## Surveillance Zones vs. Control Areas

If highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) is detected in a Michigan flock, the affected flock will be placed under quarantine, and it will prompt the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to establish a surveillance zone and/or a control area around the affected flock to manage the disease and limit its spread. These zones and areas can be changed by the USDA at any time.



<u>Surveillance Zone</u>: A 10 km (6.2 mi) circle around an affected non-commercial backyard flock. If no additional affected premises are found within the zone, the surveillance zone will be removed after 28 days.

If you have a **non-commercial backyard flock** and are in a surveillance zone, this means . . .

- Outreach: If your premises is known to MDARD, you will be contacted by one of their staff who will inform you of the surveillance zone and the need for enhanced biosecurity.
- **Personal Surveillance:** Monitor your flock for unusual deaths or other signs of HPAI.
- Enhanced Biosecurity & Reporting: Take every step possible to keep wild birds and their germs away from your flock and immediately contact MDARD if HPAI is suspected.
  - Testing birds for HPAI involves a MDARD or USDA veterinarian swabbing the throat and mouth of live birds or collecting birds that have already died.

If you have a **commercial flock** and are in a surveillance zone, this means . . .

- Outreach: If your premises is known to MDARD, you will be contacted by one of their staff who will inform you of the surveillance zone and the need for enhanced biosecurity.
- **Personal Surveillance:** Monitor your flock for unusual deaths or other signs of HPAI.
- Enhanced Biosecurity & Reporting: Take every step possible to keep wild birds and their germs away from your flock and immediately contact MDARD if HPAI is suspected.
  - Testing birds for HPAI involves a MDARD or USDA veterinarian swabbing the throat and mouth of live birds or collecting birds that have already died.

<u>Control Area:</u> A 10 km (6.2 mi) circle that will be established around an affected commercial flock. If no additional affected premises are found within the area, the USDA will set a date for when the control area is removed.

If you have a **non-commercial backyard flock** and are in a control area, this means . . .

- Outreach: If your premises is known to MDARD, you will be contacted by one of their staff who will inform you of the control area and the next steps to take.
- **Personal Surveillance:** Monitor your flock for unusual deaths or other <u>signs of HPAI</u>.
- **Permitting:** To move poultry or poultry products onto or off a premises, permitting protocols need to be followed.
- Enhanced Biosecurity & Reporting: Stringent biosecurity protocols must be followed and immediately contact MDARD if HPAI is suspected.

If you have a **commercial flock** and are in a control area, this means . . .

- **Outreach:** If your premises is known to MDARD, you will be contacted by one of their staff who will inform you of the control area and the next steps to take.
- Mandatory Surveillance: Undergo surveillance in accordance with USDA protocols.
- **Permitting:** To move poultry or poultry products onto or off a premises, permitting protocols need to be followed.
- Enhanced Biosecurity & Reporting: Stringent biosecurity protocols must be followed and immediately contact MDARD if HPAI is suspected.



If HPAI is suspected in domestic birds, contact the Michigan Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (MDARD) immediately at 800-292-3939 (daytime) or 517-373-0440 (after-hours).