FY22 Code Set Question/Answer Document Technical Assistance

July 27, 2021 (revised 10/22/21)

Question	Answer
Why are certain modifiers not included in the code sets? For	For clarity, we have created both an EQI code set
example, H2015 does not have an overnight modifier (UJ)	list and a Full code set list. The EQI code set list previously reviewed did not included Program modifiers that are not anticipated to impact costing, consistent with feedback received from the EDIT modifier subgroup.
	Based on additional review and discussion, the UJ modifier was added as a Method modifier and will be included in the SFY 2022 EQI code set list.
Why are many modifiers and codes present in the 2021 code sets but not present in the 2022 code sets?	Please see response to question above regarding clarity on the EQI code set list. The Changes From 21 to 22 Code Sets provides a list of all changes made. Modifiers that were determined unnecessary or where the information gained from the modifier was able to be captured elsewhere (such as BHTEDS or diagnosis codes) have been removed. This includes HF for SUD and U5 for Autism.
H0039 and H0039 Y4 are the only modifier combinations listed for ACT. It's indicated in the 'Team Based Service' row of this tab "Team-based Service - no provider modifiers". But on the Modifiers Code Lists tab, H0039 comes up in all the provider level modifiers, examples HN, HO, HP, SA, etc Does this mean it's optional to report provider level modifiers for ACT?	The EDIT modifier subgroup feedback suggested that the EQI code set reporting be limited to those that impact costing. In general, team-based services do not require provider group modifiers as they do not impact costing. However, MDHHS would like to retain provider group modifiers on the encounter reporting for monitoring purposes for ACT services. Similarly, they would also like to retain the UN-US modifiers for group size for ACT.
Under the U7 Modifier should Supported Employment, Supports Coordination, PT, OT services be added or some direction that U7 isn't needed on all services that are self determined? What qualifications are allowed to use H0031 in the new qualified providers in SFY 2022?	A note has been included on the Modifiers tab that U7 can be added to any code that is a self-directed service. We have included the U7 modifier in the Code Charts tab for all services that U7 is anticipated to be common. The qualified providers for H0031 is narrowed in SFY22 to the following providers:
	 Therapeutic Recreation Specialist (HN) Educator with a degree in education (HN) HR professional with a BA Behavior analyst Other providers previously qualified to provide H0031 can use other assessment codes appropriate to the service provided, as shown in the H0031 Crosswalk tab of this workbook.

Question	Answer
	A separate row exists in the Code Chart tab for H0031/WY, which is used for reporting SIS assessments face-to-face with consumer. Qualified providers for H0031/WY are:
	 Bachelor's degree in Human Services (HN) Four years of equivalent work experience in a related field (HM)
	A separate row exists in the Code Chart tab for H0031/WX, which is used for reporting LOCUS assessments. Qualified providers for H0031/WX are:
	 Bachelor's degree in Human Services (HN) Master's degree in Human Services (HO)
What is code T1040?	This procedure code is an indicator for CCBHC services and should be included as an additional claim line on all CCBHC encounters.
I notice in the definition for T1017 it does not include Supports Coordinator Broker. Will a Broker be allowed in the future?	The description will be modified to include "Case Management and Supports Coordination" as well as including the Supports Coordinator Assistant and/or Broker in the provider qualifications. Provider group modifiers will distinguish between the Supports Coordinator Assistant and/or Broker from the Supports Coordinator and Case Manager. There is not clear distinction across the state regarding definitions for Case Management and Supports Coordinator and MDHHS no longer is requiring separate identification.
The Final 2022 Code Sets list includes modifier 1Y-5Y for Supported Employment. Weren't those modifiers implementations deferred to SFY 2023?	The definitions for level of specificity that MDHHS wants have not been fully developed, discussed, and implemented into the Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM), including language surrounding groups and enclaves. MDHHS is delaying the implementation of these modifiers and H2025 to SFY 2023 to support further work on this service. SFY 2022 code sets will include the UN-US group modifiers for H2023 instead of the TT modifier.
Is the new Job Coaching (H2025) service applicable for groups,	Its intent is a "one-on-one" purpose only. However,
or is this intended to only be a one-on-one service? Which of the two modifiers should be used for a psychiatrist – AF (specialty physician) or AG (physician)? And what defines a "Specialty Physician?" Any information would be very helpful.	H2025 implementation is delayed until SFY 2023 The difference between the two would be that a "specialty physician" would specialize/be an expert in a field, such as psychiatry/cardiac/OBGYN/etc., whereas a "physician" would be a general practitioner, such as a primary care doctor. A psychiatrist would fall under the specialty physician modifier.

Question	Answer
Will you confirm that the TG modifier on the H2023 is going away for FY 22 as it relates to our supported employment services provided thru a MDHHS certified EBP? Shouldn't the TG be in the notes section as a prior modifier?	Y5 replaced the TG for H2023 effective 10/1/21.
Does the 'Modifier Prioritization' as written in the attached SFY 2022 Code Sets document still apply and considered final? We heard this may change to alphabetical order and just want to be sure we have the most current info. Are the '1Y-5Y' modifiers for Supported Employment finalized for 10/1/21? They do not appear on the 'Final 2022 List' tab of the attached worksheet and unsure if they are still pending.	The Modifier Prioritization will not be changing to alphabetical order. Modifier prioritization is not required on the encounter data but will be required in the EQI template reporting. The 1Y-5Y modifiers for supported employment have been delayed until SFY 2023.
What code are master's level clinicians supposed to use now when doing an intake assessment or annual assessment for our consumers? They have always used the H0031, and upon quick review of the H0031 crosswalk, it didn't appear that any of those other assessments that LPCs or LMSW/LLMSW can provide fit the definition for an intake or annual mental health assessment.	Please refer to the H0031 crosswalk tab in the SFY 2022 Behavioral Health Code Charts and Provider Qualifications workbook for possible options. Other suggested LMSW options include: 96110, 96112, 96113, 90791-90792. The code chart document can be found on our website: MDHHS - Reporting Requirements (michigan.gov) >> scroll down and click on Encounter Data Integrity Team (EDIT) and select the second bullet "SFY 2022 Behavioral Health Code Charts and Provider Qualifications." Encounter Data Integrity Team (EDIT)
Follow-up Question: I don't think that any of those codes seems to match the intake assessments that are done. I guess as a follow up to this question when it is discussed at the TA training, can they maybe further review exactly what 96110 is to see if that would cover the general intake assessment to see if they qualify for services, and is this only for children? What would be used for adults? 90791/90792 would not be appropriate to use as our psychiatrists use that code when they do psych evals. 96112/96113 doesn't seem appropriate either for the general intake assessment.	Follow-up Answer: The 90791 should be used by the staff that do not prescribe and the 90792 should be used by the prescribing staff. The 90791 is generally used by Master's level staff for biopsychosocial assessments.
Currently H0031 is being used for the Mental Health Initial Assessment / BPS and the annual BPS. The Initial is completed by a Master Level (LMSW) because the LBSW is not able to diagnose. The Annual is sometimes completed by a bachelor's level as the diagnosis is already assigned by other professionals through IPOS/IPOS Updates. The below is being interpreted to mean that only a clinician of a bachelor's or less can use the CPT H0031. If that is the intent, we will struggle to find an appropriate assessment code for the Initial and Annual BPS for professional providers. Were there suggested assessment codes offered by the modifier workgroup	Please refer to the H0031 crosswalk tab in the SFY 2022 Behavioral Health Code Charts and Provider Qualifications workbook for possible options. Other suggested LMSW options include: 96110, 96112, 96113, 90791.

Question	Answer
that LMSW's could use? Is it being suggested that H0002 code be used?	
We have a couple Psychologists that are limited license so	Yes, use the HO and we have added this to H2000.
when including the credential modifier would we use the HO? For ABA services if a Behavioral Technician has a bachelor's	There is not a modifier requirement for Behavioral
degree what credential modifier are you looking for as the HN is listed for the BCBA?	Technicians. 9/10/21 update: the HM to reflect the BT should be used on 97153, 97154, and 0373T.
	9/13/21 update for clarity: BCBA requires a master's degree which is the HO modifier not HN.
Can we implement the FY22 Modifier changes as a "rolling implementation" over the next twelve months, with completion of the implementation by 10-01-2022, instead of a "hard implementation" where all IPOSs, Authorizations and Claims must be converted to the new modifiers on 10-01-21?	Authorizations and Claims but must be converted to use the new modifiers effective 10/1/21.
Can MDHHS add the master's level and Doctoral level modifiers back to H0031? The rationale for this request is that there are several assessments that can be performed by either bachelor's or master's level staff. If MDHHS does not add back the Master's/Doctoral modifiers, then we will have to report two different codes for the same assessment tool—one for the bachelor's level staff and one for the Master's/Doctoral level staff. Note: the outcome of an assessment does not vary based upon the provider's education-level; we recommend that all education-level modifiers be allowed on H0031. The cost of an assessment does vary based upon the amount of time the assessment takes: LOCUS assessments are quick, whether staff has a bachelor's or Ph.D., and that pays a lower rate than a Biopsychosocial which takes a long time, whether staff has a Bachelor's or Ph.D. LOCUS assessment can be performed by either Bachelor's level staff or Master's level staff. The initial Biopsychosocial assessments are usually performed by Master's level staff, due to the diagnostic array. Whereas the annual biopsychosocial assessments are often performed	There will not be two codes. H0031 is the only code. LOCUS use HN for bachelor's and higher degrees. Additionally, add the WX to show that it is LOCUS. SIS - use HN for bachelor's and higher degrees. You can track locally the staff level with an internal method; however, the Department will not be tracking on this. Additionally, add the WY modifier to show that it is SIS.
by Bachelor's level staff. Can MDHHS keep the AH, AJ and HP modifiers in place for H0031 for the Autism Eligibility Assessment? DWIHN currently uses H0031 to complete eligibility evaluations for the Autism Spectrum Disorder Benefit. Typically, this consists of an ADOS-2 and an ADI-R among other things, however, since the ADOS-2 is not standardized with PPE/telehealth MDHHS has indicated that a combination of parent interview, history review and behavior assessment instead of an ADOS-2.	MDHHS recommend the use of the 96116. We will add the 96116 to the H0031 Crosswalk and update the provider qualifications to allow for Physicians, MSWs, Psychologists, Professional counselors and Marriage and Family Therapists. 9/10/21 Update: Lyndia Deromedi pointed us to some research that was done as to what codes best reflect the ABA assessments. DBPCodingUpdate2019final.pdf (washington.edu)

Question	Answer
We have reviewed the MDHHS "H0031 Crosswalk of options for assessment codes by provider type" and DWIHN is having a difficult time finding an alternative code to cover this service, as it might involve administration and scoring of psychological measures, or it may not, given the issues with standardization with PPE/Telehealth.	According to this document it states that while the 96116 works, the better two codes to use for ADOS testing are 96112 and 96113.
The clinicians completing this are either master's level or PhD level clinicians. Is it possible to keep modifiers AH (clinical psychologist), AJ (clinical social worker), HP (doctoral level psychologist) in place for the ASD Benefit? If not, does MDHHS have a specific code that they want DWIHN to utilize to authorize this service?	
Occupational Therapy and Physical Therapy assessments and services can only be provided by "HN – Bachelor's degree" staff or OT/PT Assistants. Sometimes our OT/PT staff have master's degrees. Can MDHHS add the modifier "HO – Master's degree, Other" back to the OT/PT codes?	The HO is available in the Behavioral Health Code Charts and Provider Qualifications workbook. I also see that the HO is available on the EQI Code List.
Our clinicians have raised another question about the Psychotherapy service array: 90832, 90834 and 90837. These codes require the Education-level modifier in Mod_1 and either Y4 (Co-occurring EBP) or ST (Trauma) in Mod_2. However, our clinicians question what to do if a member with cooccurring disorders needs psychotherapy for a trauma related issue. Do they have to decide between Y4 and ST, or can we report all three modifiers: Education-level + Y4 + ST? Currently the MDHHS excel file does not include rows for 90832, 90834 and 90837 with all three modifiers listed. Please advise on how we should approach this?	We will update the list to reflect the code and modifier options.
Does MDHHS plan to restore the H0043 CLS per diem code?	There are no plans currently to restore the H0043 per diem code.
If staff are doing an hour HB service and they spend 30 minutes with the client & mom; and then spend 30 minutes with mom only, do you expect to see 2 encounters? One with the HS (client not seen) modifier and one without?	Home based is a bundled rate provided to the child, parent and/or family. If it is a session that includes both the child and the
One H0036 for 2 units One H0036 HS for 2 units	parent (for the majority of the consecutive session then only one encounter and progress note are needed.
Or is the HS modifier only to be used when there is a HB service where client was not present at all? Example: HB contact with mom only for 1 hr. = H0036 HS for 4 units.	If the entire session is without the client and only with the parent use HS modifier.
H0001 - Substance Use Disorder: Individual Assessment – the threshold was changed from 1/day to 4/year. If this intended to be by "provider"? There are individuals that present	This is fiscal year and PIHP based, not by provider. The PIHP can support the expense 4x per FY.

Question	Answer
multiple times throughout the year for an assessment and may have more than 4 times per year. Is this calendar or fiscal year?	
Modifier AH – Licensed Psychologist – PhD, Is this the same as Modifier HP – Behavioral Health Professional PhD? If so, should they have the same modifier?	The HP modifier is for PhD level of education, so it is appropriate for any provider holding this credential.
Modifier HN – Occupational Therapist, should this include master's degree?	The HN is already included in the Code Charts tab, MDHHS will update the Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk tab to include the HN for the Occupational Therapist.
Certified Criminal Justice Professional Reciprocal is the same as Modifier HO Certified Criminal Justice Professional Reciprocal. Should the HN include bachelor's degree and HO include master's degree?	The HN, bachelor's degree, for Certified Criminal Justice Professional Reciprocal is already included on the Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk. MDHHS will update the Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk tab to include the HO, master's degree, for the Criminal Justice Professional.
Modifier HO – Physical Therapist, should this include doctoral degree?	The code chart and Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk have been updated to include the HP modifier for DPT.
McBAP Certification and Certified Clinical Supervisor, should this include master's degree?	The HO, master's degree, for the McBAP is already included on the Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk.
Development Plan Supervisor, should this include master's degree?	The HO, master's degree, for the Development Plan Supervisor is already included on the Job Title- Modifier Crosswalk.
Mental Health Clinician, should this include master's degree?	The HO, master's degree, for the Mental Health Clinician is already included on the Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk.
CCPD – Master's, can you clarify what CCPD is?	This is likely referencing CCDP, which is a Certified Co-Occurring Disorders Professional. Perhaps the person has an earlier version that may have had a typo.
Modifier WR – Peer Recovery Coach – Should this broken out by the certification completed for SUD Recovery Coaches, such as a	The modifiers are not intended for this level of granularity. Peer Recovery Coaches all would use the WR modifier.

Question	Answer
modifier for those that have completed the MDHHS training vs.	
those that completed CCAR/Other training. Those with the	
MDHHS certification bill for the H0038 Substance Use Disorder:	
Recovery Support Services service code and the others bill the	
T1012 Substance Use Disorder: Recovery Support Services	
service code. Would the MDHHS bill with the WR modifier and	
the other use the WS modifier?	
Can you provide guidance for the new group size modifiers	For determining the number, use the number that
(moving from the TT modifier), is the modifier established when	attended the majority of the session and would be
creating the group or the number participating in each group	eligible for a billable service. This modifier does not
session? If the latter, do you count participants at the	change the current billing standards for generating
beginning or the end of the session? There are times when	a service encounter.
individuals attend late or leave early or both. Is there a	
"minute" threshold that is considered to have attended enough	
to count as fully participated? If so, what is the minute	
threshold for a 60/90 minute group attendance?	
What is the definition of job coaching for the new H2025 code?	H2025 is applicable for Individual Competitive
We have many different definitions of job coaching and would	Integrated Employment (ICIE) only. This code
like to know when to use the new code.	implementation has been delayed to 10/1/2022.
 Job Coaching with new person = time limited. Person 	
learns the job, coach fades off	
 Job Coaching – long term supports = coach is needed in 	
an Enclave setting. Guidance and direction will always	
be needed.	
 Job Coaching – follow along support = individual is 	
secure in job placement. Job Coach will complete face	
to face with individual on a limited basis, (i.e.	
once/month) to make sure all is going well.	
During the Milliman presentation today for the SCA model,	The best code for the question is A0090 (non-
transportation codes were discussed. I know that there are	emergency transportation, per mile - vehicle
codes that are expiring as of 9/30 and I have researched what	provided by individual (family member, self,
codes are available to us as of 10/1/20. None of the per mile	neighbor) with vested interest. The other option is
codes sound like they would encompass our situation. Our	A0080 is for non-vested interest parties, e.g.
providers are using their own home vans and some staff in self	volunteers, but it is possible that staff could be
determined arrangements are probably using their own	considered as having a vested interest.
personal vehicle. I looked in the HCPCs book for expanded	Additionally, the S0215 per mile code is also
descriptions. We do have vocational providers that bill us for	available.
certain consumers that they provide transportation for that	
appears could fall in the A0120 since they bill us per day and we	
could get them probably to bill us per trip.	
Since we had been told to bundle the costs years ago, we went	
to having the providers bill us using an indirect code and we	
would allocate that cost back to the service that it related	
to. We couldn't get on board with everyone bundling that cost	
and having a consistent rate that is why we chose to do it this	
way. We are now aligned for FY 23 to make the transportation	
change, but when Jeremy said we had codes available and that	

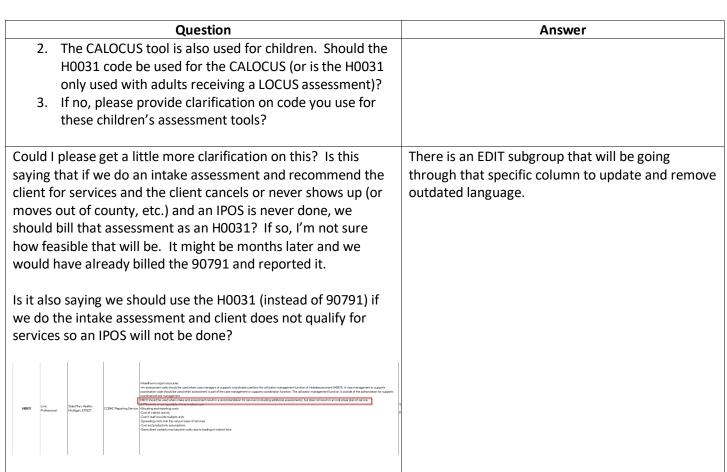
Question	Answer
some providers were going to pilot for FY 22, I decided to see what we were looking at for change and I just don't see a code per mile that will work for our situation.	
HCPL Service Category Service Category Detail Management Reporting Units Reporting Units Reporting Code Description Monemergency transportation Per mile Non-emergency transportation Non-emergency	
T1016 allowed a paraprofessional to provide the service as a case manager assistant. Did that service move to another code/modifier, are those staff able to use T1017 without a BA degree, or are you eliminating the case management assistant altogether?	The supports coordinator assistant is available for T1017.
CM – T1017 was never allowed to have "assistants" provide services where SC could use "assistants". Is this changing in FY 22 where both CM & SC can use "assistants"?	Yes, both CM and SC can use assistants starting in FY22.
Modifier question: we conduct the LOCUS as part of our H0031 assessment. How would you suggest we break out coding and modifier use WX for LOCUS if it is part of our full psychosocial assessment? When counting persons for using the correct U modifier, in	You will need to break out the LOCUS from the assessment so would be reporting two encounters. One for the LOCUS and one for the assessment. You would report one encounter with the WX modifier to indicate the LOCUS was performed as part of the assessment. Only open consumers should be counted.
Home Based services, do you count just open consumers, or family members/others present?	,
For the T1017 change (elimination of T1016) will there be differences between the waiver and state plan with different requirements and separate funding or if it is all getting merged under the state plan.	T1017 is a state plan service, therefore the funding is coming from Medicaid State Plan, Healthy MI plan, and EPSDT.
I don't see H2025 in the code set. I do have another question now, related to DBT and the Y2 modifier. It looks like the Y2 modifier appears with several codes in the 'Modifiers Notes with Impact to Costs' column on the Code Chart such as 90832-90837, 90847, 90849, 90853, H0036 and S5111, which are all therapy modes, except S5111, parent/family training. But there is also the DBT specific code H2019 which does indicate that it is to be used by staff certified in DBT by MDHHS. This is a bit confusing. We currently report any DBT therapy service rendered by trained staff regardless of modality (i.e. induvial therapy, family therapy, group therapy, etc.) or age of the patient, using the H2019 code rather than the other CPT codes for therapy. Should we be using the standard CPT codes and the Y2 modifier for DBT rendered to adolescents or is H2019 Y2 acceptable? Are DBT services ever allowed to be rendered by staff not certified and trained by MDHHS and that type of staff would use the standard therapy codes rather than H2019? H2019 does have the Y2 modifier available for use.	H2025 will not be implemented until SFY2023. MDHHS requests that the Y2 modifier reported on DBT for Adolescents. This will need to be reported on 90832-90837, 90847, 90849, 90853, H0036 and S5111 service codes. We will take the Y2 off the H2019 since that is a standalone adult DBT service.

Question	Answer
I noticed that the "TV" modifier for "Holiday Rate" in the Children's Waiver and SED Waiver programs does not appear on the Proposed Modifiers tab nor on the Code Charts tab. Has it been discontinued, or should we keep it? If it has been discontinued, do we still have to pay a "Holiday Rate" for these services?	This modifier was discontinued when the SEDW and CWP changed from FFS to managed care because a year end cost settlement is no longer required. If the CMH still wants to use it locally that's fine, but we don't need it reported to MDHHS.
H0031 Crosswalk: I total understand why a license person should be using a CPT code if they are performing services such as: nutrition therapy, PT, OT, Speech, and services within their disciplines. I am confused when you get to the 90791 and 90792. Are you no longer requiring the "assessment"? Will all the paperwork required by the PIHP assessments go away? Will the providers now be able to do a 90791/90792 when they feel its medically necessary. Or is it true you expect the same questions and all the requirements of a H0031 to be billed as a 90791/90792 just based on discipline. Currently all the paperwork required by the PIHP is way more	The use of other assessment codes by provider type instead of H0031 does not change or remove any current requirements for PIHP assessments. There are several assessment codes recommended on the crosswalk, depending on the scope of the service. There is not a crosswalk for H0001 or H0002. Update: MDHHS added H0002 to the H0031 Crosswalk. This provides an additional replacement code.
than a 90791 and/or 90792. These codes have requirements and if there are more requirements (like there currently are) you cannot call it a diagnostic evaluation. What is required in the PIHP/State of Michigan "Assessment" H0031 is above and beyond these AMA CPT code descriptions. Please correct me where I am wrong. This is a big issue as some PIHP want you to cross walk H0001, H0002 and H0031 all to a 90791/90792 and no way are they the same.	
Can you clarify if the following modifiers will continue for SUD services? HA - services provided to adolescents HD - Women's Specialty Services (WSS) TF - Enhanced Women's Specialty Services (EWSS) Staff are working on Provider contracts, and we want to ensure we haven't overlooked any changes for SUD services.	HD will remain for SFY22. HA and TF are both discontinued effective SFY22.
Should the U-modifiers be used for H0005 for consistent reporting for group based services?	The U modifiers for H0005 have been added.
Does the HS modifier need to be attached to 90846? The CPT definition of the code is without client present. If so, should the HS modifier be removed from 90847 with the expectation that 90846 be used instead? On the new code chart for next FY there is an error on 0373T	We removed the HS modifier from 90846 and 9047 since the service name states whether or not the patient is present. There was an error and MDHHS has updated to the
Modifier column. I think the first one should be HM and the 2nd one should be HO:	Code Sets tab so that the 0373T shows the correct Master's level modifier for the BCBA.

Question	Answer
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Supports Coordination T1016 has historically been a requirement for HAB Waiver clients. With T1016 Supports Coordination expiring on 09/30/2021, and converting into T1017 Case Management, what does this mean for the HAB Waiver clients require of supports coordination? Is that no longer a requirement?	The coding change does not impact the HSW requirements.
Regarding the case management code that is coming on October 1, are we still required to have a staff to provide the case management and also have the Targeted Case Management modifier- or will all case management under that code be sufficient? The reason I ask is because we are having one heck of a time getting individuals who qualify for the targeted case management role, but if that will no longer be required, this might free some things up for us.	The provider qualifications are still required per the approved state plan amendment policy as written.
It appears that the therapy codes (i.e. 90832, 90834, 90837) include modifiers that are not qualified to provide the service based on the current provider qualifications, such as bachelor's level and lower.	The chart is correct since the CMHP allows for the bachelor level for children's services. Updated the SUD Therapy lines to delete the bachelor's level and lower providers as well.
Would it be possible to add back T2003 for gas cards? For SUD services, this code is sometimes used to provide a gas card to assist with transportation costs for individuals to attend treatment. Code S0215 would require payment directly to the consumer which is not allowed.	T2003 has been added back.
What is HR professional in the code sheet in reference to provider qualifications for H0031? To me HR is Human Resources so that can't be right. Should this be HS for Human Services bachelor's degree? The ability for a bachelor's level social worker to perform these assessments seems to have been removed even though they are QMHP. I'm wondering if that was intentional or if this HR is the issue?	This is an error. It would Human Services Degree as the QIDP allows that option. The charts will be updated.
I have another question about education-level modifiers. If a Pharmacist (Doctor of Pharmacy) provides an assessment and a treatment plan as part of our Med Drop program, which codes should we use and which education-level modifier should we use? Please help. We previously reported H0031 and H0032 for the assessment	The PIHP/CMHSP Provider Qualifications list only two codes specifically for a Pharmacist (H2010 and H0020). H0032 does list the HP modifier for "psychologist" which is for a PhD level position but can also be used for the PhD Pharmacist. For H0031, please see the cross walk. Any codes with "psychologist" listed is able to use the HP modifier.
and treatment plan, respectively. Although we have the "HP" modifier for "Doctoral level", Pharmacist is not listed as a job description for HP.	

Question	Answer
In conversations about the H0031 assessment changes for FY 22, it was brought to my attention if we have our LMSW use a 90791 for our intake as opposed to the H0031 that we currently use and the consumer has Medicare and we ultimately bill for that – then suppose the consumer is authorized for psych services, our prescriber could not code a 90792 for the psych eval to begin services we could not then bill Medicare because of how we coded the intake. Any suggestions?	MDHHS asked for additional details as to why the 90792 would be unavailable and the response was that: the psychiatrist would bill using the psych eval code 90791 or 90792 – you can't bill a 90791 for the assessment then turn around and bill another psych eval with med review 90792 a couple of weeks later. Medicare allows for one psych eval for one episode or if there is a change in the situation that would warrant another eval. Our recommendation is to use the crosswalk to find an alternative code then if the 90791 won't work.
Additionally, we didn't find where we could bill Medicare for non-physician's practitioners except for: Coverage Guidance Coverage Indications, Limitations, and/or Medical Necessity Psychiatry and Psychology are specialized fields for the diagnosis and treatment of various mental health disorders and/or diseases. References to providers throughout this policy include physicians, and non-physicians, such as clinical psychologists, independent psychologist, nurse practitioners, clinical turse specialists and physician assistants when the services performed are within the scope of their clinical practice/education and authorized under the state law. Do you have documentation that we can use LMSW, LPC and marriage counselors for a psych eval for dual eligible?	MDHSS only has information pertaining to the allowable providers for Medicaid covered services. Per CHAMPS, the allowable providers to bill for 90791 are: Physicians, Psychiatrists, Clinical Nurse Specialist, Licensed and limited-licensed Psychologists, Marriage and Family Therapists, Nurse Practitioners, Physician Assistants, Professional Counselors, and Master level Social Worker's.
Instead of having to use the A0120/A0130 and determine the mode of transportation (bus vs wheelchair van) could we not just use T2003 and enter one encounter for the day with the total charge? I dislike that the HCPC book is so vague – any suggestions?	We agree that T2003 can be used.
Also, we provide bus tickets to some of our consumers. Could we use the A0120 code for those situations? What if we provide a transportation booklet which allows for multiple trips but we might not know when they take those trips. Could we enter on one day into our claim system a service equal to the number of trips that booklet allows or do you have another suggestion for us to be able to record that expense with a reportable encounter?	Use T2003 for bus tickets/token/gas cards. Bus tickets are like gas cards in that they both are prepaying up front for travel that will occur as the funds or tickets are drawn down/used.
 90834 does not allow for the ST modifier – is that intentional? 90832: has been assigned the Y1 modifier for Prolonged Exposure Therapy, but Prolonged Exposure Therapy is expected to be 90 minutes in duration (there are times it may not be exactly 90, but it should be 90837 not 90832. Autism will now be captured through diagnosis codes and BH-Teds. This should be updated for diagnosis only as Teds does not have a field for Autism 	 We will add the ST to 90834. We will remove the Y1 from the 90832 and add to the 90837 to reflect the higher time.
1. For 90839 and 90840 the only evidence based practice modifier listed is Y4, no Y1, Y2, Y3. This might make sense based on that it's 'psychotherapy for crisis' but wanted to double check. And should 90839 and 90840 have the ST modifier?	1. We will add Y1, Y2, and Y3 for 90839 and 90840. We will add ST to 90839.

Question	Answer
 2. On the "Code Chart" tab, 90832 has ST, Y1, Y2, and Y4 listed, but 90834 only as Y4, 90837 only has ST, Y2, and Y4, and 90839 only has Y4? Seems all should have what 90832 has. Is this correct? 3. Also 90792 for MH coverage has Y4 listed but 90791 does not? But seems both these services could be rendered as "SAMHSA approved EBP for Co-Occurring disorders? Is this correct? 	2. We will update the "Code Chart" to ensure 90837, and 90839 have ST, Y1, Y2, Y3, and Y4 modifiers listed. 90832 will have ST, Y2, Y3, and Y4. 3. We will add the ST modifier for 90792. We will add Y4 to 90791.
With all of the changes coming to the H0031, I am hoping you can help clarify what code should be used to complete an Intake? Would we continue to use the H0031? The 90791 will not work for many of our individuals as they have Medicare. Medicare requires that 9 codes to be provided in a clinic setting and many of these individuals must be seen in their own homes.	Please see the H0031 crosswalk. H0031 will be limited in use in FY22 (please see code chart for qualifications).
Any direction you could provide would be greatly appreciated. The H0002 is a brief screening which is used for the initial call when access to services are being requested. The actual intake assessment is much more in depth. The intake assessment is typically scheduled at the time of the brief screening and often times is completed in the individuals home. Are there any other suggestions on codes that could be used?	Please see the H0031 crosswalk. H0031 will be limited in use in FY22 (please see code chart for qualifications).
In addition, to the above, I have another question in regards to screenings for codes such as: 96110, 96112, and 96113. Is there a list of approved screenings that can be used? One in particular we found was the Columbia Suicide Screen. The GAD-7 and PHQ-9 are not necessarily designed for the DD population and do not allow for a proxy to help in answering the questions. If you have a list of screenings that could help, it would be greatly appreciated.	The general descriptions of the codes should guide the selection of the appropriate code for the assessment. Some assessment tools may be locally used, but not specified in the code description.
Is it possible to add the HO (master's level) to the SIS Assessment (H0031 WY) on both this and the EQI charts? If not, should we just use the Bachelor's modifier for our Master's level person that does ours?	No, just use the bachelor's level modifier for bachelor's and higher providers.
The H0031 code is to be used for the LOCUS and SIS assessments, but the CAFAS, PECFAS, and DECA assessments (all for children) were not included to use the H0031.	WX with H0031 is used for the LOCUS WY with H0031 is used for the SIS
As the CAFAS, PECFAS, and DECA are all assessment tools for children (each one based on the child's age) to assist in determining the appropriate Level of Care,	The CALOCUS is not recognized in Michigan and would not require a modifier. The state would not expect encounters to reflect use of this tool.
similar to the LOCUS for SMI adults, should the H0031 be used for the CAFAS, PECFAS, DECA assessments?	CAFAS, PECFAS, and DECA - Please see the H0031 crosswalk. 96110-96113 identify use of these codes for these assessments.



I feel like we have had this discussion before, but please review my logic below and confirm that I am correct. We hired a staff in a case management role. They have a Master's in Education (school counseling), but a Bachelor's in psychology. When I look at the Master's level modifier below none of the provider qualifications fit so I assume that we would enter that staff degree for that position as Bachelors and use the HN modifier – do you agree? Could we use a blanket statement that we use the highest level of degree that the staff has related to the services that they will be providing?

Current Provider Qualifications SFY 2022 Modifiers Ţ, Educator with a degree in education HN - Bachelor's Level Therapeutic recreation specialist HN - Bachelor's Leve OIDP or CMHP: if case manager has only bachelor's degree without specialized training or experience, they must occupational Therapist be supervised by a CMHP or GIDP. Services must be provided by a CMHP or is supervised by a CMHP while the individual is working towards becoming a CMHP to any child beneficiary with SED. Services to children ages 14 through 17 with SED must be provided by a CMHP trained in CAFAS. Services rendered to children ages 4 through 6 with Master's social work. SED must be provided by a CMHP trained in PECFAS. Services rendered to a young child, birth through age 3, must be provided by a CMHP trained in the Devereux Early Childron Assessment (IFCA). HN - Bachelor's Leve HN - Bachelor's Leve ch-language pathologist T1017 HO - Master's level Licensed professional counselor HO - Master's level Marriage and family therapist HO - Master's level Childhood Assessment (DECA) Psychologist HP - Doctoral Level Licensed physician's assistant SA - PA. NP. CNS ndependent Facilitator WQ - Independent Facilitator Supports Coordinator HN - Bachelor's Level HM - Less than Bachelor's Level Supports Coordinator Assistant HM - Less than Bachelor's Level TD - Registered Nurse

MDHHS agrees with adding the highest degree level allowable such as in this case the bachelor's since master's did not fit. Not every provider level of education/degree can possibly be listed.

For further clarification related to reporting the LOCUS, CAFAS, DECA. We currently complete these assessments during another service, such as an Intake, Annual, Periodic Review, so

Current practice is to count one encounter, so an additional encounter would not be appropriate. The intake would include all activities

Question	Answer
we have been reporting it under that service, which could be an H0031, T1016, T1017 based on which service they were providing. Would you now be expecting that same service still to be reported and then another encounter for the LOCUS, CAFAS, Deca? For Example, we would report the following for the same person and same service date: H0031 - No Modifier for the annual assessment H0031 - WX or 96127 based on which assessment is completed (LOCUS, CAFAS etc.)	in the encounter. Additionally, an original call to gather initial information would not be considered an encounter.
We want to be sure that we are not reporting two encounters when we should only be reporting one.	
Currently, at MCCMH, the 'LOCUS' assessment is rendered and integrated into the Intake Assessment services and annual reassessment services. As of 10/1/2021 we won't be using H0031 for our intake assessments. Would it be possible to use the WX modifier on other assessment codes if the LOCUS is a part of that service? Like for example, if an Intake Assessment is coded to 90791, could we use 90791 WX? If not, would it then be the State's expectation to see two claim lines on the Encounter, if the assessment was rendered on the same day as LOCUS? One for 90791 (intake), one for H0031 WX for the LOCUS portion?	We will be updating the code chart to allow the WX to be added to all the assessment codes found in the H0031 crosswalk. The use of 90791 WX will be allowed, and reporting will only be one encounter. Update: It was asked if the WX could be added to the T1017 and H0039. The LOCUS is a separate activity from case management. Utilize the appropriate assessment code with the WX modifier. ACT clinician would provide the LOCUS as part of the bundled service. We will add to H0039 to show when the LOCUS is provided. 9/3/21: we have added the WX to T1017.
Will you look at the code chart for S0280 and give me your opinion. The modifier tab show HG as being removed for FY22. However, the S0280 in the Code Chart tab show it being used.	The modifiers tab will be updated to reflect the HG will remain for SFY2022 for Opioid Health Home (S0280) only.
I noticed that G2067, G2068, and G2073 are not listed on the new code chart. Are these codes changing or being removed as of 10/01/2021?	We will add these codes back to the code chart and will note that they are only for the dual eligible (Medicare/Medicaid) population.
 According to the new Code Chart when we are looking at modifier W7 we are only seeing that noted for H0019. A number of our affiliates felt that would also be used for H0010, H0020, and H0018. Can you confirm what Codes the state is expecting to see W7 on? 	We agree that it should be on H0018 and it is listed for H0018 on the code chart. H0010 – W7 will not be added. H0020 - W7 will not be added.
 We wanted to make sure we are setting up group modifiers correctly and there was some question in the region about who counts as a group member. Is it only the individuals in the group the PIHP is paying for or do have those entering the claim account for total number of consumers in the group? 	
 For number of people served- 2 CMH + 5 private insurance pts do we report 7 or 2 	 Answer – 2 would be counted. Just count the CMH consumers not the private insurance patients.

Question	Answer
If we have families or caregivers are present for the	Only count CMH active/open consumers
group- does this also include those individuals.	and not family/support persons.
 For codes with limited credentialling modifiers identified, for example- CLS service provided by those with less than a bachelor, would we restrict use to only that modifier, is the state going to flag as an error if 	You would report the highest level allowed for that code. If the code only lists up to bachelor's and a master's level provides the service, you will report the bachelor's modifier. Update and example: please select the provider
modifiers indicating a higher level of education are applied, If someone had a bachelors or even a Master would we report that code.	that best fits who is providing the service. If the educational level is not listed, such as a Doctor of Occupational Therapy, then please pick the next highest degree that fits which would be Master's unless they are a Physician.
	Please note the qualifications and qualifying modifiers listed are a non-exhaustive list, use the staff level modifier that best represents the qualifications of the rendering staff. The Current Provider Qualifications column contains an
	exhaustive list.
Can we please get HO added to this so we can bill/report our Limited Licensed Psychologist (LLP)?	We have added the HO provider level modifier to H2000. This would be for master's level limited-
Processignt AF - Colonal Level Beha-	licensed psychologists.
Monther Transformer Place Transformer Tr	Update: we are removing the HO from H2000. This caused confusion since the Limited Licensed Psychologist should be using the AH per the Job
	Title-Modifier Crosswalk.
Would you mind confirming please – which of the following is correct when we complete both a CAFAS/PECFAS and another	If the CAFAS/PECAFAS is being done as a part of the initial/periodic assessment then you would only
type of clinical assessment:	report one encounter and yes, the clinician who performs that assessment does need to be
MDHHS wants us to report one encounter – but we need to make sure that the eliminion who performed	qualified to perform the testing.
need to make sure that the clinician who performed the clinical assessment is qualified to perform a	MDHHS wants us to report one encounter
CAFAS/PECFAS, because the assumption is that the	 but we need to make sure that the
encounter should/may have encompassed the	clinician who performed the clinical
completion of a CAFAS/PECFAS.	assessment is qualified to perform a CAFAS/PECFAS, because the assumption is
2. MDHHS wants us to report two encounters – one for	that the encounter should/may have
the CAFAS/PECFAS assessment and a second one for the other type of clinical assessment, selecting from the codes you provided below as appropriate.	encompassed the completion of a CAFAS/PECFAS.
codes you provided below as appropriate.	This is only if, the CAFAS/PECAFAS is being done as
	part of the initial/periodic assessment and not being done separately on a different day/time.
Question about the need for a modifier for a Behavioral	The 97153 should report the HM modifier for
Technician billing for CPT 97513.	Behavior Technicians. Previous guidance above was updated to include this revision.
When we look at the Code Charts tab in the SFY 2002 Behavior	That aparted to morage this revision.
Health Code Charts and Provider Qualifications that is currently	
on the MDHHS Website, for CPT 97513 it shows HM – Less than	
Page 15 of 2	r

Our all a	A
Bachelor's Level. When we look on the Job Title Modifier Crosswalk tab it shows Behavioral Technician under the HM modifier. We believe we should be adding the HM modifier in our I system to reflect this for reporting to MDHHS because these seems to be where the Behavioral Tech providing the service falls. Other for EQI reporting we would have not modifier to report under for the vast majority of the services provided for the CPT. The email below indicates that we are wrong and no modifier is necessary. E-mail: BTs will not need to have a degree modifier added. Below is a snip from the FY22 Code Set TA questions and answers. I also included a link to the document for you.	Answer
when including the credential modifier would we use the HO? For ABA services if a Behavioral Technician has a bachelor's degree what credential modifier are you looking for as the HN is listed for the BCBA? There is not a modifier requirement for Behavioral Technicians.	
H0031 Crosswalk question for ABA assessments and ADOS testing	Earlier in this document we recommended that the 96116 be the replacement for the H0031 for ABA assessments. Lyndia Deromedi pointed us to some research that was done as to what codes best reflect the ABA assessments. DBPCodingUpdate2019final.pdf (washington.edu)
	According to this document it states that while the 96116 works, the better two codes to use for ADOS testing are 96112 and 96113.
Looking at 97153 as an example, if a provider hires a "behavior tech" to render 97153, but the behavior tech has a bachelor's degree but is not a BcaBA, what modifier does the State recommend they use? HM for less than bachelor's degree would not be accurate, but HM is defined particularly in the ABA codes for use of BcaBA.	We are really looking at the role the provider is and not the individual's personal education level. So, for 97153 we have the BT listed so you would choose the BT role not based on degree level. The BT may have a master's degree but again you would pick the provider modifier listed which is the HM.
For 0373T the BcaBA qualifications modifier is listed as HM, where elsewhere on the document it directs HN to be used for BcaBA. Might just need correcting?	This was an error. We have corrected 0373T for the BcaBA to have the HN modifier.
While reviewing the SUD services, I observed a couple retiring modifiers are included in the Reporting Code Description column. a. 90785 – the HF modifier is included b. T1012 – the TT modifier is included Should these be removed?	MDHHS fixed these lines to remove the references to the HF and TT modifiers in the Reporting Code Description column.
Transportation to be inclusive of program service code or report transport code separately for following daytime	Separate reporting for these costs was postponed until FY23.

Question	Answer
programs/activities scenarios? (Some of the following codes listed on the FY22 Code Charts column for the costing consideration list transpiration as inclusive and some do not) Please confirm leaving transport costs to/from/during service as inclusive within the daytime activity program codes (CLS, Skill Build, Clubhouse, Drop-In, OP clinic visits) remains appropriate for costing and reporting until FY23?	, more:
Please confirm leaving transport costs to/from/during service as inclusive within the daytime activity program codes (CLS, Skill Build, Clubhouse, Drop-In, OP clinic visits) remains appropriate for costing and reporting until FY23?	Yes, this is correct.
What code should CMHSP use to pay a provider (Ex: psychologist) to attend Behavioral Treatment Committee meeting to present a behavioral plan writing for approval by BTC (Client not present)? Historically we have been using a "H0032 TS" as part of plan development, but this code requires face to face and consumer is not present at BTC?	 The H2000 – Behavior Treatment Plan Review with the TS would be the best fit for this. Service does not require face-to-face with beneficiary for reporting. Minimum staffing: Three individuals that include psychologist and physician or psychiatrist. In order to report, at least two of the three must be present. Use TS modifier when a committee member or their designee monitors the activities of the behavior treatment plan. TS - Monitoring Treatment Plans There is one submission of the H2000 as a team code. The facilitator of the process is the person recording/submitting the code, which is submitted once as an encounter. Others are considered members/attendees, not billable participants. The case manager, if attending, would bill the case management code if not the facilitator. Removed this verbiage as to bill T1017 the beneficiary must be present, and the beneficiary would not be in attendance of the BTC
The Medicaid Provider Manual has historically specified for Targeted Case Management that: [Services include assessment, planning, linkage, advocacy, coordination and monitoring to assist beneficiaries]. The State has therefore instructed previously that case managers should use T1017 for any of these activities AFTER the consumer has been authorized for ongoing TCM services—i.e., AFTER an intake clinician has already completed and coded the initial BPS (H0031) and planning (H0032) appointments during which it was determined whether to authorize or deny the provision of services.	attendance of the BTC. Although there is an expansion of what is defined as TCM, the use of T1017 for these services has not changed. T1017 will continue to be used by CSMs for assessments, plans, etc.

Question	Answer
For FY22, do you expect services such as the annual BPS, IPOS meetings, IPOS reviews, to all be reported as T1017 once the consumer has already been receiving ongoing TCM? Or are you now expecting case managers to use codes such as 90791, H0032, etc. for these types of services even when they occur AFTER the initial BPS and plan?	
There is also related confusion with the LOCUS. If MDHHS wants annual/periodic assessments coded as T1017 for Case Management consumers, then it would seem that the WX modifier needs to be added as an allowable modifier for T1017 if the CSM is doing a LOCUS during the annual assessment session. Please confirm whether that is the intent.	A LOCUS assessment done by a bachelor's level case manager would be reported as H0031 WX HN, HN modifier indicating bachelor's level.
When it's in conjunction with/part of the case manager's annual BPS? Doesn't seem to be consistent with page 14 of the TA document where only one encounter is reported. It's going to generate another encounter line if they're not allowed to put the WX on the T1017 (or H0036 or H0039). Are the U modifiers for multiple clients served in Home Based to be used for multiple families?	The LOCUS is a separate activity from case management. Utilize the appropriate assessment code with the WX modifier9/30/21: we have added the WX to T1017. The U modifiers are for the patients/consumers being served and not the families. Only open consumers should be counted.
The annual BPS provided by the Case Managers also includes the LOCUS assessment, I don't see where WX has been included as a modifier for T1017.	A LOCUS assessment done by a bachelor's level case manager would be reported as H0031 WX HN, HN modifier indicating bachelor's level. The LOCUS is a separate activity from case management. Utilize the appropriate assessment code with the WX modifier. 9/30/21: we have added the WX to T1017.
The annual BPS provided by the ACT workers also includes the LOCUS, I don't see where the WX has been included as a modifier for H0039 either.	ACT clinician would provide the LOCUS as part of the bundled service. We will add to H0039 to show when the LOCUS is provided.
PMTO Certifications – For staff who have completed training but have not yet received the Certification (apparently these are taking a while to get) can we use the Y3 once training is completed? I thought I saw a statement somewhere that talked about a transitional modifier.	There is no transitional modifier. Use the Y3 modifier when the training and certified in the model is complete.
 According to the Code Set Technical Assistance, the WX will be added to all assessment codes found in the H0031 crosswalk. If I am reading this correctly, this is being done for two reasons: To ensure that when the LOCUS is completed as part of the initial/annual Assessment only one encounter is reported. To ensure the completion of the LOCUS is reported This is a great option for those master's level clinicians who utilize the assessment codes. My question is what about the case managers? The time the case manager spends completing the assessment is built into the T1017. If the LOCUS is 	A LOCUS assessment done by a bachelor's level case manager would be reported as H0031 WX HN, HN modifier indicating bachelor's level. The LOCUS is a separate activity from case management. Utilize the appropriate assessment code with the WX modifier.

Question	Answer
completed as part of the annual assessment would we be reporting one encounter still? Would this be T1017 WX or should we report the encounters separately as T1017 for the	
assessment and H0031 WX for the LOCUS? In talking with some regional partners I have discovered that some report the assessment and treatment plans developed by Home Based master's level clinicians as H0036 while others report those activities as H0031 (soon to be 90791) and H0032. Can MDHHS provide guidance on the proper reporting of these activities?	H0036 should be used.
Does the BCBA –Master's (HO) need to be added for S5111? Looks like the BCaba – Bachelor's level is only listed. My understanding is that the H2000 is to be reported as one encounter for the meeting where the BTC discussed the consumers chart. If we paid a provider using that code, we could not also record another H2000 for the rest of the members that attended, correct? This will be very difficult if we encounter this situation.	We cannot list every possible provider for each code. You should pick the provider modifier that best fits. There is one submission of the H2000 as a team code. The facilitator of the process is the person recording/submitting the code, which is submitted once as an encounter. Others are considered members/attendees, not billable participants. The case manager, if attending, would bill the case management code if not the facilitator. Removed this verbiage as to bill T1017 the beneficiary must be present, and the beneficiary would not be in attendance of the BTC.
Checking in this, to make sure I'm clear, the list of qualified providers/modifiers in the qualification section of the code line on the chart is non-exhaustive? So for example, H2011, the peer staff type modifiers are not listed, but per the Medicaid Provider Manual, Peers can be a part of ICS teams. Would we report H2011 with the peer modifier or would we need to use the modifier of the supervising physician or staff?	The peer would use their own peer services code such as H0038 to report and not the actual crisis code. Same for supported employment and others.
With the certified peer support modifier no longer being allowable for H2023 services, for IPS services, is it still allowable to utilize a peer?	 When a peer is acting within the peer role then they would report their applicable peer code (e.g. H0023, H0038) If the peer is a qualified provider of the service (e.g. H0039 WS) then they would report that. If the peer is not acting as a peer but is doing another type of service, such as transportation, then they would report that applicable provider modifier because they are not being a peer but instead providing a different service.
Questions related to group Modifiers (U modifiers). How do providers account for extra staff sharing facilitation of a therapeutic group or group activity Are all CMH consumers accounted for and given a modifier that reflets total number	Please refer to both to CMS regarding definition of group and double billing. I am copying some sources below:

Question	Answer
served or are we breaking consumers up in coordination with staff present? Example	CMS definition of "group": Individual and group psychotherapy may be individual therapy with 1 or more therapists or more than 1 individual in a
If we have 6 CMH consumers and 2 staff: Do we report a 3 person group/UP or a 6 person group/US.	therapy session with 1 or more therapists. Medicare Mental Health (cms.gov)
If we have a large group of 18 consumers engaging in a group community outing with 4 staff. 1 staff is activity supporting 2 consumers identified with higher needs and the remaining consumers are split between the other 3 staff. Do we code all consumers with the correct code and a US modifier or break them up according to staff support? 2 consumers receive a UN 6 Consumers at a US And the remaining 10 consumers each coded with a UR.	Double billing: If two staff persons provide a service such as group therapy, can both of them bill? No, claims with duplicate line items will be rejected as double billings. Billing FAQ (washington.or.us). This would be when two staff provide services to one group. Both cannot bill the same beneficiary for the same service. What is Double Billing in Medical Billing - Capline Medical Billing (caplineservices.com)
	"In medical billing, double billing is commonly defined as a provider's attempt to bill Medicare/ Medicaid, be it a private insurance company or the patient for the same treatment, or when two providers attempt to get paid for services rendered to the same patient for the same procedure, on the same date." What is Double Billing in Medical Billing - Capline Medical Billing (caplineservices.com)
Can you tell me if the HM modifier is required for services such as H2014, H2015, Clubhouse etc.? I don't see it on the BH Code Set List but it is listed under the Code Charts.	So, for the H2014 and H2015 there are no staff/provider level modifiers required.
I'm looking for some information around the T1040 code. The chart states "This procedure code is an indicator for CCBHC services and should be included as an additional claim line on all CCBHC encounters". So, if we have a consumer that receives a service (E/M therapy etc) would be include that code (99214 plus the T1040) on the encounter to show that the consumer is CCBHC? Just trying to make sure I understand what you mean by indicator.	Clubhouse does have provider level modifiers. The T1040 applies ONLY to the CMS CCBHC Demonstration Sites, not the SAMHSA CCBHC Expansion Grantees. We will make that clear and look to communicate that to all of our PIHPs and CMHSPs, too.
We are wondering if we need to use the HM modifier for both T1005 Respite and H2015 Community Living Supports. I know there is a disclaimer at the top of the chart that states this is non-exhaustive list for modifiers but we want to assure we are in compliance with MDHHS reporting requirements. We noticed the job title modifier chart lists Direct Support Professionals (DSP) using a HM modifier -	The H2015 has only one qualified provider, therefore no modifier is needed. Regardless of the credential of the person providing H2015, they are acting as a DSP when providing this service. The other example (T1005) has more than one qualified provider, so the HM is included.
We see the code charts under T1005 Respite lists DSP with a reportable modifier of HM.	

Question	Answer
However, under H2015 CLS the provider qualification lists DSP as performing the service but does not list the HM modifier. Should we attach the HM modifier to both codes T1005 and H2015?	
Additionally, we sometimes have a nurse provide H2015, should we attach the TE or TD to delineate the service provider despite that provider not being listed?	
I noticed that the U modifiers are allowed on the family therapy codes, but that doesn't make sense to me since you are just serving one family at a time. Can you help me understand when we would report multiple consumers for that service?	The family therapy codes are also intended for group therapy, so the U modifiers apply to the group therapy sessions.
I need a little clarification. Can the LMSW do the Behavior Plan monitoring (H2000 TS), just not the H2000?	As the provider qualification notes that TS can be used by a member or designee, it makes sense to add the modifier to H2000.
If we have a LLBSW on the ACT team, can he provide the Hospital pre-screen (reported as H0039 WN)? Questioning this because Bachelor's level people cannot diagnose. If no, can he provide it if a master's level signs too?	When conducted as part of ACT, this would be appropriate since ACT uses a team based approach and is a bundled service.
I was looking at the code chart and I noticed that when this new chart was created they removed the definitions that were in there previously that would guide you in knowing which code to pick for example H2015/H2023 it used to say that if the person was on the job and only needed help with personal care and no vocational skills it would say select H2015 CLS. But all of that seems to be missing. Is there someone we can ask at the state if they plan on putting that information back in there or not?	We will add this information back into the code chart in the Reporting and Cost Considerations columns for codes H2015 and H2023.
We are still working through the transition away from H0031. A question came up about 96116 and 96121. Both are identified as being for use within a 60 minute time frame. Our question is if these codes are not used for a full hour of direct time can they still be used. For example 96116 is identified to be used for the first 60 min. if someone is see and the assessment/ session ends in 48 min are they still able to bill using 96116. Subsequently if you douse this code for an entire hour and the session extends to be 1 hour and 35 minutes can submit using both 96116 and 96121. Appreciate your thoughts on this.	tap mithiu the code charts and bronides and horizontal and service. Below is an example table for hor formula and 69-minute codes and hor they and a service. Below is 15-minutes of service. Below is 15-minutes of service. Below is an example table for the 15-minute and 69-minute codes and hor they would be counted when the rounding rule is applied. Please refer to the 15-minute codes. 1. Select the service (see CPT code descriptions). 1. Select the service (see CPT code descriptions). 2. Report a timed service based on face-to-face time on each date of service. 2. Report a timed service based on face-to-face time on each date of service. 3. The CPT rule states that a unit of time is attained when the mid-point is passed.

Question	Answer
	Since the 96116 midpoint is reached at 31 minutes then an assessment that ended at 48 minutes would be billable.
I have reference the technical assistance and seen where individuals questioned about the WX being added to the T1017, H0036 and H0039. I have seen where MDHHS has answered that the WX will be added and referenced the T1017 and H0039 but nothing for the H0036. Will the WX be added to the H0036 for when infant Mental Health clinicians complete the annual assessment which has the LOCUS included?	We will be adding the WX to the H0036.
Should regular Crisis Intervention be coded H2011 while Intensive Crisis Stabilization, is coded to H2011 HT? S9484 is listed in the mobile crisis cost category though? Are adult ICS services not considered mobile at this time? Adult ICS services are allowed to be rendered in the community, so I don't see how that isn't "mobile" but I think that's the difference currently, children's ICS are considered 'mobile' but adult ICS are not (per Medicaid Manual). There is some notes on the old chart about keeping S9484 for ICS services for adults but we opened up H2011 for mobile and ICS services for children, around the time the 'mobile' stuff was being implemented because most of the time the mobile ICS services were not an hour long so couldn't be coded to S9484. If the intent of the "mobile" cost center is to only capture costs and services for Children's Mobile ICS, then S9484 could be moved to the Crisis Services category, or be in both. In Crisis Services without the HT modifier for ICS for adults and in the Mobile Crisis category with the HT modifier for 'Mobile Crisis' for children, or just in the Crisis Service category for non-mobile ICS, and all "mobile" ICS only be coded to H2011 HT. Just to note, because our ICS teams do go into the community, it's confusing to think of Children's ICS as "mobile" but adult ICS is not, because technically it is, so not sure if there is something we can do about that confusion and just call all ICS mobile.	As of right now the adults and kids can use the H2011 HT for mobile crisis. However, we expect that this will change as we will need to be able to track to it being part of an enrolled child or adult program.
Currently we are using H0031 to report Functional Behavior Assessments completed on individuals who are not involved in ABA services. A comprehensive functional assessment includes: a. a review of records for psychological, health and medical factors which may influence behaviors (e.g. medication levels, sleep, health, diet, psychological and neurological factors); b. an assessment of the person's likes and dislikes	MDHHS is researching this question and will provide guidance soon.
(events/activities/objects/people);	

Question	Answer
c. interviews with the individual, caregivers and team	
members for their hypotheses regarding the causes of behavior;	
d. a systematic observation of the occurrence of the	
identified behavior for an accurate definition and	
description of the frequency, duration and intensity;	
e. a review of the history of the behavior and previous	
interventions, if available;	
f. a systematic observation and analysis of the events that	
immediately precede each instance of the identified	
behavior;	
g. a systematic observation and analysis of the	
consequences following the identified behavior;	
h. analysis of functions that these behaviors service for	
this person;	
i. get/obtain: interaction, reaction, desired activity, self-	
stimulation, other;	
j. escape/avoid/protest: an emotional state,	
demand/request, activity, person, other;	
k. an analysis of the settings in which the behavior occurs	
most/least frequently. Factors to consider shall include	
the physical setting, the social setting, the activities	
occurring and available, degree of participation and	
interest, the nature of teaching, the schedule, routines, the interactions between the individual and others,	
degree of choice and control, the amount and quality of	
social interaction, etc.	
There are no codes on the H0031 crosswalk that fit what is	
completed during this type of assessment. There is however,	
under the ABA benefit, the 97151 Behavior Identification	
Assessment which consistent with what is completed in an	
FBA. Would MDHHS look into allowing the 97151 for use with other populations?	
I've been asked by one of our contract agencies if Supported	Indirect services code may not occur at the same
Employment, H2023 can be provided at the same time as CLS,	time. Like the majority of our services, they can't
H2015? The agency is stating the provider was providing job	be used "at the same time" in terms of actual time
development activities, non-face to face, while the individual	(e.g., more than one service being provided from
was in program receiving CLS services.	11:00-11:15 a.m., for example) there would not
	be an issue with an individual receiving services for
	both SE and CLS as long as both are identified in the
	IPOS and are medically necessary.
Can H0039 be reported with the Peer Recovery Coach modifier	We will add the WR to H0039.
WR?	
1. Is telehealth no longer available for 97153, Speech and	1. Yes, these are still available on the COVID-19
OT codes? We do not see the GT modifier in Program	Encounter Code Chart is still in effect. Once this
Modifier Notes/Column G in the SFY 2022 Behavioral	chart goes away after the deemed Federal PHE is
Page 23 of 2 5	over then you will start using the BHDDA

Question	Answer
Health Code Charts and Provider Qualifications Spreadsheet.	Telemedicine Database that is on our reporting requirements page.
2. Our contracted Dietician has historically used Treatment Planning/H0032 TS when monitoring dietary treatment plans. We know AE has been added to Dietary codes. Do we need to add AE to H0032 TS when the Dietician is providing this service or is AE not a modifier for this code? Or because AE is not listed is treatment planning/H0032 TS no longer available for the Dietician to use?	2. The dietician modifier is not listed; however, please select a provider level that best fits for the dietician. We cannot possibly list every profession and degree or the chart would never end.
I was asked by a supervisor if a LLMSW could render the 90791 for an assessment. I went to the code chart – noting in the current provider qualifications chart (which is supposed to be	The HO is for both limited licensed and licensed MSW's per the Job Title-Modifier Crosswalk:
an exhaustive list), it does not speak to limited license. My answer would then be no to the supervisor, but I wanted to	Licensed/Limited Licenses Social Worker - HO Master's
double check my interpretation since we switched to the new multi tab format for the code chart – which I love, but want to be sure I am using it properly. Previously there was a statement about limited license supervised by fully licensed – is that statement somewhere in the new spreadsheet? Please advise.	See statement on Qualifications Crosswalk tab: Social Worker - Individual who possesses Michigan full or limited licensure as a master's social worker or a bachelor's social worker. Social workers with limited licenses must be supervised by a fully-licensed master's social worker.
Should the HN be added to the respite code in case we do have a bachelor or above staff providing respite services? Are you expecting that T1005 will always be reported with a modifier?	The provider level modifiers for T1005 are HM, TD, and TE. You would pick from those the most appropriate.
The region also was hoping to see if we could have T1023 looked at for use with the WX modifier. This will help us report that a Locus was completed during a prescreen.	MDHHS will add the WX to the T1023.
I would like to request clarification on a modifier example. T1005 and H0045 require a credentialing modifier. I see that H2015 and H2014 do not require a modifier because it was determined that the credentials of the provider would not impact the rate. Wouldn't this be true for Respite? I know that we have some family respite providers that hold a degree, but the rate is not different. And their degree may be in an unrelated field. Can you confirm that the credentialing modifier is required for those services and if there is a specific field of study for providers with higher education?	There are nursing respite services. PDN services has a nursing respite option that is included in the HSW and CWP which is the reason they have indicated the modifier for the RN or LPN to provide this service. It is specifically for individuals who require skilled nursing interventions for 24 hours per day which the maximum amount a nurse can provide is 16 hours where the family or responsible caretaker would provide the other 8. In situations when the family is not available a second nurse is required to provide this service for those hours the family is not there. The rate reimbursed for this respite service is higher because of the skilled

Question	Answer
	nursing interventions they are providing which can only be provided by a RN or LPN.