

## **Botulism** (Clostridium botulinum toxin)

Information for Health Care Providers

	Clostridium botulinum
Cause	<ul> <li>Anaerobic, spore forming, toxin producing, gram-positive bacillus (rod shaped)</li> </ul>
Systems Affected	<ul> <li>Neurological</li> </ul>
Transmission	<ul> <li>Ingestion of contaminated food product</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Ingestion of toxin (infant botulism)</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Possible inhalation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No person-to-person transmission</li> </ul>
Reporting	<ul> <li>Immediately report any suspected or confirmed case of botulism to your</li> </ul>
	local or state health department
	<ul> <li>Confirmed cases must be reported to the local health department within</li> </ul>
T 1 ( D 1 1	24 hours
Incubation Period	• 1-5 days
	<ul> <li>24-36 hours if ingested, possibly longer if toxin is inhaled</li> </ul>
Typical	<ul> <li>Descending symmetrical paralysis</li> </ul>
Signs/Symptoms	Malaise
	Ptosis, double vision, photophobia
	<ul> <li>Dysphonia, dysarthria, dysphagia</li> <li>Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea (foodborne)</li> </ul>
Differential	<ul><li>Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea (foodborne)</li><li>Myasthenia gravis</li></ul>
Diagnosis	Guillain-Barré syndrome
Diagnosis	<ul> <li>Tick paralysis</li> </ul>
	■ Stroke
	<ul> <li>Organophosphate poisoning</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Atropine poisoning</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mushroom poisoning</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Poliomyelitis</li> </ul>
Laboratory	Specimens Clues to diagnosis
	<ul> <li>Obtain specimens appropriate</li> <li>Classic symptoms</li> </ul>
	to the system affected:
	o Serum
	o Stool
	o Food product
	o Gastric

Treatment	<ul> <li>Administration of trivalent (ABE) botulinum antitoxin (available through CDC)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Botulism Immune Globulin IV (human derived and limited to infant botulism cases)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Assisted ventilation in cases of respiratory failure</li> </ul>
Precautions	Standard contact precautions