

## Infant in Michigan Dies from Perinatal Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection

A three-month-old infant died from acute HBV infection due to an error in reporting. After a review of provider and hospital records, it was determined that the pregnant person was chronically infected with HBV and tested hepatitis B surface antigen-positive (HBsAg-positive) during their pregnancy. Unfortunately, **neither the laboratory nor the prenatal care provider reported** the HBsAg-positive test results to the local health department (LHD) **as required by state law**.

In addition, the provider **inaccurately reported** the pregnant person's results as HBsAg-negative to the delivery hospital. Since the information from the prenatal care provider indicated that the pregnant person's HBsAg results were negative for HBV and the birthing hospital was not offering the birth dose of hepatitis B (hepB) vaccine, the infant did not receive hepB vaccine or hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) **as recommended for all infants born to HBsAg-positive persons**. At three months of age, the infant became ill and died less than two weeks later due to fulminant HBV infection.

This tragedy illustrates the necessity that:

- Prenatal care providers **include a copy/link of the actual lab report for the current pregnancy** with the prenatal records that are forwarded to the birthing hospital
- Laboratories and ordering physicians comply with MI law; it is critical that every HBsAg-positive result for a pregnant person is reported to the LHD by **BOTH** the laboratory performing the test and the prenatal care provider who orders the test
- Birthing hospitals administer hepB vaccine and HBIG **within 12 hours of birth** to all infants born to HBsAg-positive persons
- Birthing hospitals administer hepB vaccine **within 24 hours of birth** to all medically stable infants born to HBsAg-negative persons, as a "safety net" to protect all MI babies
- Birthing hospitals administer hepB vaccine and HBIG **within 12 hours of birth** to all **safely surrendered babies**

### What Happens to Infants Born to HBsAg-positive Pregnant Persons?

**WITHOUT** HepB vaccine or HBIG:

- 90% will be at risk for chronic infection
- 25% of those infected will die due to chronic liver disease

**WITH** HepB vaccine alone in a 3 or 4 dose series started at birth:

- 70% - 95% will be protected from getting HBV infection

**WITH** HepB vaccine and HBIG started at birth:

- 80% - 95% will be protected from getting HBV infection