Birth Defects Profile in Michigan Prosperity Region 3

(Alcona, Alpena, Cheboygan, Crawford, Iosco, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscoda, Otsego, Presque Isle, and Roscommon Counties)



Birth Defects in Region 3 (2011-2017)

- There were roughly 1,750 infants born in Region 3 each year.
- Just under 150 of these infants were born with a birth defect.
- Hypospadias and Trisomy 21 were the most prevalent birth defects in Michigan and Prosperity Region 3 (Table 1).
- The prevalence of all birth defects was similar between Prosperity Region 3 and Michigan as a whole.



Michigan Birth Defects Registry (MBDR)

- By law, hospitals and medical labs report certain health conditions affecting Michigan born babies up to 2 years of age.
- MBDR information is confidential. It is used to:
 - Calculate baseline rates
 - Analyze trends
 - Identify and respond to public health concerns
- MBDR data helps us understand health and development needs, identify causes, and share prevention strategies

Table 1. Prevalence of Selected Birth Defects within Prosperity Region 3 andthe State of Michigan, 2011-2017

	Prosperity Region 3		Michigan	
Birth Defect	Number of Cases	Prevalence (per 10,000 live births)	Number of Cases	Prevalence (per 10,000 live births)
Anencephaly	0	0.0	79	1.0
Cleft Lip with Cleft Palate	13	10.6	597	7.5
Cleft Lip without Cleft Palate	*	*	292	3.7
Cleft Palate without Cleft Lip	11	9.0	589	7.4
Gastroschisis	6	4.9	362	4.6
Hypoplastic Left Heart Syndrome	*	*	333	4.2
Hypospadias	52	42.6	3,116	39.3
Limb Deficiencies	*	*	360	4.5
Spina Bifida	7	5.7	363	4.6
Tetralogy of Fallot	9	7.4	443	5.6
Transposition of the Great Arteries	*	*	408	5.1
Trisomy 21	15	12.3	1,071	13.5
Total Number of Live Births	12,220		793,151	
* Data suppressed due to birth defects pounts of less than sig				

* Data suppressed due to birth defects counts of less than six.

MBDR Data Limitations and Cautions

- Data are based on passive reporting which means it is the responsibility of facilities to identify and report cases of birth defects. Not all facilities report cases as completely and timely as would be the ideal.
- Some facilities report children with a birth defect that is later "ruled out" resulting in an over count of the actual number of cases.
- Children diagnosed and treated in facilities in other states may be missed which will significantly affect the completeness of data for Michigan's boarder counties.

Birth Characteristics among all Mothers and Babies

Between 2011 and 2017, roughly 1,750 babies were born in Prosperity Region 3 each year.

During an average year in Prosperity Region 3:

Mom's Race and Ethnicity

- 1,600 or 94 percent of infants were born to white, non-Hispanic mothers.
- * 10 or less than 1 percent of infants were born to Black, non-Hispanic mothers.
- 60 or 3 percent of infants were born to all other non-Hispanic mothers.
- 40 or 2 percent of infants were born to Hispanic mothers.

Mom's Socioeconomic and **Educational Status**

- 1,100 or 61 percent of all births reported Medicaid as the intended payer.
- 260 or 15 percent of infants were born to mothers with less than a high school education.
- **560** or **32 percent** of infants were born to mothers that had a high school education.
- 670 or 38 percent of infants were born to mothers that had some college or an associate degree.
- 260 or 15 percent of infants were born to mothers that had a college degree.

Data source: Michigan resident live birth files, MDHHS, Division of Vital Records and Health Statistics, 2011-2017.





Health Before, During, and After Pregnancy

- 980 or 56 percent of infants were born to mothers who were overweight or obese.
- 640 or 37 percent of infants were born to mothers that used tobacco during pregnancy.
- 150 or 9 percent of infants were born prematurely.
- 130 or 7 percent of infants were born at a low birth weight.
- 13 or 1 percent of infants were born to mothers who had pre-pregnancy diabetes type 1 or type 2.



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Mom's Age

- 150 or 8 percent of infants were born to teenage mothers (15 to 19 years).
- 1,450 or 83 percent of infants were born to mothers of reproductive age (20 to 34