

**BAYAANKA MACLUUMAADKA TALLAALKA****Tallaalka Hargabka (Ifilo), Fayraska Aan Nolayn (Inactivated) ama Dib La Iskugu Habeeyay (Recombinant): Waxa aad u baahan tahay inaad ogaato**

Many vaccine information statements are available in Somali and other languages. See [www.immunize.org/vis](http://www.immunize.org/vis)

Bayaanno Macluumaad Tallaal oo farabadan ayaa lagu heli karaa Af-Soomaaliga iyo luqado kaleba. Booqo [www.immunize.org/vis](http://www.immunize.org/vis)

**1. Maxaa la isu tallaalayaa?**

**Tallaalka hargabka** wuxuu kahortagi karaa **hargabka (ifilo)**.

**Hargabka** waa cudur la is qaadsiiyo oo ku faafa daafaha Mareykanka sannad kasta, sida caadiga ah inta u dhexeysa Oktoobar iyo Maayo. Qof kasta ayaa qaadi kara hargabka, laakiin dadka qaarkiis halis ayuu ku yahay. Dhallaanka iyo carruurta yaryar, dadka 65 sano jirka ah iyo ka wayn, haweenka uurka leh, iyo dadka qaba xaaladaha caafimaadka qaarkood ama leh habdhis difaac jireed oo diciifay ayaa halista ugu wayn ugu jira dhibaatooyinka hargabka.

Oof-wareenka, boronkiitada, caabuqyada sanqada iyo caabuqyada dhegta waa tusaalooyinka dhibaatooyinka hargabka. Haddii aad qabto xaalad caafimaad, sida cudurrada wadnaha, kansarka ama sonkorowga, hargabka ayaa ka sii dari kara.

Hargabka wuxuu sababi karaa qandho iyo qarqaryo, cune xanuun, murqo xanuun, daal, qufac, madax xannuun iyo cabbur ama duuf. Dadka qaar ayaa matag iyo shuban ku dhici karaa, inkastoo tani carruurta ku badan tahay marka loo eego dadka waaweyn.

Sannad walba celcelis ahaan, **kumanaan qof ayaa u dhinta hargabka gudaha Maraykanka**, oo intaa ka badan isbitaalka ayaa la dhigaa. Tallaalka hargabka wuxuu ka hortagaa malaayiin jirrooyin ah iyo booqashooyinka dhakhtarka ee la xiriira hargabka sannad kasta.

**2. Tallaalada hargabka**

CDC waxay kula talinaysaa qof kasta oo jira 6 bilood ama ka weyn inuu qaato tallaalka xilli hargabeed kasta. **Carruurta 6 bilood illaa 8 sano jirta ayaa dhici karta** ayaa u baahan kara 2 garoojo inta lagu jiro hal xilli hargabeed. **Qof kasta oo kale ayaa u baahan kaliya 1 garoojo xilli hargabeed kasta.**

Waxay qaadataa illaa 2 toddobaad in ka hortaggu bilawdo kadib tallaalka.

Waxa jira fayrasyo badan oo kuwa hargabka ah, had iyo jeerna wey isbeddelayaan. Sannad kasta tallaalka hargab oo cusub ayaa la sameeyaa si looga hortago fayrasyada hargabka ay u badan tahay inay sababaan cudurka xilli hargabeedka soo socda. Laakiin xitaa marka tallaalka uuna si sax ah ugu dhigmeyn fayrasyadan, waxa dhici karta inuu weli yeesho waxoogaa difaac ah.

Tallaalka hargabka **ma sababo ifilo**.

Tallaalka hargabka waxaa la bixin karaa isla wakhtiga tallaallada kale.

**3. La hadal bixiyahaaga daryeelka caafimaadka**

U sheeg bixiyahaaga tallaalka haddii qofka qaadanayo tallaalka:

- Uu horey u qabay **dareen-celin xasaasiyadeed kadib marka garoojo hore ee tallaalka hargabka uu qaatay**, ama uu lahaa wax **xasaasiyado daran ah, oo nolosha halis galin kara**
- Waligii uu qabay **Ciladda Guillain Barré** (sidoo kale loo yaqaano “GBS”)

Mararka qaarkood, bixiyaha daryeelka caafimaadkaaga ayaa laga yaabaa inuu dib ugu dhigo tallaalka hargabka booqosho mustaqbalka ah.

Tallaalka hargabka ayaa la qaadan karaa wakhti kasta xilliga uurka. Dadka uurka leh ama uurka yeelan doona xilliga hargabka jiro waa inay qaataan tallaalka hargabka ee aan difaacin jirrooyinka kale.

Dadka qaba jirrooyinka sahlan/yaryar, sida hargabka, waxaa laga yaabaa in la tallaalo. Dadka yara xanuunsan



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Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

ama aadka u xanuunsan waa in ay caadi ahaan sugaan illaa ay ka soo kabsanayaan kahor inta aysan qaadan tallaalka hargabka.

Bixiyahaaga daryeelka caafimaadka ayaa ku siin kara macluumaad dheeraad ah.

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#### 4. Halista dareen-celinta tallaalka

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- Danqashada, gaduudashada, iyo bararka goobta irbada laga qaatay, qandho, murqo xanuun, iyo madax xanuun ayaa dhici kara kadib tallaalka hargabka.
- Waxa laga yaabaa inay jirto halis yar oo kor u qaada cudurka Ciladda Guillain-Barré (GBS) kadib tallaalka fayraska aan nooleyn ee hargabka (irbada ifilada).

Carruurta yaryar ee la siiyo tallaalka hargabka iyo waliba tallaalka oof-wareenka (PCV13) iyo/ama tallaalka DTaP wakhti isku mid ah ayaa laga yaabaa in wax yar u badan tahay inay yeeshaan suuxdin (qalal) ay keento qandhadu. U sheeg bixiyahaaga daryeelka caafimaadka haddii u ilmo qaadanaya tallaalka hargabku ay waligii suuxdin ku dhacday.

Dadka ayaa mararka qaarkood miyir beela kadib marka hawlgal-caafimaad lagu sameeyo, oo ay tallaalkuna ka mid tahay. U sheeg bixiyahaaga haddii aad dareento wareer, ama wax aragtidaada isbeddesho ama dhaguhu ku guuxaan.

Sida dawo walba ee kale, waxaa jira fursad suurtagalkeedu aad u yar yahay in uu tallaalka sababo dareen-celin xasaasiyad ah ee daran, dhaawacyo kale ee halis ah, ama dhimasho.

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#### 5. Maxaa dhacaya haddii ay jirto dhibaato halis ah?

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Dareen-celin xasaasiyadeed ayaa dhici karta kadib marka qofka la tallaalay ka tago rugta caafimaadka. Haddii aad aragto calaamado dareen-celin xasaasiyadeed ah oo daran (firiiric, waji iyo cuno/dhuun barar, neefsashada oo adkaata, wadnaha oo degdeg u garaacma, wareer, iyo tabbar dari), wac **9-1-1** iyo gey qofka isbitaalka kuugu dhow.

Wixii calaamado kale ah ee welwel kuu keena, wac bixiyaha daryeelka caafimaadkaaga.

Dareen-celinta halista ah waa in loo sheegaa Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (Nidaamka Warbixinta Dhacdada Daran ee Tallaalka) (VAERS). Bixiyahaaga daryeelka caafimaadka ayaa badanaa gudbin doona warbixintan, ama adiga laftaada ayaa sidaa sameyn kara. Ka booqo mareegta VAERS barta [www.vaers.hhs.gov](http://www.vaers.hhs.gov) ama wac **1-800-822-7967**. VAERS waxaa kaliya loogu talagalay wargelinta dareen-celinta, oo shaqaalaha VAERS ma bixiyaan talo caafimaad.

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#### 6. Barnaamijka Magdhawga Dhaawaca Tallaalka Qaranka

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National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program (Barnaamijka Qaranka ee Magdhowga Dhawaca Tallaalka) (VICP) waa barnaamij federaalka ah oo loo abuuray si loogu siiyo magdhow dadka laga yaabo in ay wax yeelleeyeen tallaallada qaarkood. Qaansheegashooyinka la xiriira dhaawaca ama geerada la sheego oo ka dhalata tallaalka waxay leeyihiin waqti xaddidan oo la soo gudbiyo, taasoo noqon karta mid gaaban oo laba sano ah. Ka booqo mareegta VICP barta [www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation](http://www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation) ama wac **1-800-338-2382** si aad wax uga ogaato barnaamijka iyo sida loo gudbiyo qaansheegasho.

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#### 7. Sideen wax badan u ogaan karaa?

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- Waydii bixiyahaaga daryeelka caafimaadka.
- Wac waaxda caafimaadka ee deegaankaaga ama gobolkaaga.
- Booqo mareegta Food and Drug Administration (Maamulka Cuntada iyo Daawooyinka) (FDA) si aad uga hesho tilmaamaha ku jira xirmada tallaalka iyo macluumaad dheeraad ah barta [www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines](http://www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines).
- La xiriir Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (Xarumaha Xakamaynta iyo Ka Hortagga Cudurrada) (CDC):
  - Wac **1-800-232-4636 (1-800-CDC-INFO)** ama
  - Ka booqo mareegta CDC barta [www.cdc.gov/flu](http://www.cdc.gov/flu).

Somali translation provided by the Immunization Action Coalition



Si ay bixiyeyaasha daryeel caafimaad u helaan xaaladda saxda ah ee warka talaalka, qiimeynta warka, iyo jadwalka/kaltanka loogu taliyay talaalada mustaqbalka, waxa warka loo diri doonaa Michigan Care Improvement Registry (Diiwaanka Hagaajinta Daryeelka Michigan). Shakhsiyaadku ama dadku waxa ay xaq u leeyihiin in ay bixiyahooda daryeelka caafimaad ka codsadaan in aanuu Diiwaanka u gudbin warka.

DCH-0457SO

AUTH: P. H. S., Act 42, Sect. 2126.