

Quality Measure	Michigan Average
Percentage of long stay residents whose need for help with daily activities has increased	11.70%
Percentage of long stay residents who lose too much weight	6.06%
Percentage of low risk long stay residents who lose control of their bowels or bladder	48.16%
Percentage of long stay residents with a catheter inserted and left in their bladder	1.12%
Percentage of long stay residents with a urinary tract infection	2.05%
Percentage of long stay residents who have depressive symptoms	3.27%
Percentage of long stay residents who were physically restrained	0.17%
Percentage of long stay residents experiencing one or more falls with major injury	3.14%
Percentage of long stay residents assessed and appropriately given the pneumococcal vaccine	93.93%
Percentage of long stay residents who received an antipsychotic medication	14.60%
Percentage of long stay residents whose ability to move independently worsened	13.69%
Percentage of long stay residents who received an antianxiety or hypnotic medication	19.22%
Percentage of high risk long stay residents with pressure ulcers	8.16%
Percentage of long stay residents assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	93.77%
Percentage of short stay residents assessed and appropriately given the pneumococcal vaccine	81.32%
Percentage of short stay residents who newly received an antipsychotic medication	1.39%
Percentage of short stay residents who made improvements in function	80.30%
Percentage of short stay residents who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine	77.89%
Percentage of short stay residents who were rehospitalized after a nursing home admission	23.83%
Percentage of short stay residents who had an outpatient emergency department visit	11.83%

Last Updated 7/3/2024