

DHS JUVENILE JUSTICE
SPECIALIST GUIDE TO
SEAMLESS REENTRY SERVICES
FOR YOUTH

October 14, 2014

2:00-3:00pm

Housekeeping Issues



- Put your phone on MUTE. Do NOT put your phone on HOLD.
- You must be logged on using your computer and call in for audio (1-877-336-1831, access 5335146).
- Questions submitted in writing to the presenter during the webinar will be answered at the end of the webinar.

Overview



- JJS Role & Responsibilities
- Permanency Planning
- Identification of Release Date
- Treatment and Transition Teams
- Basic Needs
- Funding Sources
- Service Referrals
- Setting Aside Adjudication

Permanency Planning

- During the period of time the youth is in residential treatment, the assigned caseworker must discuss and agree upon the youth's permanency planning goal with the youth, parent(s) or legal guardian(s) and residential treatment staff.
- Reasonable efforts requirements must be met to finalize a permanent placement for a youth.
 - ▣ Court may find that reasonable requirements to reunify the family are not required in certain circumstances.
- See CFF 722-07 policy series for detailed information on acceptable permanency plans and the order of preference.

Reentry Planning

- The assigned caseworker must begin reentry planning with the treatment and transition team **at least 6** months prior to the youth's planned release date to address:
 - Housing.
 - Employment or education.
 - Family relations.
 - Medical and mental health.
 - Substance abuse.
 - Any disability.
 - Safety planning.
 - Finances.

- The DHS-738, Reentry Plan must be developed by the JJS in conjunction with the treatment and transition team.

Treatment and Transition Team



- The treatment and transition team must meet monthly and include, but is not limited to:
 - The youth.
 - The youth's family, mentor, or other important people in their life.
 - Assigned caseworker.
 - Residential facility treatment staff.
 - Education/vocational providers.
 - Service providers.

- Treatment and transition team meetings may be attended by conference call to achieve maximum participation.

Basic Needs



- ❑ Clothing (DHS-3377)
- ❑ Transportation
- ❑ State ID or driver's license
- ❑ Birth certificate (CFF 910 & MiSACWIS User Guide)
- ❑ Social security card, as needed
- ❑ Consumer Credit Reports (CFF 722-06E)
- ❑ Medicaid or Health Insurance

Legal and Special Needs



- Release of Information (DHS-1555-CS)
- School records transfer
- Psychotropic Medication
- Conditions of Placement Agreement
 - ▣ Sex offender registration
 - ▣ Restitution

Setting Aside Adjudication(s)

- MCL 712A.18e
- After a year has passed since disposition or the term of detention for that adjudication, or the youth is 18 years of age (whichever occurs later).
- Youth must not have:
 - ▣ Adjudication of more than one offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult.
 - ▣ Adjudication of more than three offenses, of which only one may be an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult.
 - ▣ Any felony convictions.
- Complete a JC-66 to start the process.

Statewide Funding Sources



- ❑ Youth in Transition (YIT) (CFF 950)
- ❑ Education and Training Vouchers (ETV) (CFF 960)
- ❑ Tuition Incentive Program (TIP)
- ❑ Supplemental Security Income (SSI) (CFF 902-10)
- ❑ State Disability Assistance (SDA)
- ❑ Food/Cash/Child Care Assistance (DHS-1171)

Statewide Services



- ▣ Michigan Youth Reentry Initiative (MYRI)
- ▣ Community Mental Health (CMH)
- ▣ Michigan Rehabilitation Services (MRS)

WHOA



- So many dates, forms and timeframes – how do I remember it all?
- Job Aids!

Additional Information



- For more details about the information in this presentation, please reference JJ4 430, Community Placement.
- For questions about the policy, please discuss with your local office management or if you are a supervisor, email Juvenile-Justice-Policy@michigan.gov.
- Juvenile Justice Specialists may also contact CWTI JJ trainer, Clinton Wirtz at wirtzc@michigan.gov or find job aids and resource materials on the CWTI web site.