

MICHIGAN CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD) HOSPITALIZATIONS

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Abstract

This dataset contains inpatient hospitalization records for Michigan residents age 25 and over admitted with a primary (first-listed) diagnosis of COPD (ICD-9-CM 490, 491, 492, 496, or 493.2* [. *when 490-492 or 496 is present in any of the secondary diagnosis codes], or ICD-10-CM J40-J44). The data are aggregated and stratified by county of residence, admission year, age group, and gender.

Purpose

This dataset should provide data for both the National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network and the Michigan Environmental Public Health Tracking Network. It is intended to provide public health professionals, researchers, Tracking grantees, and the general public with summary information on COPD hospitalizations in the State of Michigan. The data are used to calculate COPD hospitalization measures including (1) the number of hospitalizations for COPD, (2) the crude rate of COPD hospitalization per 10,000 population, and (3) the age-adjusted rate of COPD hospitalization per 10,000 population.

Supplemental Information

Hospitalization data are provided by the Michigan Health and Hospital Association (MHA) to the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) through a contractual agreement. MHA annually collects data for the Michigan Inpatient Database (MIDB) from patient discharge records supplied by all Michigan acute care hospitals and hospitals in contiguous areas of Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin, and from several other states where Michigan residents were admitted. Data on Michigan residents who were hospitalized in another state were included. Discharge records from Michigan hospitals include both Michigan residents and non-Michigan residents whereas records from out-of-state hospitals only include Michigan resident discharges. Data provided by the hospitals were carefully checked and edited by MHA to ensure the validity of the data received. The data were further reviewed and verified by staff in the MDHHS Division of Vital Records and Health Statistics (DVRHS) using multiple sources including previous MIDB files and Michigan driver license files. Hospitals provided patient zip code of residence, but not county of residence. Thus, both MHA and DVRHS derived codes for county of residence from the patient's reported zip code. Because some zip codes fall into two or more counties, "weights" were applied. The weights were created by using the percentage that a zip code fell under each county. When a zip code intersected more than one county, DVRHS took into account all the weights. For example, for 100 records, if zip code "X" intersects counties A (weight = 60%) and B (weight = 40%), MHA would assign all 100 records to county A whereas DVRHS would randomly select 60 records for county A and 40 records for county B. The county field generated by DVRHS was used for this dataset. The hospitalization

data provided on MiTracking are based on year of admission. In other words, selecting “2010” from the query will provide hospitalizations or rates for people who entered the hospital during that year. This is meant to standardize data between states in the Tracking Network and better align with possible exposures. Because the original MIDB dataset is categorized by discharge date, MiTracking must create an admission-based hospitalization dataset using the subsequent year's discharge-based dataset. For example, if a patient was admitted to the hospital on December 30, 2010 and released January 2, 2011, they would be captured in the 2011 MIDB dataset. MiTracking would then remove them from the 2011 dataset and enter them into the 2010 dataset. This step increases lag time for providing the most-recent data. Data for non-Michigan residents and for hospitalizations from federal facilities (such as Veterans Affairs or Indian Health Service hospitals) were excluded. Race and ethnicity are not reported in this dataset due to issues with the quality of the data collection process at individual hospitals. Data have been de-identified to protect patient confidentiality.

Keywords

Respiratory disease; disease of respiratory system; health effects; health outcome; COPD; respiratory disorders; obstructive lung disease; reactive airway disease; COPD hospitalizations; COPD hospital admissions; Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

Bounding Coordinates

West Bounding Coordinate: -90.418133999999995

East Bounding Coordinate: -82.418394000000006

North Bounding Coordinate: 48.189534000000002

South Bounding Coordinate: 41.696088000000003

Other Information on Data

Level of Geographic Detail: County

Currentness Reference (when data were last updated): 7/26/2018

Frequency at which the data are updated: Annually

Data Status: Complete

Completeness Report

These data include inpatient hospitalizations of Michigan residents discharged from non-federal acute care hospitals by admission year. The data do not include hospitalizations from federal facilities such as Veteran Affairs hospitals. These data are based only on primary discharge diagnosis codes (ICD-9-CM 490-492, 496, 493.2* [*only when 490-492 or 496 is present in any of the secondary diagnosis codes]; or ICD-10-CM J40-J44). Race and ethnicity are not reported in the dataset due to issues with the quality of the data collection process at individual hospitals. The data are based on number of hospitalization events. No attempt has been made to remove

duplicate records resulting from a repeat visit for the same event or a transfer between acute care hospitals; thus, duplicate records may exist for a single hospitalization event.

Data Processing Description

The dataset was processed and created using data from the Michigan Resident Inpatient Files, which are based on the Michigan Inpatient Database (MIDB). The MIDB was obtained with permission from the Michigan Health and Hospitalization Association Service Corporation (MHASC). The dataset was prepared using the instructions found in the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) *How-to-Guide for Data Submission Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Hospitalizations* (July 2016). The MIDB is an inpatient discharge-based dataset, but an admission-based dataset for hospitalizations was created using the year of interest and the subsequent year of data.

- All hospital admissions for one year with a primary diagnosis of COPD were included in the new dataset, which was cleaned and processed using SAS 9.3/9.4 to exclude non-Michigan residents and recode values of the county field to a 5-digit code (the first two digits were 26 [the state FIPS code] and the three remaining digits were the appropriate county FIPS code). For example, the County field value for a resident of Wayne County would be "26163."
- Values for the gender field were also re-assigned ("1" to "M" [Male], "2" to "F" [Female], and "0" to "U" [Unknown]). Patients were assigned into one of 5 age groups (25 to 44, 45 to 64, 65 to 84, and 85 and above) based on their age at the time of admission.
- Transfers between acute care hospitals were not excluded from the data.
- Counts of inpatient hospitalizations for COPD were aggregated by admission year, county, age group, and sex.
- Rates were calculated using vintage bridged-race population estimates available through the National Vital Statistics System (NVSS) for years in between each census (e.g. 2001-2009) and U.S. census bureau population data for census year 2010.

Access Constraints

There are no access constraints for data available through the Michigan Environmental Public Health Tracking program public portal. Where applicable, restricted data will only be released to users after a written request detailing the purpose of the request, intended use for the data, and specifics on the security and privacy measures to be taken to safeguard patient privacy and prevent unauthorized access to or use of the data. Such requests are reviewed and approved by MHASC. The Michigan Tracking Program will review each request to certify that the purposes described are reasonably calculated to promote public health or promote the efficient, effective delivery of healthcare in Michigan before forwarding the request to the DVRHS for review and further consideration, including possible consultation with MHA. Please contact the Michigan Tracking Program for more information.

Use Constraints

It is recommended that all users read and fully comprehend the metadata prior to data use. Efforts have been made to assure the accuracy of the data. These data are supplied by MHA to MDHHS for submission to the National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network at CDC. The data are also used by the Michigan Tracking Network to compile, integrate, and provide environmental hazard, exposure, and health effects data according to criteria and requirements set forth by the CDC on its data explorer. MHA and MDHHS specifically disclaim responsibility for any analyses, interpretations, or conclusions made by those who access this information.

These data remain the property of the MHA and cannot be used for commercial purposes and shall not be used to engage in any method, act, or practice to conduct the solicitation or advertisement of goods, services, or real estate to Michigan consumers.

Data users are prohibited from attempting to learn the identity of any person included in the data and from linking these data with any other data for the purpose of matching records to identify individuals or entities (such as hospitals).

Hospitalization data, by definition, do not include COPD among individuals who do not receive medical care or who are not hospitalized, including those who die in emergency rooms, in nursing homes, or at home without being admitted to a hospital, and those treated in outpatient settings.

Differences in rates over time or by area may reflect differences or changes in diagnostic techniques and criteria and in the coding of COPD. Note: The US transitioned from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM for coding conditions at hospitals on October 1, 2015. Differences in results before 2015, and after 2015 could be due to this particular coding change and not an actual difference in the number of events.

Reporting rates at the state and/or county level will not show the true COPD burden at a more local level (e.g., neighborhood).

Reporting rates at the state and/or county level will not be geographically detailed enough to be linked with many types of environmental data.

Differences in rates by area may be due to different socio-demographic characteristics and associated behaviors. When comparing rates across geographic areas, a variety of non-environmental factors, such as access to medical care and diet, can impact the likelihood of persons being hospitalized for COPD.

The Michigan Environmental Public Health Tracking Program and its data partners have applied appropriate cell suppression rules imposed by the data providers and/or using guidance from the CDC. Even at the county level it can be expected that the measures generated will often be based upon numbers too small to report or present without violating state and federal privacy guidelines and regulations. Staff have adhered to the cell suppression rules by suppressing all counts greater than 0 but less than 6 (the corresponding rates based on these small counts have also been suppressed). Complementary suppression has also been completed to prevent any back calculation of suppressed cells. For some data, it was necessary to increase cell sizes by combining data across time (e.g., years) and geographic areas (statewide instead of county-level data).

Usage rights: Portions of these data are taken from a proprietary database owned and maintained by the Michigan Health & Hospital Association Service Corporation (MHASC). All rights reserved. These data may not be used for commercial purposes without first obtaining written permission from the MHASC. Contact MHASC at datakoala@mha.org for more information.

Security Handling Description

If data are distributed, the use constraints specified in this metadata apply to all recipients of the data.

Distribution Liability

The Michigan Public Health Tracking Network is maintained, managed, and operated by the Division of Environmental Health (DEH) within MDHHS. In preparation of these data, every effort has been made to offer the most current, correct, complete, and clearly expressed information possible. Nevertheless, some errors in the data may exist. In particular, MDHHS disclaims any responsibility for source data, compilation and typographical errors and accuracy of the information that may be contained in these data.

These data do not represent the official legal version of source documents or data used to compile these data. MDHHS further reserves the right to make changes to this data at any time without notice.

It is strongly recommended that careful attention be paid to the contents of the metadata file associated with these data to evaluate dataset limitations, restrictions, or intended uses. MDHHS shall not be held liable for improper or incorrect use of the data described and/or contained herein.

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If errors or otherwise inappropriate information is brought to our attention, a reasonable effort will be made to fix or remove it. Such concerns should be addressed to the Michigan Tracking Program.

Custom Order Process

For access to national and multi-state unrestricted or public use data, please see:

<http://ephtracking.cdc.gov>

For access to unrestricted or public use Michigan-specific data, please contact the Michigan Health & Hospital Association Service Corporation (MHASC) at datakoala@mha.org for more information.

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