Severe Maternal Morbidity (SMM) among Inpatient Delivery Hospitalizations Michigan, 2019

Severe maternal morbidity (SMM) includes serious pregnancy complications that have short-term or long-term consequences to a woman's health. Approximately 1 in every 50 mothers with an inpatient delivery hospitalization experienced severe maternal morbidity in 2019.

Disparities

2.0X

Non-Hispanic Black moms are 2.0 times more likely to experience SMM as compared to non-Hispanic white moms

1.4X

Moms on public insurance are 1.4 times more likely to experience SMM as compared to moms with private insurance.

1.3X

Hispanic moms are 1.3 times more likely to experience SMM as compared to non-Hispanic white moms.

Five Leading Causes



Blood Transfusions: person receives blood from donor



kidneys are unable to filter waste products.



Acute Renal Failure: Disseminated Intravascular **Coagulation**: an extreme blood clotting and bleeding condition.



Respiratory **Distress:** difficulty breathing



Shock: sudden drop in blood flow

What to Watch for During Pregnancy and in the Year After Delivery

Did you know some problems due to pregnancy can happen up to a year after delivery? Be aware of urgent maternal warning signs and symptoms during pregnancy and in the year after delivery. To view the symptoms, please visit safehealthcareforeverywoman.org. If you have any of these symptoms during or after pregnancy, contact your health care provider and get help right away. If you can't reach your provider, go to the emergency room.

For additional resources please visit: Michigan.gov/MIHEIP and Michigan.gov/MMMS



Data Source: Michigan Department of Health and Human Services, Michigan Resident Inpatient Files created by the Division for Vital Records and Health Statistics, using data from the Michigan Inpatient Database obtained with permission from the Michigan Health and Hospital Association Service Corporation (MHASC), 2019.

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