

**Where can you learn job-related skills?**



**College or University (4-year)**

Prepares you for positions in a specific area of study. You receive a Bachelor's degree upon completion of the college or university graduating requirements. Sample jobs include accountant, journalist, teacher, social worker, or graphic designer.

**High School**

Upon completion, you earn a high school diploma or General Educational Development (GED). Sample jobs include food service worker, bank teller, or file clerk.

**Volunteer Experience**

**Community or Junior College (2-year)**

Allows you to take general education courses (math, science, writing, etc.) to transfer to a 4-year university or college. In addition, upon completion of requirements you can receive an Associate degree. You can also earn a technical or vocational certificate. Same jobs include computer programmer, legal assistant, police officer, or bookkeeper.

**Family Activities**

**Graduate/Professional School (1-4 years)**

Expands your knowledge in a specific area, making you an expert in that field. You receive a Master's degree, doctorate, or professional degree upon completion of the college or university graduation requirements. Sample jobs include lawyer, doctor, counselor, architect, pharmacist, veterinarian, etc.

**Vocational and Technical School**

Schools offer instruction in one or more skilled trades or occupations (especially in the manual, health care, and computer technology trades). Students earn a certificate of completion. You can learn technical or vocational occupations. Sample jobs include dental assistant, power plan operator, car mechanic, or real estate agent.

**Apprenticeship/ On-the-Job Training**

A person working for another in order to learn a trade. Sample jobs include electrician, plumber, carpenter, photographer, or machinist.

**Social Experiences**