

MICHIGAN ECONOMIC UPDATE

Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis Michigan Department of Treasury

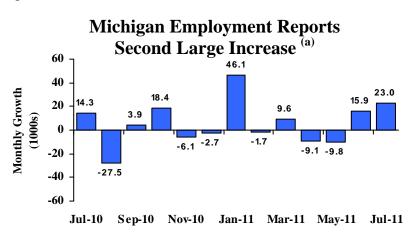
http://www.michigan.gov/treasury

July 2011 Summary

U.S. Economy: Estimated 2011Q2 real gross domestic product growth was revised down from 1.3 percent to 1.0 percent. Consumer sentiment fell sharply (-7.8 points) from June to 63.7 – its lowest level since March 2009. Compared to a year ago, the ISM manufacturing index was down 4.2 points and the ISM non-manufacturing index was off 1.0 point. Industrial production was up 3.7 percent from a year ago; capacity utilization increased 2.3 percentage points. June housing starts were up 9.8 percent from a year ago; existing home sales rose 21.0 percent. Retail sales excluding motor vehicles and gasoline purchases rose 6.5 percent from July 2010.

Employment: In July, Michigan employment rose by 23,000 jobs to its highest level since February 2009. Compared to a year ago, Michigan employment rose 1.5 percent; nationally employment increased 1.0 percent. The Michigan unemployment rate rose 0.4 percentage point from June to 10.9 percent, but was still down 1.5 percentage points from July 2010. In July, U.S. employment grew for the tenth straight month, rising a net 117,000 jobs. At 9.1 percent, the U.S. unemployment rate fell by 0.1 percentage point from June and was down 0.4 percentage point from a year ago.

Auto Industry: In July, the light vehicle annual sales rate (12.2 million units) rose 6.0 percent from June and was up 5.8 percent from a year ago. June inventories were down 1.9 percent from a year ago and days supply was down three days. July Michigan vehicle production fell 10.5 percent compared to a year ago; nationally, production decreased 0.9 percent.

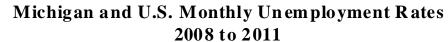


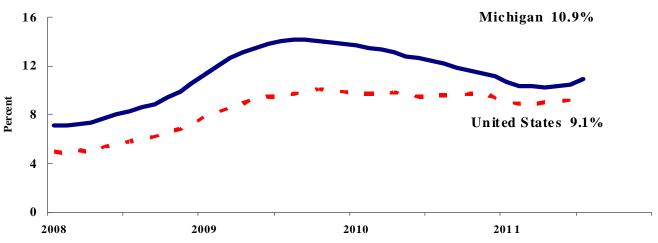
Inflation: Compared to a year ago, the U.S. consumer price index (CPI) was up 3.6 percent. The core U.S. CPI (excluding food and energy) rose 1.8 percent. The overall producer price index rose sharply (7.2 percent) but the core producer price index increased only 2.5 percent. At \$97.19 per barrel, oil prices were up \$20.82 a barrel (27.3 percent) from July 2010.

Michigan Metro Areas: Unemployment rates fell in all 17 major Michigan labor markets in June compared with year-ago levels. Employment rose in 11 of Michigan's 17 areas with a median increase of 1.6 percent.

Labor Market Statistics

• Michigan's July unemployment rate increased 0.4 percentage points from last month to 10.9 percent, and the current Michigan jobless rate is down 1.5 percentage points from a year ago. The July U.S. unemployment rate decreased 0.1 percentage point from June to 9.1 percent and was down 0.4 percentage points from a year ago. Monthly unemployment rates fluctuate in part due to statistical sampling errors and data revisions.





Source: Michigan Dept. of Technology, Management & Budget and Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Dept. of Labor

- In July, the number of people employed in Michigan was 4,189,000, down 33,000 from last month, while the labor force decreased by 17,000. The statewide total number of unemployed increased by 15,000 to 511,000.
- United States household employment totaled 139.3 million persons in July, down 38,000 from June. The labor force fell by 193,000 from last month, which meant there were 156,000 less unemployed people nationally, compared to June.

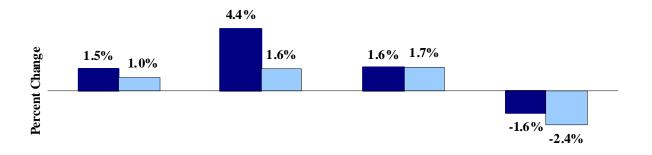
Employment by Place of Residence (in thousands) (a)

					Change From			
	2010	M ay	Jun	Jul	Prior M	I onth	Last	Year
	<u>Average</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2011</u>	Level	<u>%</u>	Level	%
Michigan								
Labor Force	4,790	4,736	4,718	4,701	-17	-0.4%	-86	-1.8%
Employed	4,193	4,248	4,222	4,189	-33	-0.8%	-4	-0.1%
Unemployed	597	488	496	511	15	3.0%	-83	-13.9%
Unemployment Rate	12.5%	10.3%	10.5%	10.9%	n.a.	0.4% pts	n.a.	-1.5%
United States								
Labor Force	153,889	153,693	153,421	153,228	-193	-0.1%	-400	-0.3%
Employed	139,064	139,779	139,334	139,296	-38	0.0%	305	0.2%
Unemployed	14,825	13,914	14,087	13,931	-156	-1.1%	-706	-4.8%
Unemployment Rate	9.6%	9.1%	9.2%	9.1%	n.a.	-0.1% pts	n.a.	-0.4%

Employment by Place of Work

• From July 2010 to July 2011, Michigan wage and salary employment increased 60,000 (1.5 percent). State wage and salary employment increased 23,000 from June. Nationally, July 2011 wage and salary employment rose 1,258,000 (1.0 percent) from a year ago and was up 117,000 from last month.

Wage and Salary Employment Growth July 2010 to July 2011



Wage & Salary Goods Producing Private Service Local, State & Fed. Producing Gov't

Michigan United States

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget

- In the goods-producing sector, Michigan employment increased 4.4 percent from a year ago while private service-producing sector employment increased 1.6 percent compared to last year. From a year ago, July national employment in the goods-producing sector rose 1.6 percent and increased 1.7 percent in the private service-producing sector.
- Manufacturing weekly hours in Michigan decreased 1.0 hours in July compared to last year.

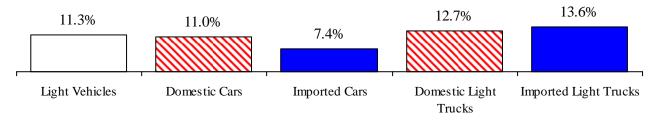
Establishment Employment (in thousands)^(b)

	Michigan				United States				
	2010 July		July	Percent	2010	July	July	Percent	
	Average	2010	2011	Change	Average	2010	2011	Change	
Wage & Salary Employment	3,861	3,882	3,942	1.5%	129,818	129,932	131,190	1.0%	
Goods Producing	603	613	640	4.4%	17,755	17,791	18,077	1.6%	
Manufacturing	474	486	502	3.3%	11,524	11,580	11,745	1.4%	
Private Service Producing	2,623	2,627	2,670	1.6%	89,582	89,560	91,079	1.7%	
Trade, Trans. & Utilities	709	712	716	0.6%	24,605	24,609	24,951	1.4%	
Services	1,672	1,674	1,713	2.3%	54,636	54,627	55,842	2.2%	
Local, State & Fed. Gov't	636	642	632	-1.6%	22,482	22,581	22,034	-2.4%	
Manufacturing Weekly Hours	40.9	44.5	43.5	-1.0 hrs	40.2			0.0 hrs	

Motor Vehicle Industry Sales

- At a 12.2 million unit rate, July 2011 light vehicle sales rose 6.0 percent from June 2011. July 2011 light vehicle sales were up 5.8 percent from a year ago.
- Compared to June 2011, July 2011 domestic sales increased 7.0 percent while foreign sales rose 2.1 percent. Domestic sales rose 9.1 percent compared to a year ago while foreign sales decreased 5.1 percent. Consequently, the foreign share of U.S. light vehicle sales decreased 2.4 percentage points from a year ago to 21.1 percent.
- Auto sales rose 1.5 percent in July 2011 compared to June and increased only 0.5 percent compared to a year ago. Light truck sales increased 10.2 percent from June and rose 10.8 percent from July 2010. Heavy truck sales were up 56.2 percent from last year to a 364,000 unit annual rate – their highest rate since April 2007.
- In July 2011, light vehicle inventories fell 9.0 percent from June and were down 1.9 percent from a year ago. Days supply was down 5 days from June and off 3 days from a year ago.

Year-to-Date Light Vehicle Sales Up Significantly from Year Ago



Motor Vehicle Sales Statistics

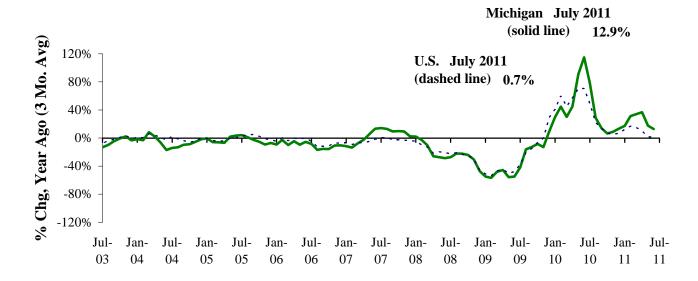
(Millions, unless otherwise specified)

	2010	May	Jun	Jul	3 Month	Change Year A	
Motor Vehicle Sales (c)	Average	<u>2011</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2011</u>	Average	Level	<u>%</u>
Autos	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	0.0	0.5%
Domestics	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.2	5.0%
Imports	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	(0.2)	-8.8%
Import Share	32.3%	30.4%	29.1%	29.0%	29.5%	-3.0% pt	S
Light Trucks	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.5	6.1	0.6	10.8%
Domestics	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.6	5.2	0.6	12.3%
Imports	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	2.3%
Import Share	15.4%	14.7%	15.0%	14.2%	14.6%	-1.2% pt	S
Total Light Vehicles	11.6	11.7	11.5	12.2	11.8	0.7	5.8%
Heavy Trucks	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	<u>56.2</u> %
Total Vehicles	11.8	12.0	11.8	12.6	12.1	0.8	6.8%
U.S. Light Vehicle Inven	tories ^(d)						
Total Car	1.076	0.844	0.830	0.752	0.809	-0.238	
Days Supply	59	38	42	39	40	-13 da	ys
Total Truck	1.110	1.316	1.336	1.219	1.291	0.199	•
Days Supply	58	60	65	57	61	5 da	ys

Motor Vehicle Industry Production

- At 106,616 units, July 2011 Michigan motor vehicle production fell 10.5 percent from last July. National production decreased 0.9 percent from July 2010. Compared to June 2011, Michigan production fell 30.0 percent while national production dropped 25.4 percent.
- Michigan car production was down 19.3 percent in July 2011 from a year ago while State truck production decreased 6.2 percent. Nationally, car production fell 7.2 percent while truck production increased 2.6 percent.
- From a year ago, Michigan's share of national production fell 2.2 percentage points to 20.2 percent.

Michigan and U.S. Motor Vehicle Production Increases Slow Substantially (e,f)



Motor Vehicle Production Statistics

	(Thousands, unless otherwise specified)					Change from		
	2010					Year A	Year Ago	
	Monthly	May	Jun	Jul	3 Month	for the Month		
	Average	<u>2011</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2011</u>	Average	Level	<u>%</u>	
U.S. Production (e)								
Autos	241.7	246.3	247.7	177.3	223.8	(13.7)	-7.2%	
Trucks	404.0	446.4	459.3	350.0	418.6	8.8	2.6%	
Total	645.7	692.7	707.0	527.3	642.3	(4.9)	-0.9%	
Michigan Production (f)								
Autos	44.6	66.8	50.5	31.1	49.5	(7.4)	-19.3%	
Trucks	86.8	105.5	101.8	75.5	94.3	(5.0)	-6.2%	
Total	131.4	172.3	152.4	106.6	143.8	(12.5)	-10.5%	
Michigan as % of U.S.	20.4%	24.9%	21.6%	20.2%	22.4%	-2.2%	pts	

Local Area Unemployment Rate Falls In All Seventeen Local Areas

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

July 2011 local area unemployment rates ranged between 7.8 percent (Ann Arbor MSA) and 14.1 percent (Detroit-Warren-Livonia MSA). The median July 2011 unemployment rate was 10.4 percent.

Compared to a year ago, the July unemployment rate fell in all 17 major Michigan labor market areas. The Detroit-Warren-Livonia MSA saw the smallest decline (-0.2 percentage point). All other 16 areas saw at least a 1.6 percentage point drop. The Muskegon-Norton Shores MSA saw the largest rate decline (-2.8 percentage points) followed by the Holland-Grand Haven MSA and the Jackson MSA (-2.6 percentage points).

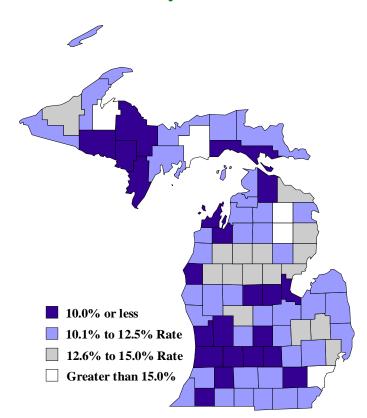
Between July 2010 and July 2011, 11 labor market areas saw an employment increase. The median employment increase was 1.6 percent. The Bay City MSA experienced the largest employment increase (3.6 percent), followed by the Holland-Grand Haven MSA (3.3 percent) and the Kalamazoo-Portage MSA (3.1 percent). The Battle Creek MSA saw the largest employment decline (-3.7 percent) followed by the Flint MSA (-2.4 percent). Compared to a year ago, the labor force fell in 12 areas with the Battle Creek MSA experiencing the largest decline (-5.8 percent), followed by the Flint MSA (-4.8 percent). The median labor force change was a 2.2 percent drop.

Between July 2010 and July 2011, the unemployment rate fell in 79 of Michigan's 83 counties with a median rate decrease of 2.0 percentage points. Baraga County posted the largest decline (-4.8 percentage points) followed by Alcona County (-3.7 percentage points). Twenty counties saw a July 2011 unemployment rate below 10.0 percent. Five counties reported rates higher than 15.0 percent.

Local Area Unemployment Rates^(g)

Local Area	July 2010 <u>Rate</u>	June 2011 <u>Rate</u>	July 2011 <u>Rate</u>
Michigan	13.2%	11.0%	11.9%
Ann Arbor	9.4%	7.7%	7.8%
Battle Creek	12.2%	9.6%	10.3%
Bay City	12.1%	9.9%	10.0%
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	14.3%	12.5%	14.1%
Flint	14.6%	11.5%	12.5%
Grand Rapids-Wyoming	11.2%	9.0%	9.1%
Holland-Grand Haven	11.6%	9.1%	9.0%
Jackson	13.6%	10.6%	11.0%
Kalamazoo-Portage	11.7%	9.3%	9.5%
Lansing-East Lansing	10.8%	9.0%	9.2%
Monroe	13.6%	10.4%	11.1%
Muskegon-Norton Shores	14.0%	10.9%	11.2%
Niles-Benton Harbor	12.9%	10.6%	10.8%
Saginaw-Saginaw Township	12.5%	10.1%	10.4%
Upper Peninsula	11.6%	10.1%	10.0%
Northeast Lower Mich	13.9%	11.7%	12.2%
Northwest Lower Mich.	12.4%	10.6%	10.5%

County Unemployment Rates July 2011 (g)



U.S. Economic Conditions

	A 11	3.6 11	T 11	T 1 11	Change from
	<u>Apr-11</u>	<u>May-11</u>	<u>Jun-11</u>	<u>Jul-11</u>	Year Ago
KEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS					
Consumer Sentiment (h)	69.8	74.3	71.5	63.7	-4.1 points
ISM Manufacturing Index (i)	60.4	53.5	55.3	50.9	-4.2 points
ISM Non Manufacturing Index (i)	52.8	54.6	53.3	52.7	-1.0 point
	2010.3	<u>2010.4</u>	<u>2011.1</u>	2011.2	
Business Executives' Confidence (j)	50.0	62.0	67.0	55.0	-7.0 points
INFLATION (k)					Change from
1982-84 = 100	<u>Apr-11</u>	<u>May-11</u>	<u>Jun-11</u>	<u>Jul-11</u>	Year Ago
U.S. Consumer Price Index	224.9	226.0	225.7	225.9	3.6%
Detroit CPI	211.7	NA	213.5	NA	4.2%
U.S. Producer Price Index	191.7	192.9	191.6	192.4	7.2%
INTEREST RATES					
90 Day T-Bill ⁽¹⁾	0.06%	0.04%	0.04%	0.03%	-0.13% points
Aaa Corporate Bonds (m)	5.16%	4.96%	4.99%	4.93%	0.21% points
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (m)	92.8	93.0	93.3	94.2	3.7%
CAPACITY UTILIZATION (m)	76.6%	76.7%	76.9%	77.5%	2.3% points
RETAIL SALES (n)	\$387.7	\$387.5	\$388.6	\$390.4	8.5%
HOUSING STARTS and SALES					% Change From
(Millions Annual Rate)	<u>Apr-11</u>	<u>May-11</u>	<u>Jun-11</u>	<u>Jul-11</u>	Year Ago
Housing Starts ^(o)	0.549	0.553	0.613	0.604	9.8%
Existing Home Sales ^(p)	5.000	4.810	4.840	4.670	21.0%
DURABLE GOODS ORDERS (q)	\$192.4	\$196.2	\$193.7	\$201.5	9.2%
PERSONAL INCOME (c)					% Change From
(Billions of Dollars)	<u>2010.2</u>	<u>2010.3</u>	2010.4	<u>2011.1</u>	Year Ago
Michigan	\$350.6	\$354.3	\$356.2	\$363.4	5.4%
U.S.	\$12,503.0		\$12,686.6	\$12,915.0	4.7%
GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT					Annualized % Chg
(Billions of Chained 2005	2010.3	2010.4	2011.1	<u>2011.2</u>	From Last Qtr
Dollars) (c)			\$13,227.9		0.99%

SOURCES AND NOTES:

- (a) Seasonally adjusted. Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor and Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget.
- (b) Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor (BLS 790).
- (c) Seasonally adjusted annual rates. Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (d) Ward's Automotive Reports.
- (e) Automotive News.
- (f) Michigan Department of Treasury.
- (g) Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget.
- (h) University of Michigan Survey of Consumers.
- (i) Institute for Supply Management (ISM), formerly NAPM.
- (j) The Conference Board.
- (k) Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.
- (1) Economic Indicators, Council of Economic Advisors.
- ^(m) Seasonally adjusted rates (except interest rates). Federal Reserve System Board of Governors. 2007 equals 100.
- (n) Retail and Food Services Sales. Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (0) Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (p) National Association of Realtors.
- ^(q) Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. Figures exclude semi conductors.