

Michigan Occupational Injury and Illness Case and Demographic Data 2018

47,400 injuries and illnesses that required days away from work* beyond the day of the incident were reported in private industry workplaces during 2018.

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY,
MICHIGAN OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION,
MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECTION
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*Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses.

LOST WORKTIME INJURIES AND ILLNESSES: CHARACTERISTICS AND RESULTING TIME AWAY FROM WORK MICHIGAN 2018

This publication contains Case and Demographic data reported on the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses. This survey is conducted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), U.S. Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity, Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration (MIOSHA), Technical Services Division, Management Information Systems Section.

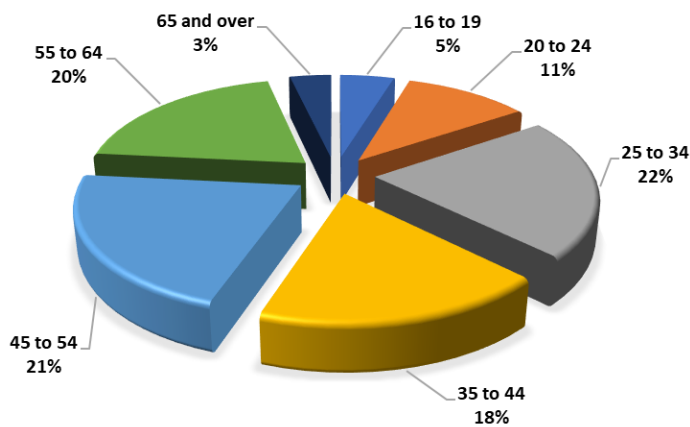
During 2018, a total of 47,400 injuries and illnesses that required days away from work* beyond the day of the incident were reported in private industry workplaces in Michigan. Nationally, there were a total of 900,380 reported.

The following charts give specific details regarding data collected by age, length of service, nature, part of body, source, and event. There is also a chart showing the occupations with the most injuries and illnesses.

[*] Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

WORKER CHARACTERISTICS HIGHLIGHTS

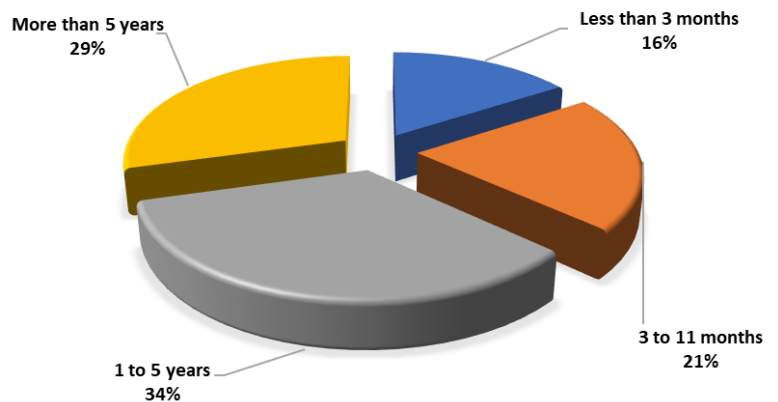
AGE



Workers between the ages of 25-34 accounted for the highest percentage of the total injury and illness cases during 2018.

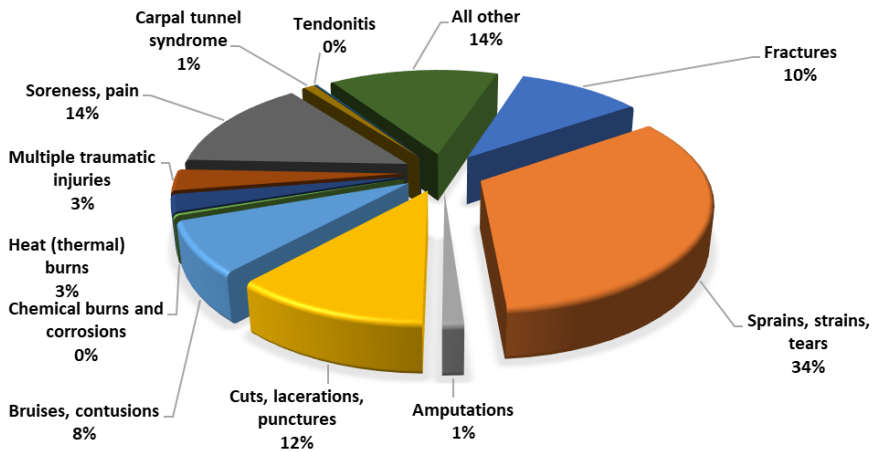
LENGTH OF SERVICE

34% Of the injury and illness cases involved workers who had been on the job between one and five years.



CASE CHARACTERISTICS

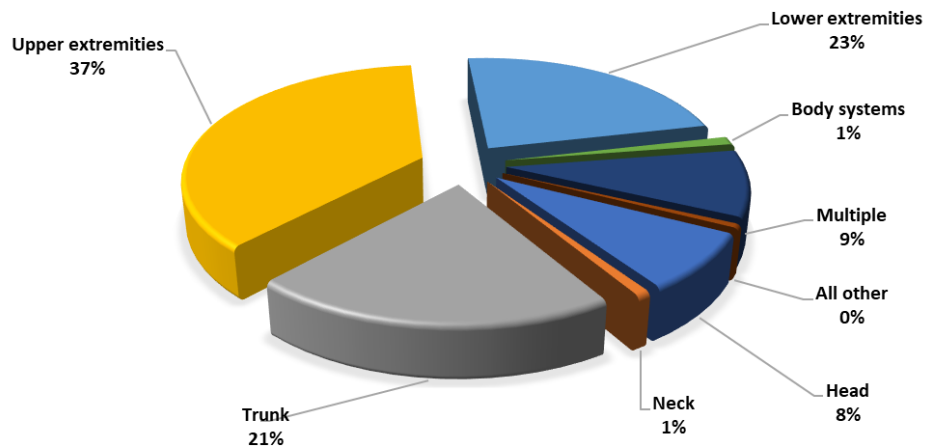
NATURE OF INJURY / ILLNESS



Sprains, strains, tears made up over 34% of all nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses in 2018.

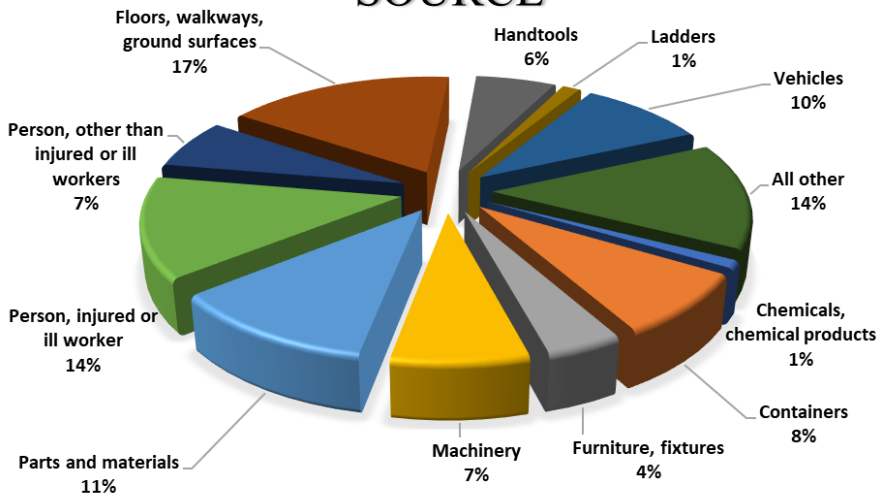
PART OF BODY

Upper extremities was reported in 37% of the injury and illness cases during 2018.



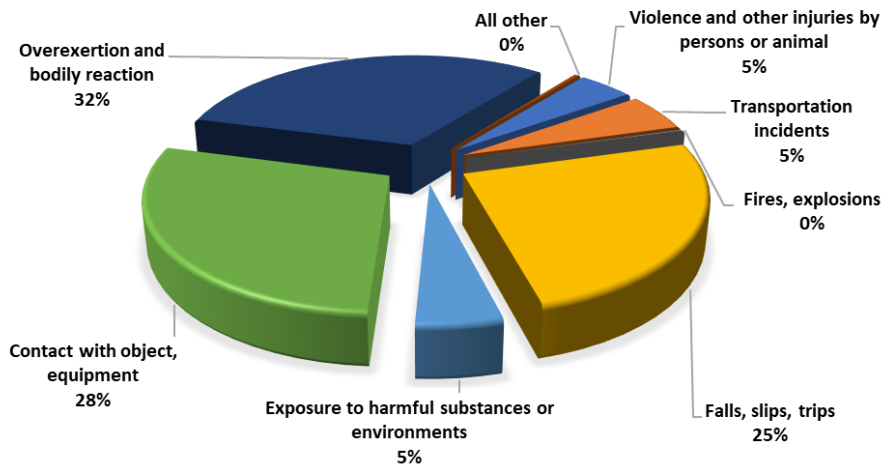
CASE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

SOURCE



Floors, walkways, ground surfaces contributed to 17% of the occupational injuries and illnesses during 2018.

EVENT



The event of Overexertion and bodily reaction was the leading category involved in 32% of the nonfatal occupational injuries and illness during 2018.

Occupations with the Most Injuries and Illnesses with Days Away From Work* (DAFW), Michigan Private Industry, 2018



*Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses.