



# Mammal Mania Pre/Post-Visit Assessment

For 4<sup>th</sup> to 6<sup>th</sup> Grades



Match the word to its definition.

- |                |                   |   |
|----------------|-------------------|---|
| 1.) Herbivore  | <b>E</b><br>_____ | a.) an animal that is hunted and killed by another for food         |
| 2.) Omnivore   | <b>F</b><br>_____ | b.) the order of teeth in an animal's jaw                           |
| 3.) Carnivore  | <b>G</b><br>_____ | c.) a warm-blooded animal with fur                                  |
| 4.) Predator   | <b>H</b><br>_____ | d.) a characteristic of an animal that helps it live in its habitat |
| 5.) Prey       | <b>A</b><br>_____ | e.) an animal that eats only plants                                 |
| 6.) Dentition  | <b>B</b><br>_____ | f.) an animal that eats both plants and animals                     |
| 7.) Mammal     | <b>C</b><br>_____ | g.) an animal that eats only meat                                   |
| 8.) Adaptation | <b>D</b><br>_____ | h.) an animal that lives by killing and eating other animals        |

List 5 mammals that are found in Michigan.

- 1.) **Squirrel** \_\_\_\_\_
- 2.) **Wolf** \_\_\_\_\_
- 3.) **White-tailed deer** \_\_\_\_\_
- 4.) **Little brown bat** \_\_\_\_\_
- 5.) **Moose** \_\_\_\_\_

Answer the questions in a complete sentence.

- 1.) What makes a **mammal** different from other types of animals?  
**A mammal has fur or hair, is born alive, and drinks its mother's milk as its first meal.**  
 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2.) What are some clues a mammal might leave behind in its habitat that scientists can use to identify it?  
**A mammal's scat (poop), fur, bones, or tracks are all clues that scientists use for identification.**  
 \_\_\_\_\_.