

Discussion Request with EGLE - City of Benton Harbor Water System

June 3, 2022

Ernie Sarkipato, EGLE-DWEHD

EGLE Presentation Agenda

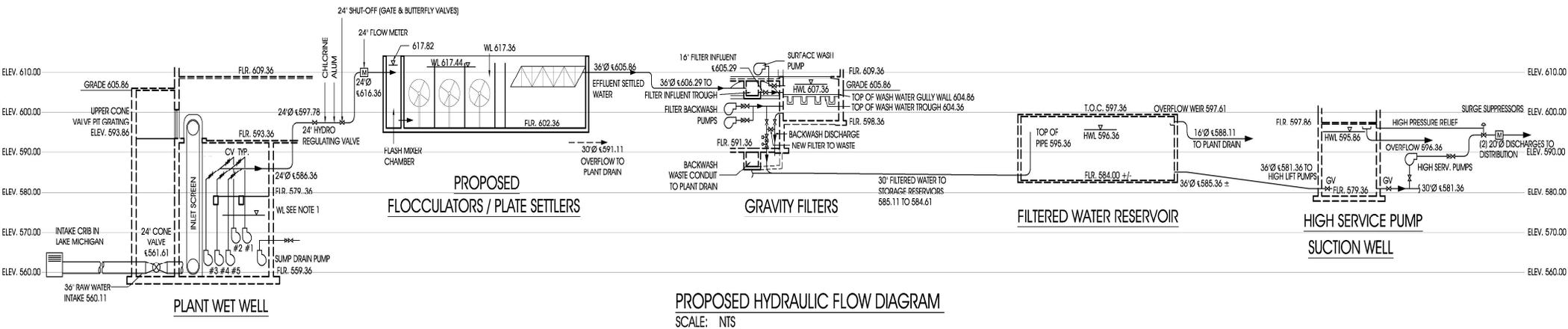
- Overview of water system
- Surface Water Treatment Rule (SWTR) compliance
- Disinfection practices and compliance
- Microbial indicators
- Status of Violations and Significant Deficiencies

Technical, Managerial, & Financial Capacity is Imperative

- Lack of TMF Capacity impacts the city's capability to sustainably comply with Act 399
- Lack of TMF Capacity has a compounding effect
- Lack of TMF capacity prevents correction of everything all at once
- EGLE's approach is to help city prioritize corrective actions
- Progress and improvements are happening
- EGLE required a TMF study to be done (pending)

Treatment Process

- “Follow the flow”

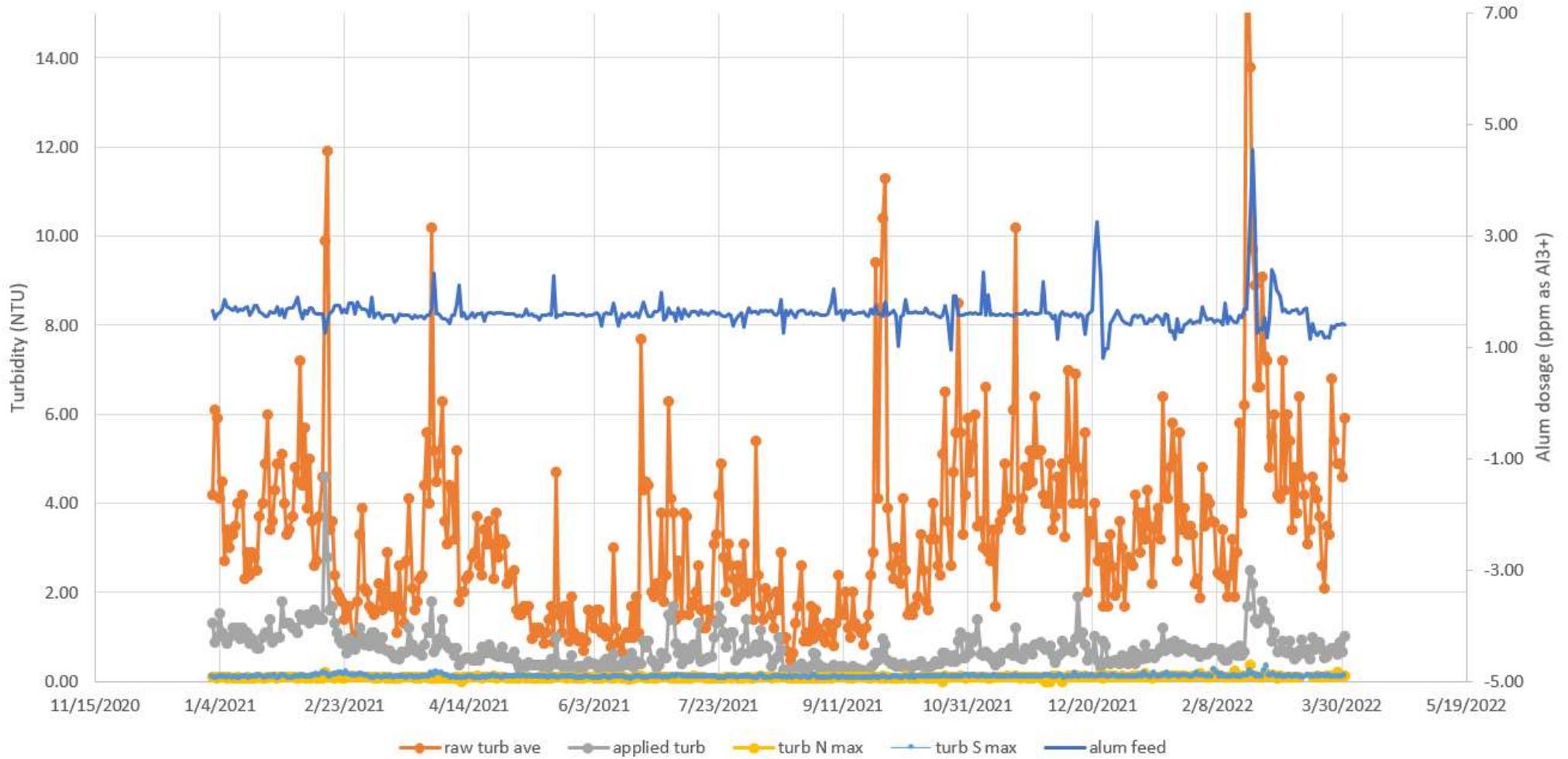


SWTR Compliance

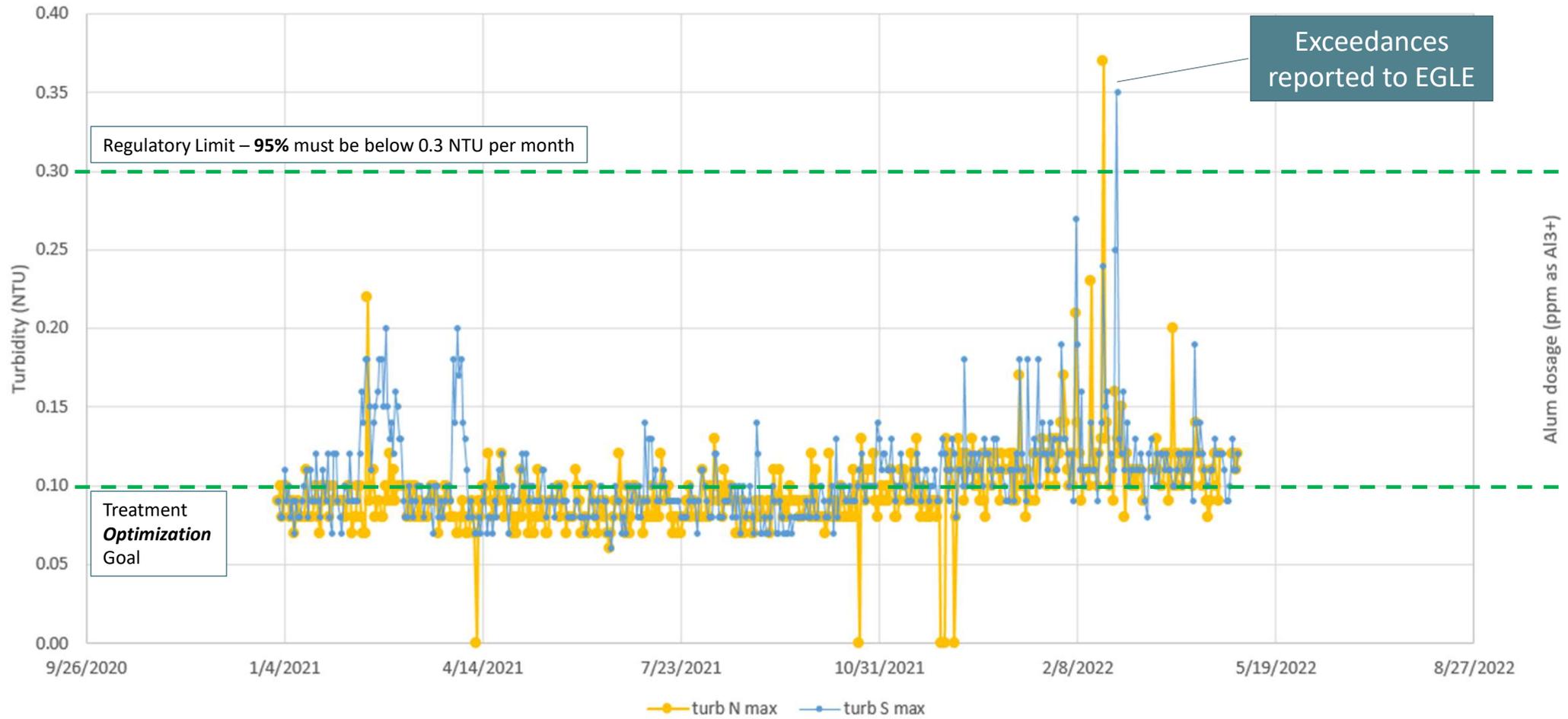
Pathogen	Required Log removal/inactivation	Removal Credit for Conventional Treatment	Remaining Needed for inactivation by Disinfection (CT)
Giardia	3-log (99.9%)	2.5-log	0.5-log
Viruses	4-log (99.99%)	0-log	4-log
Cryptosporidium	2-log (99%)	2-log (Bin 1)	0-log

- Credits are awarded for conventional treatment operated in compliance with Act 399.
- CT compliance is focused on 0.5-log Giardia (more difficult than virus)

Turbidity Removal



Combined Filter Turbidity



Turbidimeter Progress

- Lack of recordkeeping and calibration - 2018
- Revocation of certificate - 2020
- New operations increased confidence:
 - Updated SOPs
 - Calibration
 - Maintenance
 - Verification
 - Recordkeeping

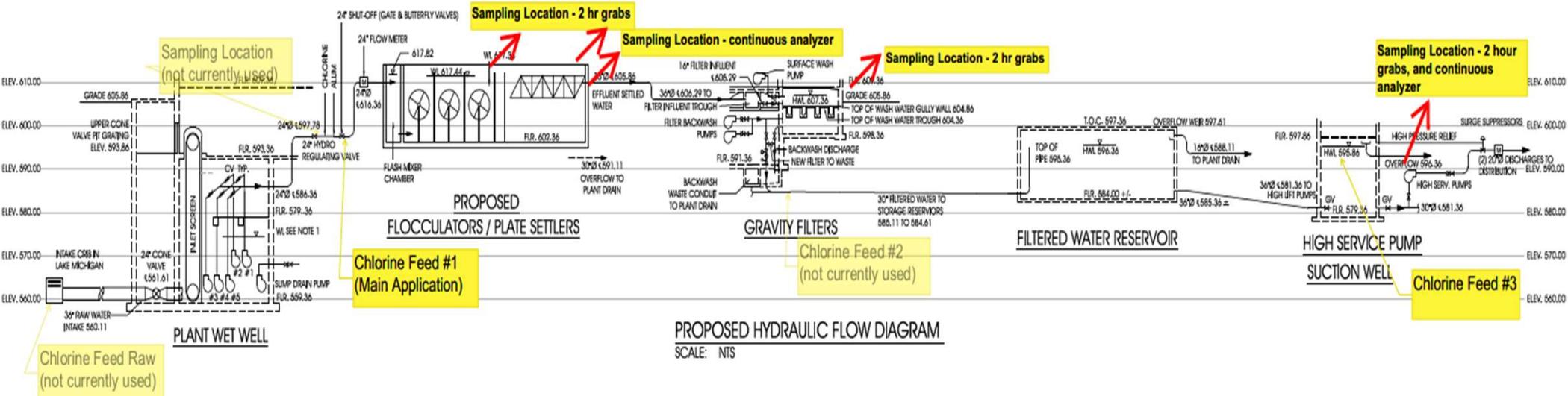


CT Compliance Determinations

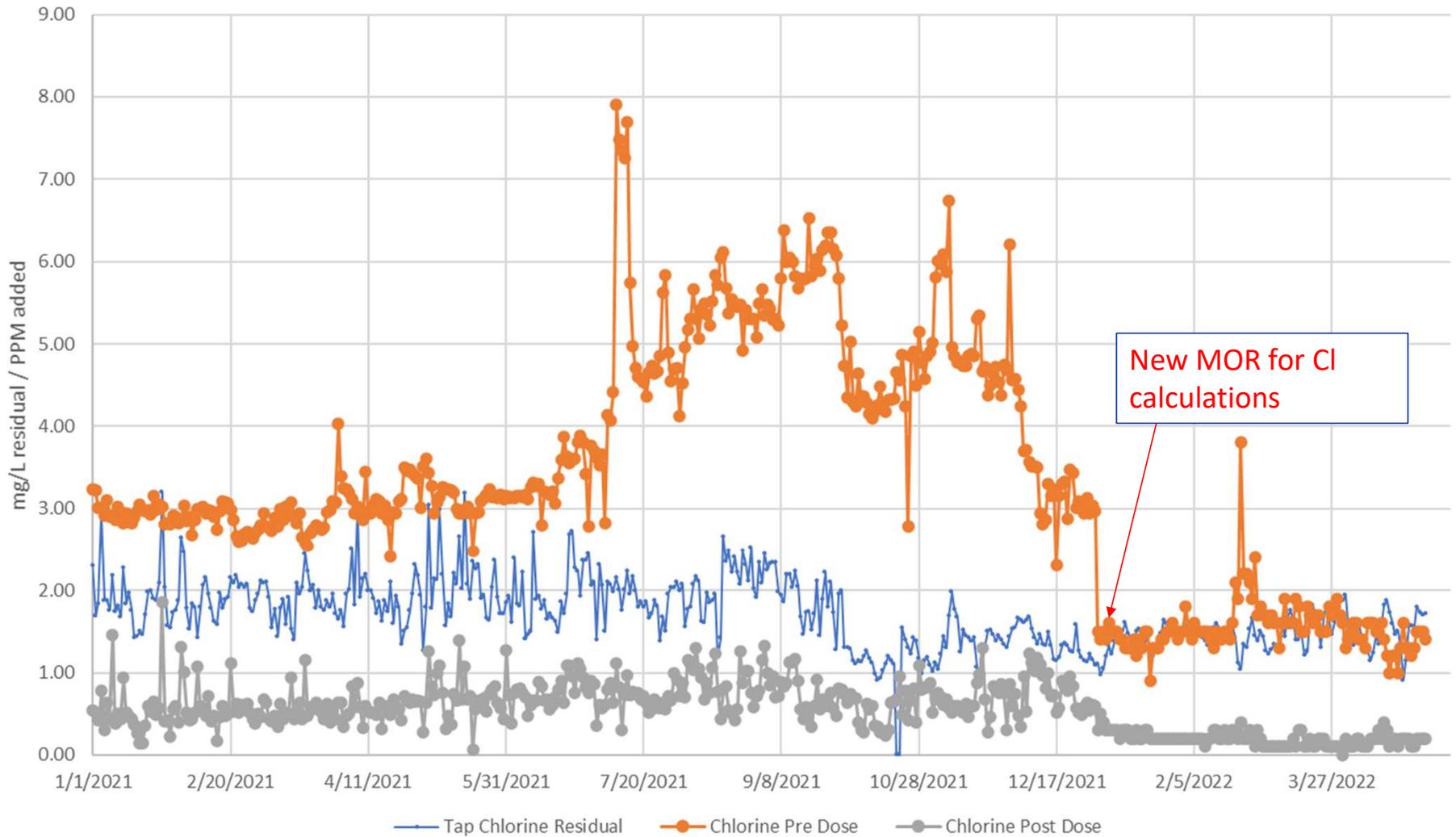
- Goal: 0.5-log inactivation for Giardia
- Previous CT compliance – worst case calculations, theoretical
 - WTP must operate within those parameters
 - EGLE now asks surface water plants to conduct and report daily calcs
- Reaction to discovery
 - 3/24/2022 letter – minor deficiency
 - Compliance determination for 2022 based on pre-treatment alone

CT Issue Discussion

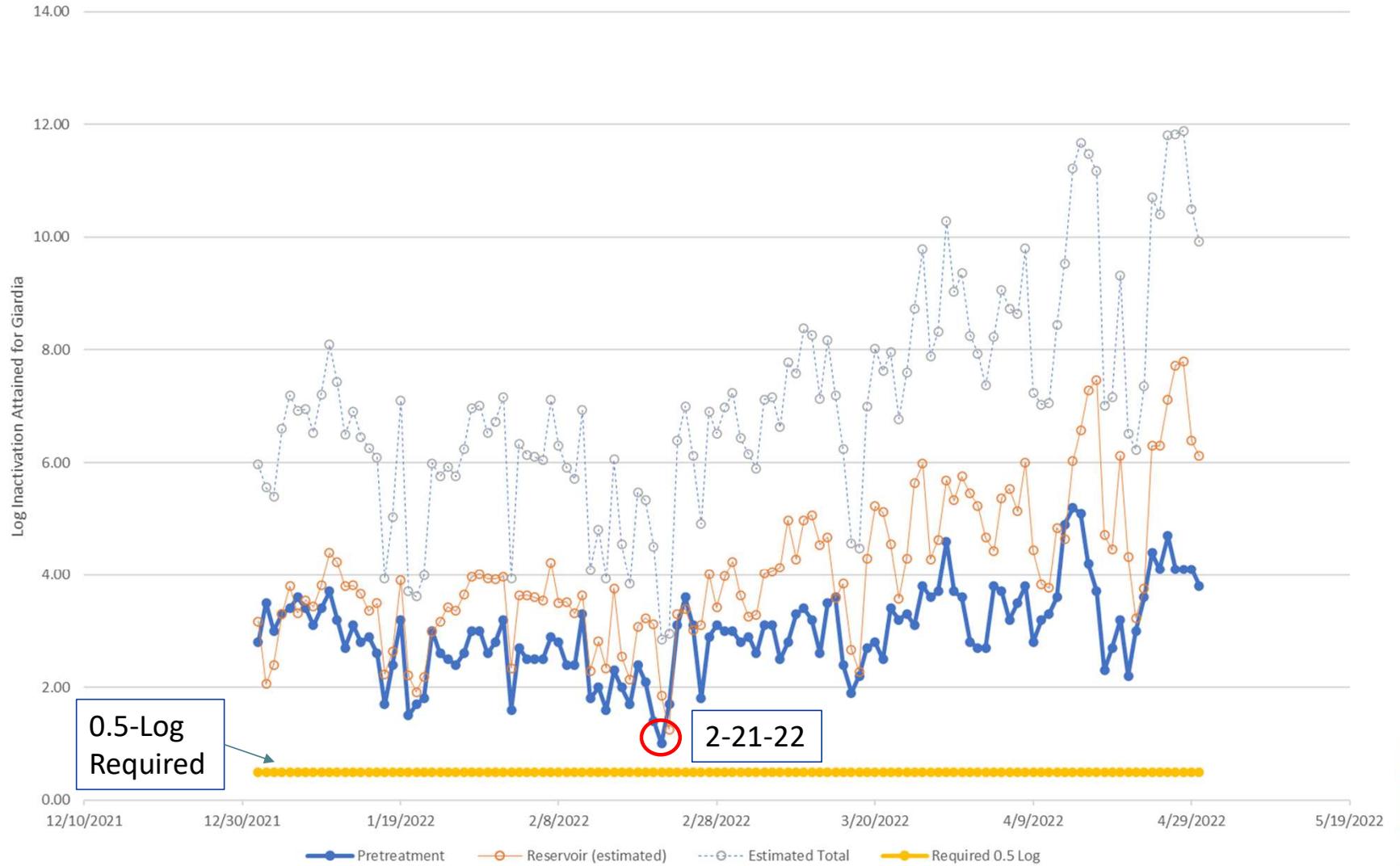
EGLE and EPA learned of a misunderstanding of chlorine application



Chlorine Addition and Plant Tap Residual



CT Analysis for Benton Harbor WTP



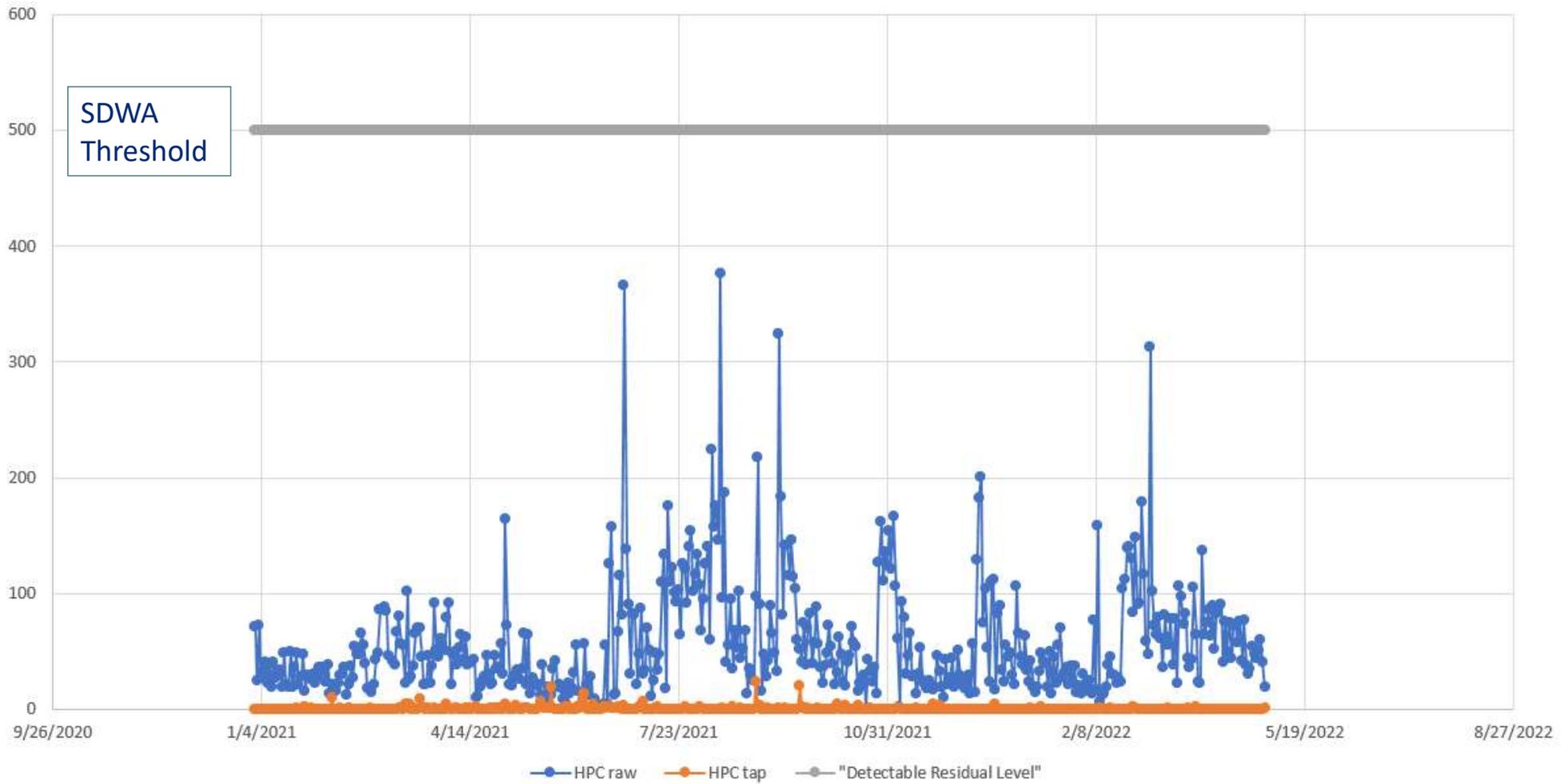
CT spot check – 2/21/2022

- Spot check on 2/21/2022 - pretreatment CT credit:
 - Raw water flow rate of *3452 gpm*
 - pH 8.0, Temp 3.0 degrees C
 - Flocculation chlorine residual = *0.98 mg/L*
 - Plate Settlers chlorine residual = *1.04 mg/L*
 - *Log Inactivation in pre-treatment only = 1.0-log*
 - Required to get *0.5-log*

Bacteriological Safety

- EGLE's review of bacteriological safety of water:
 - LT2: bin classification based on source water sampling
 - Heterotrophic bacteria sampling
 - Chlorine residuals at WTP and distribution
 - Total coliform in distribution (weekly)
 - Total coliform at plant tap (daily)

Heterotrophic Plate Counts (cfu/mL) - 2021 to Present

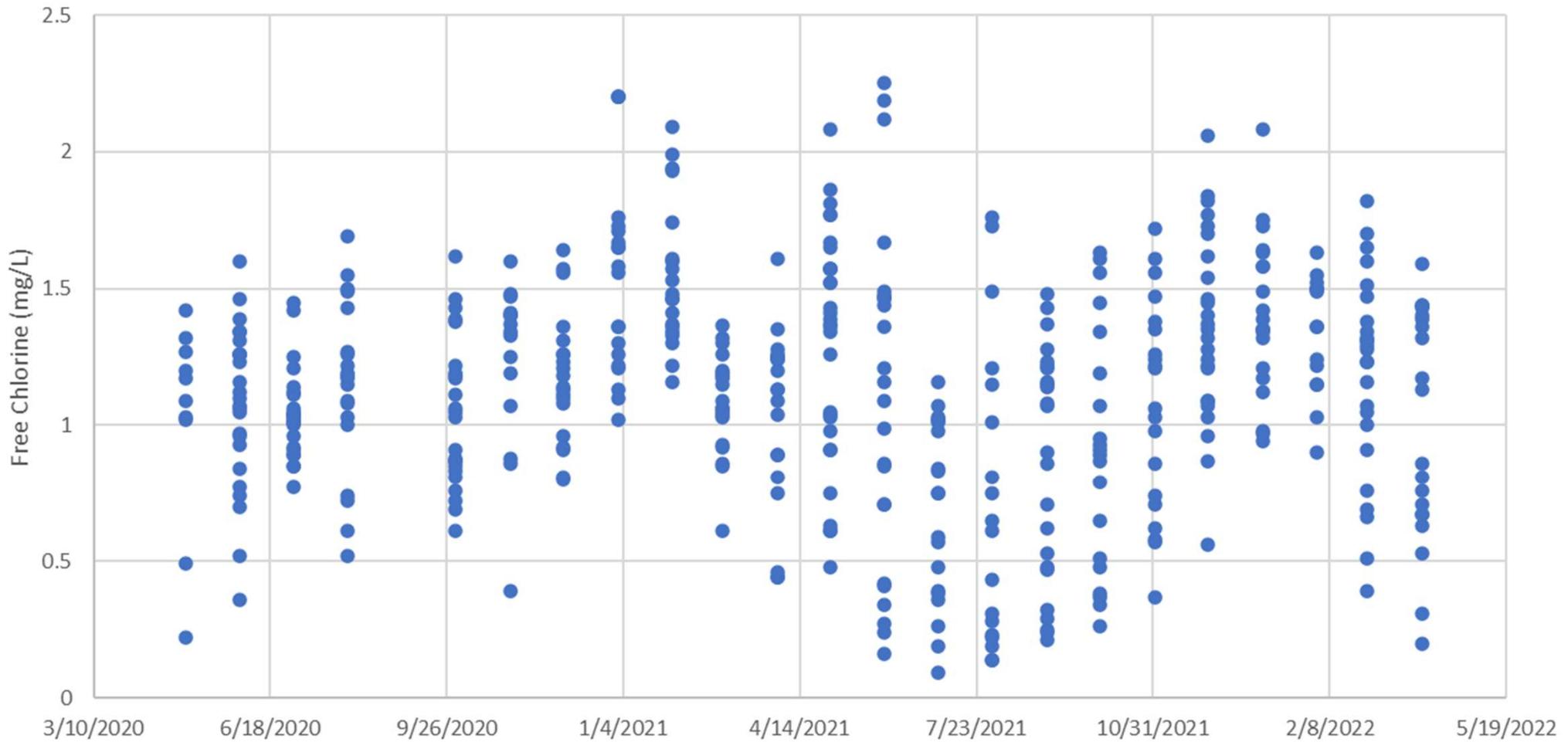


Disinfectant Residual Monitoring

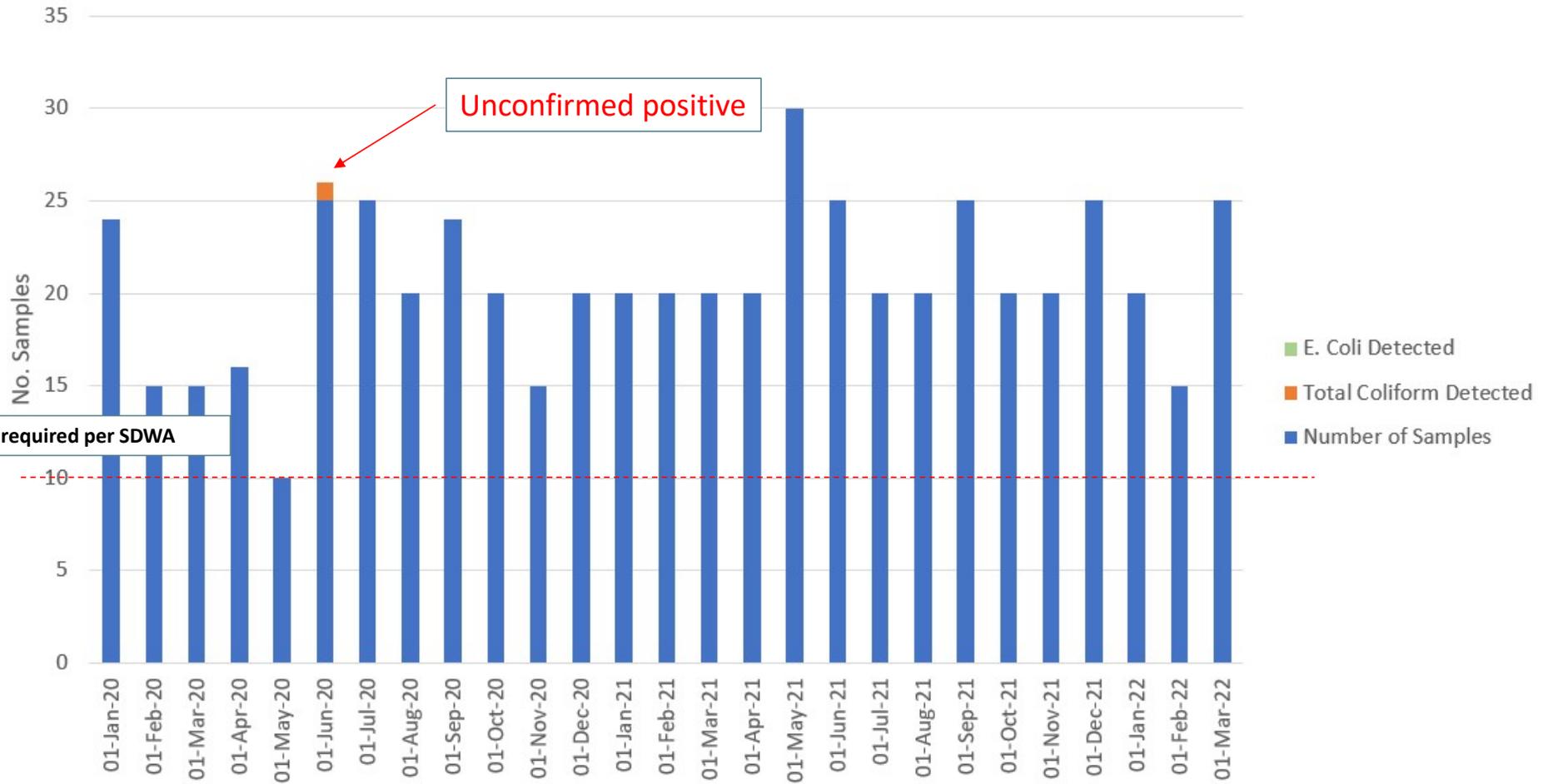
- **2018:** significant deficiency for non-working chlorine analyzer at EPTDS.
 - **Correction:** installed new analyzer in a more visible location by 8/12/2019
- **9/9/2020:** VN for new analyzer, reading in error
 - **Correction:** fixed, back online 9/21/20
- **9/21/2021:** significant deficiency, again reading in error
 - **Correction:** fixed, back online 9/23/2021
 - Installed redundant analyzer recently
 - Alarm w/ callout for low/high readings (0.8/3.0 mg/L, respectively)



Distribution Chlorine Residuals



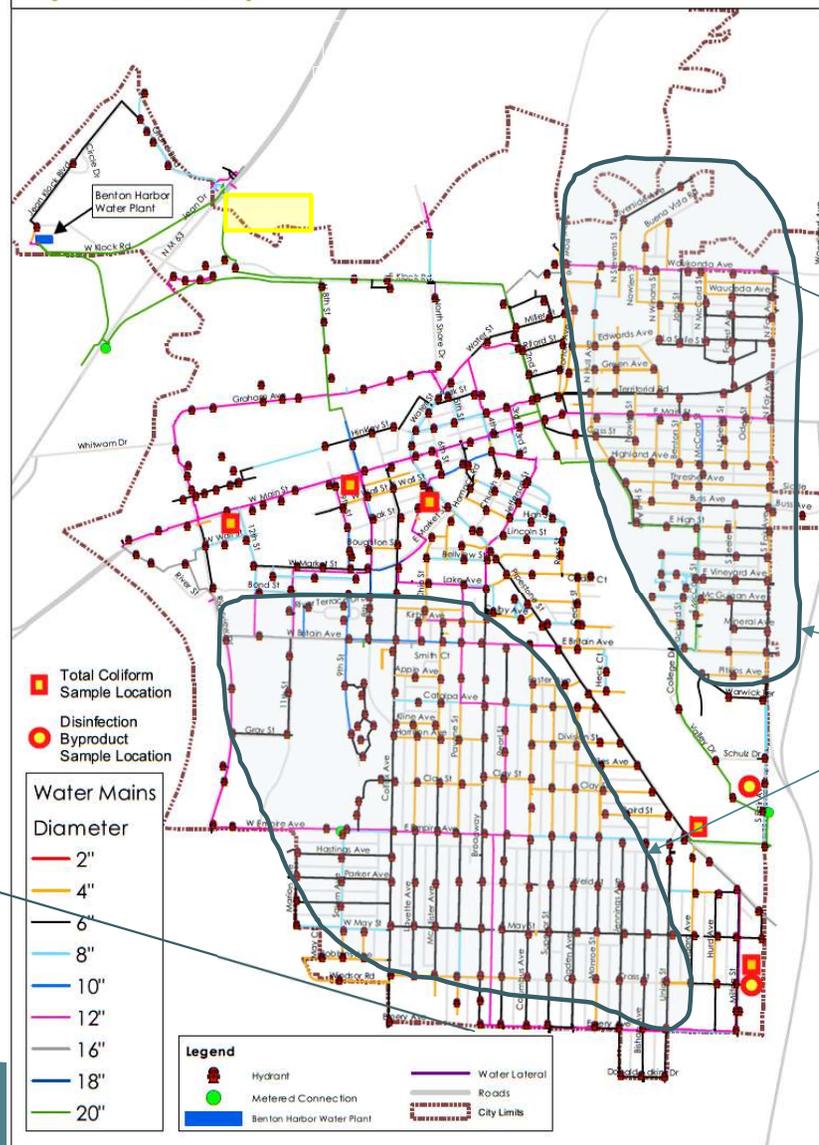
Bacteriological Sampling in Distribution System



Distribution Sampling

2021 Sanitary Survey –
Required Action to update SSP's to be representative of distribution System

System Map Sampling Locations - Added by EGLE 1/27/2022



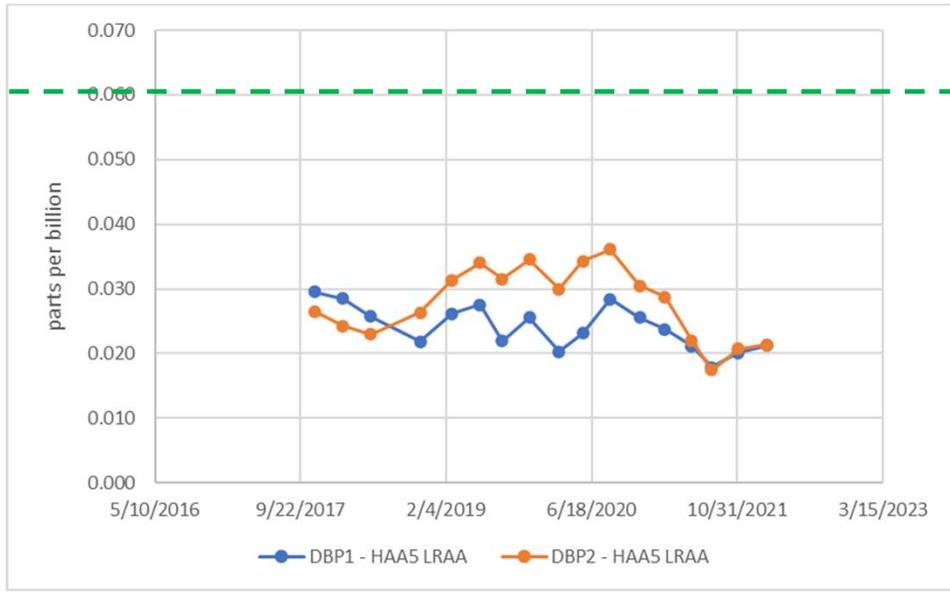
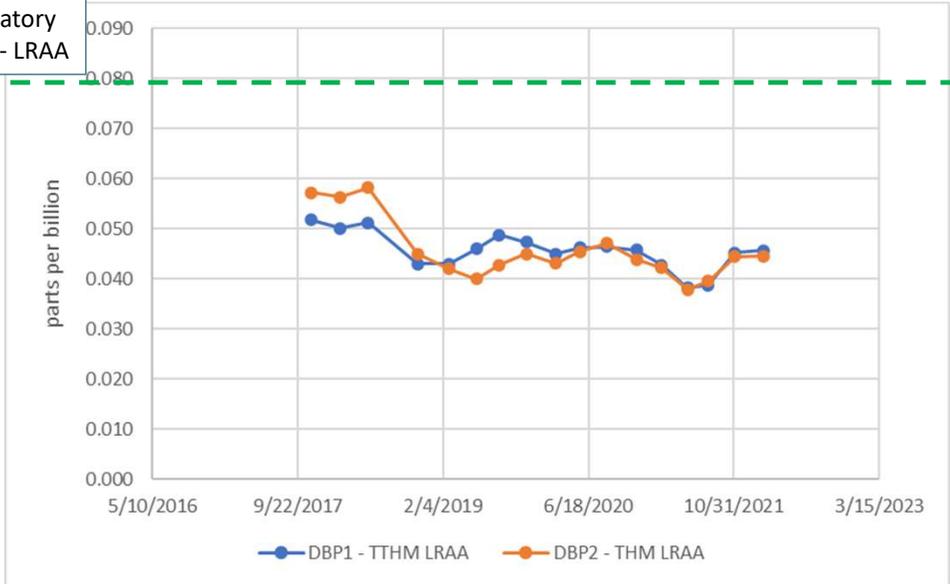
EGLE Spot Check
 Free Cl2: 0.73 mg/L
 on 10/13/2021

EGLE Spot Check
 Free Cl2: 0.87 mg/L
 on 10/13/21

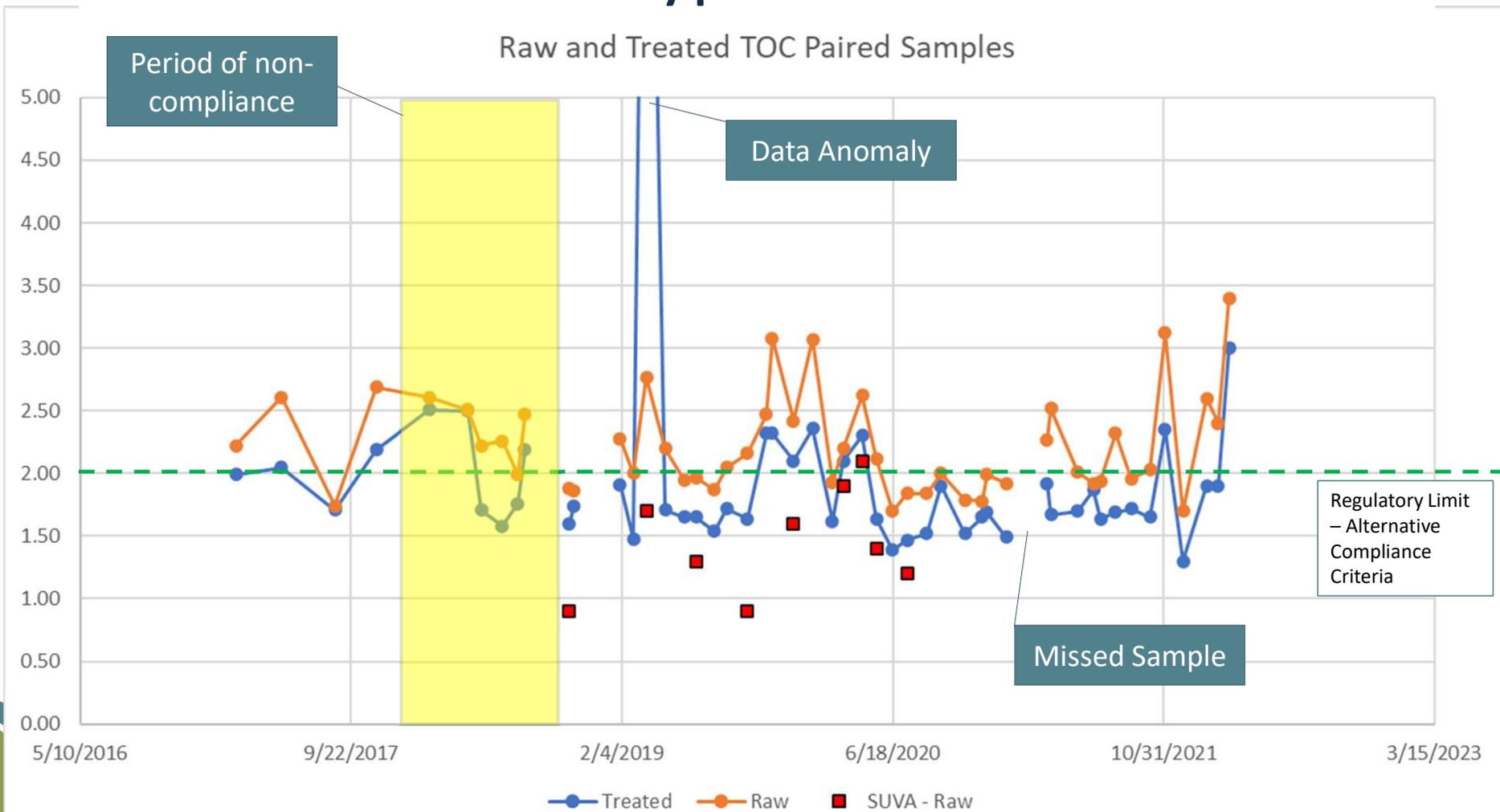
Under-represented areas for sampling

Disinfection Byproducts

Regulatory Limit - LRAA



Disinfection Byproduct Precursors



2021 Significant Deficiency (MOR issues)

- Previous MOR:
 - Pre-filling front page
 - Inaccurate calculations
 - CT calculation not included

MOR submittal by 2/10/2022:
resolved significant deficiency

Remarks	North Filter	South Filter
Number of filter confluence samples >0.3 NTU	0	0
Number of filter confluence samples collected	93	93
Percent of filter confluence samples >0.3 NTU	0%	0%
Number of filter confluence samples >1 NTU	0	0

Did any individual filter exceed:

1.0 NTU in two consecutive measurements taken 15 minutes apart?
 If yes, attach specific filter(s) information and indicate required follow up status.

0.5 NTU in two consecutive measurements taken 15 minutes apart after 4 hours of operation?
 If yes, attach specific filter(s) information and indicate required follow up status.

1.0 NTU in two consecutive measurements taken 15 minutes apart for 3 consecutive months?
 If yes, attach specific filter(s) information and indicate required follow up status.

2.0 NTU in two consecutive measurements taken 15 minutes apart for 2 consecutive months?
 If yes, attach specific filter(s) information and indicate required follow up status.

Did plant tap disinfectant residual fall below 0.2 ppm during the month?
 If yes, indicate date(s) and duration on a separate sheet

Was minimum C*T credit achieved for the entire month?
 If no, indicate on a separate sheet the date(s) not achieved

Was continuous POE chlorine residual monitoring equipment off-line during the month?
 If yes, indicate date(s) and duration on a separate sheet

Was continuous (every 15 minutes) filter monitoring equipment off-line during the month?
 If yes, indicate date(s) and duration on a separate sheet.

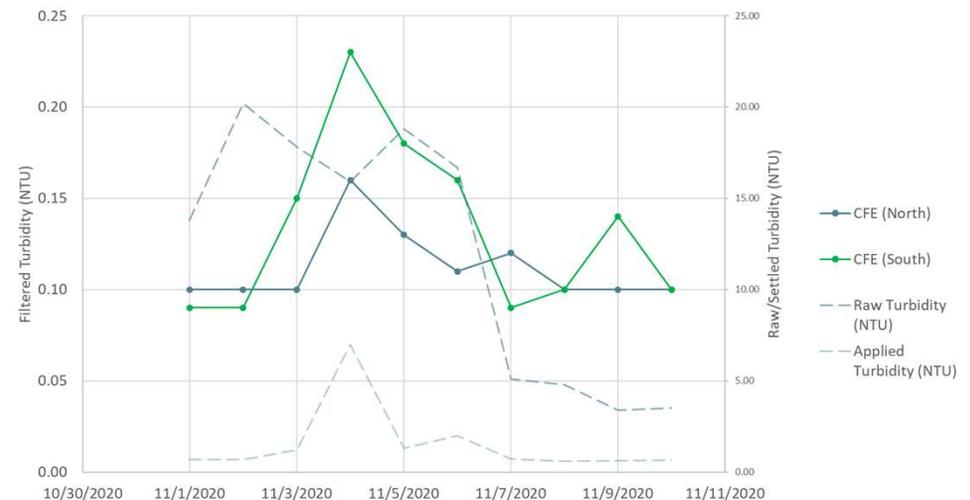
Distribution MGD					
Total	Average	Max	Min		
29,493	0.951	1.212	0.826		

Comments

The south flocculation/sedimentation (floc/sed) basin was filled on 12/20/2021 & 12/21/2021. The max filtration rate for those dates was estimated based on the average low service peak flow. Both floc/sed basins are in service as of 12/22/2021. The max filtration rate for 12/1-14/2021 was estimated based on the average low service peak flow.

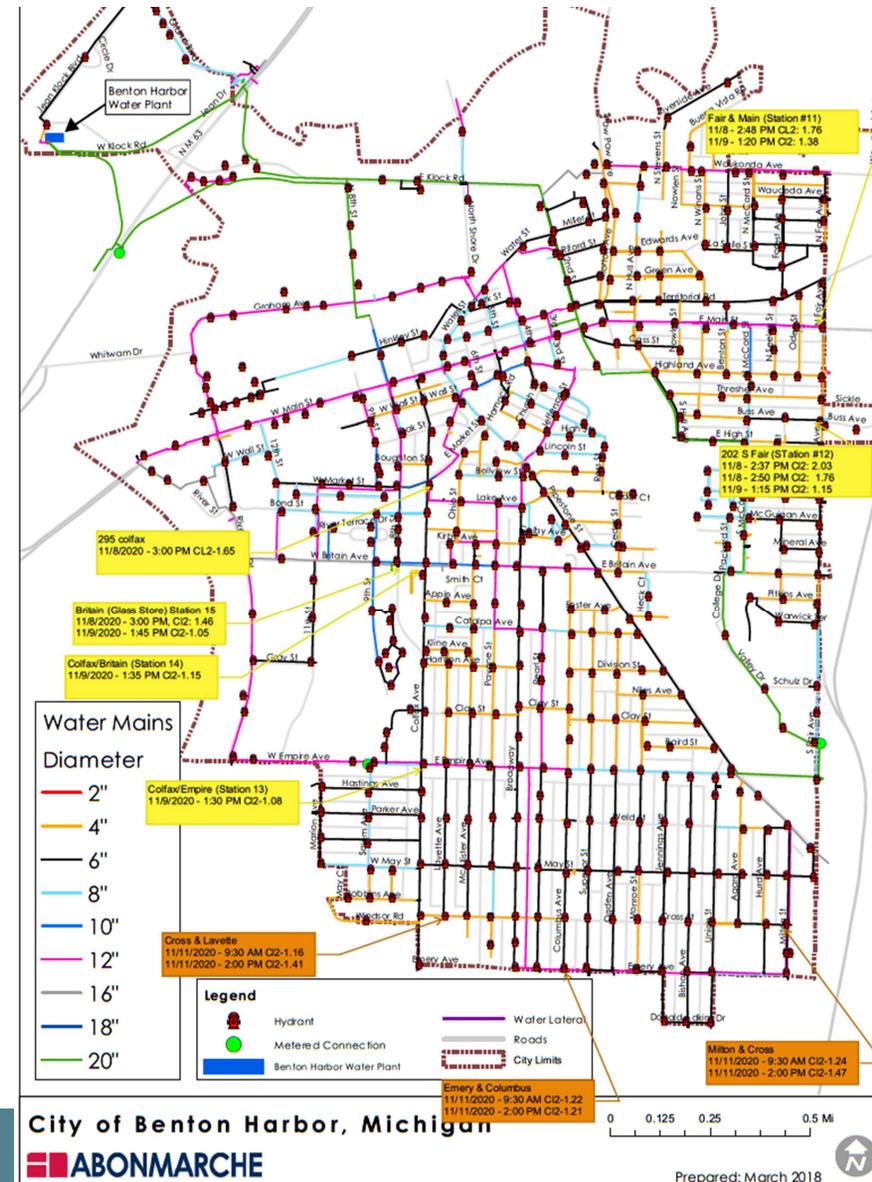
Event Response: November 2020

- 11/4/2020 – WTP noted high turbidity after a few hours of start-up
- **Neglected to start Alum feed** (required to be continuously fed)
- Max CFE turbidity: 0.23 NTU
- City did not notify EGLE immediately
- EGLE insisted issuing an advisory on 11/5/2020



November 2020 Response

- Increase chlorination at water plant
- Flushing hydrants: Nov 8, 9
 - 5 locations, 5 hours ea.
- Flushing hydrants: Nov 11
 - 3 locations, 5 hours ea.
- WQP sample Nov 9



November 2020 Response

Crypto & Giardia sampling (11/6/20)

Location	Crypto	Giardia
Raw	ND	ND
Plant tap	ND	ND
B&Z	ND	ND
Blue Water Thermal	ND	ND
Water Tower (LeRoys)	ND	ND

Bacteriological Sampling

Date	Location	TC Detected?	Free Chlorine
11/8/2020	Britain (Glass store)	No	1.46
11/8/2020	202 S Fair	No	2.03
11/8/2020	295 Colfax	No	1.65
11/8/2020	S Fair	No	1.76
11/8/2020	Fair & Main	No	1.76
11/9/2020	Britain (Glass store)	No	1.05
11/9/2020	Colfax & Britain	No	1.15
11/9/2020	Empire & Colfax	No	1.08
11/9/2020	S Fair	No	1.15
11/9/2020	Fair & Main	No	1.38
11/11/2020	Milton & Cross	No	1.24
11/11/2020	Emery & Columbus	No	1.22
11/11/2020	Cross & Lavette	No	1.16

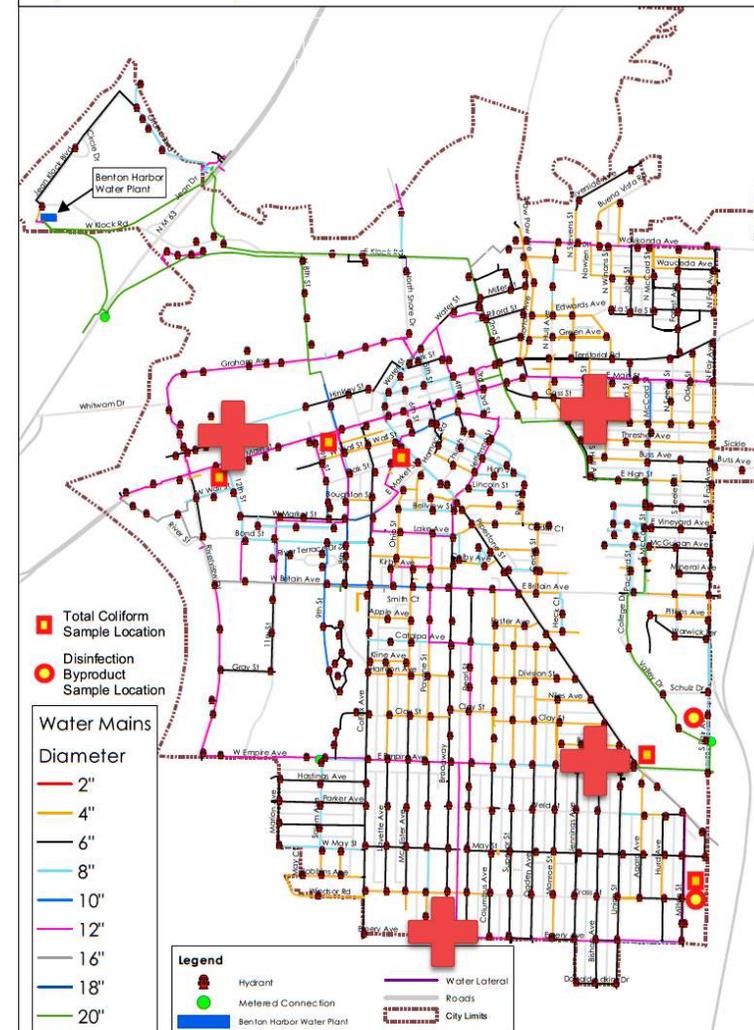
Event Response: Depressurization

- Catastrophic main break in October 2021
 - **Response:**
 - EGLE onsite to observe repair and plant startup
 - Flushing: 20 hydrants, 15 minutes each (four quadrants, chlorine >1.0 mg/L)
 - Bacteriological Sampling, chlorine residuals
 - **Corrections:**
 - VFD on high service pumps
 - Better SCADA alarming
- Focus on coordinated public messaging during emergency

Event Response: Depressurization

Date	Location	TC Detected?	Free Chlorine
10/25/2021	Empire/Bishop	No	1.50
10/25/2021	Winans/Highland	No	1.47
10/25/2021	Whirlpool @ W Main	No	1.42
10/25/2021	Emery/Broadway	No	1.22
10/27/2021	B&Z	No	1.07
10/27/2021	Sunny Spot	No	0.65
10/27/2021	City Hall	No	1.56
10/27/2021	Wolfs Marine	No	1.34
10/27/2021	Bait Shed	No	1.63

System Map Sampling Locations - Added by EGLE 1/27/2022



City of Benton Harbor, Michigan



0 0.125 0.25 0.5 Mi

Prepared: March 2018

Conclusions

- EGLE assessed microbial risk and SDWA compliance
- EGLE engaged the city when response activities were necessary
- EGLE required public communications when risk was elevated
- Findings have been documented
- Progress being made on sanitary survey findings
- Many challenges remain – primarily with TMF capacity