Public Health Infection Prevention- Hot topics!

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Health Alert Network - HAN
Why do I get alerts?
UPDATE: Multistate Outbreak of Serratia marcescens Infections -- 2018

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Distribution:
Distribute on a need-to-know basis

Contributor's instructions for distributing this report.

Brief Summary of Report:
In response to the current investigation of the multistate outbreak of Serratia marcescens infections and potential association with the use of heparin and saline flushes, BD is voluntarily recalling certain lots of BD PosiFlush™ Heparin Lock Flush and BD™ Pre-Filled Normal Saline Flush syringes.

Description:
Burkholderia cepacia complex Infections Associated with Use of Medline Remedy Essentials No-Rinse Foam -- 2018

Access and Notification:
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Brief Summary of Report:
CDC is providing support to state and local health departments in the investigation of two clusters of Burkholderia cepacia complex (Bcc) infections at two acute care hospitals in Pennsylvania and California occurring between November 2017 and March 2018. As of March 23, 2018, five of the ten patients from the Pennsylvania cluster and six of the eight patients from the California cluster have had Bcc isolated from urine; other body sites positive for Bcc included wounds and sputum. No patients in either cluster had cystic fibrosis. The ongoing investigation has identified a potential association between Bcc infection and Medline Remedy® Essentials No-Rinse Foam, a product used for skin and perineal care in both facilities.

Samples of the product were collected at the Pennsylvania facility from lots M05703/7235 and M06691/7256 which tested positive for Bcc. However, it is not known which lots were used on the patients who developed infections. Molecular testing on clinical and product isolates indicate that they are closely related. Cultures from additional product are pending.
Call for Cases: Infections Following Injections and Infusions with an Umbilical Cord Blood Product Marketed as a Stem Cell and Growth Factor Treatment

October 2018

CDC and FDA are working with state and local health departments to investigate bacterial infections in Texas and Florida following injections and infusions with umbilical cord blood product distributed by Liveyon and manufactured by GeneTech Inc. The Florida Department of Health has identified four patients with septic arthritis who had received outpatient injections of Liveyon’s umbilical cord blood product between February 15 and August 30, 2018. *Escherichia coli* was isolated from synovial fluid cultures from all four patients; additional organisms were isolated from cultures of three patients, including *Enterococcus faecalis* (2) and *Proteus mirabilis* (1). *E. coli* and *E. faecalis* were also isolated from an unopened vial of Liveyon’s umbilical cord blood product obtained from one clinic. Additional product testing is ongoing. The Texas Department of State Health Services has identified three patients hospitalized with bloodstream infections following injections or intravenous infusions of Liveyon’s umbilical cord blood product at an outpatient clinic on September 12, 2018. *Enterobacter cloacae* was isolated from blood cultures from all three patients; *Citrobacter freundii* was isolated from a blood culture from one of the patients. Product testing is ongoing.

Liveyon has voluntarily recalled umbilical cord blood products:

• EPI-X call for cases
• Michigan call for cases
• MDSS unusual occurrence
  • Outbreak identifier
• Michigan is always involved!
  • Most recently VIM CRPA
VIM- CRPA: 2018-2019

• CDC investigating VIM-CRPA from U.S Patients with Recent Invasive Procedures in Mexico

• As of April 10, 2019
  • 32 confirmed cases from 17 states- none in MI
  • 12 suspect cases from 9 states- none in MI

• Patient Demographics
  • Median age: 42 years (range: 23-62)
  • Specimen sources: wound, abdomen, blood and back
Patient Healthcare Exposures among confirmed cases (N=19, 3/10/2019)

• 17 reported surgery, of which 14 were bariatric and 4 did not specify surgery type
  • 16 had surgery between 8/21/18-2-4-19
  • 1 patient identified retrospectively had surgery in 2015
• 6 different hospitals reported
  • 5 hospitals reported by 1 patient each
  • 1 hospital reported by 14 patients
• 1 had ERCP in Tijuana, Mexico after becoming acutely ill while traveling
Infection Control at Grand View Hospital

- Mexican authorities conducted assessment on 12/4/18
- Evidence of Category B breach: facility did not follow recommended procedures for assuring the quality of sterilization processes
Review of Public Health Notifications

Federal Notifications

• EpiX posted 11/19/18
• Partner notifications 12/13/18
• Alert level-2 travel notice posted by CDC DGMQ- January 2019

Statewide Notification

• HAN 2/22/2019
  • Report cases to SHARP
  • Use outbreak id “VIMPA2019” in MDSS
Public Health Response

• Goals
  • Ensure patients who develop infections get prompt and appropriate treatment
  • Prevent spread of VIM-CRPA in U.S Hospitals

• Actions
  • Weight Loss Agents (WLA), on 2/15/19, provided electronic notifications to >620 US residents that it referred to Grand View Hospital since 8/1/2018
  • Notification addressed ongoing risk of infection of infection caused by VIM-CRPA and potential bloodborne pathogen exposure
  • MI received list of patients who traveled to Mexico with WLA N=16
  • MDHHS worked with LHDs to administer CDC questionnaires to high priority patients (Surgery since January 2019)
  • Assess whether exposed patients developed infections or have been hospitalized since procedures
Infection Control
Assessment and Response
ICAR
ICAR Goals

• Increase patient safety
• Expand infection control resources
• Increase the number of infection control consultations provided by the SHARP unit
Methods

• Used a CDC tool to conduct infection control needs assessments

• Review facility practices:
  • Infection Control Infrastructure
  • Infection Control Training, Competency, and Implementation of Policies and Practices
  • Systems to Detect, Prevent and Respond to Healthcare-Associated Infections and Multi-Drug Resistant Organisms
Assessment and Response

- Discuss findings with Infection Preventionists and other staff
- Report individual facility findings
- Aggregate findings

Strengths
Areas for opportunity
Facility Recruitment: 2015-2018

- Voluntary participation
- Collaborative, NOT regulatory
- Advertised to interested facilities:
  - Website, flyers, emails
  - Professional societies (e.g. MSIPC, APIC GL, HCAM)
  - Meetings and conference presentations
Facility recruitment: 2019-

- Response to HAI outbreak
- Response to identification of a novel organism
- Volunteer!
Number of ICARs Conducted by Facility Type - Michigan 2015-2018

- Acute Care: 12
- Critical Access: 6
- LTAC: 5
- LTC: 41
- Outpatient: 19
Number of beds (mean & median) by facility type

- **Acute Care**
  - Mean: 250
  - Median: 75

- **LTC**
  - Mean: 100
  - Median: 100
Number of Infection Preventionists (mean & median) by facility type

- Acute Care
  - Mean: 1.4
  - Median: 1.0

- LTC
  - Mean: 0.6
  - Median: 0.5
Results

• Gaps were common
• Assessments identified at least 1 gap in each facility
• Competency-based training programs both upon hire and annually
  • Hand hygiene
  • PPE
  • UC insertion and maintenance
  • Catheter insertion and maintenance
  • Injection Safety
  • VAE prevention
  • Environmental cleaning
Results

• Acute Care:
  • Audit/feedback programs for
    • UC insertion and maintenance
    • Central line insertion and maintenance
    • VAE prevention
  • Transfer forms
    • Transfer out to another facility
    • Prior to accepting from another facility
Long-Term Care

• 95% of facilities had at least 1 gap in Antimicrobial Stewardship
  • Meet those Core Elements!
  • Staff education and training

• 70% do not have policies/procedures in place to ensure reusable medical devices are cleaned and reprocessed appropriately
Outpatient facilities

• 79% did not have at least 1 person training in infection prevention
• 67% do not have a process to perform initial cleaning of devices prior to transport to off-site reprocessing
Lessons Learned

- No program is perfect—always room for improvement
- Infection prevention involves a lot of departments—get to know your colleagues!
- ICAR is a great tool and free resource to enhance your program
Infection Control Assessment and Response (ICAR)

Evaluate your infection control program!
✓ Collaborative NOT regulatory
✓ Focus on quality improvement- patient safety is our primary goal
✓ Free consultation
  Conducted on-site or over the phone
✓ Strengthen your Infection Control program
  Add another tool to your resources
✓ Chance to help guide national training efforts- aggregate results from this needs assessment will help direct development of infection prevention education and training
✓ Hospitals (long-term acute care, acute care and critical access)
✓ Long-Term Care
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Thank you!