# **Soothing a Crying Baby**

Having a new baby can be a wonderful time, but it can also be challenging. Babies cry, sometimes a lot. Babies usually cry the most between 2-4 months of age.

## The crying won't last forever!

Check the easy things first. Be sure your baby has been fed, burped, changed, and is dressed for the weather.



#### Is your baby not feeling well?

- Check your baby's temperature to rule out a fever.
- If your baby's crying "just doesn't sound right," or if you think your baby might be sick, trust your instincts and call your doctor.

## Is your baby's tummy upset?

- · Gas, colic, or allergies can cause stomach pain.
- Apply pressure by lightly placing your hand on baby's belly or gently move his or her legs in a bicycle motion to relieve pain.
- If you think it has something to do with what your baby eats, check with your doctor.

#### Does your baby have a dirty diaper?

Some babies let you know *right away* when they need to be changed.



## Is your baby hungry?

If babies become too hungry they can become extremely fussy and can be difficult to calm and feed.

## Learn early hunger signs:

- · Opening and closing mouth.
- · Sucking or moving hands to mouth.
- Rooting (baby is searching for food and moving head or opening mouth).

## Does your baby need to burp?

Babies swallow air when they breastfeed or suck from a bottle. If the air isn't released, it may cause some pain.

#### How to burp baby:

- Hold baby against your chest with his or her chin resting on your shoulder. Gently rub or pat the back.
- Place baby on your lap, supporting his or her chest with one hand and using your other hand to gently rub or pat the back.

## Is your baby sleepy?

Instead of nodding off, some babies may fuss and cry, especially if they are overly tired. Learn early sleepy signs:

- Rubbing eyes and/or ears.
- Yawning.
- Closing fists.
- Making fast jerky movements.

## Does your baby want to be held?

Babies need a lot of cuddling!

- Skin-to-skin care lowers baby's and parent's stress levels.
- Skin-to-skin care is when baby is wearing just a diaper and placed on mom or dad's bare chest.
- Always make sure you are awake and alert when practicing skin-to-skin care.

## Are people smoking around your baby?

- · Never let anyone smoke around your baby.
- · Babies exposed to smoke can be more colicky.
- Smoke outside or quit.
- Call (800) QUIT-NOW for help.

## What other things can be tried to soothe your baby?

- Sucking can help to calm your baby. Offer your breast, a pacifier or your finger to suck.
- Swaddling:
  - Use a sleep sack with swaddling attachments.
  - Do not swaddle after baby shows signs that he or she is attempting to roll.
  - Always place a swaddled infant to sleep on his or her back, in a crib, bassinet or pack and play and follow all the safe sleep guidelines.
- Play music, sing a lullaby or try white noise.
- Get some fresh air.
- Rock baby in your arms or in a chair put baby in his or her crib when you feel sleepy.
- · Talk softly and sweetly to baby.
- Stroke baby's cheek or gently pat baby's back.
- Give baby a warm bath but check the temperature and provide close supervision.
- Always keep baby close to you by placing the bassinet or pack and play in your room, near your bed – that way you can soothe quickly when needed.

## Is your baby too hot or too cold?

- Baby should be dressed in the same amount of clothes as you.
- Remove extra clothing.
- Signs that your baby might be too warm include damp hair, sweaty back or chest, red ears or face.

## Is your baby teething?

- On average, the first tooth breaks through between 4 and 7 months.
- Provide a cool cloth or cold teether for baby to suck.

## Is your baby overstimulated or under-stimulated?

- Crying can be a baby's way of saying, "I've had enough." Remove baby from loud noises or bright lights.
- Crying can also mean "I'm bored." Change your baby's environment.
- Listen to music, dance, or go for a walk.

## Are there other things going on with baby?

- Babies can be troubled by something as hard to spot as a hair wrapped tightly around a tiny toe or finger.
- Some babies are extra-sensitive to things like scratchy clothing tags, fabrics or how they are held.

## How to cope with your crying baby:

- Share baby care with your partner.
- Have a friend or relative take over for you once in a while so you can take a walk or a refreshing shower.
- If you become angry or frustrated with your baby, take a deep breath and gently lay him on his back in his crib.
- Check out additional resources on the Period of Purple Crying website at www.purplecrying.info.



Always make sure to practice safe sleep. To learn more about how babies can sleep safely, visit <a href="https://www.michigan.gov/safesleep">www.michigan.gov/safesleep</a>.

Photo Credit: Federal SUID/SIDS Workgroup. Get more information and free materials on safe sleep at www.safetosleep.nichd.nih.gov.

