

Michigan Occupational Injury and Illness Case and Demographic Data 2015

24,100 injuries and illnesses that required days away from work* beyond the day of the incident were reported in private industry workplaces during 2015.

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MICHIGAN OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION,
MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECTION
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LOST WORKTIME INJURIES AND ILLNESSES: CHARACTERISTICS AND RESULTING TIME AWAY FROM WORK MICHIGAN 2015

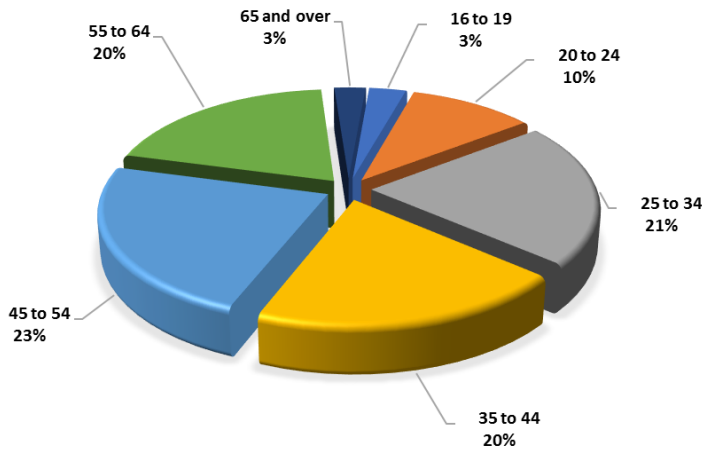
This publication contains Case and Demographic data reported on the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses. This survey is conducted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), U.S. Department of Labor, in cooperation with the Department of Licensing & Regulatory Affairs, Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Administration (MIOSHA), Technical Services Division, Management Information Systems Section.

During 2015, a total of 24,100 injuries and illnesses that required days away from work* beyond the day of the incident were reported in private industry workplaces in Michigan. Nationally, there were a total of 902,200 reported.

The following charts give specific details regarding data collected by age, length of service, nature, part of body, source, and event. There is also a chart showing the occupations with the most injuries and illnesses.

WORKER CHARACTERISTICS HIGHLIGHTS

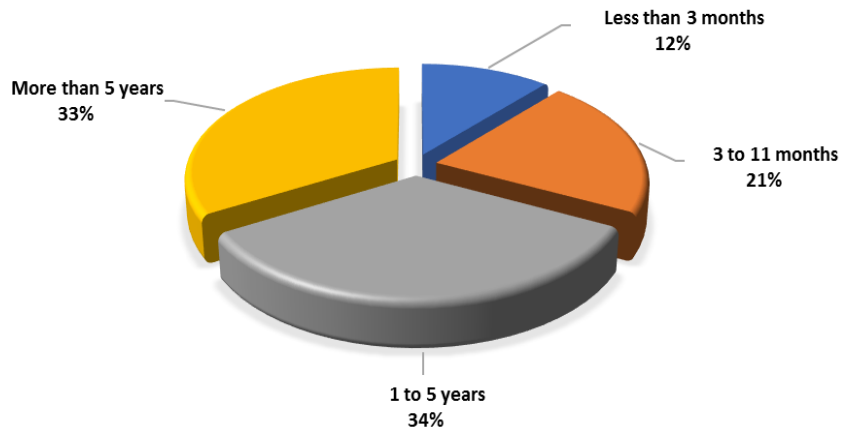
AGE



Workers between the ages of 45-54 accounted for the highest percentage of the total injury and illness cases during 2015.

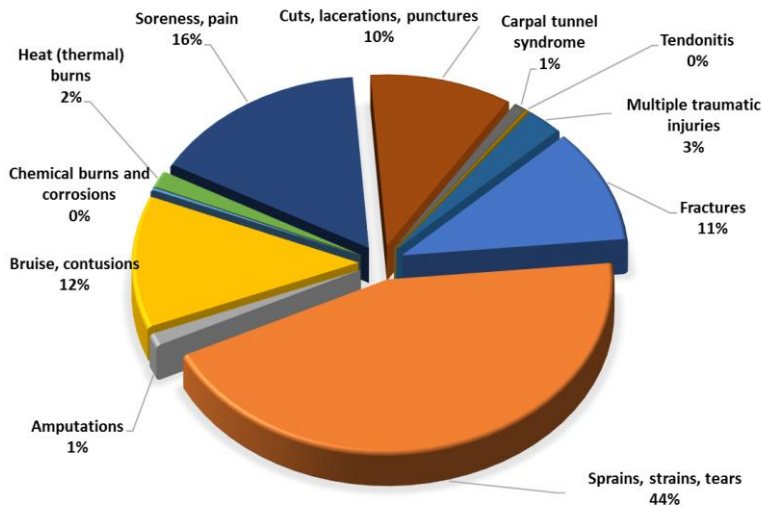
LENGTH OF SERVICE

Thirty-four percent of the injury and illness cases involved workers who had been on the job between one and five years.



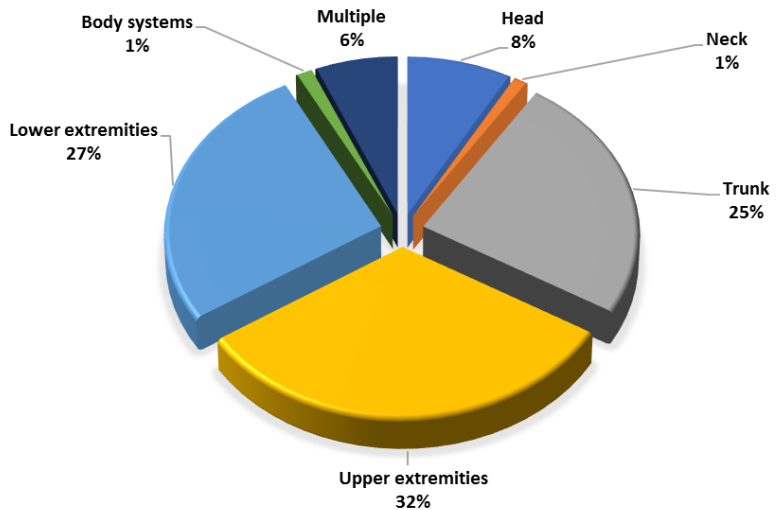
CASE CHARACTERISTICS

NATURE of INJURY/ILLNESS



Sprains, strains, tears made up over 44% of all nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses in 2015.

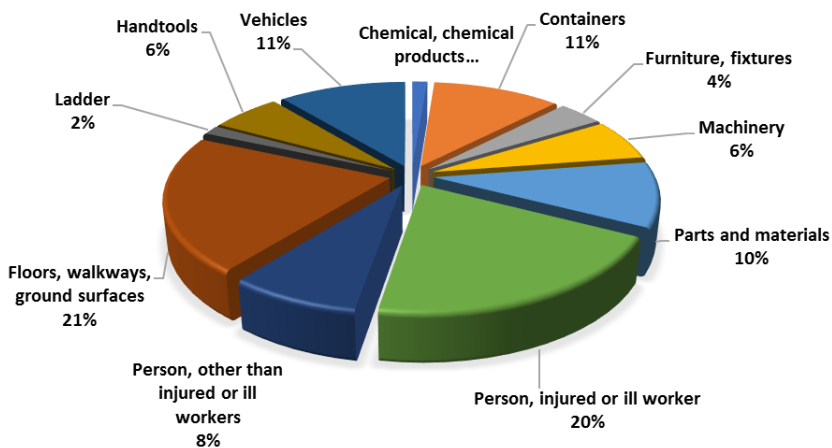
PART OF BODY



Upper extremities was reported in 32% of the injury and illness cases during 2015.

CASE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

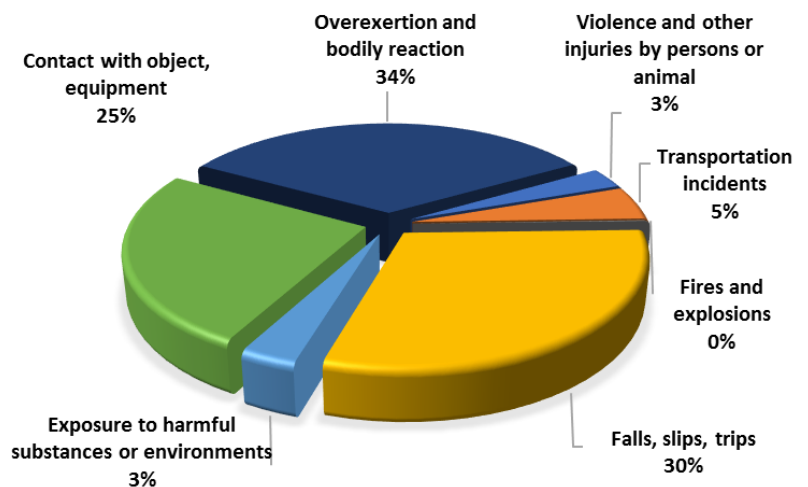
SOURCE



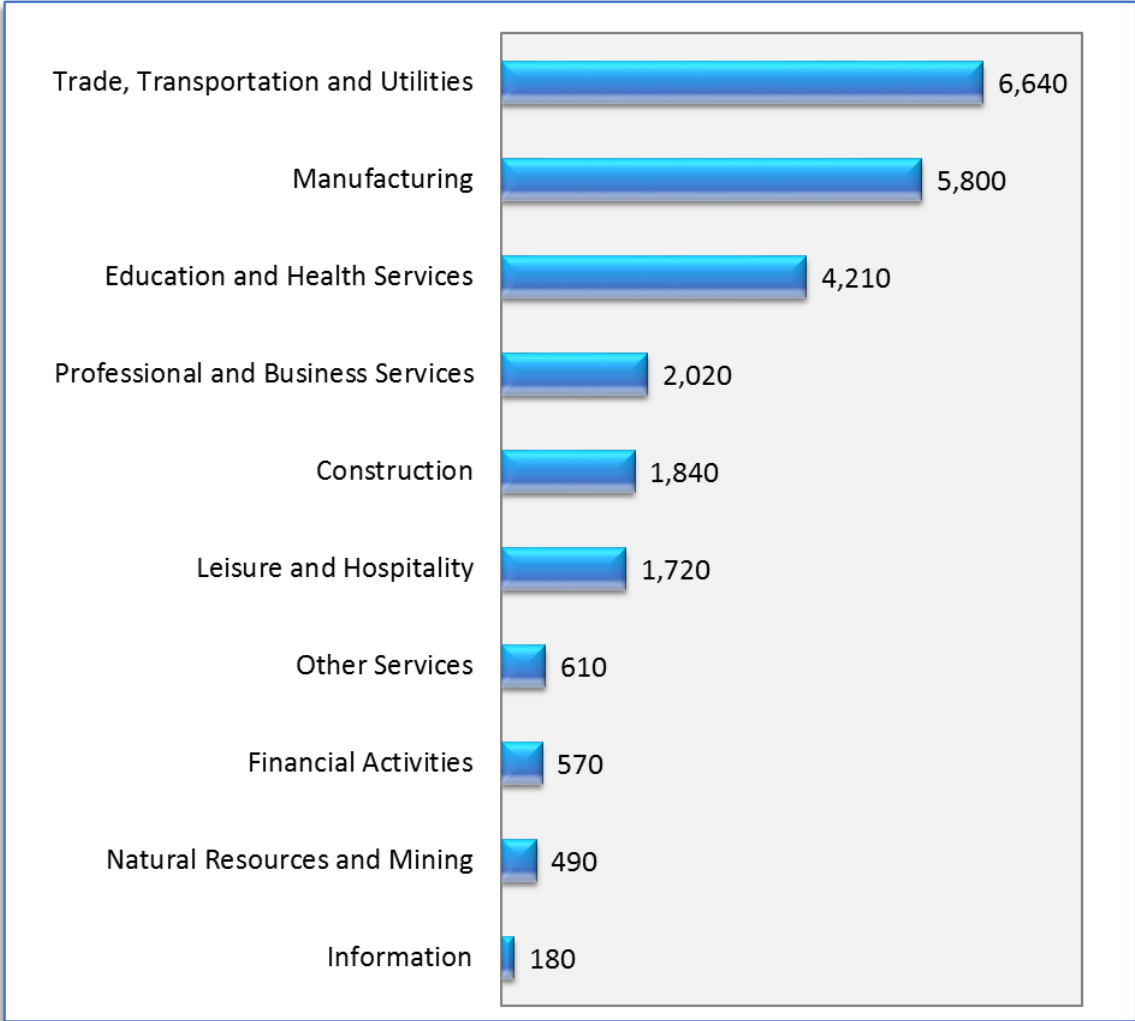
Person, injured or ill worker contributed to 20% of the occupational injuries and illnesses during 2015.

EVENT

The event of Overexertion was the leading category involved in 34% of the nonfatal occupational injuries and illness during 2015.



Occupations with the Most Injuries and Illnesses with Days Away From Work (DAFW), Michigan Private Industry, 2015



*Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses.