PATH/FIP Quarterly Report #3

(FY2017 Appropriation Act - Public Act 268 of 2016)

July 21, 2017

Sec. 677. (1) The department shall establish a state goal for the percentage of family independence program cases involved in employment activities. The percentage established shall not be less than 50%. The goal for long-term employment shall be 15% of cases for 6 months or more.

(2) On a quarterly basis, the department shall report to the senate and house appropriations subcommittees on the department budget, the senate and house fiscal agencies and policy offices, and the state budget director on the number of cases referred to Partnership. Accountability. Training. Hope. (PATH), the current percentage of family independence program cases involved in PATH employment activities, an estimate of the current percentage of family independence program cases that meet federal work participation requirements on the whole, and an estimate of the current percentage of the family independence program cases that meet federal work participation requirements for those cases referred to PATH.

(3) The department shall submit to the senate and house appropriations subcommittees on the department budget, the senate and house fiscal agencies, the senate and house policy offices, and the state budget office a quarterly report that includes all of the following:

(a) The number and percentage of nonexempt family independence program recipients who are employed.

(b) The average and range of wages of employed family independence program recipients.

(c) The number and percentage of employed family independence program recipients who remain employed for 6 months or more.

MDHHS

Michigan Department of Health & Human Services

RICK SNYDER, GOVERNOR
NICK LYON, DIRECTOR

Section 677(3) – Report #3

(FY2017 Appropriation Act - Public Act 286 of 2016)

a. The number of nonexempt family independence program recipients who were employed during the period **March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017** was **2613.**

Source: DHHS Data Warehouse, Department of Technology, Management and Budget.*

The percentage of nonexempt family independence program recipients who were employed during the period **March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017** was **66%.**

Source: DHHS Data Warehouse, Department of Technology, Management and Budget.

Please note: June 2017 data will not be available until mid-August 2017.

b. Average and range of wages of employed family independence program recipients for the period **March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017** was $10.00 per hour (average) and wages ranged from $5.15 to $55.00** per hour.

Source: DHHS Data Warehouse, Department of Technology, Management and Budget.

Please note: June 2017 data will not be available until mid-August 2017.

c. The data for the number of employed family independence program recipients who remained employed for six months for the period **March 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017** was **1,385**.

The percentage for the number of employed family independence program recipients who remained employed for six months for the period **March 1, 2016 through May 31, 2017** was **35.3%.**

Source: DHHS Data Warehouse, Department of Technology, Management and Budget.

Please note: June 2017 data will not be available until mid-August 2017.

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*Previously, MDHHS relied on information from Workforce Development Agency (WDA) to complete this report. As of this reporting cycle, we are able to obtain this information from our own Data Warehouse system with the assistance of the Department of Technology, Management and Budget (DTMB). This allows us to provide more accurate data as it is from our own systems and we can review within our systems to ensure the accuracy of what is reported.

**As this income was reported during the reporting period, it is included in the report of average and range of wages of employed family independence program recipients for the quarter. This income was budgeted correctly against the individual's benefits when it was received. In some cases, the reported income caused excess income when budgeted and the family independence program case closed due to the income. In other cases, the income was from short-term employment which ended before the income could be budgeted to affect the individual's benefits.