MICHIGAN CENTERS FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING FY 2015 Annual Outcomes Report Prepared by MICHIGAN REHABILITATION SERVICES

(FY 2016 Appropriation Act – Public Act 84 of 2015)

March 1, 2016

Sec. 801(2). The Michigan Centers for Independent Living shall provide a report by March 1 of the current fiscal year to the house and senate appropriations subcommittees on the department budget, the house and senate fiscal agencies, the house and senate policy offices, and the state budget office on direct customer and system outcomes and performance measures.



Individual Services and Measurement:

All Centers for Independent Living record and document services consistent with Federal regulations and in accordance with the Michigan "Telling Our Story with Data" handbook

Federal Independent Living Services Definitions:

Michigan's CILs are mandated to provide the following Core Services.

- Information and Referral
- Individual and Community Systems Advocacy
- IL Skills Training
- Peer Support
- Community Transition Services

In addition, CILs may provide the following Independent Living Services:

<u>Advocacy/Legal Services</u> – Assistance and /or representation in obtaining access to benefits, services, and programs to which a consumer may be entitled.

- Accompany consumer to county commission meeting
- Assist with voter registration
- Represent a person with a disability at a Social Security hearing
- Provide intervention on behalf of a consumer regarding eviction, hostility, violence or other issue
- Assist a consumer in understanding his or her rights under civil/disability rights laws

<u>Assistive Technology</u> – Any assistive technology device, that is, any item, piece of equipment or product system that is used to increase, maintain or improve functional capabilities of individuals with disabilities and any assistive technology service that assists an individual with a disability in the selection, acquisition or use of an assistive technology device.

- Provide assistive devices
- Assist with repair and maintenance of equipment and devices

<u>**Children's Services**</u> – The provision of specific IL services designed to serve individuals with significant disabilities under the age of 14.

- Assist in locating childcare
- Acquire/coordinate early intervention services

<u>**Communication Services</u>** – Services directed to enable consumers to better communicate, such as interpreter services, training in communication equipment use, Braille instruction, and reading services.</u>

- Arrange/provide interpreter service/reading services
- Coordinate emergency communication services

<u>**Counseling and Related Services**</u> – These include information sharing, psychological services of a non-psychiatric, non-therapeutic nature, parent-to-parent services, and related services.

Employment (Vocational Services) – Any services designed to achieve or maintain employment.

- Provide training in employability skills
- Assist with identifying reasonable accommodations
- Provide vocational assessments/ evaluations
- Arrange/provide job development/job placement
- Arrange/provide job coaching/ mentoring/ shadowing
- Provide volunteer experience as a possible prelude to employment

Family Services – Services provided to the family members of an individual with a significant disability when necessary for improving the individual's ability to live and function more independently, or ability to engage or continue in employment. Such services may include respite care. Record the service in the consumer's CSR on behalf of whom services were provided to the family.

- Arrange respite care
- Arrange/provide parent support

<u>Health Care Services (Physical Restoration Services)</u> – Restoration services including medical services, health maintenance, eyeglasses, and visual services.

- Coordinate eye exams and acquisition of glasses
- Coordinate dental exams
- Coordinate physical therapy services

Housing, Home Modifications, and Shelter Services – These services are related to securing housing or shelter, adaptive housing services (including appropriate accommodations to and modifications of any space used to serve, or occupied by individuals with significant disabilities).

Note: A CIL may not provide housing or shelter as an IL service on either a temporary or long term basis unless the housing or shelter is incidental to the overall operation of the CIL and is provided to any individual for a period not to exceed eight weeks during any sixmonth period.

- Assist in locating an apartment or house
- Survey a home for barriers
- Modify a home
- Coordinate for emergency housing

IL Skills Training and Life Skill Training Services – These may include instruction [individually or in a group] to develop independent living skills in areas such as personal care, coping, financial management, social skills, and household management. This may also include education and training necessary for living in the community and participating in community activities

- Develop a Budget
- Plan and Prepare Meals
- Grooming /Hygiene
- Housekeeping
- Health Care, Wellness and Exercise
- Care for a Service or Therapy Animal

Information and Referral Services – Identify all individuals who requested this type of assistance. This is the only service (other than services to family members) that may be provided to all individuals, whether or not the individual has a disability.

Professional Counseling (Mental Restoration Services) – Psychiatric restoration services including maintenance on psychotropic medication, psychological services, and treatment management for substance abuse.

Note: These services require appropriately licensed professionals (MSW, PhD, etc.), usually provided in a sequential, systematic manner, using specific psychotherapeutic techniques to resolve issues related to independent living and to promote self-awareness.

<u>Mobility Training Services</u> – A variety of services involving assisting consumers to get around their homes and communities.

Other Services – Any IL services not listed elsewhere.

<u>Peer Support (Peer Counseling Services)</u> – Counseling, teaching, information sharing, and similar kinds of contact provided to consumers by other people with disabilities.

- Assist in living effectively with a disability
- Assist in goal setting
- Assist with problem solving/ decision-making
- Assist as a role model/ mentor

• Facilitate a disability support group

Personal Assistance Services – These include, but are not limited to, assistance with personal bodily functions; communicative, household, mobility, work, emotional, cognitive, personal, and financial affairs; community participation; parenting; leisure; and other related needs.

- Coordinate personal care assistance program
- Assist the consumer in identifying his/her needs
- Train a personal assistant
- Train consumer in hiring, maintaining and terminating a personal assistant

<u>Preventive Services</u> – Services intended to prevent additional disabilities, or to prevent an increase in the severity of an existing disability.

- Coordinate substance abuse services to persons who may have indicated concern about overuse of alcohol or drugs
- Coordinate nutrition services to persons who are overweight, underweight, have diabetes, etc.
- Coordinate exercise or therapy services to persons who have muscle weakness

<u>**Prostheses and Other</u>**– Provision of, or assistance in obtaining through other sources, an adaptive device or appliance to substitute for one or more parts of the human body.</u>

<u>Recreational Services</u> – Provision or identification of opportunities for the involvement of consumers in meaningful leisure time activities. These may include such things as participation in community affairs and other recreation activities that may be competitive, active, or quiet.

• Provide/Identify Sports, Recreation, and Leisure Activities and Arrange for Participation

Rehabilitation Technology Services – Any service that assists an individual with a disability in the selection, acquisition or use of applied technologies, engineering methodologies or scientific principles to meet the needs of the individual and address the barriers confronted by individuals with significant disabilities with respect to education, rehabilitation, employment, transportation, IL and/or recreation.

Note: Rehabilitation technology services may include assistive technology devices and services. This includes the provision of assistive technology devices and services.

- Coordinate/provide evaluations
- Coordinate adaptive technology services

- Coordinate/provide adaptive technology
- Train in the use of adaptive technology

Therapeutic Treatment – Services provided by registered occupational, physical, recreational, hearing, language, or speech therapists.

<u>**Transportation Services**</u> – Provision of, or arrangements for, transportation.

- Assist in acquiring bus passes
- Coordinate transportation services
- Provide / arrange for drivers' education for a driver's license
- Assist in planning emergency transportation

Youth/Transition Services – Any service that develops skills specifically designed for youth with significant disabilities between the ages of 14 and 24 to promote self-awareness and esteem, develop advocacy and self-empowerment skills, and the exploration of career options, including the transition from school to post school activities such as postsecondary education, vocational training, employment, continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation.

- Assist in acquiring appropriate educational services
- Assist in acquiring appropriate transitional services from school to adulthood

Michigan Priority Service Categories:

• Furthermore, Michigan Centers for Independent Living Services are further broken down into areas of consumer interest and desire involving ten major areas of priority area services. These priority areas form a more accurate data picture of the work being completed by looking at the exact type of service area individuals are completing.

• Accessibility

- Assistance provided to secure modifications to buildings, homes apartments, programs and services making them usable for people with disabilities.
- Assistive Technology
 - Helping people acquire assistive technology
- Education
 - Assisting people with disabilities to attend educational program of choice
- Employment
 - Assistance provided that is related to obtaining, maintaining, returning to work, or advancing in community employment
- Health Care

- Support provided that helps people maintain/improve their physical and mental health including substance abuse services
- \circ Housing
 - Assistance provided that assists people to secure accessible, affordable and safe housing
- Other Supports
 - Assistance provided to acquire and maintain community-based independent living choices
- Recreation
 - Assistance provided to identify and gain access to sports, recreation and leisure options for people with disabilities
- Relocation
 - Assistance provided to secure community living options for individuals currently residing in a restrictive institutional setting such as nursing facility, correctional facility or restorative health or residential care facility.
- Transportation
 - Support provided that helps individuals access and use public/private transportation

Consumers and Information and Referral Contacts:

Centers for Independent Living provide services to two distinctly defined individual contact types. The first is Information and Referral services, which is provided to people with or without significant disabilities. The second contact type is an individual who is eligible for consumer services (Explanation below under Contact Type Consumer).

Contact Type: Information and Referral

Centers for Independent Living assisted 23,682 people obtain Information and Referral services. Information and Referral Services are represented in the table below:

Priority Service Area	Individuals Served	Total I&R Services
Accessibility	882	1,424
Assistive Technology	1,876	6,272
Education	773	1,584
Employment	2,280	5,180
Health Care	1,569	2,484
Housing	4,819	10,654
On-Going Supports	6,079	14,437
Recreation	479	1,117
Relocation	2,190	6,701
Transportation	2,735	3,584
Total:	23,682	53,437

Contact Type: Consumer Services

Consumer Contact types are individuals with a disability who are eligible to receive consumer-based services. All consumers will have at least one active independent living goal they are working on.

Eligibility to Receive Services

Fed. Reg. 364.4:

- Any individual with a significant disability is eligible for IL services.
- Any individual may seek information about IL services under these programs and request referral to other services and programs for individuals with significant disabilities
- The determination of an individual's eligibility for IL services under CIL programs meets the legal requirements

Significant Disability

Fed. Reg. 364.4(b)(3): Individual with a severe physical, mental, cognitive, or sensory impairment whose ability to function independently in the family or community or whose ability to obtain, maintain, or advance in employment is substantially limited; and for whom the delivery of IL services will improve the [consumer's] ability to function, continue functioning, or move toward functioning independently in the family or community or to continue in employment.

Requirements to Determine Eligibility

Fed. Reg. 364.51:

- Before or at the same time as an applicant for IL services may begin receiving IL services funded under this part, the service provider shall determine the applicant's eligibility and maintain documentation that the applicant has met the basic requirements specified in 364.40.
- The documentation must be dated and signed by an appropriate staff member of the service provider.

Consumer Service Record (CSR) Composition:

Fed. Reg. 364.53: Consumer service records that include:

- Documentation concerning eligibility or ineligibility for services
- The services requested by the consumer;
- Either the IL plan developed with the consumer [and signed by the consumer and the IL staff representative] or a waiver signed by the consumer stating that an IL plan is unnecessary [NOTE: RSA determined that electronic signatures are allowable but not verbal signatures];
- The services actually provided to the consumer;
- And the IL goals or objectives –

- Established with the consumer, whether or not in the consumer's IL plan; and
- Achieved by the consumer.

The Below listed table shows the consumer services provided during FY 2015 to 8,779 consumers in Michigan

Priority Service Area	Individuals Served	Total Consumer Services
Accessibility	179	626
Assistive Technology	1,344	3,097
Education	274	2,104
Employment	1,243	7,703
Health Care	1,088	6,113
Housing	1,561	9,207
On-Going Supports	1,796	20,789
Recreation	319	1,183
Relocation	461	4,494
Transportation	514	2,591
Total:	8,779	57,907

Consumer Goal Attainment:

Consumers of Centers for Independent Living set goals as part of their Independent Living Plan Development. The goals are developed in ten major service areas (below). Annually, at a minimum consumer's goals and the ILPs are revisited to assess goal attainment. Consumers typically have multiple goals within their ILPs. Goals can be carried over from one fiscal year to the next. For example, a consumer can be working on a goal they started in fiscal year 2013 and complete it during fiscal year 2015.

Michigan leads the Nation in the measurement of CIL Consumer Outcomes. Under each priority area, is a series of outcomes that consumers can work toward achieving. The below table displays the specific outcomes:

Priority Service Area	Specific Goals and Outcomes	
Accessibility	Enhanced access to goods and services in the community	
	Enhanced accessibility of home/apartment	
Assistive Technology	Acquired AT	
	Acquired AT Funding	
	Acquired information re: AT Options	
	Increased functional and safe use of AT	
	Repaired AT	
Education	Acquired educational accommodation(s)	
	Completed an educational program	

	Enrolled in an educational program
	Increased knowledge of education options
	Self-advocated for educational accommodations
Employment	Acquired reasonable accommodation
Employment	Improved job status via workplace promotion
	Increased knowledge of employment options (incentives, rights, etc.)
	Increased work search skills
	Maintained employment
	Obtained employment
Haaldh Caas	Obtained volunteer work experience
Health Care	Acquired access to appropriate insurance coverage
	Acquired appropriate health care services (medical,
	mental health, etc.)
	Increased knowledge of healthcare options/insurance
	options
Housing	Acquired accessible, affordable housing
	Increased awareness of housing options
	Increased housing search skills
On-Going Supports	Acquired financial supports (SSI, SSDI, food stamps, etc.)
	Acquired PA/PASREP services
	Acquired/increased IL skills
	Acquired/maintained other necessary supports (peer,
	natural supports, etc.)
	Increased awareness of community resources to maintain
	community-based independent living
Recreation	Enhanced access to sports, recreation and leisure
	opportunities
	Increased knowledge/skills in sports, recreation and
	leisure activities
	Participated in sports, recreation and leisure
	opportunities
Relocation	Developed and initiated implementation of plan to move
	into a community setting
	Diverted/prevented move to an institutional setting
	Increased awareness of community living options
	Moved from correctional facility to a community setting
	Moved from nursing facility/care facility to a community
	setting
Transportation	Acquired access to transportation
	Acquired financial resources for transportation
	Acquired knowledge of transportation options
	Acquired skills to utilize transportation
	nequired skins to dunize transportation

The below table represents goal completion rate in FY 2015 by service category for the 8,779 consumers served by Centers for Independent Living: (**Note:** Goals can carry into different fiscal years which will cause an achievement rate higher than 100% for some areas.) There is no time requirement on goal completion. Each goal is reviewed annually with Consumers to ensure they want to continue working on the current goal or develop a new goal(s)

Priority Service Area:	Goals Set by Priority Area:	Goals Completed by Priority Area:	Goal Completion Rate:
Accessibility	901	472	52%
Assistive	1,581	1,294	82%
Technology			
Education	490	281	57%
Employment	1,318	723	55%
Health Care	766	487	64%
Housing	647	251	39%
On-Going Supports	2,251	1,284	57%
Recreation	170	38	22%
Relocation	598	337	56%
Transportation	2,249	1,751	78%
Total:	10,971	6,918	63%

Total Services:

The below table is a complete compilation of all the individual services provided by CILs in Michigan during FY 2015. This includes both Information and Referral and Consumer contact types.

Priority Service Area	Individuals Served	Total Services
Accessibility	1,061	2,050
Assistive Tech	3,220	9,369
Education	1,047	3,668
Employment	3,523	12,883
Health Care	2,657	8,597
Housing	6,380	19,861
On-Going Supports	7,785	35,226
Recreation	798	2,300
Relocation	2,651	11,195
Transportation	3,249	6,175
Total:	32,371	111,324

Service Demographics:

The below listed table are demographic information for individuals served by CILs during FY 2014. (Note: Not all Information and Referral contacts are required to provide demographic information)

Disability Types:

Disability	Percentage of Total Served:
Cognitive	18%
Hearing	2%
Mental	13%
Multiple Disabilities	20%
Physical	36%
Vision	3%
Other	7%

Age Ranges:

Age Range	Percentage of Total Served:
Under 5	0% (30 Consumers)
Age 5-19	4%
Age 20-24	4%
Age 25-59	63%
Age 60+	34%

Individual Services Performance Measurement:

Since Fiscal year 2009, Michigan Centers for Independent Living have utilized the NetCil database system to handle case management, service recording, and report generation. The Michigan Statewide Database system then combines data from all fifteen CILs to form a statewide picture of IL Services performed.

In FY 2014, Disability Network Michigan with support from the Michigan Statewide Independent Living Council developed a dashboard of performance measurement. The agreed upon dashboard measurement looked at the following:

- Number of Consumer Served
- Number of Information and Referrals
- Consumer Goals Successfully Completed

The table below shows trending data for the three measurements over the last several Fiscal Years:

Priority Service	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Area				
Accessibility	173	132	608	179
Assistive	1,579	1,490	1,616	1,344
Technology				
Education	94	119	274	274
Employment	3,039	1,172	1,614	1,243
Health Care	842	638	1,275	1,088
Housing	1,121	1,012	1,685	1,561
On-Going	2,112	1,633	1,967	1,796
Supports				
Recreation	248	269	252	319
Relocation	732	614	700	461
Transportation	1,036	875	634	514
Total:	10,976	7,954	10625	8,779

Consumers Served

Information and Referral Services:

Priority Service	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Area				
Accessibility	2,551	2,101	1,061	1.424
Assistive	2,716	1644	5,867	6,272
Technology				
Education	3,032	2,081	1,527	1,584
Employment	1,556	1,725	3,301	5,180
Health Care	8,333	8,223	2,677	2,484
Housing	6,661	7,175	9,449	10.654
On-Going	3,241	2,571	10,872	14,437
Supports				
Recreation	783	992	1,513	1,117
Relocation	3,505	4,407	4,171	6,701
Transportation	4,659	3,670	4,069	3,584
Total:	37,037	34,589	44,507	53,437

Priority Service	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Area				
Accessibility	432	351	423	472
Assistive	1,520	1,706	1,642	1,294
Technology				
Education	245	229	279	281
Employment	2,397	1,812	1,173	723
Health Care	624	894	1,049	487
Housing	289	311	322	251
On-Going	1,923	2,111	1,830	1,284
Supports				
Recreation	174	222	181	38
Relocation	656	767	581	337
Transportation	3,508	2,753	1,943	1,751
Total:	11,768	11,156	9,423	6,918

Completed Consumer Outcomes:

For FY 2016, Centers for Independent Living are in the process of developing a measurement tool to further identify barriers when completing their ILPs. This data will be utilized to drive outreach efforts and is further explained in the Systems Change Performance Benchmarks.

During FY 2016 CILs will also be working to identify individual service benchmarks. These measurements will include measurements based upon services performed, outcomes completed, referrals to and from State Agencies and return on investment calculations.

Systems Change Advocacy:

In addition to working with individuals with disabilities, CILs work with community entities such as transportation authorities, community mental health departments, intermediate school districts, local businesses, etc. CILs report these services annually to federal and state funders.

<u>Collaboration/Networking</u> – activities related to building coalitions or collaborative partnerships designed to expand the participation of individuals with significant disabilities in services, programs, activities, resources and facilities.

- Homeless Coalition
- Affordable Housing Task Force
- After-School Child Care Task Force
- Domestic Violence Coalition
- Work Force Development Board

Transportation Boards/Commissions

<u>Community Education and Public Information</u> – activities and information programs to enhance the community's awareness of disabilities and disability issues, e.g., local TV, radio, or newspaper campaigns. This type of services may include the creation and distribution of publications (such as accessibility guides, disability awareness brochures, ADA information) and databases/directories for personal assistants, recreation opportunities, accessible transportation, accessible housing, and other available services.

Publications:

- Brochures
- Flyers
- Digital/Social Media
- Accessibility Guides
- Posters
- Position Papers

Community Education:

- Media Campaign
- Disability Awareness Day Activities
- Candidate Forums

Databases and Registries:

- Personal Assistance Service Providers
- Job Listings
- Recreation Sites
- Accessible Housing
- Home Health Care Providers

Interpreter Services

<u>**Community/Systems Advocacy</u>** – includes efforts to implement local and state policy changes to make facilities, services, and opportunities available and accessible to individuals with disabilities.</u>

Note: These are activities where the CIL hosts, or is represented, designed to have an impact on services, laws, or rights of persons with disabilities. The activity must have a possible impact on persons with disabilities or subgroup, not just one individual.

Letter to housing department regarding accessibility

- Appearance at city council meeting regarding disability services
- Meeting with local authorities regarding disability parking codes
- Event where legislators, policy makers, and/or other elected officials are in attendance such as litigation or class action complaints

Other Services – Community activities that do not fit in any of the other definitions.

<u>Outreach Efforts</u> – entails the location of, and encouragement to use services for unserved/underserved populations, including minority groups and urban and rural populations.

- Mail or fax information to people with disabilities
- Present to a group of people with disabilities
- Exhibit at a public forum or conference
- Speak on radio or TV program targeting persons with disabilities
- Write an article in a disability-related publication

Technical Assistance – assistance to the community on making services, programs, activities, resources, and facilities in society accessible to individuals with significant disabilities.

- Accessibility surveys
- Disability sensitivity training
- Assistance on compliance with ADA and other applicable laws

Systems Change Activity Impact:

The below chart displays the amount of people who were impacted via systems change activities conducted by Michigan CILs. This count is beyond the over 32,000 individuals who received direct services.

Systems Change Activities	Number of People Impacted
Collaboration/Network	45,508
Community Education and Public	21,023
Information	
Community/Systems Advocacy	13,689
Other	4,259
Outreach Efforts	47,246
Technical Assistance	6,643
Total	138,368

Systems Change Outcomes:

Michigan CILs strive to produce measurable community outcomes. In utilization of the same ten priority service areas (With the addition of Resource Development Activities), systems change outcomes are defined as the following activities:

Priority Area	Intended Community Outcome
Accessibility	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Modified architectural plan or physical
	structure for increased accessibility
	Modified program or services to assure
	access
Education	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Increased availability of community
	educational program and opportunities
	of choice
	Increased community awareness of and
	valuing of the educational needs of
	people with disabilities
Employment	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Decreased barriers to employment
	Increased community awareness
	about benefit of people with
	disabilities in the workforce
Health Care	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Increased access to healthcare
	including preventative, mental health,
	substance abuse and dental services
	Increased awareness of barriers to
	access to healthcare including
	preventative, mental health, substance
	abuse and dental services
Housing	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making

	Increased number of accessible
	affordable safe housing
	Increased community awareness
	and valuing of accessible affordable
	housing for people with disabilities
Other Supports	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Increased availability of, and access to,
	financial resources (SSI, SSDI, etc.) to
	support community-based independent
	living
	Increased availability of, and access to
	coordinated supports for community-
	based independent living at local, state
	and national levels
	Increased awareness of availability of
	supports for community-based
	independent living
	Increased awareness and
	valuing of community-based
	independent living
Resource Development	Increased knowledge of
*	human, material and financial
	resources (grants, foundations,
	volunteers, employees, etc.)
	Development strategies
	initiated to achieve additional
	human, material and financial
	resources
	Acquisition of increased
	human, material and financial
	resources
	Evaluation of effective
	utilization of human, material
	and financial resources
Recreation	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Increased community acceptance of
	inclusion of people with disabilities
	in sports, recreation and leisure
	opportunities

	Increased available community
	sports, recreation and leisure
	opportunities for people with
	disabilities
	Increased community awareness and
	valuing of sports, recreation and
	leisure needs of people with
	disabilities
Relocation	Increased opportunity for people with
	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Increased community living options for
	individuals with disabilities leaving
	restrictive setting
	Increased awareness of community-
	based independent living options
	Increased awareness and valuing of
	choice in independent living
Transportation	Increased opportunity for people with
-	disabilities to participate in community
	decision-making
	Increased geographic service area for
	transportation systems
	Expanded transportation service hours
	Increased transportation service
	accessibility
	Increased community awareness and
	valuing of transportation for people
	with disabilities
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Hours spent working on Systems Change Activities:

The following chart displays the hours spent by CIL staff in support of systems change outcomes:

CIL Service Category	Hours Spent by Service Category
Accessibility	7,826
Assistive Technology	3763
Education	4,844
Employment	14,700
Health Care	2,610
Housing	7,033
Ongoing Supports	39,151
Recreation	3,369

Relocation	14,558
Resource Development	30,943
Transportation	4,975
Total Hours	133,772

Systems Advocacy Performance Measures:

Identification on the performance levels of Systems Advocacy remains one of the most difficult measurements. During FY 2014/2015, the Disability Network Program Evaluation team, the leadership element tasked with identification of data trends started a sub-group to address more accurate measurement of systems advocacy.

Currently, performance measures are centered on the amount of hours that go into each individual priority area. While this tells valuable information, it does not address how successful the desired outcomes truly are. The leadership group started a process of looking at individual barriers to identify gaps in community accessibility.

Continuing into FY 2016, CILs are discussing with Consumers who create ILPs what is the fundamental barrier they are encountering to complete their goals. This barrier information will then guide systems advocacy efforts. This measurement system hopes to achieve the following:

- A more accurate picture of community needs based upon what members of the community are reporting to the CILS as barriers they have to face to remain living independently.
- Evidence based outreach activities. CILs will be able to focus their systems advocacy based upon demonstrable barriers faced by consumers in their specific communities.
- A data based, almost live, constant needs assessment for both communities and individuals.