

Financially Distressed Cities, Villages, and Townships (FDCVT) Tips

Tips regarding completion of the Fiscal Year 2015 FDCVT Application.

Application Completion Best Practices

1. The City, Village, or Township must have at least one condition of probable financial distress. However, priority will be given to a City, Village, or Township with two or more conditions of probable financial distress.
2. Fill in the application form fully and completely.
3. Complete separate grant applications for separate proposal funding requests.
4. Clearly identify all applicants participating in the proposal, if the proposal involves shared services. Attach letters of support from each of the participating applicants indicating their knowledge of the grant request and support for the proposal.
5. For each condition of probable financial distress checked, provide proof of existence.
 - a. Examples of proof would include copies of request for a preliminary review, financial statements, court order, etc...
6. Provide a detailed description of how services are currently being provided.
7. Provide a detailed description of the proposal in order to provide clarity to the review panel. This is your opportunity to sell your idea.
8. Provide a detailed description of how the grant funding will lead the applicant toward financial stability.
9. Clearly identify the goals, measures, and business objectives of the proposal. What are the anticipated outcomes and how will you measure those outcomes? What is the potential benefit to each of the participating applicants?
10. Provide a detailed description of any barriers that currently exist that may have an impact on the implementation of the proposal.
11. If you checked "Yes" for short-term and/or long-term savings, indicate the estimated savings amounts in the boxes indicated. Attach a detailed calculation of how the savings were estimated and provide a short but detailed explanation of how the cost savings were calculated.
12. Provide a detailed timeline for the proposal. Clearly identify each of the steps from the start of the proposal through the completion date using specific dates or expected periods of time. Identify the projected outcomes/deliverables at each of the steps.
13. For each budget category line item, attach a detailed list of proposed expenditures. Explain how the expenditures support and are essential to the proposal. Make sure that items in the budget worksheet clearly relate with the proposal description and goals. The totals for the Estimated Total Proposal Cost and Grant Budget Amount requested in box 30 should equal the amounts in boxes 12 and 13 on page 6 of the application. The total grant amount a local unit can request is limited to \$2.0 million.

Financially Distressed Cities, Villages, and Townships (FDCVT) Tips

14. If you are unable to include a complete detailed description in any of the boxes provided on the application, please attach additional documents describing the proposal or other supporting documentation.
 - a. Examples of supporting documentation would include copies of completed feasibility studies, engineering timelines, quotes for budgeted expenses, etc...
15. Submit an original signed application on time. Complete applications must be received no later than 11:59 p.m. on the due date. Post mark dates will not be accepted for mailed applications. Incomplete applications may not be considered.

Grant Review Panel Criteria for Selection

The panel's criteria for selection include:

1. **Number of Conditions of Probable Financial Distress** – Applicants with two or more conditions of financial distress are weighed more than applicants with only one condition of financial distress.
2. **Declared Financial Emergency in the Past Five Years** – Applicants for which a financial emergency was declared in the past five years are weighed more.
3. **Proposal Detail** – How clearly and descriptively was the application packet completed? Does the panel have a lot of follow-up questions for the applicant to provide clarity concerning the proposal?
4. **Proposal Potential** – Does the proposal indicate the potential to lead to financial stability? Is the proposal sustainable?
5. **Proposal Goals** – How clearly are the proposal goals and outcomes explained? Are the measures for success clearly identified in the application?
6. **Potential Barriers** – Are there barriers to starting and implementing the proposal?
7. **Costs savings/taxpayer benefits/efficiencies achieved** – Are there significant long-term cost savings as compared to the one-time start-up costs? Is there a taxpayer benefit or efficiency achieved through the proposal regardless of the actual cost savings?
8. **Work Plan/Timeline** – Does the work plan clearly indicate the outcomes and deliverables of each step and outline the activities to be completed for the proposal, start to finish?
9. **Budget** – Is the budget clear and detailed? Do the budgeted items clearly relate to the proposal description and goals?