's total number of licensed beds and approved beds from the result of subsection (ii). This is the maximum number of beds that can be added to the receiving hospital.
- (d) Where the source hospital was subject to Section 8(3)(b), the receiving hospital's average adjusted occupancy rate must not be less than 40 percent after the addition of the proposed new hospital beds.
 - (e) Subsection (3)(b), (c), and (d) shall not apply to excluded hospitals.
- (f) The proposed project to add new hospital beds, under this subsection, shall constitute a change in bed capacity under Section 1(2) of these standards.
- (g) Applicants proposing to add new hospital beds under this subsection shall not be subject to comparative review.

- (4) An applicant may apply for the addition of new beds if all of the following subsections are met. Further, an applicant proposing new beds at an existing licensed hospital site shall not be required to be in compliance with the needed hospital bed supply if the application meets all other applicable CON review standards and agrees and assures to comply with all applicable project delivery requirements.
- (a) The beds are being added at the existing licensed hospital site, OR ARE BEING REPLACED TO A NEW IRF HOSPITAL SITE BEING CREATED UNDER SECTION 7(6) AS PART OF THE SAME CON APPLICATION.
- (b) The hospital at the existing licensed hospital site has operated at an adjusted occupancy rate of 80 percent or above for the previous, consecutive 24 months based on its licensed and approved hospital bed capacity. The adjusted occupancy rate shall be calculated as follows:
- (i) Calculate the number of adjusted patient days during the most recent, consecutive 24-month period for which verifiable data are available to the Department.
- (ii) Divide the number calculated in (i) above by the total possible patient days [licensed and approved hospital beds multiplied by 730 (or 731 if including a leap year)]. This is the adjusted occupancy rate.
- (c) The number of beds that may be approved pursuant to this subsection shall be the number of beds necessary to reduce the adjusted occupancy rate for the hospital to 75 percent. The number of beds shall be calculated as follows:
- (i) Divide the number of adjusted patient days calculated in subsection (b)(i) by .75 to determine licensed bed days at 75 percent occupancy.

(ii) Divide the result of step (i) by 730 (or 731 if including a leap year) and round the result up to the next whole number.

- (iii) Subtract the number of licensed and approved hospital beds as documented on the "Department Inventory of Beds" from the result of step (ii) and round the result up to the next whole number to determine the maximum number of beds that may be approved pursuant to this subsection.
- (d) A licensed acute care hospital that has relocated its beds, after the effective date of these standards, shall not be approved for hospital beds under this subsection for five years from the effective date of the relocation of beds.
- (e) Applicants proposing to add new hospital beds under this subsection shall not be subject to comparative review.
- (f) Applicants proposing to add new hospital beds under this subsection shall demonstrate to the Department that they have pursued a good faith effort to relocate acute care beds from other licensed acute care hospitals within the HSA. At the time an application is submitted to the Department, the applicant shall demonstrate that contact was made by one certified mail return receipt for each organization contacted.
- (5) An applicant proposing a new hospital in a limited access area shall not be required to be in compliance with the needed hospital bed supply if the application meets all other applicable CON review standards, agrees and assures to comply with all applicable project delivery requirements, and all of the following subsections are met.
- (a) The proposed new hospital, unless a critical access hospital, shall have 24 hour/7 days a week emergency services, obstetrical services, surgical services, and licensed acute care beds.
- (b) The Department shall assign the proposed new hospital to an existing hospital group based on the current market use patterns of existing hospital groups.
- (c) Approval of the proposed new beds in a hospital in a limited access area shall not exceed the bed need for the limited access area as determined by the bed need methodology in Section 4 and as set forth ON THE STATE OF MICHIGAN CON WEB SITE in Appendix D.
- (d) The new beds in a hospital in a limited access area shall result in a hospital of at least 100 beds in a metropolitan statistical area county or 50 beds in a rural or micropolitan statistical area county. If the bed need for a limited access area, as shown ON THE STATE OF MICHIGAN CON WEB SITEIN Appendix D, is less, then that will be the minimum number of beds for a new hospital under this provision. If an applicant for new beds in a hospital under this provision simultaneously applies for status as a critical access hospital, the minimum hospital size shall be that number allowed under state/federal critical access hospital designation.
- (e) Applicants proposing to create a new hospital under this subsection shall not be approved, for a period of five years after beginning operation of the facility, of the following covered clinical services: (i) open heart surgery, (ii) therapeutic cardiac catheterization, (iii) fixed positron emission tomography (PET) services, (iv) all transplant services, (v) neonatal intensive care services/beds, and (vi) fixed urinary extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy (UESWL) services.
- (f) Applicants proposing to add new hospital beds under this subsection shall be prohibited from relocating the new hospital beds for a period of 10 years after beginning operation of the facility.
- (g) An applicant proposing to add a new hospital pursuant to this subsection shall locate the new hospital as follows:
- (i) In a metropolitan statistical area county, an applicant proposing to add a new hospital pursuant to this subsection shall locate the new hospital within the limited access area and serve a population of 50,000 or more inside the limited access area and within 30 minutes drive time from the proposed new hospital.
- (ii) In a rural or micropolitan statistical area county, an applicant proposing to add a new hospital pursuant to this subsection shall locate the new hospital within the limited access area and serve a population of 50,000 or more inside the limited access area and within 60 minutes drive time from the proposed new hospital.

Section 7. Requirements for approval to replace beds

Sec. 7. (1) If the application involves the development of a new licensed site, an applicant proposing to replace beds in a hospital within the replacement zone shall demonstrate that the new beds in a hospital shall result in a hospital of at least 200 beds in a metropolitan statistical area county or 25 beds in a rural or micropolitan statistical area county. This subsection may be waived by the Department if the Department determines, in its sole discretion, that a smaller hospital is necessary or appropriate to assure access to health-care services.

(2) The applicant shall specify whether the proposed project is to replace the licensed hospital to a new site, <u>TO REPLACE ALL LICENSED IRF BEDS TO A NEW SITE</u>, to replace a portion of the licensed beds at the existing licensed site, or the one-time replacement of less than 50% of the licensed beds to a new site within 250 yards of the building on the licensed site containing more than 50% of the licensed beds, which may include a new site across a highway(s) or street(s) as defined in MCL 257.20 and excludes a new site across a limited access highway as defined in MCL 257.26.

(3) The applicant shall demonstrate that the new licensed site is in the replacement zone.

(4) The applicant shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:

(a) The applicant's hospital shall have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above.

(b) If the applicant hospital does not have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above, then the applicant hospital shall reduce the appropriate number of licensed beds to achieve an average adjusted occupancy rate of 60 percent or above. The applicant hospital shall not exceed the number of beds calculated as follows:

(i) As of the date of the application, calculate the number of adjusted patient days during the most recent, consecutive 36-month period where verifiable data is available to the Department, and divide by .60.

- (ii) Divide the result of subsection (i) above by 1095 (or 1096 if the 36-month period includes a leap year) and round up to the next whole number or 25, whichever is larger. This is the maximum number of beds that can be licensed at the licensed hospital site after the replacement.
 - (c) Subsection (4)(a) and (b) shall not apply to excluded hospitals.

(5) An applicant proposing replacement beds in the replacement zone shall not be required to be in compliance with the needed hospital bed supply if the application meets all other applicable CON review standards and agrees and assures to comply with all applicable project delivery requirements.

- (6) IF THE APPLICATION INVOLVES THE DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW LICENSED IRF HOSPITAL SITE, AN APPLICANT PROPOSING TO REPLACE IRF BEDS WITHIN THE REPLACEMENT ZONE SHALL DEMONSTRATE IT MEETS ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION:
- (a) THE NEW LICENSE CREATED BY THE PROPOSED PROJECT SHALL ONLY BE UTILIZED FOR INPATIENT REHABILITATION BEDS.
- (b) THE APPLICANT HOSPITAL HAS DEMONSTRATED, AT THE TIME OF THE CON FILING, IT IS OPERATING UNDER HIGH OCCUPANCY AS GOVERNED BY SECTION 6(4) OF THESE STANDARDS.
- (c) THE APPLICANT HAS DEMONSTRATED, AT THE TIME OF CON FILING, THAT THE BEDS TO BE REPLACED ARE EITHER IRF BEDS THAT MEET THE TITLE XVIII REQUIREMENTS OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT FOR EXEMPTION FROM PPS AS AN IRF HOSPITAL, OR HIGH OCCUPANCY BEDS BEING REQUESTED UNDER SECTION 6(4) AS PART OF THE SAME CON APPLICATION.
- (d) THE NEW IRF HOSPITAL WILL HAVE AT LEAST 40 IRF BEDS IF LOCATED IN A COUNTY WITH A POPULATION OF 200,000 OR MORE; OR AT LEAST 25 IRF BEDS IF LOCATED IN A COUNTY WITH A POPULATION OF LESS THAN 200,000.
- (e) AS PART OF THE PHASING OF THE REPLACEMENT OF IRF BEDS TO THE NEW SITE, THE APPLICANT MAY RETAIN, FOR 36-MONTHS FROM THE TIME OF ACTIVATION OF THE NEW SITE, UP TO EIGHT IRF BEDS AT THE EXISTING HOSPITAL SITE. ANY IRF BEDS AT THE EXISTING SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN TRANSITIONED TO THE NEW SITE WITHIN THE 36-MONTH TIME PERIOD

SHALL NOT BE UTILIZED FOR INPATIE	NT REHABILITATION	AND SHALL REVERT	BACK TO ACUTE
MEDICAL-SURGICAL HOSPITAL BEDS.			

- (f) THE PROPOSED PROJECT TO BEGIN OPERATION OF A NEW SITE, UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, SHALL CONSTITUTE A CHANGE IN BED CAPACITY UNDER SECTION 1(2) OF THESE STANDARDS.
- (g) THE EXISTING HOSPITAL SITE SHALL DELICENSE THE SAME NUMBER OF IRF BEDS PROPOSED BY THE APPLICANT FOR LICENSURE IN THE NEW IRF HOSPITAL.
- (h) APPLICANTS PROPOSING A NEW IRF HOSPITAL UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO COMPARATIVE REVIEW.
- (i) THE NEW IRF HOSPITAL SHALL BE ASSIGNED TO THE SAME HOSPITAL GROUP AS THE HOSPITAL WHERE THE IRF BEDS ORIGINATED.
- (j) IF THE IRF HOSPITAL APPROVED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION CEASES OPERATION AS AN IRF HOSPITAL, THE BEDS LICENSED AS PART OF THE NEW IRF HOSPITAL MUST BE DISPOSED OF BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING MEANS:
 - (i) RELOCATE THE REPLACED IRF BEDS BACK TO THE SITE OF ORIGIN;
- (ii) RELOCATE ALL IRF BEDS APPROVED UNDER HIGH OCCUPANCY TO THE SITE OF ORIGIN IN SUBSECTION (i) IF THEY ARE TO BE UTILIZED AS AN IRF BED; OR
- (iii) DELICENSE ANY IRF BEDS APPROVED UNDER HIGH OCCUPANCY IF THEY ARE NOT TO BE UTILIZED AS AN IRF BED.

Section 8. Requirements for approval of an applicant proposing to relocate existing licensed hospital beds

Sec 8. (1) The proposed project to relocate beds, under this section, shall constitute a change in bed capacity under Section 1(3) of these standards.

- (2) Any existing licensed acute care hospital (source hospital) may relocate all or a portion of its beds to another existing licensed acute care hospital as follows:
- (a) The licensed acute care hospitals are located within the same hospital group, or
- (b) the licensed acute care hospitals are located within the same HSA if the receiving hospital meets the requirements of Section 6(4)(b) of these standards.

- (3) The applicant shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:
- (a) The source hospital shall have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above.
- (b) If the source hospital does not have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above, then the source hospital shall reduce the appropriate number of licensed beds to achieve an average adjusted occupancy rate of 60 percent or above upon completion of the relocation(s). The source hospital shall not exceed the number of beds calculated as follows:
- (i) As of the date of the application, calculate the number of adjusted patient days during the most recent, consecutive 36-month period where verifiable data is available to the Department, and divide by .60.
- (ii) Divide the result of subsection (i) by 1095 (or 1096 if the 36-month period includes a leap year) and round up to the next whole number or 25, whichever is larger. This is the maximum number of beds that can be licensed at the source hospital site after the relocation.
 - (c) Subsections (3)(a) and (b) shall not apply to excluded hospitals.

(4) A source hospital shall apply for multiple relocations on the same application date, and the applications can be combined to meet the criteria of (3)(b) above. A separate application shall be submitted for each proposed relocation.

(5) The hospital from which the beds are being relocated, and the hospital receiving the beds, shall not require any ownership relationship.

(6)	The relocated beds shall be licensed to the receiving hospital and will be counted in the inventory
for the	applicable hospital group.

638

(7) The relocation of beds under this section shall not be subject to a mileage limitation.

642 643

Section 9. Project delivery requirements terms of approval for all applicants

644 645

646

Sec. 9. An applicant shall agree that, if approved, the project shall be delivered in compliance with the following terms of CON approval:

647 648

(1) Compliance with these standards.

649

(2) Compliance with the following quality assurance standards:

650 651

(a) The applicant shall assure compliance with Section 20201 of the Code, being Section 333.20201 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

652 653

(3) Compliance with the following access to care requirements:

654

(a) An applicant shall participate in Medicaid at least 12 consecutive months within the first two years of operation and continue to participate annually thereafter.

655 656

657

658 659

660

- (b) The applicant, to assure appropriate utilization by all segments of the Michigan population, shall:
- (i) Not deny services to any individual based on ability to pay or source of payment.
- (ii) Maintain information by source of payment to indicate the volume of care from each payor and non-payor source provided annually.

(iii) Provide services to any individual based on clinical indications of need for the services.

661 662 663

(4) Compliance with the following monitoring and reporting requirements:

664 665 666

(a) An applicant approved pursuant to Section 6(4) must achieve a minimum occupancy of 75 percent over the last 12-month period in the three years after the new beds are put into operation, and for each subsequent calendar year, or the number of new licensed beds shall be reduced to achieve a minimum of 75 percent average annual occupancy for the revised licensed bed complement.

(b) The applicant must submit documentation acceptable and reasonable to the Department, within 30 days after the completion of the 3-year period, to substantiate the occupancy rate for the last 12-month period after the new beds are put into operation and for each subsequent calendar year, within 30 days after the end of the year.

676

(c) The applicant shall participate in a data collection system established and administered by the Department or its designee. The data may include, but is not limited to, annual budget and cost information, operating schedules, through-put schedules, and demographic, morbidity, and mortality information, as well as the volume of care provided to patients from all payor sources. The applicant shall provide the required data on a separate basis for each licensed site; in a format established by the Department, and in a mutually agreed upon media. The Department may elect to verify the data through on-site review of appropriate records.

(d) The applicant shall participate and submit data to the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB). The data shall be submitted to the Department or its designee. (e) The applicant shall provide the Department with timely notice of the proposed project

682 683

681

implementation consistent with applicable statute and promulgated rules.

684 685

(5) AN APPLICANT APPROVED FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF IRF BEDS UNDER SECTION 7(6) TO A NEW NON-CONTIGUOUS SITE SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING: (a) THE REPLACED IRF BEDS SHALL MAINTAIN THEIR PPS EXEMPT INPATIENT REHABILITATION

686 687 688

HOSPITAL STATUS. (b) THE NEW LICENSE CREATED BY THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL ONLY BE UTILIZED FOR INPATIENT REHABILITATION BEDS.

6	9	1
6	9 9	2
6	9	3
6	9	4
6	9	5
6	9	6

(6) The agreements and assurances required by this section shall be in the form of a certification agreed to by the applicant or its authorized agent.

Section 10. Department inventory of beds

Sec. 10. The Department shall maintain and provide on request a listing of the Department inventory of beds for each hospital group.

Section 11. Effect on prior planning policies; comparative reviews

Sec. 11. (1) These CON review standards supersede and replace the CON standards for hospital beds approved by the CON Commission on March 18, 2014 DECEMBER 11, 2014 and effective June 2, 2014MARCH 20, 2015.

(2) Projects reviewed under these standards shall be subject to comparative review except those projects meeting the requirements of Section 7 involving the replacement of beds in a hospital within the replacement zone and projects involving acquisition (including purchase, lease, donation or comparable arrangements) of a hospital.

Section 12. Additional requirements for applications included in comparative reviews

Sec. 12. (1) Except for those applications for limited access areas, aAny application for hospital beds, that is subject to comparative review under Section 22229 of the Code, being Section 333.22229 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or under these standards shall be grouped and reviewed comparatively with other SAME TYPE OF applications (LIMITED ACCESS AREA OR NON-LIMITED ACCESS AREA) -in accordance with the CON rules.

(2) Each application in a comparative review group shall be individually reviewed to determine whether the application is a qualifying project. If the Department determines that two or more competing applications are qualifying projects, it shall conduct a comparative review. The Department shall approve those qualifying projects which, when taken together, do not exceed the need, as defined in Section 22225(1) of the Code, and which have the highest number of points when the results of subsection (3) are totaled. If two or more qualifying projects are determined to have an identical number of points, then the Department shall approve those qualifying projects that, when taken together, do not exceed the need in the order in which the applications were received by the Department based on the date and time stamp placed on the applications by the department in accordance with rule 325.9123.

(3)(a) A QUALIFYING PROJECT WILL BE AWARDED POINTS BASED ON THE APPLICANT'S CMS STAR RATINGS VIA HOSPITAL COMPARE AS OF THE DATE OF APPLICATION AS FOLLOWS:

A QUALIFYING PROJECT WILL BE AWARDED POINTS BASED ON THE APPLICANT'S QUALITY OF CARE AS MEASURED BY THE OVERALL STAR RATINGS AVAILABLE THROUGH CMS' HOSPITAL COMPARE. FOR PURPOSES OF EVALUATING THIS CRITERION, AN AVERAGE SHALL BE CALCULATED BASED ON THE OVERALL STAR RATINGS OF THE APPLICANT AND ALL CURRENTLY LICENSED MICHIGAN HOSPITALS UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL WITH THE APPLICANT THAT ARE LOCATED IN THE SAME HEALTH SERVICE AREA AS THE PROPOSED HOSPITAL BEDS. APPLICANTS SHALL BE RANKED IN ORDER ACCORDING TO THIS CALCULATED OVERALL STAR RATING AVERAGE.

STAR RATING	POINTS AWARDED
APPLICANT WITH HIGHEST AVERAGE STAR RATING	20 POINTS

ALL OTHER APPLICANTS	APPLICANT'S AVERAGE STAR RATING DIVIDED BY THE HIGHEST APPLICANT'S STAR RATING, THEN MULTIPLIED BY 15
EXAMPLE: THE HIGHEST APPLICANT HAS AN	20 POINTS
AVERAGE STAR RATING OF 3.4 APPLICANT WITH STAR RATING OF 3.1	$(3.1 \div 3.4) \times 15 = 13.7$ is 14 POINTS
APPLICANT WITH STAR RATING OF 3.0	$(3.0 \div 3.4) \times 15 = 13.2$ is 13 POINTS

 FOR PURPOSES OF EVALUATING THIS CRITERION, APPLICANTS SHALL SUBMIT THE OVERALL CMS STAR RATING AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF THE SUBMISSION OF THE CON APPLICATION FOR THE APPLICANT AND EACH CURRENTLY LICENSED HOSPITAL UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL LOCATED IN THE SAME HEALTH SERVICE AREA AS THE PROPOSED HOSPITAL BEDS. WHERE AN APPLICANT PROPOSES TO CLOSE A HOSPITAL(S) AS PART OF ITS APPLICATION, DATA FROM THE HOSPITAL(S) TO BE CLOSED SHALL BE EXCLUDED FROM THIS CALCULATION. STAR RATINGS SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1/10, AND POINTS AWARDED SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER, I.E. NUMBERS ENDING IN .5 OR HIGHER, ROUND UP, AND NUMBERS ENDING IN .4 OR LOWER, ROUND DOWN.

(b) A qualifying project will be awarded points based on the percentile-ranking of the applicant's

uncompensated care volume and as measured by percentage of gross nospital revenues <u>UNINSURED</u>
DAYS AS MEASURED AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL DAYS as set forth in the following table. The
applicant's uncompensated care volume UNINSURED PERCENTAGE will be the cumulative of all
UNINSURED INPATIENT MED/SURG AND UNINSURED INPATIENT REHAB DAYS DIVIDED BY THE
CUMULATIVE OF ALL INPATIENT MED/SURG AND INPATIENT REHAB DAYS AT ALL currently
licensed Michigan hospitals under common ownership or control with the applicant that are located in the
same health service area as the proposed hospital beds. FOR PURPOSES OF EVALUATING THIS
CRITERION, AN APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT THE MOST RECENT REVIEWED AND ACCEPTED
MEDICAID COST REPORT FOR EACH CURRENTLY LICENSED HOSPITAL UNDER COMMON
OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL WITHIN THE SAME HEALTH SERVICE AREA. If a hospital under
common ownership or control with the applicant has not filed a MEDICAID Cost Report, then the related
applicant shall receive a score of zero. The source document for the calculation shall be the most recent
Cost Report filed with the Department for purposes of calculating disproportionate share hospital
payments.

Percentile Ranking	Points Awarded
90.0 – 100	25 pts
80.0 – 89.9	20 pts
70.0 – 79.9	15 pts
60.0 – 69.9	10 pts
50.0 - 59.9	5 pts

UNINSURED DAYS	POINTS AWARDED
APPLICANT WITH HIGHEST PERCENT OF UNINSURED DAYS	10 POINTS
ALL OTHER APPLICANTS	APPLICANT'S PERCENT OF UNINSURED DAYS DIVIDED BY THE HIGHEST APPLICANT'S PERCENT OF UNISURED DAYS, THEN MULTIPLIED BY 7
EXAMPLE: THE HIGHEST APPLICANT HAS 5.3% UNINSURED DAYS	10 POINTS
APPLICANT WITH 5.0% DAYS APPLICANT WITH 3.0% DAYS	$(5.0 \div 5.3) \times 7 = 6.6$ is 7 POINTS $(3.0 \div 5.3) \times 7 = 4.0$ is 4 POINTS

780 781 782

783

796

791

797 798 799

800 801 802

803 804

805

812 813

814

Where an applicant proposes to close a hospital(s) as part of its application, data from the hospital(s) to be closed shall be excluded from this calculation. PERCENTAGES OF DAYS SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1/10 (E.G. 5.3%), AND POINTS AWARDED SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER. I.E. NUMBERS ENDING IN .5 OR HIGHER. ROUND UP. AND NUMBERS ENDING IN .4 OR LOWER, ROUND DOWN.

(bc) A qualifying project will be awarded points based on the health service area percentile-rankING of the applicant's Medicaid volume as measured by percentage of gross hospital revenues DAYS AS MEASURED AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL DAYS as set forth in the following table. For purposes of scoring, the applicant's Medicaid volume PERCENTAGE will be the cumulative of all TITLE XIX AND HEALTHY MICHIGAN INPATIENT MED/SURG AND INPATIENT REHAB DAYS DIVIDED BY THE CUMULATIVE OF ALL INPATIENT MED/SURG AND INPATIENT REHAB DAYS AT ALL currently licensed Michigan hospitals under common ownership or control with the applicant that are located in the same health service area as the proposed hospital beds. FOR PURPOSES OF EVALUATING THIS CRITERION, AN APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT THE MOST RECENT REVIEWED AND ACCEPTED MEDICAID COST REPORT FOR EACH CURRENTLY LICENSED HOSPITAL UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL WITHIN THE SAME HEALTH SERVICE AREA. If a hospital under common ownership or control with the applicant has not filed a MEDICAID Cost Report, then the related applicant shall receive a score of zero. The source document for the calculation shall be the most recent Cost Report filed with the department for purposes of calculating disproportionate share hospital payments.

percentile rank	points awarded
87.5 – 100	20 pts
75.0 – 87.4 – 	15 pts
62.5 – 74.9	10 pts
50.0 – 61.9 – 	5 pts
less than 50.0	0 pts

MEDICAID DAYS	POINTS AWARDED
APPLICANT WITH HIGHEST PERCENT OF MEDICAID DAYS	20 POINTS
ALL OTHER APPLICANTS	APPLICANT'S PERCENT OF MEDICAID DAYS DIVIDED BY THE HIGHEST APPLICANT'S PERCENT OF MEDICAID DAYS, THEN MULTIPLIED BY 15
EXAMPLE: THE HIGHEST APPLICANT HAS 15.3% MEDICAID DAYS	20 POINTS
APPLICANT WITH 15.0% DAYS	$(15.0 \div 15.3) \times 15 = 14.7$ is 15 POINTS
APPLICANT WITH 12.2% DAYS	$(12.2 \div 15.3) \text{ X } 15 = 12.0 \text{ is } 12 \text{ POINTS}$

Where an applicant proposes to close a hospital(s) as part of its application, data from the hospital(s) to be closed shall be excluded from this calculation. PERCENTAGES OF DAYS SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1/10 (E.G. 5.3%), AND POINTS AWARDED SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER, I.E. NUMBERS ENDING IN .5 OR HIGHER, ROUND UP, AND NUMBERS ENDING IN .4 OR LOWER, ROUND DOWN.

(ed) A qualifying project shall be awarded points as set forth in the following table in accordance with its impact on inpatient capacity. If an applicant proposes to close a hospital(s), points shall only be awarded if (i) closure of that hospital(s) does not create a bed need in any hospital group as a result of its closing; (ii) the applicant stipulates that the hospital beds to be closed shall not be transferred to another location or facility; and (iii) the utilization (as defined by the average daily census over the previous 24month period prior to the date that the application is submitted) of the hospital to be closed is at least

equal to 50 percent of the size of the proposed hospital (as defined by the number of proposed new licensed beds).

Impact on Capacity	Points Awarded
Closure of hospital(s)	25 _ <u>15_</u> pts
Closure of hospital(s)	
which creates a bed need	-15 pts

(e) A QUALIFYING PROJECT WILL BE AWARDED POINTS BASED ON THE APPLICANT'S TOTAL PROJECT COSTS PER HOSPITAL BED. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CRITERION, TOTAL PROJECT COSTS SHALL BE DEFINED AS THE TOTAL COSTS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND RENOVATION, SITE WORK, ARCHITECTURAL/ ENGINEERING AND CONSULTING FEES, CONTINGENCIES, FIXED EQUIPMENT, CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT AND PERMITS. THE PROPOSED PROJECT MUST INCLUDE SPACE FOR INPATIENT CARE, AND, IF NOT ALREADY AVAILABLE AT THE PROPOSED SITE, SPACE TO PROVIDE 24 HOUR/7 DAYS A WEEK SURGICAL, EMERGENCY AND IMAGING SERVICES. POINTS SHALL BE AWARDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TABLE BELOW:

COST PER BED	POINTS AWARDED
APPLICANT WITH LOWEST COST PER BED	15 POINTS
ALL OTHER APPLICANTS	THE LOWEST COST PER BED IN THE COMPARE GROUP DIVIDED BY THE APPLICANT'S COST PER BED, THEN MULTIPLIED BY 10
EXAMPLE: THE LOWEST COST APPLICANT HAS \$698,000 PER BED	15 POINTS
APPPLICANT WITH \$710,000	$($698,000 \div 710,000) \times 10 = 9.8$ is 10 POINTS
APPPLICANT WITH \$975,000 PER BED	$(\$698.000 \div 975.000) \times 10 = 7.2$ is 7 POINTS

POINTS SHALL NOT BE AWARDED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR ANY PROJECT THAT PROPOSES TO ADD BEDS AT A LEASED FACILITY. COSTS SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE DOLLAR, AND POINTS AWARDED SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER., I.E. NUMBERS ENDING IN .5 OR HIGHER, ROUND UP, AND NUMBERS ENDING IN .4 OR LOWER, ROUND DOWN.

(eff) A qualifying project will be awarded points based on the percentage of the applicant's historical market share of inpatient discharges—DAYS of the population in an area which will be defined as that area circumscribed by the proposed hospital locations defined by all of the applicants in the comparative review process under consideration. This area will include any zip code completely within the area as well as any zip code which touches, or is touched by, the lines that define the area included within the figure that is defined by the geometric area resulting from connecting the proposed locations. In the case of two locations or one location or if the exercise in geometric definition does not include at least ten zip codes, the market area will be defined by the zip codes within the county (or counties) that includes the proposed site (or sites). Market share used for the calculation shall be the cumulative—market share of the population residing in the set of above-defined zip codes of all currently licensed Michigan hospitals under common ownership or control with the applicant, which are in the same health service area OF THE MARKET AREA'S PATIENT DAYS SERVED BY THE APPLICANT AND ALL CURRENTLY LICENSED MICHIGAN HOSPITALS UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL DIVIDED BY THE MARKET AREA'S TOTAL PATIENT DAYS FOR THE 12-MONTH PERIOD MOST RECENTLY AVAILABLE THROUGH THE MICHIGAN INPATIENT DATABASE.

Percent Points Awarded

% of market share % of market share served x 30

	(total pts. awarded)
MARKET SHARE	POINTS AWARDED
APPLICANT WITH HIGHEST MARKET SHARE	<u>10 PTS</u>
ALL OTHER APPLICANTS	APPLICANT"S MARKET SHARE DIVIDED BY THE HIGHEST APPLICANT'S MARKET SHARE IN THE COMPARE GROUP, THEN MULTIPLIED BY 7
EXAMPLE: THE HIGHEST APPLICANT HAS 22.5% OF POPULATION	10 POINTS
APPLICANT WITH 20.0% MARKET SHARE	$(20.0 \div 22.5) \text{ X } 7 = 6.2 \text{ is 6 POINTS}$
APPLICANT WITH 15.6% MARKET SHARE	$(15.6 \div 22.5) X 7 = 4.9 \text{ is 5 POINTS}$

 The source for calculations under this criterion is the MIDB. FOR PURPOSES OF EVALUATING THIS CRITERION, AN APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT PATIENT DAYS BY ZIPCODE FOR EACH CURRENTLY LICENSED MICHIGAN HOSPITAL UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL USING THE MOST RECENT 12-MONTHS OF DATA AVAILABLE THROUGH THE MIDB AT THE TIME OF THE SUBMISSION OF THE CON APPLICATION. WHERE AN APPLICANT PROPOSES TO CLOSE A HOSPITAL(S) AS PART OF ITS APPLICATION, DATA FROM THE HOSPITAL(S) TO BE CLOSED SHALL BE EXCLUDED FROM THIS CALCULATION. MARKET SHARE PERCENTAGES SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1/10 (E.G. 5.3%), AND POINTS AWARDED SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER, I.E. NUMBERS ENDING IN .5 OR HIGHER, ROUND UP, AND NUMBERS ENDING IN .4 OR LOWER, ROUND DOWN.

(4) IF THE COMPARATIVE REVIEW GROUP INVOLVES A LIMITED ACCESS AREA, EACH QUALIFYING PROJECT WILL BE AWARDED POINTS BASED ON THE PERCENTAGE OF THE LIMITED ACCESS AREA'S POPULATION WITHIN A 30 MINUTE TRAVEL TIME OF THE PROPOSED HOSPITAL SITE IF IN A METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA COUNTY, OR WITHIN 60 MINUTES TRAVEL TIME IF IN A RURAL OR MICROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA COUNTY AS SET FORTH IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

% OF POPULATION WITHIN 30 (OR 60) MINUTE TRAVEL TIME OF PROPOSED SITE	POINTS AWARDED
APPLICANT WITH HIGHEST PERCENT OF POPULATION	<u>10 PTS</u>
ALL OTHER APPLICANTS	APPLICANT'S PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION DIVIDED BY THE HIGHEST APPLICANT'S PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION, THEN MULTIPLIED BY 7
EXAMPLE: THE HIGHEST APPLICANT HAS 22.5% PERCENT OF POPULATION	10 POINTS
APPLICANT WITH 20.0% PERCENT OF POPULATION	$(20.0 \div 22.5) \text{ X } 7 = 6.2 \text{ is 6 POINTS}$
APPLICANT WITH 15.6% PERCENT OF POPULATION	$(15.6 \div 22.5) \times 7 = 4.9 \text{ is 5 POINTS}$

PERCENTAGES OF POPULATION SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1/10 (E.G. 21.2%) AND POINTS AWARDED SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER, I.E. NUMBERS ENDING IN .5 OR HIGHER, ROUND UP, AND NUMBERS ENDING IN .4 OR LOWER, ROUND DOWN.

Section 13. Requirements for approval -- acquisition of AN EXISTING hospital OR RENEW THE LEASE OF AN EXISTING HOSPITAL

Sec. 4413. AN APPLICANT PROPOSING TO ACQUIRE AN EXISTING HOSPITAL OR RENEW THE LEASE OF AN EXISTING HOSPITAL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING AS APPLICABLE:

- ___(1) An applicant proposing to acquire a hospital shall not be required to be in compliance with the needed hospital bed supply for the hospital group in which the hospital subject to the proposed acquisition is assigned if the applicant demonstrates that all of the following are met:
 - (a) the acquisition will not result in a change in bed capacity,

- (b) the licensed site does not change as a result of the acquisition,
- (c) the project is limited solely to the acquisition of a hospital with a valid license, and
- (d) if the application is to acquire a hospital, which was proposed in a prior application to be established as an LTAC or IRF hospital and which received CON approval, the applicant also must meet the requirements of Section 6(2). Those hospitals that received such prior approval are so identified on the Department inventory of beds.
 - (2) The applicant shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:
- (a) The existing licensed hospital shall have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above.
- (b) If the existing licensed hospital does not have an average adjusted occupancy rate of 40 percent or above, the applicant shall agree to all of the following:
- (i) The hospital to be acquired will achieve an annual adjusted occupancy of at least 40% during any consecutive 12-month period by the end of the third year of operation after completion of the acquisition. Annual adjusted occupancy shall be calculated as follows:
- (a) Calculate the number of adjusted patient days during the most recent, consecutive 12-month period for which verifiable data is available to the Department.
 - (b) Divide the number of adjusted patient days calculated in (a) above by 365 (or 366 if a leap year).
- (c) If the hospital to be acquired does not achieve an annual adjusted occupancy of at least 40 percent, as calculated in (b) above, during any consecutive 12-month period by the end of the third year of operation after completion of the acquisition, the applicant shall relinquish sufficient beds at the existing hospital to raise its adjusted occupancy to 60 percent. The revised number of licensed beds at the hospital shall be calculated as follows:
- (i) Calculate the number of adjusted patient days during the most recent, consecutive 12-month period where verifiable data is available to the Department, and divide by .60.
- (ii) Divide the result of subsection (i) above by 365 (or 366 if the 12-month period includes a leap year) and round up to the next whole number or 25, whichever is larger. This is the maximum number of beds that can be licensed at the existing licensed hospital site after acquisition.
- (d) Subsection (2) shall not apply to excluded hospitals OR TO THOSE APPLICANTS APPLYING UNDER SECTION 13(3).
- (3) AN APPLICANT PROPOSING TO RENEW THE LEASE FOR AN EXISTING HOSPITAL SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE NEEDED HOSPITAL BED SUPPLY FOR THE HOSPITAL GROUP IN WHICH THE HOSPITAL IS LOCATED, IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS ARE MET:
 - (a) THE LEASE RENEWAL WILL NOT RESULT IN A CHANGE IN BED CAPACITY.
 - (b) THE LICENSED SITE DOES NOT CHANGE AS A RESULT OF THE LEASE RENEWAL.
- (4) SECTION 13(3) DOES NOT APPLY TO RENEWAL OF LEASE FOR LTAC HOSPITAL, IRF HOSPITAL OR ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE HOSPITAL WITHIN AN EXISTING LICENSED, HOST HOSPITAL UNDER SECTION 6(2).
- Section 4514. Requirements for approval all applicants

941 942

938

943 944 945

952

957 958 959

Sec. 4514. (1) An applicant shall provide verification of Medicaid participation. An applicant that is a new provider not currently enrolled in Medicaid shall certify that proof of Medicaid participation will be provided to the Department within six (6) months from the offering of services if a CON is approved.

- (2) The applicant certifies all outstanding debt obligations owed to the State of Michigan for Quality Assurance Assessment Program (QAAP) or Civil Monetary Penalties (CMP) have been paid in full.
- (3) The applicant certifies that the health facility for the proposed project has not been cited for a state or federal code deficiency within the 12 months prior to the submission of the application. If a state code deficiency has been issued, the applicant shall certify that a plan of correction for cited state deficiencies at the health facility has been submitted and approved by the Bureau of COMMUNITY AND Health Systems within the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs LARA. If a federal code deficiency has been issued, the applicant shall certify that a plan of correction for cited federal deficiencies at the health facility has been submitted and approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. If code deficiencies include any unresolved deficiencies still outstanding with the Department of Licensing and Regulatory AffairsLARA or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that are the basis for the denial, suspension, or revocation of an applicant's health facility license, poses an immediate jeopardy to the health and safety of patients, or meets a federal conditional deficiency level, the proposed project cannot be approved without approval from the Bureau of COMMUNITY AND Health Systems or, if applicable, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- (4) THE APPLICANT CERTIFIES THAT THE REQUIREMENTS FOR HOSPITALS FOUND IN THE MINIMUM DESIGN STANDARDS FOR HEALTH CARE FACILITIES OF MICHIGAN, REFERENCED IN SECTION 20145 (6) OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH CODE, ACT 368 OF 1978, AS AMENDED, OR ANY FUTURE VERSIONS, AND ARE PUBLISHED BY LARA, WILL BE MET WHEN THE ARCHITECTURAL BLUEPRINTS ARE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY LARA.

964 APPENDIX A

965 966

Counties assigned to each health service area are as follows:

967	Courties assigned to sacriff		40.10.10.10.1	
968	HSA	COUNTIES		
969	110A	COUNTILS		
970	1 - Southeast	Livingston	Monroe	St. Clair
971	· Countact	Macomb	Oakland	Washtenaw
972		Wayne		
973		,		
974	2 - Mid-Southern	Clinton	Hillsdale	Jackson
975		Eaton	Ingham	Lenawee
976			· ·	
977	3 - Southwest	Barry	Calhoun	St. Joseph
978		Berrien	Cass	Van Buren
979		Branch	Kalamazoo	
980				
981	4 - West	Allegan	Mason	Newaygo
982		Ionia	Mecosta	Oceana
983		Kent	Montcalm	Osceola
984		Lake	Muskegon	Ottawa
985				
986	5 - GLS	Genesee	Lapeer	Shiawassee
987				5
988	6 - East	Arenac	Huron	Roscommon
989		Bay	losco	Saginaw
990		Clare	Isabella Midland	Sanilac
991		Gladwin Gratiot	Midland	Tuscola
992 993		Gratiot	Ogemaw	
993	7 - Northern Lower	Alcona	Crawford	Missaukee
995	7 - Northern Lower	Alpena	Emmet	Montmorency
996		Antrim	Gd Traverse	Oscoda
997		Benzie	Kalkaska	Otsego
998		Charlevoix	Leelanau	Presque Isle
999		Cheboygan	Manistee	Wexford
1000		,		
1001	8 - Upper Peninsula	Alger	Gogebic	Mackinac
1002	• •	Baraga	Houghton	Marquette
1003		Chippewa	Iron	Menominee
1004		Delta	Keweenaw	Ontonagon
1005		Dickinson	Luce	Schoolcraft
1006				

1007 1008 1009 Rural Michigan counties are as follows: 1010 1011 Alcona Gogebic Ogemaw Huron Ontonagon 1012 Alger 1013 Antrim losco Osceola Arenac Oscoda 1014 Iron Otsego 1015 Baraga Lake Charlevoix Presque Isle 1016 Luce Roscommon 1017 Cheboygan Mackinac 1018 Clare Manistee Sanilac 1019 Crawford Montmorency Schoolcraft **Emmet** Tuscola 1020 Newaygo 1021 Gladwin Oceana 1022 1023 1024 Micropolitan statistical area Michigan counties are as follows: 1025 Hillsdale Mason 1026 Allegan Alpena 1027 Houghton Mecosta Benzie Ionia Menominee 1028 1029 Branch Isabella Missaukee Chippewa Kalkaska St. Joseph 1030 Delta Keweenaw Shiawassee 1031 Dickinson Wexford 1032 Leelanau 1033 **Grand Traverse** Lenawee Gratiot 1034 Marquette 1035 Metropolitan statistical area Michigan counties are as follows: 1036 1037 Jackson 1038 Barry Muskegon Bay Kalamazoo Oakland 1039 Berrien Kent Ottawa 1040 Calhoun Lapeer Saginaw 1041 Livingston St. Clair 1042 Cass Macomb Van Buren Clinton 1043 Eaton Midland Washtenaw 1044 1045 Genesee Monroe Wayne 1046 Ingham Montcalm 1047 1048 Source: 1049 75 F.R., p. 37245 (June 28, 2010) 1050

Statistical Policy Office

Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs United States Office of Management and Budget

1051 1052

1053 1054 APPENDIX B

OCCUPANCY RATE TABLE

HOSPITA				
PROJECTE	D BED ADC		ADJUSTED E	BED RANGE
ADC _LOW	ADC_HIGH	OCCUPANCY RATE	BEDS_LOW	BED S_HIGH
30	31	60%	50	52
32	35	61%	53	58
36	39	62%	59	53
40	45	63%	64	72
46	50	64%	72	79
51	58	65%	79	90
59	67	66%	90	102
68	77	67%	102	115
78	88	68%	115	130
89	101	69%	129	147
102	117	70%	146	168
118	134	71%	167	189
135	154	72%	188	214
155	176	73%	213	242
177	204	74%	240	276
205	258	75%	274	344
259	327	76%	341	431
328	424	77%	426	551
425	561	78%	545	720
562	760	79%	712	963
761	895	80%	952	1119

LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

Limited access areas and the hospital bed need, effective November 1, 2014, for each of those areas are identified below. The hospital bed need for limited access areas shall be changed by the Department in accordance with section 2(1)(x) of these standards, and this appendix shall be updated accordingly.

LIMITED	BED BED	PREDICTED
ACCESS AREA	NEED NEED	PATIENT DAYS
1 Upper Peninsula	196	51,102
2 West Northern Lower Peninsula	310	84,639
3 East/Central Northern Lower Peninsula	127	31,383

Sources:

- 1) Michigan State University

 Department of Geography

 Acute Care Hospital Bed Need and Limited Access Areas 2014 Update

 August 6, 2014
- 2) Section 4 of these standards



ICD-9-CM TO ICD-10-CM Code Translation

ICD-9 CODE	Description	ICD-10 Code	Description
290 through 319	Psychiatric Patients	F01.50-F99	Mental, Behavioral, and Neurodevelopmental Disorders

"ICD-9-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification of Diseases - 9th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, prepared by the Commission on Professional and Hospital Activities for the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics.

"ICD-10-CM Code" means the disease codes and nomenclature found in the <u>International Classification of Diseases - 10th Revision - Clinical Modification</u>, National Center for Health Statistics.

CERTIFICATE OF NEED

2nd Quarter Compliance Report to the CON Commission

October 1, 2017 through September 30, 2018 (FY 2018)

This report is to update the Commission on Department activities to monitor compliance of all Certificates of Need recipients as required by Section 22247 of the Public Health Code.

MCL 333.22247

- (1) The department shall monitor compliance with all certificates of need issued under this part and shall investigate allegations of noncompliance with a certificate of need or this part.
- (2) If the department determines that the recipient of a certificate of need under this part is not in compliance with the terms of the certificate of need or that a person is in violation of this part or the rules promulgated under this part, the department shall do 1 or more of the following:
 - (a) Revoke or suspend the certificate of need.
- (b) Impose a civil fine of not more than the amount of the billings for the services provided in violation of this part.
- (c) Take any action authorized under this article for a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article, including, but not limited to, issuance of a compliance order under section 20162(5), whether or not the person is licensed under this article.
 - (d) Request enforcement action under section 22253.
 - (e) Take any other enforcement action authorized by this code.
 - (f) Publicize or report the violation or enforcement action, or both, to any person.
 - (g) Take any other action as determined appropriate by the department.
- (3) A person shall not charge to, or collect from, another person or otherwise recover costs for services provided or for equipment or facilities that are acquired in violation of this part. If a person has violated this subsection, in addition to the sanctions provided under subsection (2), the person shall, upon request of the person from whom the charges were collected, refund those charges, either directly or through a credit on a subsequent bill.

Activity Report

<u>Follow Up</u>: In accordance with Administrative Rules 325.9403 and 325.9417, the Department tracks approved Certificates of Need to determine if proposed projects have been implemented in accordance with Part 222. By rule, applicants are required to either implement a project within one year of approval or execute an enforceable contract to purchase the covered equipment or start construction, as applicable. In addition, an applicant must install the equipment or start construction within two years of approval.

Activity	2 nd Quarter	Year-to-Date
Approved projects requiring 1-year follow up	84	153
Approved projects contacted on or before anniversary date	56	111
Approved projects completed on or before 1-year follow up	67%	
CON approvals expired	20	39
Total follow up correspondence sent	221	400
Total approved projects still ongoing	316	

Compliance Report to CON Commission FY 2018 – 2nd Quarter Page 2

<u>Compliance</u>: In accordance with Section 22247 and Rule 9419, the Department performs compliance checks on approved and operational Certificates of Need to determine if projects have been implemented, or if other applicable requirements have been met, in accordance with Part 222 of the Code.

- The Department is in the process of conducting statewide compliance reviews for Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) beds, Special Care Nursery (SCN) services, Computed Tomography (CT) scanner services and Open Heart Surgery (OHS) services utilizing 2016 CON Annual Survey data. The Department is in the process of evaluating annual survey data, review standard requirements, and CON approved facilities for these selected services to identify the facilities for compliance investigations. The finding of the statewide compliance reviews will be reported to the CON Commission at a later date.
- Greater Michigan Lithotripsy, LLC The Department was notified that Greater Michigan Lithotripsy, LLC provided Urinary Shockwave Lithotripsy (UESWL) service with mobile Lithotripsy Network No. 164 to Beaumont Hospital Farmington Hills without CON approval. The facility was required to label either the exterior of their mobile Lithotripsy delivery trucks or the actual UESWL equipment to ensure the facility is able to identify the route that is providing the service. They were also required to the develop a system to ensure data accuracy of the data submitted in the CON Annual Survey as well as develop and provide a copy of their operational guidelines that ensure host sites they provide service to have appropriate Certificate of Need (CON) approval. The facility was required to pay a civil fine of \$16,766.
- Mercy Health St. Vincent Medical Center LLC d/b/a Mercy Health Life Flight After a survey data audit, the department became aware that St. Vincent replaced one of two CON approved helicopters without CON approval. St Vincent was required to submit an application for the replacement of the helicopter within 30 days of the executed settlement agreement. The facility was required to pay a civil fine of \$26,273.47.
- Saint Mary's of Michigan Standish Community Hospital The Department became aware that Saint Mary's of Michigan Standish Community Hospital had not performed surgery in one general operating room since July 21, 2015. The Department expired the general operating room surgical services but the facility can continue performing dedicated endoscopy/cystoscopy procedures in their one dedicated endoscopy/cystoscopy operating room. The hospital will have to file a letter of intent if they would like to begin performing general surgery in the future.

CERTIFICATE OF NEED

2nd Quarter Program Activity Report to the CON Commission

October 1, 2017 through September 30, 2018 (FY 2018)

This quarterly report is designed to assist the CON Commission in monitoring and assessing the operations and effectiveness of the CON Program Section in accordance with Section 22215(1)(e) of the Public Health Code, 1978 PA 368.

Measures

Administrative Rule R325.9201 requires the Department to process a Letter of Intent within 15 days upon receipt of a Letter of Intent.

A officient	2 nd Qu	ıarter	Year-to-Date	
Activity	No.	Percent	No.	Percent
Letters of Intent Received	104	N/A	164	N/A
Letters of Intent Processed within 15 days	103	99%	163	99%
Letters of Intent Processed Online	104	100%	164	100%

Administrative Rule R325.9201 requires the Department to request additional information from an applicant within 15 days upon receipt of an application, if additional information is needed.

A officiative	2 nd Qu	ıarter	Year-to-Date	
Activity	No.	Percent	No.	Percent
Applications Received	62	N/A	144	N/A
Applications Processed within 15 Days	62	100%	144	100%
Applications Incomplete/More Information Needed	44	71%	101	70%
Applications Filed Online*	57	100%	135	100%
Application Fees Received Online*	15	26%	32	24%

^{*} Number/percent is for only those applications eligible to be filed online, potential comparative and comparative applications are not eligible to be filed online, and emergency applications have no fee.

Administrative rules R325.9206 and R325.9207 require the Department to issue a proposed decision for completed applications within 45 days for nonsubstantive, 120 days for substantive, and 150 days for comparative reviews.

A a4::4	2 nd Qu	arter	Year-to-Date		
Activity	Issued on Time	Percent	Issued on Time	Percent	
Nonsubstantive Applications	43	100%	102	100%	
Substantive Applications	30	100%	48	100%	
Comparative Applications	0	N/A	0	N/A	

Note: Data in this table may not total/correlate with application received table because receive and processed dates may carry over into next month/next quarter.

Program Activity Report to CON Commission FY $2018 - 2^{nd}$ Quarter Page 2 of 2

Measures - continued

Administrative Rule R325.9227 requires the Department to determine if an emergency application will be reviewed pursuant to Section 22235 of the Public Health Code within 10 working days upon receipt of the emergency application request.

A a4::4	2 nd Quart	er	Year-to-Date	
Activity	Issued on Time	Percent	Issued on Time	Percent
Emergency Applications Received	0	N/A	0	N/A
Decisions Issued within 10 workings Days	0	N/A	0	N/A

Administrative Rule R325.9413 requires the Department to process amendment requests within the same review period as the original application.

A a4::4	2 nd Qua	rter	Year-to-Date		
Activity	Issued on Time	Percent	Issued on Time	Percent	
Amendments	17	100%	38	100%	

Section 22231(10) of the Public Health Code requires the Department to issue a refund of the application fee, upon written request, if the Director exceeds the time set forth in this section for a final decision for other than good cause as determined by the Commission.

Activity	2 nd Quarter	Year-to-Date
Refunds Issued Pursuant to Section 22231	0	0

Other Measures

Activity	2 nd Q	uarter	Year-to-Date		
Activity	No.	Percent	No.	Percent	
FOIA Requests Received	55	N/A	96	N/A	
FOIA Requests Processed on Time *	55	100%	96	100%	
Number of Applications Viewed Onsite	0	N/A	0	N/A	

FOIA – Freedom of Information Act.

Source: CON Evaluation Section, Michigan Department of Health and Human Services.

^{*}Request processed within 5 days or an extension filed.

Note: New or revised standards may include the provision that make the standard applicable, as of its effective date, to all CON applications for which a final decision has not been issued. **CERTIFICATE OF NEED (CON) COMMISSION WORK PLAN**

Attachment J

	2018											
	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Commission Meetings		Special Meeting	Meeting			Meeting			Meeting			Meeting
Bone Marrow Transplantation (BMT) Services		Discussion	Draft Language Presented				SAC Nomination	n & Selection Perio	od			
Cardiac Catheterization Services			Report/Draft Language Presented/ Proposed Action	Public Hearing		Report/ Final Action						
Hospital Beds			Report/Draft Language Presented/ Proposed Action	Public Hearing		Report/ Final Action						
Megavoltage Radiation Therapy (MRT) Services/Units		Discussion/ Report; SAC Nomination & Selection Period starts	SAC Nomination	& Selection Perio	d	SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting		SAC Meeting	SAC Meetings	SAC Meeting
Open Heart Surgery (OHS)		70.1000000	Report/ Draft Language Presented/ Proposed Action	Public Hearing		Report/ Final Action	S. te. Weeking	a.to.meeting		o. c. meeting	one meetings	<i>3.6.</i>
Psychiatric Beds and Services		Discussion; SAC Nomination & Selection Period starts		& Selection Perio	d		SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting	SAC Meeting
New Medical Technology Standing		Dep	artment Monitorir	ng		Departme	nt Monitoring		C	epartment Monit	oring	

For Approval June 14, 2018 The CON Commission may revise this work plan at each meeting. For information about the CON Commission work plan or how to be notified of CON Commission meetings, contact the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS), Policy, Planning & Legislative Services, Office of Planning, 5th Floor South Grand Bldg., 333 S. Grand Ave., Lansing, MI 48933, 517-335-6708, www.michigan.gov/con.

SCHEDULE FOR UPDATING CERTIFICATE OF NEED (CON) STANDARDS EVERY THREE YEARS*

Standards	Effective Date	Next Scheduled Update**
Air Ambulance Services	June 2, 2014	2019
Bone Marrow Transplantation Services	September 29, 2014	2021
Cardiac Catheterization Services	September 14, 2015	2020
Computed Tomography (CT) Scanner Services	December 9, 2016	2019
Heart/Lung and Liver Transplantation Services	September 28, 2012	2021
Hospital Beds	March 20, 2015	2020
Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Services	October 21, 2016	2021
Megavoltage Radiation Therapy (MRT) Services/Units	September 14, 2015	2020
Neonatal Intensive Care Services/Beds (NICU)	December 9, 2016	2019
Nursing Home and Hospital Long-Term Care Unit Beds and Addendum for Special Population Groups	March 20, 2015	2019
Open Heart Surgery Services	June 2, 2014	2020
Positron Emission Tomography (PET) Scanner Services	September 14, 2015	2020
Psychiatric Beds and Services	December 9, 2016	2021
Surgical Services	December 22, 2014	2020
Urinary Extracorporeal Shock Wave Lithotripsy Services/Units	May 29, 2018	2019

^{*}Pursuant to MCL 333.22215 (1)(m): "In addition to subdivision (b), review and, if necessary, revise each set of certificate of need review standards at least every 3 years."

^{**}A Public Comment Period will be held in October prior to the review year to determine what, if any, changes need to be made for each standard scheduled for review. If it is determined that changes are necessary, then the standards can be deferred to a standard advisory committee (SAC), workgroup, or the Department for further review and recommendation to the CON Commission. If no changes are determined, then the standards are scheduled for review in another three years.